This tipsheet describes C-Print[TM], a computer-aided speech-to-print transcription system, as a support service option for deaf and hard-of-hearing student(s) in mainstream educational environments. C-Print requires a typist to capture a teacher's lecture (and students' comments) into a laptop computer. The typed information is displayed simultaneously on a second laptop computer, or a television monitor, for the hearing impaired student/s to read during class. Afterward, the printed text is available to these students for review purposes. The system uses word processing software aided by abbreviation and communication software. Software costs average about $900, and salaries for the typist are between those of a professional notetaker and an interpreter. Ten strategies for faculty members using C-Print are suggested, such as: introduce the captionist and the C-Print service to the class, thereby demonstrating faculty support; allow the captionist to sit in a location that makes hearing the instructor and students as easy as possible; and restate or summarize students' comments if they are difficult to hear or are disorganized. (DB)
NETAC

TEACHER TIPSHEET

C-PRINT: A NOTETAKING SYSTEM
What is C-Print™?
C-Print™ is a computer-aided speech-to-print transcription system developed at the National Technical Institute for the Deaf (NTID) as a support service option for some deaf and hard-of-hearing students in mainstream educational environments. It was developed by NTID researchers eager to improve the classroom experience for students at both the secondary and college levels, and is being used successfully in many programs around the country.

Research supports the idea that some deaf and hard-of-hearing students prefer printed text of lectures – the basis of the C-Print™ system – over sign language interpreters or notetakers as a means of acquiring information. Other students prefer an interpreter. It is an individual choice the Disability Support Service provider must work with.

Additionally, C-Print™ is cost effective and can be more readily available than stenography-based services that a university or secondary school may provide.

What special equipment is needed?
To use C-Print™ in a classroom setting, one needs either two laptops (one for the captionist and one for the student) OR one laptop and one VGA (computer) monitor for viewing of typed text by more than one student.

How much does it cost?
Costs of using C-Print™ vary, depending on what equipment is used; the pay level and hours the captionist works; the work demands; service arrangements; and funding opportunities.

Typically, the word processing software costs approximately $100; communication software is approximately $200; and word abbreviation software costs approximately $400. Costs for laptop computers, display equipment, and captionists’ salaries will vary. Salaries typically are between those of a professional notetaker and an interpreter.

How does it work?
A typist called a C-Print™ captionist types a teacher’s lecture (and students’ comments) into a laptop computer. The typed information is displayed simultaneously on a second laptop computer or a television monitor for students to read during class. Afterward, the printed text is available to students for review purposes.

The system uses a laptop computer using word processing software aided by abbreviation software. The captionist receives training in an abbreviation system to reduce keystrokes, and in text condensing strategies. The captionist types as much information as possible, generally providing a more complete representation of what was said than summary notes.
Ideas for Faculty Working with C-Print™ Captioning

Here are some strategies for faculty members using C-Print™:

1. Introduce the captionist and the C-Print™ service at the beginning of the first class. Show your support of the service.
2. Allow the captionist to explain briefly what C-Print™ is, and to invite interested students to look at the screen after class.
3. Give the C-Print™ captionist any available materials before the next class. Items such as a course syllabus, handouts, outlines, readings, overheads, and vocabulary lists are useful for the captionist's class preparation. They are especially helpful for making the specialized dictionary for each class, with abbreviations of often-used vocabulary specific to that class.
4. Speak loudly and clearly during class so that the captionist can hear you easily.
5. Allow the captionist to sit in a location that makes hearing you, and the other students, as easy as possible.
6. Be sensitive and supportive to the captionist's comfort and needs in the classroom setting (e.g., close blinds to reduce glare on screen, allow use of desk or table of correct height/size).
7. Restate or summarize students' comments if they are hard to hear, or somewhat disorganized.
8. Be aware that the captionist will use "down times" in the class to edit notes taken earlier. "Down times" include periods of silent reading or writing, pauses during class transitions, etc.
9. Decide whether hearing students will have access to the C-Print™ hardcopy notes. Be sure your preference on this matter is well understood by the captionist, all the students — both hearing and deaf — and your department head or dean.
10. Involve the captionist as part of the educational team when discussing student needs related to C-Print™.

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This publication was developed in 1998 under a grant from the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services (OSERS) and produced through a cooperative agreement between RIT and OSERS (H078A60004). The contents herein do not necessarily represent the Department of Education's policy nor endorsement by the Federal Government.
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