ABSTRACT

This publication contains a series of 15 garment-related bilingual (English and Chinese) television broadcast lessons produced by the National Workplace Literacy Program of Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. (Other partners were the Union of Needletrades, Industrial and Textile Employees and the Greater Blouse, Skirt and Undergarment Association in cooperation with SinoVision, a Chinese television station and production company.) The objective of these television lessons is to teach garment-related English terminology to the garment workers who cannot attend classes in the program and to arouse their interest in learning more English. Each lesson is approximately 10-15 minutes in length. They usually begin with a hostess introducing basic garment-related English terms. A real life story follows that incorporates the new vocabulary and their usage. At the end of the lesson, garment-related terminologies are reviewed. A test is included. To facilitate the learning process, all lessons have English and Chinese subtitles. Topics of the 15 lessons are as follows: job titles and job descriptions, parts I and II; garment-making process; principal parts of a sewing machine; problems with a sewing machine; sewing techniques, parts I and II; closures; men's clothing; women's clothing; seasonal clothing; different parts of a garment; measurement and size; fabric materials and care requirements; and reading specification sheets. Answer keys and a glossary are appended. (YLB)
CHINATOWN MANPOWER PROJECT, INC.

National Workplace Literacy Program
Garment - Related Bilingual
(English & Chinese) T.V. Broadcast Lessons

Book I

在職英文班製衣業雙語
(中英文) 電視廣播課程

第一冊
Preface

Funded by the United States Department of Education, the National Workplace Literacy Program of Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. (CMP) in partnership with the Union of Needletrades, Industrial and Textile Employees (UNITE) and the Greater Blouse, Skirt and Undergarment Association, cooperated with SinoVision in 1995 to produce a series of fifteen TV garment-related bilingual (English and Chinese) broadcast lessons. Special thanks should be given to UNITE, Garment Industry Development Cooperation (GIDC) and many other organizations and garment factories for their valuable input and assistance in the production. These lessons were first broadcast by SinoVision on Channel 30 and Channel 31 from September to December 1995. However, due to a tremendous response from viewers, these fifteen lessons were rescheduled to be broadcast by SinoVision on February 27, 1996 to September 20, 1996 on Channel 30 (Manhattan Cable TV) every Friday evening at 9:45 p.m. and on Channel 31 (public channel WNYC) every Tuesday evening at 11:45 p.m. The objective of these TV lessons is to teach garment-related English terminologies to the garment workers who cannot attend classes in our program and to arouse their interest in learning more English.

Many Chinese have access to channels 30 and 31. By watching garment-related English programs on TV, thousands of garment workers with limited-English proficiency can learn at home, at their convenience, to upgrade their English literacy level related to their jobs.
The TV lessons cover topics like "Job Titles and Descriptions," "Garment-making Process," "Women's Clothing," "Men's Clothing," "Principal Parts of a Sewing Machine," "Sewing Techniques," "Closures," "Different Parts of a Garment," "Measurement and Size," "Fabric Materials and Care Instruction," etc. Each lesson is approximately ten to fifteen minutes in length. The lessons usually begin with a hostess introducing basic garment-related English terms. It is then followed by a real life story incorporating the new vocabulary and their usage. Finally, at the end of the lesson, there is a review of the garment-related terminologies. To facilitate the learning process, all of the lessons have English and Chinese subtitles. Viewers can also come to CMP to pick up the original scripts and self-tests to review what they have learned from these TV lessons.

We hope our TV garment-related English broadcast lessons have contributed to the workplace literacy field, and assisted garment workers in learning workplace English in their homes.

Ivy Au Tse
Project Director
Nat'l Workplace literacy Program
June 1996
前言

華埠人力中心在職英文班得到美國聯邦教育部撥款，聯合成衣紡織聯合工會及紐約製衣業總商會，並在一九九五年與美國中文電視合作製作了十五集製衣業雙語(中英文)電視廣播課程。特此鳴謝成衣紡織聯合工會，成衣業發展公司與及許多其他團體和製衣工廠對電視課程製作提出寶貴意見及協助。這個課程於一九九五年九月至十二月在美國中文電視，曼克頓有線電視30台和免費公共電視31台首播。由於觀眾反應熱烈，這個課程再於一九九六年二月二十七日至九月二十日在30台（曼克頓有線電視）逢星期五晚上九時四十五分及逢星期二晚上十一時四十五分（在免費公共電視31台）重播。這個課程之目的是教授那些未能抽空到我們中心來上課的製衣工人一些有關製衣英語，並且提高他們學習更多英語的興趣。

多數中國人都可收看到30台和31台。通過收看職英文製衣業電視廣播課程，成千英語程度較低的製衣工人可以在家中學習，以提高與他們工作有關的英文能力。

這個電視課程包括：「工作職稱與工作內容」、「成衣製作過程」、「女性服裝」、「男性服裝」、「衣車的主要部份」、「縫紉技巧」、「扣鎖」、「衣服的不同部份」、「度量與呎吋」、「布料及其保養說明」等等。每一集播映時間大概十至十五分鐘。每集開始時，由主持人教授製衣英語詞彙，接著是結合新詞彙及其用法的真實生活故事。最後以復習製衣英語詞彙作為結束。為方便學習過程，所有電視課程附有中英文字幕。觀眾可到華埠人力中心索取課程講義和自我測驗題目，以復習從該課程所學的內容。

我們希望本製衣業電視廣播課程對其他在職英文班計劃有所貢獻，並且能夠協助製衣工人在家中學習到與他們工作有關之英文。

謝區月巧
在職英文班計劃主任
一九九六年六月
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Answer Keys  
Glossary  

Total  

218.5 min. 分鐘
Hostess  Good evening everyone! This is Rita Higgins. Thank you for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by the Chinatown Manpower Project. Starting with this lesson, we will present twenty episodes of garment-related Bilingual TV lessons to introduce basic English communication skills in the garment industry. In episode one, I'm going to share with you the vocabulary of jobs and job descriptions in the garment factory. So, let me start!

各位晚安！我是麗塔·希金斯。多謝收看在職英文班的節目。這個節目是由華埠人力中心所提供。由這一集開始，我們將教授廿集有關製衣業的雙語電視課程，以介紹製衣業常用的英語會話。在第一集，我將教予製衣業有關的工作職稱及工作內容。請大家留意收看！

They are seamers. They close seams.  
他們是車衣工人。他們縫合衣服。

This is a forelady. She supervises workers.  
這是女管工。她指導工人。

This is a sorter. He assembles the cut cloth into bundles.  
這是開份工人。他將剪好的布扎成一綑綑。

This is a hemmer. She stitches hems.  
這是拉邊工人。她車衣邊及褲邊。

This is a button sewing machine operator. He sets buttons.  
這是打鈕工人。他打鈕。
This is a merrow machine operator. She merrows the pieces.
這是肋骨工人。她負責肋骨。

This is a finisher. She does the finishing on the garment.
這是尾門工人。她處理最後工序。

This is a trimmer. She is removing loose threads.
這是剪線工人。她正在剪掉線尾。

Can you remember all of the vocabulary?
Just try it, now.
Let me introduce you a new seamstress called Lily.
Today is her first day at work in a garment shop. Why don't we look at her story now.
你是否能記住所有用詞呢？試試看。讓我介紹莉莉，她是新來的車衣女工。
今天是她第一天在衣廠工作。
讓我們看看她的故事吧。

Lily
Good morning! I'm a newcomer. Could you show me where the supervisor is?
早晨！我是新來的。請告訴我主管在那裡？

Lily
Good morning, I'm a newcomer, I'm looking for the supervisor.
早晨，我是新來的。我正在找主管。

Sara
Yes, I'm the forelady. People call me Sara.
You must be Lily, right? I heard you would be coming today.
我就是女管工，大家叫我莎拉。
你一定是莉莉了，對嗎？我聽說你今天會來。

Lily
Nice meeting you!
很高興認識你！
Sara: I heard you would be joining our seamer section. So, let me introduce you to the other people. Come with me!

Amy: Hi! My name is Amy. I'm also a seamstress. Welcome to our shop.

Sara: Amy, this is Lily, our new seamstress. She is your new coworker.

Lily: Thank you!

Sara: Lily, she's a very experienced seamstress.

Mrs. Wong: Lily, nice to meet you. I've been working as a hemmer for ten years, and I stitch hems almost every day.

Lily: Wow! Nice to meet you! Mrs. Wong.

Sara: Good morning, Tom. This is Lily, a new seamstress. Lily, Tom is our sorter.
Good morning, Tom. You are very busy, aren't you?

Yes, I'm just giving the bundles to the workers. Maybe we can talk during lunch time.

This is a merrow machine operator.

Oh, what is she doing now?

She is merrowing the pieces together, so they won't come apart.

Lily, have you worked in a garment shop before?

I was a seamstress in a jeans factory for a whole year, and I was a button hole machine operator before that.

Excellent! Then let me show you to our section of button hole machines.

Their work is very good and fast.

Yes, they're all experienced button hole machine operators. They set buttons very accurately!
Lily  Is she a finisher?
她是不是尾門工人？

Sara  Yes, she is a finisher.
Hi! Miss Lee, this is Lily. She is our new seamstress.
對，她是尾門工人。
李小姐，這是莉莉。她是新的車衣女工。

Miss Lee  Hi, Lily, good morning!
莉莉，早晨！

Lily  Miss Lee, good morning. Why do you do this by hand?
李小姐，早晨。你為什麼用手縫？

Miss Lee  It is because I'm doing finishing work.
因爲我正在處理最後工序。

Sara  Good! I'll see you later, Miss Lee. Let's go to the trimmer.
我遲些再跟你談，李小姐。我們去看看剪線工人。

Sara  She is a trimmer. She removes the loose threads from the finished garment.
她是剪線工人。她的職責是將成衣上的線尾剪掉。

Lily  The garment that Miss Lee just finished?
這些成衣是否從李小姐那裡來的？

Sara  Yes, right!
是了！

Hostess  This is the story for today. Did you learn anything from Lily and Sara?
All right! Then next, let's review what you have learned today. O.K. Please look at the screen carefully!
今天就介紹到此。你從莉莉和莎拉那兒學到什麼了嗎？
好，讓我們溫習一下今天學到的東西。好，請留意屏幕！
Who are they?
What are they doing?
他們是誰？
他們正在做什麼？

Yes, they are seamers.
They are closing seams.
對！他們是車衣工人。
他們正縫合衣服。

Who is she?
What is she doing?
她是誰？
她正在做什麼？

Right! She is a forelady.
She is supervising the workers.
對！她是女管工。
她正在指導工人工作。

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他正在做什麼？

He is a sorter.
He is separating the cut cloth by color and size.
他是開份工人。
他正在按顏色和尺寸將碎布分開。

Who is she?
What is she doing?
她是誰？
她正在做什麼？
She is a merrow machine operator.
She is merrowing the pieces together with the merrow machine.
她是肋骨工人。
她正在用肋骨机肋骨。

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他正在做什麼？

Right! He is a button sewing machine operator.
He is setting the buttons.
對！他是打鈕工人。
他正在打鈕。

Very good. I hope you understood everything in this lesson.
In the next episode, I will tell you more about jobs and job descriptions in the garment factory. I hope you enjoyed watching this program, thank you!
非常好。我希望你已明白這一課的內容。
在下一集裡，我將敘述更多有關製衣業的工作職稱及工作說明。我希望大家喜歡收看這節目，多謝！
Test 1 (Episode 1)

I. Matching: Choose the correct answer in Column B to match Column A. (8 points each)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column A</th>
<th>Column B</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. A seamer</td>
<td>A. merrows the pieces so they won't come apart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. A sorter</td>
<td>B. cuts the loose threads off the finished garment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. A hemmer</td>
<td>C. sets buttons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. A finisher</td>
<td>E. assembles the cut cloth into bundles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. A merrow</td>
<td>F. stitches hems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>machine operator</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8. A button sewing</td>
<td>H. does the finishing on the garment.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

II. Fill in the blanks with proper job titles or job descriptions: (6 points each)

1. A seamstress ____________________________.
2. A merrow machine operator ____________________________.
3. A forelady ____________________________.
4. A ____________________________ assembles the cut cloth into bundles.
5. A ____________________________ stitches hems.
6. A ____________________________ removes loose threads.
Hostess: Good evening everyone! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In episode 1, we went through some of the vocabulary about job titles and job descriptions. There are many different jobs in the garment factory. Right now, I will give you more information about job titles and job descriptions.

Hostess: This is a pocket setter. She sets the pocket.

Hostess: This is a loop maker. He makes loops.

Hostess: This is a fuser. He cuts and fuses interfacings.

Hostess: This is a label setter. She sews company labels into each garment.
Hostess  This is a presser.
He presses a garment on the buck press.
這是燙衣工人。
他在燙衣機上燙衣服。

Now, let's read the vocabulary of the job titles and job descriptions one more time.
讓我們再讀一次工作職稱與工作內容。

This is a pocket setter.
She sets the pocket.
這是車袋工人。
她車袋。

(Refer to P.9 and P.10)
（請翻閱第八頁及第九頁）

It's time to continue Lily's story.
Let's look at her in the factory now.
現在繼續莉莉的故事。
讓我們看看莉莉在工廠裡的情形。

Sara  This is Mrs. Kwok. She is a pocket setter.
這是郭太太。她是車袋工人。

(to Kwok)  Mrs. Kwok, good morning. This is Lily, a new seamstress.
郭太太，早晨。這是莉莉，新來的車衣女工。

Lily  Mrs. Kwok, it's nice to meet you!
郭太太，很高興認識你。

Kwok  Nice to meet you too! You know, I used to be a seamstress, but I changed my job. Now I'm a pocket setter.
很高興認識你。你知道嗎，我以前也是車衣女工，但我轉了工作。現在我是車袋工人。

Lily  Oh! Really...
噢！真的？
Sara  Yes, Mrs. Kwok works very hard!
是的，郭太太很勤力工作。

Lily, this is the zipper section.
The workers here are very experienced.
莉莉，這是車拉鍊部門。
這部門的工人都很有經驗。

Lily  Yes, I see they are setting zippers very fast.
是的，我看到她們車拉鍊很快。

Sara, what is he doing?
莎拉，他在做什麼？

Sara  He is cutting and fusing pieces of interfacings.
He is a fuser.
他正在裁及鋪門襟翻邊。
他是鋪紗工人。

Lily, this is Ching. She's a floor girl.
莉莉，這是晶。她是打雜女工。

Lily  Hi! Ching.
嗨！晶。

Ching  Good morning!
早晨！

Sara  Ching, can you introduce yourself to Lily?
晶，你可以向莉莉介紹一下自己嗎？

Ching  Sure!
I'm a floor girl. I've been here for only three months. I'm kind of new.
當然可以。
我是打雜女工。我在這裡只做了三個月，可算是個新人。
Lily: Great! Nice to meet you. Bye.
很好！很高興認識你。再見。

Sara: Lily, this is the quality controller, also called a Q.C. The Q.C. spot-checks the garments.
莉莉，這是質量控制員，我們通常叫她做Q.C。質量控制員負責抽查成衣。

Lily: Hi, Miss Lee, what are you doing?
李小姐，你在做什麼？

Miss Lee: I'm folding and packing the clothes.
This is also my job as a finisher.
我正在摺及包裝衣服。
這都是尾門工人的工作。

Lily: Oh, I see!
啊！我明白了！

Hostess: Lily just finished her first tour of the factory.
Did you enjoy it?
All right! Now it is time to review what you have learned today.
莉莉剛第一次參觀了廠房。
你覺得如何呢？
好了！又到時間重溫我們今天所學的內容。請留意屏幕。

Who is she?
What is she doing?
她是誰？
她正在做什麼？

Yes, she is a pocket setter.
She is setting pocket.
她是車袋工人。
她正在裝袋。
Hostess

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他正在做什麼？

He is a loop maker.
He is making loops.
他是車布環（耳仔）工人。
他正在車布環（耳仔）。

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他正在做什麼？

He is a presser.
He is pressing the clothes.
他是燙衣工人。
他正在燙衣服。

Who is she?
What is she doing?
她是誰？
她正在做什麼？

She is a quality controller.
She is spot-checking the garments.
她是質量控制員。
她正在抽查成衣。

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他正在做什麼？
Hostess  He is a fuser.
He is fusing interfacings.
他是縫紉工人。
他正在縫門襟翻邊。

Who is she?
What is she doing?
她是誰？
她正在做什麼？

She is a zipper setter.
She is setting a zipper.
她是車拉鍊工人。
她正在車拉鍊。

Very good. In the next episode, I will share the garment-making procedures with you. Thank you for watching this program.
非常好。在下一集，我將會教授衣廠裡成衣的生產過程。多謝大家收看這個節目。
Test 2 (Episode 2)

I. Answer questions with proper job titles: (10 points each)
1. Mrs. Kwok is setting pockets.
   What is Mrs. Kwok's job? She is a ________________.
2. Miss Lee is folding and packing the clothes.
   What is Miss Lee's job? She is a ________________.
3. Fred is pressing a garment on the buck press.
   What is Fred's job? He is a ________________.
4. Peter is cutting and fusing interfacings.
   What is Peter's job? He is a ________________.

II. Answer questions with proper job descriptions: (10 points each)
1. Jessica is a label setter.
   What does Jessica do? She sets ________________.
2. Mary is a zipper setter.
   What does Mary do? She ________________.
3. Susie is a quality controller.
   What does Susie do? She ________________.
4. John is a loop-maker.
   What does John do? He ________________.

III. Identify the following pictures: (10 points each)
1. What is her job? ____________________________
   What is she doing? __________________________
2. What is his job? ____________________________
   What is he doing? __________________________
Episode 3. Garment-making Process
第三集 成衣製作過程

Hostess  Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In episode 2, we went through the vocabulary about job titles and job descriptions. In this episode, I'm going to show you the garment-making process.

First, let's have a look at the vocabulary.

This is a designer.
She designs clothing styles.
她是設計師。
她設計衣服式樣。

This is a pattern maker.
He makes paper patterns.
這是裁紙樣技師。
他裁紙樣。

This is a samplemaker.
She makes clothing samples.
這是車樣板技師。
她車衣服樣板。

This is a marker.
He lays out the patterns.
這是描樣人員。
他描衣樣。
Hostess
This is a cutter.
He cuts the piece goods.
這 是 截 衣 工 人 （ 截床 ）。
他截衣料。

This is a showroom saleswoman.
She sells the new garment to the customer.
這 是 陳 列 室 銷 售 員。
她 銷 售 新 的 成 衣 給 顧 客。

This is an order picker.
She fills orders in the shipping room.
這 是 執 貨 員。
她在發貨部執貨。

This is a packer.
He packs the garments.
這 是 包 裝 員。
他 包 裝 成 衣。

Now, let's read the vocabulary and job titles in the process of making garments once more.
現在，讓 我 們 再 重 讀 詞 彙 及 製 作 過 程 的 工 作 職 稱。

(Refer to P.16 and P.17)
（ 請 翻 閱 第 十 六 頁 及 第 十 七 頁）

Those are only some of the job titles involved in the process of making garments. And now, Lily and Sara will show us the basic procedures for making garments. 
這 只 是 一 些 與 成 衣 製 作 過 程 有 關 的 工 作 職 稱。現 在 莉 莉 和 莎 拉 將 介 紹 成 衣 製 作 的 基 本 程 序。

Sara
Hi, Lily. How's the job today?
Are you getting used to working here?
嗨！ 莉 莉。 今 天 工 作 如 何？
你 習 慣 了 在 這 裡 工 作 嗎？
Lily  I'm fine. Thank you. Everything is new. I'm getting used to the sewing machine and meeting some new friends.
我很好。多謝。這裡的一切對我來說都是新的。我正在熟悉運用衣車和認識一些新朋友。

Sara  Good to hear that everything is fine. But don't be shy about asking questions. All right! It's about the time for a coffee-break. Let's go to the cafeteria together.
聽到一切都順利那很好。但是不要害羞而不問問題。好了！又到喝下午茶的時間了。讓我們一起去茶水間吧。

Have a seat!
請坐！

Lily  Thank you!!
謝謝！

Sara  Lily, are you familiar with the whole garment industry?
莉莉，你是否熟悉整個成衣業？

Lily  No, I don't know much about it. I've only worked in a garment factory for a year. Could you please tell me more about the process of making garments?
不，我不很熟悉。我只在衣廠工作了一年。你可不可以告訴我更多有關成衣的製作過程？

Sara  Certainly.
當然可以。

There are three basic departments in this industry: the design department, the production department and the sales and distribution department.
成衣業有三個基本的部門：設計部，生產部及銷售與分派部門。

The garment-making process begins in the design department of a garment manufacturer.
成衣的製作過程由成衣製造商的設計部門開始。
Designers create the styles and design various kinds of garments. The manufacturer arranges for the production of these new fashion designs.

In some shops, drapers prepare the garment for the final operations. Drapers make all the adjustments by fastening the different parts of the garment with pins.

Pattern-makers study the garment and prepare a set of paper patterns for all parts. From these originals, graders produce patterns in a variety of sizes by proportionately increasing and reducing the dimensions of the original.

Sample-makers make model or trial garments.

The models display the new creations to buyers. As soon as the sample is accepted, it goes to the production department...

In the production departments, first, it goes to the piece goods buyer who orders the fabric, then to the production manager and to the marker...
Then the patterns are dispatched to the cutting department where the markers lay out the patterns on cloth and mark them out with chalk...

The cutters cut the pattern out either with shears, a handknife or a machine. The number of layers of cloth cut at one time depends on the weight and quality of the fabric used...

Once cutting is completed, the pieces go to the garment contracting shop. The contractors bid for these jobs from the manufacturers. If the contractor gets the job, the manufacturer sends the sample and cut goods to the factory.

In the factory, sorters assemble the cut cloth into bundles or lots. The bundles are then given to the seamers...

Seamers sew the garment together. They use single needle or specialty machines for each operation...

Pocket setters...

Hemmers...

拉边工人…
Sara

Loop makers...
車布環工人…

Fusers...
鋪紗工人…

And button sewing machine operators. Each one is sewing a different part of the garment. Then the finishers...
及打鈕工人。每一個人正縫製衣服的不同部份。接著是尾門工人…

Then the finisher does most of the sewing that has to be done by hand. They sew hooks and eyes, buttons, and belts, and do other hand sewing. Some of their work is also done with the help of specialty machines...
尾門工人負責做需要用手做的大部份工作。她們縫鈕扣、鈕、腰帶，及其他需用手縫的工作。有些工作要借助特別的機器來完成…

Once their work is completed, the garments go to the trimmers. Trimmers remove loose threads from the finished garment...
當他們的工作完成後，成衣便交給剪線工人。剪線工人將成衣上的線尾剪掉。

After that, the finished garment goes to the ironing section. In the heavier lines of work, pressing has to be done as the work progresses, as the seams and other parts of the garment have to be ironed...
然後，成衣便被送到燙衣部門。較厚的加絨裡的衣服需要邊做邊燙，因爲衣服的縫合線和其他部份需要燙平…

Then the garments have to go through a spot-check by the quality controllers...
接著成衣便由質量控制員作抽樣檢查…
Finally, finishers hang up the clothes, put on hand tags and cover the clothes with plastic bags. The garments are ready to leave the factory.

Once the garment has been finished, it goes to the showroom. The people who work in the showroom are head salesman, showroom salesman and road salesman. Their job is to contact potential buyers and sell finished garments to them. Therefore, they must be very familiar with different kinds of garments and prices.

When the customer places an order, the job goes to the shipping department. The people working in the shipping department are the order picker, checker and packer. Their job is to pack and ship the ordered garments to the customer. Basically this is the last step in the garment-making process.

Lily, did you get it?

Yes, I think I got it. Thank you!

Great! You are smart. Oh, I think we should go back to work now. Let's finish drinking our coffee.
Hostess: Lily and Sara just had their long coffee-break. It was very worthwhile, wasn't it? Did you learn about the garment-making process? All right! Let's review what you have learned.

莉莉和莎拉剛結束她們的下午茶休息時間。它很有幫助，是不是？你有否學到成衣製作過程？好了！讓我們復習你所學過的東西。

Who is she?  
What is she doing?  
她是誰？  
她在做什麼？

This is a designer.  
She is designing the clothing style.  
這是設計師。  
她正在設計衣服樣式。

Who is he?  
What is he doing?  
他是誰？  
他在做什麼？

This is a pattern-maker.  
He is making a paper pattern.  
這是劃紙樣技師。  
他正在劃紙樣。

Who is she?  
What is she doing?  
她是誰？  
她在做什麼？

This is a showroom saleswoman.  
She is selling the garment to the customer.  
這是陳列室銷售員。  
她正銷售成衣給顧客。
Hostess

Who is he?
What is he doing?
他是誰？
他在做什麼？

This is a packer.
He is packing the garments.
這是包裝員。
他正在包裝衣服。

Very good. In the next episode, we will explain the parts of a sewing machine to you. Thank you for watching this program.
很好。在下一集，我們將為你解釋衣車的組成部份。多謝收看本節目。
Test 3 (Episode 3)

I. Fill in the blanks with proper job titles: 40%(10 points each)
   1. Mary is a ______________________. She creates the styles of different kinds of garments.
   2. Peter is a ______________________. He prepares paper patterns.
   3. Carol is a ______________________. She sews model garments.
   4. John is a ______________________. He cuts piece goods.

II. True or False? 60%(10 points each)
   _____ 1. A model shows the new garments to the buyers.
   _____ 2. Lisa is an order picker. She is filling orders in the shipping room.
   _____ 3. The cutter can cut any kind of cloth as many layers as possible at one time.
   _____ 4. The manufacturer sends samples and cut goods to the garment contracting shop if a contractor gets the job from the manufacturer.
   _____ 5. A grader produces patterns in different sizes before the pattern-maker makes a set of paper patterns.
   _____ 6. Trimmers remove loose threads off the garments after pressers iron the finished garments.
Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In this episode, I will show you the principal parts of a sewing machine. And now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

This is a balance wheel. It controls the motion of the machine.

This is a thread guide. It guides the thread between the main parts of the machine.

This is a tension regulator. It regulates the tightness of the stitch according to the thickness of fabrics.

This is a tension disc. It controls the upper tension of the thread.
Hostess
This is a needle bar.
It holds the needle in place.
這是針柱。
它固定針的位置。

This is a needle.
It carries the thread down into the fabric.
這是針。
它將線縫入布料。

This is a presser foot.
It holds the fabric in place.
這是針靴。
它固定布料的位置。

This is a stitch size regulator.
It controls the size of the stitches.
這是針目調整器。
它調校縫步的大小。

This is a power switch.
It turns the machine on or off.
這是電掣。
它開或關機器。

This is a treadle.
It is a pedal controlled by foot.
這是腳踏。
它是用腳控制的開關掣。

Let's read the vocabulary once again.
(refer to P.26-P.27)
讓我們將詞彙重讀一次。
（翻閱第二十六頁至第二十七頁）
What we have mentioned above are all related to the main parts of a sewing machine. In the following story, Lily and Miss Lee will tell us more. Let's start now.

以上我們所提及的都是與衣車主要部份有關。在以下的故事裡，莉莉與李小姐將給我們介紹得更多。現在讓我們開始。

Sara

Hi! Lily, how's your work going?
嗨！莉莉，你的工作怎麼樣？

Lily

Fine. Everything is going smoothly.
好。一切都很順利。

Sara

That's good. I think you'll soon become very experienced.
那很好。我相信你很快就會變得很有經驗。

Oh, I am afraid I have to go now. By the way, your thread is running out; it's time to replace it, and be very careful when you're threading the needle, okay!
噢，我想我現在該走了。另外，你的線快用完了；應該換線了，你穿針時要非常小心！

Lily

Okay! See you.
好的！再見。

Hi! Miss Lee.
嗨！李小姐。

Miss Lee

Hi! Lily, I see that you're very familiar with your sewing machine; but it is hard for a finisher like me to remember all the parts of the machine.
嗨！莉莉，我看你已很熟悉你的衣車，但對我作爲尾門工來說就很難記得所有衣車部份的名稱。
Oh, it's not that difficult, actually.
Let me show you, sit here. Do you see the balance wheel on
the far right of the machine?
噢，其實並不是很難。
坐在這兒，我來告訴你。你看到衣車右邊的車輪嗎？

The big round wheel?
是那個大而圓的輪子嗎？

Right, this is the balance wheel. It controls the motion of
the machine, and the belt attached connects it to the
motor and the motor uses electric power to produce
motion of the machine. Then the motor is connected to
the treadle.
對，這是車輪。它控制衣車的轉動，貼著的皮帶則連接著馬達，馬達是用電力推動機器的轉動。而馬達則連接著腳踏。

Treadle?
腳踏？

Yes, that's the pedal controlled by foot.
Besides the treadle, there is a power switch.
It turns the machine on and off.
是，那是用腳控制的開關掣。除了腳踏外，還有電掣，它用來開關衣車。

I see. What about the other parts gone through by the
thread?
我明白了。而那些線穿過的部份呢？

Then we should start from the thread stand...
我們應由線架開始...

...holding a spool of thread.
⋯它裝著線團。
Miss Lee     Oh, I know this part.
噢，我知道這部份。

Lily       Really? Then do you know the tension disc and the thread guide?
真的嗎？那你知道夾線器和導線器嗎？

The tension disc controls the tension of the top thread.
夾線器控制面線的鬆緊。

...while the thread guide leads the thread.
…導線器引導線。

Miss Lee    I think they are important, right?
我想它們都重要，對嗎？

What's this, Lily?
這是什麼，莉莉？

Lily       Oh! This is the thread take-up lever. It pulls the thread forward with each stitch. They are all very important; and besides these, we have the needle bar.
噢！這是跳線鉤。每縫一針它將線拉前一步。它們全都十分重要；除了這些外，還有針柱。

Miss Lee    What's its function?
它的作用是什麼？

Lily       It holds the needle in place.
它固定針的位置。

Miss Lee    Ah! The needle carries the thread down into the fabric to loop up the bottom thread to make a complete stitch.
呀！針把線引入布內與底線構成一環狀便成爲一個完整的線步。

Lily        Very good! You know quite a lot.
很好！你知道的也相當多。
Miss Lee
Oh, not really.
噢，並不是很多。

Lily
And this is the stitch size regulator.
而這是針目調整器。

It controls the size of the stitches.
它調校線步的大小。

Miss Lee
Lily, what do we call the small round case that carries the bottom thread?
莉莉，那個裝底線的小圓盒子叫什麼？

Lily
Ah, I think you're talking about the bobbin...
呀，我想你說的是梭心…

......which is held by the bobbin case under the sewing machine table. Also, we have the bobbin winder.
……它裝在衣車底面的梭盒內。我們還有繞線器。

It fills the bobbin with thread.
它繞梭心的線。

Miss Lee
Then how about the part under the needle bar and the needle?
那麼在針柱及針下面的又是什麼？

Lily
Presser foot! It holds the fabric in place when we are stitching.
針靴！當車衣時它固定布料的位置。

Miss Lee, didn't you notice a part right here?
李小姐，你沒注意到這個小部份嗎？

This is a thigh pad. It's used to lift the presser foot.
這是壓腳提升器。它提高針靴。
Miss Lee: Is this the tension regulator?
這事張力調節器嗎？

Lily: Exactly! The tension regulator regulates the tightness of the stitch. These are the thread tension regulators.
完全正確！張力調節器調校線步的鬆緊。這些就是線張力調節器。

Miss Lee: I see. What is that big button?
我明白了。那個大按鈕是什麼？

Lily: Well, this is a reverse stitching button. It's used for reverse stitching.
這是翻線按鈕。它用來翻落針。

These are the basic parts of the sewing machine.
這些就是衣車的基本部份。

Miss Lee: I hope I can remember them all.
我希望我可以記得所有部份的名稱。

Lily: Of course you can!
你當然可以！
Try to identify each part when you're threading the machine.
當你穿線時試試辨認每個部份吧。

Hostess: Right, of course you can remember all of the vocabulary. O.K. It's about time to review the new vocabulary.
對，你當然會記得所有的詞彙。好，現在該復習新詞彙了。

What is this?
這是什麼？
What is its function?
它有什麼作用？
This is a balance wheel.
It controls the motion of the machine.
這是車輪。
它控制衣車的轉動。

What is this?
What is its function?
這是什麼？
它有什麼作用？

This is a thread stand.
It holds the spool of thread.
這是線架。
它裝著線團。

What is this?
What is its function?
這是什麼？
它有什麼作用？

This is a power switch.
It turns the machine on or off.
這是電掣。
它開或關機器。

What is this?
What is its function?
這是什麼？
它有什麼作用？

This is a bobbin.
It carries the bottom thread.
這是梭心。
它裝底線。
Hostess: What is this? What is its function?

**This is a presser foot.**
It holds the fabric in place.

**What is this? What is its function?**

**This is a motor.**
It uses electric power to produce motion of the machine.

Excellent!
In the next episode, I will tell you about the problems with a sewing machine. I hope you enjoyed watching this program.

Thank you!

非常好！
在下一集，我將敘述使用衣車時出現的問題。我希望大家喜歡收看這個節目。

多謝！
Test 4 (Episode 4)

I. Match the functions in Column B with the parts of a sewing machine in Column A: 50% (10 points each)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. A tension regulator</td>
<td>a. is a pedal controlled by foot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. A bobbin</td>
<td>b. holds a spool of thread.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. A treadle</td>
<td>c. regulates the tightness of the stitch according to the thickness of fabrics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. A thread stand</td>
<td>d. controls the upper tension of the thread.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. A tension disc</td>
<td>e. carries the bottom thread.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Name five parts of a sewing machine: 50% (10 points each)

1. ______________
2. ______________
3. ______________
4. ______________
5. ______________
Episode 5. Problems with A Sewing Machine
第五集 使用衣車時的問題

Hostess Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In the last episode, we have learned the parts of a sewing machine. Tonight, I will share with you the possible problems with a sewing machine. But now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

晚安！我是麗塔·希金斯。多謝收看職英文班節目。這節目是由華埠人力中心提供。在上一集，我們學了衣車的部份。今晚，我將教使用衣車時遇到的問題。現在，讓我們先從詞彙開始。

Loose Stitches
鬆線步

Tight Thread
緊線

Broken Needle
斷針

Adjust Tension
調校張力

Adjust Bobbin Thread
調校梭心底線

Let's read the vocabulary once again.
讓我們重讀一次詞彙。

(refer to P.36)
（請翻閱第三十六頁）
You might have had those problems before. In fact, they are very common in the factory. I think Lily might have these problems, too.
你以前可能也曾遇到這些問題。事實上，它們在衣服裡是很常見的。我想莉莉也同樣遇到這些問題。

Sara

Hi! Lily.
Relax! What's wrong with you?
嗨！莉莉。
別緊張！出了什麼事呀？

Lily

I'm fine, but my machine keeps making loose stitches.
我很好，不過我的衣車不停地在鬆線。

Sara

Really? Show me.
真的嗎？指給我看看。

Lily

You see!
你看！

Sara

The thread tension might be too loose.
Adjust the tension disc.
這線的張力可能太鬆。調校夾線器。

Lily

Actually I tried it, but when I tighten the tension, the thread keeps breaking.
其實我已試過了，但是當張力加緊，就不停地斷線。

Sara

Maybe, you tightened it too much.
可能你調校得太緊了。

Lily

Oh! I see.
啊！我知道了。

Sara

The thread can either be too loose or too tight.
線可能是太鬆或是太緊。
Lily: Yes, you're right!
Thanks, Sara, it's fixed now.
對，你說得對！
謝謝你，莎拉，現在修好了。

Sara: That is very good.
If you need help, tell me.
那很好。
如果你需要幫助，告訴我。

Lily: Yes.
好的。

Sara: Any problems with the needle?
針有問題嗎？

Seamstress: I: Sara, I don't know. I broke two needles.
莎拉，我不知道，我斷了兩支針了。

Sara: Let me see.
Sometimes the needle might be too close to the throat plate...
讓我看看。
有時可能針太接近針板⋯

...make sure the needle hits the top of the needle bar.
⋯要確認針頂著針柱的最上端。

But it seems O.K.
但看起來沒有問題。

Seamstress: I: I don't know. Maybe something is wrong with the bobbin case.
我不知道。可能是梭匣有問題。

Sara: Could be!
可能是！
It seems O.K. too.  
Maybe you've got a bad needle. Let's change to a new one.  
它看來也沒有問題。  
你可能是用了壞的針。讓我們換支新的。

Wait a second!  
等一等！

I think the fabric is too heavy for these needles.  
我想這種布料對這些針來說是太厚了。  

Seamstress I  
So...that is why they broke.  
I got it!  
那…那就是它們斷的原因。  
我明白了！

Sara  
Great! You should get a larger size needle.  
很好！你應該用較大號的針。

Seamstress I  
Yes, thank you so much.  
是，多謝。

Hi Lily, do you want any coffee?  
嗨！莉莉，你要不要喝點咖啡？

Lily  
No, thanks, my machine is breaking down again!  
It skips stitches this time.  
不，謝謝，我的衣車又壞了！  
這次是跳線。

Seamstress I  
Really?  
Could it be that the thread is too heavy for the fabric?  
Maybe the bobbin case is dirty.  
真的嗎？  
會不會是你用的線對布料來說太粗了？可能梭匣不乾淨。
Lily They are fine! I even checked the thread guide too.它們沒問題！我甚至連導線都檢查過了。

Seamstress I You didn't skip any of them.你沒有檢查漏其他部份了。

Lily You see!你看到了吧！

Seamstress I Don't worry, let's call Sara.別擔心，讓我們打電話給莎拉。

Lily Yes, maybe we should call the mechanic too.對，或許我們也應打電話給技師。

Hostess Right! Don't be afraid to call your forelady and mechanic.好了。又到複習詞彙的時候了。讓我們看屏幕。

What are these?這些是什麼？

These are loose stitches.這些是鬆線步。

What is this?這是什麼？

This is a tight thread.這是緊線。

What is this?這是什麼？
Hostess: This is a broken needle.
這是斷針。

What is she doing?
她在做什麼？

She is adjusting the tension.
她在調校張力。

What is she doing?
她在做什麼？

She is adjusting the bobbin thread.
她在調校梭心底線。

Very good. I hope you can memorize everything in this lesson. And I hope you enjoy watching this program too. Thank you!
非常好。我希望你能記得這一集所教的內容。也希望你喜歡收看這個節目。謝謝！
I. Match the causes in Column B with the machine problems in Column A: 50% (12.5 points each)

A (Problems) B (Causes)
___ 1. The machine keeps making loose stitches. a. The thread tension is too tight.
___ 2. The thread keeps breaking. b. The bobbin case is dirty.
___ 3. The needle keeps breaking. c. The tension might be too loose.
___ 4. The machine skips stitches. d. The needle should hit the top of the needle bar.

II. Multiple Choice: 50% (12.5 points each)

1. Mary found that her machine kept making loose stitches. The mechanic is adjusting the tension disc for her because the tension was too ________.
   A. tight   B. loose

2. Lily told the forelady that she had broken two needles. The forelady asked her to get a large size needle because the fabric is too ________ for the needle.
   A. heavy   B. light

3. One of the reasons why the needle keeps breaking is that the needle might be too ________ the throat plate.
   A. far from   B. close to

4. Lily asked Sara why the thread kept breaking when she tightened the tension. Sara told her maybe she tightened the tension ________.
   A. too little   B. too much.
Episode 6. Sewing Techniques (Part I)

Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In the following time, I'm going to show you the various kinds of sewing techniques, such as seams, stitches, darts, gathers and so on. Now, let's look at the vocabulary first.

Encased seams
包骨縫線

Self-bound seam
自卷邊縫合線

French seam
法國式包骨縫線

Mock French seam
假法國式包邊縫線（假縫貼邊）

Bound seam
包連縫線

Bias seam
斜接包邊

Tricot bound
斜絞手包邊
Hostess  Overlock seams
肋骨縫線

Flatlock seams
平針縫線

Overlock edge finishes
肋骨收邊

Stretch seams
彈性縫線

Taped seams
貼帶縫線

Double stitched seams
雙線縫合線

Straight and zigzag seam
直和曲折縫線

Straight stretch seams
直伸縮縫線

Elastic stretch seams
彈性伸縮縫線

Let's repeat it. (Please refer to P.43-P.44)
讓我們再重複（請翻閱第四十三頁至第四十四頁）
For a capable seamstress, to master different types of sewing techniques is important. It can help a seamstress to get to a higher position like a sample hand and make more money.

Today, Lily is going to show us some of the sewing techniques.

對於能幹的車衣女工，能掌握各款縫紉技巧是重要的。這可幫助車衣女工升為車樣板工人和拿到更好薪金。今天，莉莉將為大家介紹一些縫紉技巧。

Alice

Hi, Lily! You got a new hair cut!
嗨，莉莉！你剪了新發型！

Lily

Hi, Alice.
嗨，雅麗斯。

Alice

What are you doing here?
你在幹什麼？

Lily

I'm taking a sewing technique class.
我正在上縫紉技巧課。

Alice

That's great. This is the class that I want to attend too. I came up here to ask for information.
太好了，這正是我想讀的課程。我來這裡詢問有關情況。

Lily

Very good. This is a very helpful class. I've been learning a lot.
非常好。這是很有用的課程。我已經學到很多東西。

Alice

What are you sewing? Is it a class project?
你在縫什麼？是你的功課嗎？

Lily

Yes, I'm practicing the sewing technique.
Let me show you! Okay?
對，我在練習縫紉技巧。
我給你看！好嗎？
Alice: Sure. Can you tell me something about seams?

Lily: A seam is the basic element in all garment construction. There are different types of seams, like encased seams, overlock seams and stretch seams.

The cut edges of seam allowances are enclosed within the seam itself. Encased seams are best suited to lightweight fabrics. I know three types of encased seams. I'll show you self-bound seam first.

This is self-bound seam.

This is French seam. It's best used on straight seams.

Alice: French seam looks like a plain seam on the right side and a narrow tuck on the wrong side.

Lily: Right!

Let me show you another one called a mock French seam.

This is the mock French seam. It can be used in curved or straight areas.
People used encased seams for blouses and unlined jackets. They are also an excellent choice for children's clothes.

These finishes totally enclose the cut edge of seam allowances. They also enhance the inner appearance of the garment.

The most commonly used bound finishes are the bias bound and tricot bound. Mediumweight fabrics such as denim or linen, and heavy weight fabrics such as wools or velvet can utilize any of the two. First, I'll show you the bias bound.

The tricot bound is a finish for delicate, sheer fabrics or bulky, napped fabrics.

They look nice.
After these bound seam finishes, I'll introduce overlock seams to you.

Overlock machines sew narrow seams with thread bound edges.

It's been commonly used in garment making.

Yes, overlock seams work well on a wide range of fabrics, but people may prefer the security of wider seam allowances on loose weaves and other fragile fabrics.

Flatlock seam is one type of overlock seams.

And this is the overlock edge finishes.

Stretch seams?

Flatlock seam is one type of overlock seams. This is a flatlock seam which is pressed to both sides.

And this is the overlock edge finishes. Okay! Let me show you the stretch seams.

Stretch seams?
Seams in stretch fabrics for casual or action wear, must stretch or "give" with fabric. I'll show different types of stretch seams.

This is the taped seam. 貼帶縫線用於不需要彈性的部位，如肩部縫線。

The taped seam is used in areas where you don't want stretch, such as shoulder's seams. 貼帶縫線用於不需要彈性的部位，如肩部縫線。

I see, then what about the stretch part? 我明白，那彈性部份又如何？

Right! There is another one called double-stitched seam. 對！另有一款名為雙線縫合線。

It gives an insurance row of stitching to a seam. 它給縫線多加一排保險縫合線。

This is a suitable finish for knits that tend to curl along the raw edges. 這是適用於容易卷曲的針織布碎邊。

There is a type called straight stretch stitch. 這一種叫直伸縮縫線。

It makes a strong, stretchy seam. 它使縫線既牢固又有彈性。
Lily  It is good for stressed areas such as armholes. Oh! I should show you the elastic stretch stitch too. 這最適用於拉力大的部位如袖攏位。噢！我也應讓你看彈性伸縮縫線。

Elastic stretch stitch is an excellent choice for swimwear and leotards. Actually, those stretch seams can be used for the stretch fabrics such as jersey, stretch terry and other knits. 彈力伸縮縫線最適用於游泳衣和緊身衣。其實，它亦可用於具有伸縮性的布料如毛絨布，彈性毛巾布和其他針織布。

Alice  So, they are good for casual or action wear. 所以，它們適用於便服或運動衣。

Lily  Exactly! 正確！

Alice  You're great! You learned a lot from here. 你真棒！你在這裡學到了很多東西。

Lily  Yes, I did. 是的，我確是。

Hostess  This is a very intensive lesson. I hope you can remember as much as you can. Let's review the vocabulary now. 這是非常密集的課程。我希望大家能盡量記住所學的東西。現在復習詞彙。

What is this? 這是什麼？

Encased seam 包骨縫線
What is this?
這是什麼？

French seam
法國式包骨縫線

What is this?
這是什麼？

Bound seam
包邊縫線

What is this?
這是什麼？

Bias bound
斜接包邊

What is this?
這是什麼？

Flatlock seam
平針縫線

What is this?
這是什麼？

Stretch seam
彈性縫線

What is this?
這是什麼？

Taped seam
貼帶縫線
Hostess: What is this?
這是什麼？

Elastic stretch seam
彈性伸縮縫線

Excellent! Please try to memorize everything in this lesson. In the coming episode, Lily and I will bring you more sewing techniques. Thanks for watching this program. Goodbye!
好極了！請試把本課的內容記住。在下一集，莉莉和我將會介紹更多縫紉技巧。多謝收看本節目。再會！
TV Lessons - Test 6 (Episode 6)

I. Match the definitions in column B with the names in Column A: 50%

(10 points each)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Encased seams</td>
<td>a. The narrow seams with thread bound edges are sewn with overlock machines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Bound seam finishes</td>
<td>b. The seams in stretch fabrics for causal or action wear must stretch with fabric.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Overlock seams</td>
<td>c. The cut edges of seam allowances are enclosed within the seam itself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Stretch seams</td>
<td>d. The finishes totally enclose the cut edge of seam allowances and enhance the inner appearance of the garment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. True or false? 60% (10 points each)

1. Encased seams are best suited to lightweight fabrics.
2. Bias bound are commonly used for mediumweight fabrics like wools or velvet.
3. Overlock seams are more preferred to be used on loose weaves and other fragile fabrics for their wider seam allowances.
4. Tricot bound is a finish for delicate, sheer fabrics or bulky, napped fabrics.
5. Taped seams are used in areas where stretch is needed, such as shoulder seams.
6. French seam is best used on curved seams.
Hostess: Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In the last episode, I have shown you the various types of sewing techniques. Today, I continue to introduce more, such as darts, gathers and so on. Now, let's look at the vocabulary first.

Gathers
碎褶

Darts
死褶

Interfacings
夹层

Sew-in woven interfacings
縫合紡織物夹層

Fusible nonwoven interfacings
熱壓非紡織物夹層

Ribbings
羅紋邊帶

Let's repeat the vocabulary.
(refer to the above vocabulary)
讓我們重複詞彙。
（請翻閱以上詞彙）
This is the vocabulary for today's episode. In the following section, we will see how Lily and Alice bring these sewing techniques to us.

Jannie

Hi, Lily, how's it going?

Very good, Jannie.

Let me introduce my friend to you. This is Alice. We are working at the same garment shop.

Alice

Hi, Jannie. Nice to meet you.

Jannie

Nice to meet you too.

Lily

How's your work today?

Well, I've just finished this lot of garments, so I can take time off.

Lily

What did you sew for that lot?

Jannie

I sewed the gathers for the skirts.

Lily

Oh, I see.
Jannie: I'm going to get something to eat. Do you want to come?

Lily: No, thanks.

Jannie: Okay, I'll see you later.

Alice: Lily, what is a gather?

Lily: This is a type of sewing technique. Gathers may be found at waistlines, cuffs, yokes, necklines or sleeve caps.

Alice: Great!

Lily: Let me show you the basic gathers. We still have time.

Alice: It is very complicated, isn't it?

Lily: Yes. I took a while to learn this technique. Let me show you the darts too.

Alice: Darts?
Lily: Yes. A dart is used to shape a flat piece of fabric to fit bust, waist, hip or elbow curves.

Alice: I just bought a skirt that was designed like that.

Lily: Really?

Alice: If I know how to sew it, I can sew a dress for myself.

Lily: Actually, this is not very difficult. The important thing is, a perfect dart is straight and smooth, not puckered at the ends.

Jannie: Excuse me, has the teacher come yet? What are you doing now?

Lily: I was showing gathers to Alice.

Alice: Yes, Lily was showing some sewing techniques to me.

Jannie: Really? I've got some interfacing and ribbing samples here. Do you want to see them?
Interfacings are the inner layers of fabric used to shape and support details; for example, collars, cuffs, waistbands, pockets, and buttonholes.

These are interfacing fibers. Generally, interfacing should be the same weight or lighter than the fashion fabric.

Interfacings are available in woven...

...and nonwoven.

Sew-in interfacings must be pinned, which are held in place by machine stitching.

Fusibles have a coating on one side which melts and fuses the interfacing to the wrong side of the fabric when steam-pressed.
Alice  I see.
我明白了。

Jannie  These are ribbings.
Ribbings have lengthwise ridges with great crosswise stretch and recovery.
Ribbing may be used instead of a hem to finish necklines...
這些是羅紋邊帶。它們有縱紋條狀和彈性橫紋並可收縮。羅紋邊帶可代替卷褶縫邊來作爲領口邊…

...wrists, armholes, and waistlines.
…袖口邊，袖窿，和腰圍線的收邊。

Lily  Yes, ribbed edges provide a snug but comfortable fit for pullover and pull-on garments.
是，羅紋邊為套頭毛衣和套衫提供了貼身和舒服感。

Jannie  Exactly!
完全正確！

Hostess  Do you understand more about the sewing techniques now? I hope you do.
Well, let's review the vocabulary.
現在你是否對縫紉技巧更了解？我希望你了解得更多。
好，讓我們複習詞彙吧。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

Gathers.
碎褶。

What are these?
這些是什麼？
Darts.
死褶。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

Sew-in woven interfacings.
縫合紡織物夾層。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

Fusible nonwoven interfacings.
熱壓非紡織物夾層。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

Ribbings.
羅紋邊帶。

Excellent! Please try to memorize everything in this lesson.
In the upcoming episode, I will show closures to you.
Thanks for watching this program. Goodbye.
好極！請試把本課的內容記住。
下一集，我將向你們介紹扣鎖。
多謝收看本節目。再會。
**TV Test 7 (Episode 7)**

1. **Match the definitions in Column B with the sewing techniques in Column A:** 50% (10 points each)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column A</th>
<th>Column B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Gathers</td>
<td>a. have a coating on one side which melts and fuses the interfacing to the wrong side of the fabric when steam-pressed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Darts</td>
<td>b. have lengthwise rides with great crosswise stretch and recovery and may be used to finish necklines, wrists, armholes and waistlines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Interfacings</td>
<td>c. are used to shape a flat piece of fabric to fit bust, waist, hip or elbow curves.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Fusibles</td>
<td>d. may be found at waistlines, cuffs, yokes, necklines or sleeve caps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Ribbings</td>
<td>e. are the inner layers of fabric used to shape and support garment parts like collars, cuffs, waistbands, pockets and buttonholes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
II. Identify the following pictures: 50% (10 points each)

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1. [Image of a sweater]
2. [Image of a textured fabric]
3. [Image of a cardigan with pockets]
4. [Image of a buttoned shirt]
5. [Image of a shoe]

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
Hostess Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In the last episode, we have watched the various types of sewing techniques. Today, I will share with you the closures. But now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

Sew-through buttons
有眼鈕扣

Shank buttons
有腳鈕扣

Built-in buttonholes
內藏鈕門

Overedge buttonholes
包縫鈕門

One-step buttonholes
一步鈕門

Universal attachment buttonholes
通用式鈕門

Straight eyes
直眼扣
Round eyes
圆眼扣

Zippers
拉鍊

Sew-on snaps
縫合按扣

Gripper-type snaps
像型扣

Snap tapes
按扣帶

Let's repeat the vocabulary
(refer to P.63-P.64)
讓我們復習詞彙
（請翻閱第六十三至第六十四頁）

Today, Lily and Miss Lee will bring different types of closures to us.
Ready? Let's see what will happen.
今天，莉莉和李小姐將給我們看各種不同的扣鎖。
準備好了嗎？讓我們看看有什麼將會發生。

Lily
Miss Lee, how's your work coming?
I thought you'd be finished by now. People are leaving.
李小姐，你的工作進展如何？
我想你現在已可以完工。其他人正在離開。

Miss Lee
Oh, I know. My work for today is almost done.
But I found these pretty buttons. And I'm thinking of putting this style of button on my clothes.
噢，我知道。我今天的工作大約完成了。
但我覺得這些鈕很美。而我正考慮釦這一款鈕在我的衣服上。
Lily  
Yes, they are very pretty!  
In fact, closures can be functional as well as decorative. 
是，它們很美！  
其實，扣鎖既實用又有裝飾性。

Miss Lee  
But, how do you select buttons that serve both purposes?  
但是，你如何去選擇可達到這兩項目的的鈕扣呢？

Lily  
I think we have to consider their color and style as well as their weight and fabric.  
我想我們要考慮其顏色、款式、重量及布料。

The color and style of buttons are usually matched to the fabric. You can find an appropriate combination that matches the garment.  
通常鈕扣的顏色和款式與布料相配稱。你可找合適的配搭與衣服相配稱。  
鈕扣的重量和保養亦應考慮。

The weight and care of buttons should be considered as well.  
配襯的鈕扣重量與布料的重量需相等。因爲過重的鈕扣會拉至薄布料變形。

Match similar weight buttons to similar weight fabrics. Because heavy buttons will pull and distort lightweight fabrics.  
同時，我們應選用與衣服的保養方法一樣的鈕扣，如水洗或乾洗。

Also, we should choose buttons that can be cared for in the same manner as the garment, either washable or dry-cleanable.  
好，當我去買鈕扣時，我應帶一塊碎布料來確保合襬。

Miss Lee  
Well, when I go shopping for buttons, I should bring a swatch of fabric to assure a good match.  
好，當我去買鈕扣時，我應帶一塊碎布料來確保合襬。
Lily: Yes, I have been used to doing that. We have some closure samples in stock, like buttons, snaps, and zippers. Let me show you.

Miss Lee: Thank you very much.

Lily: These are the button samples. There are two basic kinds of buttons. They are sew-through buttons and shank buttons. But the variations on these two types are endless.

Miss Lee: Oh, really!

Lily: You are holding the sew-through buttons. Sew-through buttons are usually flat, with two or four holes.

Miss Lee: I see! These must be shank buttons, right?

Lily: Right!
A shank raises the button from the garment surface, allowing space for the layers of fabric to fit smoothly when it is buttoned.

Miss Lee
Right, they are beautiful too.
Look, they vary in sizes. Some are bigger and others are smaller.
對，它們也很漂亮。
看，它們有不同的呎吋。有些比較大而其它是比較細小。

Lily
Yes, button sizes are measured in inches or centimeters.
是，鈕扣的呎吋是用英吋或公分量度。

There are four different types of machine-made buttonholes. Look, this is the built-in type.
這裡有四種不同的機制鈕門。看，這是內藏式。

Lily
They are made with a combination of zigzag stitching and bar tacks.
它們把曲折線步和打套結相結合。

This is the overedge type. These buttonholes are stitched with a narrow zigzag, cut open and then stitched a second time.
這是包縫式。這些鈕門是縫於窄曲折線，剪開然後再縫第二次。

These are the one-step buttonholes. They can be stitched with a standard width zigzag, or a narrow zigzag for lightweight fabrics.
這些是一步鈕門。它們以標準闊度曲折線，或窄曲線縫於薄布料。
These are the universal attachment buttonholes. They are made with an attachment that will fit any machine, including a straight-stitch machine.

Miss Lee  
Wow! I see.

Lily  
Besides the buttons, there are some more closures. Look, these are hooks and eyes.

They have either straight or round eyes.

Lily  
Oh, you are talking about the heavy-duty hooks and eyes. They are usually larger and plainer.

Miss Lee  
I found some of them are used for coats and jackets too.

Lily  
Let's look at these!

直線步機。它們適用於任何縫紉機的縫製，包括直線步機。

這些是通用式鈕閂。它們適用於任何縫紉機的縫製。它們適用於任何縫紉機的縫製，包括直線步機。

喇！我明了。

除了鈕扣之外，還有更多扣鍊。看，這些是鈕眼扣。

它們分為直眼扣和圓眼扣。

圓眼扣是用於兩條布邊接處，例如位於中間拉鍊上部的領口。

我發現有些也用於大衣和外套。

噢，你說的是一些大的鈕眼扣。它們通常是較大和較簡單。

對！

讓我們看看這些！
Miss Lee  I know about these zippers. They are different in length. 
我知道這些是拉鍊。它們的長度不同。

Lily  Exactly! Do you know the different ways zippers can be inserted? 
正確！你知道哪幾種車拉鍊的方法？

Miss Lee  Sorry, I have no idea. 
對不起，我不知道。

Lily  This is blindstitching by machine. It is invisible and looks very beautiful. 
這是機車的暗針步。它是隱形的及看起來很美觀。

Miss Lee  These are snaps. There are different types of snaps here. 
這些是按扣。這裡有不同款式的按扣。

Lily  Oh yes, they are regular sew-on snaps, gripper-tape snaps, and snap tape. 
是呀，它們是普通縫合按扣，鉤扣帶按扣和按扣帶。

Miss Lee  Really? 
真的？

Lily  These are sew-on snaps. They consist of a ball and a socket. They are suitable for areas where there is little strain, such as at the neckline or waistline. 
這些是縫合按扣。它們由凸球和凹窩組成。它們適用於拉力小的位置，例如在領口或腰帶。

These are the gripper-type snaps. They have more holding power and are used for heavy-weight fabric. 
這些是鉤扣式按扣。它們拉力較強並用於厚布料。
This is a snap tape. It consists of snaps attached to a piece of tape.
這是按扣帶。它由按扣裝置在帶子上所組成。

Snap tapes are used in sportswear and infants' pants.
I think that's all we have in the sample stock right now.
按扣帶是用於運動衫和嬰兒褲。
我相信這是我們所有現存貨倉的樣板。

Miss Lee
Wow, we have a lot! But it is hard to remember all types of closures!
嘩，我們有很多！但是很難記住所有的扣鎖！

Lily
Take some time! When you go to the accessories stores,
I'm sure you can learn something from there, also.
不用急！當你到附件店時，我肯定你會從中學到東西。

Hostess
Right! Let's review the vocabulary. I'm also sure you can learn something from here, too.
對！讓我們復習詞彙。我亦肯定你能從中學到東西。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are sew-through buttons.
這些是有眼鈕扣。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are shank buttons.
這些是有腳鈕扣。

What are these?
這些是什麼？
These are built-in buttonholes.
這些是內藏鈕門。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are overedge buttonholes.
這些是包縫鈕門。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are straight eyes.
這些是直眼扣。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are round eyes.
這些是圓眼扣。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are zippers.
這些是拉鍊。

What are these?
這些是什麼？

These are sew-on snaps.
這些是縫合按扣。

Excellent! Please try to remember everything in this lesson.
I hope you enjoyed watching this program. Goodbye!
好極了！請試試記住這課所學的內容。
我希望你喜歡這節目。再會！
TV Test 8 (Episode 8)

I. True or false? 50% (10 points each)

____ 1. Closures not only can be functional but also decorative.
____ 2. Buttons must have the same weight as fabrics because heavy buttons will distort lightweight fabrics.
____ 3. It is unnecessary to get buttons which are cared for in the same way as the garment, either washable or dry cleanable.
____ 4. Hooks and eyes are only used where garment edges overlap.
____ 5. Snap tapes are mostly used in sportswear and infants' pants.

II. Name the following closures: 50% (5 points each)

1. ________
2. ________
3. ________
4. ________
5. ________
6. ________
7. ________
8. ________
9. ________
10. ________
Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. Today, we'll look at men's clothing.

Now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

Sample sale
樣板大減價

Suit
西裝

Double-breasted jacket
雙錄外套

Sport coat
短外套

T-shirt
T恤

Short-sleeve shirt
短袖襯衫

Vest
背心

Jeans
牛仔褲
Boxers
男內褲

Let's repeat the vocabulary.
(refer to the above vocabulary)
讓我們復習詞彙。
（請參閱以上詞彙）

This is the vocabulary for today. Lily and Alice are about to go to a sample sale.
Let's see what they will get!
這是今天的詞彙。莉莉和雅麗斯將去看樣板大減價。
讓我們看看她們將買什麼！

Alice Hi! Lily. How're you doing?
嗨！莉莉。你好嗎？

Lily Hi, Alice! I'm fine.
Do you have anything to do now?
嗨，雅麗斯！我很好。
你現在有事情做嗎？

Alice Nothing particular.
沒什麼特別的事。

Lily I know there is a sample sale nearby. Many kinds of garments are on sale. Do you want to come with me?
我知道附近有個樣板大減價。有很多種衣服會減價。
你想跟我一起去嗎？

Alice Sure! I like shopping.
What do you want to buy?
當然想啦！我喜歡購物。
那你想買什麼？
Lily I don't know yet. 
But if the garment is nice and the price is reasonable, I probably will buy something.
我還不知道。
但如果衣服好和價錢合理，我可能會買。

Alice Okay! Let's go now.
好！那我們現在就去。

Salesman Hello! May I help you?
你們好！我可以為你們效勞嗎？

Alice We came here for the sample sale.
我們是為樣板大減價而來的。

Salesman Oh, yes.
These are men's and women's clothing.
They are on sale now.
是的。
這些是男女服裝。
現在都有減價。

Alice That's great.
Could we try on the garments?
太好了。
我們可以試穿嗎？

Salesman Sorry. I'm afraid not. We don't have a fitting-room.
對不起。恐怕不行。我們沒有試衣室。

Lily That's alright. We can help ourselves. Thank you!
那就算了。我們可招呼自己的了。多謝！

Salesman Enjoy yourselves!
請自便！
Alice: Look at this suit! A very fine cutting. The price is reasonable. I may take it for my brother.

Lily: Yes. This is a very nice jacket. It can match all kinds of shirts and ties.

Alice: Really? It is very business-like. Suits are always neat and have less variation.

Lily: This design is different. It is double-breasted.

Alice: It looks stiff and more like a uniform. I prefer a sport coat. Well, its fabric, color and cutting just make you feel casual.

Lily: I agree. A sport coat is mainly for informal occasions.

Alice: Yes. You can wear a shirt, a polo shirt or a T-shirt under it. And it still looks nice.

Lily: I think this is good for all seasons. A shirt is my favorite garment for a man.
Alice: How about for a woman?
女人穿又怎樣？

Lily: That should be judged by men!
那要由男人來評定！

Alice: Okay, I decided to take this for my father.
好吧，我決定買這件襯衫給我父親。

Lily: This is very nice.
Try this one on.
這件很好。
試穿這件。

Alice: No. Thank you. I don't really like a man wearing a short-sleeve shirt.
不用了。謝謝。我不太喜歡男人穿短袖襯衫。

Lily: How come?
為什麼？

Alice: I don't know. I think they look a little bit old fashioned.
我不知道。我想它們看起來有點過時。

Lily: Well! Maybe you are right.
好！也許你說得對。

Alice: Let's look at this vest.
This is a very delicate garment.
看看這背心。
這是件很精緻的衣服。

Lily: It can be worn under a jacket or on top of a shirt.
這可穿在外套的裡面或套在襯衫外面。

Alice: Yes. It can be casual wear as well as formal wear.
對。它可作便服和正式場合的服裝。
People dress up with jeans sometimes. It has become very fashionable.

Alice Jeans match almost all sorts of garments.

Lily Jeans are suitable for people of different ages too; no matter who you are, a six-year-old girl or an eighty-year-old man.

Alice I wear jeans most of the time too.

Lily For whom?

Alice For my father.

Lily I see. But they may not have any undershirts and underpants here.

Look! Here are some boxers. Do you want them?
Alice  Wait a second! This pair may be too fancy. I think he only likes the plain and ordinary type.
等一等！這條可能太花巧了。我想他只喜歡樸素和普通的款式。

Lily  Who cares? No one will see it.
誰管得著？沒有人會看到。

Alice  Maybe you are right!
也許你是對的！

Hostess  Thanks Lily and Alice. In fact, this is only a small sample of men's clothing.
Okay! Let's review the vocabulary now.
謝謝莉莉和雅麗斯。其實這只是男裝的一小部份樣板。
好！現在讓我們復習詞彙。

What is this?
這是什麼？

A sample sale
一個樣板大減價

What is this?
這是什麼？

A suit
一套西裝

What is this?
這是什麼？

A double-breasted jacket
一件雙襟外套

What is this?
這是什麼？
A sport coat
一件短外套

What is this?
這是什麼？

A T-shirt
一件 T 恤

What is this?
這是什麼？

A short-sleeve shirt
一件短袖襯衫

What is this?
這是什麼？

A vest
一件背心

What is this?
這是什麼？

A pair of jeans
一條牛仔褲

What is this?
這是什麼？

A pair of boxers
一條男裝內褲
Perfect! Please bear all you have learned in mind.
In the next episode, we'll learn about women's clothing together.
Thank you for watching. See you next time.
好極了！請牢記所學過的內容。
在下一集，我們將一起學習女性服裝。
多謝收看。下次再見。
I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)

1. John should wear ____________ to his job interview for the position of a manager.
   a. a T-shirt       b. a suit       c. a pair of jeans

2. People usually wear ____________ when they go for a picnic.
   a. suits           b. jeans        c. double-breasted jackets

3. Boys like to wear ____________ in summer.
   a. T-shirts        b. sportcoats   c. long-sleeved shirts.

4. Suits are always neat and have ____________ variation.
   a. no             b. more          c. less

5. Tom wants to buy a pair of jeans in a department store. Where can he try it on?
   a. in a rest room  b. in a show room  c. in a fitting room
II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1. T-shirt
2. Button-down shirt
3. Suit
4. Vest
5. Jeans
Episode 10. Women's clothing

第十集 女性服装

Hostess

Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. In the last episode, we learned about men's clothing. Today, we'll look at women's clothing. Now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

晩安！我是麗塔·希金斯。多謝收看在職英文班節目。這個節目是由華埠人力中心提供。

在上一集，我們學了有關男性服裝。今天我們將看女性服裝。

首先，讓我們由詞彙開始。

Suit

套裝

Blouse

女襯衫

Skirt

半腰裙

Dress

連衣裙

Evening dress

晚禮服

Blazer

薄外套

Jumpsuit

跳躍套裝
Slip
長襬裙

Gown
睡袍

Let's repeat the vocabulary.
(refer to the above vocabulary)
讓我們重複詞彙
（參閱以上詞彙）

Lily
Look! Here are some boxers. Do you want them?
看！這裡有些男士內褲。你想要它們嗎？

Alice
Wait a second! This pair may be too fancy. I think he only likes the plain and ordinary type.
等一等！這條可能太花巧了。我想他只喜歡樸素和普通的款式。

Lily
Who cares? No one will see it.
誰管得著？沒有人會看到。

Alice
Maybe you are right!
也許你是對的！

Lily
And they are not expensive at all.
況且它們並不貴。

Alice
Alright! I'll buy them.
好的！我會買它們。

Lily
This is a very nice suit. It has a long sleeved jacket, a blouse and a skirt.
這是套十分好的套裝。它有一件長袖短外套，一件女襯衫
和一條半腰裙。
Alice: Oh, it is very unique. What kind of fabric is this blouse made of? It's so soft.

Lily: I think it's made of silk. Usually, blouses are made of lightweight fabrics.

Alice: How about this A-line skirt?

Lily: Oh, I like this A-line skirt. It looks so pretty.

Alice: Anyway, this suit fits you well. Why don't you try it on?

Lily: Well, I will try it on the day I become an executive.

Alice: Or a garment shop owner, right?

Lily: Definitely!

Alice: Then I will buy you an evening dress like this, for formal occasions in the evening.

Lily: Thank you! How is it?
Alice: It looks so elegant!
它看來很優雅！

Lily: So you owe me two outfits, okay?
那麼你欠我兩套衣服了，對嗎？

Alice: No problem.
沒問題。

Lily: Alice, what do you think of this blazer?
雅麗斯，你覺得這件薄外套如何？

Alice: It is really nice. I like it because it's soft and loose-fitting.
它真好。我喜歡它因爲它柔軟而且鬆身。

Lily: So do I. If I can get a pair of slacks to go with it, it will look very stylish.
我也是。如果我能買到一條寬鬆便褲來配稱，它就必定會很時髦。

Alice: You can buy this blazer first, then try to get a pair of slacks in another boutique.
你可以先買這件薄外套，然後試在其他時裝店買條寬鬆便褲。

Lily: That's what I am thinking.
This may fit you too.
那正是我所想。
這可能也適合你。

Alice: I don't really like to wear jackets.
I like to wear dresses.
我並不是很喜歡穿短外套。
我喜歡穿連衣裙。

Lily: How about the dress and the jumpsuit?
這連衣裙和跳躍套裝又如何？
Alice: This dress is nice, but it is a bit too short.
Alice: 這連衣裙是很好，只是短了一點。

Lily: How about this jumpsuit?
Lily: 這跳躍套裝又如何？

Alice: Oh, I love it! This is wonderful for leisure time.
Alice: 噢，我喜歡它！這最適合休閒時穿。
Alice: How does it fit me?
Alice: 它適合我嗎？

Lily: Perfectly!
Lily: 很完美！

Alice: Oh really! Don't you think this material is too flowery?
Alice: 噢真的嗎！你是否認為這布料太花了？

Lily: No, because it is from a summer collection.
Lily: 不，因爲它是夏季系列。

Alice: I think it's cut a little too low. Would it be too revealing?
Alice: 我想這個位置開得低了點。會不會太暴露？

Lily: No, it will be fine if you wear a matching slip underneath.
Lily: 不，如果你穿件配稱的長襯裙就會好。
Lily: How about this set of bra and panties?
Lily: 這套胸罩和內褲怎麼樣？

Alice: I don't really like this kind of shape and style.
Alice: 我並不太喜歡這種形狀和款式。

Lily: That's okay! I know that's very personal.
Lily: 那沒問題！我知道那是屬於私人愛好。

Alice: Maybe I'll try this slip on.
Alice: 或許我會試穿這條長襯裙。
Lily  This is beautiful.
它很美麗。

Alice  This half slip is good, too. How about the color?
這半腰裙裙也不錯。顏色如何？

Lily  It does match the jumpsuit.
Wait! A jumpsuit is a one-piece suit combining shirt and pants. How can you wear a slip underneath?
這確能與跳躍套裝的顏色配稱。
等一等！跳躍套裝是一件襯衫與褲子的連身套裝。你怎能
穿件裙裙呢？

Alice  Ah... That's a problem.
Maybe I need to get a pair of pantyhose or stockings.
呀…那確是個問題。
或許我要買一雙絲襪或長襪。

Lily  If you really like this jumpsuit, you'd better buy it now.
Otherwise, it may be sold out very soon.
如果你真的喜歡這跳躍套裝，你最好現在就買。否則，它
可能很快便賣完。

Alice  Yes, that's also a problem.
Maybe you are right again.
I think this gown will fit my sister.
是，那也是個問題。
或許你又對了。
我想這睡袍會適合我妹妹。

Lily  I'm sure your sister will like it.
我肯定你妹妹會喜歡它的。

Alice  I want to get a white gown for her because white is her favorite color.
我想選件白色睡袍給她因爲白色是她最喜歡的顏色。
Lily: And it's very popular this summer.

Hostess: Lily and Alice really seem to enjoy the shopping. Next time when you go shopping, can you remember all the vocabulary for women's clothing? Let's review it now.

What is this?

A suit
一套套裝

What is this?

A blouse
一件女襯衫

What is this?

A skirt
一條半腰裙

What is this?

A dress
一條連衣裙

What is this?
An evening dress
一件晚禮服

What is this?
這是什麼？

A blazer
一件薄外套

What is this?
這是什麼？

A jumpsuit
一件跳躍套裝

What is this?
這是什麼？

A slip
一條長襪裙

What is this?
這是什麼？

A gown
一件睡袍

Excellent! It's very easy, isn't it?
Okay, I'll see you in the next episode. Thank you for watching. Goodbye.
非常好！它是十分容易，是不是？
好了，我將在下一集再與大家見面。多謝收看。再見。
TV Lessons - Test 10 (Episode 10)

I. Multiple choice 50% (10 points each)

1. Alice said she would buy Lily ____________ for her formal occasions in the evening.
   a. a jumpsuit  b. a gown  c. an evening dress

2. Lily said, "I'll try ____________ on when I become an executive".
   a. the dress  b. the suit  c. the blazer

3. Jumpsuits are wonderful for ____________
   a. leisure time  b. working time  c. sleeping time

4. Blouses are usually made of ____________ fabrics.
   a. heavyweight  b. mediumweight  c. lightweight

5. Alice tried to get another dress of a bigger size because this one was too ____________
   a. loose  b. tight  c. long
II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5.
Hostess: Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. We have seen men's and women's clothing in the last two episodes. Today I will show you seasonal clothing. Now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

Bathing suit
游泳衣

Swimming trunks
游泳褲

Shorts
短褲

Tank top
圓領背心

Sweat shirt
運動衫

Sweat pants
運動褲

Trench coat
乾濕褛
Coat
長樓

Parka
有帽外衣

Crewneck sweater
圓領冷衫

V-neck sweater
V 領冷衫

Turtleneck sweater
樽領冷衫

Cardigan
開胸前套

Scarf
圍巾

Gloves
手套

Let's repeat the vocabulary.
(refer to P.91-P.92)
讓我們重複詞匯。
（請翻閱第九十四至第九十五頁）

Now, Lily and Jannie are going to shop for seasonal clothing. Let's see what they will pick up.
現在，莉莉和珍妮準備去買季節性服裝。
讓我們看看她們會買什麼。

Jannie
Hi, Lily. It is good that you called me to go shopping. I haven't shopped for quite a while. Let's go now.
嗨，莉莉。你叫我出來購物真好。我很久沒有購物了。讓我們現在就去。
Lily  Okay. My friend told me there is a sample sale in this show room. Hopefully, we can get some real good bargains today.

Receptionist  Hello! May I help you?

Lily  We came here for the sample sale.

Receptionist  Good! These are the samples that are on sale. Take your time. And please let me know when you are ready to pay.

Lily & Jannie  Thank you!

Jannie  Yes, it's pretty. Let's buy it.

Lily  But summer is almost over.

Jannie  Come on! There are plenty of swimming pools in New York. You don't have to worry about that.

Lily  Yes, but I really enjoy sunbathing on the beach.
Jannie  Well, then you should wait until next summer. And you should get a bikini. It'll be more revealing. 好的，那麼你應該等到明年夏天。同時你應買一件比堅尼泳裝。它將會使你更暴露。

Lily  It's just like a bra and a pair of panties. I would feel embarrassed to wear it. 它只像個胸罩和內褲。我穿了會感到尷尬。

Jannie  Don't be so conservative. 不要太保守吧。

Jannie  How about this halter? 這露背裝怎麼樣？

Lily  That's cool. 真涼快。

Jannie  Is it too revealing? 它是否太暴露？

Lily  Well, this halter is okay for me. But it may be a bit too revealing for you. 呀，這露背裝對我來說還可以。但它對你來說可能有點兒太暴露了。

Jannie  Do you mean I'm chubby? 你是說我太胖了？

Lily  I didn't say that. I'm sorry. Don't get mad! I'll buy you a tank top. 我可沒那麼說。對不起。不要生氣！我會買件圓領背心給你。這件適合你。
Jannie  Okay!
This tank top is very loose-fitting.
Lily, you told me you plan to go jogging when the weather gets cool.
好的！
這圓領背心很鬆身。
莉莉，你曾告訴我當天氣轉涼時你計劃去跑步。

Lily  Oh, yes, would you like to join me?
噢，是的，你願意跟我一起去嗎？

Jannie  I'd love to. But I have to get a sweat shirt and sweat pants first.
How is this?
我願意。但是我首先要買一件運動衫和一條運動褲。
這套怎麼樣？

Lily  Let me take a look.
These cotton sweats are worn especially by athletes before and after they exercise.
讓我看一看。
運動員在運動前後都穿這些棉質運動裝。

Jannie  Then should I buy them now?
那我現在是否應買它們呢？

Lily  Don't worry. I know a shop that sells nice sportswear with lower prices than these.
不用擔心。我知道有間店鋪賣的運動裝比這些更便宜。

Jannie  Do you want to get some new coats for this winter?
你想買些新褸過冬天嗎？
Lily: Yes, I want to get a water-proof coat. In case there is a snow storm, I can still keep warm with my water-proof coat.

Jannie: Here is a trench coat and a parka. Both of them are water-proof. Which do you prefer?

Lily: This trench coat looks very fashionable. I like the style. This parka will keep me warmer, but it's not very fashionable.

Jannie: It depends on what you need. They are worn on different occasions. You can't wear this trench coat to ski.

Lily: I don't know how to ski and I don't go to parties very often.

Jannie: Oh, what an old-fashioned girl you are!

Lily: Come on. It's only a matter of a pastime.

Jannie: I'm just joking. If I were you, I would buy this trench coat, and get a sweater.
Lily You mean I can wear a sweater under the trench coat? 你意思是我可穿件冷衫在乾濕穠內？

Jannie Right. I'll be your fashion consultant. Here we have a V-neck sweater, a turtleneck sweater and a cardigan. I think this turtleneck sweater will be fine. 正確。讓我做你的服裝顧問吧。這裡有 V 領冷衫，樽領冷衫和開胸外套。我認爲這件樽領冷衫很好。

Lily It looks good! How about this V-neck sweater? 它看來很好！這 V 領冷衫怎麼樣？

Jannie This is pretty nice. If you get a scarf or shawl, it will be perfect. Try this scarf on. 這也不錯。如果你配上圍巾或披肩，它就更完美了。試戴這條圍巾。

Lily I like it. I喜歡它。

Jannie Try this shawl on too. 也試戴這條披肩。

Lily I like it too. But doesn't it look a little puffy? 我也喜歡。但看來有點臃腫，是嗎？

Jannie A little bit. Forget it then. 有一點。算了吧。

Lily Thanks, consultant. Do you want to get more outfits? I think I've had enough. 謝謝，顧問。你還想要別的服裝嗎？我想我買夠了。
Jannie  Oh, me too. Let's pay for the clothes.
噢，我也是。現在讓我們去付錢。

Hostess  These are only a few types of seasonal clothing. If you pay close attention when you are shopping, you will learn more. Let's review it now.
這只是幾種季節性服裝。當你去購物時如果你留心點，你會學到更好。現在讓我們來復習。

What is this?
這是什麼？

A bathing suit
一件游泳衣

What is this?
這是什麼？

A pair of swimming trunks
一條游泳褲

What is this?
這是什麼？

A pair of shorts
一條短褲

What is this?
這是什麼？

A tank top
一件圓領背心

What is this?
這是什麼？
A pair of sweat pants
一條運動褲

What is this?
這是什麼？

A trench coat
一件乾濕褸

What is this?
這是什麼？

A coat
一件外褸

What is this?
這是什麼？

A parka
一件有帽外衣

What is this?
這是什麼？

A crewneck sweater
一件圓領冷杉

What is this?
這是什麼？

A turtleneck sweater
一件樽領冷杉

What is this?
這是什麼？
A cardigan
一件開胸外套

What is this?
這是什麼？

A scarf
一條圍巾

What is this?
這是什麼？

A pair of gloves
一對手套

Great! You've learned a lot. I will see you in the next episode. Thank you for being with us. Goodbye.
很好！你已學了很多。我將在下一集與大家見面。多謝收看。再見。
TV Lessons - Test 11 (Episode 11)

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)

1. Last summer when I went to swim on the beach with my family, my husband forgot to bring his _____________.
   a. bikini   b. bathing suit   c. swimming trunks

2. Jannie wants to buy a set of ________________________________ because she plans to go jogging when the weather gets cool.
   a. sweater and jeans   b. sweat shirt and sweat pants   c. trench coat and pants

3. Lily wants to get ________________ for the winter in case there is a snow storm.
   a. a tank top   b. a water-proof coat   c. a pair of shorts

4. In winter, kids should wear ________________ to play outdoors.
   a. parkas   b. shorts   c. T-shirts

5. In summer a lot of girls like to wear ________________.
   a. coats   b. gloves   c. tank tops
II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1  2  3
4  5
Hostess: Good evening! This is Rita Higgins. Thanks for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. Today, I'll introduce the different parts of a garment to you. Now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

Wide Notched Collar
西裝領

Shirt Collar
襯衫領

Wing Collar
燕子領

Shawl Collar
圍巾領

Jewel Neck
圓領

Long Sleeve
長袖

Short Sleeve
短袖

Sleeveless
無袖
Raglan Sleeve
連肩袖

French Cuff
雙袖口

Front Dart
前褶

Waistband
裙帶，褲帶

Belt Loop
皮帶環

Patch Pocket
貼袋

Side Pocket
側袋

Welt Pocket
單唇袋

Flap Pocket
有蓋口袋

Fly-front Zipper
遮掩式拉鍊

Let's repeat the vocabulary. Refer to the above vocabulary.
讓我們重讀詞彙。（參閱以上詞彙）

Now, it's time for Lily to go to class.
現在，該是莉莉去上課的時候了。

Gary
Hi, Lily. What happened to you? Our class has just finished.
嗨，莉莉。你發生了什麼事？我們的課剛剛上完。

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Lily: I'm sorry to have missed your class. I worked overtime today.

Gary: I see. Do you have time now? I can brief you on what we have just covered in class.

Lily: That will be excellent! I appreciate it.

Gary: Today, we talked about the different parts of a garment. Lily, come closer!

Lily: Okay. Let's start with this lady.

Gary: This is a double-breasted jacket.

Lily: This is a wide notched collar.

Gary: This is a long sleeve.

Lily: These are front darts.

Gary: This is a double welt pocket.
Gary  Are you following me?
    Good.
    Do you know what this is, Lily?
    你跟得上我說的內容嗎？
    好。
    你知道這是什麼嗎，莉莉？

Lily  I think this is a short-sleeved blouse.
    這想這是短袖女襯衫。

Gary  Yes.
    And this is a short sleeve.
    This is a shoulder pad.
    Do you know what kind of collar this is, Lily?
    是的。
    而這是短袖。
    這是墊肩。
    你知道這是哪種領嗎，莉莉？

Lily  It's a notched collar, I guess.
    它是翻領，我猜。

Gary  No, it's a wing collar.
    Okay, come this way.
    不，它是燕子領。
    好的，到這裡來。

Lily  I love this vest.
    This is a lined vest.
    我喜愛這件背心。
    這是件有裡的背心。

Gary  O.K. Let's look at the blouse.
    This is a nice blouse, isn't it?
    好。讓我們看這件女襯衫。
    這是件漂亮的女襯衫，不是嗎？
Lily    Yes, I like the cuff.
是，我喜歡它的袖口。

Gary    Oh, this is a French cuff.
噢，這是雙袖口。

Lily    The cuffs perfectly match the collar.
這種袖口與領很配稱。

Gary    You have a good eye for clothes.
你對服裝真有眼光。

Lily    This is a shawl collar.
這是圍巾領。

Gary    Do you see the pleats on the long skirt?
This is a waistband.
你看見半腰裙上的活褶嗎？
這是裙帶。

Lily    Have you got it?
There is no collar on this blouse.
你明白了嗎？
這女襯衫沒有領。

Gary    You are right!
And then what is this?
你說得對！
那麼這是什麼？

Lily    ...I think this is a patch pocket.
...我想這是貼袋。
Gary
Excellent!
Okay! This is a side pocket.
非常好！
好！這是側袋。

And this is a fly-front zipper.
而這是遮掩式拉鍊。

This is a belt loop.
這是皮帶環。

You can see the darts here too.
你也可看見這裡的死褶。

This is a suit.
Can you tell me what type of collar this is?
這是西裝。
你能告訴我這是什麼領子嗎？

Lily
...Is this a notched collar?
...這是不是翻領？

Gary
Yes, it's also called a lapel collar.
是，它也可稱為西裝領。

This is a welt pocket.
這是單唇袋。

This is a flap pocket.
這是有蓋口袋。

Lily
Is this a slant pocket?
這是斜袋嗎？

Gary
Yes. Do you have any questions?
對了。你有沒有其他問題？
TV Lessons - Test 12 (Episode 12)

I. Fill in the blanks with the following parts of a garment: 50% (10 points each)
   a. notched collar  
   b. front darts  
   c. French cuff  
   d. waistband  
   e. fly-front zipper

1. A ________________ is a double cuff. It turns back and is usually fastened with a cuff link.

2. Lily found that the ________________ of her pants was a bit too tight because she had gained weight.

3. A ________________ of a suit is also called a lapel collar.

4. The ________________ of a dress are used to shape the flat fabric to fit the waist.

5. The section operator is sewing a ________________ onto a pair of jeans.

II. Name the following parts of a garment: 50% (10 points each)

1. ________________  
2. ________________  
3. ________________  
4. ________________  
5. ________________
Hostess

Good evening! I'm Rita Higgins.
Thank you for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. Today, I'll share the basic measurement and size with you. Now, let's start with vocabulary first.

晚安！我是麗塔・希金斯。
多謝收看在職英文班節目。這節目是由華埠人力中心所提供。今天，我將給大家介紹基本度量與呎吋。現在，讓我們先由詞彙開始。

Tape measurement
軟尺

Full bust
全胸圍

High bust
上胸圍

Waist line
腰圍

Back waist length
背寬長度

Hips
臀圍

Height
身高

Shoulder
肩寬
Neck
頸圍

Sleeve underarm
下臂長

Sleeve length
袖長

Cuff
袖口

Rise
開裆處

Inseam
股下線

Outseam
褲長

Let's repeat it.
(refer to P. 115.-P.116)
讓我們重讀詞彙。
( 請參閱第一百五十六頁)

Good! Now it's time for Lily's class. Let's watch it.
好！現在是莉莉上課的時間。讓我們看看。

Gary   Do you know why other students have not come yet?
       They're fifteen minutes late.
       你們知道為什麼其他學生還沒到嗎？他們已經遲了15分鐘。

Lily    I have no idea.
        我不知道。
Jannie I think they must be working overtime, because we have been very busy these few weeks.

Gary Oh, I see. But I've got to start now. Today I'm going to introduce to you the basis of measurement and size.

Do you know what this is called in English?

This is a tape measure.

Jannie. Can you tell me how many inches there are in a foot?

Jannie There are 12 inches in a foot.

Gary And how many feet is a yard equal to?

Jannie I think 3 feet is equal to a yard.

Gary Alright!

Some rulers are marked every quarter inch while most are marked every sixteenth inch.
Here are some measurements. Lily, will you read these?
這裡有些度量呎吋。莉莉，你能讀一讀這些呎吋嗎？

Lily
Okay, let me try. This is three quarter inch.
That is five eighth inch.
好讓我試試。這是3/4吋。
那是5/8吋。

Gary
Very good! And this...
非常好！而這...

Lily
It's four feet seven sixteenth inches.
這是4呎7/16吋。

Gary
Alright! Thank you, Lily.
Now I'll show you how to take body measurements.
Jannie, would you please help me to mark down the
measurements on this sheet of paper?
好！謝謝，莉莉。
現在我將給你們示範怎樣量身。珍妮，你能幫我把度量記
在這張紙上嗎？

You know, accurate measurements are the starting
point in selecting your correct pattern type and size.
你知道，準確的度量是你選擇合適的款式和正確的呎吋的
起點。

Lily
How can we take accurate measurements?
我們怎樣才能做到準確的度量呢？

Gary
When taking measurements, make sure the tape
measure is held straight and snug, but not tight, against the body.
當度量時，要確定軟尺拿得直和貼著身體，但不要貼得很緊。

Lily
What are the standard places for body measurements
then?
那麼基本的量身部份是什麼呢？
They are: chest, bust, waist, hips and back waist length. For chest measurement, place the tape measure under the arms, across the widest part of the back and above the fullest part of the bustline.

What's the difference between chest and bust?

For bust measurement, place the tape measure under the arms, across the widest part of the back and around the fullest part of the bustline. So, bust is also called full bust while chest is called high bust. Have you got it?

Yes, I've got it. This is chest or high bust and this is bust or full bust. Right?

Perfect!

Now, let me show you the waist. Tie a piece of string or elastic around your middle and allow it to roll to your natural waistline. Measure at this exact location with a tape measure. Here we go. The waist is 29 inches.

Now, let me show you the waist. Tie a piece of string or elastic around your middle and allow it to roll to your natural waistline. Measure at this exact location with a tape measure. Here we go. The waist is 29 inches.
Lily: Oh, I see. Waist is at the natural waistline. May I try to measure my waist?

Gary: Sure.

Lily: Wow! I've gained weight. My waist is one inch larger. No wonder my waistband seems a little bit tighter. I think I've got to start keeping on a diet.

Gary: Oh, come on, Lily. Don't worry about that one inch. It doesn't make any difference for your figure.

Lily: Jannie, did you mark down the measurements?

Jannie: Yes, I did.

Gary: The next place is hips. Measure around the fullest part. This is usually 7" to 9" below the waistline, depending on your height.

Now, let's look at the back waist length. Measure from the middle of the most prominent bone at the base of the neck down to the waistline string. It's 17 inches.

Jannie, did you mark down the measurements?
Now, I'll measure shoulder, neck, sleeve underarm, sleeve muscle and cuff. Lily, would you please come up to me?

Lily: Yes.

Gary: Jannie, would you please mark down the measurements?

Jannie: No problem.

Gary: Shoulder is 5 inches.

Jannie: Neck is 13 inches.

Gary: Sleeve underarm is 14 inches, sleeve muscle is 10 inches, and cuff is 7 inches.

Well done. Have you got any question?

Lily: I found the size of this mannequin a bit larger than the Chinese people's size. Is it the average size of the United States?

I found the size of this mannequin a bit larger than the Chinese people's size. Is it the average size of the United States?
Gary: Exactly! The United States sizes are usually larger than Asian sizes. This chart indicates the common sizes of female garments in the United States.

For example, size 36 in the States, the measurement of the bust is 40 inches, the waist is 31\(\frac{1}{2}\) inches, the hips is 42 inches, the length of back, nape to center waist is 17\(\frac{3}{4}\) inches and the length of front collar seam to center waist is 16\(\frac{1}{4}\) inches.

And here are the half sizes, too.

Is that clear?

Lily: Yes.

Gary: Very good! Now, I want Jannie to measure the size of the mannequin, and Lily to mark down the measurement on the sheet. Okay?

Lily & Jannie: Okay.
Let's review what we have learned today.
讓我們復習今天所學的內容。

What is this?
這是什麼？

Full bust
全胸圍

What is this?
這是什麼？

Waistline
腰圍

What is this?
這是什麼？

Hips
臀圍

What is this?
這是什麼？

Sleeve underarm
下臂長

What is this?
這是什麼？

Cuff
袖口

What is this?
這是什麼？

Rise
開檔處
What is this?
這是什麼？

Outseam
褲長

Excellent! Try to measure your friend's size. That's one way how you can learn it. Thanks for watching!
非常好的！試著替你的朋友量其呎吋。那是你可學到度量呎吋的一種方法。多謝收看！

Goodbye!
再見！
TV Lessons - Test 13 (Episode 13)

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)
1. We take body measurements with a _________.
   A. ruler             B. tape measure           C. string
2. There are 12 inches in a _________.
   A. foot              B. yard                C. mile
3. _________ feet is equal to a yard.
   A. 2                 B. 3                   C. 4
4. Asian sizes are usually _________ the United States sizes.
   A. larger than       B. the same as          C. smaller than
5. In taking body measurements, chest is also called _________.
   A. bust              B. full bust           C. high bust

II. Name the following places for body measurements: 50% (10 points each)
1. _________
2. _________
3. _________
4. _________
5. _________
Lily  No. Thank you very much, Gary!
没有。非常感謝，加理！

Gary  It is my pleasure.
這是我的榮幸。

Hostess  Okay! Let's review what we have learned today.
好了！讓我們複習今天所學的內容。

  What is this?
  這是什麼？

  This is a wide notched collar.
  這是西裝領。

  What is this?
  這是什麼？

  This is a raglan sleeve.
  這是連肩袖。

  What is this?
  這是什麼？

  This is a front dart.
  這是前褶。

  What is this?
  這是什麼？

  This is a side pocket.
  這是側袋。

  What is this?
  這是什麼？
This is a French cuff.
這是雙袖口。

What is this?
這是什麼？

This is a shawl collar.
這是圍巾頸。

What is this?
這是什麼？

This is a jewel neck.
這是圓領。

What is this?
這是什麼？

This is a patch pocket.
這是貼袋。

What is this?
這是什麼？

This is a belt loop.
這是皮帶環。

What is this?
這是什麼？

This is a welt pocket.
這是單脣袋。

Good!
I hope you can name all of them now. Thanks for joining us. Goodbye.
好！
我希望你現在知道它們全部的名稱。多謝收看。再見。
Hostess Good evening! I'm Rita Higgins. Thank you for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. Today, we will learn about fabric materials and care instructions. Now, let's start with the vocabulary first.

A shrunken sweater 縮了水的毛衣

A care instruction label 保養說明標籤

A content label 布質標籤

Natural fiber 天然纖維

Silk 絲

Cotton 棉布

Denim 斜紋布

Wool 羊毛
Let's repeat the vocabulary
(refer to the above vocabulary)
(參閱以上詞彙)

This is the vocabulary for today's episode. In the following section, we will look at Lily's and Jannie's story.
這是今天的詞彙。在以下部份，我們將看到莉莉和珍妮的故事。

Lily
Look! This sweater shrank.
瞧！這件毛衣縮水了。

Jannie
Oh no! This is my new sweater.
How come it shrank so much?
啊不！這是我的新毛衣。它怎麼會縮水縮得這麼利害？

Lily
Did you wash it in hot water?
你是不是用熱水洗的？

Jannie
Yes, but what's wrong with that?
是的，但是有甚麼問題呢？
Lily: This sweater can only be washed in cold water because it is made of cotton.
Jannie: But why didn't this shirt shrink? It's also made of cotton.
Lily: This is a preshrunk fabric. You can wash it in the washing machine with hot water and press it with a hot iron.
Jannie: How about this blouse?
Lily: Well, this fabric is made of 50% cotton and 50% polyester. It should be washed with warm water, tumbled dry and touched up with a cool iron.
Jannie: Does that mean it won't shrink? But how do you know what kind of fabric a garment is made of?
Lily: You can usually tell by experience. All garments should have tags indicating what type of fabric they are made of and how to take care of them.

Wash and dry separately. Machine wash warm.
Do not bleach. Cool tumble dry.
Wash before wearing.

通常你可以憑經驗來辨別。所有服裝應有牌子說明衣服的布料種類及其保養方法。分開洗和烘乾。可用溫水在洗衣機洗。不可漂白。低溫轉動烘乾。穿著前需洗滌。
Jannie: I know that, but not all of the garments have care instructions.

Lily: Right. Why don't we finish folding the clothes and go upstairs?
I'll tell you more about it at home, okay?

Jannie: Good!

Lily: I learned before that all fabrics are made from two kinds of fibers. They are either natural or man-made.

Jannie: It is so light!

Lily: Yes! Silk is a lightweight fabric, and is usually hand washed with cold water or dry cleaned.

Jannie: This is a pair of wool socks, right?
Lily: Yes, this is. Wool and cotton are medium to heavy weight fabrics and they are also natural fibers.

Jannie: I see.

Lily: And what are man-made fibers?

Jannie: Is this slip made of polyester?

Lily: Yes. Can you tell me what kind of fabric this is?

Jannie: This is very light. This should be nylon.

Lily: You are right! Nylon is a man-made fiber which does not wrinkle. Feel this.

Jannie: This is a light weight fabric. But it's softer than cotton and it doesn't wrinkle that much.

Sorry, I don't know what it is.
Lily  This is a polyester-cotton blend. Blends are usually produced by combining natural and man-made fibers. Feel again.
這是聚酯膠和棉的混紡。纖維混紡通常是由天然和人造纖維合成的。再感覺。

Jannie  It adds the easy care of polyester to the comfort of cotton.
它增加了聚酯膠容易保養的性質又有棉布的舒服感。

Lily  Right! It gives us the best qualities of the two different fibers.
對！它給我們提供了這兩種不同纖維所具有的最好特性。

Jannie  I wish I had known more about fabrics before I ruined my sweater.
我希望我洗壞我的毛衣之前就知道更多有關布料的知識。

Lily  Anyway you've learned quite a lot. Now let's go shopping. I'll buy you a new sweater for Christmas.
無論如何，你已了解相當多了。現在，讓我們去購物。我將買一件新毛衣送給你作爲聖誕禮物。

Jannie  Really? Great!
真的？太好了。

Lily  But be sure to read the care instructions before you do the laundry next time.
但是你下次洗衣服前要確實讀一讀保養說明。

Jannie  I will.
我會的。
Hostess: Good! How did you like today's story? I hope you've learned the different types and names of fabric materials, as well as their care instructions. Now, let's see what you remember. Please look at the screen.

好！你覺得今天的故事怎麼樣？我希望你已學到布料的不同種類和名稱以及其保養說明。現在，讓我們看看你能記住什麼內容。請看屏幕。

What is this?
這是什麼？

A shrunken sweater
縮了水的毛衣

what is this?
這是什麼？

A care instruction label
保養說明標籤

what is this?
這是什麼？

A content label
布質標籤

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Silk
絲

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Cotton
棉布
What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Nylon.
尼龍。

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Wool.
羊毛。

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Polyester.
聚酯膠。

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Denim
斜紋布。

What fabric material is this?
這是什麼布料？

Rayon.
人造絲。

Very good! Thank you for joining us. I'll see you in the next episode. Goodbye!
很好！多謝收看我們的節目。下一集再見。再見！
TV Lessons - Test 14 (Episode 14)

I. Match the items in column A with the definitions in column B: 50%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Natural fibers</td>
<td>a. are produced by combining natural and man-made fibers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Man-made fibers</td>
<td>b. means the fabrics have already been shrunk before use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Blends</td>
<td>c. indicates what type of fabric a garment is made of and how to take care of it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Preshrunk fabrics</td>
<td>d. are derived from plants or animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. A care instruction label</td>
<td>e. are produced by chemical processes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)

1. Jannie's new cotton sweater shrank much after she washed it with __________ water.
   A. hot  B. warm  C. cold

2. This is a silk blouse. It is usually hand washed with __________ water or dry cleaned.
   A. hot  B. warm  C. cold

3. Which of the following fabrics is a natural fiber?
   A. nylon  B. rayon  C. wool

4. Which of the following fabrics is a man-made fiber?
   A. polyester  B. silk  C. cotton

5. The dress is made of 50% cotton and 50% polyester. It should be touched up with a cool iron, otherwise it will be burnt.
   "Touch up" means _____________.
   A. stay long  B. lift up fast  C. press slowly
Episode 15. Reading Specification Sheets

Hostess Good evening! I'm Rita Higgins. Thank you for watching our National Workplace Literacy Program. This program is brought to you by Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. Today, we will learn how to read spec sheets. Now, let's start with vocabulary first.

晚安！我是麗塔·希金斯。
多謝收看在職英文班節目。這個節目是由華埠人力中心所提供。今天，我們將學習怎樣閱讀呎吋指示表。現在，讓我
們先由詞彙開始。

Center front
前中心線

Side front
邊前線

Right front
右前線

Left front
左前線

Front facing
前貼邊

Center back
後中心線

Back Neck Facing
背頸部內貼邊

Under collar
內領
Hostess  Top collar
外領

Neck stand
領企

Center front skirt
中前幅裙

Side front skirt
邊前幅裙

Center back skirt
中後幅裙

Tie belt
同布料腰帶

Buckle
腰帶扣

Let's repeat the vocabulary
(refer to the above vocabulary)
讓我們重複詞彙。
（請翻閱以上詞彙）

Jannie will visit a sample hand today. Let's see what she learns about the spec sheet.
珍妮今天將探望一位車樣板技師。讓我們看看她將學到有關呎吋指示表的哪些內容。

Jannie  Hi, Carol. How are you doing?
嗨，卡羅爾。你怎麼樣？

Carol  Hi, Jannie. I'm doing fine.
嗨，珍妮。我很好。
Jannie  I got a day off today.  
Would you like to have lunch with me?  
我今天放假。  
你願意和我一起吃午飯嗎？

Carol  That's great. But I'm busy right now. I just want a sandwich or any kind of fast food.  
好呀。但我現在忙。我只要三文治或任何一種快餐食品。

Jannie  What are you busy with?  
你在忙什麼？

Carol  I am busy reading the spec sheet.  
我正忙著閱讀呎吋指示表。

Jannie  What's it for?  
它有什麼用途？

Carol  It is for the next seasonal collection. Our company has to prepare the samples for the manufacturer by next week.  
它是供下一季節產品用的。我們公司要在下星期前準備好樣板給製造商。

Jannie  Are you the only person to sew the samples?  
只有你一個人車樣板嗎？

Carol  Certainly! I am a samplehand.  
當然是！我是車樣板技師。

Jannie  Why do you need the spec sheet?  
你為什麼需要呎吋指示表？
Carol: A spec sheet is like a menu of a garment. It tells all the
details of the garment. I have to follow all those instruc-
tions to make a sample.

Jannie: Does the designer make the spec sheet?

Carol: No. A patternmaker makes the spec sheet according to the
designer's ideas.

Jannie: That means a patternmaker has to make a spec sheet as
well as a pattern.

Carol: Exactly!

Jannie: What can you learn from the spec sheet?

Carol: First of all, I can find out the design of a garment and the
type of fabric to be used.

There are some more details on it. For example, what types
of buttons, how many buttons or belt loops will be sewn
on the garment.

Basically, different garments have different trimmings.

In the spec sheet, you can learn about the design, type of fabric,
and specific details like button types and quantities.

Jannie: What about other details?

Carol: The spec sheet also includes measurements, material types,
and any additional requirements.

Jannie: That's helpful. Thank you for explaining.
Jannie: I found there are three different sizes on this spec sheet, do you need to make them all?

Carol: No, I only need to make one size. Manufacturers will make all sizes.

Jannie: I know a samplehand in our factory. She told me she had to follow the spec sheet too.

Carol: That's true. But some of the factories only duplicate the showroom samples.

Jannie: Should every samplehand be able to read the spec sheet?

Carol: Yes. I would say this is the basic requirement. Having full sewing techniques should be more important.

Jannie: By the way, could you teach me how to read the spec sheet?

Carol: Do you want to be a samplehand?

Jannie: I don't know. I think it is worthwhile for me to learn.
Carol: Oh, yes. I was a seamstress before I became a samplehand. Each garment pattern comes with a spec sheet. But spec sheets have different formats.

Jannie: I can see there are more descriptions on this one.

Carol: Yes. You're right. Every patternmaker has his or her own way of communication. But there are two things that will never change.

Jannie: I guess, one is the illustrated parts and the other is the written parts.

Carol: Good guess. When I receive a pattern, I will go over all the instructions on the spec sheet carefully.

Jannie: Like the special remarks.

Carol: And the measurements of different items.

Jannie: Why is there no measurement on this table?
Carol: If you look at it carefully, you can find the measurements have been written down instead of having been printed on the table.

如果你小心地看，你能發現度量已寫下來而不是印在圖表上。

Then I will follow all the instructions to make the sample. The most important thing is that you should know the names of different items.

那麼我將按照所有的指示去車樣板。最重要的是你必須知道不同項目的名稱。

Jannie: Can you read them to me?
你能讀給我聽嗎？

Carol: Sure!
當然可以！

Look at this spec sheet. Center front..., side front..., right front..., fac. front..., center back..., side back..., fac. back neck..., under collar..., top collar..., neck stand..., sleeves..., cuffs..., center front skirt..., side front skirt..., side back skirt..., waist band..., pocket..., tie belt..., buckle..., and a sandwich too.

看看這呎吋指示表。前中心線…，邊前線…，右前線…，前貼邊…，後中心線…，連後線…，背頸部內貼邊…，內領…，外領…，領企…，袖…，袖口…，中前幅裙…，邊前幅裙…，邊後幅裙…，腰帶…，袋…，同布料腰帶…，腰帶扣以及一客三文治。

Jannie: A sandwich?
一客三文治？

Carol: Right! I'm hungry.
對！我餓了。
Jannie  Okay! Let's go get one now.  好的！讓我們現在去買吧。

Hostess  Let's review some items.  讓我們復習一些項目。

  How do you read this?  你怎樣讀這個？

  Center Front  前中心線

  How do you read this?  你怎樣讀這個？

  Side front  邊前線

  How do you read this?  你怎樣讀這個？

  Back neck facing  背頸部內貼邊

  How do you read this?  你怎樣讀這個？

  Under collar  內領

  How do you read this?  你怎樣讀這個？

  Neck stand  領企
How do you read this?
你怎樣讀這個？

Center front skirt.
中前幅裙。

How do you read this?
你怎樣讀這個？

Tie belt.
同布料腰帶。

How do you read this?
你怎樣讀這個？

Buckle.
腰帶扣。

Excellent! The more you practice, the more you remember. See you next time. Goodbye.
非常好！你練習越多，你便可記得越多。下次再見。再見。
I. Multiple choice: 50%

1. A spec sheet tells all the details of a _____________.
   A. garment  B. factory  C. manufacturer

2. A ____________ makes the spec sheet.
   A. designer  B. patternmaker  C. samplehand

3. The spec sheet is made according to the ____________ ideas.
   A. designer's  B. patternmaker's  C. Samplehand's

4. A samplemaker has to follow all the instructions on ___________ to make a sample.
   A. an order form  B. a spec sheet  C. a fashion magazine

5. Each garment pattern comes with a spec sheet. But spec sheets have __________ formats.
   A. the same  B. only two  C. different

II. Which five of the following can you find out on a spec sheet? 50%

A. The design of a garment
B. A pattern
C. The type of fabric
D. Sizes
E. A showroom
F. Special remarks
G. Trimmings
H. Seasonal collection
Answer Key to Test 1

I. Matching: Choose the correct answer in Column B to match Column A. (8 points each)


II. Fill in the blanks with proper job titles or job descriptions: (6 points each)

1. A seamstress closes seams/sews the whole garment.
2. A merrow machine operator merrows the pieces so they won't come apart.
3. A forelady supervises workers.
4. A sorter assembles the cut cloth into bundles.
5. A hemmer stitches hems.
6. A trimmer removes loose threads.

Answer Key to Test 2

I. Answer questions with proper job titles: (10 points each)

1. She is a pocket setter.
2. She is a finisher.
3. He is a presser.
4. He is a fuser.
II. Answer questions with proper job descriptions: (10 points each)
1. She sets (company) labels.
2. She sets zippers.
3. She spot-checks the garments.
4. He makes loops.

III. Identify the following pictures: (10 points each)
1. She is a seamstress.
   She is closing seams/She is sewing the whole garment.
2. He is a presser.
   He is pressing/ironing garments.

Answer Key to Test 3

I. Fill in the blanks with proper job titles: 40% (10 points each)
1. designer
2. pattern-maker
3. sample maker
4. cutter

II. True or False? 60% (10 points each)
1. True
2. True
3. False
4. True
5. False
6. False
Answer Key to Test 4

I. Matching: 50% (10 points each)
1. c 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. d

II. Name five parts of a sewing machine: 50% (10 points each)
1. Motor
2. Power stitch
3. Balance wheel
4. Presser foot
5. Stitch size regulator

Answer Key to Test 5

I. Matching: 50% (12.5 points each)
1. c 2. a 3. d 4. b

II. Multiple Choice: 50% (12.5 points each)

Answer Key to Test 6

I. Matching: 40% (10 points each)
1. c 2. d 3. a 4. b

II. True or false? 60% (10 points each)
Answer Key to Test 7

I. Matching: 50% (10 points each)
1. d  2. c  3. e  4. a  5. b

II. Identify pictures: 50% (10 points each)

Answer Key to Test 8

I. True or false? 50% (10 points each)

II. Name the following closures: 50% (5 points each)
1. Sew-through buttons
2. Shank buttons
3. Hooks and eyes
4. Sew-on snaps
5. Gripper-tape snaps
6. Snap tape
7. Zippers
8. Built-in buttonhole
9. One-step buttonhole
10. Universal attachment buttonhole
Answer Key to Test 9

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)
   1. b  2. b  3. a  4. c  5. c

II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)

Answer Key to Test 10

I. Multiple choice 50% (10 points each)
   1. c  2. b  3. a  4. c  5. b

II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)

Answer Key to Test 11

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)
   1. c  2. b  3. b  4. a  5. c

II. Name the following garments: 50% (10 points each)
   5. Turtleneck sweater
Answer Key to Test 12

I. Matching: 50% (10 points each)
1. c  2. d  3. a  4. b  5. e

II. Name the following parts of a garments: 50% (10 points each)
4. Belt loop  5. Flap pocket

Answer Key to Test 13

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)

II. Name the following places for body measurements: 50% (10 points each)
1. High bust  2. Full bust  3. Waistline
4. Back waist length  5. Hips

Answer Key to Test 14

I. Match the items in column A with the definitions in column B: 50%

II. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)
Answer Key to Test 15

I. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)

II. Multiple choice: 50% (10 points each)
   A     C     D     F     G
Glossary

A content label
A care instruction label
A shrunken sweater
Acetate
Adjust tension
Adjust bobbin thread
Back waist length
Back neck facing
Balance wheel
Bathing suit
Belt loop
Bias seam
Blazer
Blouse
Bound seams
Boxers
Broken needle  斷針
Buckle 腰帶扣
Built-in buttonholes 內藏鈕門
Button sewing machine operator 打鈕工人
Cardigan 開胸外套
Center back skirt 中後幅裙
Center back 後中心線
Center front skirt 中前幅裙
Center front 前中心線
Coat 長褸
Cotton 棉布
Crewneck sweater 圓領冷衫
Cuff 袖口
Cutter 裁衣工人（裁床）
Darts 死褶
Denim 斜紋布
Designer 設計師
Double stitched seams 雙線縫合線
Double-breasted jacket 雙襟外套
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Chinese</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dress</td>
<td>連衣裙</td>
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<td>Elastic stretch seams</td>
<td>彈性伸縮縫線</td>
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<tr>
<td>Encased seams</td>
<td>包骨縫線</td>
</tr>
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<td>Evening dress</td>
<td>晚禮服</td>
</tr>
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<td>Finisher</td>
<td>尾門工人</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flap pocket</td>
<td>有蓋口袋</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flatlock seam</td>
<td>平針縫線</td>
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<td>Fly-front zipper</td>
<td>遮掩式拉鍊</td>
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<td>Forelady</td>
<td>女管工</td>
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<td>French seam</td>
<td>法國式包骨縫線</td>
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<td>French cuff</td>
<td>雙袖口</td>
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<td>Front facing</td>
<td>前貼邊</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front dart</td>
<td>前褶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full bust</td>
<td>全胸圍</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fuser</td>
<td>舖紗工人</td>
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<td>Fusible nonwoven interfacings</td>
<td>熱壓非紡織物夾層</td>
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<td>Gathers</td>
<td>碎褶</td>
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<td>Gloves</td>
<td>手套</td>
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<td>Gown</td>
<td>睡袍</td>
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<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gripper-type snaps</td>
<td>鉤扣帶</td>
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<td>身高</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hemmer</td>
<td>拉邊工人</td>
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<tr>
<td>High bust</td>
<td>上胸圍</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hips</td>
<td>臀圍</td>
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<td>Inseam</td>
<td>股下線</td>
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<td>牛仔褲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>圓領</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jumpsuit</td>
<td>跳躍套裝</td>
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<td>Label setter</td>
<td>車標籤（牌仔）工人</td>
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<td>左前線</td>
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<tr>
<td>Long sleeve</td>
<td>長袖</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loop maker</td>
<td>車布環（耳仔）工人</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loose stitches</td>
<td>鬆線步</td>
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<td>Man-made fiber</td>
<td>人造纖維</td>
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<td>Marker</td>
<td>描樣人員</td>
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<td>Merrow machine operator</td>
<td>助骨工人</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mock french seam</td>
<td>假法國式包邊縫線（假縫貼邊）</td>
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</table>
Natural fiber
Neck
Neck stand
Needle
Needle bar
Nylon
One-step buttonholes
Order picker
Outseam
Overedge buttonholes
Overlock edge finishes
Overlock seams
Packer
Parka
Patch pocket
Pattern maker
Pocket setter
Polyester
Power switch
<table>
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<td>Presser foot</td>
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<td>連肩袖</td>
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<td>人造絹</td>
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<td>Right front</td>
<td>右前線</td>
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<td>Rise</td>
<td>開襟處</td>
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<td>Round eyes</td>
<td>圓眼扣</td>
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<td>Sample sale</td>
<td>樣板大減價</td>
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<td>Samplemaker</td>
<td>樣板技師</td>
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<td>Scarf</td>
<td>圍巾</td>
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<td>Seamer</td>
<td>車衣工人</td>
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<td>Self-bound seam</td>
<td>自捲邊縫合線</td>
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<td>Sew-in woven interfacings</td>
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<td>Sew-on snaps</td>
<td>縫合按扣</td>
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<td>Sew-through buttons</td>
<td>有眼鈕扣</td>
</tr>
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<td>Shank buttons</td>
<td>有腳鈕扣</td>
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<td>Shawl collar</td>
<td>圍巾領</td>
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<td>襯衫領</td>
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<td>English</td>
<td>Chinese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Short sleeve</td>
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<td>Short-sleeve shirt</td>
<td>短袖襯衫</td>
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<td>Shorts</td>
<td>短裤</td>
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<td>Shoulder</td>
<td>肩宽</td>
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<td>Showroom Saleswoman</td>
<td>陈列室销售员</td>
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<td>Side front skirt</td>
<td>邊前幅裙</td>
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<td>Side pocket</td>
<td>側袋</td>
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<td>Side front</td>
<td>邊前線</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silk</td>
<td>絲</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skirt</td>
<td>半腰裙</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sleeve underarm</td>
<td>下臂長</td>
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<td>袖長</td>
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<td>Slip</td>
<td>長襬裙</td>
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<tr>
<td>Snap tapes</td>
<td>按扣帶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorter</td>
<td>開份工人</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport coat</td>
<td>短外套</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stitch size regulator</td>
<td>針目調整器</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Straight eyes</td>
<td>直眼扣</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Straight and zigzag seam
Straight stretch seam
Stretch seams
Suit
Sweat pants
Sweat shirt
Swimming trunks
T-shirt
Tank top
Tape measurement
Taped seams
Tension regulator
Tension disc
Thread guide
Tie belt
Tight thread
Top collar
Treadle
Trench coat

直和曲折縫線
直伸縮縫線
彈性縫線
西裝，套裝
運動褲
運動衫
游泳褲
T恤
圓領背心
軟尺
貼帶縫線
張力調節器
夾線器
導線器
同布料腰帶
緊線
外領
腳踏
乾濕褸
Tricot bound
Trimmer
Turtleneck sweater
Under collar
Universal attachment buttonholes
V-neck sweater
Vest
Waistband
Waistline
Welt pocket
Wide notched collar
Wing collar
Wool
Zippers
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Sportswear Apparel Association, Inc.
Consortium for Worker Education
Metropolitan Fashion Center, Inc.
Rex Fashions, Inc.
Onwell Manufacturing, Inc.
Caitlin Fashion, Inc.
Melisa Sales Ltd.
D & S Inc.
High School of Fashion Industries
Crisini
El Naranjo Laundromat and Cleaner

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紐約製衣業總商會
成衣業發展公司
女服車衣業商會
工人教育服務中心
大都會製衣有限公司
利源企業製衣有限公司
香港惠安集團
啓興衣廠
靜光衣廠
時裝工業高中
The working crew for the Garment-Related Bilingual (English & Chinese) T.V. Broadcast Lessons of the National Workplace Literacy Program, Chinatown Manpower Project, Inc. is as follows:

Director: Mr. Michael Lang

Script writer: Mr. William Kwok

Script editor: Mr. Charles Lai
Mrs. Ivy Au Tse
Ms. Eileen Zhang
Ms. Mary Higgins
Ms. May Chen
Ms. Linda Dworak
Miss Annie Liu
Miss Florence Wong
Mr. James Kwan
Mr. Aaron Adler
Mr. Steve Gruspier

Main actresses/actors: Miss Annie Liu was cast for Lily
Ms. Terry Murphy was cast for Sara
Miss Cheng-Yi Wang was cast for Alice
Miss Milane Yeung was cast for Miss Lee
Miss Katherine Chung was cast for Jannie
Mr. Keenan Dworak-Fisher was cast for Gary
Miss Charroleene Ki was cast for Carol
華埠人力中心在職英文班製衣業雙語（中、英文）電視廣播課程工作人員如下：

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原稿寫作人： 郭偉倫先生

原稿審核員： 黎重旺先生
  謝區月巧女士
  張愛玲女士
  Mary Higgins 女士
  陳美瑛女士
  Linda Dworak 小姐
  廖小冰小姐
  黃慧琳小姐
  關家榮先生
  Aaron Adler 先生
  Steve Gruspier 先生

主要演員： 廖小冰小姐飾演莉莉
  Terry Murphy 女士飾演莎拉
  Cheng-Yi Wang 小姐飾演愛麗斯
  楊翠媚小姐飾演李小姐
  鍾秀娟小姐飾演珍妮
  Keenan Dworak-Fisher 先生飾演卡利
  紀驕凌小姐飾演卡羅爾
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