This bibliography addresses the subject of population education. Entries are categorized into three parts. Part 1, "Population Education," consists of titles of books and other documents addressing various aspects of population education arranged by country in the first section and general materials in the second section. Part 2, "Knowledge Base Information," consists of titles on the different multidisciplinary aspects of population education. These entries are grouped into sections of the following major multidisciplinary topics: (1) Documentation; (2) Education (including environmental education, functional literacy, family planning, AIDS, and sexuality); (3) Environment; (4) Fertility and Family Planning; (5) Health and Nutrition; (6) Information and Communication; (7) Migration, Urbanization, and Human Settlement; (8) Population Policy and Trends; (9) Research and Evaluation; (10) Socio-economic Factors and Conditions; and (11) Women. Part 3, "Audiovisual Materials," consist of titles of various kinds of audiovisual aids (films, slides, charts, kits, videotapes, etc.) having to do with knowledge base and aspects of population education. Appendices contain a list of publishers and sources as well as indexes. Each entry or title is given a running number and bibliographical references that include either the author or corporate author, title, imprint, collation, subject key words, country key words, and classification number. A source code is also given.
POPULATION EDUCATION
ACCESSIONS LIST

January - April 1997

Part I: POPULATION EDUCATION
Part II: KNOWLEDGE-BASE INFORMATION
Part III: AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS
Part IV: Appendices

Publishers and sources
Subject index
Author index
Geographical index

UNESCO Principal Regional Office
for Asia and the Pacific
Bangkok, 1997
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INTRODUCTION

This issue of the Population Education Accessions List is an output from our computerized bibliographic data base using the Micro CDS/ISIS system. Beginning with 1996, the Accessions List is being generated from this computerized bibliographic data base three times a year. Starting with this issue, the Accessions List is also produced and distributed in three formats: printed format, diskette format, and via e-mail.

The list categorizes the entries into three parts:

**Part I - Population Education** consists of titles dealing with various aspects of population education arranged by country in the first section and general materials in the second section.

**Part II - Knowledge Base Information** consists of titles that deal with the different multidisciplinary aspects of population education. These entries are grouped into sections of the following major multidisciplinary topics:

1. Documentation
2. Education (including environmental, functional literacy, family planning, AIDS, and sexuality)
3. Environment
4. Fertility and family planning
5. Health and nutrition
6. Information and communication
7. Migration, urbanization, and human settlement
8. Population policy and trends
9. Research and evaluation
10. Socio-economic factors and conditions
11. Women
Part III - Audio-visual materials consist of titles of various kinds of audio-visual aids (films, slides, charts, kits, videotapes, etc.) dealing with both knowledge base and population education aspects.

Part IV - Appendices consist of List of Publishers and Sources, Subject Index, Author Index, and Geographical Index.

Each entry or title is given a running number and bibliographical references that include: (i) either the author or corporate author; (ii) title; (iii) imprint; (iv) collation; (v) subject key words; (vi) country key words; and (vii) classification number. In addition to these, a source code is also given. The source code is an abbreviation of the name of the organization where a particular title can be acquired. For the complete names and addresses of the given source codes, kindly consult the List of Publishers and Sources given in the Appendices.
PART I: POPULATION EDUCATION

1. BY COUNTRY
2. GENERAL
NEPAL

Tribhuvan University. Curriculum Development Centre.

The book presents six Bachelor's level courses on population studies at Tribhuvan University in Nepal. Those six courses are: Introduction to Demography and Population Theories; Quantitative Techniques; Basic Techniques of Population Analysis; Population Policies and Programmes; Population, Environment and Quality of Life; Population Studies. Each course covers course description, course objective, time required, marks, course outline, lesson plans, textbook and references which are going to be used.

POPULATION EDUCATION/CURRICULUM OUTLINE/HIGHER EDUCATION/LESSON PLANS/CURRICULUM GUIDES/DEMOGRAPHY/ POPULATION POLICY/POPULATION PROGRAMMES/ ENVIRONMENT/ QUALITY OF LIFE/POPULATION THEORY
NEPAL
Class no: NPL P378.199 T822T
SOURCE: TUCD

This is the first draft report of the Inter-regional Orientation Workshop on Mobilizing Universities for Improving Population Education in Schools, held at UNESCO Bangkok on 24-28 March 1997. The report is divided into 4 parts. Part I. Agenda, schedule, list of participants. Part II. Country reports on population education at university level presented by participants from Egypt, Niger, Nigeria, India, South Pacific, Mexico, Brazil, Thailand, Philippines, Senegal, and Morocco. Part III. Group reports. Part IV. Follow-up joint activities of each country.


This booklet consists of eight full-page charts accompanied by discussions of historical population growth and distribution, natural increase, immigration, age and sex distribution (population pyramids), fertility, urbanization, and causes of death. The 1995 World Population Data Sheet is included along with study questions.
This accessions list is an output from computerized bibliographic database using micro CDS/ISIS system. This list categorizes the entries into three parts: Part I. Population education; Part II. Knowledge-base information; Part III. Appendices consisting of List of Publishers and sources, Subject index, Author index and Geographical index. Each entry is given a running number and bibliographic references that include: author, title, imprint, collation, abstract, keywords, country keywords, classification number and source code.

POPULATION EDUCATION/BIBLIOGRAPHIES/ABSTRACTS/ DEMOGRAPHY
Class no: GEN P016 U56P SEPT.-DEC. 1996
SOURCE: RECHPEC
PART II: KNOWLEDGE BASE INFORMATION

1. DOCUMENTATION
2. EDUCATION (INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL, FUNCTIONAL LITERACY, FAMILY PLANNING, AIDS, AND SEXUALITY)
3. ENVIRONMENT
4. FERTILITY AND FAMILY PLANNING
5. HEALTH AND NUTRITION
6. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION
7. MIGRATION, URBANIZATION AND HUMAN SETTLEMENT
8. POPULATION POLICY AND TRENDS
9. RESEARCH AND EVALUATION
10. SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACTORS AND CONDITIONS
11. WOMEN
00005
Chaiwat Panjaphongse.

The book contains thesis abstracts for Master of Education (Population Education), Mahidol University, Thailand.

POPULATION EDUCATION/ABSTRACTS
THAILAND
Class no: R 016 C435T
SOURCE: MU

00006
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific.
Annotated bibliography on policy and programme issues in the field of ageing. 2nd ed. New York, United Nations, 1996. 126 p. (ST/ESCAP/1708)

The bibliography provides information relating to ageing issues at the national, sub-regional and international levels, with special reference to Asia and the Pacific. The subjects cover policy-making, planning and legislation concerning ageing as well as, more broadly, social, economic, cultural and physical issues of concern to older people in ESCAP region. The entries are selected and compiled from government publications and reports, monographs, research papers, training manuals, journal articles, meeting reports, and also compiles from three databases: POPLINE, EBIS/POPFILE, and LABORDOC.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES/AGING/POPULATION POLICY
ASIA/PACIFIC REGION
Class no: R 016 E17A 1996
SOURCE: ESCAP

00007
Indukumari, M.

This directory is the outcome of project on "Women and AIDS". It covers all NGOs and other organizations with programmes on women in Kerala. The organizations included in the directory are categorized into NGOs working exclusively for women; NGOs working for both men and women; Governmental organizations; and Political parties & Trade unions.

Inventory of national and regional institutions and national consultants in the countries of Central and South Asia. Kathmandu, Nepal, UNFPA, 1996. 49 p.

This publication is the revised inventory of national experts as well as national and regional institutions dealing with population, reproductive health and women's issues in 9 countries of South Asia and 5 countries of Central Asian Republics. This inventory is based on current information received from UNFPA Country Offices and other sources. Each country consists of A) List of National and Regional Institutions; B) List of National Consultants. Each list gives the institution's name or consultant's name, address, telephone and fax number, and areas of specialization.
Family Planning Association of India.


The present study examines sexuality and patterns of sexual behaviour among urban youth between 15 to 29 years of age representing the four zones (north, south, east, west) of India.

Hofferth, Sandra L.


This article describes those who were and were not served by Head Start in 1990. Firstly, it examined how characteristics of the child, family, and community were associated with the enrolment of poor 3- to 5-year old children in Head Start. Secondly, it identified the types of programs and child-care arrangements in which non-Head Start children were enrolled in 1990. Third, it focused on how family and community characteristics are related to Head Start-eligible parents' use of multiple arrangements. Finally, it explored the types of supplementary and wraparound arrangements Head Start and non-Head Start children use.

Joint Committee on Standards for Educational Evaluation.


Sponsored by American Association of School Administration and others.
This book contains a set of standards that guide the design, employment, and assessment of evaluations of educational programs, projects, and materials. The 30 standards are categorized into four groups corresponding to four attributes of sound and fair program evaluation: utility, feasibility, priority, and accuracy. Each standard is accompanied by an overview of intent, guidelines for application, common errors, and one or more illustrations of the standard's application.

*EDUCATION/EDUCATIONAL EVALUATION/EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMES/TRAINING PROGRAMMES*

U.S.A.
Class no: 379.154 J74P 1994
SOURCE: SP

Kane, Eileen.

*Seeing for yourself: research handbook for girls' education in Africa.*

This handbook covers all aspects of research process associated with girls' education in Africa. Planning the research, research techniques and working with the research results are described in detail.

*GIRL'S EDUCATION/WOMEN'S EDUCATION/RESEARCH METHODS/RESEARCH PLANNING/EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AFRICA*
Class no: 376.96 K16S
SOURCE: WB

Krishnamurti, Bhadriraju; Ramabrahman, Ivaturi; Rao, Casikar Raghunatha.


The present study covers the Total Literacy Campaigns organized in two districts of Andhra Pradesh - Chittoor and Nizamabad. Both these districts have been examples of successful implementation of Total Literacy Campaign having achieved significant results. This has largely been due to the very able guidance of the concerned District Collectors, the close involvement of the district machinery as well as the commitment of a large number of youth as well as teachers.
Rae, Leslie. 

The book shows how to use activities in all types of training and development. The first six chapters in section one describe approaches to the use of activities in detail. Variations relating to specific types of activities are examined in the later chapters. Section two consists of chapters describing various forms of activities, each chapter including description of activity; membership and time requirements; planning and design; usage-including methods, briefing, observation and reviewing; examples and sources of resources; possible problems and their avoidance; variations.

University of the Orange Free State. Research Institute for Education Planning. 

The aim of this brochure is to present a concise picture of formal school education in South Africa. People interested in education will be in a position not only to draw sensible conclusions, but will also gain an informed view of real state of education in South Africa as far as numbers are concerned.
World Bank.


This booklet examines the efforts of Pakistan, Bangladesh and Malawi to increase the number of girls in school. The descriptions are based on short field visits to each of the three countries.

GIRL'S EDUCATION/WOMEN'S EDUCATION/PRIMARY EDUCATION/ BASIC EDUCATION/RIGHT TO EDUCATION/EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY/UNIVERSAL EDUCATION PAKISTAN/BANGLADESH/MALAWI/DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

Class no: 316 W927L
SOURCE: WB
ENIRONMENT

00017
Gopaldas, Tara; Gujral, Sunder.
p. 226-234.

The paper considers the environment in which girl child lives and its impact on her health, nutrition and growth in India. The environmental factors considered are both physical and social environments.

ENVIRONMENT/GIRLS/WOMEN/ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS/HEALTH/NUTRITION
INDIA
SOURCE: SC

00018
Keyfitz, Nathan.

This article describes how population has evolved in environment and development during these 50 years.

POPULATION GROWTH/ENVIRONMENT
SOURCE: PS

00019
West, Bernadette; Sandman, Peter M.; Greenberg, Michael R., eds.

This handbook is designed to give journalists and editors the fast facts covering stories on environment. Its concise briefings explain the risks and controversies connected with 27 environmental and health issues from acid rain to toxic metals, from cancer clusters to endangered species, from recycling to radon. It tells how to research the story, how to find unbiased experts, how to track down a company's environmental record, how to understand language of risks and hazards; and how to avoid pitfalls in reporting.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION/ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH/ENVIRONMENT/GUIDES/ACID RAIN/POLLUTION/JOURNALISTS/WASTE TREATMENT/MASS MEDIA
Class no: 301.31 W516R
SOURCE: RUP
In many developing countries, programmes offering collateral-free credit have integrated economic improvements with consciousness-raising, family planning information and motivation, preventive health services and other activities that promote social welfare. A 1995 household survey of programme areas of 5 non-governmental organizations in rural Bangladesh that offer such credit programmes reveals that women who participate in them are more likely to use contraceptives, to want no additional children and to desire smaller families than women who do not participate. Increased empowerment was associated with the desire for no more children among credit members. Non-members living in programme areas also desired smaller families, suggesting a diffusion of norms established by credit members to other women in the community.

FAMILY PLANNING/FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMME/CONTRACEPTIVE PRACTICE/FAMILY SIZE/DESIRED FAMILY SIZE
BANGLADESH
SOURCE: IFPP
Barkat, Abul; Rahman, Mati Ur; Bose, Manik Lal. 

This article is aimed at focusing on the intensity of family planning practices in the urban slums of Bangladesh. The choice behaviour of slum dwellers for family planning has been analyzed in the framework of an appropriate econometric model. Some policy implications emerging from the study are also provided. One important policy implication of the study is that programmatic efforts should be enhanced and strengthened for accelerating family planning practices to arrest the unbridled population growth in Bangladesh's urban slums.

FAMILY PLANNING/FAMILY PLANNING POLICY/POOR/POVERTY/SLUMS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/URBAN POPULATION BANGLADESH
SOURCE: APPJ

Biddlecom, Ann E.; Casterline, John B.; Perez, Aurora E. 
Men's and women's views of contraception. New York, Population Council, 1996. 43 p. (Working papers, no. 92)

This paper discusses the importance of men's and women's view of contraception and provides an empirical illustration from a study in the Philippines.

FAMILY PLANNING/CONTRACEPTION/CONTRACEPTIVE BEHAVIOUR/FERTILITY DETERMINANTS/CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE PHILIPPINES
Class no: 613.94 B584M
SOURCE: PC

Dangol, Bishnu Das; Retherford, Robert D.; Thapa, Shyam. 

This article assesses levels and trends in fertility in Nepal between 1977 and 1995. The data are from two national surveys conducted in 1991 and 1996. Fertility level and trends are estimated by using the "birth history" method and the "own-children" method. The results show a steady decline in fertility over the estimation period.

FERTILITY/FERTILITY DECLINE/FAMILY PLANNING
NEPAL
SOURCE: APPJ

00025
Family Health International.
Barrier methods. North Carolina, FHI, 1996. 1 v. (various pagings) + 47 35
mm color slides. (Contraceptive technology update series)

This training module is part of a series of slide presentations covering information about
barrier methods. It includes script of information designed to accompany forty-seven 35 mm
colour slides for presentation, together with audience handouts which contain summary of key
learning points and note-taking pages during presentation. It also includes list of important
readings, key journal articles, book chapters, unpublished papers related to barrier methods.
Participant evaluation form for audience to be completed after each training is attached.

CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS/CONTRACEPTIVE PRACTICE/FAMILY
PLANNING/FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMMES/TRAINING MATERIALS/
PROGRAMMED INSTRUCTION/TRAINING PROGRAMMES/TRAINING
MANUAL/INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS
Class no: 613.94 F198B
SOURCE: FHI

00026
Family Health International.
Oral contraceptives. North Carolina, FHI, 1996. 1 v. (various pagings) + 78
35 mm color slides. (Contraceptive technology update series)

This training module is part of a series of slide presentations covering
information relevant to oral contraceptives, both combined oral contraceptives
(COCs) and progestin-only oral contraceptives (POPs). It includes script of
information designed to accompany seventy-eight 35 mm colour slides for
presentation, together with audience handouts which contain summary of key
learning points and pages for taking notes during presentation. It also
includes list of important readings, key journal articles, book chapters,
bulletins and unpublished papers related to oral contraceptives. Participant
evaluation form for audience to be completed after each training is attached.

CONTRACEPTIVE PRACTICE/CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS/FAMILY
PLANNING/ORAL CONTRACEPTIVES/FAMILY PLANNING
PROGRAMMES/TRAINING MATERIALS/INSTRUCTIONAL
MATERIALS/TRAINING MANUAL/TRAINING PROGRAMMES/
PROGRAMMED INSTRUCTION
Class no: 613.94 F198O
SOURCE: FHI
Farsoun, Michel; Khoury, Nadine; Underwood, Carol. In their own words: a qualitative study of family planning in Jordan. Baltimore, Johns Hopkins School of Public Health, 1996. 44 p. (IEC field report no. 6)

This report presents findings from qualitative research and relies predominantly on words of married women and men aged 15 to 49 residing in the Central, Northern, or Southern regions of Jordan. It focuses on beliefs and attitudes underlying Jordanians' contraceptive behaviours and aspirations for their families. Each of 24 discussion groups involved 8 to 10 respondents are encouraged to speak in their own words (quotations from respondents in English as well as in original Arabic are presented in the report) about their marital expectations, their concerns regarding children, their beliefs about family size, and their experiences with family planning and various contraceptive methods.


This IPPF Charter emphasizes on the legitimacy of sexual and reproductive rights as key human rights issues which IPPF carries out its mission. Twelve rights have been identified covering Universal Declaration of Human Rights; International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights; Convention on Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women; Convention on the Rights of the Child. The introduction explains how it has been organized. The document consists of IPPF's Charter, references and notes which quote specific articles from various covenants referring in the Charter. The Standards section includes key paragraphs from the Programme of Action of 1994 International Conference on Population and Development, and the Platform for Action of 1995 Fourth World Conference on Women which are relevant for various rights articulated in the Charter.

This article provides a rationale for involving men in programmes that address reproductive health, discusses factors that have limited men's involvement, and summarizes lessons learned from programmes that have reached men successfully with reproductive health information and services.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/MEN'S ROLE
SOURCE: OL


This publication reviews Johns Hopkins University Population Communication Services projects in Africa, Asia, Latin America, the Near East concerning men's role and participation in family planning and also communicating with men about reproductive health.

FAMILY PLANNING/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/MALES/MEN'S ROLE/FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMMES/CONTRACEPTIVE PRACTICE/COMMUNICATION IN FAMILY PLANNING AFRICA/ASIA/LATIN AMERICA/EGYPT/JORDAN/OMAN/TURKEY Class no: 613.94 J65R SOURCE: JHUCC


This study defines clients' and providers' dimensions of quality of care and compare them with elements contained in the Bruce-Jain framework. The study takes place in two sites of urban Nairobi and two in rural Murang'a district. Nine service delivery points (SDPs) within the four locations are selected for the study. Using a combination of focus group discussions and in-depth interviews, researchers collected qualitative data from four groups of women: current users of family planning services, women who switched clinics, women who discontinued use of services, and women who had never used services.
Kincaid, D. Lawrence, and others.


A mass media campaign to promote vasectomy in three Brazilian cities Sao Paulo, Fortaleza and Salvador consisted of prime-time television and radio spots, the distribution of flyers, an electronic billboard and public relations activities. Clinic data indicate that the monthly mean number of vasectomies initially increased during the six-week campaign by 108 per cent in Fortaleza, by 59 per cent in Salvador and by 82 per cent in Sao Paulo. An in-depth analysis of the Sao Paulo clinic data indicates that during the campaign, television replaced personal sources as the dominant source of referrals among men who made telephone inquiries to the clinics. A regression analysis based on Sao Paulo clinic records for 12 years confirmed that periodic mass media promotions helped alleviate but did not halt the general downward trend in clinic volume over time. Increases in the cost of vasectomy and in alternative sources for the operation contributed to the lower volume.

Mason, Karen Oppenheim.


There are variety of theories or explanations about why fertility has declined, and it continues to argue about what "really" drives the fertility transition. There are basically three points of discussion in this paper. The first is trying to answer - why fertility declines. The second point is the types of ideational processes that enter into fertility decision-making. Finally, the third point is the evidence used to argue for particular explanations of the fertility decline is open to alternative interpretation.
00034
Mitra, S.N.; Al-Sabir, Ahmed.
Contraceptive use dynamics in Bangladesh. Calverton, MD, Macro International, 1996. 28 p. (DHS working papers, no. 21)
This study analyzes contraceptive use histories to examine the efficacy and continuity of contraceptive use at the national level in Bangladesh.

CONTRACEPTIVE PRACTICE/CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS/
CONTRACEPTION CONTINUATION/FAMILY PLANNING RESEARCH
BANGLADESH

Class no: 613.943 M684C
SOURCE: MACI

00035
Mutharayappa, R., and others.
This issue examines fertility levels and indicators of son preference in 19 Indian states, analysis impact of son preference on fertility decline, and offers policy recommendations for alleviating some of constraints that son preference imposes on India's social and economic development.

SON PREFERENCE/FERTILITY DECLINE/FERTILITY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT
INDIA
SOURCE: NFHS

00036
Nihon University. Population Research Institute.
This paper focuses on considering how value changes and underlying economic and social changes have jointly affected fertility in Japan since 1950.

FERTILITY/FERTILITY DECLINE/FERTILITY BEHAVIOUR/FERTILITY
MEASUREMENTS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
JAPAN
Class no: 301.32 N691NR NO. 63
SOURCE: NUPRI

This issue explains how organizations move through stages of development as they build their management capabilities, and presents the management development assessment (MDA) methodology, a systematic process for rapidly assessing the management capabilities of your own organization. Two supplements accompany this issue. The Pocket Guide to MDA Indicators provides sample management indicators to help you set measurable indicators for assessing organizational capabilities. The MDA Start-up Kit provides instructions on developing and administering an MDA questionnaire to collect information on management capabilities and includes a full sample questionnaire. The issue concludes by explaining how to analyze the results of your assessment and develop and implement MDA action plan.

FAMILY PLANNING/FAMILY PLANNING MANAGEMENT/MANAGEMENT/ORGANIZATIONS
SOURCE: FPM


The Uganda Family Planning Promotion Project and the Delivery for Improved Services for Health Project.

This report presents findings of the Uganda Family Planning Promotion Project (UFPPP) evaluation, as well as baseline information on the Delivery for Improved Services for Health Project (DISH). Chapter 1 gives information on UFPPP and DISH project. Chapter 2 details technical methods used to evaluate the findings including design of household and clinic studies. It discusses the sampling strategies, data collection and analysis. Chapter 3 presents demographic characteristics of follow-up household survey respondents. Chapter 4 presents their fertility awareness, attitudes, and behaviour. Chapter 5 presents data on HIV/AIDS, STDs, information collected as part of DISH project baseline. Chapter 6 discusses other reproductive health issues addressed in questionnaire, including breastfeeding and abortion. Chapter 7 examines the impact of UFPPP. Chapter 8 presents conclusions of evaluation and recommendation for future IEC interventions. A detailed list of IEC interventions and findings of multivariate analysis are found in appendixes.

FAMILY PLANNING/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FERTILITY/DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS/EVALUATION/AIDS/HIV/SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED
The present report contains a comprehensive review of sample survey data on the level of contraceptive use, types of methods employed and recent trends in contraceptive practice throughout the world. It discusses the availability of contraceptives to national populations. The amount of growth in contraceptive practice that will be needed in developing countries if fertility is to decline in accordance with United Nations population projections is discussed. A reference table shows national survey measures of current contraceptive use, by method, for all available countries and dates. Data available through July 1994 are included in the review. Two new features in this edition are a review of current contraceptive use according to women's national status.


The Baudha-Bahunipati Project is a programme of the Family Planning Association of Nepal, supported by World Neighbors. It explores the means by which family planning can at least approach the ideal of sustainability. The analysis of this project shows that reliance on outside resources can be minimized by training local volunteers and by integrating reproductive health with such sustainable activities as growing fodder, raising livestock and improving drinking water supply.

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HEALTH AND NUTRITION

00041
Evaluating health care information systems: methods and applications.

Evaluating Health Care Information Systems provides a guide for evaluating the impact of computerized information systems on the structure and function of health care organizations. Chapters provide a practical overview of established research guidelines for sampling, data collection procedures and instruments, and analytic techniques. Utilizing a pluralistic approach, this practical volume also includes organizational evaluation methods such as direct observations, archival data use, interviewing strategies, survey research, experimental research methods, simulation, social network and cost-benefit analysis.

HEALTH/HEALTH CARE/HEALTH INFORMATION/INFORMATION MANAGEMENT/INFORMATION SYSTEMS/EVALUATION METHODS/COMPUTER SYSTEMS/MEDICAL CARE/INFORMATION RETRIEVAL/INFORMATION SYSTEMS EVALUATION
Class no: 362.10285 A547E
SOURCE: SP

00042
Arkutu, A. Ananie.

This book provides information on African women's health needs and problems at the community level. It covers the way of taking care of themselves before, during and after pregnancy. It also emphasizes on reproductive parts of female and male bodies, pregnancy, some obstetric operations and procedures, postpartum period, newborn baby, breastfeeding, family planning, sexually transmitted diseases, infertility and reproductive health needs, and adolescent health.

WOMEN'S HEALTH/WOMEN/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/ PREGNANCY/BREAST FEEDING/FAMILY PLANNING/SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES/ INFERTILITY/adolescents/HEALTH CARE/CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS/MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AFRICA
Class no: 613.0424 A721H 1995
SOURCE: FCI
Bender, William; Smith, Margaret. 

This Population Bulletin explores factors that determine both demand for and supply of food worldwide. The demand is determined primarily by number of people, but it also affected by lifestyle and type of diet people adopt, and by the amount of food that is spoiled or wasted in food distribution and marketing systems. The authors explore ways to increase yields which vary from genetic manipulation of plants to ensuring credit for farmers and discuss constraints on agricultural production, such as erosion and salinization of the soil. The authors also discuss vital role of agricultural research and government policies in ensuring food security for the world.

**FOOD/FOOD SUPPLY/AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION/FOOD SECURITY/FOOD REQUIREMENTS/FOOD PRODUCTION/AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT**

SOURCE: PBU

Bhassorn Limanonda; Griensven, Godfried J.P. van; Mayuree Nokyoongthong. 

This report is part of activities of project entitled "The Demographic and Behavioural Study of Female Commercial Sex Workers in Thailand". It summarizes the national policies and implementation on AIDS prevention, background and workplan of the project, preparation and production of media and health education activities, launching of program activities and problems.

**AIDS/MASS MEDIA/HEALTH EDUCATION/WORKERS/WOMEN/INFECTIONOUS DISEASES/HEALTH CARE/DISEASE CONTROL/INFORMATION, EDUCATION, AND COMMUNICATION/PROGRAMME PLANNING/COMMUNICATION/HEALTH CONTROL**

THAILAND

Class no: 614.07 B575U

SOURCE: IPS

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. 

The survey reviews the emerging situation of food and nutrition in the world in its various regions. The latest period assessed is 1990-92, comparisons are made with earlier periods, 1969-71 and 1979-81. Three major issues are covered in this survey: (1) trends in availability,
regional distribution and composition of food supply in the world; (2) trends in nutrition situation of developing countries as assessed by different measures of food inadequacy; (3) anthropometric assessment of nutritional status of people in developing countries.

**FOOD/FOOD SUPPLY/NUTRITION/FOOD SHORTAGES/FOOD SECURITY/FOOD REQUIREMENTS**
**DEVELOPING COUNTRIES**
Class no: 338.19 F218S 1996
SOURCE: FAO

00046
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

This paper is prepared for the World Food Summit. It concentrates on describing the evolution of world food security situation in the last three decades (Section 2) and highlights the main factors that explain successes and failures (Section 3). It then describes what may be the evolution over the period up to 2010 in the minimum amount of detail required to put in evidence the possible trajectories of the key variables (Section 4 and 5). Finally, selected issues of sustainability and the environment are considered in relation to the quest for sustainable responses to the world food security problem (Section 6).

**FOOD/FOOD SUPPLY/FOOD SECURITY/NUTRITION/FOOD REQUIREMENTS**
Class no: 338.19 F218W V. 1
SOURCE: FAO

00047
Gould, Jeffrey B., ed.
Quantitative problem solving in maternal, child, and adolescent health.

This book consists of papers presented at a Conference on Quantitative Problem Solving in Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health, November 18-19, 1992, San Diego, California. It focuses on major issues and problems in maternal, child and adolescent health and practical ways to use quantitative methods of analysis to determine levels of need and to set priorities for MCAH programme development.

**MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH/HEALTH CARE/CHILD HEALTH/ADOLESCENTS/PUBLIC HEALTH**
Class no: 614.07 G697Q
SOURCE: TPP
Kazakhstan. National Institute of Nutrition/Academy of Preventive Medicine of Kazakhstan/Macro International Inc.

This survey provides data important to assessment of overall demographic situation in Kazakhstan. It covers information on fertility, reproductive practices of women, maternal care, child health and mortality, child nutrition practices, breastfeeding, nutritional status and anemia for understanding the factors that influence the reproductive health of women and the health and survival of infants and young children.

DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEYS/HEALTH SURVEYS/FERTILITY SURVEYS/INFANT MORTALITY/MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH/CHILD MORTALITY/BREAST FEEDING/CHILD HEALTH/CHILD CARE/NUTRITION/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/WOMEN
KAZAKSTAN
Class no: 312.018 K23K 1995
SOURCE: MII

Mirsky, Judith, ed., and others.
Private decisions, public debate: women, reproduction and population.

In this book, 15 developing country journalists from Africa, Asia and Latin America present the views of ordinary men and women and report on subjects as diverse as son preference, female genital mutilation, unauthorized sterilizations, untreated STDs, HIV infection, and the influence of Catholicism and Islam - all of which affect reproductive decision-making.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/CONTRACEPTION/WOMEN/SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES/ABORTION/SON PREFERENCE/LACTATION/REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS/CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS/HIV/WOMEN'S RIGHTS/FEMALE MUTILATION INDIA/TANZANIA/SOUTH KOREA/BURKINA FASO/BRAZIL/GHANA/ETHIOPIA/THAILAND/PAKISTAN/CHILE/EGYPT
Class no: 614 M676P
SOURCE: PANOS

Starrs, Ann M.; Rizzuto, Rahma R.
Getting the message out: designing an information campaign on women's health.

This booklet offers step-by-step guidelines on how to design, implement, and
evaluate an effective information campaign to improve African women's reproductive health.

WOMEN'S HEALTH/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/WOMEN/COMMUNICATION/COMMUNICATION IN FAMILY PLANNING/COMMUNICATION MEDIA/PROGRAMME PLANNING AFRICA
Class no: 613.954 S896G
SOURCE: FCI

00051
Wallace, Helen M.; Giri, Kanti; Serrano, Carlos V.

This book covers critical needs and necessary strategies for improving health status of women and families in developing countries. It consists of 6 sections: Section I. Overview; Section II. Women's health; Section III. Infant and child mortality; Section IV. Child health; Section V. Adolescent health; Section VI. Delivery of maternal and child health, and family planning services.

WOMEN'S HEALTH/WOMEN/HEALTH CARE/CHILD HEALTH/CHILD CARE/CHILD MORTALITY/INFANT MORTALITY/MORTALITY/ADOLESCENTS/MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH/FAMILY PLANNING DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
Class no: 613.0424 W189H 1995
SOURCE: TPP

00052
World Health Organization.

This issue provides information obtained from the WHO Conference by presenting selection of available papers with a focus on health consequences of Chernobyl accident and other radiological events, such as dropping atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, caesium accident at Goiania, Brazil as well as other accidents in the formal USSR.

HEALTH/RADIOACTIVE POLLUTION/RADIOACTIVITY/NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS/NUCLEAR REACTORS USSR/JAPAN/BRAZIL
Class no: 363.1799 W628W
SOURCE: WHO
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

00053
Burke, John.

This workbook explains variety of internet tools and sources for beginners. Individual internet tool with step-by-step instructions on electronic mail, e-mail directories, electronic discussion groups, Telnet, Gopher, Veronica, Usenet, File Transfer Protocol, Archie, World Wide Web and interactive net services are discussed. Strategies for finding information on internet are also presented. Each chapter in this workbook includes practice assignments.

INTERNET/INFORMATION RETRIEVAL/ONLINE SEARCHING/ACCESS TO INFORMATION/INFORMATION SOURCES/GUIDES/ INFORMATION NETWORKS/INFORMATION SYSTEMS/COMPUTER NETWORKS/ GUIDES TO INFORMATION SOURCES/ACCESS TO INFORMATION/COMPUTER INTERFACES/INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATION
Class no: 004.6 B959L
SOURCE: NS

00054
Buxton, Andrew; Hopkinson, Alan.

This handbook is a reference manual for librarians or any non-professionals who use CDS/ISIS Mini-Micro version. It covers all technical aspects offered by this software which are not too difficult for the beginner. It starts from overview of MS-DOS, installation; creating database; formatting language; entering and editing data; searching; sorting & printing; exporting, importing, backing up and modifying databases.

DATA PROCESSING/COMPUTER PROGRAMMES/INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS/BIBLIOGRAPHIC CONTROL/INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY/COMPUTER SOFTWARE/INFORMATION PROCESSING /INFORMATION RETRIEVAL/DATA BASES/INFORMATION SYSTEMS
Class no: 029.7 B991C
SOURCE: LAP

00055
Coliver, Sandra.

The book explores the role of information in enabling women to protect their
own health and their families' health. Ten country studies of Algeria, Brazil, Chile, Ireland, Kenya, Malawi, Pakistan, Philippines, Poland and USA expose the ways in which governments around the world censor, manipulate and fail to provide information about abortion, contraception, AIDS and other threats to reproductive health and examine the role of religion, culture and foreign aid programmes in restricting information.

FAMILY PLANNING INFORMATION/RIGHT TO INFORMATION/ REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FAMILY PLANNING/HUMAN RIGHTS/ WOMEN'S HEALTH
ALGERIA/BRAZIL/CHILE/IRELAND/KENYA/MALAWI/PAKISTAN/ PHILIPPINES/POLAND/USA
Class no: 301.161 C696R
SOURCE: UP

00056
Daly, Neil; Bowen, Peter.
Accompany with Laser Disc. no. 5.

This handbook provides interactive collection of Internet tools and documentation for building World Wide Web sites, home page, and scenery on the Net. It explains basics of HyperText Markup Language (HTML). Apart from English, it also presents in Japanese and German in separate chapters. Sample home pages are presented in the last chapter.

COMPUTER LANGUAGES/INTERNET/COMPUTER INTERFACES/ COMPUTER NETWORKS
Class no: 004.6 D153I
SOURCE: PEM

00057
International Labour Office.
Accompany with Disk. no. 1.

It is an overview of how new information and communication technologies are applied in the areas of education and training, with a view to adapting them better to the needs of workers, trade unions, the public service, enterprises and the economy as a whole. It is divided into three parts. Part One deals briefly with socio-economic aspects of the advent of new technologies in society. Part Two deals with different methods and techniques applied in education and training, technical tools, and methodology used to produce media. Part Three deals with production and distribution of media. Attached to this issue is a diskette on which presents an example of interactive application.
Knapp, Mark L.; Miller, Gerald R.

The handbook is divided into four parts. Part I lays out the key theoretical and methodological issues and the second part focuses on component parts or growth processes, verbal and nonverbal behaviour, situational and cultural influences, and the characteristics each communicator brings to an encounter. Part III examines mutual influence and temporal processes and asks the question: What is interpersonal competence? This part also looks at several functions of interpersonal processes such as social support, affect, influence, and power. The last section examines interpersonal processes in four important and familiar relational contexts: coworkers, physician/patient, families, and other personal/social relationships.

Martin, William J.

This book offers global view of information society by examining in detail the social, economic, political, and cultural roles of information and information technology. It illustrates major trends in and inter-relationships between information, information and communication technologies, and global economy and society.
Miller, Elizabeth B.  
The internet resource directory for K-12 teachers and librarians. 95/96 ed.  
This directory consists of 753 World Wide Web sites which support and enrich 
the basic K-12 curriculum of science, math, social studies, language arts, and 
foreign language studies. Web's history and development is included in 
appendix A. Information on using the Web and obtaining graphical interface 
browsers is included in the chapter titled Getting Started.  

DIRECTORIES/INFORMATION SOURCES/INFORMATION 
RETRIEVAL/ACCESS TO INFORMATION/GUIDES TO INFORMATION 
SOURCES/ONLINE SEARCHING/INTERNET/SCIENCE/ 
MATHEMATICS/LANGUAGES/ FOREIGN LANGUAGES/ARTS  
Class no: R DIRECTORIES 025.04 M647I 1996 
SOURCE: PEM  

Morville, Peter; Rosenfeld, Louis; James, Joseph.  
The internet searcher's handbook: locating information, people and software.  
Series)  
The first half of this book explains how to use Internet for finding 
information, people and software. The second half is devoted to detailed 
descriptions and evaluations of the most useful tools and resources for 
Internet searching. Meta-information such as title, use, searching tips, 
strengths, and weaknesses is provided for each resource. Sample searches are 
also included. The tools are organized into three categories: virtual 
libraries, Internet directories, and Internet search tools. It follows by 
Appendices (Quick index to Internet searching tools and resources; Regular 
expressions), Glossary, and Index.  

INTERNET/INFORMATION NETWORKS/COMPUTER NETWORKS/ 
 ELECTRONIC DATA/INFORMATION RETRIEVAL/INFORMATION 
 SOURCES/GUIDES TO INFORMATION SOURCES/ACCESS TO 
 INFORMATION/ONLINE SEARCHING/INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATION/ 
 COMPUTER INTERFACES  
Class no: 025.04 M892I  
SOURCE: NS
Robey, Bryant; Stauffer, Paula.  

This issue provides the answers to questions including the following: How can family planning organizations help the news media cover family planning accurately? Why is news media important for family planning programmes? How can an effective news media relations programme be established? The report discusses how to tell family planning story; how to prepare material for each medium; how to develop materials that interest journalists; how to organize a media event; and how to deal with controversy and false rumours.

MASS MEDIA/NEWS/NEWS FLOW/MASS COMMUNICATION/FAMILY PLANNING/COMMUNICATION
SOURCE: PR

Sutton, Michael J.D.  

The author defines and simplifies principles of document engineering and management. A set of proven techniques and methods for planning, building, and maintaining automated systems for fast and efficient storage and retrieval of documents and forms are presented.

DOCUMENTATION/INFORMATION MANAGEMENT/ MANAGEMENT INFORMATION/MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS/ INFORMATION SYSTEMS
Class no: 025 S967D
SOURCE: JWS
Skeldon, Ronald.

Rural-to-urban migration and its implications for poverty alleviation.

This article discusses whether rural-to-urban migration can improve the well-being of the rural areas of the origin of migration or impoverish those areas because of the exodus to urban centres while pauperizing the migrants who move to the cities. It also considers the gender implications of migration in terms of the experience of women migrants and those left behind. It concludes by drawing out policy implications of the impact of rural-to-urban migration on poverty alleviation.
POPULATION POLICY AND TRENDS

00065
Asia Regional Study Directors' Meeting for Project INT/92/P78 - Socio-Cultural Factors Affecting Demographic Behaviour and Implications for the Formulation and Execution of Population Policies and Programmes, UNESCO, Bangkok, 27-29 March 1996.
The Meeting was organized by UNESCO EPD in cooperation with UNESCO, Bangkok, with financial support from UNFPA.

The meeting's objective is to gather experts from China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand, and UNFPA/CST, Bangkok to present and deliberate on results of country studies on population and culture, as well as to suggest ways to enrich studies and organize follow-up actions. Three main themes are identified: Theme I. Socio-cultural research and population policy formulation and implementation; Theme II. Methodological issues relating to incorporation of socio-cultural research into population policy formulation; Theme III. Role of socio-cultural research and methodologies in population policy formulation and implementation.

POPULATION POLICY/DEMOGRAPHIC BEHAVIOUR/POLICY MAKING/CULTURAL VALUES
CHINA, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF/INDONESIA/MALAYSIA/PHILIPPINES/THAILAND
Class no: 302.072 A832F 1996
SOURCE: UNESCO/PROAP

00066
Bongaarts, John.
Population pressure and the food supply system in the developing world. New York, Population Council, 1996. 36 p. (Working papers no. 86)

This study examines trends in food supply system between 1962 and 1989. The focus is on developing world, where current and future agricultural problems are most serious. The analysis is based on FAO statistics for different aspects of food supply system in 90 developing countries for which the necessary data are available. Particular attention is given to how developing countries with different population densities have fed their growing populations.

FOOD/FOOD SUPPLY/POPULATION PRESSURE/POPULATION PROBLEMS/POPULATION INCREASE/FOOD PRODUCTION/POPULATION GROWTH/POPULATION DENSITY/NUTRITION ENVIRONMENT DEGRADATION DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
Class no: 338.19 B713PP
SOURCE: PC

This publication attempts to demystify UN's activities in the field of population and reproductive health. It serves as a companion piece to Population Action International (PAI) study, "Taking the lead: the United Nations and population assistance", which provides more analytical look at UN's involvement in population field. It is divided into four parts: Part 1. United Nations overview; Part 2. Policymaking and research organizations; Part 3. Organizations with major involvement in population and reproductive health; Part 4. UN organizations with complementary programs.

POPULATION ACTIVITIES/ORGANIZATIONS/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/UNITED NATIONS
Class no: 361.77 G795P
SOURCE: PAI


Statistics in relation to sex-ratio, age-structure, mean age at marriage have been indicated. The strategies for future to improve present condition of girl child in India have been discussed.

GIRLS/WOMEN/DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS INDIA
SOURCE: SC


The booklet presents the report of the International Meeting of Parliamentarians on Food Security, Population and Development (IMPFSPD), held on 10-11 November 1996 in Geneva, Switzerland. This report will encourage readers to understand connection between population issues and food security.

CONFERENCE REPORTS/FOOD/FOOD SUPPLY/FOOD SECURITY/SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT/FOOD REQUIREMENTS
Class no: 301.3206 1612RE 1996
SOURCE: IMPFSPD
The IUSSP distinguished lecture series at ICPD, Cairo, 1994.

This book consists of lectures presented at the International Conference on Population and Development, held in Cairo, September 1994. It includes 7 lectures: The course and causes of fertility decline; Population and development; Population and conflict; Poverty and population; Status of women, population and development; Population and environment; From Rio to Cairo; Population and health.

FERTILITY DECLINE/POVERTY/WOMEN'S STATUS/ ENVIRONMENT/HEALTH EDUCATION  
Class no: 301.32 I61P  
SOURCE: IUSSP

Johnston, Stanley.  

This book recounts what actually happened at the Cairo Conference and how it was achieved. The early chapters look in some detail at the preparations for Cairo, in the context of over three decades of attempts to integrate population, development and environment issues. Separate chapters treat abortion, empowerment of women, adolescence, international migration, population stabilization, and resources. On each, the flavour of debate is conveyed by extracts from the speeches of more prominent protagonists. Appendixes give summary of Cairo Programme of Action, UN General Assembly resolution endorsing the Programme.

ENVIRONMENT/ABORTION/WOMEN/ADOLESCENTS/ADOLESCENCE/MIGRATION/CONFERENCES  
Class no: 301.32 J69P  
SOURCE: EPL

The report deals with incorporation of population factors into socio-economic development planning Lao PDR. It presents the profile of population growth, educational and health conditions, employment, women's role in development, relationship between population and environment. It concludes with presentation of strategic population plan and recommendations on population activities.
Leisinger, Klaus M.; Schmitt, Karin.

Population growth can be so rapid that it prevents sustainable development, the very condition which is necessary to slow down growth rates. This groundbreaking study examines this dilemma and presents ethical means of reducing growth rates.

Nihon University. Population Research Institute.
Changing mortality and morbidity rates and the health status and life expectancy of the older population, by Eileen M. Crimmins, Mark D. Haywood and Yasuhiko Saito. Tokyo, Nihon University, 1996. 175 p. (NUPRI reprint series no. 60)
Reprinted from "Demography", Volume 31, Number 1, February 1994, pp. 159-175.

This paper demonstrates the consequences of changes in mortality and health transition rates for changes in both health status life expectancy and prevalence of health problems in older population in United States.
Differentials in active life expectancy in the older population of the United States, by Eileen M. Crimmins, Mark D. Hayward and Yasuhiko Saito. Tokyo, Nihon University, 1996. 10 p. (NUPRI reprint series no. 61)

This study clarifies the process by which mortality and disability interact to determine difference in active life expectancy by age, sex, race, and education for United States population 70 years of age and over.

AGED/AGING/LIFE EXPECTANCY/DEMOGRAPHY
U.S.A.
Class no: 301.32 N691NR NO. 61
SOURCE: NUPRI


This analysis examines responses by Japanese firms to the aging of population and changes in government policies that are influenced by current demographic trends. It examines changes in lifetime compensation policies, the age of mandatory retirement, and other human resource policies. The role of national government in this evolution of human resource policies is also discussed.

AGING/AGED/SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/POPULATION POLICY/RETIREMENT
JAPAN
Class no: 301.32 N691HR NO. 62
SOURCE: NUPRI


The 1995-1996 Survey of Population Change was undertaken in order to provide the data on changes in demographic characteristics during the intercensal period. The Survey of Population Change is the multi round survey for the period of one year. There are five rounds with the interval of about 3 months in each round. The main characteristics of base population was collected in the first round. The successive round of the survey are conducted by recording
the events of births, deaths, migration and other changes occurring during each round. This report presents the results from the first round of the survey about the demographic and socio-economic characteristics of population during the intercensal period.

**POPULATION CHANGE/POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS/POPULATION COMPOSITION AND DYNAMICS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

**THAILAND**

Class no: 301.32 T364R
SOURCE: TNSO

00078

United Nations.


This pocket edition of ICPD Programme of Action is issued by the United Nations Population Fund on the occasion of the second anniversary of the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD). The Conference, held in Cairo from 5 to 13 September 1994, was convened under the auspices of the United Nations. Under the overall theme of "population, sustained economic growth and sustainable development", the conference conducted a general debate on population and related issues and their implications for social and economic development before it adopted, by consensus, a new Programme of Action that will guide national and international action in the area of population and development during the next 20 years. This publication contains the Programme of Action of the Conference as well as the oral and written statements and reservations on the Programme of Action.

**PROGRAMME PLANNING/POPULATION PROGRAMMES/SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT/SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT/EMPOWERMENT/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY/FAMILY/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/HEALTH CARE/POPULATION DISTRIBUTION/MIGRATION/MIGRATION, INTERNATIONAL/INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION/WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT/POPULATION GROWTH/REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS/MORBIDITY/MORTALITY/AIDS/HIV**

Class no: 301.3206 U54P 1996
SOURCE: UNSS

00079


The 1997 report is divided into 4 chapters. The first chapter sets out the legal framework for reproductive rights, discusses specific rights for sexual and reproductive health, and advocates legal and policy reforms to promote
reproductive rights. Chapter 2 examines the burden of poor health related to reproduction and sexuality, and addresses a number of the major causes and some of the solutions, including reproductive health services. Chapter 3 addresses the sexual and reproductive health needs of adolescents, rights in marriage and childbearing, violence against women. Chapter 4 deals with sustainable development, a better quality of life.

00080
Visaria, Leela; Visaria, Pravin.

This report examines India's demographic transition to lower fertility and mortality, and how these changes affect population of a country that adds 17 million people to the world every year. It emphasizes on factors responsible for fertility decline and considers signs that demographic transition is gaining momentum in India. The report looks at the considerable fertility and mortality differences among states, religious and ethnic groups and between city and countryside, for clues about future trends.

DEMOGRAPHIC TRANSITION/FERTILITY/MORTALITY/FERTILITY DECLINE/DEMOGRAPHY/POPULATION PROJECTIONS INDIA
Class no: 301.32 V822I
SOURCE: PRB
Patton, Michael Quinn.


This book is both practical and theoretical. It tells how to conduct programme evaluations and why to conduct them in the manner prescribed. Each chapter contains both a review of relevant literature and actual case examples to illustrate major points.
Brayfield, April; Hofferth, Sandra L.


This paper examines factors that may influence whether employed mothers purchase child care, and, among those who pay, how much they pay for child care services. It also investigates how these factors may be associated with proportion of total family income and proportion of mother's earnings spent on child care.

Brown, Lester R., and others.


Vital Signs offers global trends that are changing our lives, environment, economic, and social health. Key indicators include trends of food supply, agricultural resource, energy, atmosphere, economy, transportation, population and military.

Cook, Rebecca J.

This article chiefly examines the nature and interpretation of international
human rights law; and the international protection of women's reproductive rights.

00085
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific.

This annual statistical publication contains selected socio-economic indicators relating to population, social statistics, employment, energy, national accounts, external trade, central government expenditure by function, finance, production, prices, land use, transport, and tourism concerning countries or areas of ESCAP region.

00086
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific.

The book is designed to provide up-to-date monthly data for the purpose of assessing the demographic and economic trends in countries or areas in Asia and the Pacific region. Data are presented in the form of time series on a monthly basis except the regional tables in Part I. Each chart carries the reference number of the series concerned.

00087
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific.

The book is designed to provide up-to-date monthly data for the purpose of
assessing the demographic and economic trends in countries or areas in Asia and the Pacific region. Data are presented in the form of time series on a monthly basis except the regional tables in Part I. Each chart carries the reference number of the series concerned.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/ STATISTICS ASIA/PACIFIC REGION
Class no: R 330.9 E17S MARCH 1997
SOURCE: ESCAP

00088
Heyzer, Noeleen; Sen, Gita, eds.
395 p.

This volume contains essays related to interlinkages between macro-economic patterns and gender and poverty situations, major approaches to gender issues and poverty alleviation, new possibilities to promote gender equity and reduce poverty in Asia and Pacific region.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT/ECONOMIC GROWTH/POVERTY/ POOR/SEX ROLES/ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT/ECONOMIC PLANNING ASIA/PACIFIC REGION
Class no: 330.9 H622G
SOURCE: APDC

00089
Nihon University. Population Research Institute.

The present article analyzes the way in which Japanese women's wages and labour supply are interconnected, not only with each other, but also with family structure, its relation to availability of alternative child-care arrangements and practices of family support for aged parents.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACTORS/EMPLOYMENT/MARRIED WOMEN/ FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS/WOMEN'S EMPLOYMENT JAPAN
Class no: 301.32 N691NR NO. 64
SOURCE: NUPRI
O'Hare, William P.


This bulletin examines the trends in the number and characteristics of the poor, and looks at some of the common misperceptions about poverty. The report discusses the great diversity and dynamic nature of the poverty population, and the enormous differences in economic well-being among population groups and geographic areas. It shows how demographic change, along with social and economic change, has contributed to the increase in poverty over the past 20 years, and speculates about future trends. The major welfare programs used by poor and low income Americans, the fundamental changes in government welfare programs enacted in the mid 1990s are reviewed.

POVERTY/POOR/DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGE/DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS/SOCIAL WELFARE/SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACTORS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
U.S.A.
SOURCE: PBU


Based on 1993 Social Attitudes Towards Children Survey, this study examines the extent of sex preference in Thailand and the factors affecting desire for additional children.

SEX PREFERENCE/DESIRABLE FAMILY SIZE/FERTILITY/FERTILITY BEHAVIOUR/FAMILY SIZE/FERTILITY SURVEYS/FERTILITY DETERMINANTS/SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACTORS/SOCIAL ASPECTS/FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS
THAILAND
Class no: 301.321 T364D
SOURCE: TNSO


The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in Bangkok Metropolis, Nonthaburi, Pathum Thani and Samut Prakan. Survey results are presented for
areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/ INCOME THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RB 1994
SOURCE: TNSO

00093

The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in the Central Region of Thailand. Survey results are presented for areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/ INCOME THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RC 1994
SOURCE: TNSO

00094

The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in the Northeastern Region of Thailand. Survey results are presented for areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/ INCOME THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RE 1994

The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in the Northern Region of Thailand. Survey results are presented for areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/INCOME
THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RN 1994
SOURCE: TNSO


The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in the Southern Region of Thailand. Survey results are presented for areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/INCOME
THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RS 1994
SOURCE: TNSO


The survey was carried out through February 1994 - January 1995. It covers...
information on household income, expenditure, debts, housing characteristics as well as the ownership of some selected durable goods in the whole kingdom of Thailand. Survey results are presented for areas namely Municipal Areas, Sanitary Districts and Villages. Households are classified primarily by socio-economic class, per capita consumption expenditure decile group, household size and per capita consumption expenditure quintile group.

STATISTICS/HOUSEHOLD SURVEY/SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS/INCOME
THAILAND
Class no: 330.9 T364RW 1994
SOURCE: TNSO

00098
Trzyna, Thaddeus; Osborn, Julia K.

Most of the papers in this volume are presented and discussed at a workshop on defining and measuring sustainability at the 19th General Assembly of IUCN - The World Conservation Union, held in Buenos Aires, Argentina, in January 1994. The articles are divided into 3 parts: Part I. Sustainability and sustainable development: What do they mean? Part II. Measuring progress; Part III. Indicators of sustainability.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT/ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT
Class no: 338.9 T876S 1995
SOURCE: IUCN

00099


CHILDREN/CHILD LABOUR/SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT/RIGHTS OF THE CHILD/CHILD WELFARE/DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
Class no: 301.4315 U60ST 1997
SOURCE: UNICEF
World Bank.

This report reviews the assistance from IDA (International Development Association) which provides long-term loans at zero interest to the poorest of the developing countries during three-year IDA10 period (July 1, 1993 through June 30, 1996). The broad context of world economy is described in the first section, along with information on poverty trends in IDA countries. The second section shows how IDA assisted borrowers during the past three years, along with indicators of IDA's programmes during this period. The third section reviews the main areas of emphasis in IDA projects and initiatives to reduce poverty and attain environmentally sustainable growth. The last section describes the aggregate uses and sources of IDA10 resources.

POVERTY/POOR/FINANCIAL AID/FINANCIAL RESOURCES
Class no: 330.9 W927I
SOURCE: WB
WOMEN

00101
Amnesty International.

It examines human rights of women in 75 countries, in the context of war; political, economic and social risks faced by women and women's activism in these areas. It lists 15 steps to protect women's human rights, and includes copies of 1979 UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women and the 1993 UN Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS/WOMEN/HUMAN RIGHTS/WOMEN'S STATUS/WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT/VIOLENCE
Class no: 323.34 A522H
SOURCE: AI

00102
Berer, Marge; Ray, Sunanda.

This book brings together knowledge and experience regarding the impact of HIV/AIDS on women's health, sexual relationships and reproductive rights and what women are doing about it around the world. It covers the effects of HIV and AIDS on women's health; number of women thought to be affected; risk factors and risk reduction for women; pregnancy, breastfeeding and motherhood; condom use, contraception and abortion; safer sex and relationships; testing and counselling issues for women; personal histories of women living with HIV/AIDS; details of projects and services by and for women; contacts and resources worldwide.

WOMEN/AIDS/HIV/WOMEN'S HEALTH/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS/PREGNANCY/BREAST FEEDING/CONDOMS/CONTRACEPTION/ABORTION/COUNSELLING/SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES/SEXUALITY
Class no: 614.5993 B489W
SOURCE: PAN
Bianchi, Suzanne M.; Spain, Daphne.


The lives of American women have been transformed by new patterns of marriage and childbearing, educational attainment, and labour force participation. These changes will shape the American family and society of the 21st century. The authors discuss major theories that explain why women have different patterns of labour force participation than men, and how women reconcile glaring inequities in domestic responsibilities and earnings levels. The authors also compare family and labour force patterns of American women with those in other developed countries.

WOMEN/LABOUR FORCE/WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION/WOMEN'S ROLE/WOMEN'S EMPLOYMENT/WOMEN WORKERS
U.S.A.
SOURCE: PBU

Chowdhry, D. Paul.


The gender discrimination against girl child in relation to health, nutrition, education, work participation, and adolescence, have been discussed. The rural-urban differences have been indicated. Measures to improve status of girl child have been suggested.

WOMEN/GIRLS/HEALTH/NUTRITION/EDUCATION/ADOLESCENCE/ GIRL'S EDUCATION
INDIA
SOURCE: SC

Denmark. Ministry of Foreign Affairs.


The first section of this paper covers female genital mutilation (FGM) in Danida programme countries and guidelines for Danida development assistance initiatives in prevention of FGM. The second section deals in more detail with information on explanation of FGM and the sexual and reproductive health and rights implications for girls and women. This section clarifies the religions and cultural contexts of FGM, presents international concern in the perspective of human rights and legislation and gives a short overview of main advocacy groups and networks.

This report summarizes important findings from a conference on the topic "The Status of Women and Demographic Change: Assessing What We Have Learned", which was held in December 1995, at East-West Center in Honolulu, Hawaii. The key ideas cover women's status and demographic change; women's education and childbearing; women's education and child mortality; women's employment and childbearing; women in development programs; impact of family planning programs on demographic change, reproductive health and women's empowerment; and policy implications.

Jejeebhoy, Shireen J.

Synthesizing the available literature from various disciplines and regions, this review addresses such topics as the way in which educating women affects their lives and their autonomy, as well as the linkages of women's education to reproductive behaviour, distinguishing the pathways in this relationship and, at the same time, synthesizing the volume of data available on aspects of this relationship.
Kapur, Promilla.  

The paper confining itself mainly to situation in India discusses how various kinds of abuse and exploitation of girl child are in reality restriction or denial and violations of her fundamental rights of survival, protection, participation, development and equality. These start from violation of her very right to be born and go to her right to lead an integratedly developed life. The paper also suggests some strategies to deal with this significant problem.

**WOMEN/HUMAN RIGHTS/VIOLENCE/WOMEN'S RIGHTS/GIRLS/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY**
**INDIA**
**SOURCE: SC**

Mehra, Jyoti; Chattoraj, B.N.  

The paper catalogues different types of child abuse crimes in India, profiles magnitude of problem, and discusses obstacles in the way of ensuring that justice is done. Measure for dealing with child sex abuse, incuding reform of law and judicial proceedings, are also discussed.

**WOMEN/GIRLS/VIOLENCE/SEXUAL HARASSMENT/SEXUAL ABUSE**
**INDIA**
**SOURCE: SC**

Nihon University. Population Research Institute.  
**Population change, development and women's role and status in Japan, by Naohiro Ogawa and Rikiya Matsukura.** Tokyo, 1997. 94 p. (NUPRI reprint series, no. 65)  

The report analyzes on the basis of macroeconomic-demographic-social security model, various population compositional adjustment problems, shedding light upon changing status of Japanese women and their career development.

**POPULATION CHANGE/WOMEN/WOMEN'S ROLE/WOMEN'S STATUS/ WOMEN'S EMPLOYMENT**
00111
This article looks at reproductive health issues affecting women between ages of 35-55 before, during, and after menopause.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/WOMEN/CONTRACEPTION
SOURCE: OL

00112
Sciortino, Rosalia; Natsir, Lies Marcoes; Mas'udi, Masdar F.
This paper focuses on innovative approach of Indonesian Society for Pesantren and Community Development to understand women's rights in relation to reproductive and sexual health in Indonesian socio-cultural context, by studying and reinterpreting sacred texts of Islam. It describes how the group links issues of social justice, gender and reproductive health within Islamic jurisprudence and runs workshops for women who are active in Islamic boarding schools in rural Java and Madura, including pregnancy and childbearing, maternal mortality, clandestine abortion, sexual relations and HIV/AIDS.

WOMEN/WOMEN'S RIGHTS/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/ISLAM/ RELIGION/FAMILY PLANNING/RELIGIOUS ASPECTS/ REPRODUCTIVE BEHAVIOUR
INDONESIA
SOURCE: RHM

00113
Simmons, Ruth.
In this qualitative analysis of 21 focus-group sessions with rural women ranging in age from the teens to late 40s and living in the village of Matlab area, the women's perceptions of their changing society and influence of family planning programme are examined. The women's statements reveal their awareness of social and economic transition they are undergoing and their interest in family size limitation, which is bolstered by a strong family planning programme. Although the shifts in economic and social circumstances are not
large, in conjunction with strong family planning programme they constitute a powerful force for change in attitudes, ideas, and behaviour among these women.

**WOMEN/FERTILITY/FERTILITY DECLINE/FAMILY PLANNING/FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMMES/FAMILY SIZE**
**BANGLADESH**
**SOURCE:** SFP

00114
Singh, Susheela; Samara, Renee.

A study using data from 40 Demographic and Health Surveys shows that substantial proportion of women in developing countries continue to marry as adolescents. Education and age at first marriage are strongly associated both at individual level and at society level: A woman who has attended secondary school is considerably less likely to marry during adolescence, and in countries with a higher proportion of women with a secondary education, the proportion of women who marry as adolescents is lower.

**WOMEN/MARRIAGE/MARRIED WOMEN**
**DEVELOPING COUNTRIES**
**SOURCE:** IFPP

00115
Sohoni, Neera Kuckreja.

This book is about girls and their rights to childhood. It focuses on health and survival, nutrition, education, and employment. The broader issue of individual and institutional violence against girls is also addressed.

**GIRLS/GIRL'S EDUCATION/WOMEN'S EDUCATION/WOMEN'S RIGHTS/WOMEN'S STATUS/VIOLENCE/NUTRITION/EMPLOYMENT**
**Class no:** 305.23 S682B
**SOURCE:** TPP

00116
World Health Organization.

The Technical Working Group is convened to draw attention to female genital mutilation and its health consequences. It focuses on reviewing existing
knowledge about female genital mutilation; recommendation for adopting standard
definitions and classification for different types of female genital
mutilation; considering appropriate research methodologies and formulate
guidelines for data collection and analysis; discussing the effectiveness of
different types of intervention for prevention and elimination of female
genital mutilation; and identifying needs and intervention strategies for
future action.

WOMEN/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FEMALE CIRCUMCISION/
HEALTH CARE/SEX EDUCATION
Class no: 301.412 W628F
SOURCE: WHO

00117
World Health Organization.
World Health Statistics Quarterly: health security for women, Vol. 49, No. 2,

This special issue contains a series of articles which present wide range of
issues that are critical to achieving health security for women, such as
article on women's reproductive health, maternal mortality, contraceptive
choices, female genital mutilation. Another group of articles addresses
women's differential vulnerability to infection, differential impact of
diseases on women, and differential treatment rates by sex. Articles on
HIV/AIDS, women and tuberculosis, women and smoking. Several other articles
examine special health needs of specific groups of women, such as aging women.

WOMEN/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/HEALTH CARE/MATERNAL
MORTALITY/CONTRACEPTIVE/FEMALE CIRCUMCISION/HIV/
AIDS/WOMEN'S HEALTH
Class no: 613.0424 W628W
SOURCE: WHO
PART III: AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS
00118
VHS/PAL system.

In 1991, the Government of the People's Republic of China and UNFPA signed an agreement on the implementation of Population Education Project (CPR/91/P20) at the 735 rural adult schools in China's 25 provinces and municipalities. Thus this video tape summarizes how the project has achieved gratifying success in the history of development of China's adult education.

ADULT EDUCATION/RURAL POPULATION/POPULATION EDUCATION/POPULATION EDUCATION PROGRAMMES
CHINA, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF
Class no: VT96
SOURCE: UNFPA

00119
VHS/PAL system.

This colourful animated film shows the life of two girls who were born on the same day. One has a boyfriend after finalizing the lower secondary school and no longer goes to school at the age of 16. Later, she becomes a poor mother of six children and suffers from diseases which are often found in women who get married early and bad family planning. All of her children have malnutrition and different diseases. While another girl continues her study and becomes a doctor of medicine. The video tries to explain the concept of living through these two girls' life. The girls are not a drop of rain. Not to lose our youth and happiness. We should have a happy family in which all members are healthy and educated and be able to serve ourselves and society. Happiness is in our hands.

FAMILY PLANNING/POPULATION EDUCATION/QUALITY OF LIFE/
RURAL POPULATION
VIET NAM
Class no: VT97
SOURCE: JOICFP

This training kit is a collection of population communication based on African experiences in approaching to produce songs, dances, theatre, plays, poems and other forms of cultural expression used to communicate on variety of rural development issues. The tools consist of: 1) Training guide book in two parts: "Working with artists", a training process in ten steps, concentrates on training of workshop facilitators; "The world's a stage", shows step-by-step, day-by-day, the production process with artists. 2) Diskette allows for easy adaptation to local environment. 3) Videotape illustrates two workshop experiences in two different cultural settings: "Communication for population and environment" depicts participatory production process in Malawi, where artists worked on relationships between population and environment; "Drumming for prosperity" zooms in on training of facilitators in Uganda and highlights production methodology at district level.

COMMUNICATION/MASS MEDIA/POPULATION COMMUNICATION/ENVIRONMENT/TRAINING MATERIALS/TRAINING METHODS/TRAINING PROGRAMMES
AFRICA
Class no: KIT 77
SOURCE: FAO

VHS/PAL system.

Careless industrial practices in both developed and developing world are destroying the planet's future. This film explores some of the efforts that are being made to reverse this grim trend.

ENVIRONMENT/ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION/ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS/ENVIRONMENTAL DEVELOPMENT
Class no: VT 95
SOURCE: UNSS

Daly, Neil; Bowen, Peter.
1 disc. 4 3/4 in.
Accompany with book no. 004.6 D153I.

This CD-ROM is accompanied with the book titled "Internet PowerWeb". It
contains online tutorials and documentation on how to use Web browsers and HTML editors. It also links to the recent versions of Web software and documentation on Internet. There are several sample pages on CD that employ techniques taught in the handbook.

COMPUTER LANGUAGES/INTERNET/COMPUTER INTERFACES/COMPUTER NETWORKS
Class no: LASER DISC. NO. 5
SOURCE: PEM

00123
International Labour Office.
New media for workers' education and training (Disk.). Geneva, ILO, 1995. 1
disk. 3 1/2 in. (Labour education 1995/3-4, nos. 100/101)
Accompany with book no. 301.161 129n.

This diskette presents example of interactive application on new media for

• workers' education and training.

COMUNICATION/MASS MEDIA/MEDIA/AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS/AUDIO-VISUAL
INSTRUCTION/EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/VIDEO TAPE/RECORDINGS
Class no: DISK NO. 1
SOURCE: ILO

00124

The 1995 Report gives an overview of UNFPA's work in 150 countries, highlights of the Fund's activities in 1995, a description of its new core programme areas (reproductive health and family planning, advocacy, and population and development strategy), an update on follow-up to the 1994 International Conference on Population and Development, reviews of UNFPA's regional and interregional programme activities, and a discussion of future resource requirements. This is the first CD-ROM version of the UNFPA annual Report. It includes the full text in English, French and Spanish. The disk also includes a multimedia introduction to UNFPA and its programme.

POPULATION PROGRAMMES/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FAMILY PLANNING/POPULATION
EDUCATION
Class no: LASER DISC. NO. 6
SOURCE: UNFPA
The present version 3 of Wistat on CD-ROM covers international statistics on women's situation for 212 countries and areas of the world in both database and spreadsheet formats. It provides 1,600 statistical series, mainly covering 1970-1993 on nine subject areas: population; education; economic activity; households, marital status and fertility; health and health services; housing and human settlements; public affairs and political participation; crime and justice; national product. It also provides user-friendly software for series search and selection, country profiles, table layout and export, as well as complete set of data organized in 148 spreadsheet files.

WOMEN/STATISTICS/DATA BASES/HOUSEHOLDS/POPULATION EDUCATION/ECONOMICS/HOUSING/HUMAN SETTLEMENTS/WOMEN IN POLITICS/WOMEN PARTICIPATION/MARITAL STATUS/FERTILITY/ HEALTH SERVICES.
Class no: LASER DISC NO. 4
SOURCE: UNSS
PART IV: APPENDICES

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PUBLISHERS AND SOURCES

AI
Amnesty International
322 Eighth Avenue
New York, NY 10001
U.S.A.

APDC
Asian and Pacific Development Centre
Persiaran Duta
Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia

APPJ
Asia Pacific Population Journal
Chief
Population Division
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
United Nations Building
Rajdamnern Nok Avenue
Bangkok 10200
Thailand

BLC
Booklinks Corporation
Narayanaguda
Hyderabad 500 029
India

CP
Clarendon Press
Oxford University Press
Walton Street
Oxford OX2 6DP
England

EPL
Earthscan Publications Limited

3 Endsleigh Street
London WC1H 0DD
England

ESCAP
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)
United Nations Building
Rajdamnern Avenue
Bangkok 10200
Thailand

EWC
East-West Center
1777 East-West Road
Honolulu, Hawaii 96848
U.S.A.

EWCPP
East-West Center
Program on Population
1777 East-West Road
Honolulu, Hawaii 96848
U.S.A.

FAO
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)
Via delle Terme de Caracalla
00100, Rome
Italy

FCI
Family Care International, Inc.
588 Broadway, Suite 503
New York, N.Y. 10012
U.S.A.
Rue des Augustins
34-4000 Liege
Belgium

JHUCC
Johns Hopkins University
Center for Communication Programs
Population Information Program
111 Market Place, Suite 310
Baltimore, MD. 21202-4012
U.S.A.

JOICFP
Hoken, Kaikan Bekkan
1-1, Sadohara-cho, Ichigaya
Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 162
Japan

JWS
John Wiley & Sons
605 Third Avenue
New York
NY 10158
U.S.A.

KPL
Kogan Page Ltd.
120 Pentonville Road
London N1 91JN
England

LAP
Library Association Publishing Ltd.
7 Ridgmount Street
London WC1E 7AE
England

LCPC

Committee for Planning and Cooperation
Vientiane
Lao People's Democratic Republic

MACI
Macro International Inc.
11785 Beltsville Drive
Suite 300
Calverton, MD 20705
U.S.A.

MFA
Department of Information
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
2, Asiatisk Plads
1448 Copenhagen
Denmark

MII
Macro International, Inc.
11785 Beltsville Dr.
Suite 300
Calverton, MD 20705
U.S.A.

MU
Department of Social Sciences and Humanities
Mahidol University
25/25 Puthamolthon 4
Salaya 73170
Nakhon Pathom
Thailand

NFHS
National Family Health Survey Bulletin
International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS)
Govandi Station Road, Deonar
Mumbai - 400 088
India
London WC2A 2AE
England

RECHPEC
Regional Clearing House on Population Education and Communication
UNESCO/PROAP
P.O. Box 967
Prakanong Post Office
Bangkok 10110
Thailand

RHM
Reproductive Health Services
1 London Bridge Street
London SE1 9SG
England

RIEP
Research Institute for Education Planning
The University of the Orange Free State
P.O. Box 339
Bloemfontein, 9300
Republic of South Africa

RUP
Rutgers University Press
109 Church Street
New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901
U.S.A.

SC
Managing Editor
Social Change Journal
Council for Social Development
53 Lodi Estate
New Delhi 110003
India

SFP

SP
Sage Publications, Inc.
2111 West Hillcrest Drive
Newbury Park, California 91320
U.S.A.

SPT
SAGE Publications, Inc.
2455 Teller Road
Thousand Oaks
California 91320
U.S.A.

TNSO
National Statistical Office
Statistical Data Bank and Information Dissemination Div.
Larn Luang Road
Bangkok 10100
Thailand

TPP
Third Party Publishing Company
P.O. Box 13306
Montclair Station
Oakland, California 94661-0306
U.S.A.

TUCD
Curriculum Development Centre
Tribhuvan University
Kirtipur
Kathmandu
Nepal

UKI
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