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#### **ABSTRACT**

This brief paper summarizes statistics on the rate at which 16-24 year old full-time college students were employed during October from 1970 to 1993, categorized by race/ethnicity (White, Black, and Hispanic) and hours worked per week. The data indicated that 46 percent of all full-time students were employed in 1993, and about one-fourth worked at least 20 hours per week. The percentage of employed full-time students rose from 30 percent in 1970 to 47 percent in 1988, and has remained fairly stable. White students were more likely to be employed than Black students. Students from high-income families were less likely to be employed or to work as many as 20 hours a week than students from low to widdle income families. Graphs of the data are also presented. (JPB)

<sup>\*</sup> Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made



## NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

April 1996

Working while in college

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### NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

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## Working while in college

Working while enrolled in college can be both beneficial and detrimental to a student's academic and labor market success. Although working during the school year leaves less time for students to concentrate on their studies or to participate in extracurricular activities, students may learn things from work experience that are not taught in the classroom. While some studies show that working long hours while in college may reduce a student's likelihood of completing college or lengthen the time it takes for those who do complete it, some employment may increase expected postgraduation wages.

- ♦ Almost half (46 percent) of all 16-to-24-year-old full-time college students were employed in October 1993, and about one-fourth worked at least 20 hours per week. In addition, approximately 85 percent of 16-to-24-year-old part-time college students were employed, with 75 percent working at least 20 hours per week.
- The percentage of 16-to-24-year-old full-time college students who were employed rose from 34 percent in 1970 to 47 percent in 1988, and since has remained fairly stable.
- ♦ White 16-to-24-year-old full-time college students are more likely to be employed than their black counterparts.
- Full-time college students, aged 16 to 24, from high income families were less likely to be employed than full-time college students from low or middle income families, and were also less likely to work at least 20 hours per week.

Percentage of 16- to 24-year-old full-time college students who are employed in October, by race/ethnicity and hours worked per week: 1970–93

	Δ	II students		White			Black			Hispanic															
October	Total*	20 or more hours	35 or more hours	Total*	20 or more hours	35 or more hours	Total*	20 or more hours	35 or more hours	Total*	20 or more hours	35 or more hours													
													1970	33.8	141	3.7	34.9	14.7	39	21 2	80	18		_	
													1971	34.1	14.8	3.7	35.8	15.6	38	16.9	6.1	25	_		
1972	35.1	15.0	3.4	36.3	152	32	21.5	12.2	58	42.7	210	2.5													
1973	36 4	16.8	4.4	37.6	174	43	27 7	142	58	34.8	13.8	3.3													
1974	366	17.0	4.7	38.2	174	47	23.2	13.0	50	34.4	158	6.8													
1975	35.2	16.6	4.6	36.3	17.0	46	23.8	13.0	47	39.0	17.5	4.5													
1976	37.5	16.9	4.0	39.6	17.7	39	227	119	47	35 4	148	3.1													
1977	388	18.1	4.2	40.9	189	40	208	105	53	42 9	23 5	4.6													
1978	399	190	4.7	41.8	19.7	47	222	117	47	53.2	268	7.4													
1979	38.1	18.0	4.0	40.0	18.4	39	24.8	139	54	35.6	20.4	5.2													
1980	400	17.9	3.8	42.1	18.3	38	240	122	51	41.4	26.6	4.5													
1981	39.3	187	4.2	416	19.5	41	238	117	38	39 2	219	5 9													
1982	399	18.5	31	42.4	19.6	30	26.2	12.2	43	33.1	14.1	1.6													
1983	40.4	18.8	3.8	42.7	193	40	285	160	22	33.7	20.2	5.6													
1984	42.1	21.0	4.2	44.7	22.0	43	25.2	14.8	32	34.8	19.7	4.1													
1985	44 2	21.5	4.3	47.4	226	44	24.1	160	49	43.5	23.2	3.5													
1986	43.0	21.9	4.3	46.3	23.5	47	24.7	142	39	40.5	22.6	2.1													
1987	44.2	22.3	4.3	45 7	228	40	31 7	158	43	52 1	31.8	7.6													
1988	46.5	24.5	4.7	48.9	25.1	50	31.8	186	33	40.9	28.7	67													
1989	46.5	25 2	5.4	48.8	25 6	56	293	185	43	49 6	33.8	6.0													
1990	45.7	24 1	48	48.6	25 1	5.2	298	17.1	28	45 7	28.0	6.7													
1991	472	25.4	5.6	49.6	26.5	6.0	31 7	191	34	542	30.6	4.3													
1992	47.2	25.8	5.5	50.5	2/.2	59	302	19.9	44	47.0	29.4	4.7													
1993	46.3	24.6	5.1	50.1	26.5	5.5	28 9	18.0	38	46.7	25 1	6.3													

Not available

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, October Current Population Surveys.



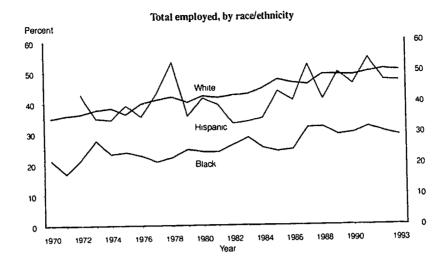
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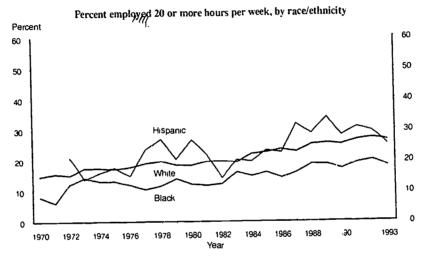




<sup>\*</sup> Includes those with a job but not at work during the survey week.

# Percentage of 16- to 24-year-old full-time college students who were employed in October: 1970-93





SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census, October Current Population Surveys.

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