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## ABSFRACT

Four units are included in this curriculin guide for a senester elective credit course in gonraet foods for high school Juniors and seniors：（1）Introndction to the Conrse $;$ and the Development of ma Gowret，${ }^{m}$ intended to facilitate defining and participating in planaing the courae progran and goalm，（2）masic Food Preparation for Gourmets，designed to help etudents comprehend and apply various basic cooking principles in the preparation of creative and artistic foods．（3）Wheals with Amorican legional and International Flavor，${ }^{n}$ an opportunity for stndents to becone faniliar with the cultures，religious beliefs，social practices，lanily traditions，and food preparation and service of varions regions in the United States and in other countries，and（4）Career Oppertunities Related to Foods，$N$ to stianlate mendents to investigate and becone faniliar with the various career opportunities available in the food industry．Subunits vithin each unit contain instructional objectives，generalizations（concepts to be taught），suggested student learning experiences，and resources．also included are a suggested 18－week schedule for the four units，anggested class organization and general notes on approach to teaching，suggestions for student shopping experiences．lists of suggested food preparations listed by country，a separate resource list for careers related to foods and nutrition，addresses for ordering films and filastrips，and lists of comunity trips，ifeld trips，local established restanrants，and international food grocers and eabassies in the washington，D．C．area．（日D）

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# DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION Division of Career and Vocational Education <br> Home Economics 

## GOURMET FOODS

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## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

th the cofine of study Gourmet Foods was originally written in $197 t$ by Martha Marshall, Paint Branch High School; imeice Magill, Rockville High School; Laureen Mennell, Richąd Montgomery High School; and Mary Melvin, Phamon Figh School, under the direction of Louise Harmon, then Supervisor of Home Ecpnomics. The document waik rexiged and updated in the summer of 1974 by Alipe Fleshman, Rockville High School, under the direction of Dowothy Hunier, Supervisor of Home Economics.
3.


## OVERVIEW

Courmer Foods is a semester elective credit course for high school juniors and seniors. It is designed to meet the students on their entry ability levels within gourmet cooking. A fee is required to help meet the cost of food prepared in the course, the amount being determinined by each school.

The Course is divided into four units:
INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE, AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF "A GOURMET" facilitates defining and participating in planning the course program and goals. It provides an opportunity for students and teacher to assess entry level abilities and to establish common background information and experiences necessary to the development of a gourmet.

BASIC FOOD PREPARATION FOR GOURMETS is designed to help students comprehend and apply various basic cooking principles in the preparation of creative and artistic gourmet foods.
MEALS WITH AMERICAN REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL FLAVOR presents an opportunity for students to become familiar with the cultures, religious beliefs, social practices, family traditions, and food preparation and service of various regions in the United States and in other countries.
CAREER OPFORTUNITIES RELATED TO FOODS stimulates students to investigate and become familiar with the various career opportunities available in the food industry.
The popularity of Gourmet Cooking in the high school curriculum is strongly supported by the increasing availability of imported and domestic gourmet cookbooks, cookware, and foods. The media has recently advorated and supporied the concept of gourmet foods as a leisure-time activity and provided the average family with knowledge of the subject through televised programs by famous chefs and celebrity gourmets. The concept of food as merely a basis for nourishment has been modified to encompass food as a mode for self-expression and creativity.

Gourmet Foods can also become a public relations class with ihe inclusion of much parental and staff involvement. Students have an opportunity within the course structure to entertain and to develop their social skills.

## INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES

By the end of the course in Gourmet Foods, the student should be able to:
Define gourmet, gourmet foods, its terminology, and techniques
Demonstrate the ability to perform basic cooking procedures and methods used in cooking
Experience confidence in culinary skills
Prepare and serve food attractively, utilizing garnishing techniques
Correlate the relationships among national culture, religious beliefs, social practices, family traditions, food indigenous to a region, and methods of food preparation and service
Identify the contributions made by foreign foods to American gourmet cooking through recipe selection in meal planning
Recognize how food preparation and management principles can be applied toward a career in the foods industry

## SUGGESTIONS FOR TEACHING GOURMET FOOD'S

- The outline for this semester course suggests a division into two main parts; viz, basic cookery principles and international foods. Using the basic cookery experiences as a foundation, the teacher should stimulate students to develop their artistic and creative ability in fobd preparation.

The means by which the teacher can best fulfill the responsibility to teach and motivate students in a gourmet food class can be as flexible as the teacher. If the two parts of the course are taught individually as outlined, it is suggested that as much preparation as feasible be included in the second part. If the teacher chooses, she may combine the two parts. (See Appendix for sample course outline that could be used if two units ase integrated.) Lists of suggested preparations for each country reflect the variety of international foods that can be prepared.
At least four-fifths of the class time should be spent in practical food preparation and demonstration. In planning food preparations, the students enjoy the freedom of selecting their own recipes from available resources in the classroom. The teacher should offer guidance as to whether the selected recipes are feasible financially and in terms of preparation time required and the preparation skills involved.
Serving buffet-style provides the students an opportunity to compare final results of foods which they have prepared, to taste a variety of foods, and to develop a sense of pride in their own achievements. In addition, buffet-style service helps to keep costs within the class food budget. The responsibilities for preparing the parts for each buffet meal can be shared among the kitchen groups. However, it is suggested that each buffet meal be planned to enable each kitchen group to prepare at least one dish in which students apply the basic food concepts being emphasized. When teaching the unit on international foods, a general rotation chart (see Appendix) can be utilized since no one specific food preparation principle is being emphasized.

Students can gain valuable practical experience in purchasing, on their own time, the main food items for their recipes. Given a prescribed budget, they are stimulated to do comparison shopping that will be of value to them in the future. The shopping responsibility is rotated among kitchen members. (The teacher can refer to the Appendix for further suggestions on how student purchasing experiences might be employed in the program.)
The teacher may wish to provide the students with pamphlets and books dealing with techniques and details for food demonstrations. This presentation experience can be of great personal value to the student in developing selfconfidence while establishing culinary skills.

## OUTLINE FOR GOURMET FOODS

Unit I. Introduction to the Course, and the Development of "A Gourmet"

## A. Program and Goals

## B. Facilitating the Development of the Gourmet

1. Terms
2. Equipment
3. Measures
4. Presentation of Food
a) Garnishings
b) Table service

Unit II. Basic Food Preparation for Gourmets
A. Extractions and Enhancements of Foods

1. Seasonings
a) Classification of seasoning
b) Task sensitivity
2. Soups
a) Classification of soups
b) Stocks
c) Garnishing of soups
3. Appetizers and Beverages
a) Hot or cold hors d'oeuvres
b) Canapes and tea sandwiches
c) Coffee, tea, and other beverages
B. Meat and Other Protein Foods
4. Meats, Their Sauces and Marinades
a) Composition and cut
b) Carving
c) Methods of preparation
d) Mother sauces for meats
e) Roux mixtures for meats
f) Glazes for meats
g) Sauces and marinades*
5. Poultry and Game
a) Types of poultry and game
b) Grading of poultry
c) 'Boning and carving
d) Methods of cooking
e) Gravies and sauces
6. Eggs and Cheese
a) Principles of protein cookery
b) Cheese classifications
c) Techniques of preparation - souffles, omelettes, crepes, fonduc, quiche lorraine, etc.
7. Fish and Shellfish
a) Classification of fish and shellfish
b) Preparation for cooking
c) Techniques of eating shellfish
d) Chaudfroid sauces and aspic
-Sauces and marinades may be taught as a separate unit, if so desired.
C. Fruits and Vegetables
8. Sélection, Storage, and Preparation
9. Marketed Forms of Vegetables
10. Cooking Methods
11. Nutritional Considerations
D. Salads and Salad Dressings
12. Categories of Salads
13. Variety of Greens
14. Variety and Preparation of Dressings
E. Rice, Pastas, and Potatoes
15. Types of Rice, Pastas, Potatoes
16. Principles of Starch Cookery
F. Breads and Desserts
17. Quick Breads
a) Typés - biscuits, muffins
b) Variations
18. Yeast Breads
a) History of breads
b) Methods - coolrise and traditional
c) Variations
19. Desserts, Pastries, and their Sauces
a) Methods and principles of sugar and/or starch cookery
b) Types - puff passries, souffles, tortes, and creams
c) Sauce cookery

Unit III. Meals with American Regianal and International Flavor
A. Factors of Delineation and Composition

1. Geographic Influences
2. Agricultural Products
a) Regional products
b) Use of products
3. Life Style
a) Historical influence
b) Famous persons
c) Current situation
4. Nutrition
a) Basic tone
b) Dietary problems
c) Food habits
5. Food Preparation
a) Typical foods of foreign countries
b) Special cooking methods
6. Meal Service
7. Holidays and Celebrations
B. Suquened Regions and Countries
8. United States Regional Foods
a) Southern
b) Maryland Eastem Shore
c) Western
d) Pennsylvania Dutch
e). New Orieans
i) New England
9. Foreign Foods
a) Spain and Portugal
b) Mexico and Latin America
c) British Isles
d) France
e) Germany
f) Italy
g) Orient
h) Polynesia
i) Russia and Eastern Europe
j) Scandanavia
k) Slavic countries
1) Southern Asia
m) Africa

Unit IV. Career Opportunities Related to Foods

## UNIT I. INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE, AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF "A GOURMET"

## A. PROGRAM AND GOALS

## Inatructional Objectives

The student will:
Participate in planning the course program and know goals to be met during course
Develop interest in the total spectrum of course
Become familiar with the physical organization of the class

## Generalizations

Gourmet Foods is a course in which young men and women can increase their knowledge and develop skills and creativity in preparing and serving epicurean foods.
Interest in class activities can be motivated if students share in the responsibility of class direction and management.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Distribute copies of a tentative class outine that suggests food areas to be studied and class management procedures. Students discuss ànd provide suggestions for additional food areas of interest and possible resource speakers such as their family members, acquaintances, or professionals within food service fields. Using a round robin, have all students add their impressions to a collective definition of gourmet and gourmet joods. Publicly record these ideas.


## B. FACILITATING THE DEVELOPMENT OF A GOURMET

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Develop a workable knowledge of food terms, measurements, and equivalents to be used in food preparation
Become familiar with the kitchen equipment used in gourmet preparation
Apply the art of garnishing in the preparation of gourmet foods
Apply learnings when creating a table setting

## Generalizations

"More satisfactory results are obtained when one is familiar with the measurements, equivalents, and food terms used in the preparation of food.

The use of an appropriate piece of equipment for measuring, preparing, and serving food helps to insure success in cooking.
Garnishing food enhances the appearance and increases the palatability of food.
Attractive and appropriate table settings enhance the appearance and convenience of serving and consuming food:
STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Provide opportunities for students to demonstrate their ability to interpret and follow a recipe in the preparation of a simple food. Instruct each group of two students to select and add a displayed seasoning or food product when they prepare this simple dish (any food that can readily accept taste modification through subtle seasoning). Emphasize that Gourmet Foods will provide the experience and challenge of tasting new and different foods. Students display their dish and compare final results. Briefly discuss the importance of being able to interpret and follow a recipe.
- Students display their creativity on The Slice of Life. -

See Appendix.
-. Uting menua from a variety of restaurants, acquaint the students with menu and preparation terms, Show the filmanip Names in the Cooking Game, and give the quiz included in kit.

Local restaurinins.
Filmstrip:"Names in the Cooking Game," Ehco Housewares Co.

- Demonstrate the use of small kitchen equipment and basic meagurements. Combine into a quick product.
- Invite representative from Pepco to demonstrate the care and use of shall equipment.

Speaker: Home Economics Demonsurator, Pepco.

- Show filmstrip "All About Knives." Discuss how to buy and use various types of knives in food preparation. Filmstrip: "All About Knives," Ekco Housewires Co.
- Show the filmstrip "All About Garnishes" or "Looking into the Ripe Olive Food World."

Filmstrips: "All About Garnishes," Ekoo Housewares Co. "Looking into the Ripe Olive Food World," Olive Adminisurative Committee.

- Demonstrate the preparation of a variety of garnishes. Students display on a bulletin board illustrations of nicely garnished dishes.

Pamphlet: All About Garnishes.
Current food periodicals.

- Show film Table Sellings. In groups of two, students set up appropriate table setting for specific menus written on board. Using pamphlets, students evaluate each other's table setting.

Film: Table Settings, MCPS IMC
Pamphlet: Table Setting Techniques, Morton Salt Co.

- Show the film The Art of Food Demonstration or the filmstrip "How to Give a Demonstration." Discuss effective lood demonstration principles. Students select basic and international food areas to demonstrate.

Film: The Art of Food Demonstration, Modern Talking Picture Service. Wheat Flour Institute.
Filmstrip: "How to Give a Demonstration." Available in MCPS Home Economics Office.

## UNIT II. BASIC POOD PREPARATION FOR GOURMETS

## A EXTRACTIONS AND ENHANCEMENTS OF FOODS <br> 1. SEASONINGS

## Imetructional Objectives

The student will:
Recognize various seasonings by appearance and flavor
Apply the varied use of seasonings in food preparation

## Gemeralizationa

The laste sense buds on the tongue can be ciassified according to four major tastes: sweet, sour, sally, and bitter.
Seasonings can be divided into various categories such as spices, herbs, seeds, red-podded peppers, dehydrated vegetable seasonings, and blends.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

: Using a ditity blindfold members of the class and have them taste samples of various foods to determine how taste serlses are affected by lack of eye appeal. Eliminate smell as a factor of taste by having students hold their noses and then recording difference of taste when smell is a variable.
'Eppright, Pattison, Barbour. Teaching Nutrition, 1963.

- Show the filmstrip "Spices in Today's Cooking," or the film The Kitchen Keyboard. Discuss the different types and uses of seasonings.

Filmstrip: "Spices in Today's Living," American Spice Trade Associationt, Inc.
Film: The Kitchen Keyboard, Modern Talking Picture Service.

- Set up a display table of the seasonings available in the foods laboratory. Conduct a "taste-in" of seasonings mixed with compatible foods such as butter, cream cheese, tomato sauce, refrigerated biscuits, etc. Have the sfudents evaluate or classify the seasoning on'a chart.

0 Hooker, Herb Cookery.

- Students will begin an herb garden for future use in class.


## Suggested Evaluation:

Present several new nonidentified seasonings. Have each student taste them and answer these questions:
Which types of dishes would this seasoning seem appropriate for and why?
Which taste sense would the seasoning most likely stimulate?
What category of seasonings would you identify and why?

## 2. SOUPS

## Instructional Objective

The student will:
Apply the principles and procedures of soup cookery to the preparation and serving of a variety of soups

## Generalizations

The quality of soups is determined by the quality of stocks.
Basic protein and fat princlples and methods are used in the preparation of soup.
Various garnishes may be used to enhance the appearance of soup.

## STUDENT LEARNLNG EXPERIENCES and DESOURCES

Show the film The Ballac of Soup Du Jour. Discuss the major stocks and the cooking procedure for each (stock color, clarity, and gelling properties).

Sunset Editors. Sunset Cookbook of Soups and Stews.

- Students prepare and garnish a variety of regional or foreign soups such as:
Manhattan Clam Chowder
New England Clam Chowder-
Jellied Consomme
Vichyssoise
WonTon
Minestrone
Borscht
Gazpacho
French Onion
Beer Soup
Mulligatawny $\quad$
Bouillabaisse

Scandinavian Fruit Soup<br>Olla Podrida<br>Peanut Butter Soup<br>Oxtail Soup<br>Scotch Broth<br>Pot-au-Feu<br>Bavarian Lentil<br>Chicken Gumbo Creole<br>Shrimp Bisque<br>Dutch Potato Soup<br>Oyster Stew<br>Potage St. Germain

## Suggested Evaluation:

Students select a classification of soup and write an informal-style Gourmet Suggestions for Successful Soup Recipe: Evaluate on the appropriateness of ingredients, the sequence of preparation, hints included for the novice, and use of gourmet jargon.

## 3. APPETIZERS AND BEVERAGES

## Instructional Objective

The student will:
Apply the principles of basic cookery in the preparation of appetizers and beverages for a non-alcoholic party

## Generalizations

Appetizers are bite-size foods designed to stimulate the appetite.
The creative use of garnishes and fillings can produce canapes and tea sandwiches that artistically utilize elements of color, texture, and design.
Hors d'oeuvres can be prepared in the oven, chafing dish, or habachi.
Beverages, served either hot or cold, add color, flavor, and variety to meals.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES.

- Students list, discuss, and compare appetizers served before meals with those served for teas, receptions, and cocktail parties.
- Display the types of trays, napkins, plates, cups and/or glasses used for serving appetizers.
- Have each student select one or more pictured appetizers and create graphically or in reality a mode of serving not already illustrated.
- Show pictures of attractively garnished canapes and tea sandwiches.
- Demonstrate the preparation of various types of appetizers such as tea sandwiches, canapes, hot and cold hors d'oeuvres, or finger foods. Stress garnishment.

Show filmstrip "Coffec, Please" or films Tea Times and A World of Tea.
Filmstrip: "Coffee, Please," Pan American Coffee Bureau. Film: Tea Times, Audio Visual School.

- Discuss the preparation of coffee, tea, and fruit juice-based beverages used in various countries.

Film:A World of Tea, Modern Talking Picture Service.

- Students prepare and garnish a variety of appetizers and beverages for a non-alcoholic cocktail party such as:
Tea Sandwiches
Sandwich Loal
Tartetes Filled with Pates
Canapes on Crackers, Bread, or Toast Rounds
Escargots
Fruit and Meat Kabobs
Cheese and Meat Fondue
Swedish Meatballs
Stuffed Mushrooms or Cherry Tomatoes
Antipasta

Dips (ex.: Guacamole)<br>Cheeses, Cheese Balls, and Crackers<br>Spiced Russian Tea<br>Frosted Mocha Punch<br>Egg Nog.<br>Fruit Punch<br>Turkish Coffee.<br>Caffe Cappuccino<br>Demitasse

## Suggested Evaluation:

Using slides of dishes from the cocktail party, have class evaluate each dish with regard to its:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { texture } \\
& \text { color } \\
& \text { design - form } \\
& \text { display of service } \\
& \text { continuity with total table arrangement, using criteria provided earlier via student resources, how-to books, } \\
& \text { pamphlets, demonstrations }
\end{aligned}
$$

## B. MEATS AND OTHER PROTEIN FOODS

## 1. MEATS, THEIR SAUCES AND MARINADES

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Gain knowledge of the composition, selection, preparation, carving, and service of meats

## Generalization

'Preparation of appetizing meats requires the knowledge of the cut; careful selection; and development of techniques for preparation, carving, and service.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Show filmstrip "How to Buy, Cook, and Serve Protem Beef." (Choose appropriate selections.)

Filmstrip: "How to Buy, Cook, and Serve Protem Beef," Swift and Co.

- Discuss definitions of terms used in meat cookery and the effect each method would have on the structure of meat involved.

| roast <br> broil <br> panboil | braise <br> stew |
| :--- | :--- |
| fry | sear |

Pollard, Experiences with Fooas.

- Using transparencies, reinforce learnings of buying and preparing meat.

Transparencies: "Meat Selection and Preparation," Visual Products Division 3M

- Demonstrate, followed by group practice, the preparation of:


## Beef Fondue

Roast Beef with Yorkshire Pudding London Broil

- Show film How About Lamb.

Film: How About Lamb, American Sheep Prolucts Council, Inc. The McCall Publishing Co. McCall's Illustrated Dinner Party Cookbook.

- Students plan and prepare an Irish Stew or Shish-ka bob. Plan menu around the main course.
- Students plan and prepare a pork main dish such as Sweet and Sour Pork or Barbequed Spareribs.


## Niles and Streufert, Family Table Service.

- Visit a butcher shop or the meat department of local grocery, and have butcher discuss the commercial preparation of meat, distribution, options for consumers, and laws and regulations affecting meats and quality standards.
- Add to this list of meat recipe ideas:

Hungarian Goulash
Beef Stroganoff
Sauerbraten
Baked Ham with Antrino Sauce
Veal Scallopini
Steak Diane
Crown Roast
Stuffed Pork Chops

Beef Bourguignon
Veal Birds
Veal Cordon Bleu
Corned Beef
Beef Wellington
Sukiyaki
Teriyaki
Veal Parmesan

## Suggested Evaluation:

Display several obviously identifiable raw cuts of various meats. Have each student identify the type of meat and indicate how its relative tenderness can be determined. Based on this tenderness rating, which type of preparation method would students use to produce highest degree of taste and tenderness?

## Instructional Objective - Sauces and Marinades*

The student will:
Comprehend the important role which sauces play in culinary preparation
Apply the knowledge of principles of starch cookery to the preparation and serving of sauces for meats and vegetables

## Generalizations

Sauces can enhance the flavor, appearance, moistness, and nutritive value of many foods.
Used as thickening agents in sauces, soups, and gravies, pastes made with cereal starches like corn and wheat are generally more cloudy in appearance; whereas those pastes made from root starches like potato and tapioca are more clear.
Flavor can be enhanced if meat or fish is soaked in a brine or pickle liquid known as a marinade.
Acidic marinades can tenderize the connective tissue in meats.
Marinades may be used in preparing a sauce to accompany the marinated food.

[^0]
## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Present a collage illustrating foods that are accompanied by various sauces.
- Students discuss names and characteristics of leading sauces such as Espagnole, Brown, Bechamel, Cream, Tomato, Volute (chicken or fish), and Hollandaise.


## Rombauer and Becker. Joy of Cooking.

- Demonstrate meat glaze and demi-glaze and the preparation of roux.
- Suggest ways of enhancing flavors with use of a seasoning such as cheese.
- Show filmstrip "How to Make Cream Sauce."

Filmstrip: "How to Make Cream Sauce," Dairy Council of Greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C.

- Students prepare various sauces used in main dishes or as accompaniments to other foods surh is:
Shrimp in Creole Sauce Lasagne
Spanish Sauce for Spanish Omelette
Spaghetti Sauce
Chipped Beef in Mushroom Sauce
Beef Stroganoff
Lobster Newburg
Seafood au Gratin

Asparagus with Hollandaise Sauce

- Conduct an experiment on the tenderizing effect of marinade on meat by varying the acidic ingredients.
"2. POULTRY AND GAME


## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Gain knowledge in the purchase, storage, and preparation of pouftry and game
Demonstrate skill in the preparation, carving, and service of poultry and game

## Generalizations

The term poultry refers to chicken, turkey, duck, goose, guinea and Cornish hen, squab, and pigeon.
Poultry can be classified into various types according to age, weight, and sex.
Poultry may be purchased in various marketing forms such as whole or in parts, fresh, frozen, canned, live, or dressed.
If poultry is full-fleshed and has meaty breasts and legs, well-distributed fat, and skin with few blemishes and pin feathers, it is considered to be of high quality.
Because poultry has a high protein content like meat, it should be cooked at low temperatures according to the tenderness (age) of the bird.
Fresh poultry has a limited refrigerator storage life; convenience forms of poultry, however, can be stored longer for. future use.
Game, such as deer and rabbit, is a specialty item depending on the season of the year and availability.
Game has a natural "gamey" taste; but it can be made more palatable if it is prepared with tomatoes and onions, or fruit, or spice marinades.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- List various types of poultry and game. Illustrate with pictures.
- Show filmstrip "All About Turkey." Discuss how to buy, cook, and serve turkey. Relate to other type of poultry. Filmstrip: "All About Turkey," Swift \& Co.
- Students visit Lexington Market in Baltimore (or other places where hic kens are processed) to identify differences between broiters, fryers, rextating thiekens, and stewing ehickens.

Field trip: Lexington Market, Baltimore, Maryland.
Pollach. Experience with Foods.
7

- Invite a representative from USDA to discuss grading, purchasing, and storage of poultry.


## United States Department of Agriculture

- Demonstrate how to bone a chicken breast by the preparation of chicken Kiev.
- Demonstrate how to disjoint a whole chicken for frying. Have each kitchen prepare a sample for themselves. Have each kitchen prepare the disjointed chicken pieces by a different method such as deep-fry, oven-fry, oven-broil, chicken a la king, etc. Arrange all pieces on platter and set up a taste-in.


## Lucas, The Gourmet Cooking School Cookbook.

- For a special occasion, have students stuff and truss a turkey. Use paper ruffles when serving. Suggestion: This activity is well suited to a holiday theme at Thanksgiving, Christmas, or Easter.
- If deer or other gam.، is : vailable, have scudents read about the particular meat and how it should be prepared and served. Check frozen ted section of local stores to see what is available - such as rabbit. Students discuss game factors such as high price, scarcity, laws of different states, and regional expectations.


## Remington Library, Wild Game Cookbook.

## Suggested Evaluation:

$\backslash$ Have each group disjoint a chicken for freezing and use at a later date. Evaluate the activity according to USDA and rommercial standards, within a time limit.

Students prepare and serve poultry and home dishes such as:
stuffed turkey, Maryland chicken, chicken paprika, chícken cacciatore, chicken marengo, chicken Kiev, duckling a l'orange, comish hen with wild rice, chicken a la king, chicken chow mein, arroz con pollo, oriental rock cornish hen, venisorr stew, and venison steaks

## 3. EGGS AND CHEESE

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Apply the principles of egg and cheese cookery to their preparation and service

## Generalizations

Eggs have many uses in the preparation of foods such as leavening, insulating, emulsifying, binding, and thickening; they also add color and nutrients.
Eggs should be cooked at a low gentle temperature due to their high protein content.
Eggs may be prepared in or out of the shell or as an ingredient in many dishes.
Cheese can be found in hundreds of varying shapes, sizes, and flavors. The taste of individual cheeses varies with serving temperature.

Cheese cookery involves the following principles:
Cook at a low temperature.
Cook for a short time.
Cut in small pieces to melt quickly.
Use well-ripened cheese.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Using illustrations or by demonstration, discuss the various uses of eggs in preparation such as binding, emulsifying, insulating, thickening, leavening.
- Biscuss what other stubstance could be used if eggs were not an ingredient.
- Demonstrate techniques used in determining quality of egg: candling, floating, spinning, USDA grading.
- Divide the clais into six groups. Give each group a recipe for preparing eggs by one of the following methods: frying (sunny-side up and once over), shirting, poaching, hard cooking, soft cooking, a nd scrambling. Compare for appearance and flavor. (This could be a good way to experiment with seasonings.)
- Demonstrate a cheese souffle or cheese omelet; and in so doing, show an understandin! of generalizations about both egg and cheese.
- Show the filmstrips "Guide to Cheese Making" and "Guide to Cheese"' or the film iRomance of Cheese.

Filmstrips: "Guide to Cheese Making ' and "Guide to Cheese," Kraft Foods.
Film: Romance of Cheese, Modern Tillking Pictures.

- Students prepare a "taste-in" of many different types of cheeses and vary the accomjaniments, using crackers, apples, and other fruits.
- Have students make own cheese.


## Kraft kit on Cheesemaking.

- Invite guest speaker to relate history of cheese, types of cheese, and cheese cookery. If po isible, provide many cheese types for students to taste.
- Students prepare a brunch using dishes that contain eggs and cheese as major ingredients such as eggs benedict, French omelette, souffles, quiche lorraine, eggs foo yung, timbales, deviled egg, fondue, egg a la goldenrod, crepes.

Better Homes and Gardens. For:due and Tabletop Cooking.

## Suggested Evaluation:

Give each student six recipes and ask him/her to identify how eggs are used in each dish and whether degree of freshness of egg would have significant effect on product.

## 4. FISH AND SHELLFISH

## Instructional Objective

The student will:
Apply the principles and procedures of fish and shellfish preparation

## Generalizations

Over 200 different varieties of fish sold in the markets are classified into two general groups: finfish and shellfish.
The common forms of the fresh finfish sold in markets are whole or round, drawn, dressed, steaks, fillets, and sticks.
Shellfish are marketed live in the shell, or shucked and cooked or frozen.
Because fish are rich in protein, they require low-temperature cookery to prevent toughening.
The fat content of fish determines whether it is cooked by moist or by dry heat methods.
Fresh fish is highly perishable due to its delicate, structure. Therefore, it has a short refrigerator-storage life.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Students visit the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries to become familiar with the classification of fish and fish cookery.

Field trip: Fish and Wildlife Services, Marketing Branch.

- Students develop a list of fresh water fish and salt water fish.
- Let stindents taste several examples of fish and decide whether the fish are lean tasting or fav/oily tasting.
- Have each student group broil sections of a fillet for varying time periods to experiment with the effect of heat on taste and texture. Research changes in nutritive value.
- Using food models, students will design a bulletin board titled "Fish for Menu Ideas," showing gourmets' version of seafood.

Food Models: Dairy Council of Greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C.

- Using real fish, make a fish print for decorative serving purposes.
- Demonstrate how to dress and fillet a fish for preparation.

The Culinary Institute, The Professional Chef.

- Show film Fish Dinner in Half an Hour. Discuss use of sauces with fish.

Film: Fish Dinner in Half an Hour, Indiana University.

- Invite someone who hads been raised in Chesapeake country to demonstrate the handling and eating of crabs, oysters, and clams. Also, discuss eating of other shellfish such as lobster. Have a crab feast outside the school or in someone's back yard.
- Students prepare various fish and shellfish dishes such as:

| Salmon Aspic | Fish-filled Egg Rolls <br> Tempura |
| :--- | :--- |
| Phrimp Curry | Fillets of Sole Florentine |

Pamphlet: How to Cook Crabs. St. Mary's County Waterman's Association, Fish and Wildlife Service.

## C. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Identify a variety of market forms in which fruits and vegtables are available
Whenever vegetables and fruits are used, apply principles of preparation appropriate for nutritive and appearance enhancement

Recognize the nutritive and aesthetic contribution of vegetables to the diet

## Generalizations

Fruits and vegetables contribute many nutrients to a meal as well as a contrast of color, texture, flavor, and shape.
Fruits and vegetable dishes are classified according to their role in the meal.
Fruits and vegetables are available in a variety of market forms which can be categorized according to flavor, color, nutritive content, and how grawn.
Many vegetables are improved in palatability and are more easily digested when cooked.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Display fruits and vegetables in the various market forms available and play identification game as to their name and ways each student has seen thepred.
- Discuss the selection, storage, preparation, and service of vegetables and fruits. Stress their nutritional value and how this is affected by proper preparation.

[^1]- Show one of the filmstrips: "Versatility of Vegetables" or "Vegetables No. 1 or No. 2."

Filmstrips: "Versatility of Vegetables" Spice Island Kitchen.
Students prepare a variety of vegetables, using different methods such as:

```
broiling - tomatoes, zucchini
serving with sauce - asparagus with hollandaise sauce, cauliflower with cheese sauce
pan frying - zucchini, sauteed mushrooms, green tomatoes
scalloping - potatoes, carrots
au gratin - broccoli, cauliflower, peas, and onions
baking - eggplant parmesan, casseroles
steaming - cabbage, corn
boiling - most vegetables
frittering - com frit:ers, potato fritters
glazing - carrots, harvard beets, sweet potatoes
souffleing - spinach souffle, sweet potatoes
stuffing - tomatoes, peppers, squash, zucchini
```

"Vegetables No. 1 and No. 2,"Gordon-Henderson Productions.

## Suggested Evaluation:

Throughout the Course, allow students to purchase own groceries and prepare them for storage until ready to be used. Selection should be based on USDA standards and availability; storage potential; and preservation of autritive value and appearance. As a resource, use USDA brochure on Vegetable and Fruit Grading, available from the USDA or Extension service.

## D. SALADS AND SALAD DRESSINGS

## Instructional Objective

The student will:
Gain knowledge of the principles and techniques of salad preparation and will apply knowledge to the preparation and serving of a variety of salads

## Generalizations

Salads contain four basic parts: base, body, dressing, and garnish.
Salads may be calegorized according tothe foods from which they are made or the way they are used in meal.
Proper principles af salad preparation are essential in ordet to insure freshness, food values, and attractiveness.
Artistryand creativity in salad preparation may be dis ${ }^{\infty}$, ed through selective choice of ingredients and the use of easily prepared garnishes.
Both proficiency and a sense of showmanship are required for salads prepared at the table,
The dressing is an important part of a salad because it adds flavor; increases palatability; serves as both a binding agent and a garnish; and provides variety to a salad.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Show sound filmloop A Cool Head for Salads. Discuss various salad greens and the preparation of greens for salads.

Filmloop: "A Cool Head for Salads," National Educational Media Inc.

- Display various salad greens (actual products or pictures.) Students identify each.
- Studentis create their own portofo illustrating different types of salads: leafy greens, vegetables, frut, mear, poultry, fish, seafood, gelatin.
- Students plan menus exemplifying five different uses of salads in meal preparation.
- Demonstrate technique and showmanship of Caesar Salad preparation at the table.
- Students scan cookbooks for a variety of dressing recipes and salads which might be appropriate for each. Note salads for which dressings serve as binding agents, garnishes, etc.
- Students use a basic cooked dressing and prepare several gourmet variations.
- Display a variety of ready-to-use dressings and packaged salad dressings. Students compare ingredients, taste, and cost of each with those of a self-made dressing.
- Demonstrate the preparation of salad garnishes; supplement with illustrations for variety. Students prepare an assortment of various types of salads and dressings, and add a garnish. Examples:
Salads:

Wilted Spinach Salad Mikado Salad Mandarin Orange Waldorf Salad Caeśar Salad Chef's Salad i Hot German Potato Salad Tomato or Lime Pear Aspics Crabmeat Salad in Avocado Greens (tossed at dable)
Fruit Salad Ambrosia Marinated Bean Tomato Andalouse Chiffonade Salad ${ }^{\text {- }}$

Dressings:
Thousand Island
Sour Cream
Chantilly
Combination
French
Bleu or Roquefort Cheese
Chef's Salad
Chiffonade
Green Goddess

Mexican Cole Slaw<br>Danish Cucumber<br>Stuffed Tomato<br>Hot German Slaw<br>Chinese Cabbage Salad<br>Vegetable Salad a la Russe<br>Fresh Fruit Chantilly Salad<br>Diplomat Salad<br>Whipped Black Cherry Gelatin, with Minted Cream Cheese<br>Jellied Ring Cherry Salad<br>Jellied Salad, Rutanne<br>Arabian Peach Mold<br>Perfection Salad

Hot Bacon
Fruit Salad
Honey Lemon
Princess
Vinaigrette
Mayghnaise
Italian
Russian
Louis Salad

## Suggested Evaluation:

Give each student a menu for which he/she must suggest type of salad and salad dressing and at what point they could be added to that menu. Evaluate on combination of taste to total meal; color, texture, service, and presentation of salad to the rest of the meal. Each student must explain how he/she would select the basic salad ingredients and the steps in storage and preparation.

## E. RICE, PASTA, AND POTATOES

## Instructional Objective:

The student will:
Apply the principles of starch cookery to the preparation of a variety of rice, pasta, and potato dishes

## Generalizations

In order to obtain uniformity in the cookery of starches, these conditions must be standardized and controlled: temperature of heating; time of heating; intensity of agitation or stirring; pH of mixture; and addition of other ingredients.

## Rice is the most frequently used of all cereals. It can be purchased in a variety of market forms such as long grain, short grain, brown, polished, wild, instant, and converted.

Rice may be prepared by boiling, steaming, frying, and baking; all methods affect the starch composition.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Display examples of the various market forms of rice. Discuss the differences in the methods of preparing each and the cost.
- Conduct an experiment in which students prepare rice, using identical amounts of rice but varying amounts, of water. Determine which consistency is preferred by the class.
- Using illustrations, display a variety of rice dishes.
- Show the filmstrip "Pasta and Italian Sauce" or film Macaroni Menu Magic.

Demonsistrate proper pasta preparation, emphasizing the use of boiling water, the use of oil to prevent sticking, and the length of cooking time.
Discuss various methods of preparing potatoes. Students prepare and serve potato, rice, or pasta dishes to accompany a poultry meal. Possible selections -

## Potatoes:

scalloped potatoes, chantilly potatoes, stuffed potatoes, potato pancakes, lyonnaise potatoes, candied sweet potatoes

Rice:

* fried rice, curried rice, rice ring, rice pudding, risotto, pilaf

Pasta:
chicken tetrazzini, lasagne, manicotti, noodles Romanoff, dumplings, quenelles
Filmstrip: "Pasta and Italian Sauce," Lawry's Foods, Inc.
Film: Macaroni Menu Magic, Modern Talking Picture Service.

[^2]
## F. BREADS AND DESSERTS

## 1. QUICK BREADS'

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Gain knowledge of the function of quick bread ingredients
Apply principles of quick bread preparation in preparing actual products to be served with soup
Use creativity in the preparation of a variety of quick breads from refrigerator and dry mix packages

## Generalizations

Quick breads can be prepared in a shorter period of time than yeast breads because baking soda or baking powder are used as leavening agents.

The intensity and characteristics of some sensory qualities of food can be changed by temperature and depend upon personal sensitivity; generally, the combinations of ingredients of quick breads are enhanced if served warm.

Refrigerator rolls and packaged quick bread mixes can be made more palatable and attractive by the addition of a variety of ingredients.

- Show filmstrips "Muffin Making" and "Biscuits, Plain and Fancy." Discuss the functions of ingredients and principles of preparation.

Filmstrips: "Muffin Making" and "Biscuits, Plain and Fancy," Betty Crocker Film Library.

- Demonstrate or have students demonstrate the preparation of an international or unique quick bread such as:

```
hush puppies
crumpets
spoonbread
funnel cakes
ebleskivers
waffles
crepes
```

Swedish pancakes

Women's Day.
Women's Day Encyclopedia of Cookery.
Medved. The World af Food.

- Students prepare and serve a quick bread using standards provided via the demonstration. Prepare refrigerator biscuits or packaged quick breads that are creatively varied with other ingredients.


## 2. YEAST BREADS

## Instructional Objective

## The student will:

Apply his/her skill of breadmaking to the preparation and serving of decorative yeast breads and rolls'

## Generalizations

Yeast is a living organism which acts as the leavening agent in yeast breads.
The preparation of yeast breads is based on the fermentation or formation of gluten and carbon dioxide.
Yeast breads are versatile, ranging from the plain loaf of white bread to the elaborately shaped tea rings, rolls, and braids.
The various forms of yeast breads often reflect the heritage and religious holidays of many peoples.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Briefly discuss the history of bread making and the relation of breads to the various religious holidays and family customs.

> Medved. The World of Food.

- Make a transparency, showing the functions of the various ingredients in breadmaking.

> Pillsbury. Breads Cook Book.

- Aśs students to create a recipe for a plain white bread including amounts and order of mixing. Compare students' recipes with actual recipes; and discuss need, proportion, and sequence of each ingredient.
- Show and discuss one of the filmstrips "Breads You Bake with Yeast" or "The Trick of Yeast Rolls and Coffee Cakes."

Filmstrips: "Breads You Bake with Yeast," Betty Crocker Film Library; "The Trick of Yeast Rolls and Coffee Cakes," Wheat Flour Institute.

- Demonstrate the coolrise method of bread and roll making; emphasize the importance of kneading and shaping.

Poster: Coolrise Bread, Robin Hood Flour.

- Show filmloop "Shaping Yeast Rolls." Have students prepare basic yeast dough and practice kneading and shaping dough.

Filmloop: "Shaping Yeast Rolls," MCPS Home Economics Office.

## Suggested Evaluation:

Students prepare a variety of decorative breads and rolls such as:

| French bread | brioches |
| :--- | :--- |
| Swedish tea ring | croissants |
| soft pretzels | Challah braid |
| stollen | baba au rum |
| kolachy | St. Lucia Crown |
| hoska | Swedish rye bread |
| Sally Luna |  |

Students serve the breads with tea, coffee, and/or punch for the school personnel, parents, or fellow students.
Evaluate products with standards provided by Betty Crocker's Breads You Bake with Yeast and service standards by those developed in Unit I.

## G. DESSERTS,' PASTRIES, AND THEIR SAUCES

## Instructional Objectives

The student will:
Apply knowledge of pastry making to the preparation of puff pastries and pies
Prepare a variety of desserts including pastries, desserts, molded desserts, cakes, tortes, and decorative cookies $\qquad$

## GENERALIZATIONS

Desserts are often served at the end of a meal because they generally have a higher sugar content than other categories and they therefore satiate hunger more rapidly.
Although each cake has its characteristic ingredients and methods of mixing and baking, the basic classifications are determined by whether or not shortening is used as an ingredient (ex., sponge cake - no shortening; devilsfood cake - shortening).

Even more elaborate cakes and tortes have as their basis the elementary principles of cakemaking skills.
A pastry will be tender and flaky if the dough is mixed and formed to prevent overdevelopment of the gluten-protein structure.

Refrigerated desserts usually contain quantities of egg whites or gelatins.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Show the filmloops "Preparing a Dough, Making a Pie Shell " and "Two-Crust Pie."

Filmloops: "Preparing a Dough, Making a Pie Shell " and "TwoCrust Pie," MCPS Home Economics Office.

- Demonstrate the preparation of a pastry for a two-crust pie; discuss the preparation of other pie crusts such as chocolate, crumb, kuchen, and rich egg.

Medved. The World of Food.

- Show filmloop "Lemon Pie Filling," and discuss the variety of fillings.

Filmloop: "Lemon Pie Filling," MCPS Home Economics Office.

- Students prepare a variety of pies such as:
fruit filled, two-crust, lattice top
frozen
chiffon
tarts and turnovers
meringue top
custard filled
- Show and discuss films by Julia Child, Puff Pastries and More About Puff Pastry.

Films: Puff Pastries and More About Puff Pastry, Indiana University.

- Demonstrate the preparation and uses of puff pastries.
- Students prepare a variety of puff or Danish pastries such as napoleons, col au vent, and bouchee $\mathcal{K}^{\prime}$

Rombauer and Becker. Joy of Cooking.

- Show and discuss filmstrips "Beautiful Cakes"and "Flair with Frostings and Desserts."

Filmstrips: "Beautiful Cakes" and "Flair with Frostings and Desserts," Betty Crocker Film Library.

- Show the film Artistry in Sugar. Distuss creative ways to decorate cakes.

Film: Artistry in Sugar, MCPS Film Library.

- Invite cake decorator to do a demonstration.

Spencer. Decorating Cakes and Party Foods.

- Students practice decorating cakes for a special occasion or holiday.
- Using basic cake recipe, prepare elaborate dessert using such additional ingredients as:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { whipped cream } & \text { nuts, fruits } \\
\text { ice cream } & \text { flavorings and spices }
\end{array}
$$

Pillsbury, Pillsbury Bake-Off Dessert Cookbook.

- Invite a guest speaker from Wilkins-Rogers Milling Company (Washington Flour) to demonstrate the use of selfrising flour in cake preparations.

Guest speaker from Wilkins-Rogers Milling Company.

- Demonstrate the preparation of a foam cake (angel food, chiffon, sponge), emphasizing the new skills used in its preparation.
- Students prepare a variety of tortes, genoise cakes, and foam cakes.
- Discuss the principles of refrigerated dessert preparations.
- Students prepare a variety of souffles, mousses, Bavarian cremes, gelatin puddings, and pot de creme.
- List and show pictorial examples of flaming desserts. Discuss the several techniques of flaming.
- Demonstrate thé techniques and equipment necessary for flaming.
- Students prepare a variety of flaming desserts such as:

Crepes Suzettes
Peaches Flambe
Steamed Plum Pudding with Hard Sauce

Cherries Jubilee
Baked Alaska

## Súggested Evaluation:

During the International Unit, students, can identify the basic form of dessert they selected to prepare, identify the generalized standards of quality for the dessert type (standards provided in this unit), and meet those standards.

# UNIT III. MEALS WITH A REGIONAL AMERICAN AND INTERNATIONAL FLAVOR Inatructional Objectives 

## The student will:

Recognize the factors that both produce and perpetuate regional and international food differences
Develóp skill in preparing and serving regional American and international foods
Develop an understanding of the influence that culture, radition, and religion have on the food habits of various peoples

## Generalizations

Food choice patterns of any group of people are influenced by their geography; agricultural products; life style; nutritional levels; food preparation styles; meal service; and religious and ceremonial practices.

Many foods of the United States reflect the geographic, cultural, and agricultural influences of each region as well as internatic rin! influences.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

Each teacher of Gourmet Foods will have available a copy of Intercultural Nutrition and Foods for Senior High School: A Resource Guide for Home Economics (1973), developed for the State of Maryland by the Board of Education of Baltimore County. All resources, concepts, learning activities, and evaluations are developed within country and cultural divisions along with sample recipes. This document is highly recommended.

- Students compare foods and food customs in different sections of the United States.
- Students study cookbooks and menu cards to identify foods typical of different regions of the United States.
- Students plan, prepare, and serve typical meals or foods from various regions of the United States.

McCully (ed.) The American Heritage Cookbook.

- Discuss the effect of religious and ethnic practices on individual eating habits.
- Show filmstrip "The International Heritage of American Cooking."

Enterprise Filmstrip: "The International Heritage of American Cooking." (Available in MCPS Home Economics Office)

- Students discuss experiences of eating in foreign countries or in international restaurants. Compare types of service and atmosphere.
- Collect pictures and reports on various foreign foods. Student volunteers give oral reports to class on articles of particular interest.

> Chart:
> International Cookery. 7-up Company

- Show the filmstrip "Secrets of Seasoning from Five Countries."

Filmstrip: "Secrets of Seasoning from Five Countries," McCormick and Co., Inc.

- Invite a foreign exchange student to tell about food patterns in his/her country and make a native dish for class members to sample.
- In groups, students collect foreign recipes and study their differences as to ingredients, methods of combination, and serving.

Pamphlet: "Round the World Food Ideas with Wishbone," Wishbone.

- Students discuss family recipes that have been handed down from generation to generation. Which type of food is more likely to be identified in recipes that have been handed down?
- Demónstrate preparation of such foreign food items as petit fours, rosettes, and timbale cases.
- Students investigate typical breads of regional America and foreign countries. Working from a basic recipe, prepare the variations in class.
- Visit international restaurants or collect ship menus to encounter a variety of foods. Bring back menus to discuss dishes served.

Grace Lines, Baltimore; other shipping lines

- Students research a selected country. Include information about its geography, economics, agriculture, religion, table service, manners, food customs, and (foreign) food vocabulary. Based on their research, students give food demonstration/reports to class.


## Local IMC, Embassies

- Show films or filmstrips demonstrating specific foreign food preparation. (See resources.)

Films:
The Eastern Cuisine
The World in Your Kitchen
Canadian Cuisine
Chesapeake Bay Cooking
Cooking al Fresco
The Cooking of Scandinavia
French Cookery
New England Cooking
Washington Gas Light Company

- Students prepare the foods demonstrated, after seeing the film.

Filmstrip: "East/West Fun in Your Meals," R.J.R. Food, Inc.

- Divide students into groups which will then plan a foreign country menu for preparation. Emphasize the use of the natural setting with each.

Appendix for Suggested Food Preparation from U.S. and Foreign Countries

## Suggested Evaluation:

Prepare an international dinner, formal brunch, and/or smorgasbord.
Plan and preparean "International Food Fair" as a school project.
Plan and prepare a luau as a combined class project to be held outdoors, possibly after school. Barbequeing a pig is suggested.

Consult current issues of home economics periodicals or women's magazines for announcements of contests involving food ideas. After research, including home and class experiments, submit ideas to sponsoring organizations.

Plan and prepare a dinner for a dinner-theater production. Consult with school drama department.

## UNIT IV: CAREER OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO FOODS

## Instructional Objective

The student will:
Recognize how food preparation and management principles can be applied toward a career in the food industry Generalization

The knowledge of food preparation and management principles can increase employment opportunities in the food industry.

## STUDENT LEARNING EXPERIENCES and RESOURCES

- Show film or filmstrip.

Films: Jackson's Tree, General Mills.
Where Do I Go from Here? Marriott Corporation Trainıng.
Filmstrip: "Foodservice: A Career to Consider," National Restaurant Association.

- Students list career possibilities during or right after high schook such as working in:

```
restaurant
bakery
cafeteria (school or institutional)
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Students list job possibilities after advanced vocational or college training such as:

```
chef
caterer
restaurant or food service manager
hotel-motel manager
```


## Pamphlet:

Careers for Youth in the Food Service Industry. National Restaurant Association.

- Invite guest speakers to discuss the various occupations in foods. Field trips can also be utilized.
chef
food retailer
caterer
food handler
commercial food service
institutional food service
Local businesses and vocational schools and colleges
Guidance Counselors
- Each student selects one occupation concerned with foods and investigates it relative to:
employment opportunities training and experience necessary
annual salary and benefits opportunities for advancement disadvantages of the occupation

Materials available in school Guidance Office

- Students view the Career Ladder in Foods and Nutrition.

Appendix

APPENDIX

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CAREER LADDER
IN
FOODS AND NUTRITION
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# A SUGGESTED INTEGRATED COURSE OUTLINE OF BASIC FOOD PREPARATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL/REGIONAL FOODS 

DATE
I. First nine weeks
A. Ist Week - Principles of Food Preparation (integrated under specific topics in outline)

1. Cooking utensils
2. Kitchen organization
3. Cooking terms
4. Color, Texture, Flavor
5. Garnishing
6. Table setting
B. 2nd Week - Salads, Salad Dressing, and Quick Breads
7. Spices and herbs
8. Types of salads: green, molded, mousse, gelatin, aspic
9. Types of breads: rolls, muffins, popovers, biscuits, breads
10. Types of salad dressings
C. 3rd Week - United States Regions
11. New England
12. Pennsylvania Dutch
13. Gulf region (Creole)
14. Hawaiian
15. Southern
16. Southwestern
D. 4th Week - Appetizers and Beverages
17. Types of appetizers
18. Types of beverages
19. Garnishing
E. 5th Week - Scandinavian Countries
20. Norway
21. Sweden
22. Denmark
F. 6th Week - Eggs and Cheese
23. Types of cheese
24. Protein cookery
25. Uses of eggs
26. Souffles
G. 7th Week - More of Europe
27. France
28. Switzerland
29. Holland
30. Belgium
H. 8th Week - Soups and Yeast Breads
31. Basic stocks and types of soup
32. Types of yeast breads
33. Carbohydrate cookery
I. 9th Week - More of Europe
34. USSR
35. Germany
36. Austria
37. Poland

## II. Second nine weeks

A. 10th Week - Poultry and Game

1. Types of cooking
2. Carving and serving
B. Ilth Week - More of Europe
3. Spain
4. Portugal
C. 12th Week - Meats and Vegetables
5. Meat cookery (protein)
6. Marinades
7. Vegetable cookery (vitamin and minerais preservation)
D. 13ih Week - The Far East
8. China
9. Japan
10. India
E. 14th Week - Fish and Shellfish, Starch Foods
11. Types of fish and shellfish
12. Fish cookery
13. Starches: rice, pasta, and potatoes
14. Sauces and butters
F. 15th Week - More of Europe
15. Italy
16. England
17. Scotland
18. Ireland
G. 16th Week - Desseris
19. Types: pastries, cakes, tortes, crepes, fruit and molded desserts, ices, souffles, cremes, custards, and mousses, sauces, confections, cookies
20. Carbohydrate cookery
H. 17th Week
21. Overflow from previous weeks' agendas
I. 18th Week
22. Close laboratories.

## SUGGESTED ORGANIZATION FOR GOURMET FOODS CLASS

TEACHER LECTURE-DEMONSTRATION AND STUDENT REPORTS - to include discussions, research, presentation of preparation methods, techniques in using utensils, type of service, cultural basis for foods, etc.
PLANNING - to include student use of resources and cookbooks in the selection of recipes and meal planning PREPARATION - to include preparation, cooking', storing of foods
SERVING - to include final cooking and arranging, serving the meal, student sampling of foods, clean-up
EVALUATION - to include teacher evaluation of individual and group performance and student evaluation based on previously developed standards, teacher lecture-demonstration of additional or review material and iniuciuction of the topic for the coming week

## SUCGESTIONS FOR STUDENT SHOPPING EXPERIENCES

14. Schedile a meeting with your principal to difcuss approval of studenus' purchasing food on their own time. Jusify your request by indicating the valuable experience students gain in doing comparison shopping within a prescribed budget. Make arringements with the school financial secretary to obtain a specific amount of cash that you will give to the students when they plan each meal.
15. When studenis are selecting their recipes for each meal, the teacher should indicate the exact amount of money they have to spend. This will enable the students to better select recipes that will be feasible within their allocation. It is helpful to the students if the teacher provides newspaper advertisements that indicate current prices and seasonal foods.
III. Students should sign a receipt when receiving cash from the teacher.


Student's Name

Amount of change returned after purchase $\qquad$ .
IV. To facilitate the teacher's bookkeeping and as proof of the students' purchase, the following information should be provided on the cash register receipt:

| Front of alip |  | Back of slip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name of store: |  | Period: |
| Date: |  | Kitchen: |
| Example: |  | Name(s): |
| 1 qt. of milk <br> 1 can tuna fish <br> 2 lb . beef | $\begin{array}{r} .45 \\ .80 \\ 2.80 \end{array}$ | Lesson: |
|  | \$4.05 |  |

V. Emphasize to the students:
A. No purchases should appear on the cash register slip that are not for school use. If items for use athome are bought at the same time you are shopping for school, have the purchases rung up on separate slips.
B. Complete the required information on the back and front of the cash register slip immediately after purchasing food so that you do not forget the prices. Use ink.
C. Do not add or cross out any prices on cash register slip.
D. Return cash register slip to teacher with any money unspent.

Vn. The following staples, dairy products, and miscellaneous items can be bought by the feacher:

## STAPLES

## baking soda

flour
shortening
spices (including soy and Worcestershire sauce)
sugar (white, brown, and confectioners)
vegetable oil

## DAIRY PRODUCTS

butter or mărgarine
eggs
milk
dry parmesan cheese

## MISCELLANEOUS

catsup
cocoa
corn meal comstarch

* food coloring lemon juice (bottled)
meat tenderizer mustard peanut butter syrup yinegar

ROTATION CHART (Foreign Food Cookery)

| Lab | Kitchen 1 | Kitchen 2 | Kitchen 3 | Kitchen 4 | Kitchen 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. <br> Regions | Main Dish Beverage $\$ 5.50$ | Dessert <br> Starch Food <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Veg. or Soup <br> Dessert <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Main Dish <br> Salad <br> $\$ 5.50$ | Vegetable Appetizer $\$ 4.00$ |
| Japan China India | Dessert <br> Starch Food <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Veg. or Soup Dessert <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Main Dish <br> Salad $\$ 5.50$ | Vegetable <br> Appetizer <br> $\$ 4.00$ | Main Dish <br> Beverage <br> $\$ 5.50$ |
| Scand. <br> Ireland <br> Br. Isles | Veg. or Soup <br> Dessert <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Main Dish <br> Salad $\$ 5.50$ | Vegetable <br> Appetizer <br> $\$ 4.00$ | Main Dish Beyerage $\$ 5.50$ | Dessert <br> Starch Food <br> $\$ 4.50$ |
| Spain <br> Italy | Main Dish <br> Salad <br> $\$ 5.50$ | Vegetable <br> Appetizer $\$ 4.00$ | Main Dish <br> Beverage <br> $\$ 5.50$ | Dessert <br> Starch Food $\$ 4.50$ | Veg, or Soup <br> Dessert <br> $\$ 4.50$ |
| Germany <br> Austria <br> USSR | Vegetable <br> Appetizer $\$ 4.00$ | Main Dish Beverage $\$ 5.50$ | Dessert <br> Starch Food <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Veg. or Soup <br> Dessert <br> $\$ 4.50$ | Salad <br> Main Dish <br> $\$ 5.50$ |
| Creece <br> Ined |  |  | 35 | -- |  |

Directionse Using the words and phrases below, create an original skit or story for presentation to the class, using as many of the terms as possible.
siznling steak - rare
Suzy Souffle hush puppies
Radish Rose
hot tamale
fudge brownie
chocolate chip
Marion Marinade
orange blossom
crepe suzette
weeping meringue
big ham $n^{\prime}$ cheese
cabbage head
black-eyed pea
puffy pastry
tub-of.jard
mousse
deer
buttered-up
battered-up
creamed
squashed
fried
suet
flours
hard crack
blending into the crowd ready to boil
muscles straining
roll on the floor with laughter
minced words
catering to their wishes sandwiched between the people in the crowd
dredged in dirt
dressing for an hour
clarify a point
paring around
cuting up
go to the mixer to really whip it up
sifty looking character control their portion scalloped edge dress do the mashed potatoes
out to play squash
seared through the crowd
sauerkraut
sauerbraten

## SUGGESTED FOOD PREPARATIONS FROM THE UNITED STATES AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

## UNITED STATES

Hush Puppies
Grits
Crab Cakes
Boston Baked Beans
Boston Brown Bread Chili
Spoon Bread
Corn Chowder
Clam Chowder
Processed Cheese Dishes
Virginia Ham
Southern Pecan Pie
Coconut Cake
Beaten Biscuits
Sour Dough Bread
Maryland Fried Chicken
Shoo Fly Pie
Pot Pie
Creole Dishes
Maple Syrup
Fried Green Tomatoes
Strawberry Shortcake
Pumpkin Pie
Sloppy Joe
Lord Baltimore Cake
Chitterlings
Sweet Potato Pie
Apple Pie
Rhubarb Pie
Black Bottom Pie
Boston Cream Pie
Hamburger
Grilled Cheese Sandwich
Hot Dog
BLT
Oysters on the Half Shell
Shrimp Cocktail
Oyster Stew
Steamed Crabs
Corn on the Cob
Corn Bread
Pop Corn
Roast Turkey with Stuffing
New England Boiled Dinner
Maine Lobster
Apple Sauce
Home Fries
Meat Loaf
Idaho Baked Potato
Okra, Collard Greens, Mustard Greens

## SPAIN AND PORTUGAL

Paella
Arroz con Pollo
Gaspacho
Crullers
Spanish Omelet
Spanish Rice
MEXICO AND LATIN AMERICA
Chili
Frijoles
Tamales
Tortillas
Enchiladas
Tacos
Flan
Tostados
Guacamole
Empanadas
Pecan Praline
Sopaipillas
Mexican Chocolate
Fried Bananas
Green Peppers Stuffed
with Corn and Pimento
BRITISH ISLES
Roast Beef with Yorkshire Pudding
Trifle
Crumpets and Pikelets
Scones
English Muffin
Plum Pudding with Hard Sauce
Scotch Short Bread
Pie
Cock-a-Leekie Soup
Corned Beef and Cabbage
Beef and Kidney Pie
Welsh Rarebit
Beef Wellington
Pasties
Irish Stew
Sally Lunn Bread
London Broil
Scotch Broth
Petticoat Tails
Fish and Chips
Kippers
Prawns in Aspic
Junket

Chutney
Mince Pies
Boar's Head
Potato Soup (Irish)
Strawberry Flan
Hot Cross Buns
Fruit Fools
Dundie Cake
FRANCE
Crepes Suzettes
Eclairs
Omelettes
Petit Fours
Croissants
Boeuf Bourguignon
Vichyssoise
French Onion Soup
Napoleons
Demitasse
Cheese Cakes
Souffles
Chicken Marengo
Quiche Lorraine
Escargot
French Bread
Tarts
Mousse
GERMANY
Hasenpfeffer
Kuchen
Stollen
Springerle Cookies
Rye Bread
Sauerbraten
Strudel
German Potato Salad
Spritz Cookies
Gingerbread House
Green Bean Salad
Lentil Soup
Reuben Sandwich
Knockwurst
Torten
German Chocolate Cake
Cheese Cake
Black Forest Cake
rraly

Gnoochi
Ravioli
Polenta
Italian Bread
Risoto
Esgplant Parmigiana ${ }^{\text { }}$
Lasagne
Piza
Manicoti
Spaghetti
Zabaglione
Cannelloni
Fettuccine
Spumoni
Veal Parmigiana
Veal Scaloppine
Chicken Tetrazzini
Chicken Cacciatori
Antipasto
Minestrone
Panettone

## ORIENT

Egg Foo Yung
Egg Rolls
Tempura
Sukiyaki
WonTon Soup
Chow Mein
Egg Drop Soup
Litchi Chicken
Chinese Snow Peas
Fortune Cookies
Almond Cookies
Teas
Fried Rice
Sweet and Sour Pork
Mandarin Pork
Lo Mein
Lobster Cantonese
Moo Goo Gai Pan
Barbecued Spareribs
Shrimp with Lobster
Sauce
Duck Sauce
Raw Fish
Chinese Mustard
1000 Year Old Egg
Steamed Fish
Korean Pork and Chicken
POLYNESIA
Sweet and Sour Spareribs Poi
Macadamia Nuts
Mango

Guava
Coconuts - Milk
Banana Bread
Roast Suckling Pig
Baked Ham with Pineapple Slices
Ambrosia
RUSSIA AND EASTERN EUROPE
Borscht
Blini
Beef Stroganoff
Honey Cake
Perogi
Potato Romanoff
Russian Teacakes
SCANDINAVIA
Swedish Meat Balls
Cakes
Swedish Tea Rings
Danish Kringle
Pickled Herring
Smoked Herring
Swedish Rye Bread
Danish Open-Face
Sandwich
Fruit Stuffed Roast
Pork
Krumkake
Almond Cake
Sand Tart
Fattigman Fried Cookies
Lute Fisk
Pumpernickel Bread
Ebelskiver
Fruit Soup
Danish Pastry

## SLAVIC COUNTRIES

Chicken Paprikash
Goulash
Hungarian Pastry
Stuffed Cabbage
Blood Soup
Dumplings
Hoska
Kolache
Liver Ball Soup
NEAR EAST
Hummus
Lamb Curry
Shish Kabobs
Turkish Coffee
Cabbage Rolls (Grape Leaves)

Rice Pilaf
Chutney
Gulai
Puchero
Cocido
Coriander
Cookies
Baklava (filo dough)
Greece
Moussaka
Yalantzi Dolmathes
Kestedakia
Taramosalada
Soupa Avgolemona
Psoureki
Giouvetsi
Pastitsio
Stifado
Spanakopita
Pilafi
Garides me Saltza
Halva
Baklava
ISRAEL
Felafel
Givolli Karpis Ajuimbetamlit Bessar
Marak Perot Kar
Challah
Taranegolet Bemizt Hadarim
Dag Kavush
Ugat Dvash
Oznei Haman

## PINT

## Consiculum Guides

Intercultural Nutrition and Foods for Senior High Schools: A Resource Guide for Home Economics Teachers. Baltimore: Board of Education of Baltimore County, 1973.
Guidelines for Nutrition Education in Home Economics. Baltimore: Maryland State Department of Education, 1976.
RESOURCE LISTTOR CAREERS RELATED TO FOODS AND NUTRITION
COMPENLIA*
Encyclopedia of Careers (rev. ed.), 2 vols. Garden City, N.Y.: Doubleday, 1975. \$39.50.
Occupational Outlook Handbook,-1974-1975, prepared by the U.S. Department of Labor. Washington, D.C.:
Government Printing Office, 1975. (Published biennially) $\$ 6.85$.
OTHER PRINTED INFORMATION*
Careers for Youth in the Food Service Industry
National Restaurant Association
1530 North Lake Shore Drive
Chicago, Illinois 60611
1969, Free$\sum^{-}$
Cook-Chef as a Caner, by Wilfrid Belleau.
Park Publishing House
516 Viewridge Drive
Angwin, California 94508
1969, $\$ 1.00$
Food Service Supervisor
Careers, Inc.
P.O. Box 135
Largo, Flordia ..... 33540
1970, 20 c
Food Technologists
Science Research Associates, Inc.
259 East Erie Street
Chicago, Illinois 60611
1969, 45¢
Opportunities in Food Preparation and Service
Vocational Guidance Manuals
235 East 45th Street
New York, New York ..... 10017
1969, \$3.75/\$1.95
Restaurant Managers
Science Research Associates, Inc.
259 East Erie Street
Chicago, Illinois 60611
1970, 45

## OLCANLZATIONS

Council on Hotel, Restaurant, and Institutional Education Statler Hilton Hotel
Cornell University, Ithaca, New York 14850
National Committee on Household Employment
1346 Connecticut Avenue, NW.
Washington, D.C. 20036

## PERIODICALS

## Better Homes \& Gardens

Bon Apetit
Family Circle
Gourmet
Memo
Sphere - Betty Crocker
Sunset Magazine
Washingtonian
Woman's Day
FILMS
Artistry in Sugar. F 5266. Color.
Excellent film on cake decorating. New and modern. Montgomery County Public Schools Film Library.

## Canadian Cuisine. 20 min . F ree Loan.

Illustrates the background and preparation of Canadian Food. Washington Gas Light Company.
Chesapeake Bay Cooking. 20 min . Color. Free Loan.
Emphasizes the importance of timing in proper preparation of meals, and shows recipes for foods favored in Tidewater areas. Washington Gas Light Company.
Cooking al Fresco. 20 min . Color. Free Loan.
Gives hints on outdroreerking and includes a midwinter cookout by former football star Y.A. Tittle. Washington Gas Light Company.
A Cool Head for Salads. Color.
Shows principles and procedures essential for preparing green salads, emphasizing importance of color, design, and preparation. National Educational Media, Inc.

Far Eastern Cuisine. 27/3 min. Color. Free Loan.
Offers a tour of the Far East showing customs and typical foods. Very nicely done. Corning Glass Works.
Fish Dinner in Half an Hour. 30 min. B\&W. Rental.
Julia Child displays her versatility by preparing a three-course fish dinner in $\mathbf{3 0}$ minutes. She explains the importance of a "plan of battle" (time schedule). Indiana University.
A World of Tea. 28 min . Color
A picturesque variety of foreign customs reflects the cultural heritage of tea drinking. Modern Talking Picture Service.

How About Lamb? 13/ min. Color.
Ēasic cooking methods and menu ideas for lamb dishes served indoors and at outdoor barbeques. American Sheep Products Council, Inc.
Lemon Pie Filling.
Explains and illustrates the principles of making a lemon filling for pies. McGraw-Hill Films.

## Making.a Pie Shell.

Demonstrates how to roll and shape pastry for a single crust pie. McGraw-Hill Films.

## More About Puff Pastry. $\mathbf{3 0}$ min. B\&W. Rental

A continuation of Julia Child's vivid description of puff pastry during which she prepares a community shell, or vol-au-vent. Describes differences between pastry and all-purpose flour. Indiana University.

New England Cooking. 20 min . Color. Free Loan.
Illustrates the background and preparation of a typical Thanksgiving dinner including turkey, brown bread, baked beans, cranberries, etc. Washington Gas Light Company.

Preparing a Dough.
Illustrates how to measure and properly mix the ingredients for a pie crust. McGraw-Hill Films.
Puff Pastries. $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m i n .}$
A delineation of what puff pastry is and the method of making it. Julia Child shows several examples of edibles made from puff pastry; then she prepares Teuillitie Roquefort. B\&W. Rental. Indiana University.
Romance of Cheese. 28 min .
Presents a history of cheese and illustrates the development of kinds of cheese by different countries. Modern Talking Picture Service.
Table Settings. 8.10 min . Color.
A valuable primer in the art of table settings. Demonstrates positioning of plates, silverware, and glasses for both formal and informal settings for breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Montgomery County Public Schools Film Library.

## Tea Times.

Shows the history of tea from its origin to the present day. It also shows "Tea Time" in various countries. Audio Visual School, School Service.

The Art of Food Demonstration. 23 min. Color. Free Loan. (Also free loan from Wheat Flour Institute.) Demonstrates the basic principles of measuring and combining ingredients for baking powder biscuits and corn meal muffins. The principles and techniques of giving a demonstration are explained and shown also. Modern Talking Picture Service.

The Ballad of Soup du Jour. 14 min . Color.
A potpourri of facts and fables about soup from its discovery to modern varieties. Presented in clever animation with musical accompaniment. Campbell Soup Company.
The Cooking of Scandinavia. 20 min . Color.
Shows ways to-serve smorgasbord-style, making Danish pastries, and creating various fish specialities. Washington Gas Light Company.
The Kitchen Keyboard. 20 min . Color. Free Loan.
Offers easy guides for the use of spices and herbs in everyday dishes as well as in foreign foods. Shows that seasoning is a personal art. Modern Talking Picture Service.
The World in Your Kitchen. $27 / 1 / 2 \mathrm{~min}$. Color. Free Loan.
Offers a tour of several European countries, with instructions and details on how to make five indigenous dishes. Corning Glass Works.

## FILMSTRIPS

"All About Garnishes."
51 -frame filmstrip shows how to prepare garnishes for buffets, casual and formal dinners, and hors d'oeuvres. Shows 21 different kitchen tools and their uses. Ekco Housewares Company.
"All About Knives."
64-frame filmstrip demonstrates easy ways to prepare vegetables and fruit, the proper carving method for all types of meats and fowl, and how to debone fish. Emphasis is placed on the proper knife for the job, and also the proper care for cutlery. Ekco Housewares Company.

## "All About Turkey." <br> Shows how to buy, cook, and serve turkey. Includes ideas for leftovers. Swift and Company.

## "Beautiful Cakes."

Fundamental butter cake skills, glamorous special occasions, variations, tips on mix, and recipe methods. Betty Crocker Film Library.

## "Biscuits Plain and Fancy."

Scratch-and-mix biscuits are served "as is" as meat stretchers, even desserts. Betty Crocker Film Library.
"Breads You Bake with Yeast."
Step-by-step directions for basic kneaded bread. Traditional favorites. Modern twists with rolls. Betty Crocker Film Library.
"Coffee, Please."
Shows the methods of preparing coffee and the international variations. Pan American Coffee Bureau.
"East/West Fun in Your Meals." Free.
Shows foods prepared in the Far East and how they can be adapted for our use. RJR Food, Inc.
"Flair with Frostings and Desserts."
Complete steps for frosting a cake. Fun and inspiration, from decorating variations to holiday spectaculars. Betty Crocker Film Library.
"French Cookery." Slide presentation.
Illustrates the preparation of several dishes including beef bourguignon, cherries jubilee, and onion soup. Shows area French restaurants.
"Guide to Cheese."
Shows a variety of cheese and way's to use it in preparation; shows how to serve and store cheese properly. Kraft Foods, Educational Department.
"Guide to Cheese Making."
Shows the production of various types of cheese and their origins. Kraft Foods, Educational Department.
"How to Buy, Cook, and Serve Protem Beef." 3 filmstrips.
Presents cuts of beef along with the best preparation method. Discusses meats which require over an hour and under an hour to prepare. Swift and Company.
"How to Give a Demonstration." Color. 44 frames.
A chef illustrates the principles and techniques of giving a demonstration, using baking powder biscuits and corn meal muffins. Wheat Flour Institute.
"How to-Make a Cream Sauce." Free.
Shows step-by-step preparation of a basic cream sauce. Dairy Council of Greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C.
"Looking into the Ripe Olive Food World." Free.
Illustrates the use of black olives as garnishes or as ingredients. Very colorful. Olive Administrative Committee.
"Muffin Making."
Demonstrates the importance of accurate measuring, and recipe and mix techniques. Popular and little-known variations included. Betty Crocker Film Library.
"Names in the Cooking Game."
Outlines the most frequently used terms used in cooking, with picture coverage of each. The student booklet incorporates additional terms in "directory style" for easy reference. Ekco Housewares Co.
"Pasta and Italian Sauce."
Shows the proper cooking of pastas and the preparation of several Italian dishes. Includes recipe handouts. Lawry's Foods, Inc.
"'Secrets of seasoning from Five Countries."
Describes foods and gives recipes for preparation from five countries: England, France, India, Italy, Mexico. McCormick and Company, Inc.
"Shaping Yeast Röls." Filmloop.
Illustrates creative ways of shaping rolls from yeast bread. McGraw-Hill Films.

## "Spices in Today's Living."

Divides seasoning into five categories with illustrations and descriptions of each. Suggests sampling seasonings in scrambled eggs. American Spice Trade Association.
"The American Heritage of International Cooking."
Describes how contemporary eating habits were derived from the influences of traditional European cooking brought to the New World by colonists, and how these foods were adapted to the new foods in America to create the heritage of international cooking. Montgomery County Public Schools.
"The Trick of Yeast Rolls and Coffee Cakes." 60 frames.
Shows conventional method of preparing yeast dough. Includes excellent section on shaping a variety of rolls and breads. Wheat Flour Institute.
"Two-Crust Pie.
Illustrates how to rell and shape pastry for a two-crust pie. McGraw-Hill Films.

## "Vegetables No. 1." Color

Teaches the proper methods of choosing fresh vegetables including artichokes, brussel sprouts, asparagus, corn, broccoli, cauliflower, carrots, and nnions. Ekco Housewares Co.
"Vegetables No. 2." Color.
Teaches the proper methods of choosing fresh vegetables such as western iceberg lettuce, romaine, butter lettuce, red-leaf lettuce, cabbage, tomatoes, cucumber, and green peppers. Preparation, handling, and storing is also discussed. Ekco Housewares Co.
"Versatility of Vegetables."
Shows vegetables such as eggplant being prepared in interesting, attractive dishes. Spice Island Kitchens.

## SOURCES OF FILMS AND FILMSTRIPS

American Sheep Products Council, Inc. 600 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10036

American Spice Trade Association 76 Beaver Street
New York, New York 10000
Audio Visual School
School Service
386 Park Avenue
New York, New York 1000
Campbell Soup Company
Home Economics Department
Camden, New Jersey 08101
Corning Glass Works
Box 1212
Corning, New York 14830
Betty Crocker Film Library
General Mills, Incorporated
9220 Wayzata Boulevard
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55400
Dairy Council of Greater Metropolitan
Washington, D.C.
1511 D Street, NW.
Washington, D.C. 20000
Ekco Housewares Company
Educational Service Department
9234 West Belmont Avenue
Franklin Park, Illinois 60131
Gordon-Henderson Productions
6057 Melrose Avenue
Hollywood, California 90038
Indiana University
Audio Visual Center
Bloomington, Indiana 47401
Krafts Foods
Educational Department
P.O. Box 6567

Chicago, Illinois 60680
Lawry's Foods, Inc.
Box 2572
Terminal Annex
Los Angeles, California 90054

McCormick and Company, Inc.
Schilling Division
414 Light Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21200
McGraw-Hill Films
Manchester Road
Manchester, Missouri 63011
Modern Talking Picture Service
2000 L. Street NW.
Washington, D.C. 20000
Montgomery County Public Schools Film Library
Montgomery County Public Schools
850 Hungerford Drive
Rockville, Maryland 20850
National Educational Media, Inc.
3518 Caheunga Blvd.
Hollywood, California 90068
Olive Administration Committee
516 N. Fulton Street
Fresno, California 93728
Pan American Coffee Bureau
120 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005 ?
RJR Food Inc.
P.O. Box 188

New York, New York 10046
Spice Island Kitchens
100 E. Grand Avenue $S$.
San Francisco, California 94100
Swift and Company
Dept. M. S.
1919 Swift Drive
Oak Brook, Illinois 60521
Washington Gas Light Company
1100 H Street, NW.
Washington, D.C. 20000
Wheat Flour Institute
14 East Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, Illinois 60604

## COMMUNITY RESOURCES

Fish and Wildlife Services, Marketing Branch, Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, Department of Interior, Washington, D.C., 348-5634.

Kitchen Bazaar, 4455 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington, D.C., 244-1550.
Pepco, Home Economics Department, 1900 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington D.C., 872-2000.
Washington Gas Light Company, 1100 H St., NW., Washington, D.C., 783-5225.
Community people and class member resource people
American Field Service students:
Eqpassy personnel
Gourmetitian from Safeway International 628-1880.
Adult Education people (particularly Mrs. Woo - Cantonese)
Home Economics teachers and other teachers in Montgomery County
Chefs from established restaurants in the area
Safeway baker, 341-6800.
FIELD TRIPS (Schedule as school-sponsored group, or have students investigate on their own time and present a brief class report.)
Cannon's Seafood Inc., 1065 31st St., NW., 397-8366.
Earth Organic Foods, 1633 Wisconsin Ave., NW., 337-3828.
Georgetown Coffee House, 1330 Wisconsin Ave., NW., FE8-2366.
The French Market, 1632 Wisconsin Ave., NW., FE8-4828.
The French Kitchen, 1500 Wisconsin Ave., NW, FE8-9022.
Little Caledonia, 1419 Wisconsin Ave., NW., 383-4700.
YES! 1039 31st St., NW., 388-1700 (food store and restaurant).
Washington Hilton Hotel Kitchens, 1919 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington, D.C., 483-3000 (tour).
Maine Avenue Wharf, Maine Ave,, SW., Washington, D.C. (no phones).
Marriott Corporation, 5161 River Road, Bethesda, Md., 986 -5612 (tour).
Lexington Market, Paca St. between Lexington St. and Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md., 301-685-6169
The Kitchen Bazaar, 4455 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington, D.C., 244-1550 (browse through kitchen gourmet cooking equipment)
The Safeway International Store, 1110 F St., NW., Washington, D.C., 628-1880.
McCormick Spice Co., 414 Light St., Baltimore, Md., 539-6460.

## LOCAL ESTABLISHED RESTAURANTS

Dine and/or observe and tour the kitchens. For a more complete current listing refer to:
Capital Feasts: The Menu Guide to Washington Area Restaurants. (Revised yearly) Washington, D.C.: Rock Creek Publishing Co., Inc.

Viorst, J., Underground Gourmet: Washington, D.C., New York: Simon \& Schuster, 1970.
New Yorker (on newsstands).
The Washingtonian Magazine (on newsstands).
Washington Post - "Dining Out" section by Donald Dresden (reprints available).

## ,TWA Getaway Guide to Washington, D.C.

AAA Travel and Dining Guide to Washington, D.C., Metropolitan Area (usually available to AAA members only).
Holiday Inn (local listings guides).
Quality Court (local listings guides).

## INTERNATIONAL FOOD GROCERS,

## (Refer to the Yellow Pages for Additional Grocers.)

Acropolis Food Market, 1206 Underwood St., NW., Washington. Greek and Middle East. Daily 9 a.m.-8 p.m.; Sunday 9 a.m. ${ }^{-3}$ p.m.

Arlington Bodega, 6017 Wilson Blvd., Arlington. Spanish. Daily 8 a.m.-8 p.m.; Sunday 8 a.m.-1 p.m. Free delivery.
Berkley Farms Poultry Market, 1348 Florida Ave., NE., Washington. Fresh dressed poultry, seafood.
Chinese Groceries - Suey Sand Lung Co., 604 H Street, NW., Washington.
Columbia Delicatessen and Groceries, 1772 Columbia Rd., NW., Washington. Italian.
The French Market, 1632 Wisconsin Ave, Georgetown.
Fisherman's Wharf, Maine Street, SW., Washington.
Georgetown Coffee House, 1330 Wisconsin Ave., Georgetown. Spices, Herbs, Coffee, Teas.
Giant Food Stores.
Gourmetisseries - The Macripodaris, 1642 Wisconsin Ave., NW., Washington; 5018 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington; 2643 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington; 4455 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington.

Greek-Arabic Grocery, 1205 Underwood St., NW., Washington.
House of Hanna - Japanese/Chinese supermarket, 7838 Eastern Ave., NW., Washington.
Katz's Kosher Super Market, 20 University Blvd. E., Silver Spring. Jewish. Seven days a week.
Kearny Super Market, 3811 12th Street, NE., Washington. Oriental. Sunday 8 a.m.-2 p.m Free delivery.
Kitchen Bazaar, 4455 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington. Cooking equipment.
Krochmal's BBQ Seasoning Co., 918 Sligo Avenue, Silver Spring. Spices, herbs.
Larimer's Market, 1727 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washington. Free delivery.
A. Litteri, Inc., 517 Morse St., NE., Washington. Wholesale, retail, Italian speciality store.

Lexington Market, Paca between Lexington and Etaw, Baltimore.
Lew's Chinese Grocery, 14 E. Randolph \& New Hampshire Ave., Silver Spring (Colesville area).
Magruder's Grocers, 5625 Connecticut Ave., NW., Washingion; 1857 Wisconsin Ave., NW., Washington; Congressional Plaza, Rockville.

Marchone's Italian Delicatessen, 1122 Triangle La., Wheaton, Sunday 10 a.m. 2 p.m.
Mario's Italian Specialties, 5050 River Rd., Bethesda.
Mikado Grocery, 4709 Wisconsin Ave., NW.,. Washington.
Moy Oriental Kitchens, Inc., 4932 Wisconsin Ave., NW., Washington.
Northeast Market, 585 8th Street, NW., Washington.
Pina's Spanish Store. 1636 17th St., NW., Washington.
Safeway International, 1110 F Street, NW., Washington:
Skenderis Greek Imports, 1612 20th St., NW., Washington. Greek, Middle Eastern, Mediterranean.

# Sun Kwong Hong \& Co., 750 6th St., NW., Washington. Asian. 

Swing NE. Co., Inc., 1013 E St., NW., Washington. Spices, Herbs.
Thomas Market (Great American and Middle East Foods), 2650 University Bouleqard, W., Wheaton. Ye On Chinese Grocery, 1536 Rockville Pike, Rockville.

## PARTIAL LIST OF EMBASSIES IN WASHINGTON AREA

Most embassies are interested in providing cultural, service, and recipe information. Sometimes this can be handled entirely by phone; other times personal meetings are valuable. In some instances, embassies will be able to recommend people who will present demonstrations and lectures on the gourmet foods native to their country. Embassies usually can refer you to markets in the area that stock special ingredients used in their foods.
Algeria ..... 234-7246
Argentina ..... DE2-7100
Austria ..... 483-4474
Belgium ..... FES 6900
Brazil. ..... 797.0100
Central African Republic ..... 265-5637
Chile ..... 785.1746
China ..... NO7.9000
Colombia ..... DU7-5828
Denmark ..... AD4 4300
Ecuador ..... 234-7200
Ethiopia ..... 234-2281
Finland ..... HO2-0556
Federal Republic of Germany ..... 331-3000
France ..... 234-0990
Ghana ..... 462-0761
Great Britain ..... 462-1340
Greece ..... 667-8168
Haiti ..... RA3-7000
Hungary ..... 387-9800
India ..... CO5-5050
Indonesia ..... 293-1745
Iran ..... 483-5500
Iraq ..... 483-7500
Ireland ..... HU3-7639
Israel ..... 483-4100
Italy. ..... AD4-1935
Ivory Coast ..... 483-2400
Jamaica ..... 387-1010
Japan ..... AD4-2266
Kenya ..... 387-6101
Laos ..... DE2-6416
Lithuania (Legation of) ..... AD4-5860
Malaysia ..... 234-7600
Mexico ..... 686-1644
Morocco. ..... HO2-7979
The Netherlands ..... 244-5300
Nigeria ..... 223-9300
Norway ..... 333-6000
Pakistan ..... 332-8330
Peru ..... 839-9860
The Philippines ..... 483-1414
Polish Peoples Republic ..... 234-8800
Portugal. ..... 265-1643
Senegal. ..... 234-0540
Sierra Leone ..... 265-7700
Republic of Singapore ..... 667-7555
Spain. ..... CO5.0190
South Africa ..... 232-4400
The Sudan ..... 338-8565
Sweden ..... $965 \cdot 4100$
Switzerland ..... HO2.1811
Tanzania ..... 872-1005
Thailand ..... 667-1446
Trinidad \& Tobago ..... 467.6490
Turkey ..... NO7.6400
Uganda ..... 726-7100
Uruguay ..... 331-1313
Venezueła ..... 265-9600
Viet Nam ..... 234-4860
Yugoslavia ..... HO7-6566


[^0]:    -Sauces and Marinades may be taught as a separate unit, if desired.

[^1]:    - Prepare severat unique vegetabies as a demonstration.

[^2]:    "Suggested Evaluations:
    Have students design experiment that would illustrate the variables that influence satisfactory starch cookery. Evaluate on thoroughness and inclusion of all variables.

