Forty-six ethnic and/or racial minorities are represented in this bibliography on the geographical literature of ethnic and racial minorities in North America. The bibliography is an initial step toward recognition of what geographers and other spatially-oriented social scientists and planners have discovered about the place experience of ethnic and racial minorities in North America. It is organized according to minority groups on the assumption that distinctive cultures precipitate distinctive place experiences. Only where a large number of minority groups have been treated for a specific place are references organized according to geographical location (i.e. Southern White, Canada, U.S. General, U.S. Northeast, U.S. Southeast and U.S. West.) Among the minority groups included are the more numerous Afro-Americans, Amerindians, Chinese, Japanese, Italians, and Puerto Ricans, and also, less known groups such as the Basque, Dutch, Finnish, Gypsy, Swiss, Mormon, and Lebanese. (Author/AM)
ETHNIC AND RACIAL MINORITIES IN NORTH AMERICA:
A Selected Bibliography of the Geographical Literature

John A. Jakle, Associate Professor of Geography
University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana
With the assistance of Cynthia A. Jakle

Mrs. Mary Vance, Editor
Post Office Box 229
Monticello, Illinois 61856
A change of attitude toward ethnic and racial minorities seems to have occurred in Canada and the United States. Whereas minority groups were once ignored and even hidden from public view for their deviating from the social mainstream, today they are valued for their distinctiveness. Indeed, considerable pride is now attached to one's minority status particularly where an increase in political power and economic privilege has recently accrued through group action. For well over a century North America has been viewed as a social "melting pot" where Native-Americans, Europeans, Africans, and Asians blended to form a distinctively "American" society. Such a process may be at work, but it is much slower than anticipated—so slow that some doubt that complete acculturation will ever be accomplished.

The spatial isolation of minority peoples has contributed substantially to preserving ethnic and racial variety in American life. Groups have been segregated in their own "ghettos" or have been mixed in cosmopolitan minority communities also sevred geographically from America's cultural mainstream. When spatially diffused, minority groups have been more rapidly
2. OPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460
and completely absorbed into that mainstream except, of course, where severe caste systems have operated as a counter-force. The geography of ethnic and racial minorities would seem to hold an important part of the answer as to how the acculturation process operates.

Beyond questions of acculturation, however, lie more immediate concerns. What can we learn from minority communities to help us make human habitats more liveable? How do minority groups symbolize their identity in landscape? How do they organize their communities spatially? How are these communities distributed in geographical space relative to prevailing land uses, land rents, levels of accessibility, modes of transportation, employment opportunities, political jurisdictions, etc.? How does a sense of group belonging anchor itself in the landscape? Do territorial feelings rooted in ethnic and racial differences make for more or less satisfactory places?

This bibliography is an initial step to see what geographers and other spatially-oriented social scientists and planners have discovered about the place experiences of ethnic and racial minorities in North America. Thus the bibliography has been organized according to minority group on the assumption that distinctive cultures precipitate distinctive place experiences. Only where a large number of minority groups have been treated for a specific place are references organized according to geographical location.
The following minorities are represented:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minority</th>
<th>Minority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Afro-American</td>
<td>Italian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amerindian</td>
<td>Japanese-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armenian</td>
<td>Jewish-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basque</td>
<td>Korean-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>Lebanese-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cornish</td>
<td>Lithuanian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuban</td>
<td>Mexican-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czech</td>
<td>Mixed Blood-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danish</td>
<td>Mormon-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dutch</td>
<td>Norwegian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eskimo</td>
<td>Polish-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finnish</td>
<td>Portuguese-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French. Acadian and Cajun-</td>
<td>Puerto Rican-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Canadian</td>
<td>Russian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German</td>
<td>Scots-Irish-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German- (Amish and Mennonite)</td>
<td>Southern White-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greek</td>
<td>Spanish-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gypsie</td>
<td>Swedish-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian</td>
<td>Swiss-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungarian</td>
<td>Syrian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icelandic</td>
<td>Ukrainian-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian</td>
<td>Welsh-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irish</td>
<td>Yugoslav-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


11. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


Kain, John F. Theories of Residential Location and Realities of Race, Cambridge, Massachusetts: Harvard University, Program on Regional and Urban Economics, Discussion Paper No. 27, 1969.


13. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


16. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


20. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


AMERICAN


Deprez, P. "The economic development of the Canadian North: with or without the Indians?" Annals of Regional Science, 5, 1971, 8-16.


Field, Thomas P. "The Indian place names of Kentucky," Names, 7, 1959, 151-166.


CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


McFeat, Tom F.S. "Some social and spatial aspects of innovation at Zuni," Anthropologica, 2, 1900, 18-47.


27. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


ARMENIAN-

BASQUE-


CHINESE


Murphy, Rhoads. "Boston's Chinatown," Economic Geography, 28, 1952, 244-255.


CORNISH

CUBAN-

CZECH-

DANISH-

DUTCH-
32. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


ESKIMO


33. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


Fraser, J. K. "Eskimo stone structures," Canada, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys, Geographical Branch, Geographical Bulletin, 12, 1958, 77-80.


FINNISH-


FRENCH-ACADIAN AND CAJUN


**FRENCH CANADIAN**


Deffontaines, Pierre. Le Rang, Type de Peuplement Rural du Canada Francais, Quebec, Canada: Presses Universitaires Laval, 1953.


39. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460


GERMAN-


Detro, Randall A. "German terms in the place names of Louisiana, an index to the cultural landscape," unpublished dissertation, Louisiana State University, 1970.


LeConte, Rene. "Un siecle d'émigration allemand aux Etats-Unis (1819-1919)," *Mouvement Geographique*, 34, 1921, 318-322 and 329-331.


Raup, Hallock F. "The German colonization of Anaheim, California," University of California Publications in Geography, 6, 1932, 123-146.


GERMAN- (AMISH AND MENNONITE)


GREEK-


GYPSIE-


HAWAIIAN


HUNGARIAN-


ICELANDIC-


INDIAN-

45. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460

**IRISH**


**ITALIAN**


JAPANESE


JEWISH


Legare, Jacques. "La population juive de Montreal est-elle victime d’une segregation qu’elle se serait elle-meme imposée?" Recherches Sociographiques, 6, 1965, 331-426.


KOREAN


LEBANESE


LITHUANIAN

Pakstas, K. "Lithuanians in North America," Geografiski Raksti, 1, 1928, 146-147.


Sheck, Ronald C. "Mexican-American migration to selected Texas Panhandle urban places," Ohio State University, Department of Geography, Discussion Paper No. 20, 1971.
MIXED-BLOOD


MORMON


51. CPL Exchange Bibliography #459-460

NORWEGIAN-


POLISH-


PORTUGUESE-


PUERTO RICAN


RUSSIAN-


SCOTS-IRISH


SOUTHERN WHITE


SPANISH-


SWEDISH-


SYRIAN-


UKRAINIAN


WELSH-


YUGOSLAV-


CANADA


Cybriwsky, Roman A. "Patterns of mother tongue retention among several selected ethnic groups in Western Canada," University Park, Pennsylvania: Pennsylvania State University, Department of Geography, Papers in Geography No. 5, 1971.


MacLean, Donald A. "Geography of population, the problem of national, racial, and religious minorities," American Journal of Economics and Sociology, 3, 1944, 479-497.


**U.S.-NORTHEAST**


Carey, Helen M. "Distribution and contributions of the seven major ethnic groups in New England," unpublished Ph.D. Dissertation, Clark University, 1941.


U.S.-SOUTHEAST


U.S.-WEST


