The document contains a summary report of a community college real estate teachers' workshop organized to develop course outlines for the various areas in the real estate curriculum. Curriculum outlines are presented, with varying degrees of detail included, for the following eight subjects: real estate appraisal; real estate brokerage; real estate finance; real estate investment; real estate law; real estate principles and practice; real estate salesmanship; and titles, abstract, escrow, and closing procedures. (JR)
TRERC-TEA REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP
COMMITTEE REPORT
Texas A&M University Rudder Tower
January 7-10, 1976

ROBERT LYON
Project Director
Preface

These committee reports represent the cumulative effort of forty participants representing twenty-six Texas community college real estate programs. These participants attended a three day curriculum workshop funded by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and developed by the Texas Real Estate Research Center (TRERC).

The small groups divided into eight real estate specialty areas and were given the broad objective to develop a basic course outline. Each small group developed their outline in an unstructured manner except for the primary objective. It is the premise of the TRERC that the course instructors should be the primary source of curriculum guides.

Robert L. Lyon
Project Director

February, 1976
**TRERC-TEA CURRICULUM WORKSHOP**

January 8-10, 1976

**COMMITTEE REPORTS**

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REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

REAL ESTATE APPRAISAL

The committee on Finance and Appraisal have reviewed the following curriculum outline as prepared by the Workshop meeting in August, 1974 and unanimously agree that it fully covers the field of appraisal for a real estate course.

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- John P. Wiedemer, University of Houston

Reporter -- Clyde Marrs, Cooke County College

Richard L. Chumbley, Richland College (DCCD) Dallas

Bill Glover, Paris Junior College

Kenneth L. Kerley, Wharton County Junior College

Randy Neugebauer, South Plains College

Edward M. Ware, McLennan Community College

Kenneth E. Wright, Brazosport College
I. Functions of an Appraisal in our Economy

A. What is an appraisal?
   1. Define appraisal according to the text

B. Essential purpose of an appraisal
   1. List five reasons for an appraisal out of those supplied by the instructor or identified in text—such as establishing value for:
      a. Sales
      b. Taxation
      c. Estate settlement
      d. Loan value
      e. Investment
      f. Market value
      g. Insurance
      h. Rehabilitation
      i. Trade-off
      j. Corporate transaction

C. Functions of a real estate appraisal
   1. Student will be able to list five functions as discussed in this course:
      a. Basis for taxation
      b. Transfer of ownership
      c. Finance
      d. Highest and best use
      e. Fair compensation in condemnation or other legal proceedings

D. List the three factors that determine value in real estate:
   1. Scarcity
   2. Desirability
   3. Utility

E. What constitutes value in real estate?
   1. State the principles that govern value of real estate:
      a. Change
      b. Highest and best use
      c. Supply and demand
      d. Balance
      e. Contribution
      f. Conformity
      g. Substitution
      h. Law of competition
      i. Principle of utility

F. Legal concepts of ownership—The student will distinguish among different legal concepts of ownership as supplied in this course:
1. Fee simple
2. Corporate ownership
3. Leasehold
4. Life estate
5. Community property
6. Joint tenancy
7. Tenancy in common

G. Social implications of real property:
   Explain the significance of the stated social factors affecting real property value:
   1. Pride of ownership
   2. Location
   3. Religious
   4. Educational
   5. Recreational facilities
   6. Transportation facilities

H. Economic significance of real property value:
The student will be able to state the economic factors that affect economic value:
   1. Food
   2. Shelter
   3. Clothing
   4. Storehouse of wealth
   5. Basis for credit
   6. Basis for taxation

I. Civic implications of real property:
The student will list the civic implications that affect real property values:
   1. Establishment and support of law and order by taxation
   2. Establishment and support of fire, health, educational facilities in municipalities
   3. Zoning laws
   4. Building codes

II. Define the Problem --- The student will:
   A. Be able to write a concise statement of the problem to be handled in an appraisal process. (Instructor may bring an actual appraisal of existing property as a set of plans on a proposed residence or a text case study.)
   B. Specifically identify property to be appraised:
      1. Legal description
         a. Lot and block
         b. Metes and bounds
      2. Street address
      3. Specific property rights involved
   C. State purpose of the appraisal and indicate which purpose by circling the item in the following list:
      1. Sales
      2. Taxation
      3. Estate settlement
4. Loan value
5. Investment
6. Market value
7. Insurance
8. Rehabilitation
9. Trade-off
10. Corporate transaction

D. As supplied in the text, state the proper definition of the value involved in this appraisal

III. Make a Preliminary Survey --- The student will:

A. After examining all pertinent data, state the highest and best use of this property based on the analysis of:
   1. Site
   2. Improvements
   3. Neighborhood
   4. Other supporting data

B. Collect data needed to make this appraisal

C. Estimate daily or hourly time involved in completing appraisal, any additional expenses, or services of specialists; and write a commitment letter for client's approval

IV. Plan the Appraisal --- The student will:

A. Make a preliminary outline of the work involved in gathering and processing the data to the three approaches to value

B. Show trends affecting the value of the property to be appraised:
   1. Population trends
   2. Economic trends
   3. Political trends
   4. Employment and income trends
   5. Trends in purchasing power
   6. Neighborhood trends
      a. Social data
      b. Physical data
      c. Economic data
      d. Governmental data

V. Apply the Cost Approach --- The student will:

A. Estimate and justify the value of land included in the property

B. Estimate and justify the reproduction cost of the new buildings

C. Estimate and justify loss in value from depreciation:
   1. Deterioration
   2. Functional obsolescence
   3. Economic obsolescence

D. Deduct depreciation from reproduction cost estimate

E. Correlate cost data and make a preliminary cost approach estimate
VI. Apply Income Approach --- The student will:
   A. Analyze gross income as to:
      1. Volume
      2. Quality
      3. Durability
   B. Prepare and justify a forecast of gross income
   C. Analyze past and current operating costs
   D. Prepare and justify a forecast of operating costs
   E. Compute net income
   F. Select and justify a capitalization rate
      1. Acceptable class discussed methods
   G. Determine probable future depreciation and justify appropriate
depreciation methods to be used
   H. Select and justify the appropriate method of capitalization and
make computations using the appropriate formula
   I. Correlate income approach estimates and establish a value ac-
cording to the income approach

VII. Apply the Market Data Approach --- The student will:
   A. Survey the area to locate comparable properties which:
      1. Were recently sold
      2. Have had offers to purchase
      3. Are presently up for sale
      4. Are of public record
      5. Are rented
      6. Are vacant
      7. Are being constructed
   B. Organize and correlate the above information and analyze com-
parable properties in regard to:
      1. Date of sale
      2. Length of time property was offered
      3. Advertising and sales effort involved
      4. Terms of sale
   C. Compare subject property in detail with each comparable property
and make adjustments for the variances between the comparable
and the subject property
   D. Correlate market data and make a preliminary market estimate

VIII. The student will correlate the three approaches by analyzing each
approach and determining which approaches best apply to the subject
property and apply a weighed average to the approach or approaches
that are most applicable to a final value estimate by:
   A. Reconsideration of purpose of appraisal
   B. A careful review of each step in each approach
   C. The use of adjustment factors designed to reflect the adequacy
and reliability of the available data

IX. The student will write the appraisal report on the forms provided

   The appraisal process was modified from Introduction To Real Estate
   Appraisals published by the National Association of Realtors (NAR) 1973
   and can be obtained for $1.50 per copy. The committee felt that this
   sixteen lecture outline series would be an excellent instructor reference
   and tried to modify and update the appraisal process from this source.

   Complete copies can be obtained from:

   Department of Education
   National Association of Realtors
   155 East Superior Street
   Chicago, Illinois 60611

1974 APPRAISAL COMMITTEE:

   Mr. Bill Barber, Brazosport College
   Mr. Kenneth Cullivan, San Jacinto College
   Mr. Harland Doak, University of Houston
   Mrs. Leslie Pray, West Texas State University
   Mr. David Robinson, Andrews Independent School District
   Mr. Dean Stout, Texas A&I, Kingsville
REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

BROKERAGE

After basic principles have been mastered, the next level is agency and/or the third party relationship.

Facets of a Brokerage Program:

1. Knowledge
   A. Economics
   B. Social
   C. Legislative

2. Establishing Integrity

3. Communication ability

4. Office management

5. Selecting and training personnel

6. Specialization of service

7. Creation of Gross Income
   A. Agents for R.E. Rights transfer
      1. Listing
      2. Selling
      3. Manager
      4. Insurance
   B. Consulting

8. Programming outside expertise
   A. Appraising
   B. Financing
   C. Legal
   D. Taxation
   E. Engineering and building

9. Creativity

10. Salesmanship

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- Jim Chilcoat, Victoria College
John Keating, Tarrant County Junior College District
Bill McDaniel, Dallas Community College
Bill Pohl, Austin Community College
Ruth Robinson, Houston Community College
REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

REAL ESTATE FINANCE OBJECTIVES

To give the student a better understanding of:

A. The workings of real estate finance by reviewing its historical development.

B. Our monetary system and its affect on the flow of money into the real estate market through local lending institutions.

C. Loan applications and underwriting procedures of local financial institutions.

D. Instruments, terminology and closing costs.

E. Specific information as to specialized lending procedures.

I. Background and History

II. Local Sources of Money
   A. Savings & Loan Associations
   B. Commercial Banks
   C. Mortgage Companies
   D. Insurance Companies

III. Monetary Systems
   A. Federal Reserve System
   B. How the banking system operates

IV. Secondary Markets
   A. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)
   B. Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)

V. Mortgage Companies
   A. Operation Procedures
   B. Policies

VI. Federal Government Programs
   A. Veterans Administration (VA)
   B. Federal Housing Administration (FHA)
   C. Government National Mortgage Administration (GNMA)

VII. Loan Applications
   A. Payment to income ratio
   B. Total obligations to payment income ratio
   C. Loan to value ratio

VIII. Analyzing Financial Statements
   A. Credit Reports
   B. Qualifying loans to borrowers
IX. Appraisals
   A. Reproduction approach (cost)
   B. Market Data approach
   C. Income approach

X. Closing Costs
   A. Items included
   B. Discussion of Title Policies

XI. Promissory Note & Deed of Trust
   A. Other types of mortgages
   B. Differences of Deeds of Trust

XII. Alternatives
   A. Assumptions
   B. Contract for Deed
   C. Contract of Sale
   D. Wrap around mortgage
   E. Exchange

XIII. Income Producing Property Loans

XIV. Development and Construction Loans (Optional)

XV. Review and Exam

MEMBERS:

   Chairman -- John P. Wiedemer, University of Houston
   Reporter -- Clyde Marrs, Cooke County College
   Richard L. Chumbley, Richland College
   Bill Glover, Paris Junior College
   Kenneth L. Kerley, Wharton County Junior College
   Randy Neugebauer, South Plains College
   Edward M. Ware, McLennan Community College
   Kenneth E. Wright, Brazosport College
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT

Chairman -- Bill Pohl, Austin Community College
Reporter -- Bill McDaniel, Dallas Community College District

Premise - Student has recently completed three of the following four courses:

1. Real Estate Principles
2. Real Estate Appraisal
3. Real Estate Finance
4. Real Estate Law

Broad Objective:

To develop student understanding of the characteristics and benefits of Real Estate Investment.

Course Outline:

I. Introduction:
   A. Characteristic of Real Estate Investment
      1. Positive factors
         a. Income Production
         b. Capital Appreciation
         c. Tax Benefits
      2. Negative factors
         a. Illiquidity
         b. Inflexibility
         c. Relative high risk
         d. Anticipation of changing legislation
      3. Basic Do's and Don'ts
         a. Don't trust anybody
         b. Consult competent CPA's and attorney's who are knowledgeable
         c. Supervise all funds.
         d. Consistent follow-up on progress of investments.
   B. Review and Terminology

II. Evaluation techniques used in Investment Analysis
    A. Financing and leverage techniques
       1. Overall rate of return computation
       2. Constant computation and analysis
       3. Analysis and comparison of overall rate to constant
    B. Capitalization techniques
    C. Internal rate of return analysis
    D. Present value analysis
III. Taxation
   A. Types of Depreciation
      1. Straight line
      2. Accelerated
         a. Double Declining Balance (DBL)
         b. 150% declining balance
         c. Sum-of-Year Digit (SYD)
      3. Component Depreciation
      4. Bonus Depreciation
   B. Types of Property
      1. Residential (maximum depreciation)
         a. First user 200% (DCL) Declining Balance
         b. Second user 125% (DCL) Declining Balance
      2. Non-Residential (maximum depreciation)
         a. First user 150% (DCL) Declining Balance
         b. Second user Straight Line
   C. Awareness of basis calculation and recapture methods.

IV. Forms of ownership
   A. Sole Proprietorship
   B. Partnerships
      1. Joint Venture
      2. Limited Partnership
   C. Corporation
   D. Sub-Chapter S Corporation
   E. Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT)

V. Various Methods of Financing
   A. Interim
   B. Permanent
   C. Define Gap and Standby

VI. Various types of Real Estate Investment considerations
   A. Site Selection
   B. Specific types of Investments
      1. Raw Land - Analysis and case studies
      2. Income Property - Analysis and case studies
         a. Multi-family
         b. Single-family
         c. Office
         d. Retail
         e. Industrial

Footnotes:
   A. Numbers one (I) thru five (V) are definitive information and should be covered lightly.
   B. The most significant portion of course is number six (VI), which is the analysis and cases studies regarding the various types of Real Estate Investment.
   C. It is recommended that as many handouts (definitions) as possible be used in numbers one (I) thru six (VI).
REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

REAL ESTATE LAW COMMITTEE

Objectives:
I. To write a suggested outline of topics to be covered in R.E. Law.
II. To write suggested learning objectives for R.E. Law topics outline.

REAL ESTATE LAW OF TEXAS TOPICS:

I. Real Estate -- A Legal Concept
   A. Land, real property, and real estate
   B. Improvements
   C. Fixtures:
      1. Trade fixtures
      2. Chattel Mortgage Registration
   D. Hereditaments
   E. Appurtenances

II. Land Descriptions:
   A. Acreage
   B. Platted Land:
      1. Map plans for subdivisions
      2. City, County, and State Ordinances affecting subdivisions.

III. Real Property Rights & Estates In Land:
   A. Freehold Estates:
      1. Fee simple absolute
      2. Fee simple upon conditional limitation:
         a. Condition precedent
         b. Condition subsequent
      3. Fee simple determinable
      4. Life estates and remainders
   B. Non-Freehold Estates:
      1. Tenancy for term of years
      2. Tenancy from year to year or month to month
      3. Tenancy at Will
      4. Tenancy by sufferance
   C. Other Estate (non-possessory interests):
      1. Profits
      2. Easements
      3. Licenses
      4. Security Interests
   D. Community Property
   E. Concurrent Ownership
      1. Tenants in common
      2. Joint Tenants
      3. Partnerships
      4. Syndicates:
         a. Trust
         b. Corporate
   F. Statutes of Limitation Affecting Title
IV. Contracts:
   A. Listing Agreement
      1. Types
      2. Essentials
   B. Earnest Money Contract
      1. Essentials of a valid contract
      2. Flaws and common errors
   C. Promulgated Forms

V. Conveyances:
   A. Deeds:
      1. Types
      2. Essentials
      3. Covenants
      4. Restrictions
   B. Conversions (also see "Liens")
      1. Voluntary:
         a. Testamentary
         b. Gift
      2. Involuntary:
         a. Escheat
         b. Eminent Domain
         c. Intestate Succession

VI. Encumbrances:
   A. Liens:
      1. Voluntary:
         a. Deed of Trust
         b. Vendors' Lien
         c. Mechanic's and Materialman's Lien Contract
      2. Involuntary:
         a. Judgments
         b. Government
            1. Tax
            2. Assessment
         c. Affidavits of Mechanics Liens
      3. Exemptions
         a. Homesteads
         b. Personal Property
      4. Security interests under the Uniform Commercial Code
         a. Filing requirements
         b. Priorities
         c. Perfecting
      5. Landlord's Lien
         a. Contractual
         b. Statutory
      6. Statutes of Limitation Affecting Liens
   B. Foreclosures:
      1. Mortgages
      2. Deed of Trust
      3. Vendor's Lien
      4. Summary
      5. Court
      6. Powers of Sale
VII. Recording of Instruments:
   A. Effect of Recording
   B. Requirements
   C. Process
   D. Other systems

VIII. Evidences of Title
   A. Abstracts
      1. Supplements
      2. Attorney's opinion
   B. Title Insurance
      1. Types
      2. Elements
      3. Exceptions
      4. Indemnification
      5. Regulations
   C. Title Certificates
      1. Torrens
      2. Other

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- C. Kenneth Sheffield, San Jacinto College

Reporter -- W. J. Sowers, College of the Mainland

Cody T. Copeland, Amarillo College

Ben Hardin, Brazosport College

Bill Jennings, Tarrant County Junior College District

Gwen Reese, Amarillo College
REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE

I. Recommend that institutions offering a Real Estate Program identify a course within their curricula which:
   A. Constitutes a broad introduction to the Real Estate profession.
   B. Covers, as a minimum, the subjects outlined in paragraph 7a of the Real Estate Licensing Act (RELA) which states:

   "Courses of study required for licensure shall include but not be limited to the following: arithmetical calculations as used in real estate transactions; rudimentary principles of conveyancing; the general purposes and effect of deeds, deeds of trust, mortgages, land contracts of sales, leases, liens, and listing contracts; elementary principles of land economics and appraisals; fundamentals of obligations between principal and agent; principles of real estate practice and canons of ethics pertaining thereto; and the provisions of this Act and rules and regulations of the Commission."

   C. Offers three semester hours credit.

II. Recommend that Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) be advised of the course title and general content of the course.

III. Recommend the introductory course include the following subjects in addition to those subjects required by paragraph 7a of the Real Estate License Act (RELA).
   A. History of Real Estate
   B. Real Estate taxative and governmental controls.
   C. Real Estate financing.
   D. Rights and obligations pertaining to ownership of real property.

IV. Recommend that participating institutions furnish copies of their curricula and/or syllabi and changes thereto, to Texas Real Estate Research Center (TRERC) for publication in the "Educator" on a space available basis.

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- John Nutt, Central Texas College

Reporter -- Laura Lee Honea, Houston Community College

Jack Caesar, Temple Junior College

Alice Cater, Lamar University

Gene Edwards, Houston Community College

E. W. (Red) Phares, Tarrant County Community College District
REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

REAL ESTATE SALESMANSHIP WORKSHOP REPORT

It was recommended that all Real Estate Associate Degree programs contain a Real Estate Salesmanship course. A principle course should be taken prior to or concurrently with the sales course or the student should already be licensed.

The salesmanship course should contain:

Theory of Prospecting
Closing
Listings

As well as techniques on processes in practical application, including examples and case studies, the committee suggested Robert Moore's syllabus which is attached.

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- Bob Moore, McLennan Community College
Reporter -- Robert Goforth, San Antonio College
Kenneth Barclay, Central Texas College
Kenneth Litherland, Bee County College
Sid Streicher, Odessa College
Real Estate Salesmanship

Instructor: Robert E. Moore GRI
Syllabus

I. INTRODUCTION

This course offers a unique learning experience in the application of selling techniques employed by the professionals in the real estate field. The ownership of real estate is one of such great importance to the preservation of the American way of life that it requires no stretch of the imagination to say the real estate sales field is one of tremendous scope and unlimited possibilities. To be sure, the opportunities are unlimited, yet the basic cause of success for every real estate sales person is a clear understanding of SALESMAISHIP. This course has been designed to facilitate the absorption and utilization of the most current effective ways to sell real estate.

II. OBJECTIVES

The aim of this course is to:

a. acquaint the student with the opportunities in the real estate field.
b. inform the student of the basic elements of the sales cycle of listing property.
c. inform the student of the basic elements of the sales cycle involved in arrangement of financing of property.
d. inform the student of the basic elements of the sales cycle involved in the offer between buyer and seller.
e. establish a workable prospect system, that each student will use.
f. provide a telephone approach system, that each student will use for obtaining listings and for incoming ad calls.
g. arrange for each student to design a sales presentation book for listing and selling property.

III. COURSE MATERIAL

Text—Real Estate Salesman's Handbook, National Association of Realtors, Seventh Addition.

3 Ring notebook binder and tabs

3x5 file card box, 3x5 index cards, 30-3x5 index guides

Calendar appointment book
IV. COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Students are expected to attend scheduled classes, participate in class discussions, study course material and assignments, develop a prospecting system, prepare telephone appointment and call in systems, design and present a visual listing presentation, complete any additional case study assignments and tests that are assigned. Absences have a detrimental impact on grades.

V. EXAMINATIONS

a. Two major examinations will be held, one at mid-term and the other as a final. The questions will be taken from the text, and from any supplemental material that is discussed in class.

b. Tests may be given at each class meeting and may be of the open book type.

c. Development of a prospecting system counts for 20% of the grade; design and preparation of a listing and sales presentation visual-20%; mid-term examination-20%; final examination-20%; and class participation-20%.

d. The grading scales is: A-90 thru 100; B-80 thru 89; C-70 thru 79; D-60 thru 69; F-0 thru 59.

VI. CLASS PROCEDURE

a. Class periods are devoted to:

1. Lecture
2. Audio visual aids and displays
3. Student participation
4. Quizzes
5. Role play of sales presentations
6. Field trips to review listings
7. Roll call

b. Students are expected to prepare prospect card information, sales presentations, do outside reading, determine market values and conditions, complete assignments in the text, and be aware of current events that affect real estate.

c. Students will be encouraged to submit an evaluation of the course, teaching methods, and make recommendations prior to completion of the course, with complete assurance that grades are not effected by the evaluation.

VII. CONTENTS

Real Estate Salesmanship

Second Week
LICENSE LAW & EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS

Third Week
ATTITUDE

Fourth Week
PROSPECTING
THE PROSPECT BOX
Preparation of a prospect system. Habits of prospecting.

Fifth Week
MANAGING TIME EFFECTIVELY

Sixth Week
SELLING WITH PSYCHOLOGY
The "selling" personality. Selling as a process. Arguments for home ownership. What motivates the buyer.
PERSUASION
The atmosphere for a closing. Magic words. Listening.

Seventh Week
ENTHUSIASM
THE SALES CYCLE

Eighth Week
MIDTERM EXAMINATION
DISPLAY AND USE OF PROSPECT BOX
HOW TO USE THE TELEPHONE
Telephone appointment systems. Costs and record keeping. Theories of getting appointments.
REVIEW OF MIDTERM EXAM

Ninth Week
HOW TO GET APPOINTMENTS continued
WRITE A TELEPHONE APPROACH
Overcome stall.

Tenth Week
HOW TO GET LISTINGS
Listings - the starting place. A workable approach. Selling the seller. Follow up of listings.

Eleventh Week
HOW TO GIVE A LISTING PRESENTATION
Development of a workable listing presentation.
PREPARATION OF A LISTING VISUAL

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Real Estate Salesmanship

Twelfth Week
HOW TO MANAGE YOUR LISTINGS
Special services. Follow up. Appraisal methods.
Record keeping. Multiple listing services. Know
your financing. When to list. Pricing.

Thirteenth Week
BRINGING BUYER AND SELLER TOGETHER
Working with buyers. Showing houses.
PRESENT LISTING PRESENTATIONS

Fourteenth Week
BRINGING BUYER AND SELLER TOGETHER continued
Preparing the seller. Keeping the owner informed.
Statements to buyers and sellers.
PRESENT LISTING PRESENTATIONS

Fifteenth Week
CLOSING THE SALE
The art of negotiations. How to use the contract.
Legal wording. Earnest money deposits. Closing
check list. How to handle stalls and objections.
Follow up.
PRESENT LISTING PRESENTATIONS

Sixteenth Week
FINAL EXAMINATION
PRESENT LISTING PRESENTATIONS

VIII. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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REAL ESTATE CURRICULUM WORKSHOP - JANUARY 8-10, 1976

COURSE OBJECTIVES FOR
TITLES, ABSTRACT, ESCROW AND CLOSING PROCEDURES

1. To acquaint the students with the history of land titles.
2. Develop the student's ability to use and understand legal descriptions of land.
3. Prepare the students to recognize which instrument of conveyances are used to transfer title.
4. To make the student cognizant of the various processes including judicial which transfer title.
5. Create the student's awareness of factors including governmental regulations which affect the use of land.
6. Broaden the student's knowledge of different types of liens which affect the title of real property.
7. Field trip to Abstract Plant.
8. Instruct the student in the identification and use of the various sales contracts.
9. Acquaint the student with various closing procedures.
10. Introduce the student to new legislation affecting transfer of titles, closing transactions and other pertinent real estate matters.

MEMBERS:

Chairman -- Irene Francis, Tarrant County Junior College District
Reporter -- Rohlin Sullender, South Plains College