#### DOCUMENT RESUME

BD 091 855

BA 006 214

AUTHOR

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TITLE

Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary

Education, 1971-72.

INSTITUTION

National Center for Educational Statistics (DHEW/OE),

Washington, D.C. Elementary and Secondary Surveys

Branch.

SPONS AGENCY REPORT NO Office of Education (DHEW), Washington, D.C.

DHEW-OR-74-11407

PUB DATE

74

NOTE

22p.; A related document is BD 074 614

AVAILABLE FROM

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing

Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 (\$0.50)

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS MF-\$0.75 HC-\$1.50 PLUS POSTAGE

Attendance Services; Average Daily Attendance; Costs;

\*Educational Finance: Elementary Education:

Expenditure Per Student; Expenditures; Pederal Aid; Federal Programs; Health Services; \*Income; Operating Expenses; \*Public Schools; \*School District Spending;

Secondary Education: \*Statistical Data: Student

Transportation: Tables (Data)

#### ABSTRACT

The information in this report is directed to both the general information needs of educational researchers and the more specialized needs of personnel administering programs under P.L. 81-874--School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas--and P.L. 89-10--the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. For this reason, this publication contains two types of current operating expenditure data for public elementary and secondary education at the local level: (1) total current expenditures and (2) current expenditures as defined by P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10. Data are presented in tables by State. The appendix contains a sample of the State fiscal report form for fiscal year 1972. (Author/DN)



## HIGHLIGHTS

The number of pupils in average daily attendance (ADA) increased only one-tenth of 1 percent, from 42.4 million in 1970-71 to 42.5 million in 1971-72.

Total current expenditures at the local level amounted to \$40.9 billion; the average per-pupil expenditure was \$963.

A total of \$3.7 billion, or 9.1 percent of total current expenditures, came from Federal sources, amounting to \$87 per pupil.

Current expenditures as defined by P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10 ranged from a low of \$533 per pupil in Mississippi to \$1,596 in Alaska. The national average was \$926 per pupil, up 7.7 percent from 1970-71.

The low State average per-pupil expenditure, \$533, was 4 percent higher than the national average in 1965-66.

The ratio of the highest to the lowest State per-pupil expenditure, approximately 3 to 1, has remained relatively constant over the years.



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# Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education 1971-72

by
Richard H. Barr
National Center for
Educational Statistics
Office of Education

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary
Charles B. Saunders, Jr., Acting Assistant Secretary for Education

Office of Education
John Ottina, Commissioner



# U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON: 1974

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20102 - Price 50 cents



## FOREWORD

There has been increasing interest expressed by the educational community in expenditure data for public elementary and secondary education. In response to this interest, the U.S. Office of Education (USOE) in 1968 began publishing expenditure data compiled from annual reports submitted by the States on total current expenditures and on expenditures as defined by P.L. 81-874, School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas, and P.L. 89-10, the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. This publication was compiled from these State reports, which have also been incorporated into USOE's Elementary—Secondary General Information System (ELSEGIS) series. More detailed expenditure data, along with revenue, staffing, and other data, will be published in Statistics of State School Systems, 1971—72.

The report form used by the States for the annual submission of expenditure data (OE Form 2350-6) was developed with the assistance of State education agency fiscal and statistical personnel, whose essential contribution is acknowledged and appreciated.

Roy C. Nehrt, Chief Elementary and Secondary Surveys Branch Dorothy M. Gilford Assistant Commissioner for Educational Statistics

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## INTRODUCTION

The information in this report is directed to both the general information needs of educational researchers and the more specialized needs of personnel administering programs under P.L. 81-874, School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas, and P.L. 89-10, The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. For this reason, this publication contains two types of current operating expenditure data for public elementary and secondary education at the local level:

1) Total current expenditures. These data are presented according to the major functional categories agreed upon in the late 1940's. The categories were published in USOE Handbook I, The Common Core of State Educational Information, 1953. Total current expenditure data are collected and published biannually in Statistics of State School Systems.

The data in this report are not fully comparable to those in other reports of current expenditures since they do not include expenditures to. State- or intermediate-level administration. The data reported here do, however, represent 97.6 percent of the estimated

\$41.9 billion in current expenditures for public elementary and secondary schools.<sup>1</sup>

2) Current expenditures as defined by P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10: The current expenditures presented in the second section of this report are those which comply with the definitions of such expenditures in P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10. These include all expenditures at the local level, regardless of funding source, for current operation of public elementary and secondary schools through grade 12, including net expenditures for school lunch programs, student activities, and free summer school programs. Excluded are expenditures made from funds received from patrons as tuition and transportation fees and from funds received under Titles I, II, and III of P.L. 89-10.

All data in this report are for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972.

## TOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES

In 1971-72, a total of \$40.9 billion was expended at the local level for the operation of public elementary and secondary schools, including expenditures excluded under P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10 (i.e., expenditures from payments by patrons for tuition and transportation fees, and from funds received under Titles I, II, and III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965). Of this total, \$39.8 billion was expended for local administration, instruction, attendance and health

services, pupil transportation, plant operation and maintenance, and fixed charges. The remaining \$1.1 billion was spent for "other school services" (student activities, free summer school, and school lunch programs) (table 1).

A comparison of the percentages by category of total expenditures for 1971-72 and 1964-65 reveals only minor changes in emphasis. In 1971-72, a slightly



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Projections of Educational Statistics to 1981-82, table 36.

smaller percentage was spent for instruction, attendance and health services, pupil transportation, and maintenance and operation of plant; while relatively more was expended for administration and fixed charges (table A). The increase observed for administration could be due in part to a revised definition of this category (i.e., expenses of the principal's office, formerly included in instruction, are now classified under administration by some States). Since the amount expended for employee retirement is included in fixed charges, the increase in this category could be a reflection of the increased costs for social security and other retirement programs.

In spite of increasing overall costs, the amount expended for "other school services" showed a slight decrease. Although all but 2 States had increases in school lunch expenditures, 31 States showed decreases for the total of these combined services. This indicates a cutback in the spending of tax dollars for some special activities.

The variations in spenuing patterns among the States are shown in tables 2 and 3. Table 2 reports current expenditures per pupil for 1971-72, distributed by functional category, for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas. Table 3 presents a percentage distribution of expenditures by category.

# Revenues for Current Expenditures From Federal Sources

Federal funds in support of total current expenditures totaled \$3.7 billion, or 9.1 percent of the total current expenditures from all sources of funds (table 4). The Federal share varied greatly among the States, from a low of 4.4 percent for Wisconsin to a high of 33.0 percent for the District of Columbia.

Table A.—Expenditures at the local level for current operation of the regular day school program, by functional category: 1964-65 and 1971-72

	1964	-65	1971	-72
Functional category	Dollars, in billions	Percent	Dollars, in billions	Percent
Total	\$17.9	100.0	\$39.8	100.0
Local administration	.6	3.3	1.4	3.6
Instruction	12.8	71.4	28.1	70.7
Attendance and health				
services	.2	1.1	.4	1.0
Pupil transportation	.7	4.0	1.5	3.8
Operation and maintenance			f	
of plant	2.2	12.0	4.3	10.8
Fixed charges				
(includes employer				ĺ
share of retirement)	1.5	8.2	4.0	10.1

Note.—Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.



# CURRENT EXPENDITURES AS DEFINED BY P.L. 81-874 AND P.L. 89-10

During 1971-72, expenditures as defined by P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10 rose to \$39.3 billion, an increase of \$2.9 billion (7.8 percent) over those in 1970-71. The number of pupils in average daily attendance rose only slightly to 42.5 million (up 0.1 percent). Therefore, the average per-pupil expenditure rose from \$860 to \$926, a 7.7 percent increase (table 5).

Table B is a frequency distribution of State average per-pupil expenditures at \$100 intervals. It clearly shows the two extreme highs (Alaska and New York), as well as the large grouping in the range of \$700 to \$1,100 per pupil. It is noteworthy that the 40th through the 60th centiles lay within the \$800-to-\$900 range.

Table B.—Frequency distribution of statewide expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance: 1971-72

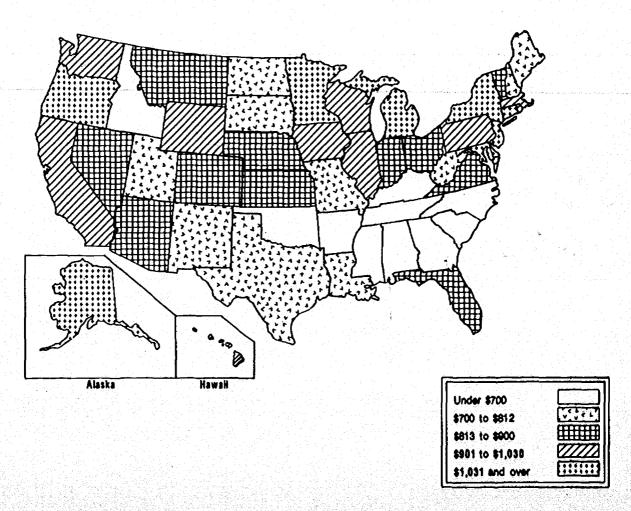
Current expenditures per pupil in ADA	Frequency	Cumulative frequency	Measures of central tendency and deviation
Under \$500	0	0	
\$500 to \$599	4	4	
\$600 to \$699	6	10	20th centile \$ 685
\$700 to \$799	8	18	1st quartile 731
\$800 to \$899	12	30	40th centile 812 Median 850
\$900 to \$999	<b>5</b>	35 - 1 4 4	(60th centile 898 Mean 926
\$1,000 to \$1,099	11	46	3rd quartile 1,023 80th centile 1,031
\$1,100 to \$1,199	2	48	
\$1,200 to \$1,299		49	
\$1,300 to \$1,399	0	49	
\$1,400 to \$1,499	0	49	
\$1,500 to \$1,599	2	51	
\$1,600 and over	0	<b>51</b>	

Chart 1 presents a graphic picture of the geographic distribution of current expenditures per pupil by State (reported in table 5). It should be noted that the States with the highest expenditure rates are generally in the

Northeast, Upper Midwest, and Far West, while the States with the lowest expenditure rates tend to be grouped in the Southeast.

Chart 1.—State average current expenditures per pupil for operation of public elementary and secondary schools: 1971-72

(As reported for administration of P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10)



The data in table C and chart 2 show that the U.S. average per-pupil expenditure increased 94.5 percent in the 7 years since the enactment of P.L. 89-10 in 1965. As the U.S. average has risen, the range of expenditures among the States has widened. In 1964-65, the State average per-pupil expenditure rates varied by \$527, from \$260 to \$787. In 1971-72, this range was \$1,063, from

\$533 to \$1,596. The lowest State per-pupil expenditure in 1972 exceeded the 1965 national average, yet the lowest State average was still only about one-third of the amount being spent in the State with the highest per-pupil expenditure. This reflects the fact that the lowest and highest State averages have undergone similar percentage increases in this 7-year period.



Table C.-U.S. average and low and high State averages of current expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance, reported for administration of P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10: 1964-65 to 1971-72.

Fiscal year ending June 30	U.S. average	Low State average	High State average		
1965	\$476	\$260	\$ 787		
1966	511	270	833		
1967	555	302	936		
1968	612	313	1,013		
1969	685	396	1,154		
1970	767	431	1,265		
1971	860	470	1,487		
1972	926	533	1,596		

The data shown in table D were adjusted to constant (1971-72) dollars based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Even when so adjusted, the national average per-pupil expenditure

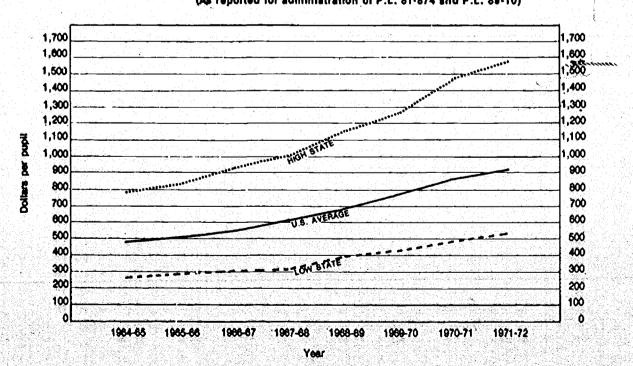
showed a 47.7 percent increase from 1965 to 1972. The lowest State per-pupil expenditure increased 55.8 percent, while the highest State expenditure increased 54.1 percent.

Table D.—Adjusted U.S. average and low and high State averages of current expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance, reported for administration of P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10, in constant (1971-72) dollars: 1964-65 to 1971-72.

Fiscal year ending June 30	U.S. average	Low State average	High State average
1965	\$627	\$342	\$1,036
1966	658	348	1,073
1967	694	378	1,170
1968	740	379	1,225
1969	790	457	1,332
1970	836	470	1,378
1971	891	487	1,541
1972	926	533	1,596

Chart 2.—U.S. average end low and high State averages of current expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance: 1964-85 to 1971-72

(As reported for administration of P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10)





The gap between the lowest State per-pupil expenditure and the national average closed slightly, but the gap between the highest State per-pupil expenditure and the national average widened by almost the same proportion. Thus, the relative difference between the lowest and highest State expenditure rates remained almost constant during this period.

Changes in the CPI are an important consideration in interpreting increasing educational costs. For example, while per-pupil expenditures expressed in absolute dollars increased 94.5 percent during the 7-year period, the adjusted dollar increase was only 47.7 percent.



# BASIC TABLES



Table 1.—Current expenditures at the local level for free public elementary and secondary education, by major function and by State or other area: Aggregate United States, 1971-72

(In thousands of dollars)

					Current	expenditu	IT <b>e</b> 0			1. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
State or other erea				Regule	r progra	ms, by maj	or function	4			
	Total current expenditures	Totel	Adminis- tration	Instruc- tion	Attend- ance eervices	Health services	Transpor- tetion services	Operation of plant	Mainte- nance of plant	Pixed cherges	Other echool eervices
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
50 States end D.C	\$40,896,296	39,751,792	\$1,435,937	\$28,093,090	\$129,964	\$281,329	\$1,510,281	\$3,315,183	\$970,619	\$4,015,389	\$1,144,503
Alabama	. 483,248	443,385	11,843	320,542	9,611	962	15,651	21,720	10, 337	52,718	39,863
Arieone	. 126,870 . 363,011	123,849 344,926	5,000 14,256	88,847 262,573	1/ 86 372	306 3,357	5,731 7,828	9,482 28,595	5,005 10,587	9,392 17,359	3,022
Arkaneas	. 264,018 . 4,330,030	247,570 4,263,292	13,349 128,063	169,952 3,108,864	558 0	1,291	13,860	17,726	6,934	23,898	18,084 16,448
Colorado		461,365				32,695	88,973	318,157		442,303	66,738
Connacticut	. 709,793	700,578	15,415 20,333	335,450 508,753	2,048 1,316	2,946 7,741	13,761 27,093	34,691 73,891	13,510 2/	43,544 61,450	10,478 9,215
Delaware	132,536 164,378	128,806	5,982	87,431	384	1,352	6,001	11,851	3,234	12,570	3,730
Ploride		1,140,099	6,068 34,665	108,443 859,941	2,706 765	1,178 1,751	5,723 29,388	15,259 80,115	5,475 38,628	9,823 94,845	9,696 39,240
Georgie	677,441	638,863	27,700	473,154	2,855	0	29,560	47,372	21,548	36,675	38,579
Keraii		166,356 117,137	12,555 4,652	121,171 80,585	1,364	404	3,465	5,323	7,752	14,727	7,782
Illinois	2,257,677	2,194,554	95,561	1,550,019	5,279	24,416	70,258	9,720 217,622	3,101 55,258	12,551 176,142	2,202 63,122
Indiana		952,206	25,416	665,841	3,531	5,293	43,806	87,970	25,896	94,453	26,976
Iova	. 608,417 . 394,433	592,943 384,641	24,083 15,441	416,426 276,834	951 434	3,688	27,242	70,872	2/	49,680	15,474
Kentucky	443,213	421,581	11,020	317,917	3,553	2,174 309	15,556 21,311	33,966 28,683	11,034 9,590	29,203 29,197	9,792 21,632
Louisians Mains		607,995 181,322	32,947 5,774	430,915 130,740	2,016 95	1,612 712	40,219	38,246 14,931	19,830 4,565	42,210 13,803	46,708 6,777
Caryland	894,354	875,077	22,372	613,272	8,876	1,918	36,873	78,747	28,703	84,317	19,277
Kassachusetts Kichigan	. 1,075,473	1,060,698	29,272	806,570	2,880	8,215	45,302	119,394	2/	49,064	14,775
Minnesote	948,940	2,173,871 924,857	77,318 30,401	1,477,700	3,107	4,299 5,599	71,302 48,857	197,174 83,290	54,444 17,441	285,213 92,065	32,232 24,083
Kieeleeippi		287,924	10,032	211,422	588	1,873	16,166	16,022	9,254	22,568	24,310
Kiesouri Kontane		747,752 137,281	26,825 5,438	536,429 93,836	1,541	4,846	36,142	56,800	26,232	58,938	17,086
Mebrasko,,	280,402	270,247	11,589	195,308	58 535	378 1,636	7,829 8,959	11,354 21,917	4,852 9,264	13,535 21,040	10,155
Mevede Mev Hampehire		106,280	2,457 4,238	78,568 90,050	277 73	578 1,406	3,516 6,243	9,350 9,671	3,720 2,846	7,814 7,277	2,325 4,948
May Jaresy		1,679,307	60,333	1,155,701	5,479	26,401	57,912	134,270			
Nev Hexto	210,705	202,158	6,574	145,147	249	1,649	8,769	14,180	51,582 6,691	187,629 18,899	43,679 8,547
New York		4,885,932 739,838	206,164	3,247,895 543,008	25,679 2,628	53,262 2,246	247,267 27,252	326,210 39,126	108,737 25,438	670,719	119,665
Worth Dakota		105,608	4,477	72,717	45	127	7,996	9,288	2,237	79,912 8,723	36,269 4,319
OhioOkiahoma	1,898,718	1,863,719	73,339	1,258,566	4,575	8,653	52,155	173,894	43,774	248,762	35,000
Oregon	463,545	396,809 451,673	15,887 14,961	273,505 317,461	823 464	1,484	15,515 17,733	30,724 37,683	23,634 18,242	35,237 43,993	16,243 11,871
Pennsylvanie Mode Teland	2,331,951 178,124	2,273,629 172,634	91,748 5,394	1,528,869	8,654 574	30,119 1,257	87,978 6,693	265,616	2/	260,646	58,321
South Carolina		384,647						14,209	3,699	17,780	5,490
South Dakote	123,823	118,624	11,338 5,236	279,194 84,909	1,084 42	2,138 417	13,523 6,726	23,145 9,386	11,409 3,170	42.815 8,737	25,538 5,199
Tennessee Texas	550,491 1,899,847	529,751 1,844,975	17,727 84,217	382,537 1,413,136	2,294 5,834	1,160	21,340	38,767	14,268	51,657	20,741
Ocah		196,608	4,181	141,762	589	16,211 491	39,063 4,906	179,891 15,190	2/ 7,392	106,623 22,097	54,872 6,909
Vermont		95,973	4,028	67,763 <sup>1</sup>	/ 23	703	4.966	8,394	2,705	7,390	3,494
Virgiale	722,127	828,533 712,891	19,739 22,215	604,328 514,088	3,955 1,074	2,341 4,308	31,087 26,297	57,687 64,984	31.870 20,282	77,528 59,644	35,053 9,235
West Virginia Wisconsin	301,493	288,158	8,656	187,421	916	1,905	18,187	19,590	10,035	41,449 109,979	13.335
lyoning		928,032 80,351	26,452 2,979	633,532 56,868	2,550 45	1,718 669	47,322 4,261	76,980 6,052	29,499 2,680	109,979 6,795	19,146 2,587
utlying ereas:											
laatican Samos	3,190 15,150	4,932	1,021	3,269	0	ø	148	184	90	220	258
Canal Zone	15,150 24,300	15.084	2,545	10.645		8	235	2,002	1,529	220 673 316	66
Puerto Rico	24,202 326,700	23,669 288,129	20,799	18,346 215,997	2,232	36 774	1,794 4,061	16,659	3.023	316 24,784	534 38,571
Virgin Yelahde	23,179	21,568	1,343	14,112	87	124	939	1,784	969	2,010	229
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U iscludes undistributed expenditures of funds received pursuant to the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Public Law 89-10.

I Expenditures for Maintenance of Plant have been included with expenditures for operation of plant reported in column 9.



Table 2.—Current expenditures at the local level per pupil in everage delly attendance for regular programs in free public elementary and secondary education, by major function and by State or other eres: Aggregate United States, 1971-72

State or other area  1  50 States and D.C	7otel  2  \$ 936  594 1,588 806 599 931  879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639 984	Adminis- tretion  3  \$ 34  16 64 33 32 28 29 33 48 47 26	\$ 661 430 1,139 613 412 679 639 827 705	Attendance services  \$ 3  13  1 1	Health services  6  \$ 7  1 4 8 3 7	Transportation services  7  \$36  21  73  18  34	Operation of plant 8 \$ 78 \$ 29 122 67	Meinte- nence of plant 9 \$ 23	Fixed charges 10 \$ 95 71 120
Alabama. Alabama. Alaska. Arisona. Arkansas. Californis. Colorado. Connacticut. Delawara. District of Columbia. Plorids. Caorgie. Rawaii.	\$ 936 594 1,588 806 599 931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639	\$ 34 16 64 33 32 28 29 33 48 47	\$ 661 430 1,139 613 412 679 639 827	\$ 3 13 1		\$36 21 73 18 34	\$ 78 29 122 67	\$ 23 - 14 64	\$ 95 71
Alabami Alaska Arisona Arkansas Californis  Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Floride  Caorgie Revaii	594 1,588 806 599 931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842	16 64 33 32 28 29 33 48 47	430 1,139 613 412 679 639 827	13 1 1	1 4 8 3	21 73 18 34	29 122 67	14 64	71
Alaska. Arisona. Arkansa. California  Colorado. Connacticut. Delawara. District of Columbia. Florida. Caorgia. Rawaii.	1,588 806 599 931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639	64 33 32 28 29 33 48 47	1,139 613 412 679 639 827	1	4 8 3	73 18 34	122 67	64	
Arisona. Arkanasa California. Colorado. Connacticut Delaware. District of Columbia. Plorida. Georgia. Hawaii	806 599 931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639	33 32 28 29 33 48 47	613 412 679 639 827	1	3	18 34	67		
Arkansas Californis Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Plorids Caorgia Hawaii	599 931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639	32 28 29 33 48 47	412 679 639 827		3	34			
Colorado. Connacticut. Delaware District of Columbia. Ploride. Caorgie. Rawaii	931 879 1,139 1,039 1,190 842 639	28 29 33 48 47	679 639 827	\$				25	41
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Ploride Caorgia Reveii	1,139 1,039 1,190 842	33 48 47	827			19	43 69	17 31	58 97
Delawere	1,039 1,190 842 639	48 47		4	6	26	66	26	83
District of Columbia	1,190 842 639	47	705	2	13	44	120	IJ	100
Ploride	842 639			. 3	11	48	96	76	101
Georgie	639		834 635	21 1	9	22	117 59	42 29	76
Hewall		(12)			*	**	29	ZY	70
	9.56	28	473	3	-	30	47	22	37
	666	74 26	717	8	•	21	31	46	67
Illinois	1,029	45	458 727	1 2	2 11	34 33	55 102	18	71
Indiana	846	23	591	3	3	39	- 78	26 23	83 84
I∝	950	39	667	2	6	44	114	IJ	80
Kaness	833	33	599	1	5	34	74	24	63
Kentucky	632 787	17 43	477		2/	32	43	14	44
Heine	785	25	557 566	2/	2	52 46	49 65	26 20	55 60
								. ~~	
Maryland	1,082 915	28 26	758	11	2	46	97	35	104
Michigan	1,068	38	718 726	3	7 2	40 35	106	1/ 26	. 44
Minnesote	1,088	36	758		,	57	96 98	21	140
Mississippi	583	20	428	Ì	4	33	32	<b>i</b> 9	46
Missouri	811	29	582	2	5	39	62	28	64
Montana	853	34	583	2/2	2	49	71	30	84
Mebraska	855	37	618		5	28	69	29	67
New Hampshire	886 791	20 28	655 585	2/	5 9	29 41	78	31	65
. 1971년 1일							63	18	•7
New Mexico	1,237 778	44 25	851	•	19	43	99	38	138
New York	1,573	66	558 1,046	1 8	6 17	34 80	. 55	26	73
Borth Carolina	683	19	501	ž	* <u>*</u>	23	105 36	35 23	216 74
Morth Dakota	760	32	523	<u>2</u> /	ì	58	67	<b>i</b> 6	63
Ohio	830	33	360	2	4	23	77	19	111
Oklahoma	687	27	673	1	3	27	53	61	61
Pennsylvania	1,038	34 42	730 699	. !	3 14	41	87	42	101
Rhode Island	1,034	32	737	3	8	40 40	121 85	1/ 22	119 106
South Carolina	661	19	480	2		23			
South Dakote	751	33	537	2/		43	40 59	20 20	74 55
Tennessee	626	21	452			25	46	17	61
Texas	738 707	34 15	\$65 510	2 2	. 6 2	16 18	72 55	1/ 2)	43 79
말까다 사람이 살아가 되었다. 김 사람도를 먹고 있다.		하는 회에 살았다.							
Vermont	922 822	39 20	652 600	2/	?	48	81	26	71
Vashington	936	30	689		6	31 35	57 87	32 27	77 80
West Virginia	754	23	491	2	Š	48	31	26	109
Visconsia	1,031 992	29 37	704 102	3 1	2	53 53	85 75	33 33	122
) Dutlying ereas;			177						84
American Samos	617	128	409			19	23	11	28
Canal Zone	1,077		760				143	109	48
Guan	986 443	106 32	764	3	1:	75	23		13
Virgia lelande	1,078	35	332 706	}	1		25 89		38 101

IV Expenditures for maintenance of plant were reported with expenditures for operation of plant and are included in column 8.

If Expenditures were less than 30 cents per publi.



Table 3.—Percent distribution of current expenditures at the local level for regular programs in free public elementary and secondary education, by major function and by State or other area: Aggregate United States, 1971-72

						No. of the second			سننب
State or other area	Total	Adminis- tration	Instruction	Attend- ance services	Health sarvices	Transpor- tation aervices	Operation of plant	Mainte- nance of plant	Fixed charge
	2	3	4	3	6	7	8	9	10
States and D.C	100.0	3.6	70.7	.3	.7	3.8	8.3	2,4	10.1
Mabana	100.0	2.7	72.3	2,2	.2	3,5	4.9	2,3	11.9
laska	100.0	4.0	71.7	i i	; 3	4.6	i.i	4.0	7.6
risons	100,0	4.1	76.1	.i	1.0	2.3	8.3	3.1	5,6
rkansas	100.0	5.4	68.7	.2	.5	5.6	7.2	2.8	9.
alifornia	100.0	3.0	72.9	Ō	.8	2.1	7.5	3.4	10.
oloredo	100.0	3.3	72.7	.4	.6	3.0	7.5	2.9	9.
onnecticut	100.0	2.9	72.6	.2	1,1	3,9	10.6	<u>1</u> /	8.
elavare	100.0	4.6	67.9	.3	1.1	4.7	9.2	2.5	9.
istrict of Columbia	100.0	3.9	70.1	1.8	.8	3.7	9.9	3.5	6.
lorida	100.0	3.0	75.4	.1	.2	2.6	7.0	3.4	8.
eorgia	100.0	4.3	74.1	.5	0	4.6	7.4	3.3	5.
avaii	100.0	7.6	72.8	.8	Ō	2,1	3.2	4.7	. 8.
daho	100.0 -	4.0	68.8	14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	·	5.1	8.3	2.7	10.
llinois	100.0 100.0	4.4 2.7	70.6 69.9	:2	1,1 ,6	3.2 4.6	9.9 9.2	2.5 2.7	8. 9.
QW8.11	100.0	4.1	70.2	.2	.6	4.6	12.0	17	8.
Landado esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta	100.0	4.0	72.0	.1	.6	4.0	8,8	2.9	7.
entucky	100.0	2,6	75.4	.8	i	5,1	6.8	2.3	6.
oulsians	100.0	5.4	70.9		.3	6,6	6.3	3.3	6.
a1de	100.0	3,2	72.1	,i		5.9	8.2	2.5	7.
(aryland	100.0	2.6	70.1	1.0	.2	4,2	9.0	3.3	9.
lassachusetts	100.0	2.8	76.0	. 3	.8	4.3	11,3	2.5	4.
(ichigan	100.0	3.6	68.0	.3	.2	3.3	9.1		13.
dinnesota	100.0 100.0	3.3 3.5	69.6 73.4	.3	:5	5.3 5.6	9.0 5.6	1.9 3.2	10. 7.
및 2월 2일에 이 차가 본 등을 받아 있다면서			기능생활성 경기되다.						
Masouri,	100.0	3.6	71.7	.2	. 7	4.8	7.6	3.5 3.5	7. 9.
Montana	100.0	4.0	68.4	<u>2/</u> .2	.3	5.7 3.3	8.3 8.1	3.4	7.
Sebraska	100.0	4.3 2.3	72.3 73.9	;5	.6 .5	3.3	8.8	3,5	, j
Kevada New Hampshire	100.0 100.0	3.5	73.9	.i	1.2	5.1	7.9	2.3	6.
New Jacoby	100.0	3.6	68.8	.3	1,6	3,5	8.0	3.1	11.
New Mexico	100.0	3,3	71.8	i i	. 8	4.3	7.0	3,3	9.
lev York	100,0	4.2	66.5	.5	1,1	5.1	6.7	2.2	13.
North Cerolina	100.0	2.7	73.4	. 6	. 3	3.7	5.3	3.4	10.
forth Dakota	100.0	4,2	68,9	2/	.1	7.6	8.8	2.1	J.
жіо	100.0	3,9	67.5	.3	.5	2.8	9.3	2.4	13.
Oklahoma	100.0	4.0	68.9	.2	• •	3.9	7.7	6.0	8.
Oregon	100.0	3.3	70.3	.1	. 3	3.9	8.3 11.7	4,0	9. 11.
Pennsylvania	100.0	4.0	67.2 71.3	3	:;	3.9 3.9	8.2	2.1	10
Rhode Island	100.0	3.1							
South Carolina	100.0	3,0	72.6	: i3	.6	3.5	6.0	3.0	11
South Dakots	100.0		71.6	<u>2/</u>		5,7	7.9	2.7 2.7	) 9
Tennesses	100.0	3.4	72.2		• 2	4.0 2,1	7.3 • 1		
Texas	100.0 100.0	4.6 2.1	76.6 72.1	:3	.9 .3	2,5	9:5	3.6	. 11
Yarmont,	100.0	4.2	70.6	<b>71</b>	,	5.2	8.6	2.8	7
Virginia	100.0	2.4	72.9	2/ :3 :3	; 7 ; 3 ; 6 ; 7	3.8	7.0	3.9	7 9
Washington	100.0	3.1	72.1		.6	3.7	9.1	2.9	
West Virginia	100.0	3.0	65.0			6.3	6.8	3.3	14
Visconsin	100.0 100.0	2.9 3.7	68.3 70.8	.3	.2 .8	5.1 5.3	6.3 7.5	3:2 3:3	. 11 8
Outlying areas:	• •								
	100.0	20.7	66.3	Ò	0	3.0	1.1	1.1	7.4.4
Ametican Samos	100.0	20.7	70.6	8	ð	1.6	13.3	1.8 10.1	
Canal Zone	100.0	10.8	<b>33.3</b>		uta Hi	7.6	2.3		{
Puerto Rico	100.0	1:1	77.5 75.6 65.4		, i ; j		3.7 8.3		į
Virgin Islands	100.0					os Siri	1.1.		

Expenditures for maintenance of plant were reported with expenditures for operation of plant and are included in column 8.

Less than .05 percent.



Table 4.—Current expenditures at the local level for free public elementary and accordary education, by revenue source and by State or other area: Aggregate United States, 1971-72

	Current expenditutes										
	Tota	ıl .	From F	ederal sourc		From Ste	te and local	sources			
tete or other erea	Thousands of dollars	Dollers par pupil	Thousands of dollars	Doilers per pupil	Parcent of total	Thousands of dollars	Dollars per pupil	Parcent of tota			
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9			
O States and D.C	\$40,896,296	\$ 963	\$3,703,221	\$ 87	9.1	\$ 37,193,075	\$ 876	90.9			
Alabama	483,248	648	101,421	136	21.0	381,827	512	79,0			
Alaska	126,870	1,628	26,588	341	21.0	100,282	1,287	79.0			
Arizona	363,011	848	44,812	105	12.3	318,199	743	87.7			
California	264,018 4,330,030	640 946	60,582 265,791	147 58	22,9 6.1	203,436 4,064,239	49.3 887	77.1 93.9			
Colorado	471,843	899	39,845	76	8.4	431,998	823	91.6			
Connecticut	709,793	1,154	27,260	14	3.8	682,533	1,110	96.2			
Delawara	132,536	1,068	11,311	91	8.5	121,225	976	91,5			
District of Columbia.	164,378 1,179,339	1,264 871	54,283 126,925	417 94	33.0 10.8	110,095 1,052,414	847 778	67.0 89.2			
Georgia											
Havail	677,441 174,138	677 1,031	109,644 25,359	110 150	16.2 14.6	567,797	568	83.8			
Idaho	119,339	679	14,216	81	11.9	148,779 105,123	881 598	85.4 88.1			
Illinois	2,257,677	1,058	162,456	76	7.2	2,095,221	982	92.8			
Indiana	979,182	870	47,263	42	4.8	931,919	828	95.2			
lows	608,417	976	36,347	58	6.0	572,070	917	94.0			
Kanaga	394,433	854	34,699	75	8.8	359,734	778	91.2			
Kentucky Louisians	443,213 654,703	664 847	87,594	131	19.8	355,619	533	80.2			
Galma	188,099	814	87,822 17,642	114 76	13.4 9.4	566,881 170,457	733 738	86.6 90.6			
daryland	894,354	1,106	79,835	99	8.9	814,319	1 007				
Kasaschusstts	1,075,473	958	53,532	48	5.0	1,021,941	1,007 910	91.1 95.0			
Kichigan	2,206,103	1,084	164,266	81	7.4	2,041,837	1,003	92.6			
Linnesota	948,940	1,117	60,656	71	6.4	888,284	1,045	93.6			
Wasiasippi	312,234	632	87,923	178	28.2	224,311	454	71.8			
Kissouri	764,838	829	78,430	85	10.3	686,408	744	89.7			
Hebraska,	141,521 280,402	876 889	6,461 27,614	40 88	4.6	135,060	836	95.4			
Nevada,	108,605	902	10,302	86	9.8 9.5	252,788 98,303	801 816	90.2			
New Hampahire	126,751	824	10,859	69	8.6	115,892	754	91.4			
New Jorsey	1,722,986	1,268	100,770	24	5.8	1,622,216	1,194	94.2			
New Mexico	210,705	810	47,403	182	22,5	163,302	628	77.5			
New York	5,005,597	1,611	384,724	124	7.7	4,620,873	1,488	92,3			
North Carolina North Dakota	776,107 109,927	717 792	126,962 18,191	117 131	16.4 16.5	649,145 91,736	600 661	83.6 83.5			
Ohto	1,898,718	845	122,516	55	6.5		791				
Oklahosa	413,052	715	53,654	93	13,5	1,776,202 359,398	622	93.5 87.0			
Oregon	463,545	1,065	37,240	86	8.0	426,305	979	92.0			
Pennsylvanis	2,331,951	1,066	166,757	76	7.2	2,165,194	989	92.8			
Roode Island	178,124	1,068	15,107	91	8.5	163,017	978	91.5			
South Carolina South Dakota	410,185	705	79,242	136	19,3	330,943	569	80.7			
Tablessee	123.823 550,491	783 651	17,793 89,314	113 106	14.4 16.2	106,030	671	85.6			
Tezee	1,899,847	760	192,862	199	10.2	461,177 1,706,985	545 683	\$3.8 89.8			
Jeah	203,516	733	22,668	82	ii.i	180,848	652	88.9			
remont	99,467	955	6,320	61	6.4	93,147	895	93.6			
Virginia	863,586	857	128,831	128	14.9	734,755	729	85.1			
Veshington	722,127 301,493	968 789	39,531 43,788	53 115	્રું.ફ	682,596	915	94.5			
Vieconela	947,178	1,653	41,528	46	14.5	257,705 905,650	1,006	85.5 95.6			
iyoming	82,938	1,026	6,282	78	1.6	76,656	948	92.4			
ut <b>lying ereas</b> ;											
ymerican Samos	3,190	664	5,190	664	100.0	. 0	0	•			
Canal Zone	15,150	1,048	15,150	1,048	100.0	. 0	0	. 0			
944	24,202 326,700	1,001 502	5,231 69,970	7 216 107	21.6 21.4	18,971 256,730	784 394	78.4 78.6			
Puerto Rico											

Table 5.--Public elementary and secondary school average daily attendance and expenditures at the local level, reported for administration of P.L. 81-874 and P.L. 89-10, by State or other area: Aggregate United States, 1971-72

		Curren	t expenditures as	defined by P.L. 81	-874 and P.L. 89	)-10
	Average daily		Thousands of doll	<b>ato</b>	Average par	upil in ADA
State or other area	attendance (ADA) (in thousands)	Total	From Federal	From State and	Total dollars	Parcent increas
1	2	3	4	local acurces	6	from 1970-71
O States and D.C	42,482	\$39,346,112	\$2,218,413,	\$37,127,699	\$ 926	7.1
Alabama	746	438,283	56,456	381,827	588	11.0
Alaska	78	124,383	24,101	100,282	1,596	9.9
Arizona	428	349,550	31,522	318,028	817	9.5
Arkansas	413 4,580	232,509 4,236,134	29,298 176,135	203,211 4,059,998	563 925	8.6 8.1
Colorado	525 61 <b>5</b>	462,390	31,121	431,269	881	8.4
Delaware	124	693,967 129,580	11,587 8,762	682,380	1,128 1,044	11.8
District of Columbia,	130	155,324	45,229	120,819 110,095	1,194	4.8 6.9
Florida	1,354	1,140,216	88,300	1,051,915	842	7.8
Georgia	1,000	630,542	64,049	566,493	630	-2.2
Hawa11	169	169,777	20,998	148,779	1,005	2.2
Idaho	176	114,726	10,054	104,673	653	7.0
Illinois	2,133	2,177,937	100,323	2,077,614	1,021	2.9
Indiana	1,126	957,464	26,047	931,417	850	8.5
Iova	624	589,137	17,919	571,218	945	9.2
Kansas	462	381,843	22,108	359,734	826	5.0
Kentucky	867	399,527	44,343	355,184	599	4.7
Maine	773 231	627,459 181,248	60,577 10,854	566,881 170,394	812 785	13.3 10.6
	809	868,588				
Marylar 1	1,123	1,051,941	56,353 30,000	812,235	1,074	9.0
Michigan	2,036	2,150,880	113,388	1,021,941 2,037,492	937 1,056	4.8 8.7
Minnesota	850	919,174	30,995	888,179	1,082	7.5
Mississippi	494	263,517	39,508	224,009	333	13.6
Missouri	922	733,158	47,527	685,631	795	10.1
Montana	161	137,760	2,700	135,060	853	6.4
Nebraska,,,,,,,,,	316	272,043	19,255	252,788	862	6.8
Nevada	120 154	106,941 123,618	8,638 7,931	98,303 115,687	888 804	12.6 4.3
New Jersey New Mexico	1,358 260	1,676,297	54,081	1,622,216	1,234	8.7
New York	3,106	198,256 4,794,973	35,204 174,663	163,051 4,620,310	762 1,544	10.6 3.8
North Carolina	1,083	713,361	65,322	648,039	659	7:3
North Dakota	139	103,917	12,372	91,545	749	9.2
Ohio	2,246	1,842,209	69,956	1,772,253	820	7.5
Oklahoma	578	391,633	33,189	358,444	678	8.7
Oregon	435	450,557	24,618	425,939	1,035	8.1
Pennsylvanis	2,188	2,248,444	90,368	2,158,076	1,028	13.0
Rhode Island	167	172,287	9,532	162,755	1,033	8.5
South Carolina	582	370,519	40,236	330,283	637	11.4
South Dakots	158	116,926	11,007	105,920	740	2,9
Tennessee	846	512,584	52,578	460,006	603	9.6
Texas	2,500 278	1,828,204 198,521	130,000 17,673	1,698,204 180,848	731 715	9.5 7.7
	회사가 들어 점심하는데요.		رىنى بىۋرىنچە ئېرىقلارلىرىنىڭ ئائىلى - باسال	البراق والإنجازة فكبشف والمامات البالية	ta bir di karanga di kara	g le l'erè de la Carperakoparación af
Vermont	104 1,008	95,813 819,923	2,838 88,118	92,975 731,805	920 814	15.5 10.2
Vashington	746	705,317	23,012	682,305	945	3,7
West Virginia	382	279,272	22,214	257,058	731	13.4
Wisconsin	900	925,895	20,398	905,497	1,029	8.2
Wyoniag	81	81,587	4,953	76,634	1,009	14.4
Outlying areas:			nia iva katen intera	real realization of the security of	e de Arte de la contacta de de la contacta de la c	Artinas de Carlos de Carlos de Carlos de Carlo
American Samos	8	4,651	4,631	0	595	₩ 41.0
Canal Zona	24	15,150	15,150	0	1,048	<u> </u>
Cuas	24 691	23,648	4,676	18,971	978	41.0 25.5
Puerto Rico	651 20	304,690 21,064	47,960 674	256,730 22,390	468 1,136	"ยั
Virgin Islands		23,064	aasa bradas Pieli ▼ († 1911)	441 774	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	antama 🛂 Saci

<sup>1/</sup>Comparable data for 1970-71 were not available.

# APPENDIX

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OE Form 2350-8
State Fiscal Report for Fiscal Year 1972



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#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

ELEMENTARY-SECONDARY GENERAL INFORMATION SYSTEM (ELSEGIS V)

PART A-2c. STATE FISCAL REPORT SUMMARY - FOR FISCAL YEAR 1972

DUE DATE March 15, 1973

O.M.B. NO. 81-R0938

APPROVAL EXPIRES: 10/31/74

DATE PREPARED

STATE (or territory)

NOTE: Report all amounts to the nearest dollar for the school year 1972. Before completing this form, read instructions carefully. Section I of this report summarizes expenditures reported in Part A-2b. Data reported on this part are used to compute ESEA, Title I and other Federal program cilciments. This report is due, therefore, in advance of Part A-2b.

SUBMIT COMPLETED FORM TO:

U.S. Office of Education National Center for Educational Statistics Elementary-Secondary Surveys Branch 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20202

PREPARED BY (name and title)

AREA CODE NUMBER EXTENSION TELE. PHONE

	SECTION I. CURRENT EXPENDITURES BY AND REGARDLESS OF SOURCE OF FUN	ON BEHALF OF	LOCAL EDUCATION A	GENCIES
	A. EXPENDITURES FOR ESTABLISHING PER PUPIL EXPENDITURE FOR ADMINISTRATION OF PUBLIC LAW 89-10 AND PUBLIC LAW 81-874	BY LOCAL AGENCIES (e)	BY STATE AND/OR INTERMEDIATE AGENCIES (b)	TOTAL (c)
100	1. ADMINISTRATION (Table 24, line 5)			
200	2. INSTRUCTION (Table 25, line 18)			
300	3. ATTENDANCE SERVICES (Table 26, line A-3)			
400	4. HEALTH SERVICES (Table 26, Ilne B-6)			
800	5, PUPIL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES (Table 26, line C-13)			
600	6. OPERATION OF PLANT (Table 27, line A-6)		4	
700	7. MAINTENANCE OF PLANT (Table 27, line 8-11)			
800	8, FIXED CHARGES (Table 28, IIne 6)			
	9. TOTAL (sum of lines A-I through A-8)			
930 AND 1711	Other ollocable current expenditures (not included in lines A1 through A8)  10. NET EXPENDITURES FOR FOOD SERVICES (Table 26, line D-14)			
1000	II. NET EXPENDITURES FOR STUDENT BODY ACTIVITIES (Table 26, line E-17)			
	12. FREE PUBLIC SUMMER SCHOOLS (not to exceed Table 30, line 3)			
	13. TOTAL (sum of lines A9 through A12)			
12 AND 13	14. TUITION AND TRANSPORTATION FEES RE- CEIVED FROM INDIVIDUALS (reimburement for expenditures shown in Items reported above) (not to exceed Table 19, lines 5p plus 5c)			
	Expenditures mode from Federal funds granted under Public Law \$9-10 (included in above items)			
	18, ESEA, TITLE			
	14. ESEA, TITLE II			
	17. ESEA, TITLE III			
	Ve. TOTAL (eum of lines Al4 through Al7)			
	19. CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PURPOSES OF PUBLIC LAW 81-874 AND PUBLIC LAW 84-10 (line All minus line All)			
COLUMN THE PROPERTY OF				

REPLACES DE FORM 2350-6, 6/71, WHICH IS OBSOLETE.



\$ divided by equals \$  BY LOCAL BY STATE, AND/OR	
SECTION 1, LINE A19 ((ofal))  SECTION 11, LINE A (total)  SECTION 11, LINE A (total)	
(total) (total) (total)  \$ divided by equals \$  BY LOCAL BY STATE AND/OR AGENCIES INTERMEDIATE AGENCIES  C. OTHER CURRENT EXPENDITURES (not included in Section ).	UBLIC LA
BY LOCAL BY STATE AND/OR AGENCIES INTERMEDIATE AGENCIES  C. OTHER CURRENT EXPENDITURES (not included in Section ).	ENDITURE R PUPIL
AGENCIES INTERMEDIATE AGENCIES  AGENCIES  AGENCIES  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S	
	TOTAL
D. EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT PURPOSES FROM FEDERAL FUNDS OTHER THAN ESEA, TITLES I, II, AND III (from A15, A16, and A17, Section I) INCLUDED IN SECTION I, LINE A19  \$ \$	
ERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above data in Sections II and the a full and true report of expenditures for and average daily attendance of students in free public elementary and sectional in	d III const

#### BFECIAL DEFINITIONS FOR SECTION 1

Level Education Agency, means a board of education or other legally constituted local school authority having administrative control and direction of free public education in a county, township, independent, or other school district located within a State. Such term includes any State agency which directly operates and maintains facilities for providing free public education (within a county, township or other political authorisis of a State).

Free Pablic Edecation, means education which is provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, without tuition charge, and which is provided as elementary or secondary school education in the applicable State, sa-sleding say edecation provided beyond grade 12.

Earrest Expenditures (Section 1, Line A19), means expenditures for free public education, including expenditures for administration, instruction, attendence and health services, pupil transportation services, operation and maintenance of plant, fixed charges, and net expenditures to cover deficits for food services and student body activities, but not including expenditures for community services, capital outlay, and debt service, or any expenditures made from funds granted under Traley, and debt service, or any expenditures made from funds granted under Traley, and debt services, or any expenditures made from funds granted under Traley, and debt services, or any expenditures made from funds granted under Traley, and debt services, or any expenditures made from funds granted under Traley.

Average Bally Attendeses. Should be reported in accordance with State law, except that the ADA for education beyond grade 12 and for adult aducation should be excluded; also, exclude the ADA of pupils for whom tultion payments are received from petrons. Where summer school expenditures are included, Average Delly Attendence (In full time equivalence) of pupils involved must be included.

## SECTION 1 - CURNENT EXPENDITURES [Do not include funds for State or Intermediate administration]

Celema (a). Report only expenditures by local educational agencies. Where the intermediate or State agency functions as a local aducational agency, their expenditures for free public elementary and secondary education are to be included in this column.

Bolumn (b). Report direct State and/or intermediate agency expenditures for operation of free public elementary and secondary schools at the local level, where such expenditures and not recorded in the regular accounts of the local aducational agency; e.g., State contributions to employee retirement and taxibooks furnished by the State, and therefore have not been reported in Column (a). Do not include expenditures for State Institutional schools.

Lises 1 threesh 9. Only the expenditures for operation of schools through grade 12 should be included. Exclude Outgoing Transfer Accounts, 1400 Series, except for the transfer of funds and pupils to local advertional agencies in other States; in such case, both the money AMOUNT transferred and the ADA should be included for the State of residence and excluded from the ADA and expenditures for the RECEIVING State.

Lise 18. Report only set sink expenditures made by the local aducation agencies trem Federal, Sinte, sed fessi that selectes to cover the deficit for food servions (including the special milit program, school kinch and releted child feeding programs, but excluding the value of commodicies received from the Faderal sovernment and income from seles). Not expenditures can be obtained by two methods, [1] subtracting income from seles of funches from gross cash expenditures OR [2] reporting all tax dollars from Faderal, State or local sources.

Lise 15. Report only expenditures from public seheal funds to cover deficits for student-body activities (such as interscholastic sehietics, entertainments, etc.) which are not pert of the regular instructional program; sixuleds expenditures of receipts from the sale of tickets, student activity feet, etc.

Lies 12. Include current expenditures for summer schools only when provided under public supervision and direction at public expense (without tu/ton charge). If these expenditures are already included in lines 1 through 9, do not inter a dollar figure here; instead, insert note "included in lines 1 through 9." If you cannot furnish ADA for summer school, do not report expenditures for summer school.

Line 16. Report tuition and transportation fees received from petrons which are a reimburgement for items of expenditure reported in lines 1 through 8.

Liset 15 through 17. Report expenditures made from Faderal funds granted under Title I for the education of children of low income families (line 15); under Title II for school library resources, sextbooks, and other instructional materials (line 16); and under Title III for supplementary adjustional oil insters and services (line 17). Report only expenditures that have been included in the expenditures (reported in lines I through 8. If these moneys do not so through the books of local school systems, please report the amount in parenthesis and explain.

#### BECTION II - ATTENDANCE AND AVENAGE EXPENDITURE PER PUPIL DATA

Lies A. Include average delly attendence for summer school pupils if line A12 in Section I is completed or If summer school expenditures are included on lines I through 8. Summer school everage delly attendence should be adjusted to full-time equivalence of regular day school attendence.

#### Lies B. Self-explanatory.

Lies C. Include here any expenditures that are not reported in section I, lines I through 13. Enter expenditures for (a) services provided by the school system for the community, such as recreational activities, civic scrivities, public libraries operated by the school system, child care centers of the school system, services to nonpublic school pupils, etc. Include expenditures for summer Head Start programs operated as part of the school system's program, below the school system's program.

Line B. Pursuant to Part B. Sections 121 through 123 of Public Law 81-230, in order to administer "Special Incentive Grants," It is necessary for the U.S. Office of Education to establish an effort Index. To do this, information is needed on the emount of Faders funds fother than ESEA, Triple 1, 11, and 1111 included in the expanditures reported on line A19, Section 1 of this report. "If school expenditures of the expenditures of the expenditures that are included.



## RELATED NCES PUBLICATIONS

OE 74-11701	Education Directory, 1973-74: Public School Systems
OE 73-11411	Preliminary Enrollment, October 1972
OE 73-11406	Bond Sales for Public School Purposes, 1971-72
OE 73-11407	Expenditures and Revenues for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, 1970-71
OE 73-11402	Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools, Fall 1972
OE 74-11421	Statistics of State School Systems, 1969-70
OE 20191	Statistics of Public and Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Day Schools, 1968-69
OE 73-11415	Statistics of Local Public School Systems, Fall 1970: Staff
OE 22027-69	Statistics of Local Public School Systems, 1968-69: Finances
OE 22028	Finances of Large City School Systems, 1967-68: A Comparative Analysis
OE 74-11420	Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1970-71
Directory,	Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools, 1968-69
OE 20126-I	Volume I, North Atlantic Region
OE 20126-II	Volume II, Great Lakes and Plains Region
OE 20126-111	Volume III, Southeast Region
OE 20126-IV	Volume IV, West and Southwest and Outlying Areas
OE 20127-V	Volume V, Directory, Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Day Schools, United States and Outlying Areas, 1968-69

