In response to public request, information on American Indian education was prepared by the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. The document lists basic resources that would be of interest to a student or anyone beginning a study of American Indian education. Included are sources of information on Indians (e.g., state departments of education), a list of newspapers published mainly by Indian groups, and approximately 60 annotated bibliographic citations on American Indians (under subject headings).
INFORMATION SOURCE

EDUCATION FOR AMERICAN INDIANS

Prepared by:

Education for American Indians Office
Department of Health, Education and Welfare
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Education
Intradepartmental Educational Affairs

December, 1969
FOREWORD

Because of the number of requests for information on American Indian education, we have compiled this information sheet. It is primarily intended for the student and for anyone who is just beginning a study in this area.

In selecting the entries, it was our intention to list some basic sources that would give the reader a good introduction to the field and which would also supply additional resources that he might need. The commentary under many of the listings is that of the author, Robert V. Dumont, who served as a special consultant for Education for American Indians Office, and does not represent the opinion of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

Helen M. Scheirbeck
The following newsletters, journals, and annual reports either deal exclusively with Indian education or carry regular features about it.

Journal of American Indian Education, published by the Indian Education Center, Arizona State University, Tempe, Arizona. It is the only journal that deals exclusively with Indian education. Published quarterly. Price: $3.00

United Scholarship Service News, published by United Scholarship Service, Box 18285, Capitol Hill Station, Denver, Colorado. A private national Indian education agency for secondary, college and graduate Indian students. The newsletter is published every two months.

Education Dialogue, "A Forum for Indian Education Personnel", published by the Education Division, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. Emphasis is placed on the educational activities of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.


Navajo Community College Newsletter, Navajo Community College, Many Farms, Chinle, Arizona 86503. Published monthly except July & August. Navajo Community College is the only institution of higher learning on an Indian reservation.

The Indian Historian, published by the American Indian Historical Society, 1451 Masonic Avenue, San Francisco, California 94117. The Historical Society is an Indian organization. The journal publishes a variety of articles many of them by Indians. All of their publications would be of special interest to any age group.
OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION

State Departments of Education

Many State Departments of Education have Divisions of Indian Education or someone on the staff who is responsible for coordinating state activities in Indian education. Many of these have developed bibliographies, texts, movies and special programs either for or about American Indians. For information write to the State Department of Education, Indian Education Division, State Capitol: Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Wisconsin, Minnesota, New York, Maine, Alaska, Utah, and Nevada.

Educational Laboratories

The following Educational Laboratories have conducted special studies, developed texts and curricular materials, and run special programs in Indian education:

Far West Educational Laboratory for Research and Development
Hotel Claremont - 1 Garden Circle
Berkeley, California 94705

Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory
400 Lindsay Building
710 Southwest Second Avenue
Portland, Oregon 97204

Southwestern Cooperative Educational Laboratory
117 Richmond Drive - N.E.
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87106

Upper Midwest Regional Educational Laboratory
2698 University Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota 55114

South Central Regional Educational Laboratory
Box 841
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201

Bureau of Indian Affairs - Department of Interior

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of Interior, 1951 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.
Information Services. On request and at a nominal fee, the Bureau of Indian Affairs has films, slides, brochures, pamphlets, and maps available about Indian tribes. Many of these are ideally suited for younger children. This is one of the best sources for anyone who is making a first inquiry about the American Indians.

Also, they publish Indian Record, which contains current news and brief articles about activities on Indian reservations and the bureau of Indian Affairs.

Indian Arts and Crafts Board

Smoke Signals, Room 4004, Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240. Sent upon request, it is published quarterly. Contains information and articles on activities in Indian arts and crafts.

INDIAN NEWSPAPERS AND NEWSLETTERS

This is not a complete list of Indian newspapers and newsletters. It is just a sampling. Many tribes and Indian organizations publish weekly and monthly newspapers. Many of them are quite impressive, and it is the better way to get first hand information about what a particular tribe is doing.

The Tundra Times, Box 1287, Fairbanks, Alaska 99701. It is owned, controlled and edited by Eskimo, Indian, Aleut Publishing Company, a corporation of Alaska natives. Published weekly.

The Navajo Times, Box 428, Window Rock, Arizona 86515. The official newspaper of the Navajo Tribe. Published weekly, it carries news of the Navajo tribe, communities and activities. Also carries some news of other tribes and Indian communities.

Rosebud Sioux Herald (eyapaha), Rosebud, South Dakota, published every other Monday. It carries information about community and tribal activities of the Rosebud Sioux, and has an excellent editorial section.

Smoke Signals, Colorado River Indian Tribes, Parker, Arizona 85344. Official Tribal publication of Mohave and Chemehuevi Tribes.

American Indian Law Newsletter, University of New Mexico School of Law, 1915, Roma Avenue, N.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico. Covers congressional action in Indian affairs. By request.

Papago Indian News, Sells, Arizona. Published monthly, it carries news of the Papago Tribes.

AEC - Americans Before Columbus, newsletter of the National Indian Youth Council, 3102 Central, S.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico 87106. Published periodically, carries national news and information about the activities of the NIYC.

ONAS - Organization of Native American Students, newsletter published periodically. Carries information and commentary by secondary students. c/o K. Miller, St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

NCAI - Sentinel, publication of the National Congress of American Indian, 1346 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C. A national Indian organization, it carries news of NCAI activities and current development in Indian affairs.

Guts and Tripe, published by the Coalition of American Indian Citizens, Box 18421, Capitol Hill Station, Denver, Colorado. It appears periodically and is considered to be the "free press" of Indian affairs, carries commentary upon activities in Indian affairs.
1. Berry, Brewton
1968 The Education for American Indians, A Survey of the Literature, prepared for the Special Subcommittee on Indian Education, Committee on Labor and Public Welfare, United States Senate, U.S. Government Printing Office. Also available through ERIC (Education Retrieval Information Center), Bureau of Research, Office of Education.

This is the most inclusive survey and bibliography of literature on Indian education currently available. Although it has 708 entries, it does not include all the materials. Noticeably absent is a listing of textbooks or related matters.

2. Wolcott, Henry F.

Anthropology and education is a new field that only recently has been developed. Wolcott is one of the first people to use an anthropological approach in the study of Indian schools. This is a good introduction to the field.

3. Murray, James, Charles Keller and Harold Finn

This bibliography identifies books, reports, studies, thesis and dissertations, persons and organizations. It does not deal strictly with Indian education.

4. Association of American Indian Affairs
1969 "American Indian Authors: A Bibliography of Contemporary and Historical Literature Written or Narrated by Native Americans," compiled by Arlene Hirschfelder.

This can be obtained from the Association on American Indian Affairs, 432 Park Avenue South, New York, New York 10016. It is an excellent bibliography and the only one of its kind available.
5. Association on American Indian Affairs
   1969 "A Preliminary Bibliography of Selected Childrens Books
   about American Indians."
   Note the above address for the Association.

6. Dockstader, Frederick
   1957 The American Indian in Graduate Studies, Museum of the
   American Indian, Heye Foundation, New York.
   This is a bibliography on all subjects relating to the American
   Indian in thesis and dissertation up to 1956.

7. Other bibliographies of region, state, tribes and on other
   subject areas can be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Affairs
   and the Smithsonian Institution.

COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND LOCAL CONTROL

1. McKinley, Francis and Stephen Bayne and Glen Nimnicht
   1969 Who Should Control Indian Education? Far West Laboratory
   for Educational Research and Development, Berkeley, California.
   Also reprinted in the Senate Subcommittee
   Hearings on Indian Education, Part II, Appendix.
   An excellent report that examines what happened to Indian
   communities who attempted to gain control and make decisions
   about education of their children. There are case studies
   of communities and schools in Oklahoma and South Dakota. There
   is also a review of literature and current concepts of Indian
   education. It is the best introduction to the study of Indian
   education available.

2. Wax, Murray and Rosaliee H. Wax, Robert V. Dumont, Jr.
   1964 Formal Education in an American Indian Community,
   monography of Social Problems, Society for the Study
   of Social Problems.
   The first formal study to raise the question about Indian people
   operating their own schools. It examines in detail one school
   and the communities it serves on a Sioux reservation in South Dakota.
   It is one of the classic studies in Indian education.
3. Wolcott, Harry
This is also a landmark study; Wolcott taught and lived in the community for one year.


Robert Roesell was the initiator and first director of the Rough Rock Demonstration school on the Navajo Reservation. It is the first community school with an all Navajo Board of Directors. It is an exceptional school and project. The above articles should be read to understand the development and origin of the school. The following report is an evaluation of that excellent project.

5. Erickson, Donald A. and Henrietta Schwartz

This is a serious and penetrating analysis of what happened at the Rough Rock Demonstration School. If it is ever published it will surely become a classic in intercultural education.

6. Braroe, Neils W.

An exceptionally good and well written study of the social dynamics of Indian white relations in a small western community. More and more we are learning it is the dynamics of Indian white relations that are curcial factors in intercultural education.
SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE ON INDIAN EDUCATION

1. Special Subcommittee on Indian Education
   

   The Senate Subcommittee on Indian Education was initiated by the Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare late in the first session of the 90th Congress, Senate Resolution 165, agreed to on August 31, 1967. The inquiry fills 4,077 pages in seven volumes of hearings and 450 pages in five volumes of committee prints. The above cited report is a distillate of this work. It is one of the most comprehensive collections of articles, reports, testimony and commentary on the current status of Indian education.

2. Ortz, Al
   

   This is a review of the Senate Subcommittee activities and was published before the final report was released.

HISTORY

1. Pratt, Richard Henry
   
   1964 Battlefield and Classroom: Four Decades with the American Indian 1867-1904. New Haven, Yale University Press.

   Henry Pratt was the founder of Carlisle Indian School, the first Indian boarding school. For anyone seriously studying Indian education and curious about the origins, this is a good beginning.

2. Nash, Philleo
   
This paper was prepared for a conference on Indian education and it is followed by discussion and comments by Francis McKinely, Ned Spicer, Victor Charlo, and a former Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Philleo Nash. It is available on request through the office that is distributing this information sheet (Education for American Indians Office, Office of Education).

3. Berkhofer, Robert F., Jr.

It contains two excellent chapters on the beginning of the mission efforts to both christianize and educate American Indians.

4. Adams, Evelyn C.

This is a short and colorless history of Indian education, containing an extensive bibliography.

CLASSROOMS AND TEACHING

1. Hobart, C.D. and C.S. Brant

A report of important national education programs for native peoples. It explains the dynamics of one system that works and another system that does not.

2. Dumont, Robert V., Jr. and Murray L. Wax

A report of intensive observation in elementary classrooms explaining ways in which cherokee children react to conventional teaching procedures and curriculum. This is balanced by commentary on a successful classroom, a model of intercultural education at its best.
3. Polacca, Kathryn
   1962 "Ways of Working with the Navajos who have not learned
   the White Man's Ways," Journal of American Indian
   Education II: 1:6-12

   A Navajo teacher reports specific ways of working with Navajo
   Children and explains these within the context of Navajo Culture.

4. Zintz, Miles V.
   1963 Education Across Cultures: Dubuque, Iowa: William C. Brown

   A handbook for teachers, which is one of several developed in the
   Southwest area. Although it is already somewhat outdated it is
   a good source of information.

5. Rothstein, Charlotte S.
   1969 "My Ungraded Elementary Classroom," Education Dialogue,
   Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, D.C.

   A brief one and half page report on teaching that is excellent.
   It is one of the few teacher accounts that talks specifically about
   what kind of teaching styles and strategies do and do not work in
   Sioux classrooms.

6. Bryde, John F.
   1966 The Sioux Indian Student; A Study of Scholastic Failure and
   Personality Conflict. Holy Rosary Mission, Pine Ridge,
   South Dakota.

   A Ph.D. Thesis by the former head of the Holy Rosary Mission. There
   is an important discussion of the "cross-over phenomenon." The
   author has also developed a text on acculturational psychology that
   recognizes the difference between a tribal world view and that of
   contemporary society.

7. Gold, Douglas
   1963 A Schoolmaster with the Blackfeet. Idaho Caxton Printers, Ltd.

   Personal recollections of a teacher during the early 1900's.

8. Chapman, William M.
   1965 Remember the Wind: A Prairie Memoir, New York, Lippincott.

   Personal recollections of a layman missionary, superintendent of a
   mission school in South Dakota. An excellent account of the mission
   influence in Indian education.
The following books are by or about Indian People that have some part devoted to school or the educational experience.

1. Monday, N. Scott

2. Simmons, Leo W. editor

3. Qoyawayma, P. and Carlson V.


5. La Flesche, Francis

6. Lurie, Nancy

7. Standing Bear, Luther

8. Neihardt, John G.
   1961 Black Elk Speaks, University of Nebraska Press.

**TEXTBOOKS**

1. Henry, Jeannette.

   Editors Note
   1968 No Title, The Indian Historian, Vol. 1, No. 5. Reduplication of a page of a textbook used in citizenship courses with commentary.
2. Clark, Ann and Emil Afraid of Hawk, Andrew Standing Soldier
   ND Singing Sioux Cowboy, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Branch of
   Education. In addition there are Navajo, Choctaw, Pueblo,
   and Sioux Readers.

   These texts were written and developed following the Meriam Report
   in the early 1940's. These are among the first bilingual and
   locally developed texts for Indians. Many are still available
   through Haskell Institute Press, Lawrence, Kansas.

3. Association on American Indian Affairs.
   1970 "A Preliminary Bibliography of Selected Children's Books."

   CULTURAL CHANGE AND THE SCHOOLS

1. Spindler, George D.
   1963 "Personality, Sociocultural Systems and Education Among the
   Menominee," in Education and Culture: Anthropological Approaches,

2. Fisher, S.D.
   1966 "Education and Social Progress," Alberta Journal of
   Educational Research. 4:257-268.

3. Parmee, E.A.
   1968 Formal Education and Culture Change: Apache. Tucson,
   University of Arizona Press.

4. Mac Gregor, Gordon
   Chicago, University of Chicago Press.

THE COLLEGE STUDENT

1. Artichoker, John and Neil M. Palmer
   1959 "The Sioux Indian goes to College," Institute of India
   Studies, University of South Dakota, Vermillion.

   One of the first and few studies to deal with American Indian College
   Students.
2. Bureau of Indian Affairs

A college guide to colleges, scholarships, grants and loans for American Indians.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

1. Dennis, Wayne
1940 The Hopi Child, University of Virginia Institute for Research in the Social Sciences. Also New York: John Wiley and Sons Science Editions, pbk.

2. Hilger, Sister Inez

3. Pelletier, Wilfred
1969 "Childhood in an Indian Village."This Magazine, is about Schools.

A narrated account by Indian people from Canada.

4. Eggan, Dorothy

A pioneer work, establishing the basic differences between child training in interdependent and independent families. See also Yehudi Cohen, Transition from Childhood to Adolescence, Chicago, Aldine Press, 1968.

5. Erikson, Erik
1950 Childhood and Society. New York, W.W. Norton. Several Chapters deal with Sioux and Yurok Childhood.

6. Brunner, Edward H.
There are very few studies of investigations on the Indian adolescent and the effect the school has on his development. The following articles are excellent studies:

**ADOLESCENCE**

1. Was, Rosalie H.

2. Polgar, Steven

3. Miller, Frank C. and Douglas Caulkins

**SOCIOLOGICAL SURVEYS AND STUDIES**

1. Selinger, A.D.

   Selinger, A.D.

2. Kelly, William H.

3. Scott, George D.

An important study of Indians in an urban area. It is projected that in the early seventies over half the Indian population will be in urban areas. There are no significant studies nor educational developments for this part of the Indian population.
4. Harkins, Arthur M.

A brief report of a larger study conducted in 1966 in Minnesota. A part of the report deals with a comparison between rural and urban whites and Indians. Importantly, it shows in a unique manner ways which the schools have almost no educational meaning for Indian students.