

ED 025 045

Ranking of the States, 1967.

National Education Association, Washington, D.C.

Report No-RR-1967-R1

Pub Date 67

Note- 70p.

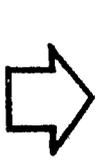
Available from-Publications Sales Section, National Education Association, 1201 Sixteenth St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036 (Stock No. 435-13304, \$1.25).

EDRS Price MF-\$0.50 HC Not Available from EDRS.

Descriptors- Academic Achievement, Attendance, *Educational Finance, Enrollment, Expenditures, Family Income, Income, *National Surveys, *Population Distribution, *Public Schools, School District Spending, School Taxes, State Government, Tables (Data), Taxes, *Teachers, Teacher Salaries

States are ranked on 117 items of data that may be used to understand, explain, interpret, and evaluate various aspects of State school systems. The general categories of the listings are (1) population, (2) enrollment and attendance, (3) teachers, (4) educational attainment, (5) financial resources, (6) governmental and school revenues, (7) expenditures and debt, and (8) miscellaneous. Similar data for 1968 can be found in EA 001 710. (HW)

PROCESS WITH MICROFICHE AND
PUBLISHER'S PRICES. MICRO-
FICHE REPRODUCTION ONLY.



d

RESEARCH REPORT 1967-R1

Rankings of the States, 1967

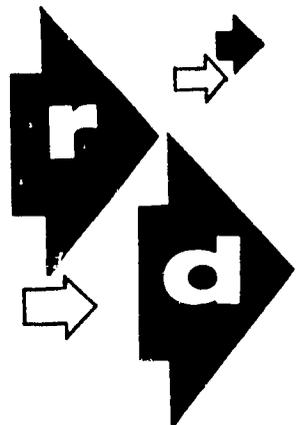
ED025045

EA C01 916

RESEARCH DIVISION - NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE
PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGINATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS
STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION
POSITION OR POLICY.



RESEARCH REPORT 1967-R1

Rankings of the States, 1967

ED025045

Permission to reproduce this copyrighted work has been granted to the Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC) and to the organization operating under contract with the Office of Education to reproduce documents included in the ERIC system by means of microfiche only, but this right is not conferred to any users of the microfiche received from the ERIC Document Reproduction Service. Further reproduction of any part requires permission of the copyright owner.

RESEARCH DIVISION - NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Copyright © 1967 by the
National Education Association
All Rights Reserved

NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

President: Irvamae Applegate
Executive Secretary: William G. Carr
Assistant Executive Secretary for Information Services: Sam M. Lambert

RESEARCH DIVISION

DIRECTOR

Glen Robinson

ASSISTANT DIRECTORS

Jean M. Flanigan
Simeon P. Taylor III
William S. Graybeal
Alton B. Sheridan
Frieda S. Shapiro
Robert Asnard

RESEARCH ASSOCIATES

Gertrude N. Stieber
Nettie S. Shapiro

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

Valdeane Rice

PUBLICATIONS EDITOR

Beatrice C. Lee

RESEARCH ASSISTANTS

Donald P. Walker
Marsha Ream
Sheila Martin
Helene Cacioppi
Joanne M. Hassing
Sherrell E. Varner
Jack Evans

CHIEFS OF SECTIONS

Grace Brubaker, Information
Wally Anne Sliter, Typing
Frances H. Reynolds, Library
Simeon P. Taylor III, Statistics

ASSOCIATE CHIEF

Richard E. Scott, Statistics

ASSISTANT CHIEFS

Helen Kolodziej, Information
Lilian Yang, Typing

Research Report 1967-R1: RANKINGS OF THE STATES, 1967

Project Director: BEATRICE C. LEE, Publications Editor

Price of Report: Single copy, \$1.25. Stock #435-13304. Discounts on quantity orders: 2-9 copies, 10%; 10 or more copies, 20%. Orders amounting to \$2 or less must be prepaid. Orders over \$2 may be billed but shipping charges will be added. Order from Publications Sales Section and make checks payable to the National Education Association, 1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. 20036.

Subscription Rate: One-year subscription to NEA Research Division Reports, \$18; send inquiries to NEA Records Division.

Reproduction of Material: No part of this Report may be reproduced in any form without written permission from the NEA Research Division, except by NEA Departments and affiliated associations. In all cases, reproduction of the Research Report materials must include the usual credit line and the copyright notice.

Address communications to the Publications Editor, Research Division, National Education Association, 1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. 20036.

CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----|
| Foreword | 4 |
| Guide to Tables | 5 |
| Population | 8 |
| Total Resident Population | 8 |
| School-Age Population | 8 |
| Persons 65 and Older | 8 |
| Birth Rates | 9 |
| Population Density | 9 |
| Urban Population | 9 |
| Enrollment and Attendance | 15 |
| Public-School Enrollment | 15 |
| Average Daily Attendance | 15 |
| Average Daily Membership | 15 |
| Length of School Term | 16 |
| School Lunch Program | 16 |
| Teachers | 22 |
| Instructional Staff | 22 |
| Pupil-Teacher Ratio | 22 |
| Men Teachers | 22 |
| Salaries | 23 |
| Educational Attainment | 29 |
| School Years Completed | 29 |
| Illiteracy | 29 |
| High-School Graduates | 29 |
| Selective Service Registrants | 29 |
| Financial Resources | 34 |
| Governmental and School Revenues | 39 |
| Federal Payments | 39 |
| Revenue of State and Local Governments | 39 |
| Property Tax Revenue | 39 |
| State Tax Collections | 39 |
| Public-School Revenue | 39 |
| Expenditures and Debt | 48 |
| Expenditures for Education | 48 |
| Other Expenditures | 50 |
| Indebtedness | 50 |
| Miscellaneous | 60 |
| Retail Sales | 60 |
| Federally Owned Land | 60 |
| Government Employees | 60 |
| Measures of Health | 60 |
| Crime | 60 |
| NEA Membership | 60 |
| References | 65 |
| Glossary | 67 |

FOREWORD

The 117 ranked lists that constitute this Report present data that may be used in understanding, explaining, interpreting, and possibly evaluating various aspects of a given state school system. The range of the items, however, illustrates the difficulty of making a defensible single judgment of the effort or the effectiveness of a given state in working on its educational problems. These rankings do not provide a basis for a composite ranking of the 50 state school systems.

The figures used in the rankings are the latest available. Some are estimates, prepared in advance of detailed reports, and hence are subject to revision. Some are based on sampling studies, for which measures of sampling variability are not recorded in this Report. Readers are cautioned against basing conclusions on slight differences among states in rankings on a specific item, and against using the data or rankings in trend research since the series is not revised when final figures become available.

The national totals shown in most tables include the District of Columbia; but because the District comprises a single urban school system, and hence is not comparable to state school systems, figures for it are not shown separately. Data for Canal Zone, Guam, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands are included whenever they are available, because they are of interest to educators in these areas.

When the figures for two or more states are identical, the states are listed alphabetically and given the same rank; the appropriate number is then picked up with the next state in rank. The numbers at the bottom of each table refer to items in the list of references and to the pages from which the basic data were obtained.

Each annual edition of this Report contains certain tables repeated from year to year; other tables are deleted or added as requests come to us from the users of this Report. Requests for additional tables will be given consideration depending on the availability of the required data.

The first report of the Research Division which attempted to rank the states was issued in 1942 in connection with the NEA legislative program. The annual series entitled Rankings of the States in essentially its present format began in 1957.

GLEN ROBINSON
Director, Research Division

GUIDE TO TABLES

Administrative units:

operating and total, 14

Average daily attendance:

as percent of ADM, 23

as percent of enrollment, 21

current expenditure per pupil in ADA, 90
estimated, 20

percent increases in current expenditure
per pupil in ADA, 93

Average daily membership:

as percent of enrollment, 24

as percent of school-age population, 25
estimated, 22

percent attending daily, 23

Birth rates, 11

Crimes:

increase in, 116

number of, 115

Death rates:

of infants, 114

Debt:

per capita, of state governments, 104, 105

Density of population, 12

Educational attainment:

illiteracy, 43

of adults, 42

selective service registrants, 46

Enrollment:

as percent of school-age population, 16

elementary and secondary schools, 15, 17

percent attending daily, 21

percent change in, 18

percent in ADM, 24

public-school enrollment as percent of
total, 19

Expenditures:

for fire protection, 102

for highways, 103

for health and hospitals, 100

for police protection, 101

for public welfare, 99

per-capita state total, 81

per-capita total state and local, 82

Expenditures for education:

as percent of personal income, 92

compared with expenditures for public
welfare and correction, 98

per-capita state and local for all educa-
tion, 84

per-capita state and local for higher
education, 88

per-capita state and local for local
schools, 89

per-capita state for all education, 83

per-capita state for higher education, 87
per pupil in ADA, 90

per pupil in ADA as percent of national
average, 91

per pupil in ADM, 94

per pupil in federally aided vocational
programs, 95

percent increase in expenditures per pu-
pil in ADA, 93

state and local as percent of expendi-
tures for all functions, 85

state and local as percent of personal
income, 86

Federal government:

land ownership, 107

number of employees, 109, 110

per-capita aid payments, 60

percent of public-school revenue from,
79

Fire protection:

per-capita expenditures for, 102

Health and hospitals:

per-capita expenditures for, 100

High-school graduates:

as percent of ninth-grade enrollment, 44

percent increase in number, 45

Higher education:

per-capita expenditures for, 87, 88

Highways:

per-capita expenditures for, 103

Hospitalization insurance:

percent of population covered, 113

Illiteracy:

percent of, 43

Instructional staff:

average salary, 38

average salary as percent of national
average, 39

in higher education, 30

in local schools, 28

percent increase in average salary, 40,
41

Local governments:

per-capita property tax revenue, 67
 per-capita tax collections, 72
 property tax revenue as percent of total
 state-local property tax revenue, 69
 revenue for public schools, 77

Men:

percent of teachers, 33

Migration:

net rate, 3

NEA membership:

as percent of instructional staff, 117

Non-instructional staff:

in higher education, 31
 in local schools, 29

Personal income:

direct expenditures of state and local
 governments for all education as per-
 cent of, 86

from government employment as percent
 of total income, 56

income of households, 57, 58, 59
 per capita, 49

per capita, as percent of national
 average, 50

per-capita disposable, 54

per-capita disposable, as percent of
 personal income, 55

per child in ADM, 53

per child of school age, 52

percent change in, 51

public-school revenue as percent of, 75
 state and local property tax collec-
 tions as percent of, 70

state and local tax collections as per-
 cent of, 65

state tax collections as percent of, 74
 total, 48

total general revenue of state and lo-
 cal governments as percent of, 63

Police protection:

per-capita expenditures for, 101

Population:

density, 12

percent aged 21-64, 7

percent change in total, 2

percent covered by hospitalization in-
 surance, 113

percent increase in population 65 years
 old and older, 10

percent of school age, 5

percent 65 years of age and older, 9

percent urban, 13

per square mile, 12

school-age population, 4

total, 1

Professional workers:

dentists, number of, 112

physicians, number of, 111

Property tax revenue:

as percent of total tax revenue of
 state and local governments, 68

local as percent of state-local, 69
 per-capita, of local governments, 67
 per-capita, of state and local govern-
 ments, 66
 state and local, as percent of person-
 al income, 70

Public-school enrollment:

as percent of school-age population, 16

as percent of total enrollment, 19

estimated, 15, 17

percent change in decade, 18

percent in ADA, 21, 22

Public-school expenditures:

current, per pupil in ADA, 90

per-capita, of state and local govern-
 ments, 89

percent increase in, per pupil in ADA, 93

Public-school revenue:

as percent of personal income, 75

local as percent of state and local, 80

per pupil in ADA, 74

percent from federal government, 79

percent of local governments, 77

percent from state governments, 78

Public welfare:

as percent of expenditures for educa-
 tion, 98

per-capita expenditures, 99

Pupil transportation, 96, 97

Retail sales:

per-capita, 106

Salaries:

elementary-school teachers' average, 34

instructional staff average, 38

instructional staff average as percent
 of national average, 39

percent increase in, 40, 41

secondary-school teachers' average, 35
 teachers' average, 36

School-age population:

as percent of resident population, 5

estimated, 4

number per 100 adults, 8

percent change in, 10

percent in ADM, 25

personal income per child, 60

School lunch programs:

percent of school children participat-
 ing in, 27

School term:

length of, 26

Selective Service Registrants:

percent failing mental test, 46

State and local governments combined:

direct expenditures for all education
 as percent of personal income, 86

expenditures for education as percent
 of direct general expenditures for
 all functions, 85

general revenue as percent of personal
 income, 64

per-capita debt, 105

per-capita expenditures for all education, 83
 per-capita expenditures for fire protection, 102
 per-capita expenditures for health and hospitals, 100
 per-capita expenditures for higher education, 88
 per-capita expenditures for highways, 103
 per-capita expenditures for local schools, 89
 per-capita expenditures for police protection, 101
 per-capita expenditures for public welfare, 99
 per-capita general revenue from own sources, 62
 per-capita property tax revenue, 66
 per-capita total general expenditures, 82
 per-capita total general revenue, 61
 per-capita total tax collections, 64
 property tax collections as percent of personal income, 70
 property tax revenue as percent of total tax revenue, 68
 revenue for all education as percent of total revenue of, 86
 tax collections as percent of personal income, 65
 State governments:
 expenditures for public welfare and

correction as percent of expenditures for education, 98
 per-capita debt, 104
 per-capita expenditures for all education, 83
 per-capita expenditures for institutions of higher education, 87
 per-capita tax collections, 71
 per-capita total general expenditures for all purposes, 81
 percent of school revenue from, 78
 tax collections as percent of personal income, 73

Taxes:

per-capita property tax revenue of state and local governments, 66
 per-capita state tax collections, 71
 per-capita total tax collections of state and local governments, 64
 property, 67, 68, 69, 70
 state and local property tax collections as percent of personal income, 65
 state tax collections as percent of personal income, 73

Teacher load:

pupils per teacher, 32

Teachers:

average salary, 34, 35, 36
 percent paid \$6,500 or more, 37
 percent who are men, 33

POPULATION

This section contains tables on total population, migration rate, school-age population, population 65 years of age and older, birth rates, population density, and percent of population that is urban.

Total Resident Population

In 1966, the resident population of the United States totaled 195,857,000. California had the largest number of inhabitants, 18,918,000; Alaska, the smallest, 272,000. Six states each had a population over 10,000,000: California, New York, Pennsylvania, Texas, Illinois, and Ohio. At the other extreme, 13 states had fewer than 1,000,000 inhabitants. (See Table 1.)

From 1960 to 1965, the population of the United States increased 9.1 percent (Table 2). Three states, West Virginia, Wyoming, and Iowa had decreases in population. Four states had increases under 3 percent. Nineteen states had increases above the national average; four of these states--Nevada, Alaska, Arizona, and California--had increases over 20 percent.

Table 3 shows the net total migration rate, 1960 to 1964. Nevada had the greatest gain through migration, and West Virginia lost the most through migration (Table 3).

School-Age Population

As of July 1, 1966, the school-age population (5 through 17 years of age) was estimated at 50,814,900 (Table 4). This group comprised 25.9 percent of total resident population (Table 5). California and New York had over 4,000,000 school-age children each; five other states had over 2,000,000 each. Two states, Alaska and Wyoming, each had less than 100,000.

School-age population in numbers has greater meaning when a comparison is made with the number of adults aged 21 to 64, assumed to be the working population (Table 8). Nationwide in 1966 there were 52 school-age children for every 100 adults aged 21 to 64. At one extreme was New Mexico with 69 children per 100 adults

at the other extreme was New York with 45.

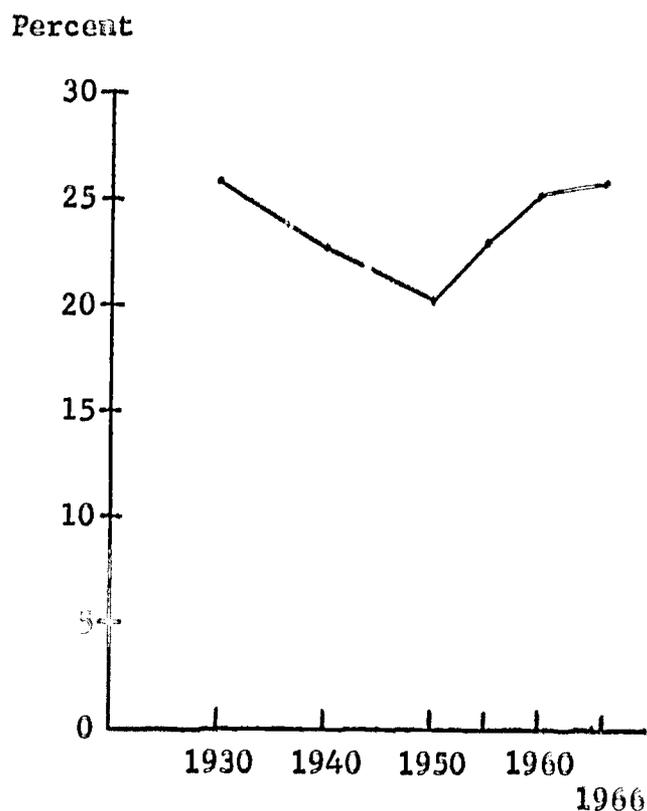
Persons 65 and Older

In 1966, almost a tenth (9.4 percent) of the population was 65 years of age and older (Table 9). In each of nine states, this age group comprised 11 percent or more of the population. Hawaii, Nevada, and Alaska had the smallest proportions of elderly persons, under 6 percent.

The portion of the population that is 65 years of age and older has increased; in 1900, it was 4.1 percent; in 1930, 5.4 percent; in 1966, 9.4 percent.

Although in 1960 and in 1966, three of the New England states, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Maine, had high proportions of persons 65 years of age and older, they had comparatively small percentages of

PERCENT OF POPULATION OF
SCHOOL AGE (5-17)



NEA Research Division

increase from 1960 to 1966. Vermont had the smallest increase, 0.6 percent; and Arizona, the highest, 36.3 percent. Nationwide, this age group increased 11.5 percent (Table 10). For the total population the increase during the same six years was 9.1 percent; for the school-age population it was 15.8 percent.

Birth Rates

In 1965, the birth rate (number of registered live births per 1,000 population) nationwide was 19.4. Kansas and Oklahoma with 16.9 had the lowest rate in the country. The highest birth rate was in Alaska, 28.2 (Table 11).

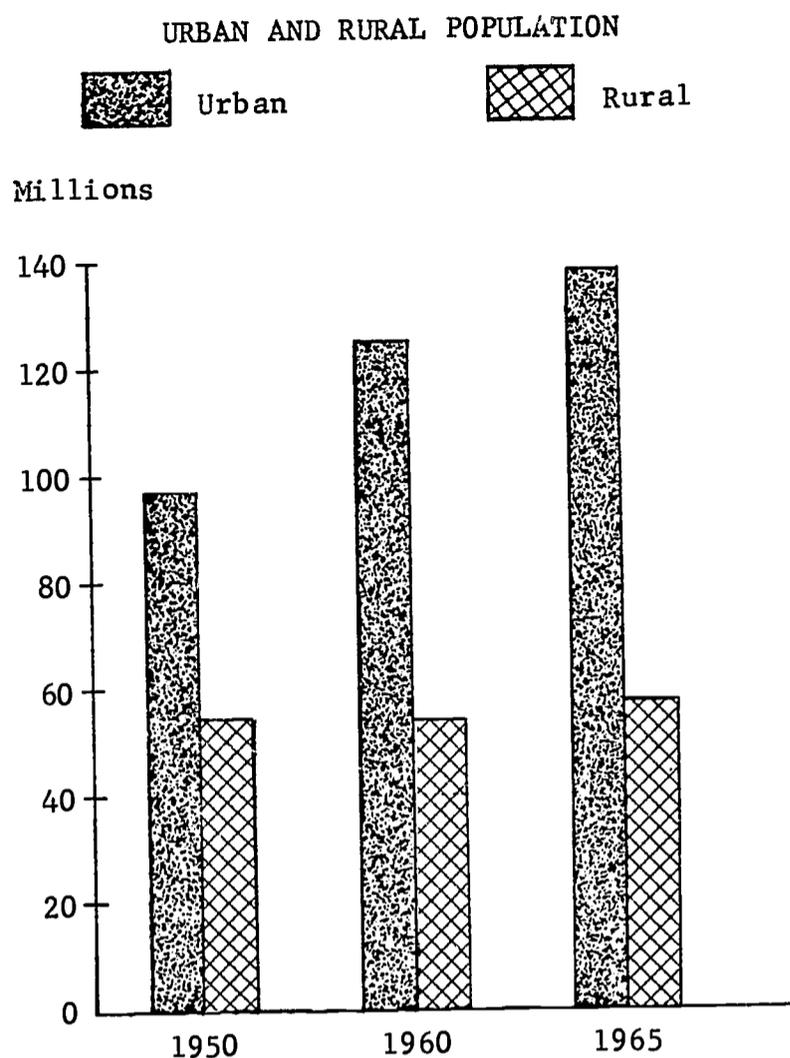
Population Density

Population density, defined as the number of persons per square mile, is an item that demands consideration by school systems, especially in sparsely populated areas, for it affects both consolidation of small schools and transportation of pupils.

As shown in Table 12, there were 55 persons per square mile, on the average, nationwide in 1966. The range is wide, from 917 persons per square mile in New Jersey and 849 in Rhode Island to under one person per square mile in Alaska. Seven other states, Wyoming, Nevada, Montana, New Mexico, Idaho, South Dakota, and North Dakota, had fewer than 10 persons per square mile.

Urban Population

According to the Bureau of the Census definition, the urban population generally comprises persons living in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, or in other areas which



NEA Research Division

have a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile.

In 1965, 70.6 percent of the population of the United States was classified as urban; 13 states were above the national average. New Jersey had the largest percent of urban population, 87.7 percent; and North Dakota, the smallest, 38.0 percent. Ten states had populations more than 75 percent urban, and 11 states had populations less than half urban. (See Table 13.)

| 1--Provisional Estimates of Total Resident Population, July 1, 1966 | | 2--Percent Change in Total Resident Population, April 1, 1960, to July 1, 1966 | | 3--Net Total Migration Rate (per 100 Midperiod Population), 1960 to 1964 | |
|---|-------------|--|-------|--|-------|
| 1. California | 18,918,000 | 1. Nevada | 60.6% | 1. Nevada | +30.6 |
| 2. New York | 18,258,000 | 2. { Alaska | 24.5 | 2. Arizona | + 9.2 |
| 3. Pennsylvania | 11,582,000 | 2. { Arizona | 24.5 | 3. Florida | + 8.1 |
| 4. Texas | 10,752,000 | 4. California | 20.3 | 4. California | + 7.9 |
| 5. Illinois | 10,722,000 | 5. Florida | 19.9 | 5. New Jersey | + 4.6 |
| 6. Ohio | 10,305,000 | 6. Maryland | 16.4 | 6. Connecticut | + 4.2 |
| 7. Michigan | 8,374,000 | 7. Hawaii | 15.3 | 7. Maryland | + 4.0 |
| 8. New Jersey | 6,898,000 | 8. Delaware | 15.1 | 8. Delaware | + 3.8 |
| 9. Florida | 5,941,000 | 9. New Jersey | 13.8 | 9. { Colorado | + 3.4 |
| 10. Massachusetts | 5,383,000 | 10. Connecticut | 13.5 | 9. { New Hampshire | + 3.4 |
| 11. North Carolina | 5,000,000 | 11. Utah | 13.1 | 11. Virginia | + 3.3 |
| 12. Indiana | 4,918,000 | 12. Virginia | 13.0 | 12. Arkansas | + 2.4 |
| 13. Missouri | 4,508,000 | 13. Colorado | 12.7 | 13. Hawaii | + 2.3 |
| 14. Virginia | 4,507,000 | 14. New Hampshire | 12.5 | 14. New York | + 1.9 |
| 15. Georgia | 4,459,000 | 15. Georgia | 12.4 | 15. { Georgia | + 1.6 |
| 16. Wisconsin | 4,161,000 | 16. Texas | 12.3 | 15. { Oregon | + 1.6 |
| 17. Tennessee | 3,883,000 | 17. Oregon | 10.6 | 17. Texas | + 0.9 |
| 18. Maryland | 3,613,000 | 18. Louisiana | 10.1 | 18. Tennessee | + 0.8 |
| 19. Louisiana | 3,603,000 | 19. Arkansas | 9.5 | UNITED STATES | + 0.8 |
| 20. Minnesota | 3,576,000 | 20. North Carolina | 9.1 | 19. Oklahoma | + 0.7 |
| 21. Alabama | 3,517,000 | UNITED STATES | 9.1 | 20. North Carolina | - 0.2 |
| 22. Kentucky | 3,183,000 | 21. New York | 8.9 | 21. Utah | - 0.3 |
| 23. Washington | 2,980,000 | 22. Tennessee | 8.8 | 22. Louisiana | - 0.6 |
| 24. Connecticut | 2,875,000 | 23. New Mexico | 8.1 | 23. Illinois | - 0.8 |
| 25. Iowa | 2,747,000 | 24. South Carolina | 7.7 | 24. { Missouri | - 1.0 |
| 26. South Carolina | 2,586,000 | 25. Alabama | 7.4 | 24. { Ohio | - 1.0 |
| 27. Oklahoma | 2,458,000 | 26. Michigan | 7.0 | 26. { South Carolina | - 1.4 |
| 28. Mississippi | 2,327,000 | 27. Mississippi | 6.7 | 26. { Washington | - 1.4 |
| 29. Kansas | 2,250,000 | 28. { Illinois | 6.2 | 28. { Alabama | - 1.5 |
| 30. Colorado | 1,977,000 | 28. { Ohio | 6.2 | 28. { Alaska | - 1.5 |
| 31. { Arkansas | 1,955,000 | 30. Indiana | 5.5 | 28. { Nebraska | - 1.5 |
| 31. { Oregon | 1,955,000 | 31. Oklahoma | 5.4 | 31. { Massachusetts | - 1.6 |
| 33. West Virginia | 1,794,000 | 32. Wisconsin | 5.3 | 31. { Mississippi | - 1.6 |
| 34. Arizona | 1,618,000 | 33. { Kentucky | 4.8 | 33. { Kentucky | - 1.7 |
| 35. Nebraska | 1,456,000 | 33. { Rhode Island | 4.8 | 33. { Rhode Island | - 1.7 |
| 36. New Mexico | 1,022,000 | 36. { Washington | 4.8 | 35. Indiana | - 2.0 |
| 37. Utah | 1,008,000 | 36. { Massachusetts | 4.7 | 36. { Michigan | - 2.1 |
| 38. Maine | 983,000 | 38. Missouri | 4.3 | 36. { Wisconsin | - 2.1 |
| 39. Rhode Island | 898,000 | 39. Vermont | 4.1 | 38. Montana | - 2.3 |
| 40. Hawaii | 718,000 | 40. Idaho | 4.0 | 39. Pennsylvania | - 2.5 |
| 41. Montana | 702,000 | 41. Montana | 3.8 | 40. Kansas | - 3.0 |
| 42. Idaho | 694,000 | 42. Kansas | 3.6 | 41. Minnesota | - 3.2 |
| 43. South Dakota | 682,000 | 43. Nebraska | 3.3 | 42. Maine | - 3.3 |
| 44. New Hampshire | 681,000 | 44. Pennsylvania | 2.3 | 43. Vermont | - 3.5 |
| 45. North Dakota | 650,000 | 45. { Maine | 1.7 | 44. Idaho | - 3.6 |
| 46. Delaware | 512,000 | 45. { North Dakota | 1.7 | 45. South Dakota | - 3.7 |
| 47. Nevada | 454,000 | 47. South Dakota | 0.2 | 46. New Mexico | - 4.0 |
| 48. Vermont | 405,000 | 48. Iowa | - 0.4 | 47. { North Dakota | - 4.3 |
| 49. Wyoming | 329,000 | 49. Wyoming | - 0.8 | 47. { Wyoming | - 4.3 |
| 50. Alaska | 272,000 | 50. West Virginia | - 3.5 | 49. Iowa | - 4.9 |
| UNITED STATES | 195,857,000 | Puerto Rico | 13.6 | 50. West Virginia | - 6.6 |
| Puerto Rico | 2,668,000 | Ref. 17:15. | | Puerto Rico | - 1.2 |
| Ref. 17:15. | | | | Ref. 15:10. | |

| 4--Estimated School-Age Population (5-17), July 1, 1966 | | 5--Estimated School-Age Population (5-17) as Percent of Total Resident Population, 1966 | | 6--Estimated Percent of Change in School-Age Population (5-17), 1965 to 1966 | |
|---|------------|---|-------|--|-------|
| 1. California | 4,735,000 | 1. New Mexico | 30.7% | 1. Delaware | +3.7% |
| 2. New York | 4,275,000 | 2. Utah | 29.9 | 2. New Hampshire | +3.5 |
| 3. Texas | 2,900,000 | 3. { Alaska | 29.0 | 3. { Connecticut | +3.4 |
| 4. Pennsylvania | 2,868,000 | 3. { Mississippi | 29.0 | 3. { Washington | +3.4 |
| 5. Ohio | 2,765,000 | 5. Louisiana | 28.7 | 5. { Alabama | +3.3 |
| 6. Illinois | 2,705,000 | 6. South Dakota | 28.6 | 5. { Rhode Island | +3.3 |
| 7. Michigan | 2,337,000 | 7. South Carolina | 28.5 | 7. { Maryland | +3.2 |
| 8. New Jersey | 1,680,000 | 8. Idaho | 28.4 | 7. { South Dakota | +3.2 |
| 9. Florida | 1,460,000 | 9. Alabama | 28.3 | 9. { Florida | +2.9 |
| 10. North Carolina | 1,331,000 | | | 9. { Vermont | +2.9 |
| 11. Indiana | 1,325,000 | 10. { Hawaii | 27.9 | 11. Wisconsin | +2.8 |
| 12. Massachusetts | 1,310,000 | 10. { Michigan | 27.9 | 12. Colorado | +2.7 |
| 13. Georgia | 1,208,000 | 10. { Montana | 27.9 | | |
| 14. Virginia | 1,172,000 | 13. Minnesota | 27.8 | 13. { Alaska | +2.6 |
| 15. Wisconsin | 1,135,000 | 14. North Dakota | 27.7 | 13. { Minnesota | +2.6 |
| 16. Missouri | 1,126,000 | 15. Arizona | 27.6 | 15. Indiana | +2.5 |
| 17. Louisiana | 1,035,000 | 16. Wyoming | 27.4 | 16. New Mexico | +2.3 |
| 18. Tennessee | 1,000,000 | 17. { Delaware | 27.3 | 17. { California | +2.1 |
| 19. { Alabama | 995,000 | 17. { Wisconsin | 27.3 | 17. { New Jersey | +2.1 |
| 19. { Minnesota | 995,000 | 19. Colorado | 27.2 | 19. Maine | +2.0 |
| 21. Maryland | 965,000 | 20. Georgia | 27.1 | 20. Michigan | +1.9 |
| 22. Kentucky | 851,000 | 21. Texas | 27.0 | 21. { Arizona | +1.8 |
| 23. Washington | 800,000 | 22. Indiana | 26.9 | 21. { Louisiana | +1.8 |
| 24. South Carolina | 736,000 | 23. { Ohio | 26.8 | 21. { Nevada | +1.8 |
| 25. Connecticut | 724,000 | 23. { Washington | 26.8 | 21. { Oregon | +1.8 |
| 26. Iowa | 719,000 | 25. { Kentucky | 26.7 | 25. Arkansas | +1.6 |
| 27. Mississippi | 674,000 | 25. { Maryland | 26.7 | | |
| 28. Oklahoma | 607,000 | 25. { Vermont | 26.7 | UNITED STATES | +1.6 |
| 29. Kansas | 590,000 | 28. North Carolina | 26.6 | | |
| 30. Colorado | 538,000 | 29. { Iowa | 26.2 | 26. { Hawaii | +1.5 |
| 31. Arkansas | 510,000 | 29. { Kansas | 26.2 | 26. { Illinois | +1.5 |
| 32. Oregon | 509,000 | 29. { Maine | 26.2 | 26. { Missouri | +1.5 |
| 33. West Virginia | 469,000 | 32. { Arkansas | 26.1 | 26. { Ohio | +1.5 |
| 34. Arizona | 446,000 | 32. { West Virginia | 26.1 | 30. { Georgia | +1.4 |
| 35. Nebraska | 377,000 | 34. { Oregon | 26.0 | 30. { Virginia | +1.4 |
| 36. New Mexico | 314,000 | 34. { Virginia | 26.0 | 32. { Kentucky | +1.3 |
| 37. Utah | 301,000 | 36. Nebraska | 25.9 | 32. { New York | +1.3 |
| 38. Maine | 258,000 | | | 34. { Kansas | +1.2 |
| 39. Rhode Island | 220,000 | UNITED STATES | 25.9 | 34. { Massachusetts | +1.2 |
| 40. Hawaii | 200,000 | | | 34. { Texas | +1.2 |
| 41. Idaho | 197,000 | 37. { New Hampshire | 25.8 | 37. Pennsylvania | +1.0 |
| 42. Montana | 196,000 | 37. { Tennessee | 25.8 | 38. Mississippi | +0.9 |
| 43. South Dakota | 195,000 | 39. { Connecticut | 25.2 | 39. South Carolina | +0.8 |
| 44. North Dakota | 180,000 | 39. { Illinois | 25.2 | 40. Iowa | +0.6 |
| 45. New Hampshire | 176,000 | 41. { California | 25.0 | 41. { Idaho | +0.5 |
| 46. Delaware | 140,000 | 41. { Missouri | 25.0 | 41. { Montana | +0.5 |
| 47. Nevada | 112,000 | 43. Pennsylvania | 24.8 | 41. { Nebraska | +0.5 |
| 48. Vermont | 108,000 | 44. { Nevada | 24.7 | 44. Oklahoma | +0.3 |
| 49. Wyoming | 90,000 | 44. { Oklahoma | 24.7 | 45. { North Carolina | +0.2 |
| 50. Alaska | 79,000 | 46. Florida | 24.6 | 45. { Tennessee | +0.2 |
| | | 47. Rhode Island | 24.5 | 47. Utah | 0.0 |
| | | 48. New Jersey | 24.4 | 48. { North Dakota | -1.1 |
| | | 49. Massachusetts | 24.3 | 48. { Wyoming | -1.1 |
| | | 50. New York | 23.4 | 50. West Virginia | -2.1 |
| UNITED STATES | 50,814,000 | | | | |

Ref. 5:24.

Ref. 5:24; 17:15.

Ref. 5:24.

7--Percent of Population Aged
21-64, 1966

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | Nevada | 52.4% |
| 2. | New York | 52.1 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 52.0 |
| 4. | Connecticut | 51.3 |
| 5. | Pennsylvania | 51.2 |
| 6. | California | 51.0 |
| 7. | Virginia | 50.5 |
| 8. | Rhode Island | 50.4 |
| 9. | Maryland | 50.3 |
| 10. | Illinois | 50.1 |
| 11. | Tennessee | 50.0 |
| 12. | Massachusetts | 49.8 |
| 13. | { North Carolina | 49.7 |
| | { Oregon | 49.7 |
| 15. | Oklahoma | 49.5 |
| | UNITED STATES | 49.5 |
| 16. | { Delaware | 49.2 |
| | { Ohio | 49.2 |
| 18. | Missouri | 49.1 |
| 19. | New Hampshire | 49.0 |
| 20. | Washington | 48.9 |
| 21. | { Colorado | 48.8 |
| | { West Virginia | 48.8 |
| 23. | Georgia | 48.7 |
| 24. | { Hawaii | 48.6 |
| | { Indiana | 48.6 |
| 26. | { Michigan | 48.5 |
| | { Texas | 48.5 |
| 28. | Florida | 48.4 |
| 29. | Alabama | 48.1 |
| 30. | Kansas | 48.0 |
| 31. | Kentucky | 47.9 |
| 32. | Wyoming | 47.7 |
| 33. | South Carolina | 47.6 |
| 34. | Vermont | 47.4 |
| 35. | Arizona | 47.3 |
| 36. | { Arkansas | 47.2 |
| | { Maine | 47.2 |
| 38. | { Alaska | 47.1 |
| | { Wisconsin | 47.1 |
| 40. | Nebraska | 46.8 |
| 41. | { Idaho | 46.7 |
| | { Iowa | 46.7 |
| | { Louisiana | 46.7 |
| | { Montana | 46.7 |
| 45. | { Minnesota | 46.2 |
| | { North Dakota | 46.2 |
| 47. | Utah | 45.3 |
| 48. | Mississippi | 44.9 |
| 49. | South Dakota | 44.7 |
| 50. | New Mexico | 44.6 |

Ref. 14:4.

8--Number of School-Age
Children (5-17) per 100
Adults Aged 21-64 in 1966

| | | |
|-----|------------------|----|
| 1. | New Mexico | 69 |
| 2. | Utah | 66 |
| 3. | { Mississippi | 64 |
| | { South Dakota | 64 |
| 5. | Alaska | 62 |
| 6. | { Idaho | 61 |
| | { Louisiana | 61 |
| 8. | { Minnesota | 60 |
| | { Montana | 60 |
| | { North Dakota | 60 |
| | { South Carolina | 60 |
| 12. | Alabama | 59 |
| 13. | { Arizona | 58 |
| | { Michigan | 58 |
| | { Wisconsin | 58 |
| 16. | { Hawaii | 57 |
| | { Wyoming | 57 |
| | { Colorado | 56 |
| | { Delaware | 56 |
| | { Georgia | 56 |
| 18. | { Iowa | 56 |
| | { Kentucky | 56 |
| | { Maine | 56 |
| | { Texas | 56 |
| | { Vermont | 56 |
| 26. | { Arkansas | 55 |
| | { Indiana | 55 |
| | { Kansas | 55 |
| | { Nebraska | 55 |
| | { Ohio | 55 |
| | { Washington | 55 |
| 32. | { North Carolina | 54 |
| | { West Virginia | 54 |
| 34. | { Maryland | 53 |
| | { New Hampshire | 53 |
| 36. | Oregon | 52 |
| | UNITED STATES | 52 |
| 37. | { Florida | 51 |
| | { Missouri | 51 |
| | { Tennessee | 51 |
| | { Virginia | 51 |
| 41. | { Illinois | 50 |
| | { Oklahoma | 50 |
| 43. | { California | 49 |
| | { Connecticut | 49 |
| | { Massachusetts | 49 |
| | { Rhode Island | 49 |
| 47. | Pennsylvania | 48 |
| 48. | { Nevada | 47 |
| | { New Jersey | 47 |
| 50. | New York | 45 |

Ref. 5:24; 14:4.

9--Percent of Population Aged
65 or Older, 1966

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | Iowa | 12.6% |
| 2. | Florida | 12.5 |
| 3. | Nebraska | 12.0 |
| 4. | Missouri | 11.7 |
| 5. | { Kansas | 11.4 |
| | { South Dakota | 11.4 |
| 7. | { Maine | 11.3 |
| | { Massachusetts | 11.3 |
| 9. | Oklahoma | 11.1 |
| 10. | { Minnesota | 10.9 |
| | { Vermont | 10.9 |
| 12. | Arkansas | 10.8 |
| 13. | { New Hampshire | 10.7 |
| | { Rhode Island | 10.7 |
| | { Wisconsin | 10.7 |
| 16. | Oregon | 10.5 |
| 17. | New York | 10.4 |
| 18. | Pennsylvania | 10.3 |
| 19. | West Virginia | 10.2 |
| 20. | Washington | 10.1 |
| 21. | { Illinois | 9.9 |
| | { Kentucky | 9.9 |
| 23. | Indiana | 9.6 |
| 24. | { Montana | 9.5 |
| | { North Dakota | 9.5 |
| 26. | Connecticut | 9.4 |
| | UNITED STATES | 9.4 |
| 27. | { New Jersey | 9.3 |
| | { Ohio | 9.3 |
| 29. | Idaho | 9.2 |
| 30. | { Mississippi | 8.8 |
| | { Tennessee | 8.8 |
| | { Wyoming | 8.8 |
| 33. | Colorado | 8.7 |
| 34. | { California | 8.5 |
| | { Michigan | 8.5 |
| 36. | { Alabama | 8.2 |
| | { Texas | 8.2 |
| 38. | Delaware | 7.8 |
| 39. | Arizona | 7.6 |
| 40. | Louisiana | 7.5 |
| 41. | Georgia | 7.3 |
| 42. | { Maryland | 7.2 |
| | { North Carolina | 7.2 |
| | { Virginia | 7.2 |
| 45. | Utah | 6.9 |
| 46. | South Carolina | 6.7 |
| 47. | New Mexico | 6.1 |
| 48. | { Hawaii | 5.3 |
| | { Nevada | 5.3 |
| 50. | Alaska | 2.6 |

Ref. 14:4.

| 10--Percent Increase in Population 65 Years of Age and Older, April 1, 1960, to July 1, 1966 | 11--Number of Live Births per 1,000 Population, 1965 | 12--Population per Square Mile, 1966 |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Arizona 36.3% | 1. Alaska 28.2 | 1. New Jersey 917 |
| 2. Florida 34.3 | 2. New Mexico 23.8 | 2. Rhode Island 849 |
| 3. Nevada 32.1 | 3. Utah 23.1 | 3. Massachusetts 684 |
| 4. Hawaii 30.3 | 4. Hawaii 22.9 | 4. Connecticut 587 |
| 5. Alaska 30.0 | 5. Louisiana 22.7 | 5. New York 381 |
| 6. New Mexico 20.9 | 6. { Georgia 22.0 | 6. Maryland 366 |
| 7. Texas 17.8 | 6. { Mississippi 22.0 | 7. Delaware 259 |
| 8. California 17.1 | 8. Nevada 21.4 | 8. Pennsylvania 257 |
| 9. Utah 16.8 | 9. Arizona 21.0 | 9. Ohio 252 |
| 10. North Carolina 16.0 | 10. Delaware 20.8 | 10. Illinois 192 |
| | 11. South Carolina 20.7 | 11. Michigan 147 |
| 11. Maryland 15.2 | 12. Texas 20.6 | 12. Indiana 136 |
| 12. { New Jersey 14.2 | 13. North Dakota 20.4 | 13. California 121 |
| 12. { South Carolina 14.2 | 14. { Alabama 20.3 | 14. Virginia 113 |
| 14. Virginia 12.8 | 14. { Vermont 20.3 | 15. Hawaii 112 |
| 15. Georgia 12.5 | 16. { Maine 20.1 | 16. Florida 106 |
| 16. { New York 12.2 | 16. { Michigan 20.1 | |
| 16. { Oregon 12.2 | 18. { Indiana 20.0 | 17. North Carolina 102 |
| 18. { Delaware 11.9 | 18. { Rhode Island 20.0 | 18. Tennessee 93 |
| 18. { Wyoming 11.9 | 20. { Kentucky 19.9 | 19. South Carolina 85 |
| 20. Louisiana 11.8 | 20. { Minnesota 19.9 | 20. { Kentucky 80 |
| | 20. { North Carolina 19.9 | 20. { Louisiana 80 |
| 21. Michigan 11.7 | 20. { Wisconsin 19.9 | 22. Georgia 77 |
| | 24. { Colorado 19.8 | 23. { New Hampshire 76 |
| UNITED STATES 11.5 | 24. { Tennessee 19.8 | 23. { Wisconsin 76 |
| | 26. South Dakota 19.5 | 25. West Virginia 75 |
| 22. Connecticut 10.9 | 27. Illinois 19.4 | 26. Alabama 69 |
| 23. { Alabama 10.7 | | 27. Missouri 65 |
| 23. { Tennessee 10.7 | UNITED STATES 19.4 | UNITED STATES 55 |
| 25. Wisconsin 10.5 | | |
| 26. Minnesota 10.3 | 28. { Massachusetts 19.2 | |
| 27. Idaho 9.9 | 28. { Montana 19.2 | 28. { Iowa 49 |
| 28. Oklahoma 9.3 | 30. Ohio 19.0 | 28. { Mississippi 49 |
| 29. South Dakota 9.1 | 31. { Arkansas 18.9 | 30. { Minnesota 45 |
| 30. Colorado 8.8 | 31. { California 18.9 | 30. { Washington 45 |
| | 31. { Connecticut 18.9 | 32. Vermont 44 |
| 31. { Arkansas 8.6 | 31. { Idaho 18.9 | |
| 31. { Illinois 8.6 | 31. { Virginia 18.9 | 33. Texas 41 |
| 33. Washington 7.9 | 31. { Wyoming 18.9 | 34. Arkansas 37 |
| 34. New Hampshire 7.8 | 37. Maryland 18.8 | 35. Oklahoma 36 |
| 35. { Kentucky 7.4 | 38. { Missouri 18.7 | 36. Maine 32 |
| 35. { Mississippi 7.4 | 38. { New Hampshire 18.7 | 37. Kansas 27 |
| 37. Rhode Island 7.2 | 40. { Iowa 18.6 | 38. Oregon 20 |
| 38. Kansas 7.0 | 40. { Nebraska 18.6 | 39. { Colorado 19 |
| 39. Ohio 6.7 | 40. { New York 18.6 | 39. { Nebraska 19 |
| 40. Nebraska 6.6 | 43. Florida 18.3 | 41. Arizona 14 |
| | 44. West Virginia 18.1 | 42. Utah 12 |
| 41. { Massachusetts 6.2 | 45. { Pennsylvania 17.8 | 43. { North Dakota 9 |
| 41. { Pennsylvania 6.2 | 45. { New Jersey 17.8 | 43. { South Dakota 9 |
| 43. West Virginia 6.1 | 47. Oregon 17.6 | 45. { Idaho 8 |
| 44. North Dakota 5.8 | 48. Washington 17.2 | 45. { New Mexico 8 |
| 45. Indiana 5.7 | 49. { Kansas 16.9 | 47. Montana 5 |
| 46. Iowa 5.3 | 49. { Oklahoma 16.9 | 48. Nevada 4 |
| 47. Missouri 5.1 | | 49. Wyoming 3 |
| 48. Maine 4.2 | Puerto Rico 30.8 | 50. Alaska Under 1 |
| 49. Montana 2.4 | Virgin Islands 45.4 | |
| 50. Vermont 0.6 | | |
| Ref. 14:3 and 4. | Ref. 27:10. | Ref. 17:15; 22:198. |

13--Percent of Population That
Is Urban, December 31,
1965

| | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| 1. | New Jersey | 87.7% |
| 2. | California | 86.0 |
| 3. | Rhode Island | 84.4 |
| 4. | New York | 84.2 |
| 5. | Massachusetts | 82.1 |
| 6. | Illinois | 81.0 |
| 7. | Connecticut | 77.9 |
| 8. | Hawaii | 77.3 |
| 9. | Texas | 77.2 |
| 10. | Utah | 75.4 |
| | | |
| 11. | Colorado | 74.6 |
| 12. | Florida | 74.1 |
| 13. | Ohio | 73.8 |
| 14. | Michigan | 73.0 |
| 15. | Arizona | 72.7 |
| 16. | Nevada | 72.2 |
| 17. | Maryland | 71.6 |
| 18. | Pennsylvania | 71.0 |
| | | |
| | UNITED STATES | 70.6 |
| | | |
| 19. | { Missouri | 68.6 |
| | { Washington | 68.6 |
| | | |
| 21. | New Mexico | 68.1 |
| 22. | Delaware | 65.6 |
| 23. | Oklahoma | 65.5 |
| 24. | Wisconsin | 64.8 |
| 25. | Louisiana | 64.1 |
| 26. | Minnesota | 63.5 |
| 27. | Kansas | 62.9 |
| 28. | Oregon | 62.7 |
| 29. | Indiana | 62.6 |
| 30. | Wyoming | 58.4 |
| | | |
| 31. | Virginia | 58.2 |
| 32. | New Hampshire | 58.1 |
| 33. | Alabama | 57.6 |
| 34. | Nebraska | 57.1 |
| 35. | Georgia | 56.5 |
| 36. | Iowa | 55.2 |
| 37. | Tennessee | 54.4 |
| 38. | Maine | 51.9 |
| 39. | Montana | 51.0 |
| 40. | Idaho | 49.5 |
| | | |
| 41. | Arkansas | 46.0 |
| 42. | Kentucky | 45.9 |
| 43. | South Carolina | 41.6 |
| 44. | North Carolina | 41.0 |
| 45. | South Dakota | 40.7 |
| 46. | Mississippi | 39.9 |
| 47. | West Virginia | 39.7 |
| 48. | Alaska | 39.4 |
| 49. | Vermont | 39.3 |
| 50. | North Dakota | 38.0 |

Ref. 6:B.

ENROLLMENT AND ATTENDANCE

Tables 14 through 27 give data on basic administrative units, public-school enrollment, average daily attendance, school-age population enrolled in school, average daily membership, length of school term, overcrowding, and the federally subsidized school lunch program.

Public-School Enrollment

In 1966-67 there were 23,335 basic administrative units, 21,697 of which operated their own school systems (Table 14). These are decreases of 9.6 percent in operating systems and 36.1 in nonoperating units.

Estimated public-school enrollment in fall 1966 totaled 42,986,514 (Table 15). Fourteen states started the school year 1966-67 with more than 1,000,000 pupils enrolled; California had 4,379,500; New York had over 3,000,000; and five other states--Texas, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Michigan--had over 2,000,000. As a percent of the population of school age (5-17), fall 1966 enrollment equaled 84.6 (Table 16).

Estimated cumulative public elementary- and secondary-school enrollment in 1966-67 is 44,593,856 (Table 17), an increase of 37.5 percent over 1956-57 (Table 18). Alaska with the smallest enrollment, 71,400 increased 93.0 percent. California with the largest enrollment in public school, 4,781,000, increased 81.5 percent in the decade.

Fourteen states will each enroll more than 1,000,000 in public schools before the end of the school year 1966-67. California will enroll nearly 5,000,000; New York, more than 3,000,000; Texas, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Michigan, over 2,000,000; and seven other states, New Jersey, Florida, North Carolina, Indiana, Georgia, Massachusetts, and Virginia, will have over 1,000,000.

The range in percent of change in cumulative enrollment from 1956-57 to 1966-67 was wide, also--from an increase of 150.6 percent in Nevada to a decrease of 5.9 percent in West Virginia.

Table 19 shows the percent that public elementary- and secondary-school enrollment is of the total of public- and nonpublic-school enrollment. States ranking high on percent of total school enrollment in public schools obviously rank correspondingly low on percent of total enrollment in nonpublic schools. Nationwide in the fall of 1966, 86.5 percent of the pupils in school were enrolled in public schools, and 13.5 percent were enrolled in nonpublic schools. In North Carolina more than 98 percent of the total enrollment was in public schools; in Rhode Island, at the other end of the scale, 73.0 percent was enrolled in public schools.

School enrollment represents a cumulative figure, that is, the total number of different pupils registered at any time during the school year. Pupils entering a state are added, but those leaving are not dropped.

Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is the total number of days public-school pupils were in school divided by the number of days schools were in session (Table 20). The resulting figures as percents of the number of children enrolled in public school are shown in Table 21. Nationwide the proportion is 89.3 percent; the range is from 93.6 percent in Maine to 73.9 percent in Nevada. In nine states, the percent is over 92. Only four states, all relatively low in density of population, have less than 85 percent attendance.

Average Daily Membership

A pupil is counted as a school member from the time he enrolls until he withdraws from school. Membership is the total number of pupils belonging and comprises those absent and those present. Dividing the total number of days of membership by the number of days schools were in session produces a figure called average daily membership. These figures for 1966-67 are given in Table 22, except for six states that did

not report pupils by this method. Table 24 gives average daily membership as a percent of enrollment, and Table 25 gives average daily membership as a percent of school-age population (5-17). The figures in Table 25, like those shown earlier in Tables 16 and 19, help to identify the states, e.g., Rhode Island, having large percentages of youth attending nonpublic schools.

Length of School Term

On the average, public elementary and secondary schools were in session 179.0 days in 1963-64. Missouri had the longest average school term, 182.9 days; and Alaska, the shortest, 171.0 days. Twenty-one states averaged at least 180 days each; three

states averaged less than 175 days each (See Table 26).

School Lunch Program

Nationwide in 1965, just over one-third of the children attending public and private elementary and secondary schools were participating in federally subsidized school lunch programs. The range was from 16.2 percent in New Jersey to 69.4 percent in Louisiana. In 12 states--Louisiana, Hawaii, Kentucky, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Mississippi, North Dakota, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, and Iowa--more than 50 percent of the school children were participating in these programs. On the other hand, in four states--California, Rhode Island, Nevada, and New Jersey--less than 20 percent were (Table 27).

| 14--Number of Basic Administrative Units, 1966-67 | | | 15--Public-School Enrollment, Fall 1966 | |
|---|-----------|--------|---|------------|
| | Operating | Total | | |
| 1. Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 1. California | 4,379,500 |
| 2. Nevada | 17 | 17 | 2. New York | 3,250,000 |
| 3. Maryland | 24 | 24 | 3. Texas | 2,523,000 |
| 4. Alaska | 27 | 27 | 4. Ohio | 2,315,848 |
| 5. { Rhode Island | 40 | 40 | 5. Pennsylvania | 2,211,450 |
| { Utah | 40 | 40 | 6. Illinois | 2,160,000 |
| 7. Delaware | 51 | 51 | 7. Michigan | 2,015,000 |
| 8. West Virginia | 55 | 55 | 8. New Jersey | 1,330,000 |
| 9. { Florida | 67 | 67 | 9. Florida | 1,260,139 |
| { Louisiana | 67 | 67 | 10. North Carolina | 1,183,690 |
| 11. New Mexico | 90 | 90 | 11. Indiana | 1,154,800 |
| 12. South Carolina | 108 | 108 | 12. Georgia | 1,076,183 |
| 13. Idaho | 117 | 117 | 13. Massachusetts | 1,024,000 |
| 14. Alabama | 118 | 118 | 14. Virginia | 1,002,928 |
| 15. Virginia | 131 | 131 | 15. Missouri | 968,028 |
| 16. Mississippi | 149 | 149 | 16. Wisconsin | 889,214 |
| 17. Tennessee | 151 | 151 | 17. Tennessee | 874,300 |
| 18. North Carolina | 169 | 169 | 18. Alabama | 862,000 |
| 19. Wyoming | 171 | 173 | 19. Minnesota | 830,000 |
| 20. New Hampshire | 176 | 189 | 20. Louisiana | 820,652 |
| 21. Connecticut | 177 | 178 | 21. Maryland | 790,928 |
| 22. Colorado | 181 | 183 | 22. Washington | 752,900 |
| 23. Georgia | 195 | 195 | 23. Kentucky | 674,459 |
| 24. Kentucky | 200 | 200 | 24. South Carolina | 643,624 |
| 25. Vermont | 254 | 264 | 25. Iowa | 629,000 |
| 26. Maine | 283 | 323 | 26. Oklahoma | 598,388 |
| 27. Arizona | 297 | 298 | 27. Connecticut | 596,782 |
| 28. Washington | 347 | 360 | 28. Mississippi | 590,000 |
| 29. Kansas | 348 | 349 | 29. Kansas | 525,000 |
| 30. Indiana | 382 | 404 | 30. Colorado | 500,000 |
| 31. Oregon | 385 | 390 | 31. Oregon | 457,000 |
| 32. Massachusetts | 391 | 397 | 32. Arkansas | 454,427 |
| 33. Arkansas | 396 | 398 | 33. West Virginia | 420,891 |
| 34. Iowa | 467 | 501 | 34. Arizona | 381,000 |
| 35. North Dakota | 482 | 548 | 35. Nebraska | 319,000 |
| 36. Wisconsin | 545 | 545 | 36. Utah | 291,829 |
| 37. New Jersey | 571 | 593 | 37. New Mexico | 273,000 |
| 38. Pennsylvania | 588 | 595 | 38. Maine | 226,535 |
| 39. Ohio | 712 | 712 | 39. South Dakota | 180,000 |
| 40. Missouri | 753 | 888 | 40. Idaho | 174,529 |
| 41. New York | 781 | 939 | 41. Montana | 169,000 |
| 42. Montana | 830 | 900 | 42. Hawaii | 165,636 |
| 43. Michigan | 895 | 900 | 43. Rhode Island | 159,695 |
| 44. Oklahoma | 994 | 994 | 44. North Dakota | 147,575 |
| 45. California | 1,181 | 1,187 | 45. New Hampshire | 133,684 |
| 46. Minnesota | 1,235 | 1,250 | 46. Delaware | 112,780 |
| 47. Texas | 1,291 | 1,303 | 47. Nevada | 107,719 |
| 48. Illinois | 1,336 | 1,340 | 48. Vermont | 86,460 |
| 49. South Dakota | 1,380 | 2,016 | 49. Wyoming | 85,697 |
| 50. Nebraska | 2,050 | 2,400 | 50. Alaska | 61,600 |
| UNITED STATES | 21,697 | 23,335 | UNITED STATES | 42,986,514 |

Ref. 5:23.

Ref. 5:24.

| 16--Fall Enrollment 1966 as Percent of Population 5-17 Years of Age, July 1, 1966 | | 17--Estimated Public Elemen- tary- and Secondary-School Cumulative Enrollment, 1966-67 | | 18--Percent Change in Public Elementary- and Secondary- School Enrollment, 1956-57 to 1966-67 | |
|---|-------|---|------------|--|--------|
| 1. Oklahoma | 98.6% | 1. California | 4,781,000 | 1. Nevada | 150.6% |
| 2. Utah | 97.0 | 2. New York | 3,315,000 | 2. Alaska | 93.0 |
| 3. Nevada | 96.2 | 3. Texas | 2,575,000 | 3. California | 81.5 |
| 4. Wyoming | 95.2 | 4. Ohio | 2,362,200 | 4. Delaware | 74.5 |
| 5. Washington | 94.1 | 5. Pennsylvania | 2,258,900 | 5. Arizona | 68.7 |
| 6. Colorado | 92.9 | 6. Illinois | 2,217,000 | 6. Maryland | 65.7 |
| 7. California | 92.5 | 7. Michigan | 2,053,000 | 7. Florida | 65.6 |
| 8. South Dakota | 92.3 | 8. New Jersey | 1,370,000 | 8. Colorado | 63.1 |
| 9. Oregon | 89.8 | 9. Florida | 1,369,068 | 9. Connecticut | 55.6 |
| 10. West Virginia | 89.7 | 10. North Carolina | 1,208,245 | 10. New Jersey | 55.5 |
| 11. { Arkansas | 89.1 | 11. Indiana | 1,202,000 | 11. New Hampshire | 51.3 |
| 11. { Georgia | 89.1 | 12. Georgia | 1,112,731 | 12. New Mexico | 46.9 |
| 13. Kansas | 89.0 | 13. Massachusetts | 1,072,000 | 13. Utah | 45.5 |
| 14. North Carolina | 88.9 | 14. Virginia | 1,040,000 | 14. Washington | 44.7 |
| 15. Idaho | 88.6 | 15. Missouri | 982,770 | 15. Ohio | 42.5 |
| 16. Maine | 87.8 | 16. Wisconsin | 906,165 | 16. Texas | 41.8 |
| 17. { Iowa | 87.5 | 17. Tennessee | 906,000 | 17. Wisconsin | 41.6 |
| 17. { Mississippi | 87.5 | 18. Alabama | 873,000 | 18. Michigan | 41.4 |
| 19. { South Carolina | 87.4 | 19. Minnesota | 852,000 | 19. Illinois | 41.2 |
| 19. { Tennessee | 87.4 | 20. Louisiana | 843,000 | 20. Minnesota | 38.1 |
| 21. Indiana | 87.2 | 21. Maryland | 839,630 | | |
| 22. Texas | 87.0 | 22. Washington | 768,000 | UNITED STATES | 37.5 |
| 23. New Mexico | 86.9 | 23. Kentucky | 692,640 | 21. South Dakota | 36.3 |
| 24. Alabama | 86.6 | 24. South Carolina | 666,002 | 22. Hawaii | 35.7 |
| 25. Florida | 86.3 | 25. Iowa | 663,700 | 23. { Massachusetts | 35.4 |
| 26. { Michigan | 86.2 | 26. Connecticut | 621,000 | 23. { Oregon | 35.4 |
| 26. { Montana | 86.2 | 27. Mississippi | 606,700 | 25. Louisiana | 35.1 |
| 28. Missouri | 86.0 | 28. Oklahoma | 605,000 | 26. Montana | 34.3 |
| 29. Virginia | 85.6 | 29. Kansas | 561,000 | 27. Virginia | 34.2 |
| 30. Arizona | 85.4 | 30. Colorado | 522,000 | 28. Rhode Island | 34.0 |
| 31. Nebraska | 84.6 | 31. Oregon | 474,500 | 29. Indiana | 33.3 |
| | | 32. Arkansas | 458,370 | 30. Missouri | 29.9 |
| | | 33. West Virginia | 430,800 | 31. New York | 29.0 |
| | | 34. Arizona | 409,000 | 32. Nebraska | 26.5 |
| | | 35. Nebraska | 337,800 | 33. Kansas | 26.1 |
| | | 36. Utah | 299,750 | 34. { Iowa | 25.0 |
| | | 37. New Mexico | 285,000 | 34. { Wyoming | 25.0 |
| | | 38. Maine | 228,600 | 36. Maine | 24.9 |
| | | 39. South Dakota | 188,700 | 37. Pennsylvania | 24.7 |
| | | 40. Idaho | 185,156 | 38. Idaho | 24.3 |
| | | 41. Montana | 174,000 | 39. Vermont | 21.7 |
| | | 42. Hawaii | 168,000 | 40. North Dakota | 19.5 |
| | | 43. Rhode Island | 163,000 | 41. Georgia | 18.5 |
| | | 44. North Dakota | 153,600 | 42. Tennessee | 18.4 |
| | | 45. Nevada | 138,000 | 43. Alabama | 17.3 |
| | | 46. New Hampshire | 137,870 | 44. South Carolina | 16.4 |
| | | 47. Delaware | 115,036 | 45. North Carolina | 15.1 |
| | | 48. Wyoming | 90,000 | 46. Oklahoma | 13.7 |
| | | 49. Vermont | 87,323 | 47. Kentucky | 12.6 |
| | | 50. Alaska | 71,400 | 48. Mississippi | 11.3 |
| | | UNITED STATES | 44,593,856 | 49. Arkansas | 9.7 |
| | | Canal Zone | 14,400 | 50. West Virginia | -5.9 |
| | | Guam | 19,411 | | |
| | | Puerto Rico | 653,000 | | |
| | | Virgin Islands | 11,400 | | |
| Ref. 5:24. | | Ref. 5:26, 35. | | Ref. 4:30, 32; 5:26. | |

| 19--Public-School Enrollment as Percent of Total School Enrollment, Fall 1966 | 20--Estimated Average Daily Attendance in Public Schools, 1966-67 | 21--Average Daily Attendance as Percent of Cumulative Enrollment, 1966-67 |
|---|---|---|
| 1. North Carolina 98.2% | 1. California 4,110,000 | 1. Maine 93.6% |
| 2. Utah 97.8 | 2. New York 2,967,000 | 2. { Minnesota 92.7 |
| 3. South Carolina 97.5 | 3. Texas 2,285,000 | Washington 92.7 |
| 4. Georgia 97.4 | 4. Ohio 2,175,970 | 4. South Dakota 92.5 |
| 5. Arkansas 97.2 | 5. Pennsylvania 2,065,050 | 5. Utah 92.4 |
| 6. Mississippi 96.6 | 6. Illinois 1,951,000 | 6. Tennessee 92.3 |
| 7. Oklahoma 96.4 | 7. Michigan 1,854,000 | 7. { Hawaii 92.1 |
| 8. { Alabama 96.2 | 8. New Jersey 1,237,000 | North Carolina 92.1 |
| Tennessee 96.2 | 9. Florida 1,182,875 | Ohio 92.1 |
| 10. { Alaska 96.1 | 10. North Carolina 1,112,250 | 10. West Virginia 91.5 |
| Nevada 96.1 | 11. Indiana 1,052,000 | 11. Pennsylvania 91.4 |
| 12. West Virginia 95.8 | 12. Georgia 985,346 | 12. Delaware 91.2 |
| 13. Wyoming 95.2 | 13. Massachusetts 961,000 | 13. New Mexico 91.1 |
| 14. Idaho 94.6 | 14. Virginia 926,780 | 14. { Alabama 91.0 |
| 15. Virginia 94.3 | 15. Missouri 858,744 | North Dakota 91.0 |
| 16. Texas 93.9 | 16. Tennessee 836,000 | 16. { Idaho 90.9 |
| 17. Florida 92.7 | 17. Wisconsin 802,834 | Oklahoma 90.9 |
| 18. Oregon 92.4 | 18. Alabama 794,000 | 18. New Hampshire 90.6 |
| 19. Washington 92.2 | 19. Minnesota 790,000 | 19. Kentucky 90.5 |
| 20. Arizona 91.4 | 20. Louisiana 755,000 | 20. Arkansas 90.4 |
| 21. Colorado 91.2 | 21. Maryland 730,820 | 21. { Michigan 90.3 |
| 22. California 90.7 | 22. Washington 712,200 | New Jersey 90.3 |
| 23. New Mexico 90.1 | 23. Kentucky 627,100 | 23. { Iowa 90.2 |
| 24. Kansas 90.0 | 24. Iowa 598,700 | Rhode Island 90.2 |
| 25. Indiana 88.6 | 25. South Carolina 598,403 | 25. { Montana 89.9 |
| 26. Montana . 88.1 | 26. Oklahoma 550,000 | Nebraska 89.9 |
| 27. Kentucky 87.2 | 27. Connecticut 547,846 | South Carolina 89.9 |
| 28. North Dakota 87.1 | 28. Mississippi 539,000 | 28. { Louisiana 89.6 |
| 29. South Dakota 86.7 | 29. Kansas 488,000 | Massachusetts 89.6 |
| | 30. Colorado 465,000 | 30. New York 89.5 |
| UNITED STATES 86.5 | 31. Oregon 421,500 | UNITED STATES 89.3 |
| 30. Maine 85.5 | 32. Arkansas 414,279 | |
| 31. Iowa 85.4 | 33. West Virginia 394,000 | 31. { Colorado 89.1 |
| 32. Michigan 84.6 | 34. Arizona 347,000 | Virginia 89.1 |
| 33. Ohio 84.2 | 35. Nebraska 303,700 | 33. Wyoming 88.9 |
| 34. { Delaware 84.0 | 36. Utah 276,950 | 34. { Mississippi 88.8 |
| Missouri 84.0 | 37. New Mexico 259,622 | Oregon 88.8 |
| 36. { Louisiana 83.8 | 38. Maine 214,000 | 36. Texas 88.7 |
| Maryland 83.8 | 39. South Dakota 174,500 | 37. { Georgia 88.6 |
| Nebraska 83.8 | 40. Idaho 168,300 | Wisconsin 88.6 |
| 39. Hawaii 83.5 | 41. Montana 156,500 | 39. Connecticut 88.2 |
| 40. Connecticut 82.6 | 42. Hawaii 154,656 | 40. Illinois 88.0 |
| 41. Minnesota 81.8 | 43. Rhode Island 147,000 | 41. Indiana 87.5 |
| 42. Vermont 81.4 | 44. North Dakota 139,776 | 42. Missouri 87.4 |
| 43. New Jersey 79.9 | 45. New Hampshire 124,890 | 43. { Kansas 87.0 |
| 44. Massachusetts 78.5 | 46. Delaware 104,885 | Maryland 87.0 |
| 45. Illinois 78.3 | 47. Nevada 102,000 | 45. Florida 86.4 |
| 46. New York 77.7 | 48. Wyoming 80,000 | 46. California 86.0 |
| 47. New Hampshire 77.2 | 49. Vermont 73,351 | 47. Arizona 84.8 |
| 48. Pennsylvania 76.9 | 50. Alaska 57,000 | 48. Vermont 84.0 |
| 49. Wisconsin 75.5 | | 49. Alaska 79.8 |
| 50. Rhode Island 73.0 | UNITED STATES 39,805,427 | 50. Nevada 73.9 |
| American Samoa 82.4 | Canal Zone 13,100 | Canal Zone 91.0 |
| Canal Zone 94.9 | Guam 16,976 | Guam 87.5 |
| Guam 80.0 | Puerto Rico 579,700 | Puerto Rico 88.5 |
| Puerto Rico 91.8 | Virgin Islands 9,315 | Virgin Islands 81.7 |
| Virgin Islands 71.4 | | |
| Ref. 28:22, 30. | Ref. 5:26, 35. | Ref. 5:26, 35. |

| 22--Average Daily Membership in Public Schools, 1966-67 | | 23--Average Daily Attendance as Percent of Average Daily Membership, 1966-67 | | 24--Average Daily Membership as Percent of Cumulative Enrollment, 1966-67 | |
|---|--------------------|--|-------|---|-------|
| 1. California | 4,443,000 | 1. South Dakota | 98.9% | 1. Hawaii | 97.8% |
| 2. New York | 3,221,000 | 2. New Mexico | 97.7 | 2. Maine | 97.6 |
| 3. Texas | 2,416,000 | 3. North Dakota | 96.8 | 3. { New Jersey | 97.4 |
| 4. Ohio | 2,300,100 | 4. Oklahoma | 96.2 | { Ohio | 97.4 |
| 5. Pennsylvania | 2,194,600 | 5. { Maine | 95.9 | 5. { New York | 97.2 |
| 6. Illinois | 2,100,000 | { Nebraska | 95.9 | { Pennsylvania | 97.2 |
| 7. New Jersey | 1,334,000 | { Tennessee | 95.9 | 7. { Delaware | 97.1 |
| 8. Florida | 1,256,804 | 8. Alabama | 95.8 | { Montana | 97.1 |
| 9. North Carolina | 1,171,998 | 9. Minnesota | 95.6 | { Minnesota | 97.0 |
| 10. Indiana | 1,142,000 | 10. Vermont | 95.5 | 9. { North Carolina | 97.0 |
| 11. Georgia | 1,064,550 | 11. { Nevada | 95.3 | { Utah | 97.0 |
| 12. Massachusetts | 1,022,000 | { Utah | 95.3 | 12. Mississippi | 96.3 |
| 13. Virginia | 997,777 | 13. West Virginia | 95.2 | 13. { South Carolina | 96.2 |
| 14. Tennessee | 872,000 | 14. Arkansas | 95.0 | { Tennessee | 96.2 |
| 15. Wisconsin | 846,871 | 15. North Carolina | 94.9 | { Kentucky | 96.1 |
| 16. Alabama | 829,000 | 16. Wisconsin | 94.8 | 15. { Louisiana | 96.1 |
| 17. Minnesota | 826,500 | 17. Wyoming | 94.7 | { West Virginia | 96.1 |
| 18. Louisiana | 810,000 | 18. { Ohio | 94.6 | 18. Rhode Island | 96.0 |
| 19. Maryland | 788,160 | { Texas | 94.6 | 19. Virginia | 95.9 |
| 20. Kentucky | 665,700 | 20. New Hampshire | 94.5 | 20. New Hampshire | 95.8 |
| 21. South Carolina | 640,627 | 21. Alaska | 94.4 | 21. Georgia | 95.7 |
| 22. Connecticut | 589,482 | 22. Oregon | 94.3 | 22. Massachusetts | 95.3 |
| 23. Mississippi | 584,500 | 23. { Hawaii | 94.2 | | |
| 24. Oklahoma | 572,000 | { Kentucky | 94.2 | UNITED STATES | 95.2 |
| 25. Colorado | 495,000 | 25. { Florida | 94.1 | | |
| 26. Oregon | 447,000 | { Pennsylvania | 94.1 | 23. Arkansas | 95.1 |
| 27. Arkansas | 436,089 | 27. Massachusetts | 94.0 | 24. { Alabama | 95.0 |
| 28. West Virginia | 414,000 | 28. { Colorado | 93.9 | { Indiana | 95.0 |
| 29. Arizona | 377,900 | { Delaware | 93.9 | 26. Connecticut | 94.9 |
| 30. Nebraska | 316,700 | { Rhode Island | 93.9 | 27. Colorado | 94.8 |
| 31. Utah | 290,750 | | | 28. Illinois | 94.7 |
| 32. New Mexico | 265,633 | UNITED STATES | 93.8 | 29. Oklahoma | 94.5 |
| 33. Maine | 223,200 | | | 30. Oregon | 94.2 |
| { South Dakota | 176,500 | 31. South Carolina | 93.4 | 31. North Dakota | 94.0 |
| { Montana | 169,000 | 32. Louisiana | 93.2 | 32. { Maryland | 93.9 |
| 36. Hawaii | 164,260 | 33. { Connecticut | 92.9 | { Wyoming | 93.9 |
| 37. Rhode Island | 156,500 | { Illinois | 92.9 | 34. { Nebraska | 93.8 |
| 38. North Dakota | 144,380 | { Virginia | 92.9 | { Texas | 93.8 |
| 39. New Hampshire | 132,130 | 36. { Maryland | 92.7 | 36. { South Dakota | 93.5 |
| 40. Delaware | 111,650 | { New Jersey | 92.7 | { Wisconsin | 93.5 |
| 41. Nevada | 107,000 | 38. { Georgia | 92.6 | 38. New Mexico | 93.2 |
| 42. Wyoming | 84,500 | { Montana | 92.6 | 39. California | 92.7 |
| 43. Vermont | 76,844 | 40. California | 92.5 | 40. Arizona | 92.4 |
| 44. Alaska | 60,400 | 41. Mississippi | 92.2 | 41. Florida | 91.8 |
| Idaho | | 42. { Indiana | 92.1 | 42. Vermont | 88.0 |
| Iowa | | { New York | 92.1 | 43. Alaska | 84.6 |
| Kansas | | 44. Arizona | 91.8 | 44. Nevada | 77.5 |
| Michigan | | Idaho | | Idaho | |
| Missouri | | Iowa | | Iowa | |
| Washington | | Kansas | | Kansas | |
| | Data not available | Michigan | | Michigan | |
| | | Missouri | | Missouri | |
| | | Washington | | Washington | |
| UNITED STATES | 42,444,661 | | | | |
| Canal Zone | 13,420 | Canal Zone | 97.6 | Canal Zone | 93.2 |
| Guam | 18,047 | Guam | 94.1 | Guam | 93.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 621,000 | Puerto Rico | 93.3 | Puerto Rico | 95.1 |
| Virgin Islands | 10,225 | Virgin Islands | 91.1 | Virgin Islands | 89.7 |

Ref. 5:26, 35.

Ref. 5:26, 35.

Ref. 5:26, 35.

25--Average Daily Membership
as Percent of School-Age
Population (5-17),
1966-67

| | | |
|-----|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. | Utah | 96.6% |
| 2. | Nevada | 95.5 |
| 3. | Oklahoma | 94.2 |
| 4. | Wyoming | 93.9 |
| 5. | California | 93.8 |
| 6. | Colorado | 92.0 |
| 7. | South Dakota | 90.5 |
| 8. | West Virginia | 88.3 |
| 9. | { Georgia | 88.1 |
| | { North Carolina | 88.1 |
| 11. | Oregon | 87.8 |
| 12. | Tennessee | 87.2 |
| 13. | South Carolina | 87.0 |
| 14. | Mississippi | 86.7 |
| 15. | Maine | 86.5 |
| 16. | { Montana | 86.2 |
| | { Indiana | 86.2 |
| 18. | Florida | 86.1 |
| 19. | Arkansas | 85.5 |
| 20. | Virginia | 85.1 |
| 21. | Arizona | 84.7 |
| 22. | New Mexico | 84.6 |
| 23. | Nebraska | 84.0 |
| | UNITED STATES | 83.5 |
| 24. | { Alabama | 83.3 |
| | { Texas | 83.3 |
| 26. | Ohio | 83.2 |
| 27. | Minnesota | 83.1 |
| 28. | Hawaii | 82.1 |
| 29. | Maryland | 81.7 |
| 30. | Connecticut | 81.4 |
| 31. | North Dakota | 80.2 |
| 32. | Delaware | 79.7 |
| 33. | New Jersey | 79.4 |
| 34. | Louisiana | 78.3 |
| 35. | Kentucky | 78.2 |
| 36. | Massachusetts | 78.0 |
| 37. | Illinois | 77.6 |
| 38. | { Alaska | 76.5 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 76.5 |
| 40. | New York | 75.3 |
| 41. | New Hampshire | 75.1 |
| 42. | Wisconsin | 74.6 |
| 43. | Vermont | 71.2 |
| 44. | Rhode Island | 71.1 |
| | Idaho | |
| | Iowa | |
| | Kansas | |
| | Michigan | |
| | Missouri | |
| | Washington | |
| | | Data not available |

Ref. 5:26.

26--Average Length of Public-
School Term in Days,
1963-64

| | | |
|-----|------------------|---------------|
| 1. | Missouri | 182.9 |
| 2. | Pennsylvania | 181.3 |
| | Maine | 181.0 |
| 3. | Maryland | 181.0 |
| 5. | New York | 180.9 |
| | Kansas | 180.8 |
| 6. | Montana | 180.8 |
| 8. | Virginia | 180.5 |
| | New Hampshire | 180.3 |
| 9. | { New Jersey | 180.3 |
| | { North Dakota | 180.3 |
| 12. | { Illinois | 180.1 |
| | { Utah | 180.1 |
| | Florida | 180.0 |
| | Massachusetts | 180.0 |
| | Michigan | 180.0 |
| 14. | { New Mexico | 180.0 |
| | { North Carolina | 180.0 |
| | { Rhode Island | 180.0 |
| | { South Carolina | 180.0 |
| | { Wyoming | 180.0 |
| 22. | Louisiana | 179.7 |
| 23. | Connecticut | 179.6 |
| 24. | Wisconsin | 179.5 |
| 25. | Nevada | 179.4 |
| 26. | Iowa | 179.3 |
| 27. | Delaware | 179.1 |
| | California | 179.0 |
| 28. | { Georgia | 179.0 |
| | { Oregon | 179.0 |
| | { Washington | 179.0 |
| | UNITED STATES | 179.0 |
| 32. | West Virginia | 178.7 |
| 33. | South Dakota | 178.3 |
| 34. | Colorado | 178.2 |
| 35. | Ohio | 177.4 |
| 36. | { Idaho | 177.0 |
| | { Nebraska | 177.0 |
| 38. | { Mississippi | 176.2 |
| | { Tennessee | 176.2 |
| 40. | { Alabama | 175.5 |
| | { Minnesota | 175.5 |
| 42. | { Arkansas | 175.4 |
| | { Kentucky | 175.4 |
| 44. | Texas | 175.1 |
| 45. | { Arizona | 175.0 |
| | { Oklahoma | 175.0 |
| 47. | Vermont | 173.0 |
| 48. | Indiana | 171.8 |
| 49. | Alaska | 171.0 |
| | Hawaii | Not available |
| | Canal Zone | 178.4 |
| | Guam | 178.0 |
| | Puerto Rico | 183.1 |
| | Virgin Islands | 180.0 |

Ref. 29:10-11.

27--Percent of Elementary- and
Secondary-School (Public
and Private) Enrollment
Participating in Federally
Subsidized School Lunch
Program (Indemnity Plan),
1965

| | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| 1. | Louisiana | 69.4% |
| 2. | Hawaii | 67.1 |
| 3. | Kentucky | 60.1 |
| 4. | Georgia | 58.2 |
| 5. | South Carolina | 58.0 |
| 6. | North Carolina | 57.6 |
| 7. | Mississippi | 53.2 |
| 8. | North Dakota | 51.9 |
| 9. | Arkansas | 51.0 |
| 10. | Alabama | 50.8 |
| 11. | Florida | 50.6 |
| 12. | Iowa | 50.2 |
| 13. | Tennessee | 49.2 |
| 14. | Minnesota | 47.6 |
| 15. | Utah | 45.9 |
| 16. | Virginia | 45.7 |
| 17. | Idaho | 44.9 |
| 18. | West Virginia | 42.3 |
| 19. | Missouri | 41.7 |
| 20. | Kansas | 40.9 |
| 21. | New Mexico | 40.0 |
| 22. | Nebraska | 39.9 |
| 23. | Oregon | 38.8 |
| 24. | Oklahoma | 37.9 |
| 25. | Indiana | 37.8 |
| 26. | Colorado | 37.7 |
| 27. | Arizona | 37.6 |
| 28. | Vermont | 37.4 |
| 29. | Massachusetts | 36.8 |
| 30. | Maine | 35.3 |
| | UNITED STATES | 35.3 |
| 31. | Wyoming | 34.7 |
| 32. | South Dakota | 34.4 |
| 33. | Wisconsin | 34.1 |
| 34. | Delaware | 33.6 |
| 35. | Washington | 33.3 |
| 36. | Alaska | 33.1 |
| 37. | New Hampshire | 32.6 |
| 38. | New York | 31.3 |
| 39. | { Montana | 30.6 |
| | { Texas | 30.6 |
| 41. | Ohio | 29.6 |
| 42. | Maryland | 29.3 |
| 43. | Pennsylvania | 28.6 |
| 44. | Connecticut | 25.7 |
| 45. | Michigan | 22.7 |
| 46. | Illinois | 22.3 |
| 47. | California | 19.5 |
| 48. | Rhode Island | 17.9 |
| 49. | Nevada | 16.6 |
| 50. | New Jersey | 16.2 |

Ref. 22:88.

TEACHERS

This section presents tables on numbers of instructional and non-instructional staff, pupil-teacher ratios, percent of teachers who are men, and teachers' salaries.

Instructional Staff

The Bureau of the Census reported 1,959,819 instructional personnel (full-time equivalent) in the public schools as of October 1965 (Table 28). In addition, the public schools employed 824,301 non-instructional personnel (full-time equivalent) (Table 29). In public institutions of higher education, the comparable figures were 202,709 instructional personnel (Table 30) and 313,133 non-instructional personnel (Table 31).

Pupil-Teacher Ratio

In the fall of 1965, there were 24.6 pupils per teacher on the average. Five states--Kansas, South Dakota, Wyoming, North Dakota, and Nebraska, sparsely settled areas, had averages of fewer than 21 pupils per teacher. Hawaii with 29.8 had the highest average. (See Table 32.)

Men Teachers

In 1950, only 21.3 percent of the public-school teachers were men. The percentage has been increasing since the low of 14.1 percent in 1919-20. Currently 31.7 percent of the public-school teachers are men. In Wyoming, 42.2 percent of the teachers are men; in 17

PERCENT OF MEN TEACHERS



NEA Research Division

other states, more than 35.0 percent are men. At the other extreme, only 19.2 percent of the teachers in South Carolina and 19.7 percent of those in Hawaii are men. (See Table 33.)

Salaries

In 1966-67, the average salary of classroom teachers is an estimated \$6,609 (Table 36). Disregarding Alaska, where high living costs reduce the apparent high salary rank to 19th place,¹/15 states, are paying classroom teachers an average salary of \$7,000 or more; in California the average is \$8,450. Table 37 shows that nationwide 47.4 percent of the classroom teachers are being paid \$6,500 or more in 1966-67. Two states, South Dakota and Mississippi, are paying

¹/ All dollar amounts for Alaska should be reduced by about one-fourth to make the purchasing power of Alaska figures comparable to figures reported for other areas of the United States.

teachers average salaries under \$5,000. Table 34 gives average salaries of elementary school teachers; and Table 35, those of secondary-school teachers. In these two tables the states are roughly in the order listed in Table 36.

For the country as a whole the average salary being paid the total instructional staff in 1966-67 is estimated at \$7,119. The instructional staff includes classroom teachers, who make up about 91 percent of the total, and principals, supervisors, and others as the remaining 9 percent. Disregarding Alaska, 13 states are paying averages over \$7,500. In only one state Mississippi, instructional staff personnel are being paid less than \$5,000. (See Table 38.) Table 39 shows the relationship of the average salaries in the states to the national average.

In the 10-year period, 1956-57 to 1966-67, average salaries of the instructional staff increased 111.5 percent in Arkansas but only 37.1 percent in New Mexico (Table 40).

28--Total Instructional Staff
(Full-Time Equivalent) in
Local Public Schools,
October 1965

| | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| 1. California | 184,105 |
| 2. New York | 174,229 |
| 3. Texas | 116,895 |
| 4. Pennsylvania | 104,364 |
| 5. Illinois | 101,588 |
| 6. Ohio | 97,127 |
| 7. Michigan | 87,944 |
| 8. New Jersey | 66,596 |
| 9. Indiana | 56,745 |
| 10. Florida | 55,411 |
| 11. Massachusetts | 51,295 |
| 12. North Carolina | 49,172 |
| 13. Virginia | 45,957 |
| 14. Georgia | 45,183 |
| 15. Wisconsin | 43,530 |
| 16. Missouri | 41,107 |
| 17. Minnesota | 38,784 |
| 18. Tennessee | 35,870 |
| 19. Maryland | 34,711 |
| 20. Louisiana | 34,193 |
| 21. Washington | 33,723 |
| 22. Iowa | 32,572 |
| 23. Alabama | 31,606 |
| 24. Kansas | 30,322 |
| 25. Connecticut | 29,645 |
| 26. Kentucky | 28,526 |
| 27. Colorado | 25,665 |
| 28. South Carolina | 25,594 |
| 29. Oklahoma | 24,525 |
| 30. Oregon | 23,223 |
| 31. Mississippi | 21,602 |
| 32. West Virginia | 18,114 |
| 33. Arkansas | 17,666 |
| 34. Arizona | 17,037 |
| 35. Nebraska | 16,815 |
| 36. Utah | 12,109 |
| 37. New Mexico | 11,644 |
| 38. Maine | 10,693 |
| 39. South Dakota | 9,099 |
| 40. Montana | 8,660 |
| 41. Idaho | 7,919 |
| 42. North Dakota | 7,811 |
| 43. Hawaii | 7,788 |
| 44. Rhode Island | 7,537 |
| 45. New Hampshire | 6,098 |
| 46. Delaware | 5,099 |
| 47. Nevada | 4,930 |
| 48. Wyoming | 4,640 |
| 49. Vermont | 4,116 |
| 50. Alaska | 3,139 |
| UNITED STATES | 1,959,819 |

Ref. 20:18.

29--Total Non-Instructional
Staff (Full-Time Equiva-
lent) in Local Public
Schools, October 1965

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| 1. California | 84,932 |
| 2. New York | 63,905 |
| 3. Texas | 46,856 |
| 4. Pennsylvania | 46,142 |
| 5. Ohio | 43,904 |
| 6. Michigan | 41,144 |
| 7. Illinois | 41,022 |
| 8. Florida | 28,735 |
| 9. Indiana | 24,300 |
| 10. New Jersey | 23,894 |
| 11. Missouri | 21,542 |
| 12. Louisiana | 18,981 |
| 13. North Carolina | 18,439 |
| 14. Virginia | 17,963 |
| 15. Georgia | 17,604 |
| 16. Maryland | 17,520 |
| 17. Minnesota | 17,095 |
| 18. Wisconsin | 16,205 |
| 19. Iowa | 16,135 |
| 20. Tennessee | 16,063 |
| 21. Massachusetts | 15,959 |
| 22. Washington | 14,731 |
| 23. Kansas | 13,479 |
| 24. Kentucky | 13,406 |
| 25. Alabama | 12,245 |
| 26. Colorado | 11,596 |
| 27. Oklahoma | 10,962 |
| 28. Oregon | 10,675 |
| 29. Connecticut | 9,290 |
| 30. Arizona | 8,460 |
| 31. Arkansas | 7,924 |
| 32. South Carolina | 7,912 |
| 33. West Virginia | 7,881 |
| 34. Mississippi | 7,836 |
| 35. Nebraska | 6,308 |
| 36. Utah | 5,225 |
| 37. New Mexico | 4,870 |
| 38. Maine | 3,463 |
| 39. Montana | 3,307 |
| 40. Idaho | 3,153 |
| 41. South Dakota | 2,971 |
| 42. North Dakota | 2,872 |
| 43. Delaware | 2,505 |
| 44. Hawaii | 2,431 |
| 45. Rhode Island | 2,316 |
| 46. Nevada | 2,025 |
| 47. Wyoming | 1,846 |
| 48. New Hampshire | 1,404 |
| 49. Alaska | 1,190 |
| 50. Vermont | 1,039 |
| UNITED STATES | 824,301 |

Ref. 20:18.

30--Total Instructional Staff
(Full-Time Equivalent) in
Public Institutions of
Higher Education,
October 1965

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| 1. California | 29,030 |
| 2. New York | 15,138 |
| 3. Michigan | 10,658 |
| 4. Ohio | 9,156 |
| 5. Illinois | 9,092 |
| 6. Texas | 8,936 |
| 7. Wisconsin | 7,143 |
| 8. Florida | 6,000 |
| 9. Maryland | 5,721 |
| 10. Indiana | 5,387 |
| 11. Pennsylvania | 5,100 |
| 12. Iowa | 4,596 |
| 13. Louisiana | 4,563 |
| 14. Minnesota | 4,485 |
| 15. Washington | 4,435 |
| 16. Oregon | 4,378 |
| 17. Kansas | 4,137 |
| 18. North Carolina | 4,080 |
| 19. New Jersey | 3,724 |
| 20. Missouri | 3,699 |
| 21. Virginia | 3,664 |
| 22. Colorado | 3,588 |
| 23. Tennessee | 3,328 |
| 24. Oklahoma | 3,078 |
| 25. Mississippi | 3,064 |
| 26. Georgia | 2,743 |
| 27. Alabama | 2,639 |
| 28. Massachusetts | 2,515 |
| 29. West Virginia | 2,477 |
| 30. Kentucky | 2,420 |
| 31. Nebraska | 2,416 |
| 32. Arizona | 2,379 |
| 33. Utah | 1,950 |
| 34. Connecticut | 1,855 |
| 35. South Carolina | 1,550 |
| 36. New Mexico | 1,493 |
| 37. Arkansas | 1,492 |
| 38. North Dakota | 1,441 |
| 39. Montana | 1,242 |
| 40. Hawaii | 1,141 |
| 41. South Dakota | 966 |
| 42. Idaho | 912 |
| 43. Maine | 754 |
| 44. Rhode Island | 744 |
| 45. Delaware | 651 |
| 46. Wyoming | 626 |
| 47. New Hampshire | 605 |
| 48. Vermont | 554 |
| 49. Nevada | 542 |
| 50. Alaska | 318 |
| UNITED STATES | 202,709 |

Ref. 20:19.

| 31--Total Non-Instructional Staff (Full-Time Equivalent) in Public Institutions of Higher Education, October 1965 | 32--Pupils per Classroom Teacher in Public Elementary and Secondary Schools, Fall 1965 | 33--Percent of Public Elementary- and Secondary-School Classroom Teachers Who Are Men, 1966-67 |
|---|--|--|
| 1. California 36,808 | 1. Kansas 19.0% | 1. Wyoming 42.2% |
| 2. Michigan 22,790 | 2. South Dakota 19.7 | 2. Utah 40.6 |
| 3. Texas 17,390 | 3. Wyoming 20.3 | 3. California 40.1 |
| 4. New York 17,144 | 4. North Dakota 20.5 | 4. New Mexico 40.0 |
| 5. Ohio 15,395 | 5. Nebraska 20.7 | 5. Minnesota 38.6 |
| 6. Illinois 14,846 | 6. { Iowa 21.5 | 6. Oregon 38.1 |
| 7. Indiana 12,428 | Oregon 21.5 | 7. Pennsylvania 37.5 |
| 8. Florida 11,112 | 8. Vermont 21.7 | 8. Arizona 36.9 |
| 9. Wisconsin 7,911 | 9. { Montana 21.8 | 9. Delaware 36.8 |
| 10. Washington 7,582 | New Jersey 21.8 | 10. Wisconsin 36.6 |
| | New York 21.8 | 11. Indiana 35.9 |
| 11. Pennsylvania 7,351 | Alaska 22.3 | 12. Rhode Island 35.6 |
| 12. Georgia 7,185 | 12. { Colorado 22.3 | Alaska 35.4 |
| 13. North Carolina 6,974 | Wisconsin 22.3 | 13. { Colorado 35.4 |
| 14. Minnesota 6,732 | 15. Delaware 22.6 | Michigan 35.4 |
| 15. Louisiana 6,718 | 16. Massachusetts 22.7 | |
| 16. Virginia 6,710 | 17. Connecticut 23.0 | 16. Connecticut 35.2 |
| 17. Colorado 6,357 | Illinois 23.3 | 17. { New Jersey 35.1 |
| 18. Oklahoma 6,213 | 18. { New Hampshire 23.3 | North Dakota 35.1 |
| 19. Kansas 5,900 | Rhode Island 23.3 | 19. { Idaho 34.6 |
| 20. Iowa 5,893 | 21. Minnesota 23.4 | Nevada 34.6 |
| | 22. Arizona 23.8 | 21. Montana 34.3 |
| 21. Oregon 5,795 | 23. { Idaho 23.9 | 22. Illinois 33.6 |
| 22. Tennessee , 5,730 | Oklahoma 23.9 | 23. Massachusetts 33.1 |
| 23. Alabama 5,377 | 25. Washington 24.2 | 24. Maine 32.9 |
| 24. Missouri 5,314 | 26. { Maine 24.4 | 25. Kansas 32.2 |
| 25. Mississippi 4,710 | New Mexico 24.4 | 26. New York 32.0 |
| 26. Maryland 4,680 | 28. { Maryland 24.5 | 27. Ohio 31.7 |
| 27. Arizona 3,856 | Nevada 24.5 | |
| 28. Kentucky 3,829 | 30. Pennsylvania 24.6 | UNITED STATES 31.7 |
| 29. New Mexico 3,744 | UNITED STATES 24.6 | |
| 30. New Jersey 3,696 | 31. { Indiana 24.9 | 28. New Hampshire 31.6 |
| | Texas 24.9 | 29. { Iowa 30.8 |
| 31. South Carolina 3,553 | 33. Virginia 25.0 | Oklahoma 30.8 |
| 32. West Virginia 3,411 | 34. { Florida 25.5 | |
| 33. Arkansas 3,256 | Kentucky 25.5 | 31. Maryland 30.4 |
| 34. Utah 3,172 | 36. Louisiana 25.6 | 32. Vermont 30.0 |
| 35. Nebraska 2,589 | 37. Ohio 25.8 | 33. Florida 29.0 |
| 36. Connecticut 2,334 | 38. Missouri 26.0 | 34. Washington 28.8 |
| 37. Massachusetts 2,250 | 39. Arkansas 26.2 | 35. Texas 28.1 |
| 38. North Dakota 1,854 | 40. West Virginia 26.3 | 36. South Dakota 26.9 |
| 39. Delaware 1,720 | 41. North Carolina 26.4 | 37. Nebraska 26.1 |
| 40. Idaho 1,509 | 42. { South Carolina 26.5 | 38. Missouri 25.9 |
| | Utah 26.5 | 39. Kentucky 25.7 |
| 41. Hawaii 1,470 | 44. California 26.7 | 40. Arkansas 25.6 |
| 42. Montana 1,460 | 45. Michigan 27.1 | 41. Louisiana 25.2 |
| 43. South Dakota 1,393 | 46. Georgia 27.8 | 42. Virginia 24.2 |
| 44. Vermont 1,283 | 47. Tennessee 27.9 | 43. Mississippi 23.9 |
| 45. Rhode Island 1,262 | 48. Alabama 28.1 | 44. { Tennessee 23.1 |
| 46. Maine 1,219 | 49. Mississippi 28.7 | West Virginia 23.1 |
| 47. New Hampshire 1,204 | 50. Hawaii 29.8 | |
| 48. Wyoming 955 | American Samoa 23.2 | 46. North Carolina 21.9 |
| 49. Nevada 562 | Canal Zone 28.9 | 47. { Alabama 21.5 |
| 50. Alaska 464 | Guam 28.8 | Georgia 21.5 |
| UNITED STATES 313,133 | Puerto Rico 36.6 | 49. Hawaii 19.7 |
| | Virgin Islands 17.0 | 50. South Carolina 19.2 |

Ref. 20:19.

Ref. 7:19.

Ref. 5:28.

| 34--Estimated Average Salaries of Elementary-School Teachers, 1966-67 | 35--Estimated Average Salaries of Secondary-School Teachers, 1966-67 | 36--Estimated Average Salaries of All Classroom Teachers in Public Schools, 1966-67 |
|---|--|---|
| 1. California \$8,075 | 1. California \$9,025 | 1. Alaska (19-\$6,692) \$8,923* |
| 2. Hawaii 7,850 | 2. New York 8,200 | 2. California 8,450 |
| 3. New York 7,600 | 3. Hawaii 7,950 | 3. Hawaii 7,902 |
| 4. Connecticut 7,325 | 4. Illinois 7,825 | 4. New York 7,900 |
| 5. Nevada 7,274 | 5. Washington 7,670 | 5. Connecticut 7,460 |
| 6. Michigan 7,250 | 6. Connecticut 7,648 | 6. Delaware 7,450 |
| 7. Delaware 7,225 | 7. Arizona 7,645 | 7. Illinois 7,400 |
| 8. Indiana 7,200 | 8. New Jersey 7,625 | 8. Nevada 7,390 |
| 9. New Jersey 7,175 | 9. { Delaware 7,600 | 9. Indiana 7,377 |
| 10. Maryland 7,153 | 9. { Indiana 7,600 | 10. New Jersey 7,356 |
| 11. { Illinois 7,125 | 11. Nevada 7,560 | 11. Washington 7,330 |
| 11. { Massachusetts 7,125 | 12. Massachusetts 7,500 | 12. Maryland 7,308 |
| 13. Washington 7,095 | 13. Maryland 7,483 | 13. { Massachusetts 7,300 |
| 14. Arizona 7,065 | 14. Michigan 7,400 | 13. { Michigan 7,300 |
| 15. Oregon 6,850 | 15. Minnesota 7,175 | 15. Arizona 7,230 |
| 16. Pennsylvania 6,755 | 16. Oregon 7,135 | 16. Oregon 7,000 |
| 17. Minnesota 6,675 | UNITED STATES 7,095 | 17. Minnesota 6,910 |
| 18. New Mexico 6,650 | 17. Wisconsin 7,000 | UNITED STATES 6,821 |
| UNITED STATES 6,609 | 18. Ohio 6,900 | 18. Pennsylvania 6,815 |
| 19. Rhode Island 6,575 | 19. Pennsylvania 6,880 | 19. Wisconsin 6,700 |
| 20. Colorado 6,500 | 20. Iowa 6,778 | 20. New Mexico 6,630 |
| 21. Wyoming 6,400 | 21. Colorado 6,700 | 21. { Colorado 6,625 |
| 22. Wisconsin 6,375 | 22. Rhode Island 6,675 | 21. { Rhode Island 6,625 |
| 23. Ohio 6,300 | 23. Virginia 6,650 | 23. Ohio 6,534 |
| 24. Louisiana 6,257 | 24. New Mexico 6,625 | 24. Utah 6,490 |
| 25. Missouri 6,163 | 25. Louisiana 6,560 | 25. Wyoming 6,450 |
| 26. Virginia 6,150 | 26. Montana 6,550 | 26. Florida 6,430 |
| 27. Iowa 6,115 | 27. Wyoming 6,500 | 27. Virginia 6,400 |
| 28. New Hampshire 5,930 | 28. Missouri 6,411 | 28. Iowa 6,396 |
| 29. Kansas 5,925 | 29. Kansas 6,275 | 29. Louisiana 6,388 |
| 30. Texas 5,920 | 30. New Hampshire 6,210 | 30. Missouri 6,250 |
| 31. Oklahoma 5,900 | 31. Vermont 6,200 | 31. Kansas 6,100 |
| 32. Georgia 5,845 | 32. Idaho 6,174 | 32. New Hampshire 6,050 |
| 33. Montana 5,725 | 33. Maine 6,160 | 33. Texas 6,025 |
| 34. Maine 5,575 | 34. Texas 6,140 | 34. { Montana 6,000 |
| 35. North Carolina 5,512 | 35. Oklahoma 6,100 | 34. { Oklahoma 6,000 |
| 36. { Idaho 5,500 | 36. Nebraska 6,098 | 36. Georgia 5,895 |
| 36. { Vermont 5,500 | 37. North Dakota 6,050 | 37. Idaho 5,875 |
| 38. Tennessee 5,460 | 38. Georgia 5,970 | 38. Maine 5,825 |
| 39. West Virginia 5,320 | 39. Tennessee 5,950 | 39. Vermont 5,700 |
| 40. Alabama 5,285 | 40. North Carolina 5,780 | 40. Tennessee 5,625 |
| 41. Nebraska 5,233 | 41. Alabama 5,685 | 41. Nebraska 5,619 |
| 42. Kentucky 5,250 | 42. { Kentucky 5,675 | 42. North Carolina 5,604 |
| 43. South Carolina 5,080 | 42. { South Dakota 5,675 | 43. Alabama 5,480 |
| 44. North Dakota 4,850 | 44. West Virginia 5,600 | 44. West Virginia 5,450 |
| 45. Arkansas 4,804 | 45. South Carolina 5,527 | 45. Kentucky 5,400 |
| 46. Mississippi 4,530 | 46. Arkansas 5,224 | 46. South Carolina 5,343 |
| 47. South Dakota 4,450 | 47. Mississippi 4,803 | 47. North Dakota 5,280 |
| Alaska } Data not available | Alaska } Data not available | 48. Arkansas 5,013 |
| Florida } Data not available | Florida } Data not available | 49. South Dakota 4,800 |
| Utah } Data not available | Utah } Data not available | 50. Mississippi 4,650 |
| American Samoa 1,611 | American Samoa 3,473 | American Samoa 1,962 |
| Canal Zone 8,690 | Canal Zone 9,020 | Canal Zone 8,860 |
| Guam 4,968 | Guam 5,369 | Guam 5,145 |
| Puerto Rico 3,600 | Puerto Rico 3,800 | Puerto Rico 3,680 |
| Virgin Islands 5,350 | Virgin Islands 6,350 | Virgin Islands 5,850 |

Ref. 5:30, 35.

Ref. 5:30, 35.

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 5:30, 35.

37--Percent of Public-School Classroom Teachers Paid \$6,500 or More, 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | Alaska | 99.2% |
| 2. | New York | 82.5 |
| 3. | California | 79.0 |
| 4. | Hawaii | 77.0 |
| 5. | Michigan | 73.0 |
| 6. | Arizona | 68.0 |
| 7. | Massachusetts | 66.0 |
| 8. | Delaware | 65.5 |
| 9. | { Indiana | 65.0 |
| | { Maryland | 65.0 |
| 11. | { Nevada | 63.0 |
| | { Washington | 63.0 |
| 13. | New Jersey | 61.7 |
| 14. | { Connecticut | 61.0 |
| | { Oregon | 61.0 |
| 16. | Illinois | 57.8 |
| 17. | Minnesota | 53.5 |
| 18. | Rhode Island | 51.3 |
| 19. | Utah | 50.2 |
| 20. | New Mexico | 49.0 |
| | UNITED STATES | 47.4 |
| 21. | Pennsylvania | 45.1 |
| 22. | Wisconsin | 44.0 |
| 23. | Colorado | 43.2 |
| 24. | Wyoming | 41.8 |
| 25. | Ohio | 41.5 |
| 26. | Florida | 38.0 |
| 27. | Iowa | 34.8 |
| 28. | Louisiana | 34.7 |
| 29. | Virginia | 34.0 |
| 30. | Vermont | 33.5 |
| 31. | New Hampshire | 32.4 |
| 32. | Missouri | 31.5 |
| 33. | Maine | 27.9 |
| 34. | Kansas | 26.1 |
| 35. | Montana | 24.0 |
| 36. | Texas | 22.4 |
| 37. | Nebraska | 20.3 |
| 38. | Georgia | 18.5 |
| 39. | Oklahoma | 18.2 |
| 40. | North Dakota | 14.9 |
| 41. | Idaho | 13.9 |
| 42. | North Carolina | 11.7 |
| 43. | Tennessee | 10.0 |
| 44. | { Alabama | 8.0 |
| | { West Virginia | 8.0 |
| 46. | Kentucky | 7.0 |
| 47. | { Arkansas | 5.5 |
| | { South Carolina | 5.5 |
| 49. | South Dakota | 2.5 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 2.0 |

Ref. 5:30.

38--Estimated Average Salary of Instructional Staff in Public Schools, 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 1. | Alaska (19-\$6,900) | \$9,200* |
| 2. | California | 9,000 |
| 3. | New York | 8,600 |
| 4. | Hawaii | 8,092 |
| 5. | Connecticut | 7,850 |
| 6. | Nevada | 7,763 |
| 7. | Maryland | 7,710 |
| 8. | Delaware | 7,700 |
| 9. | { Indiana | 7,650 |
| | { Michigan | 7,650 |
| 11. | New Jersey | 7,647 |
| 12. | Massachusetts | 7,575 |
| 13. | Washington | 7,550 |
| 14. | Illinois | 7,525 |
| 15. | Arizona | 7,410 |
| 16. | Oregon | 7,253 |
| | UNITED STATES | 7,119 |
| 17. | { Minnesota | 7,050 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 7,050 |
| 19. | Rhode Island | 6,900 |
| 20. | Wisconsin | 6,860 |
| 21. | Colorado | 6,850 |
| 22. | { Ohio | 6,750 |
| | { Utah | 6,750 |
| 24. | New Mexico | 6,720 |
| 25. | { Florida | 6,600 |
| | { Virginia | 6,600 |
| | { Wyoming | 6,600 |
| 28. | Louisiana | 6,587 |
| 29. | Iowa | 6,531 |
| 30. | Missouri | 6,400 |
| 31. | Kansas | 6,270 |
| 32. | New Hampshire | 6,200 |
| 33. | Texas | 6,190 |
| 34. | Oklahoma | 6,180 |
| 35. | Montana | 6,100 |
| 36. | Georgia | 6,075 |
| 37. | Idaho | 6,050 |
| 38. | Vermont | 6,000 |
| 39. | West Virginia | 5,900 |
| 40. | Maine | 5,850 |
| 41. | Nebraska | 5,800 |
| 42. | Tennessee | 5,775 |
| 43. | North Carolina | 5,763 |
| 44. | Alabama | 5,675 |
| 45. | Kentucky | 5,600 |
| 46. | North Dakota | 5,500 |
| 47. | South Carolina | 5,486 |
| 48. | Arkansas | 5,140 |
| 49. | South Dakota | 5,025 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 4,782 |
| | American Samoa | 3,201 |
| | Canal Zone | 9,280 |
| | Guam | 5,337 |
| | Puerto Rico | 3,800 |
| | Virgin Islands | 6,220 |

*See footnote one page 23.
Ref. 5:30, 35.

39--Estimated Average Salary of Instructional Staff as Percent of National Average, 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|-------------------|---------|
| 1. | Alaska (19-96.9%) | 129.2%* |
| 2. | California | 126.4 |
| 3. | New York | 120.8 |
| 4. | Hawaii | 113.7 |
| 5. | Connecticut | 110.3 |
| 6. | Nevada | 109.0 |
| 7. | Maryland | 108.3 |
| 8. | Delaware | 108.2 |
| 9. | { Indiana | 107.5 |
| | { Michigan | 107.5 |
| 11. | New Jersey | 107.4 |
| 12. | Massachusetts | 106.4 |
| 13. | Washington | 106.1 |
| 14. | Illinois | 105.7 |
| 15. | Arizona | 104.1 |
| 16. | Oregon | 101.9 |
| | UNITED STATES | 100.0 |
| 17. | { Minnesota | 99.0 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 99.0 |
| 19. | Rhode Island | 96.9 |
| 20. | Wisconsin | 96.4 |
| 21. | Colorado | 96.2 |
| 22. | { Ohio | 94.8 |
| | { Utah | 94.8 |
| 24. | New Mexico | 94.4 |
| 25. | { Florida | 92.7 |
| | { Virginia | 92.7 |
| | { Wyoming | 92.7 |
| 28. | Louisiana | 92.5 |
| 29. | Iowa | 91.7 |
| 30. | Missouri | 89.9 |
| 31. | Kansas | 88.1 |
| 32. | New Hampshire | 87.1 |
| 33. | Texas | 87.0 |
| 34. | Oklahoma | 86.8 |
| 35. | Montana | 85.7 |
| 36. | Georgia | 85.3 |
| 37. | Idaho | 85.0 |
| 38. | Vermont | 84.3 |
| 39. | West Virginia | 82.9 |
| 40. | Maine | 82.2 |
| 41. | Nebraska | 81.5 |
| 42. | Tennessee | 81.1 |
| 43. | North Carolina | 81.0 |
| 44. | Alabama | 79.7 |
| 45. | Kentucky | 78.7 |
| 46. | North Dakota | 77.3 |
| 47. | South Carolina | 77.1 |
| 48. | Arkansas | 72.2 |
| 49. | South Dakota | 70.6 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 67.2 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 5:30.

40--Percent Increase in Estimated Average Salary of Instructional Staff, 1956-57 to 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|----------------|--------|
| 1. | Arkansas | 111.5% |
| 2. | Kentucky | 90.3 |
| 3. | Mississippi | 89.4 |
| 4. | Virginia | 85.3 |
| 5. | Hawaii | 82.5 |
| 6. | Nebraska | 81.3 |
| 7. | Iowa | 80.6 |
| 8. | Georgia | 78.7 |
| 9. | Tennessee | 77.7 |
| 10. | Maine | 77.3 |
| 11. | South Carolina | 76.7 |
| 12. | North Dakota | 74.6 |
| 13. | Wyoming | 71.4 |
| 14. | Alaska | 70.4 |
| 15. | North Carolina | 69.5 |
| 16. | Vermont | 69.1 |
| 17. | Indiana | 68.1 |
| 18. | New Hampshire | 67.9 |
| 19. | Massachusetts | 67.6 |
| 20. | West Virginia | 66.6 |
| 21. | Idaho | 65.8 |
| 22. | Utah | 65.6 |
| 23. | Missouri | 64.7 |
| 24. | Alabama | 64.5 |
| 25. | California | 64.4 |
| 26. | Kansas | 64.3 |
| 27. | Minnesota | 64.0 |
| | UNITED STATES | 63.7 |
| 28. | Colorado | 63.3 |
| 29. | Washington | 62.0 |
| 30. | Connecticut | 61.3 |
| 31. | Wisconsin | 60.8 |
| 32. | Maryland | 60.6 |
| 33. | New York | 59.2 |
| 34. | Nevada | 57.8 |
| 35. | South Dakota | 57.0 |
| 36. | { Florida | 56.8 |
| | { Oklahoma | 56.8 |
| 38. | Oregon | 55.1 |
| 39. | Texas | 54.8 |
| 40. | Illinois | 54.4 |
| 41. | Michigan | 53.0 |
| 42. | New Jersey | 52.9 |
| 43. | Pennsylvania | 51.4 |
| 44. | Arizona | 50.8 |
| 45. | Delaware | 50.3 |
| 46. | { Ohio | 50.0 |
| | { Rhode Island | 50.0 |
| 48. | Montana | 49.9 |
| 49. | Louisiana | 48.5 |
| 50. | New Mexico | 37.1 |
| | Puerto Rico | 90.0 |
| | Virgin Islands | 122.1 |

Ref. 4:25, 32; 5:30, 35.

41--Percent Increase in Instructional Staff Salaries, 1965-66 to 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | Hawaii | 15.2% |
| 2. | South Carolina | 13.2 |
| 3. | Virginia | 11.9 |
| 4. | Tennessee | 10.7 |
| 5. | Mississippi | 10.5 |
| 6. | Louisiana | 10.0 |
| 7. | Georgia | 9.5 |
| 8. | West Virginia | 8.6 |
| 9. | Maryland | 8.5 |
| 10. | Nebraska | 8.4 |
| 11. | Arkansas | 8.1 |
| 12. | Kentucky | 7.7 |
| 13. | Iowa | 7.6 |
| 14. | Alaska | 7.0 |
| 15. | Michigan | 6.3 |
| 16. | Missouri | 6.2 |
| 17. | { Alabama | 6.1 |
| | { New Hampshire | 6.1 |
| 19. | Nevada | 6.0 |
| 20. | New Jersey | 5.7 |
| 21. | Kansas | 5.3 |
| 22. | Washington | 5.1 |
| 23. | { Indiana | 4.9 |
| | { Oklahoma | 4.9 |
| | UNITED STATES | 4.9 |
| 25. | California | 4.7 |
| 26. | Maine | 4.5 |
| 27. | { North Carolina | 4.3 |
| | { Oregon | 4.3 |
| 29. | { Colorado | 4.2 |
| | { Illinois | 4.2 |
| 31. | Connecticut | 3.8 |
| 32. | Minnesota | 3.7 |
| 33. | South Dakota | 3.6 |
| 34. | Florida | 3.5 |
| 35. | { Arizona | 3.4 |
| | { Montana | 3.4 |
| | { Utah | 3.4 |
| 38. | { Idaho | 3.3 |
| | { Vermont | 3.3 |
| 40. | { Pennsylvania | 3.2 |
| | { Wisconsin | 3.2 |
| 42. | Massachusetts | 3.1 |
| 43. | Ohio | 2.9 |
| 44. | New York | 2.4 |
| 45. | North Dakota | 2.3 |
| 46. | { Delaware | 2.2 |
| | { Rhode Island | 2.2 |
| 48. | { New Mexico | 1.8 |
| | { Texas | 1.8 |
| 50. | Wyoming | 0.4 |
| | Canal Zone | 10.5 |
| | Guam | 10.0 |
| | Puerto Rico | 2.9 |
| | Virgin Islands | 2.5 |

Ref. 5:30, 35.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

This section presents figures on schooling completed by adults, illiteracy, school holding power as shown by percent of ninth-grade enrollment graduating from high school, and the percent of Selective Service registrants failing the mental test.

School Years Completed

In median school years completed by persons 25 years old and older in 1960, Utah, with 12.2 years, ranked first. In Alaska, California, Colorado, Nevada, Washington, and Wyoming, also, the median is over 12 years of schooling. The eight lowest ranking states--Arkansas, Mississippi, North Carolina, Louisiana, Tennessee, West Virginia, Kentucky, and South Carolina--have medians between eight and nine years of schooling. (See Table 42.)

Illiteracy

For the population 14 years old and older, illiteracy, or the inability to read and write a simple message in any language, was reported as 2.7 percent in 1947 and as 2.4 percent in 1960. In nine states the percent of illiteracy was less than 1; in three states, 5 to 6 percent. (See Table 43.)

High-School Graduates

To meet the needs of employment, youth should remain in school through high-school graduation. For the United States, the

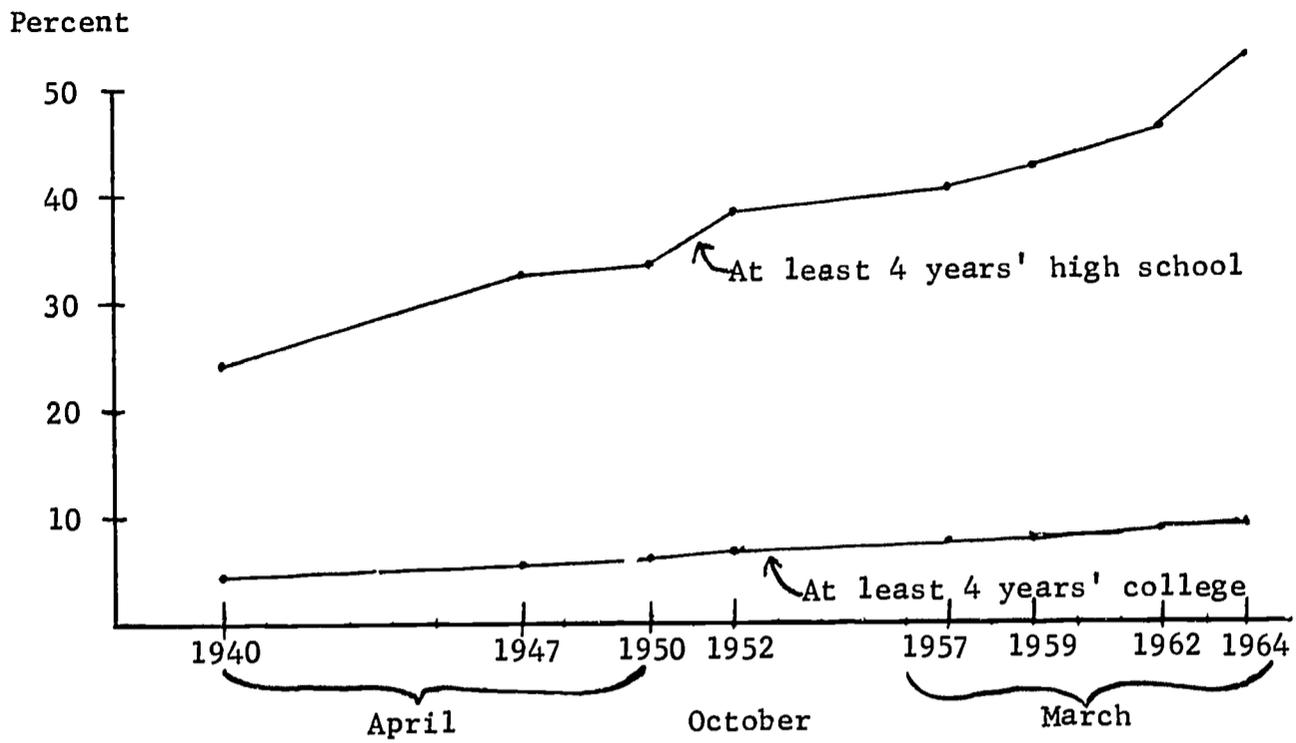
number of high-school graduates in 1966 equaled 77.3 percent of the number of ninth-graders enrolled in fall 1962. In Minnesota, California, Iowa, Kansas, Washington, and Wisconsin this figure was over 85 percent. At the other extreme, the number of high-school graduates in Alabama equaled 64.7 percent of the ninth-grade enrollment. These figures, shown in Table 44, should be used with caution because such factors as interstate migration shifts of pupils between public and nonpublic schools, and duplications in enrollments, affect the results.

The number of public high-school graduates in 1965-66 was 2,358,859 an increase of 36.7 percent over the 1,725,521 graduates in 1960-61 (Table 45). In nine states the number of graduates increased more than 50 percent, but in eight states the number increased less than 25 percent.

Selective Service Registrants

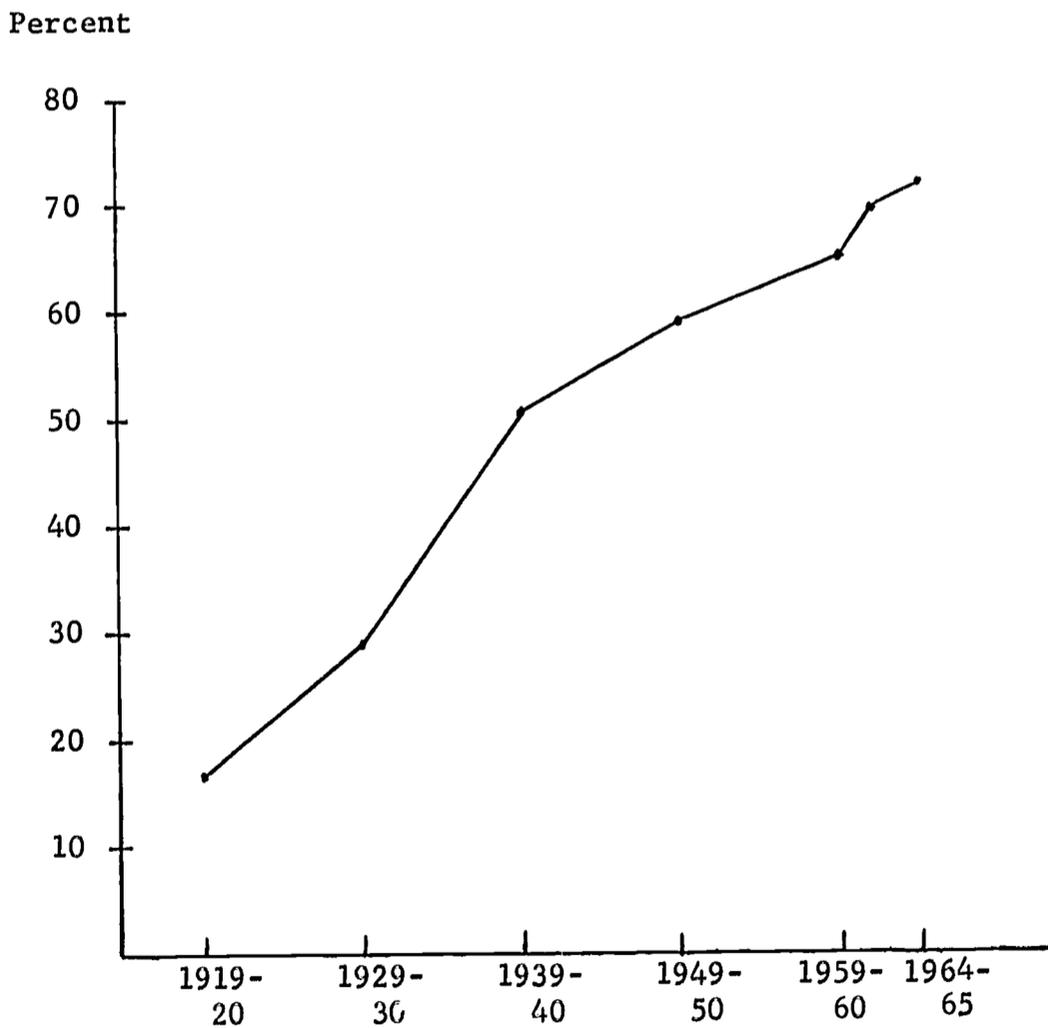
In 1965, the Armed Services found that 21.4 percent of the draftees taking preinduction and induction examinations for military service failed the mental tests. In 13 states the proportion was under 10 percent; and lowest of all in Iowa--5.2 percent. In three states, South Carolina, Georgia, and North Carolina, the proportion of failures was over 40 percent. (See Table 46.) Table 47 gives similar figures for 18-year-old youths as a group. It should be noted that because of interstate migration the individual states may not necessarily be entirely responsible for the educational failure of their inductees.

LEVEL OF SCHOOLING COMPLETED BY PERSONS
25 YEARS OLD OR OLDER



NEA Research Division

HIGH-SCHOOL^{1/} GRADUATES AS PERCENT
OF 17-YEAR-OLDS



^{1/} Public and nonpublic schools.

NEA Research Division

42--Median School Years Completed by Persons
25 Years Old and Older, 1960

| | All | White | Nonwhite |
|----------------------|------|-------|----------|
| 1. Utah | 12.2 | 12.2 | 10.1 |
| { Alaska | 12.1 | 12.4 | 6.6 |
| { California | 12.1 | 12.1 | 10.5 |
| 2. { Colorado | 12.1 | 12.1 | 11.2 |
| { Nevada | 12.1 | 12.2 | 8.8 |
| { Washington | 12.1 | 12.2 | 10.5 |
| { Wyoming | 12.1 | 12.1 | 9.3 |
| 8. { Idaho | 11.8 | 11.8 | 9.6 |
| { Oregon | 11.8 | 11.8 | 9.9 |
| 10. Kansas | 11.7 | 11.8 | 9.6 |
| { Massachusetts | 11.6 | 11.6 | 10.3 |
| 11. { Montana | 11.6 | 11.7 | 8.7 |
| { Nebraska | 11.6 | 11.7 | 9.6 |
| { Arizona | 11.3 | 11.7 | 7.0 |
| 14. { Hawaii | 11.3 | 12.4 | 9.9 |
| { Iowa | 11.3 | 11.3 | 9.5 |
| 17. New Mexico | 11.2 | 11.5 | 7.1 |
| 18. Delaware | 11.1 | 11.6 | 8.4 |
| 19. { Connecticut | 11.0 | 11.1 | 9.1 |
| { Maine | 11.0 | 11.0 | 10.7 |
| { Florida | 10.9 | 11.6 | 7.0 |
| 21. { New Hampshire | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.7 |
| { Ohio | 10.9 | 11.0 | 9.1 |
| { Vermont | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.5 |
| { Indiana | 10.8 | 10.9 | 9.0 |
| 25. { Michigan | 10.8 | 11.0 | 9.1 |
| { Minnesota | 10.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 |
| 28. New York | 10.7 | 10.8 | 9.4 |
| 29. New Jersey | 10.6 | 10.8 | 8.8 |
| UNITED STATES | 10.6 | 10.9 | 8.2 |
| 30. Illinois | 10.5 | 10.7 | 9.0 |
| { Maryland | 10.4 | 11.0 | 8.1 |
| { Oklahoma | 10.4 | 10.7 | 8.6 |
| 31. { South Dakota | 10.4 | 10.5 | 8.6 |
| { Texas | 10.4 | 10.8 | 8.1 |
| { Wisconsin | 10.4 | 10.4 | 9.0 |
| 36. Pennsylvania | 10.2 | 10.3 | 8.9 |
| 37. Rhode Island | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.5 |
| 38. Virginia | 9.9 | 10.8 | 7.2 |
| 39. Missouri | 9.6 | 9.8 | 8.7 |
| 40. North Dakota | 9.3 | 9.3 | 8.4 |
| 41. Alabama | 9.1 | 10.2 | 6.5 |
| 42. Georgia | 9.0 | 10.3 | 6.1 |
| { Arkansas | 8.9 | 9.5 | 6.5 |
| 43. { Mississippi | 8.9 | 11.0 | 6.0 |
| { North Carolina | 8.9 | 9.8 | 7.0 |
| { Louisiana | 8.8 | 10.5 | 6.0 |
| 46. { Tennessee | 8.8 | 9.0 | 7.5 |
| { West Virginia | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.4 |
| { Kentucky | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.2 |
| 49. { South Carolina | 8.7 | 10.3 | 5.9 |

Ref. 23.

43--Percent of Population 14
Years Old and Older
Illiterate in 1960

| | |
|---------------------|------|
| 1. Iowa | 0.7% |
| 2. { Idaho | 0.8 |
| { Oregon | 0.8 |
| { Kansas | 0.9 |
| { Nebraska | 0.9 |
| 4. { South Dakota | 0.9 |
| { Utah | 0.9 |
| { Washington | 0.9 |
| { Wyoming | 0.9 |
| 10. { Minnesota | 1.0 |
| { Montana | 1.0 |
| { Nevada | 1.1 |
| 12. { Vermont | 1.1 |
| { Indiana | 1.2 |
| 14. { Wisconsin | 1.2 |
| { Colorado | 1.3 |
| 16. { Maine | 1.3 |
| { New Hampshire | 1.4 |
| 18. { North Dakota | 1.4 |
| 20. Ohio | 1.5 |
| 21. Michigan | 1.6 |
| 22. Missouri | 1.7 |
| { California | 1.8 |
| 23. { Illinois | 1.8 |
| { Delaware | 1.9 |
| 25. { Maryland | 1.9 |
| { Oklahoma | 1.9 |
| 28. Pennsylvania | 2.0 |
| { Connecticut | 2.2 |
| 29. { Massachusetts | 2.2 |
| { New Jersey | 2.2 |
| 32. Rhode Island | 2.4 |
| UNITED STATES | 2.4 |
| 33. Florida | 2.6 |
| 34. West Virginia | 2.7 |
| 35. New York | 2.9 |
| 36. Alaska | 3.0 |
| 37. Kentucky | 3.3 |
| 38. Virginia | 3.4 |
| 39. Tennessee | 3.5 |
| 40. Arkansas | 3.6 |
| 41. Arizona | 3.8 |
| 42. { New Mexico | 4.0 |
| { North Carolina | 4.0 |
| 44. Texas | 4.1 |
| 45. Alabama | 4.2 |
| 46. Georgia | 4.5 |
| 47. Mississippi | 4.9 |
| 48. Hawaii | 5.0 |
| 49. South Carolina | 5.5 |
| 50. Louisiana | 6.3 |

Ref. 10:2.

| 44--Public High-School Graduates in 1965-66 as Percent of Ninth-Graders in Fall 1962 | 45--Percent Increase in Number of High-School Graduates, 1960 to 1965-66 | 46--Percent of Selective Service Draftees Failing Preinduction and Induction Mental Tests, 1965 |
|--|--|---|
| 1. Minnesota 90.2% | 1. Alaska 88.8% | 1. Iowa 5.2% |
| 2. California 89.1 | 2. Nevada 81.7 | 2. Montana 6.2 |
| 3. Iowa 87.9 | 3. New Mexico 61.2 | 3. Utah 6.8 |
| 4. Kansas 86.3 | 4. Colorado 59.2 | 4. Washington 7.2 |
| 5. Washington 85.7 | 5. Maryland 54.5 | 5. Oregon 7.5 |
| 6. South Dakota 85.6 | 6. Delaware 53.3 | 6. Minnesota 7.8 |
| 7. Wisconsin 85.5 | 7. California 52.7 | 7. Idaho 8.3 |
| 8. Nebraska 84.8 | 8. Virginia 51.8 | 8. Nebraska 8.8 |
| 9. Hawaii 84.5 | 9. New Hampshire 50.4 | 9. Rhode Island 9.0 |
| 10. Colorado 84.2 | 10. Florida 49.3 | 10. Wyoming 9.1 |
| 11. North Dakota 84.0 | 11. Louisiana 44.2 | 11. { New Hampshire 9.4 |
| 12. Utah 83.6 | 12. Georgia 43.2 | { Wisconsin 9.4 |
| 13. Oregon 83.5 | 13. Texas 43.1 | 13. North Dakota 9.8 |
| 14. Rhode Island 83.1 | 14. Arizona 43.0 | 14. Kansas 10.5 |
| 15. New Jersey 82.6 | 15. Ohio 42.4 | 15. South Dakota 10.7 |
| 16. Illinois 81.3 | 16. Nebraska 41.4 | 16. Vermont 11.3 |
| 17. Nevada 81.1 | 17. Washington 40.2 | 17. Indiana 11.6 |
| | 18. New Jersey 40.1 | 18. Massachusetts 13.0 |
| 18. Michigan 80.9 | 19. South Carolina 39.5 | 19. Alaska 13.8 |
| 19. Connecticut 80.4 | 20. Illinois 39.4 | 20. { Colorado 14.0 |
| 20. Idaho 79.9 | 21. { Oregon 37.0 | { Pennsylvania 14.0 |
| 21. Vermont 79.6 | { Rhode Island 37.0 | 22. Michigan 14.3 |
| 22. { New York 79.4 | { UNITED STATES 36.7 | 23. Ohio 14.6 |
| { Ohio 79.4 | 23. Michigan 36.5 | 24. Nevada 14.9 |
| { Wyoming 79.4 | 24. Maine 34.5 | 25. California 15.3 |
| 25. Delaware 79.2 | 25. Vermont 34.0 | 26. Illinois 16.7 |
| 26. Indiana 77.9 | 26. Mississippi 33.0 | 27. Oklahoma 16.8 |
| 27. Maryland 77.7 | 27. Kentucky 32.4 | 28. Connecticut 16.9 |
| 28. Massachusetts 77.3 | 28. Indiana 32.0 | 29. { Missouri 17.4 |
| | 29. North Carolina 31.9 | { New Jersey 17.4 |
| { UNITED STATES 77.3 | 30. Tennessee 31.5 | 31. Maine 18.3 |
| 29. Maine 76.8 | 31. Connecticut 31.2 | 32. Arizona 20.5 |
| 30. New Hampshire 76.6 | 32. Iowa 30.7 | 33. New York 21.4 |
| 31. Montana 76.4 | 33. Minnesota 30.6 | { UNITED STATES 21.4 |
| 32. Virginia 74.8 | 34. Wisconsin 30.2 | 34. Delaware 22.5 |
| 33. Alaska 72.6 | 35. Utah 30.1 | 35. { Hawaii 23.3 |
| 34. Texas 72.1 | 36. Arkansas 29.9 | { Texas 23.3 |
| | 37. Montana 27.9 | 37. Maryland 24.3 |
| 35. Florida 71.7 | 38. New York 27.3 | 38. New Mexico 25.4 |
| 36. Oklahoma 71.4 | 39. Pennsylvania 26.5 | 39. Arkansas 25.5 |
| 37. Missouri 70.9 | 40. Missouri 26.4 | 40. Florida 26.4 |
| 38. South Carolina 70.0 | 41. South Dakota 25.2 | 41. Kentucky 26.5 |
| 39. West Virginia 69.0 | 42. Kansas 25.1 | 42. West Virginia 27.9 |
| 40. Arkansas 68.7 | 43. { Oklahoma 24.9 | 43. Tennessee 32.3 |
| 41. Tennessee 68.0 | { Wyoming 24.9 | 44. Virginia 34.0 |
| 42. Louisiana 67.9 | 45. Idaho 24.5 | 45. Louisiana 36.2 |
| 43. Arizona 67.5 | 46. Massachusetts 24.0 | 46. Mississippi 37.2 |
| 44. North Carolina 67.3 | 47. { Hawaii 23.8 | 47. Alabama 38.8 |
| 45. { Georgia 65.1 | { West Virginia 23.8 | 48. North Carolina 41.8 |
| { Kentucky 65.1 | 49. North Dakota 22.6 | 49. Georgia 41.9 |
| { Mississippi 65.1 | 50. Alabama 17.2 | 50. South Carolina 48.2 |
| 48. Alabama 64.7 | American Samoa 330.2 | { Guam 40.5 |
| { New Mexico } Data not available | Canal Zone 41.1 | { Mariana Islands } 40.5 |
| { Pennsylvania } Data not available | Guam 137.8 | { Canal Zone } 58.7 |
| | Puerto Rico 68.4 | { Puerto Rico } 58.7 |
| | Virgin Islands 61.1 | { Virgin Islands } 58.7 |

Ref. 1:17; 5:25.

Ref. 1:26-27; 5:25, 35.

Ref. 8:25.

47--Percent of 18-Year-Old
Youths Disqualified for
Military Service for
Mental Reasons, July 1964
Through December 1965

| | | |
|-----|-----------------|--------|
| 1. | Washington | 5.8% |
| 2. | Minnesota | 6.9 |
| 3. | Oregon | 7.4 |
| 4. | Wyoming | 7.5 |
| 5. | Iowa | 7.7 |
| 6. | Utah | 8.2 |
| 7. | Montana | 8.3 |
| 8. | Wisconsin | 9.4 |
| 9. | Idaho | 11.4 |
| 10. | Nebraska | 12.1 |
| 11. | Rhode Island | 12.4 |
| 12. | South Dakota | 12.6 |
| 13. | Alaska | 13.1 |
| 14. | Kansas | 13.5 |
| 15. | Pennsylvania | 13.7 |
| 16. | Connecticut | 13.8 |
| 17. | Ohio | 13.9 |
| 18. | North Dakota | 14.1 |
| 19. | Indiana | 14.2 |
| 20. | New Jersey | 14.4 |
| 21. | Nevada | 14.9 |
| 22. | Vermont | 15.1 |
| 23. | New Hampshire | 16.1 |
| 24. | Massachusetts | 17.0 |
| 25. | Illinois | 17.8 |
| 26. | Michigan | 18.2 |
| 27. | California | 19.5 |
| 28. | Delaware | 20.8 |
| 29. | Maine | 20.9 |
| 30. | Colorado | 21.2 |
| 31. | Missouri | 21.6 |
| 32. | Oklahoma | 23.3 |
| 33. | New York | 24.9 |
| 34. | Arizona | 25.9 |
| 35. | Maryland | 27.8 |
| | UNITED STATES | 28.0 |
| 36. | Hawaii | 28.3 |
| 37. | New Mexico | 29.4 |
| 38. | Florida | 32.9 |
| 39. | Arkansas | 33.7 |
| 40. | West Virginia | 35.5 |
| 41. | Texas | 38.6 |
| 42. | Kentucky | 39.1 |
| 43. | Georgia | 43.2 |
| 44. | Alabama | 44.5 |
| 45. | Virginia | 45.3 |
| 46. | Louisiana | 46.0 |
| 47. | Tennessee | 49.0 |
| 48. | North Carolina | 53.0 |
| 49. | Mississippi | 53.8 |
| 50. | South Carolina | 54.6 |
| | Guam | } 58.9 |
| | Mariana Islands | |
| | Canal Zone | } 72.9 |
| | Puerto Rico | |
| | Virgin Islands | |

Ref. 8:37.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES

In 1965, per-capita personal income nationwide was \$2,746 and ranged from \$3,401 in Connecticut to \$1,608 in Mississippi. In Mississippi, it was less than half the amount in Connecticut; in four states, it was under \$2,000 (Table 49). In 18 states, per-capita personal income was at or above the national average (Tables 49 and 50). Total personal income is shown in Table 48.

From 1955 to 1965, per-capita personal income increased 50 percent or more in 24 states. Although four of these states, Alabama, South Carolina, Arkansas, and Mississippi, gained much on a percentage basis during the decade, they still had per-capita incomes under \$2,000 in 1965. (See Table 51.)

Table 52 relates personal income to the number of children to be educated. In 1965, there was \$10,644 of personal income for every child 5 to 17 years of age. The figures for New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Illinois, and Nevada exceed \$13,000, and were more than twice the figures of each of two states.

Personal income per child in average daily membership equaled \$12,823 nationwide;

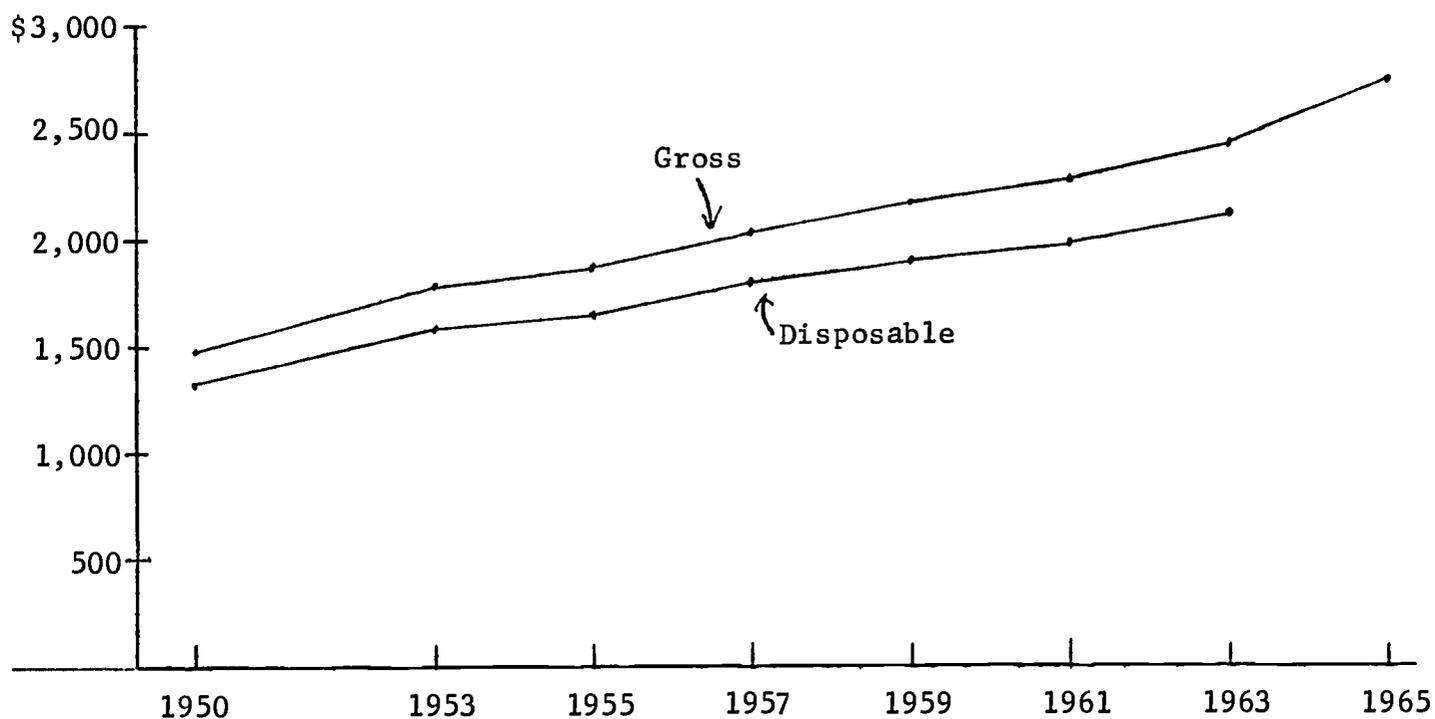
the range was from \$18,853 in New York to \$6,419 in Mississippi (Table 53).

Disposable personal income (income after income and other personal taxes) amounted to \$2,122 per capita in 1963. Nevada ranked first with \$2,781, more than twice that of Mississippi. (See Table 54.) As percent of personal income, disposable income equaled 86.4 percent (Table 55).

In 1965, personal income from all government employment equaled 12.4 percent of total personal income. In three states, Alaska, Hawaii, and Virginia, it amounted to more than 25 percent; in 10 states, to less than 10 percent (Table 56).

Median net effective buying income of households is another measure, though rough, of financial resources. Net effective buying is personal income minus direct personal taxes and certain non-tax payments to government. Excluding Alaska, the range in median net effective buying income in 1965 was from \$10,521 per household in Delaware to \$5,536 in Mississippi (Table 57). Nationwide, 20.1 percent of the households had incomes under \$2,500 in 1965 (Table 58); and 20.3 percent, incomes of \$10,000 or more (Table 59).

PER-CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME



NEA Research Division

| 48--Total Personal Income, 1965 (in Millions) | 49--Per-Capita Personal In- come, 1965 | 50--Per-Capita Personal Income as Percent of National Average, 1965 |
|--|---|---|
| 1. California \$ 59,958 | 1. Connecticut \$3,401 | 1. Connecticut 123.9% |
| 2. New York 59,350 | 2. Delaware 3,392 | 2. Delaware 123.5 |
| 3. Illinois 34,903 | 3. Nevada 3,311 | 3. Nevada 120.6 |
| 4. Pennsylvania 31,816 | 4. Illinois 3,280 | 4. { Illinois 119.4 |
| 5. Ohio 28,972 | 5. New York 3,278 | 4. { New York 119.4 |
| 6. Michigan 25,031 | 6. California 3,258 | 6. California 118.6 |
| 7. Texas 24,761 | 7. New Jersey 3,237 | 7. New Jersey 117.9 |
| 8. New Jersey 21,950 | 8. Alaska (32-\$2,390) 3,187* | 8. Alaska (31-87.0) 116.1* |
| 9. Massachusetts 16,349 | 9. Massachusetts 3,050 | 9. Massachusetts 111.1 |
| | 10. Michigan 3,010 | 10. Michigan 109.6 |
| 10. Florida 14,041 | | |
| 11. Indiana 13,924 | 11. Maryland 3,001 | 11. Maryland 109.3 |
| 12. Missouri 11,961 | 12. Washington 2,906 | 12. Washington 105.8 |
| 13. Wisconsin 11,279 | 13. Hawaii 2,879 | 13. Hawaii 104.8 |
| 14. Virginia 10,691 | 14. Indiana 2,846 | 14. Indiana 103.6 |
| 15. Maryland 10,604 | 15. Ohio 2,829 | 15. Ohio 103.0 |
| 16. North Carolina 10,070 | 16. Rhode Island 2,823 | 16. Rhode Island 102.8 |
| 17. Connecticut 9,626 | 17. Oregon 2,761 | 17. Oregon 100.5 |
| 18. Minnesota 9,495 | 18. Pennsylvania 2,747 | 18. Pennsylvania 100.0 |
| | UNITED STATES 2,746 | UNITED STATES 100.0 |
| 19. Georgia 9,478 | | |
| 20. Washington 8,641 | 19. Wisconsin 2,724 | 19. Wisconsin 99.2 |
| 21. Tennessee 7,749 | 20. Colorado 2,710 | 20. Colorado 98.7 |
| 22. Iowa 7,381 | | |
| 23. Louisiana 7,359 | 21. Iowa 2,676 | 21. Iowa 97.5 |
| 24. Alabama 6,660 | 22. Minnesota 2,666 | 22. Minnesota 97.1 |
| 25. Kentucky 6,489 | 23. Missouri 2,663 | 23. Missouri 97.0 |
| 26. Kansas 5,932 | 24. Kansas 2,639 | 24. Kansas 96.1 |
| 27. Oklahoma 5,603 | 25. Nebraska 2,629 | 25. Nebraska 95.7 |
| | 26. Wyoming 2,558 | 26. Wyoming 93.2 |
| 28. Oregon 5,350 | 27. New Hampshire 2,547 | 27. New Hampshire 92.8 |
| 29. Colorado 5,282 | 28. Montana 2,438 | 28. Montana 88.8 |
| 30. South Carolina 4,708 | 29. Florida 2,423 | 29. Florida 88.2 |
| 31. Nebraska 3,836 | 30. Virginia 2,419 | 30. Virginia 88.1 |
| 32. Arizona 3,733 | | |
| 33. Mississippi 3,712 | 31. Idaho 2,395 | 31. Idaho 87.2 |
| 34. West Virginia 3,679 | 32. Arizona 2,370 | 32. Arizona 86.3 |
| 35. Arkansas 3,581 | 33. Utah 2,355 | 33. Utah 85.8 |
| 36. Rhode Island 2,515 | 34. Texas 2,338 | 34. Texas 85.1 |
| | 35. Vermont 2,312 | 35. Vermont 84.2 |
| 37. Utah 2,341 | 36. Oklahoma 2,289 | 36. Oklahoma 83.4 |
| 38. Maine 2,245 | 37. North Dakota 2,279 | 37. North Dakota 83.0 |
| 39. New Mexico 2,224 | 38. Maine 2,277 | 38. Maine 82.9 |
| 40. Hawaii 2,030 | 39. South Dakota 2,213 | 39. South Dakota 80.6 |
| 41. { Montana 1,714 | 40. New Mexico 2,193 | 40. New Mexico 79.9 |
| 41. { New Hampshire 1,714 | | |
| 43. Delaware 1,706 | 41. Georgia 2,159 | 41. Georgia 78.6 |
| 44. Idaho 1,660 | 42. Louisiana 2,067 | 42. Louisiana 75.3 |
| 45. South Dakota 1,518 | 43. Kentucky 2,045 | 43. Kentucky 74.5 |
| | 44. North Carolina 2,041 | 44. North Carolina 74.3 |
| 46. North Dakota 1,486 | 45. West Virginia 2,027 | 45. West Virginia 73.8 |
| 47. Nevada 1,437 | 46. Tennessee 2,013 | 46. Tennessee 73.3 |
| 48. Vermont 934 | 47. Alabama 1,910 | 47. Alabama 69.6 |
| 49. Alaska (50-\$638) 851* | 48. South Carolina 1,846 | 48. { Arkansas 67.2 |
| 50. Wyoming 844 | 49. Arkansas 1,845 | 48. { South Carolina 67.2 |
| UNITED STATES 532,147 | 50. Mississippi 1,608 | 50. Mississippi 58.6 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 25:12.

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 25:13.

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 25:13.

| 51--Percent Increase in Per-Capita Personal Income, 1955 to 1965 | 52--Personal Income per Child of School Age (5-17), 1965 | 53--Personal Income per Child in Average Daily Membership, 1965 |
|--|--|---|
| 1. South Dakota 71.2% | 1. New York \$14,064 | 1. New York \$18,853 |
| 2. Iowa 66.4 | 2. Connecticut 13,751 | 2. Illinois 17,041 |
| 3. North Dakota 65.3 | 3. New Jersey 13,335 | 3. New Jersey 16,963 |
| 4. Nebraska 64.8 | 4. Illinois 13,102 | 4. Connecticut 16,947 |
| 5. Arkansas 61.6 | 5. Nevada 13,064 | 5. Rhode Island 16,455 |
| 6. Vermont 57.9 | 6. California 12,930 | 6. Massachusetts 16,316 |
| 7. Mississippi 57.6 | 7. Delaware 12,637 | 7. Delaware 15,898 |
| 8. Tennessee 57.1 | 8. Massachusetts 12,634 | 8. Pennsylvania 14,676 |
| 9. Georgia 57.0 | 9. Rhode Island 11,808 | 9. Alaska (24-\$10,907) 14,543* |
| 10. Hawaii 56.7 | 10. Maryland 11,341 | 10. California 14,025 |
| 11. South Carolina 56.3 | 11. Pennsylvania 11,199 | 11. Maryland 13,959 |
| 12. Idaho 55.6 | 12. Washington 11,164 | 12. Wisconsin 13,770 |
| 13. North Carolina 55.4 | 13. Alaska (36-\$8,289) 11,052* | 13. Nevada 13,704 |
| 14. Alabama 54.9 | 14. Michigan 10,917 | 14. New Hampshire 13,478 |
| 15. Minnesota 54.2 | 15. Missouri 10,785 | 15. Ohio 12,842 |
| 16. Virginia 54.0 | 16. Indiana 10,769 | UNITED STATES 12,823 |
| 17. Kentucky 53.9 | 17. Oregon 10,700 | 16. Hawaii 12,611 |
| 18. West Virginia 52.9 | UNITED STATES 10,644 | 17. Indiana 12,505 |
| 19. Kansas 52.4 | 18. Ohio 10,640 | 18. Vermont 12,306 |
| 20. Oklahoma 51.9 | 19. Iowa 10,323 | 19. Nebraska 12,178 |
| 21. { Maryland 50.5 | 20. Hawaii 10,305 | 20. Oregon 12,164 |
| Massachusetts 50.5 | 21. Nebraska 10,229 | 21. Minnesota 11,751 |
| 23. Indiana 50.3 | 22. Wisconsin 10,216 | 22. Florida 11,497 |
| 24. Wisconsin 50.0 | 23. Kansas 10,175 | 23. Colorado 10,968 |
| 25. Florida 49.6 | 24. New Hampshire 10,082 | 24. Virginia 10,947 |
| 26. Colorado 49.4 | 25. Colorado 10,080 | 25. Texas 10,448 |
| 27. Louisiana 48.1 | 26. Florida 9,895 | 26. Montana 10,332 |
| 28. Missouri 47.8 | 27. Minnesota 9,789 | 27. Maine 10,269 |
| 29. Maine 46.8 | 28. Wyoming 9,275 | 28. North Dakota 10,237 |
| UNITED STATES 46.4 | 29. Oklahoma 9,261 | 29. Arizona 10,075 |
| 30. Illinois 46.2 | 30. Virginia 9,248 | 30. Wyoming 9,896 |
| 31. New Mexico 45.8 | 31. Vermont 8,895 | 31. Kentucky 9,882 |
| 32. Pennsylvania 45.4 | 32. Maine 8,874 | 32. Oklahoma 9,874 |
| 33. Utah 44.9 | 33. Montana 8,790 | 33. Louisiana 9,274 |
| 34. New Hampshire 44.3 | 34. Texas 8,640 | 34. Georgia 9,081 |
| 35. Rhode Island 44.0 | 35. Arizona 8,523 | 35. Tennessee 8,975 |
| 36. New York 43.6 | 36. Idaho 8,469 | 36. South Dakota 8,929 |
| 37. Oregon 43.2 | 37. North Dakota 8,165 | 37. West Virginia 8,712 |
| 38. Washington 42.6 | 38. South Dakota 8,032 | 38. North Carolina 8,646 |
| 39. Arizona 41.3 | 39. Georgia 7,958 | 39. New Mexico 8,458 |
| 40. { California 40.9 | 40. Utah 7,777 | 40. Arkansas 8,321 |
| Connecticut 40.9 | 41. Tennessee 7,765 | 41. Utah 8,194 |
| 42. New Jersey 40.4 | 42. Kentucky 7,725 | 42. Alabama 8,133 |
| 43. Texas 40.3 | 43. West Virginia 7,681 | 43. South Carolina 7,414 |
| 44. Alaska 40.1 | 44. North Carolina 7,577 | 44. Mississippi 6,419 |
| 45. Michigan 37.9 | 45. New Mexico 7,244 | Idaho |
| 46. Wyoming 37.7 | 46. Louisiana 7,236 | Iowa |
| 47. Ohio 35.9 | 47. Arkansas 7,133 | Kansas |
| 48. Delaware 34.7 | 48. Alabama 6,916 | Michigan |
| 49. Montana 31.6 | 49. South Carolina 6,449 | Missouri |
| 50. Nevada 29.9 | 50. Mississippi 5,559 | Washington |
| Ref. 25:13. | *See footnote on page 23. | Data not available |
| | Ref. 5:24; 25:12. | |
| | | *See footnote on page 23. |
| | | Ref. 5:25; 25:12. |

| 54--Per-Capita Disposable Personal Income, 1963 | 55--Per-Capita Disposable Income as Percent of Per-Capita Personal Income, 1963 | 56--Personal Income from Government (Federal, State, and Local) Employment as Percent of Total Income, 1965 |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Nevada \$2,781 | 1. South Dakota 93.0% | 1. Alaska 44.5% |
| 2. Connecticut 2,688 | 2. Missouri 92.3 | 2. Hawaii 29.1 |
| 3. Delaware 2,683 | 3. West Virginia 91.7 | 3. Virginia 25.3 |
| 4. California 2,572 | 4. North Dakota 90.9 | 4. New Mexico 23.4 |
| 5. New York 2,538 | 5. Maine 90.3 | 5. Maryland 22.8 |
| 6. Illinois 2,500 | 6. Nebraska 89.6 | 6. Utah 19.6 |
| 7. New Jersey 2,489 | 7. { Iowa 89.2 | 7. Wyoming 17.7 |
| 8. Massachusetts 2,422 | 7. { Vermont 89.2 | 8. Colorado 17.2 |
| 9. Maryland 2,353 | 9. South Carolina 89.1 | 9. Arizona 16.7 |
| 10. Michigan 2,234 | 10. Delaware 89.0 | 10. Alabama 16.4 |
| 11. Washington 2,210 | 11. Florida 88.8 | 11. South Carolina 16.3 |
| 12. Ohio 2,184 | 12. Wyoming 88.7 | 12. Oklahoma 16.2 |
| 13. Colorado 2,181 | 13. North Carolina 88.3 | 13. Montana 16.0 |
| 14. Missouri 2,176 | 14. { Massachusetts 88.2 | 14. Georgia 15.8 |
| 15. Wyoming 2,147 | 14. { Mississippi 88.2 | 15. Washington 15.6 |
| 16. Indiana 2,139 | 16. Maryland 88.0 | 16. North Dakota 15.4 |
| 17. Pennsylvania 2,124 | 17. Oklahoma 87.9 | 17. California 14.9 |
| 18. Oregon 2,116 | 18. Colorado 87.8 | 18. South Dakota 14.6 |
| UNITED STATES 2,122 | 19. Arizona 87.3 | 19. Rhode Island 14.5 |
| 19. Rhode Island 2,107 | 20. { Ohio 87.0 | 20. { Mississippi 14.2 |
| 20. Iowa 2,054 | 20. { Pennsylvania 87.0 | 20. { Nevada 14.2 |
| 21. Nebraska 2,040 | 20. { Texas 87.0 | 22. { Florida 14.1 |
| 22. Wisconsin 2,022 | 23. { Alabama 86.9 | 22. { Texas 14.1 |
| 23. Minnesota 2,016 | 23. { Tennessee 86.9 | 24. North Carolina 13.7 |
| 24. Kansas 1,981 | 25. Montana 86.8 | 25. Maine 13.6 |
| 25. Vermont 1,975 | 26. Indiana 86.6 | 26. Tennessee 13.2 |
| 26. Montana 1,967 | 27. { Arkansas 86.4 | 27. Kansas 13.0 |
| 27. New Hampshire 1,963 | 27. { Michigan 86.4 | 28. { Kentucky 12.9 |
| 28. Arizona 1,938 | UNITED STATES 86.4 | 28. { Louisiana 12.9 |
| 29. Florida 1,905 | 29. { Connecticut 86.2 | 30. Idaho 12.8 |
| 30. Utah 1,885 | 29. { Georgia 86.2 | 31. New Hampshire 12.5 |
| 31. Texas 1,832 | 29. { Virginia 86.2 | 32. Nebraska 12.4 |
| 32. North Dakota 1,820 | 32. { California 85.8 | UNITED STATES 12.4 |
| 33. Virginia 1,806 | 32. { Illinois 85.8 | 33. Oregon 12.3 |
| 34. South Dakota 1,775 | 32. { Louisiana 85.8 | 34. { Arkansas 10.9 |
| 35. Maine 1,770 | 32. { Nevada 85.8 | 34. { Massachusetts 10.9 |
| 36. Oklahoma 1,750 | 36. Oregon 85.6 | 36. New York 10.5 |
| 37. New Mexico 1,739 | 37. { New York 85.2 | 37. Vermont 10.4 |
| 38. Idaho 1,738 | 37. { Wisconsin 85.2 | 38. Missouri 10.3 |
| 39. West Virginia 1,634 | 39. Utah 85.1 | 39. Minnesota 10.2 |
| 40. Georgia 1,620 | 40. Minnesota 85.0 | 40. West Virginia 10.1 |
| 41. North Carolina 1,593 | 41. { Idaho 84.9 | 41. Delaware 9.8 |
| 42. Louisiana 1,582 | 41. { Kentucky 84.9 | 42. Wisconsin 9.4 |
| 43. Kentucky 1,560 | 43. New Mexico 84.7 | 43. Iowa 9.2 |
| 44. Tennessee 1,543 | 44. Washington 84.3 | 44. { Michigan 9.1 |
| 45. Alabama 1,456 | 45. Rhode Island 84.0 | 44. { New Jersey 9.1 |
| 46. South Carolina 1,407 | 46. New Jersey 83.9 | 46. Pennsylvania 9.0 |
| 47. Arkansas 1,406 | 47. New Hampshire 83.6 | 47. { Indiana 8.9 |
| 48. Mississippi 1,266 | 48. Kansas 82.6 | 47. { Ohio 8.9 |
| Alaska } Data not available | Alaska } Data not available | 49. Illinois 8.8 |
| Hawaii } Data not available | Hawaii } Data not available | 50. Connecticut 7.7 |

Ref. 24:22.

Ref. 24:22; 25:13.

Ref. 25:12-18.

57--New Effective Buying Income per Household, 1965

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|-----------|
| 1. | Alaska (13-\$8,226) | \$10,968* |
| 2. | Delaware | 10,521 |
| 3. | Connecticut | 9,989 |
| 4. | Nevada | 9,646 |
| 5. | Hawaii | 9,546 |
| 6. | Maryland | 9,384 |
| 7. | New Jersey | 9,355 |
| 8. | Illinois | 9,140 |
| 9. | New York | 9,117 |
| 10. | Massachusetts | 9,105 |
| 11. | Michigan | 9,068 |
| 12. | California | 8,792 |
| 13. | Ohio | 8,195 |
| 14. | Pennsylvania | 8,024 |
| 15. | Indiana | 8,016 |
| | UNITED STATES | 7,989 |
| 16. | Rhode Island | 7,832 |
| 17. | North Dakota | 7,671 |
| 18. | Colorado | 7,670 |
| 19. | Virginia | 7,658 |
| 20. | Washington | 7,643 |
| 21. | Missouri | 7,639 |
| 22. | Wisconsin | 7,588 |
| 23. | New Hampshire | 7,524 |
| 24. | Minnesota | 7,511 |
| 25. | Oregon | 7,436 |
| 26. | Utah | 7,435 |
| 27. | Vermont | 7,427 |
| 28. | Arizona | 7,380 |
| 29. | Nebraska | 7,365 |
| 30. | Iowa | 7,355 |
| 31. | Wyoming | 7,350 |
| 32. | New Mexico | 7,063 |
| 33. | Montana | 7,048 |
| 34. | Texas | 7,008 |
| 35. | Maine | 6,996 |
| 36. | Kansas | 6,969 |
| 37. | Georgia | 6,886 |
| 38. | North Carolina | 6,848 |
| 39. | West Virginia | 6,663 |
| 40. | Florida | 6,611 |
| 41. | Idaho | 6,509 |
| 42. | South Dakota | 6,495 |
| 43. | Louisiana | 6,475 |
| 44. | South Carolina | 6,354 |
| 45. | Oklahoma | 6,292 |
| 46. | Tennessee | 6,283 |
| 47. | Kentucky | 6,214 |
| 48. | Alabama | 6,107 |
| 49. | Arkansas | 5,568 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 5,536 |

© 1966, Sales Management

Survey of Buying Power; further reproduction is forbidden.

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 6:B-3.

58--Percent of Households with Incomes Under \$2,500 in 1965

| | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| 1. | Connecticut | 11.1% |
| 2. | Nevada | 11.5 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 12.3 |
| 4. | { Hawaii | 12.6 |
| | { Maryland | 12.6 |
| 6. | Alaska | 13.2 |
| 7. | Massachusetts | 13.4 |
| 8. | { Delaware | 14.4 |
| | { Michigan | 14.4 |
| 10. | Illinois | 14.8 |
| 11. | New York | 15.4 |
| 12. | Utah | 16.4 |
| 13. | New Hampshire | 16.6 |
| 14. | California | 16.8 |
| 15. | Indiana | 17.2 |
| 16. | Ohio | 17.3 |
| 17. | { Pennsylvania | 18.0 |
| | { Wisconsin | 18.0 |
| 19. | Maine | 18.3 |
| 20. | Wyoming | 18.4 |
| 21. | Rhode Island | 18.6 |
| 22. | { Colorado | 19.7 |
| | { Vermont | 19.7 |
| | UNITED STATES | 20.1 |
| 24. | { Minnesota | 20.3 |
| | { Montana | 20.3 |
| | { North Dakota | 20.3 |
| | { Washington | 20.3 |
| 28. | Oregon | 20.4 |
| 29. | Nebraska | 21.3 |
| 30. | Arizona | 21.7 |
| 31. | Missouri | 22.1 |
| 32. | Iowa | 22.6 |
| 33. | Kansas | 23.2 |
| 34. | Georgia | 23.3 |
| 35. | Idaho | 23.9 |
| 36. | South Dakota | 24.2 |
| 37. | New Mexico | 24.6 |
| 38. | Texas | 25.3 |
| 39. | West Virginia | 26.6 |
| 40. | Virginia | 26.8 |
| 41. | North Carolina | 27.0 |
| 42. | South Carolina | 29.5 |
| 43. | Florida | 29.8 |
| 44. | Alabama | 30.3 |
| 45. | Louisiana | 30.5 |
| 46. | { Oklahoma | 31.2 |
| | { Tennessee | 31.2 |
| 48. | Kentucky | 31.5 |
| 49. | Arkansas | 35.5 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 37.0 |

© 1966, Sales Management

Survey of Buying Power; further reproduction is forbidden.

Ref. 6:B-3.

59--Percent of Households with Incomes of \$10,000 or More in 1965

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | Alaska | 33.9% |
| 2. | Nevada | 31.1 |
| 3. | Connecticut | 27.9 |
| 4. | Maryland | 27.7 |
| 5. | New York | 27.3 |
| 6. | New Jersey | 26.9 |
| 7. | Hawaii | 26.8 |
| 8. | Illinois | 25.7 |
| 9. | Massachusetts | 25.4 |
| 10. | Michigan | 25.0 |
| 11. | California | 24.7 |
| 12. | Delaware | 24.2 |
| 13. | Ohio | 23.0 |
| | UNITED STATES | 20.3 |
| 14. | Indiana | 20.1 |
| 15. | Virginia | 19.6 |
| 16. | Washington | 19.4 |
| 17. | Pennsylvania | 18.9 |
| 18. | Rhode Island | 18.7 |
| 19. | Wyoming | 18.6 |
| 20. | Colorado | 18.5 |
| 21. | Wisconsin | 18.0 |
| 22. | Missouri | 17.9 |
| 23. | North Dakota | 17.5 |
| 24. | Minnesota | 17.4 |
| 25. | Oregon | 17.2 |
| 26. | Nebraska | 17.0 |
| 27. | Arizona | 16.9 |
| 28. | { New Mexico | 16.8 |
| | { Utah | 16.8 |
| 30. | { Texas | 15.7 |
| | { Vermont | 15.7 |
| 32. | Iowa | 15.6 |
| 33. | New Hampshire | 15.5 |
| 34. | Montana | 14.9 |
| 35. | { Georgia | 14.7 |
| | { Kansas | 14.7 |
| 37. | { South Dakota | 13.2 |
| | { West Virginia | 13.2 |
| 39. | Maine | 13.1 |
| 40. | { Florida | 12.9 |
| | { Louisiana | 12.9 |
| 42. | { Idaho | 12.8 |
| | { North Carolina | 12.8 |
| 44. | { Alabama | 12.1 |
| | { Oklahoma | 12.1 |
| 46. | Tennessee | 11.2 |
| 47. | Kentucky | 11.1 |
| 48. | South Carolina | 10.7 |
| 49. | Arkansas | 9.0 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 8.8 |

© 1966, Sales Management

Survey of Buying Power; further reproduction is forbidden.

Ref. 6:B-3.

GOVERNMENTAL AND SCHOOL REVENUES

This section gives data on per-capita federal payments to state-local governments and individuals, and general and tax revenues of state governments, and relates these kinds of revenue to personal income. Also, it gives data on public-school revenue and relates it to general revenues and personal income.

Federal Payments

Federal payments to states and local units of government and payments to individuals for relief and other aid in 1965 amounted to \$77 per capita, and ranged from \$420 in Alaska to \$40 in New Jersey. Nineteen states received more than \$100 per capita; nine states received less than \$60 per capita. (See Table 60.)

Revenue of State and Local Governments

In 1964-65, total general revenue of state and local governments amounted to \$383.56 per capita, ranging from \$848.22 in Alaska to \$244.98 in South Carolina. In 20 states, it was also over \$400. General revenue includes federal grants for various purposes. (See Table 61.)

In 1964-65, per-capita general revenue of state and local governments from own sources averaged \$326.66, ranging from \$453.55 in California to \$200.67 in Arkansas. (See Table 62.) As a percent of personal income in 1965, general revenue of state and local governments from own sources amounted to 11.9 percent, ranging from 16.3 percent in North Dakota to 9.5 percent in Illinois. In three states, it was more than 15.0 percent, and in three states it was under 10.0 percent. (See Table 63.)

Per-capita total state and local tax collections in 1964-65 amounted to \$266.11 for the United States, ranging from \$379.29 in California to \$159.47 in Arkansas. (See Table 64.) In six states--California, New York, Nevada, Wisconsin, Delaware, and Massachusetts--it amounted to more than \$300 per capita. State and local tax collections in 1964-65 equaled 9.7 percent of personal

income, ranging from 11.8 percent in California to 7.4 percent in Alaska (Table 65). In 22 states these tax collections equaled 10.0 percent or more of personal income.

Property Tax Revenue

Per-capita property tax revenue of state and local governments in 1964-65 amounted to \$118.25, ranging from \$196.68 in California to \$30.16 in Alabama (Table 66). Nationwide the state and local property tax collections equaled 4.3 percent of personal income (Table 70).

Nationwide the property tax revenue of local governments in 1964-65 amounted to \$114 per capita, ranging from \$187 in California to \$25 in Alabama (Table 67).

As a percent of total state and local tax revenue, property tax revenue was 44.4 percent nationwide, ranging from 71.0 percent in Nebraska to 18.0 percent in Alabama. In three states--Nebraska, New Hampshire, and New Jersey--it totaled more than 60.0 percent; in seven states--Alabama, Delaware, Hawaii, Alaska, Louisiana, New Mexico, and South Carolina--it totaled less than 25 percent. (See Table 68.)

Local property tax revenue was 96.7 percent of the total state and local property tax revenue in 1964-65; it ranged from 100.0 percent in seven states to 82.0 percent in New Mexico (Table 69). The local revenue amounted to \$131 per capita nationwide (Table 72).

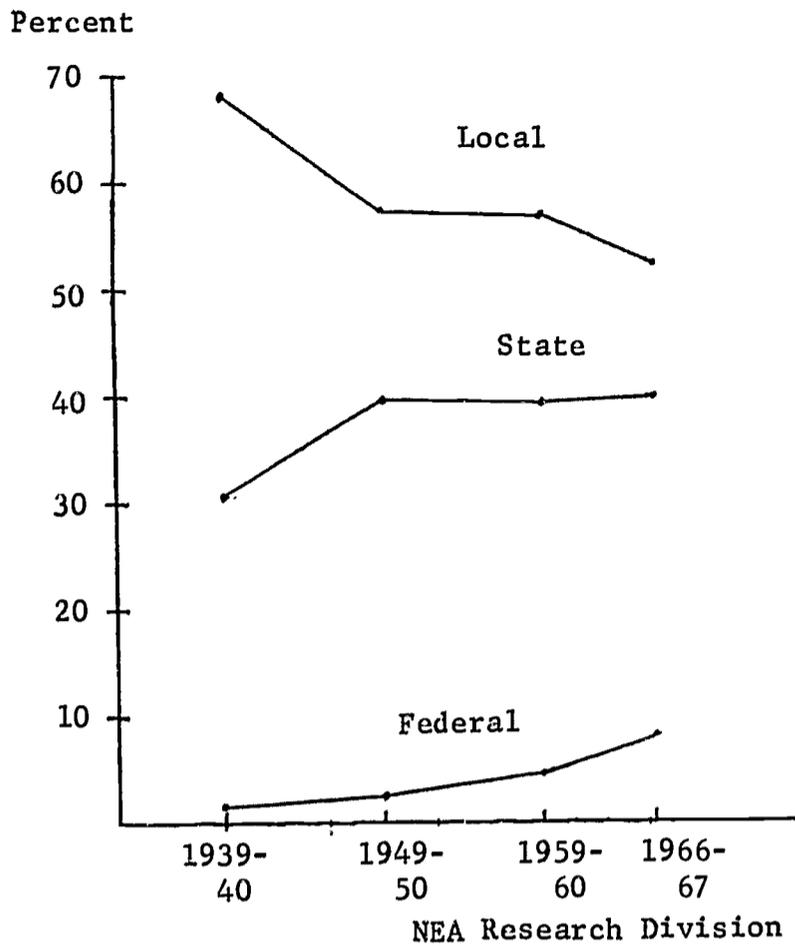
State Tax Collections

In fiscal 1966, per-capita tax collections of the state governments amounted to \$150.60, ranging from \$263.35 in Hawaii to \$85.41 in New Jersey (Table 71). This tax revenue equaled 5.6 percent of personal income in 1965, ranging from 9.3 percent in Hawaii to 2.7 percent in New Jersey (Table 73).

Public-School Revenue

Total public-school revenue (excluding borrowed funds and other nonrevenue) in

PERCENT OF PUBLIC-SCHOOL REVENUE FROM
FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL SOURCES



1966-67 per pupil in ADA amounted to \$674 (Table 74). Revenue receipts in 1964-65 amounted to 4.7 percent of personal income, ranging from 6.9 percent in Utah to 3.2 percent in Rhode Island (Table 75). While in Delaware 76.8 percent of the public-school revenue is provided by the state, only 5.4 percent is so provided in Nebraska. Nationwide the figure is 39.9 percent (Table 78).

On the other hand, in some states a large proportion of public-school revenue comes from local governments (Table 77). In Nebraska and New Hampshire, states where small percents of public-school revenue are provided by the state (Table 78), large percents are provided by local governments, 84.3 in each state. Nationwide, 56.7 percent of the combined state and local revenue of the schools was from local government sources (Table 80).

In 1966-67, the public schools received 8.0 percent of their revenue from the federal government; the range was from 25.4 percent in Alaska to 3.7 percent in Wyoming (Table 79).

60--Per-Capita Federal Aid
Payments to State and
Local Governments and to
Individuals and Private
Institutions, Fiscal 1965

| | | |
|-----|------------------|--------|
| 1. | Alaska (1-\$315) | \$420* |
| 2. | North Dakota | 269 |
| 3. | Wyoming | 263 |
| 4. | South Dakota | 211 |
| 5. | Montana | 202 |
| 6. | Nebraska | 173 |
| 7. | Kansas | 153 |
| 8. | Idaho | 146 |
| 9. | Nevada | 141 |
| 10. | New Mexico | 138 |
| 11. | { Iowa | 131 |
| | { Utah | 131 |
| | { Vermont | 131 |
| 14. | Oklahoma | 129 |
| 15. | Colorado | 120 |
| 16. | Oregon | 119 |
| 17. | Minnesota | 109 |
| 18. | Louisiana | 105 |
| 19. | Hawaii | 103 |
| 20. | West Virginia | 98 |
| 21. | Missouri | 96 |
| 22. | { Arkansas | 94 |
| | { Washington | 94 |
| 24. | Arizona | 92 |
| 25. | { Alabama | 90 |
| | { Mississippi | 90 |
| 27. | { Kentucky | 88 |
| | { Rhode Island | 88 |
| 29. | Tennessee | 84 |
| 30. | Georgia | 79 |
| 31. | Delaware | 78 |
| 32. | Massachusetts | 77 |
| | UNITED STATES | 77 |
| 33. | Texas | 75 |
| 34. | California | 72 |
| 35. | Maine | 71 |
| 36. | Virginia | 69 |
| 37. | New Hampshire | 67 |
| 38. | Illinois | 66 |
| 39. | Indiana | 62 |
| 40. | { Connecticut | 60 |
| | { North Carolina | 60 |
| 42. | { South Carolina | 58 |
| | { Wisconsin | 58 |
| 44. | { Michigan | 57 |
| | { New York | 57 |
| 46. | { Florida | 56 |
| | { Maryland | 56 |
| 48. | { Ohio | 55 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 55 |
| 50. | New Jersey | 40 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:52; 31:749.

61--Per-Capita Total General
Revenue of All State and
Local Governments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|-----------|
| 1. | Alaska (1-\$636.17) | \$848.22* |
| 2. | Wyoming | 619.22 |
| 3. | Nevada | 556.91 |
| 4. | California | 528.99 |
| 5. | New York | 481.35 |
| 6. | Hawaii | 466.38 |
| 7. | New Mexico | 462.49 |
| 8. | Delaware | 461.23 |
| 9. | Oregon | 460.78 |
| 10. | North Dakota | 460.44 |
| 11. | Washington | 459.50 |
| 12. | Montana | 456.57 |
| 13. | Colorado | 454.28 |
| 14. | Minnesota | 437.06 |
| 15. | Vermont | 430.61 |
| 16. | Utah | 420.71 |
| 17. | Arizona | 414.52 |
| 18. | Michigan | 410.00 |
| 19. | South Dakota | 404.86 |
| 20. | Wisconsin | 403.81 |
| 21. | Massachusetts | 396.80 |
| 22. | Idaho | 395.92 |
| 23. | Kansas | 392.72 |
| 24. | Connecticut | 389.43 |
| 25. | Iowa | 388.95 |
| 26. | Louisiana | 385.71 |
| | UNITED STATES | 383.56 |
| 27. | Oklahoma | 368.11 |
| 28. | Rhode Island | 365.97 |
| 29. | Illinois | 361.24 |
| 30. | Maryland | 360.34 |
| 31. | Indiana | 357.76 |
| 32. | New Jersey | 351.36 |
| 33. | Florida | 350.30 |
| 34. | Nebraska | 334.53 |
| 35. | Pennsylvania | 333.77 |
| 36. | Missouri | 328.33 |
| 37. | Maine | 326.41 |
| 38. | Texas | 323.44 |
| 39. | Ohio | 322.69 |
| 40. | New Hampshire | 321.11 |
| 41. | West Virginia | 309.68 |
| 42. | Georgia | 306.51 |
| 43. | Virginia | 297.93 |
| 44. | Alabama | 293.06 |
| 45. | Kentucky | 288.91 |
| 46. | Mississippi | 282.66 |
| 47. | Tennessee | 281.79 |
| 48. | North Carolina | 276.88 |
| 49. | Arkansas | 269.28 |
| 50. | South Carolina | 244.98 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:45.

62--Per-Capita General Revenue
of State and Local Govern-
ments from Own Sources,
1964-65

| | | |
|-----|----------------------|----------|
| 1. | California | \$453.55 |
| 2. | New York | 439.91 |
| 3. | Nevada | 415.09 |
| 4. | Alaska (31-\$301.19) | 401.58* |
| 5. | Delaware | 398.84 |
| 6. | Washington | 385.54 |
| 7. | Wyoming | 384.89 |
| 8. | Hawaii | 376.99 |
| 9. | Minnesota | 373.24 |
| 10. | North Dakota | 371.83 |
| 11. | Colorado | 370.12 |
| 12. | Wisconsin | 364.34 |
| 13. | Oregon | 361.39 |
| 14. | Michigan | 358.15 |
| 15. | New Mexico | 349.47 |
| 16. | Massachusetts | 344.91 |
| 17. | Connecticut | 341.15 |
| 18. | Montana | 336.99 |
| 19. | Iowa | 336.63 |
| 20. | Kansas | 335.64 |
| 21. | Arizona | 334.87 |
| | UNITED STATES | 326.66 |
| 22. | Vermont | 323.64 |
| 23. | New Jersey | 319.35 |
| 24. | Indiana | 318.16 |
| 25. | Maryland | 315.73 |
| 26. | Illinois | 313.06 |
| 27. | Utah | 310.48 |
| 28. | Idaho | 309.99 |
| 29. | South Dakota | 304.87 |
| 30. | Florida | 304.22 |
| 31. | Louisiana | 298.02 |
| 32. | Rhode Island | 295.98 |
| 33. | Pennsylvania | 293.51 |
| 34. | Oklahoma | 284.29 |
| 35. | Nebraska | 283.53 |
| 36. | Ohio | 282.23 |
| 37. | Texas | 273.86 |
| 38. | Maine | 272.55 |
| 39. | Missouri | 271.41 |
| 40. | New Hampshire | 271.09 |
| 41. | Georgia | 249.31 |
| 42. | Virginia | 237.74 |
| 43. | West Virginia | 235.92 |
| 44. | North Carolina | 233.19 |
| 45. | Tennessee | 222.70 |
| 46. | Kentucky | 221.98 |
| 47. | Alabama | 221.85 |
| 48. | Mississippi | 221.62 |
| 49. | South Carolina | 203.89 |
| 50. | Arkansas | 200.67 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:45.

63--General Revenue of State and Local Governments from Own Sources, 1964-65, as Percent of Personal Income in 1965

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | North Dakota | 16.3% |
| 2. | New Mexico | 16.2 |
| 3. | Wyoming | 15.5 |
| 4. | Arizona | 14.4 |
| 5. | Louisiana | 14.3 |
| 6. | { California | 14.1 |
| | { South Dakota | 14.1 |
| 8. | Minnesota | 14.0 |
| 9. | Montana | 13.9 |
| 10. | { Vermont | 13.8 |
| | { Colorado | 13.8 |
| 12. | { New York | 13.4 |
| | { Wisconsin | 13.4 |
| 14. | Washington | 13.3 |
| 15. | { Hawaii | 13.2 |
| | { Mississippi | 13.2 |
| 17. | Utah | 13.1 |
| 18. | Idaho | 12.9 |
| 19. | Oregon | 12.8 |
| 20. | Nevada | 12.7 |
| 21. | { Florida | 12.6 |
| | { Iowa | 12.6 |
| | { Kansas | 12.6 |
| | { Oklahoma | 12.6 |
| 25. | Maine | 12.1 |
| 26. | Alaska | 11.9 |
| | UNITED STATES | 11.9 |
| 27. | { Delaware | 11.8 |
| | { Michigan | 11.8 |
| 29. | Texas | 11.7 |
| 30. | West Virginia | 11.6 |
| 31. | { Alabama | 11.5 |
| | { Georgia | 11.5 |
| 33. | North Carolina | 11.4 |
| 34. | Massachusetts | 11.3 |
| 35. | Indiana | 11.2 |
| 36. | Tennessee | 11.1 |
| 37. | { Arkansas | 11.0 |
| | { South Carolina | 11.0 |
| 39. | { Kentucky | 10.9 |
| | { Nebraska | 10.9 |
| 41. | { New Hampshire | 10.6 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 10.6 |
| 43. | { Maryland | 10.5 |
| | { Rhode Island | 10.5 |
| 45. | Missouri | 10.2 |
| 46. | { Connecticut | 10.0 |
| | { Ohio | 10.0 |
| 48. | { New Jersey | 9.9 |
| | { Virginia | 9.9 |
| 50. | Illinois | 9.5 |

Ref. 18:31-33; 25:12.

64--Per-Capita Total Tax Collections of State and Local Governments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|----------------------|----------|
| 1. | California | \$379.29 |
| 2. | New York | 372.10 |
| 3. | Nevada | 321.82 |
| 4. | Wisconsin | 309.53 |
| 5. | Delaware | 302.05 |
| 6. | Massachusetts | 302.03 |
| 7. | Minnesota | 299.25 |
| 8. | Hawaii | 297.91 |
| 9. | Washington | 294.06 |
| 10. | Colorado | 291.93 |
| 11. | Connecticut | 291.04 |
| 12. | Michigan | 289.66 |
| 13. | Oregon | 280.72 |
| 14. | Vermont | 277.84 |
| 15. | Wyoming | 277.76 |
| 16. | Iowa | 275.94 |
| 17. | Kansas | 273.34 |
| 18. | New Jersey | 268.65 |
| 19. | Arizona | 266.45 |
| 20. | Illinois | 266.30 |
| | UNITED STATES | 266.11 |
| 21. | Montana | 264.87 |
| 22. | Rhode Island | 262.74 |
| 23. | Maryland | 261.06 |
| 24. | Indiana | 257.19 |
| 25. | Utah | 254.61 |
| 26. | Alaska (44-\$187.35) | 249.80* |
| 27. | North Dakota | 248.32 |
| 28. | Idaho | 245.27 |
| 29. | Pennsylvania | 245.05 |
| 30. | New Mexico | 243.15 |
| 31. | South Dakota | 240.71 |
| 32. | Maine | 233.18 |
| 33. | Florida | 233.01 |
| 34. | Ohio | 225.26 |
| 35. | Missouri | 222.67 |
| 36. | Louisiana | 222.04 |
| 37. | New Hampshire | 220.95 |
| 38. | Nebraska | 219.75 |
| 39. | Oklahoma | 215.93 |
| 40. | Texas | 207.05 |
| 41. | West Virginia | 191.97 |
| 42. | Georgia | 190.74 |
| 43. | North Carolina | 188.30 |
| 44. | Virginia | 188.18 |
| 45. | Tennessee | 178.24 |
| 46. | Kentucky | 174.89 |
| 47. | Mississippi | 169.89 |
| 48. | Alabama | 167.55 |
| 49. | South Carolina | 160.82 |
| 50. | Arkansas | 159.47 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 18:45.

65--State and Local Tax Collections in 1964-65 as a Percent of Personal Income, 1965

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | { California | 11.8% |
| | { Vermont | 11.8 |
| 3. | Arizona | 11.5 |
| 4. | Wisconsin | 11.4 |
| 5. | { New Mexico | 11.3 |
| | { New York | 11.3 |
| 7. | { Minnesota | 11.2 |
| | { Wyoming | 11.2 |
| 9. | South Dakota | 11.1 |
| 10. | { Colorado | 10.9 |
| | { Montana | 10.9 |
| | { North Dakota | 10.9 |
| 13. | Utah | 10.8 |
| 14. | Louisiana | 10.7 |
| 15. | Mississippi | 10.6 |
| 16. | Hawaii | 10.4 |
| 17. | { Iowa | 10.3 |
| | { Kansas | 10.3 |
| | { Maine | 10.3 |
| 20. | { Idaho | 10.2 |
| | { Washington | 10.2 |
| 22. | Oregon | 10.0 |
| 23. | { Massachusetts | 9.9 |
| | { Nevada | 9.9 |
| | UNITED STATES | 9.7 |
| 25. | { Florida | 9.6 |
| | { Oklahoma | 9.6 |
| 27. | { Michigan | 9.5 |
| | { West Virginia | 9.5 |
| 29. | Rhode Island | 9.3 |
| 30. | North Carolina | 9.2 |
| 31. | Indiana | 9.0 |
| 32. | { Delaware | 8.9 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 8.9 |
| 34. | { Georgia | 8.8 |
| | { Tennessee | 8.8 |
| | { Texas | 8.8 |
| 37. | { Alabama | 8.7 |
| | { Arkansas | 8.7 |
| | { Maryland | 8.7 |
| | { South Carolina | 8.7 |
| 41. | { Connecticut | 8.6 |
| | { Kentucky | 8.6 |
| | { New Hampshire | 8.6 |
| 44. | Nebraska | 8.5 |
| 45. | Missouri | 8.4 |
| 46. | New Jersey | 8.3 |
| 47. | Illinois | 8.1 |
| 48. | Ohio | 8.0 |
| 49. | Virginia | 7.8 |
| 50. | Alaska | 7.4 |

Ref. 18:31-33; 25:12.

66--Per-Capita Property Tax
Revenue of State and Local
Governments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 1. | California | \$196.68 |
| 2. | Massachusetts | 173.90 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 172.62 |
| 4. | New York | 158.88 |
| 5. | Minnesota | 158.48 |
| 6. | Nebraska | 156.07 |
| 7. | Iowa | 155.36 |
| 8. | Wyoming | 155.21 |
| 9. | Kansas | 154.83 |
| 10. | Montana | 152.52 |
| 11. | Connecticut | 151.97 |
| 12. | Colorado | 143.86 |
| 13. | New Hampshire | 142.46 |
| 14. | Wisconsin | 140.43 |
| 15. | South Dakota | 139.76 |
| 16. | Illinois | 134.22 |
| 17. | Oregon | 129.98 |
| 18. | Michigan | 128.81 |
| 19. | Nevada | 127.26 |
| 20. | Arizona | 126.76 |
| 21. | Indiana | 126.15 |
| 22. | North Dakota | 122.66 |
| 23. | Rhode Island | 120.95 |
| | UNITED STATES | 118.25 |
| 24. | Idaho | 118.04 |
| 25. | Ohio | 116.61 |
| 26. | Maine | 116.05 |
| 27. | Vermont | 115.21 |
| 28. | Utah | 109.53 |
| 29. | Maryland | 107.02 |
| 30. | Washington | 95.43 |
| 31. | Texas | 92.79 |
| 32. | Missouri | 89.24 |
| 33. | Florida | 87.28 |
| 34. | Pennsylvania | 82.99 |
| 35. | Virginia | 67.38 |
| 36. | Oklahoma | 67.34 |
| 37. | Hawaii | 58.49 |
| 38. | Georgia | 58.39 |
| 39. | Delaware | 57.36 |
| 40. | Tennessee | 56.44 |
| 41. | New Mexico | 55.00 |
| 42. | Alaska (48-\$40.31) | 53.75* |
| 43. | West Virginia | 52.23 |
| 44. | North Carolina | 50.06 |
| 45. | Louisiana | 49.41 |
| 46. | Kentucky | 47.31 |
| 47. | Mississippi | 45.89 |
| 48. | Arkansas | 45.22 |
| 49. | South Carolina | 36.79 |
| 50. | Alabama | 30.16 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:45.

67--Per-Capita Property Tax
Revenue of Local Govern-
ments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | California | \$187 |
| 2. | Massachusetts | 174 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 172 |
| 4. | New York | 159 |
| 5. | Iowa | 154 |
| 6. | Connecticut | 152 |
| 7. | { Kansas | 150 |
| | { Minnesota | 150 |
| 9. | Montana | 145 |
| 10. | Colorado | 141 |
| 11. | South Dakota | 140 |
| 12. | New Hampshire | 139 |
| 13. | Illinois | 134 |
| 14. | Nebraska | 132 |
| 15. | { Wisconsin | 130 |
| | { Wyoming | 130 |
| 17. | Oregon | 129 |
| 18. | Indiana | 124 |
| 19. | { Michigan | 121 |
| | { Rhode Island | 121 |
| 21. | North Dakota | 119 |
| 22. | Nevada | 117 |
| 23. | Vermont | 115 |
| 24. | Maine | 114 |
| | UNITED STATES | 114 |
| 25. | Ohio | 112 |
| 26. | Idaho | 110 |
| 27. | Arizona | 106 |
| 28. | Maryland | 102 |
| 29. | Utah | 95 |
| 30. | { Missouri | 88 |
| | { Texas | 88 |
| 32. | Florida | 84 |
| 33. | Pennsylvania | 83 |
| 34. | Washington | 80 |
| 35. | Oklahoma | 67 |
| 36. | Virginia | 64 |
| 37. | Hawaii | 59 |
| 38. | Georgia | 58 |
| 39. | Delaware | 57 |
| 40. | Tennessee | 56 |
| 41. | Alaska (48-\$41) | 54* |
| 42. | West Virginia | 52 |
| 43. | North Carolina | 47 |
| 44. | { Arkansas | 45 |
| | { New Mexico | 45 |
| 46. | { Louisiana | 44 |
| | { Mississippi | 44 |
| 48. | Kentucky | 41 |
| 49. | South Carolina | 36 |
| 50. | Alabama | 25 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:31-33, 52.

68--Property Tax Revenue of
State and Local Govern-
ments as Percent of Total
Tax Revenue of These Gov-
ernments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 1. | Nebraska | 71.0% |
| 2. | New Hampshire | 64.5 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 64.3 |
| 4. | South Dakota | 58.1 |
| 5. | { Massachusetts | 57.6 |
| | { Montana | 57.6 |
| 7. | Kansas | 56.6 |
| 8. | Iowa | 56.3 |
| 9. | Wyoming | 55.9 |
| 10. | Minnesota | 53.0 |
| 11. | Connecticut | 52.2 |
| 12. | California | 51.9 |
| 13. | Ohio | 51.8 |
| 14. | Illinois | 50.4 |
| 15. | Maine | 49.7 |
| 16. | North Dakota | 49.4 |
| 17. | Colorado | 49.3 |
| 18. | Indiana | 49.1 |
| 19. | Idaho | 48.1 |
| 20. | Arizona | 47.6 |
| 21. | Oregon | 46.3 |
| 22. | Rhode Island | 46.0 |
| 23. | Wisconsin | 45.4 |
| 24. | Texas | 44.8 |
| 25. | Michigan | 44.5 |
| | UNITED STATES | 44.4 |
| 26. | Utah | 43.0 |
| 27. | New York | 42.7 |
| 28. | Vermont | 41.4 |
| 29. | Maryland | 41.0 |
| 30. | Missouri | 40.1 |
| 31. | Nevada | 39.5 |
| 32. | Florida | 37.5 |
| 33. | Virginia | 35.8 |
| 34. | Pennsylvania | 33.9 |
| 35. | Washington | 32.5 |
| 36. | Tennessee | 31.7 |
| 37. | Oklahoma | 31.2 |
| 38. | Georgia | 30.6 |
| 39. | Arkansas | 28.3 |
| 40. | West Virginia | 27.2 |
| 41. | Kentucky | 27.1 |
| 42. | Mississippi | 27.0 |
| 43. | North Carolina | 26.6 |
| 44. | South Carolina | 22.9 |
| 45. | New Mexico | 22.6 |
| 46. | Louisiana | 22.3 |
| 47. | Alaska | 21.5 |
| 48. | Hawaii | 19.6 |
| 49. | Delaware | 19.0 |
| 50. | Alabama | 18.0 |

Ref. 18:31-33.

| 69--Local Property Tax Revenue as Percent of Total State-Local Property Tax Revenue, 1964-65 | 70--State and Local Property Tax Collections in 1964-65 as a Percent of Personal Income in 1965 | 71--Per-Capita State Tax Revenue, Fiscal 1966 |
|--|---|---|
| 1. { Alaska 100.0% Connecticut 100.0 Hawaii 100.0 Oklahoma 100.0 Rhode Island 100.0 South Dakota 100.0 Tennessee 100.0 | 1. South Dakota 6.5% | 1. Hawaii \$263.35 |
| 8. Massachusetts * | 2. { Montana 6.3 Wyoming 6.3 | 2. Delaware 253.13 |
| 9. Illinois 99.9 | 4. California 6.1 | 3. Washington 233.73 |
| 10. { New Jersey 99.8 New York 99.8 Pennsylvania 99.8 | 5. Nebraska 6.0 | 4. Wisconsin 197.76 |
| 13. { Vermont 99.6 West Virginia 99.6 | 6. Minnesota 5.9 | 5. New Mexico 197.56 |
| 15. Arkansas 99.5 | 7. { Iowa 5.8 Kansas 5.8 | 6. Alaska (28-\$145.58) 194.11* |
| 16. Oregon 99.4 | 9. Massachusetts 5.7 | 7. New York 187.85 |
| 17. Georgia 99.3 | 10. New Hampshire 5.6 | 8. Nevada 183.86 |
| 18. { Delaware 99.0 Iowa 99.0 | 11. Arizona 5.5 | 9. Louisiana 182.78 |
| 20. South Carolina 98.7 | 12. { Colorado 5.4 North Dakota 5.4 | 10. California 181.72 |
| 21. Missouri 98.5 | 14. New Jersey 5.3 | 11. Vermont 177.69 |
| 22. { Indiana 98.2 Maine 98.2 | 15. Wisconsin 5.2 | 12. Idaho 174.73 |
| 24. Colorado 97.7 | 16. Maine 5.1 | 13. Michigan 174.15 |
| 25. New Hampshire 97.6 | 17. { Idaho 4.9 Vermont 4.9 | 14. Minnesota 171.98 |
| 26. Kansas 97.0 | 19. New York 4.8 | 15. { Wyoming 169.47 Arizona 169.47 |
| UNITED STATES 96.7 | 20. { Oregon 4.6 Utah 4.6 | 17. Utah 166.86 |
| 27. North Dakota 96.6 | 22. Connecticut 4.5 | 18. Colorado 164.78 |
| 28. Mississippi 96.4 | 23. Indiana 4.4 | 19. Maryland 162.71 |
| 29. Florida 96.2 | 24. Rhode Island 4.3 | 20. Oklahoma 158.14 |
| 30. Ohio 96.1 | UNITED STATES 4.3 | 21. North Carolina 155.38 |
| 31. { Maryland 95.3 Texas 95.3 Virginia 95.3 | 25. Michigan 4.2 | 22. Kansas 154.22 |
| 34. California 95.1 | 26. { Illinois 4.1 Ohio 4.1 | 23. Oregon 153.45 |
| 35. Montana 95.0 | 28. Texas 4.0 | 24. Rhode Island 153.34 |
| 36. Minnesota 94.5 | 29. Nevada 3.9 | 25. Connecticut 153.03 |
| 37. Michigan 93.7 | 30. { Florida 3.6 Maryland 3.6 | 26. Iowa 152.17 |
| 38. North Carolina 93.4 | 32. Missouri 3.4 | UNITED STATES 150.60 |
| 39. Wisconsin 92.9 | 33. Washington 3.3 | 27. Indiana 148.27 |
| 40. Idaho 92.8 | 34. { Oklahoma 3.0 Pennsylvania 3.0 | 28. West Virginia 147.29 |
| 41. Nevada 92.1 | 36. Mississippi 2.9 | 29. Pennsylvania 144.59 |
| 42. Louisiana 89.9 | 37. { Tennessee 2.8 Virginia 2.8 | 30. Massachusetts 143.99 |
| 43. Utah 86.6 | 39. Georgia 2.7 | 31. South Carolina 138.40 |
| 44. Kentucky 86.0 | 40. West Virginia 2.6 | 32. Florida 137.88 |
| 45. Nebraska 84.8 | 41. { Arkansas 2.5 New Mexico 2.5 | 33. Georgia 137.20 |
| 46. Wyoming 83.9 | 43. { Louisiana 2.4 North Carolina 2.4 | 34. Kentucky 136.51 |
| 47. Washington 83.8 | 45. Kentucky 2.3 | 35. Arkansas 135.46 |
| 48. Arizona 83.6 | 46. { Hawaii 2.0 South Carolina 2.0 | 36. Alabama 131.65 |
| 49. Alabama 83.0 | 48. Delaware 1.7 | 37. Maine 130.20 |
| 50. New Mexico 82.0 | 49. { Alabama 1.6 Alaska 1.6 | 38. Montana 129.91 |
| *Less than 1/10 of 1 percent under 100.0. Ref. 18:31-33. | Ref. 18:31-33; 25:12. | 39. North Dakota 129.18 |
| | | 40. Missouri 128.61 |
| | | 41. Illinois 127.33 |
| | | 42. Tennessee 123.86 |
| | | 43. Mississippi 123.51 |
| | | 44. Texas 117.85 |
| | | 45. Virginia 117.36 |
| | | 46. South Dakota 113.77 |
| | | 47. Ohio 108.95 |
| | | 48. New Hampshire 90.28 |
| | | 49. Nebraska 87.46 |
| | | 50. New Jersey 85.41 |
| | | *See footnote on page 23. Ref. 21:6. |

72--Per-Capita Local Tax Col-
lections, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|
| 1. | New York | \$214 |
| 2. | California | 211 |
| 3. | New Jersey | 188 |
| 4. | Massachusetts | 176 |
| 5. | { Colorado | 156 |
| | { Iowa | 156 |
| 7. | Kansas | 155 |
| 8. | { Connecticut | 153 |
| | { Minnesota | 153 |
| 10. | { Illinois | 152 |
| | { Montana | 152 |
| 12. | South Dakota | 149 |
| 13. | Nevada | 146 |
| 14. | Nebraska | 142 |
| 15. | New Hampshire | 140 |
| 16. | Wyoming | 137 |
| 17. | Oregon | 134 |
| 18. | Wisconsin | 133 |
| | UNITED STATES | 131 |
| 19. | Michigan | 128 |
| 20. | { Indiana | 124 |
| | { Ohio | 124 |
| 22. | Rhode Island | 123 |
| 23. | North Dakota | 122 |
| 24. | { Arizona | 119 |
| | { Vermont | 119 |
| 26. | Maine | 115 |
| 27. | Idaho | 112 |
| 28. | Maryland | 111 |
| 29. | Pennsylvania | 110 |
| 30. | Missouri | 108 |
| 31. | Utah | 106 |
| 32. | Florida | 102 |
| 33. | Texas | 95 |
| 34. | Washington | 93 |
| 35. | Virginia | 81 |
| 36. | Hawaii | 80 |
| 37. | Alaska (44-\$57) | 76* |
| 38. | Oklahoma | 72 |
| 39. | Tennessee | 66 |
| 40. | Georgia | 65 |
| 41. | Delaware | 63 |
| 42. | New Mexico | 60 |
| 43. | West Virginia | 59 |
| 44. | Louisiana | 58 |
| 45. | Mississippi | 55 |
| 46. | Kentucky | 52 |
| 47. | { Arkansas | 48 |
| | { North Carolina | 48 |
| 49. | Alabama | 46 |
| 50. | South Carolina | 39 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:31-33, 52.

73--State Tax Revenue in Fis-
cal 1966 as Percent of
Personal Income in 1965

| | | |
|-----|------------------|------|
| 1. | Hawaii | 9.3% |
| 2. | New Mexico | 9.1 |
| 3. | Louisiana | 9.0 |
| 4. | Washington | 8.1 |
| 5. | { Mississippi | 7.7 |
| | { North Carolina | 7.7 |
| | { Vermont | 7.7 |
| 8. | { Delaware | 7.6 |
| | { South Carolina | 7.6 |
| 10. | Arkansas | 7.4 |
| | { Arizona | 7.3 |
| 11. | { Idaho | 7.3 |
| | { Wisconsin | 7.3 |
| 14. | { Utah | 7.2 |
| | { West Virginia | 7.2 |
| 16. | Alabama | 7.0 |
| 17. | Oklahoma | 6.9 |
| 18. | Kentucky | 6.7 |
| 19. | Wyoming | 6.6 |
| 20. | { Georgia | 6.5 |
| | { Minnesota | 6.5 |
| 22. | { Alaska | 6.2 |
| | { Colorado | 6.2 |
| | { Tennessee | 6.2 |
| 25. | { Florida | 5.8 |
| | { Kansas | 5.8 |
| | { Michigan | 5.8 |
| | { Nevada | 5.8 |
| | { New York | 5.8 |
| | { California | 5.7 |
| 30. | { Iowa | 5.7 |
| | { Maine | 5.7 |
| | { North Dakota | 5.7 |
| 34. | Oregon | 5.6 |
| | UNITED STATES | 5.6 |
| 35. | { Maryland | 5.5 |
| | { Rhode Island | 5.5 |
| 37. | { Montana | 5.3 |
| | { Pennsylvania | 5.3 |
| 39. | Indiana | 5.2 |
| 40. | { South Dakota | 5.1 |
| | { Texas | 5.1 |
| 42. | Virginia | 4.9 |
| 43. | Missouri | 4.8 |
| 44. | Massachusetts | 4.7 |
| 45. | Connecticut | 4.6 |
| 46. | { Illinois | 3.9 |
| | { Ohio | 3.9 |
| 48. | New Hampshire | 3.6 |
| 49. | Nebraska | 3.3 |
| 50. | New Jersey | 2.7 |

Ref. 21:6; 25:12.

74--Total Public-School Reve-
nue Receipts per Pupil in
ADA, 1966-67

| | | |
|-----|------------------|----------|
| 1. | Alaska (4-\$830) | \$1,107* |
| 2. | New York | 1,072 |
| 3. | Delaware | 882 |
| 4. | New Jersey | 845 |
| 5. | California | 793 |
| 6. | Hawaii | 776 |
| 7. | Illinois | 768 |
| 8. | Montana | 757 |
| 9. | Connecticut | 754 |
| 10. | Oregon | 738 |
| 11. | Maryland | 732 |
| 12. | Minnesota | 728 |
| 13. | Pennsylvania | 725 |
| 14. | Vermont | 706 |
| 15. | New Mexico | 705 |
| 16. | Wisconsin | 694 |
| 17. | Michigan | 686 |
| 18. | Indiana | 678 |
| 19. | Washington | 677 |
| 20. | Wyoming | 675 |
| | UNITED STATES | 674 |
| 21. | Kansas | 658 |
| 22. | Arizona | 643 |
| 23. | Louisiana | 636 |
| 24. | Colorado | 634 |
| 25. | Kentucky | 627 |
| 26. | Virginia | 626 |
| 27. | New Hampshire | 620 |
| 28. | Nevada | 619 |
| 29. | Missouri | 607 |
| 30. | Iowa | 600 |
| 31. | Florida | 599 |
| 32. | Rhode Island | 597 |
| 33. | Utah | 589 |
| 34. | Massachusetts | 584 |
| 35. | Ohio | 581 |
| 36. | Texas | 558 |
| 37. | North Dakota | 554 |
| 38. | South Dakota | 530 |
| 39. | { Maine | 527 |
| | { Nebraska | 527 |
| 41. | Oklahoma | 512 |
| 42. | Georgia | 490 |
| 43. | West Virginia | 487 |
| 44. | North Carolina | 470 |
| 45. | Arkansas | 466 |
| 46. | Idaho | 451 |
| 47. | Tennessee | 449 |
| 48. | Alabama | 441 |
| 49. | South Carolina | 433 |
| 50. | Mississippi | 408 |

*See footnote in page 23.
Ref. 5:26, 32.

| 75--Total Public-School Revenue, 1965-66, as Percent of Personal Income, 1965 | 76--Local and State Revenue for Public Schools as Percent of Personal Income, 1965 | 77--Estimated Percent of Revenue Receipts for Public Elementary and Secondary Schools from Local Governments, 1966-67 |
|---|--|---|
| 1. Utah 6.9% | 1. Utah 6.5% | 1. { Nebraska 84.3% |
| 2. New Mexico 6.8 | 2. { Montana 5.8 | 2. { New Hampshire 84.3 |
| 3. Montana 6.2 | 2. { New Mexico 5.8 | 3. Iowa 79.4 |
| 4. { Alaska 6.0 | 2. { Wyoming 5.8 | 4. Illinois 71.8 |
| 4. { Wisconsin 6.0 | 5. Minnesota 5.5 | 5. South Dakota 69.3 |
| 4. { Wyoming 6.0 | 6. Louisiana 5.2 | 6. Wisconsin 69.1 |
| 7. Louisiana 5.9 | 7. { Arizona 5.1 | 7. Ohio 67.9 |
| 8. { Arizona 5.7 | 7. { Oregon 5.1 | 8. Vermont 67.6 |
| 8. { Minnesota 5.7 | 9. Washington 5.0 | 9. Massachusetts 67.4 |
| 10. South Dakota 5.6 | 10. California 4.9 | 10. Oregon 65.6 |
| 11. { Mississippi 5.4 | 11. { Colorado 4.8 | 11. New Jersey 64.8 |
| 11. { Oregon 5.4 | 11. { Delaware 4.8 | 12. North Dakota 63.9 |
| 13. { Colorado 5.3 | 11. { South Dakota 4.8 | 13. Colorado 63.6 |
| 13. { South Carolina 5.3 | 11. { Vermont 4.8 | 14. Montana 63.3 |
| 13. { Washington 5.3 | 15. { Kansas 4.7 | 15. Kansas 61.0 |
| 16. { California 5.2 | 15. { New York 4.7 | 16. Maryland 60.6 |
| 16. { Hawaii 5.2 | 17. { Hawaii 4.6 | 17. Connecticut 60.5 |
| 18. { Kansas 5.1 | 17. { North Dakota 4.6 | 18. Oklahoma 60.3 |
| 18. { Vermont 5.1 | 19. { Alaska 4.5 | 19. Rhode Island 59.8 |
| 20. { Delaware 5.0 | 19. { South Carolina 4.5 | 20. Maine 59.4 |
| 20. { Florida 5.0 | 22. { Florida 4.4 | 21. Missouri 57.6 |
| 20. { North Dakota 5.0 | 22. { Indiana 4.4 | 22. { Minnesota 55.7 |
| 20. { Texas 5.0 | 22. { Mississippi 4.4 | 22. { Wyoming 55.7 |
| 20. { West Virginia 5.0 | 25. { Iowa 4.3 | 24. Indiana 55.3 |
| 25. { Arkansas 4.9 | 25. { Michigan 4.3 | 25. California 55.2 |
| 25. { New York 4.9 | 25. { North Carolina 4.3 | UNITED STATES 52.1 |
| 25. { North Carolina 4.9 | 25. { Wisconsin 4.3 | 26. Pennsylvania 50.1 |
| 28. Georgia 4.8 | UNITED STATES 4.3 | 27. Virginia 50.0 |
| 29. { Alabama 4.7 | 29. { Georgia 4.2 | 28. Idaho 49.0 |
| 29. { Indiana 4.7 | 29. { West Virginia 4.2 | 29. New York 48.4 |
| 29. { Oklahoma 4.7 | 31. { Alabama 4.1 | 30. Arizona 48.0 |
| UNITED STATES 4.7 | 31. { Idaho 4.1 | 31. Florida 47.8 |
| 32. { Maine 4.6 | 31. { Maine 4.1 | 32. Michigan 46.8 |
| 32. { Michigan 4.6 | 31. { Maryland 4.1 | 33. Texas 41.3 |
| 32. { Tennessee 4.6 | 31. { Pennsylvania 4.1 | 34. Utah 40.3 |
| 35. { Idaho 4.5 | 36. Oklahoma 4.0 | 35. Tennessee 37.8 |
| 35. { Iowa 4.5 | 37. { Arkansas 3.9 | 36. Arkansas 36.6 |
| 35. { Maryland 4.5 | 37. { Connecticut 3.9 | 37. West Virginia 36.5 |
| 38. Pennsylvania 4.4 | 37. { New Jersey 3.9 | 38. Washington 36.1 |
| 39. Virginia 4.3 | 37. { Ohio 3.9 | 39. Nevada 34.1 |
| 40. { Kentucky 4.2 | 37. { Tennessee 3.9 | 40. Kentucky 33.8 |
| 40. { Ohio 4.2 | 37. { Virginia 3.9 | 41. Mississippi 30.0 |
| 42. { Connecticut 4.1 | 43. { Illinois 3.7 | 42. Georgia 26.9 |
| 42. { Nevada 4.1 | 43. { Nevada 3.7 | 43. Louisiana 26.0 |
| 42. { New Jersey 4.1 | 43. { New Hampshire 3.7 | 44. Hawaii 25.8 |
| 45. Missouri 4.0 | 46. { Kentucky 3.6 | 45. South Carolina 25.5 |
| 46. { Illinois 3.9 | 46. { Missouri 3.6 | 46. Alabama 22.6 |
| 46. { Nebraska 3.9 | 48. Nebraska 3.5 | 47. New Mexico 21.9 |
| 46. { New Hampshire 3.9 | 49. { Massachusetts 3.0 | 48. North Carolina 21.6 |
| 49. Massachusetts 3.3 | 49. { Rhode Island 3.0 | 49. Alaska 21.4 |
| 50. Rhode Island 3.2 | Ref. 5:31; 25:12. | 50. Delaware 18.4 |
| Ref. 5:31; 25:12. | | Ref. 5:32. |

| 78--Estimated Percent of Revenue Receipts for Public Elementary and Secondary Schools from State Governments, 1966-67 | 79--Estimated Percent of Revenue Receipts for Public Elementary and Secondary Schools from the Federal Government, 1966-67 | 80--Local Public-School Revenue as Percent of State and Local School Revenue, 1966-67 |
|---|--|---|
| 1. Delaware 76.8% | 1. Alaska 25.4% | 1. Nebraska 94.0% |
| 2. Alabama 64.3 | 2. Mississippi 19.5 | 2. New Hampshire 89.5 |
| 3. North Carolina 63.8 | 3. Arkansas 18.4 | 3. Iowa 83.8 |
| 4. Louisiana 63.7 | 4. { New Mexico 15.8 | 4. South Dakota 82.1 |
| 5. Hawaii 62.5 | South Carolina 15.8 | 5. Illinois 76.4 |
| 6. New Mexico 62.3 | 6. South Dakota 15.6 | 6. Massachusetts 74.4 |
| 7. Georgia 58.8 | 7. North Carolina 14.6 | 7. Wisconsin 73.4 |
| 8. South Carolina 58.7 | 8. Georgia 14.2 | 8. Ohio 73.0 |
| 9. Washington 57.5 | 9. West Virginia 14.1 | 9. Vermont 72.2 |
| 10. Nevada 54.0 | 10. Kentucky 13.9 | 10. { Colorado 70.8 |
| 11. Alaska 53.3 | 11. Oklahoma 13.5 | Oregon 70.8 |
| 12. Utah 52.8 | 12. Alabama 13.1 | 12. North Dakota 70.7 |
| 13. Kentucky 52.3 | 13. Tennessee 12.0 | 13. Oklahoma 69.7 |
| 14. Mississippi 50.5 | 14. Nevada 11.9 | 14. Montana 68.8 |
| 15. Tennessee 50.2 | 15. Hawaii 11.7 | 15. New Jersey 68.7 |
| 16. West Virginia 49.5 | 16. { Arizona 11.2 | 16. Maine 66.5 |
| 17. Texas 49.3 | Virginia 11.2 | 17. Kansas 66.3 |
| 18. Michigan 47.7 | 18. Maine 10.6 | 18. Maryland 65.5 |
| 19. Florida 46.5 | 19. Missouri 10.4 | 19. Rhode Island 65.0 |
| 20. New York 45.7 | 20. Nebraska 10.3 | 20. Missouri 64.3 |
| 21. Arkansas 45.0 | 21. { Colorado 10.2 | 21. Connecticut 63.8 |
| 22. Pennsylvania 43.9 | Louisiana 10.2 | 22. Minnesota 59.3 |
| 23. Idaho 41.7 | 23. North Dakota 9.7 | 23. { California 58.8 |
| 24. Arizona 40.8 | 24. Massachusetts 9.4 | Indiana 58.8 |
| 25. Wyoming 40.7 | 25. Texas 9.3 | 25. Wyoming 57.7 |
| UNITED STATES 39.9 | 26. Idaho 9.2 | UNITED STATES 56.7 |
| 26. { Indiana 38.8 | 27. Kansas 8.1 | 26. Virginia 56.3 |
| Virginia 38.8 | 28. Rhode Island 8.0 | 27. { Arizona 54.0 |
| 28. California 38.7 | UNITED STATES 8.0 | Idaho 54.0 |
| 29. Minnesota 38.3 | 29. Montana 7.9 | 29. Pennsylvania 53.3 |
| 30. Connecticut 34.4 | 30. Maryland 7.5 | 30. New York 51.4 |
| 31. Rhode Island 32.2 | 31. Oregon 7.4 | 31. Florida 50.7 |
| 32. Missouri 32.0 | 32. Ohio 7.0 | 32. Michigan 49.5 |
| 33. Maryland 31.9 | 33. Utah 6.9 | 33. Texas 45.6 |
| 34. Kansas 30.9 | 34. Washington 6.4 | 34. Arkansas 44.9 |
| 35. Maine 29.9 | 35. Vermont 6.3 | 35. Utah 43.3 |
| 36. New Jersey 29.5 | 36. { California 6.1 | 36. Tennessee 43.0 |
| 37. Montana 28.7 | Minnesota 6.1 | 37. West Virginia 42.4 |
| 38. Oregon 27.0 | Pennsylvania 6.1 | 38. Kentucky 39.2 |
| 39. North Dakota 26.5 | 39. { Illinois 6.0 | 39. Nevada 38.7 |
| 40. Colorado 26.3 | Indiana 6.0 | 40. Washington 38.6 |
| 41. Oklahoma 26.2 | 41. { New York 5.9 | 41. Mississippi 37.3 |
| 42. Vermont 26.1 | Wisconsin 5.9 | 42. Georgia 31.4 |
| 43. Ohio 25.2 | 43. { Florida 5.8 | 43. South Carolina 30.3 |
| 44. Wisconsin 25.1 | New Hampshire 5.8 | 44. Hawaii 29.2 |
| 45. Massachusetts 23.2 | 45. New Jersey 5.7 | 45. Louisiana 29.0 |
| 46. Illinois 22.2 | 46. Michigan 5.5 | 46. Alaska 28.7 |
| 47. Iowa 15.3 | 47. Iowa 5.3 | 47. { Alabama 26.0 |
| 48. South Dakota 15.2 | 48. Connecticut 5.1 | New Mexico 26.0 |
| 49. New Hampshire 9.8 | 49. Delaware 4.9 | 49. North Carolina 25.3 |
| 50. Nebraska 5.4 | 50. Wyoming 3.7 | 50. Delaware 19.3 |
| Ref. 5:32. | Ref. 5:32. | Ref. 5:32. |

EXPENDITURES AND DEBT

In 1965, per-capita total general expenditures, including transfers to local governments, of the states averaged \$208.87, ranging from \$776.01 in Alaska to \$121.86 in New Jersey. Eight states spent more than \$300 per capita (Table 81). State and local governments together spent \$386.73 per capita, ranging from over \$500 in Alaska, Nevada, Wyoming, and California to \$237.88 in South Carolina (Table 82).

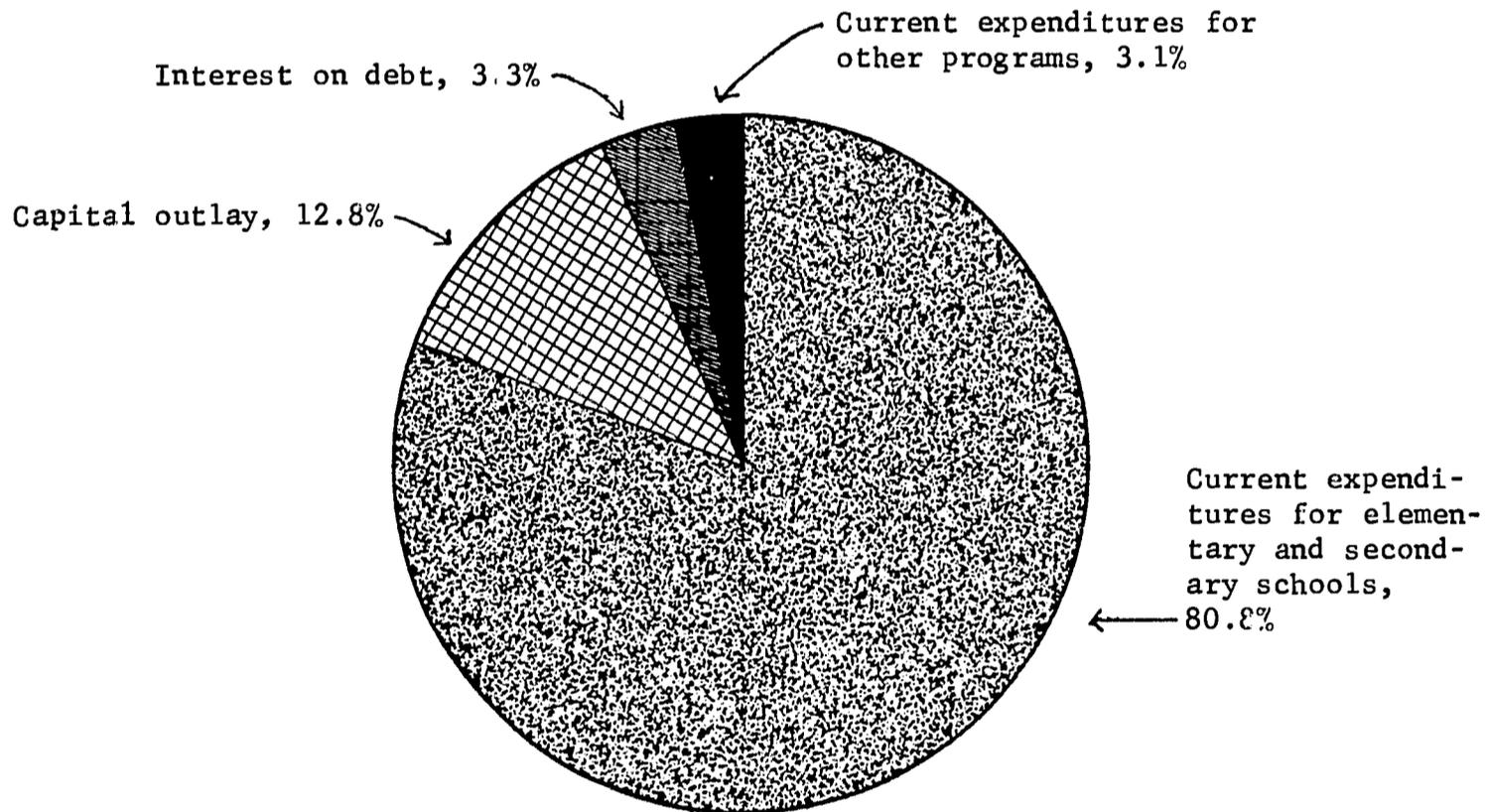
Expenditures for Education

For all public education--elementary, secondary, and higher--the states spent \$75.29 per capita, a range from \$188.85 in Alaska to \$35.18 in New Jersey (Table 83). State and local government expenditures for

all public education in 1964-65 amounted to \$149.47 per capita of the population as a whole, ranging from over \$200 in Alaska, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Oregon, and California to \$97.53 in Tennessee (Table 84). State and local government expenditures for all public education equaled 38.7 percent of all expenditures of these governments; in Indiana, a high of 51.1 percent, and a low of 26.6 percent in Alaska (Table 85).

In 1964-65, direct expenditures of state and local governments for all levels of education were 5.4 percent of personal income. In Utah this amounted to 9.3 percent; in Massachusetts, to 4.0 percent. In 10 states, these direct expenditures for education amounted to more than 7 percent (See Table 86).

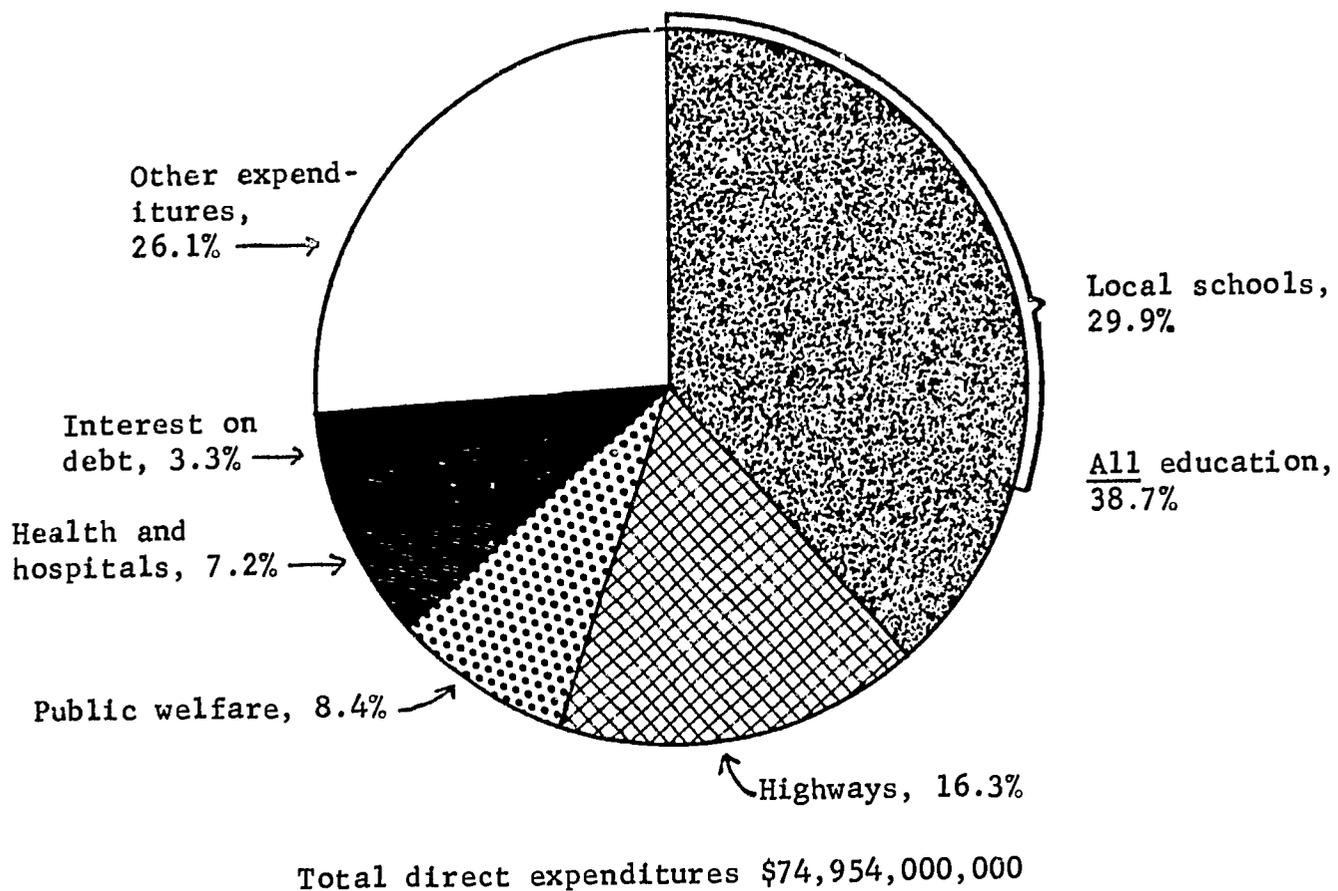
EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1966-67



Total expenditures, \$27,762,098,000

NEA Research Division

DIRECT EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1964-65



NEA Research Division

Table 87 shows that state expenditures for institutions of higher education in 1965 totaled \$27.24 per capita nationwide, a variation from a high of \$64.65 in Alaska to a low of \$13.42 in Massachusetts. Thirteen states spent more than \$45 per capita on institutions of higher education, but three states spent less than \$15 per capita. Per-capita state and local government expenditures for higher education in 1964-65 totaled \$30.25 nationwide, ranging from over \$50 in eight states to \$13.48 in Massachusetts (Table 88).

State and local expenditures for local schools (including capital outlay) nationwide took \$115.44 per capita (Table 89).

Estimated current expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance for elementary and secondary schools for 1966-67 is \$564 (Table 90). Increases over 1956-57 are given in Table 93. The increases reflect both a more nearly adequate school program and a rise in prices in the decade. Variations in per-pupil amounts and in per-

cent of increase among the states are great. Per-pupil expenditures vary from a high of \$912 in New York to a low of \$315 in Mississippi. Increases over expenditures 10 years ago vary from a high of 164.8 percent in Virginia to a low of 49.1 percent in Vermont. Per-pupil expenditures for public elementary and secondary schools equaled 3.8 percent of personal income, a range from 5.9 percent in Wyoming to 3.0 percent in Illinois (Table 92).

Table 94 gives current expenditures per pupil in average daily membership in 1966-67. The range is from \$840 in New York to \$291 in Mississippi; no data are available for six states.

Expenditures per pupil in federally aided vocational programs in 1964 was \$73, a range from \$162 in Massachusetts to \$46 in Arkansas (Table 95).

Pupil transportation costs in 1963-64 amounted to 3.6 percent of current expenditures, a range from 13.1 percent in

Texas to 0.8 percent in Hawaii (Table 96). The average per pupil nationwide was \$39.35; in Alaska it was \$111.52; in North Carolina, \$13.03 (Table 97).

Other Expenditures

State expenditures for public welfare and correction in 1965 equaled 41.9 percent of the state expenditures for all education. In Massachusetts this item took about 15 percent more than education did (Table 98).

In 1964-65 the state and local governments together spent per capita \$32.58 for public welfare (Table 99), \$27.66 for health and hospitals (Table 100), \$13.15 for police protection (Table 101), \$6.74 for fire protection (Table 102), and \$63.05 for highways (Table 103).

Indebtedness

Expenditures in excess of revenues, usually for capital outlay, have resulted in varying amounts of indebtedness for most of the states. At the end of the fiscal year 1965, state governments in Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wisconsin, and Wyoming had no long-term outstanding debt backed by the states' full faith and credit. The debt of the other states varied from a low of \$.04 per capita in Indiana to a high of \$485.82 in Delaware. Table 104, which shows these figures, excludes the debt which in some way is not backed by the full faith and credit of the state, for example, bonds of "authorities."

Table 105 shows the per-capita net long-term debt of state and local governments combined. Nationwide the average in fiscal 1964-65 was \$486.04 and ranged from \$128.00 in South Dakota to \$1,151.77 in Washington.

| 81--Per-Capita Total General Expenditures of the States, 1965 | 82--Per-Capita Total General Expenditures of State and Local Governments, 1964-65 | 83--Per-Capita State Expenditures for All Education, 1965 |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Alaska (1-\$506.72) \$776.01* | 1. Alaska (1-\$696.35) \$928.46* | 1. Alaska (4-\$141.64) \$188.85* |
| 2. Wyoming 407.18 | 2. Nevada 635.54 | 2. Delaware 179.66 |
| 3. Delaware 366.56 | 3. Wyoming 611.85 | 3. New Mexico 159.18 |
| 4. Hawaii 362.78 | 4. California 533.58 | 4. Utah 147.95 |
| 5. Nevada 331.81 | 5. Hawaii 494.40 | 5. Washington 134.37 |
| 6. New Mexico 329.50 | 6. Colorado 480.59 | 6. Hawaii 133.11 |
| 7. Utah 308.50 | 7. New York 479.83 | 7. Wyoming 111.46 |
| 8. Washington 306.62 | 8. Delaware 478.81 | 8. Minnesota 99.43 |
| 9. Louisiana 293.26 | 9. Washington 475.16 | 9. Michigan 98.34 |
| 10. Vermont 290.91 | 10. Oregon 470.94 | 10. Arizona 97.29 |
| 11. North Dakota 288.66 | 11. Montana 463.50 | 11. Louisiana 94.70 |
| 12. Oregon 279.10 | 12. North Dakota 459.84 | 12. Oregon 94.25 |
| 13. California 273.40 | 13. Utah 454.56 | 13. Colorado 94.13 |
| 14. Montana 268.73 | 14. New Mexico 436.73 | 14. Indiana 92.88 |
| 15. Oklahoma 263.64 | 15. Minnesota 433.21 | 15. California 92.73 |
| 16. Colorado 249.92 | 16. South Dakota 417.01 | 16. Nevada 91.00 |
| 17. Arizona 249.20 | 17. Wisconsin 416.30 | 17. New York 88.29 |
| 18. South Dakota 240.61 | 18. Arizona 414.70 | 18. North Carolina 87.31 |
| 19. Wisconsin 239.01 | 19. Vermont 413.52 | 19. Vermont 83.51 |
| 20. Minnesota 235.90 | 20. Massachusetts 409.05 | 20. Montana 83.48 |
| 21. Idaho 232.65 | 21. Connecticut 402.40 | 21. Oklahoma 83.26 |
| 22. Rhode Island 231.42 | 22. Michigan 399.31 | 22. North Dakota 79.72 |
| 23. New York 220.49 | 23. { Idaho 392.71 | 23. Georgia 79.39 |
| 24. West Virginia 220.40 | { Iowa 392.71 | 24. Alabama 77.54 |
| 25. Michigan 216.80 | 25. Louisiana 391.53 | 25. Wisconsin 76.93 |
| 26. Maryland 210.98 | 26. Rhode Island 391.08 | 26. Florida 75.91 |
| 27. Connecticut 210.01 | UNITED STATES 386.73 | UNITED STATES 75.29 |
| 28. Iowa 209.42 | 27. Kansas 385.03 | 27. West Virginia 73.70 |
| UNITED STATES 208.87 | 28. Oklahoma 378.84 | 28. Mississippi 73.19 |
| 29. Alabama 207.02 | 29. Illinois 365.63 | 29. Texas 72.59 |
| 30. Massachusetts 206.79 | 30. Maryland 363.01 | 30. South Carolina 71.51 |
| 31. Kentucky 206.78 | 31. Florida 358.93 | 31. Kentucky 69.36 |
| 32. Mississippi 195.93 | 32. New Jersey 354.08 | 32. Maryland 69.03 |
| 33. Indiana 195.01 | 33. Indiana 344.56 | 33. Idaho 68.02 |
| 34. Kansas 193.11 | 34. Nebraska 342.16 | 34. Kansas 67.93 |
| 35. Maine 191.57 | 35. New Hampshire 339.58 | 35. Iowa 65.97 |
| 36. Florida 188.42 | 36. Ohio 331.32 | 36. Pennsylvania 65.60 |
| 37. North Carolina 182.25 | 37. Pennsylvania 327.33 | 37. Tennessee 61.83 |
| 38. Virginia 180.80 | 38. Texas 326.13 | 38. Rhode Island 59.50 |
| 39. Georgia 180.66 | 39. Missouri 323.76 | 39. South Dakota 58.85 |
| 40. Pennsylvania 180.47 | 40. Maine 312.96 | 40. Virginia 58.37 |
| 41. Illinois 178.56 | 41. Virginia 311.21 | 41. Arkansas 58.25 |
| 42. Arkansas 177.38 | 42. Georgia 310.02 | 42. Illinois 58.22 |
| 43. New Hampshire 175.44 | 43. Kentucky 307.56 | 43. Missouri 55.65 |
| 44. Tennessee 174.56 | 44. West Virginia 306.78 | 44. Connecticut 52.46 |
| 45. Missouri 172.41 | 45. Alabama 306.57 | 45. Maine 49.72 |
| 46. South Carolina 171.58 | 46. Mississippi 296.88 | 46. Ohio 41.44 |
| 47. Texas 160.68 | 47. Tennessee 283.10 | 47. New Hampshire 40.06 |
| 48. Nebraska 153.69 | 48. North Carolina 265.04 | 48. Nebraska 36.97 |
| 49. Ohio 148.10 | 49. Arkansas 264.45 | 49. Massachusetts 35.88 |
| 50. New Jersey 121.86 | 50. South Carolina 237.88 | 50. New Jersey 35.18 |
| *See footnote on page 23. | *See footnote on page 23. | *See footnote on page 23. |
| Ref. 9:13. | Ref. 18:45. | Ref. 9:13. |

84--Per-Capita Total Expenditures of State and Local Governments for All Education, 1964-65

| | |
|-----|--------------------------------|
| 1. | Alaska (10-\$185.28) \$247.04* |
| 2. | Colorado 220.90 |
| 3. | Utah 219.37 |
| 4. | Wyoming 205.43 |
| 5. | Oregon 203.59 |
| 6. | California 202.85 |
| 7. | Nevada 199.97 |
| 8. | Delaware 199.36 |
| 9. | New Mexico 197.46 |
| 10. | Washington 188.53 |
| 11. | Arizona 185.26 |
| 12. | Montana 181.95 |
| 13. | Minnesota 178.93 |
| 14. | Michigan 178.19 |
| 15. | Indiana 175.99 |
| 16. | Wisconsin 174.86 |
| 17. | Iowa 174.61 |
| 18. | North Dakota 173.80 |
| 19. | Kansas 166.58 |
| 20. | New York 165.34 |
| 21. | South Dakota 161.43 |
| 22. | Hawaii 158.37 |
| 23. | Vermont 156.95 |
| | UNITED STATES 149.47 |
| 24. | Idaho 147.11 |
| 25. | Texas 146.42 |
| 26. | Maryland 146.05 |
| 27. | Nebraska 143.55 |
| 28. | Oklahoma 143.19 |
| 29. | Connecticut 140.26 |
| 30. | Illinois 138.24 |
| 31. | New Jersey 135.82 |
| 32. | Florida 128.18 |
| 33. | Rhode Island 128.17 |
| 34. | Pennsylvania 126.39 |
| 35. | Ohio 126.25 |
| 36. | Virginia 126.04 |
| 37. | Louisiana 123.08 |
| 38. | Massachusetts 121.80 |
| 39. | Missouri 121.49 |
| 40. | New Hampshire 119.09 |
| 41. | North Carolina 116.89 |
| 42. | Georgia 113.82 |
| 43. | West Virginia 113.36 |
| 44. | Kentucky 109.83 |
| 45. | Maine 108.10 |
| 46. | Alabama 107.52 |
| 47. | Mississippi 104.91 |
| 48. | South Carolina 103.43 |
| 49. | Arkansas 98.98 |
| 50. | Tennessee 97.53 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 18:46.

85--State and Local Total Expenditures for All Education as Percent of Direct General Expenditures for All Functions, 1964-65

| | |
|-----|----------------------|
| 1. | Indiana 51.1% |
| 2. | Utah 48.3 |
| 3. | Colorado 46.0 |
| 4. | New Mexico 45.2 |
| 5. | Texas 44.9 |
| 6. | Arizona 44.7 |
| 7. | Michigan 44.6 |
| 8. | Iowa 44.5 |
| 9. | North Carolina 44.1 |
| 10. | South Carolina 43.5 |
| 11. | Kansas 43.3 |
| 12. | Oregon 43.2 |
| 13. | Wisconsin 42.0 |
| 14. | Nebraska 41.9 |
| 15. | Delaware 41.6 |
| 16. | Minnesota 41.3 |
| 17. | Virginia 40.5 |
| 18. | Maryland 40.2 |
| 19. | Washington 39.7 |
| 20. | Montana 39.3 |
| 21. | South Dakota 38.7 |
| | UNITED STATES 38.7 |
| 22. | Pennsylvania 38.6 |
| 23. | California 38.5 |
| 24. | New Jersey 38.4 |
| 25. | Ohio 38.1 |
| 26. | Vermont 37.9 |
| 27. | { Illinois 37.8 |
| | { North Dakota 37.8 |
| | { Oklahoma 37.8 |
| 30. | { Idaho 37.5 |
| | { Missouri 37.5 |
| 32. | Arkansas 37.4 |
| 33. | West Virginia 36.9 |
| 34. | Georgia 36.7 |
| 35. | { Florida 35.7 |
| | { Kentucky 35.7 |
| 37. | Mississippi 35.3 |
| 38. | { Alabama 35.1 |
| | { New Hampshire 35.1 |
| 40. | Connecticut 34.9 |
| 41. | { Maine 34.5 |
| | { New York 34.5 |
| | { Tennessee 34.5 |
| 44. | Wyoming 33.6 |
| 45. | Rhode Island 32.8 |
| 46. | Hawaii 32.0 |
| 47. | Nevada 31.5 |
| 48. | Louisiana 31.4 |
| 49. | Massachusetts 29.8 |
| 50. | Alaska 26.6 |

Ref. 18:34, 36, 38.

86--Direct Expenditures of State and Local Governments for All Education in 1964-65 as Percent of Personal Income in 1965

| | |
|-----|----------------------|
| 1. | Utah 9.3% |
| 2. | New Mexico 9.1 |
| 3. | Wyoming 8.3 |
| 4. | Colorado 8.2 |
| 5. | Arizona 8.0 |
| 6. | North Dakota 7.6 |
| 7. | { Montana 7.5 |
| | { South Dakota 7.5 |
| 9. | Alaska 7.3 |
| 10. | Oregon 7.2 |
| 11. | { Minnesota 6.7 |
| | { Vermont 6.7 |
| 13. | Mississippi 6.6 |
| 14. | { Iowa 6.5 |
| | { Washington 6.5 |
| 16. | { California 6.4 |
| | { Wisconsin 6.4 |
| 18. | { Kansas 6.3 |
| | { Oklahoma 6.3 |
| 20. | { Indiana 6.2 |
| | { Texas 6.2 |
| 22. | { Idaho 6.1 |
| | { Nevada 6.1 |
| | { Delaware 5.9 |
| 24. | { Louisiana 5.9 |
| | { Michigan 5.9 |
| 27. | North Carolina 5.7 |
| 28. | { Alabama 5.6 |
| | { South Carolina 5.6 |
| | { West Virginia 5.6 |
| 31. | { Hawaii 5.5 |
| | { Nebraska 5.5 |
| 33. | { Arkansas 5.4 |
| | { Kentucky 5.4 |
| | UNITED STATES 5.4 |
| 35. | { Florida 5.3 |
| | { Virginia 5.3 |
| 37. | Georgia 5.2 |
| 38. | New York 5.0 |
| 39. | Maryland 4.9 |
| 40. | { Maine 4.8 |
| | { Tennessee 4.8 |
| 42. | { Missouri 4.6 |
| | { New Hampshire 4.6 |
| | { Pennsylvania 4.6 |
| 45. | { Ohio 4.5 |
| | { Rhode Island 4.5 |
| 47. | { Illinois 4.2 |
| | { New Jersey 4.2 |
| 49. | Connecticut 4.1 |
| 50. | Massachusetts 4.0 |

Ref. 18:34, 36, 38; 25:12.

87--State Expenditures for State Institutions of Higher Education per Capita of Population, 1965

| | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| 1. Alaska (8-\$48.49) | \$64.65* |
| 2. Utah | 60.47 |
| 3. Colorado | 58.49 |
| 4. New Mexico | 57.11 |
| 5. Oregon | 50.42 |
| 6. Wyoming | 49.92 |
| 7. Vermont | 49.06 |
| 8. Indiana | 48.59 |
| 9. Arizona | 48.16 |
| 10. North Dakota | 48.13 |
| 11. Washington | 46.16 |
| 12. Wisconsin | 45.69 |
| 13. Delaware | 45.05 |
| 14. Michigan | 44.06 |
| 15. Iowa | 43.25 |
| 16. Minnesota | 42.78 |
| 17. Montana | 42.24 |
| 18. South Dakota | 41.38 |
| 19. Oklahoma | 41.36 |
| 20. Kansas | 41.01 |
| 21. Hawaii | 40.79 |
| 22. California | 32.54 |
| 23. Idaho | 29.31 |
| 24. Nebraska | 27.77 |
| 25. Illinois | 27.49 |
| 26. West Virginia | 27.27 |
| UNITED STATES | 27.24 |
| 27. New Hampshire | 27.06 |
| 28. Louisiana | 26.35 |
| 29. North Carolina | 25.48 |
| 30. Mississippi | 24.96 |
| 31. Nevada | 24.52 |
| 32. Maryland | 24.08 |
| 33. Alabama | 23.11 |
| 34. Arkansas | 22.94 |
| 35. Texas | 22.91 |
| 36. Rhode Island | 22.27 |
| 37. Kentucky | 22.01 |
| 38. Virginia | 21.62 |
| 39. Georgia | 21.36 |
| 40. Missouri | 20.48 |
| 41. Maine | 20.03 |
| 42. Tennessee | 19.84 |
| 43. Florida | 19.73 |
| 44. Ohio | 19.15 |
| 45. South Carolina | 17.88 |
| 46. New York | 16.22 |
| 47. Connecticut | 15.56 |
| 48. Pennsylvania | 14.62 |
| 49. New Jersey | 14.21 |
| 50. Massachusetts | 13.42 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 9:13.

88--Per-Capita State and Local Government Expenditures for Higher Education, 1964-65

| | |
|------------------------|----------|
| 1. Alaska (11-\$48.49) | \$64.65* |
| 2. Colorado | 62.52 |
| 3. Utah | 60.47 |
| 4. New Mexico | 57.11 |
| 5. Wyoming | 55.50 |
| 6. Oregon | 52.72 |
| 7. Washington | 52.46 |
| 8. Arizona | 50.45 |
| 9. North Dakota | 49.47 |
| 10. Vermont | 49.05 |
| 11. Indiana | 48.58 |
| 12. Wisconsin | 47.66 |
| 13. Michigan | 46.89 |
| 14. Delaware | 45.05 |
| 15. Iowa | 44.57 |
| 16. California | 43.87 |
| 17. Kansas | 43.64 |
| 18. Minnesota | 42.78 |
| 19. Montana | 42.49 |
| 20. Oklahoma | 41.44 |
| 21. South Dakota | 41.37 |
| 22. Hawaii | 40.79 |
| 23. Idaho | 32.65 |
| 24. Nebraska | 32.01 |
| UNITED STATES | 30.25 |
| 25. Illinois | 29.61 |
| 26. Mississippi | 29.27 |
| 27. Kentucky | 27.46 |
| 28. West Virginia | 27.26 |
| 29. New Hampshire | 27.05 |
| 30. Florida | 26.36 |
| 31. Louisiana | 26.34 |
| 32. North Carolina | 25.74 |
| 33. Texas | 25.70 |
| 34. Maryland | 25.46 |
| 35. Nevada | 24.51 |
| 36. Ohio | 24.10 |
| 37. Alabama | 23.11 |
| 38. Arkansas | 22.94 |
| 39. New York | 22.86 |
| 40. Missouri | 22.43 |
| 41. Rhode Island | 22.26 |
| 42. Virginia | 21.61 |
| 43. Georgia | 21.36 |
| 44. Maine | 20.02 |
| 45. Tennessee | 19.83 |
| 46. South Carolina | 17.88 |
| 47. Connecticut | 15.56 |
| 48. Pennsylvania | 14.62 |
| 49. New Jersey | 14.20 |
| 50. Massachusetts | 13.48 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:46.

89--Per-Capita State and Local Expenditures for Local Schools (Including Capital Outlay), 1964-65

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Alaska (14-\$131.92) | \$175.89* |
| 2. Nevada | 170.43 |
| 3. California | 156.50 |
| 4. Colorado | 154.21 |
| 5. Utah | 153.22 |
| 6. Oregon | 146.05 |
| 7. Wyoming | 146.02 |
| 8. Delaware | 143.67 |
| 9. Montana | 136.36 |
| 10. New York | 135.54 |
| 11. New Mexico | 135.20 |
| 12. Minnesota | 134.03 |
| 13. Washington | 133.18 |
| 14. Arizona | 130.19 |
| 15. Michigan | 128.67 |
| 16. Iowa | 126.24 |
| 17. Wisconsin | 124.61 |
| 18. Indiana | 124.25 |
| 19. Kansas | 120.32 |
| 20. North Dakota | 120.02 |
| 21. New Jersey | 119.52 |
| 22. Texas | 119.50 |
| 23. Maryland | 118.34 |
| 24. Connecticut | 117.33 |
| 25. South Dakota | 116.93 |
| UNITED STATES | 115.44 |
| 26. Idaho | 111.15 |
| 27. Nebraska | 107.76 |
| 28. Illinois | 105.63 |
| 29. Pennsylvania | 105.35 |
| 30. Massachusetts | 104.69 |
| 31. Hawaii | 103.90 |
| 32. Ohio | 101.11 |
| 33. Virginia | 100.63 |
| 34. Vermont | 99.36 |
| 35. Florida | 98.87 |
| 36. Oklahoma | 98.09 |
| 37. Rhode Island | 97.15 |
| 38. Missouri | 97.13 |
| 39. Louisiana | 92.31 |
| 40. Georgia | 88.29 |
| 41. North Carolina | 87.48 |
| 42. New Hampshire | 86.85 |
| 43. Maine | 83.12 |
| 44. West Virginia | 81.83 |
| 45. South Carolina | 79.65 |
| 46. Alabama | 76.50 |
| 47. Kentucky | 76.18 |
| 48. Tennessee | 74.25 |
| 49. Mississippi | 72.53 |
| 50. Arkansas | 72.45 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:46.

| 90--Estimated Current Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Schools per Pupil in ADA, 1966-67 | 91--Current Expenditures per Public-School Pupil in ADA as Percent of National Average, 1966-67 | 92--Total Current Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Schools in 1965-66 as Percent of Personal Income in 1965 |
|--|---|---|
| 1. New York \$912 | 1. New York 161.7% | 1. Wyoming 5.9% |
| 2. Alaska (4-\$658) 877* | 2. Alaska (4-116.7%) 155.5* | 2. { New Mexico 5.4 |
| 3. New Jersey 740 | 3. New Jersey 131.2 | { Utah 5.4 |
| 4. Wyoming 669 | 4. Wyoming 118.7 | 4. Montana 5.2 |
| 5. Connecticut 657 | 5. Connecticut 116.5 | 5. { Arizona 5.0 |
| 6. Oregon 645 | 6. Oregon 114.4 | { South Dakota 5.0 |
| 7. Delaware 629 | 7. Delaware 111.5 | 7. Alaska 4.9 |
| 8. Wisconsin 614 | 8. Wisconsin 108.9 | 8. Louisiana 4.8 |
| 9. California 613 | 9. California 108.7 | 9. Oregon 4.7 |
| 10. { Illinois 603 | 10. { Illinois 106.9 | 10. Colorado 4.6 |
| { Maryland 603 | { Maryland 106.9 | 11. { Minnesota 4.5 |
| 12. { Minnesota 597 | { Minnesota 105.9 | { Washington 4.5 |
| { Pennsylvania 597 | 12. { Pennsylvania 105.9 | 13. { North Carolina 4.3 |
| { Rhode Island 597 | { Rhode Island 105.9 | { North Dakota 4.3 |
| 15. Montana 594 | 15. Montana 105.3 | { Alabama 4.2 |
| 16. Nevada 591 | 16. Nevada 104.8 | { Arkansas 4.2 |
| 17. Hawaii 588 | 17. Hawaii 104.3 | 15. { New York 4.2 |
| 18. Michigan 583 | 18. Michigan 103.4 | { Oklahoma 4.2 |
| 19. Washington 581 | 19. Washington 103.0 | { South Carolina 4.2 |
| 20. Indiana 580 | 20. Indiana 102.8 | { Hawaii 4.1 |
| 21. Massachusetts 572 | 21. Massachusetts 101.4 | 20. { Iowa 4.1 |
| 22. Colorado 571 | 22. Colorado 101.2 | { Kansas 4.1 |
| 23. Arizona 568 | 23. Arizona 100.7 | { Mississippi 4.1 |
| UNITED STATES 564 | UNITED STATES 100.0 | 24. { Indiana 4.0 |
| 24. { New Mexico 556 | 24. Nebraska 99.6 | { Texas 4.0 |
| { Virginia 556 | 25. { New Mexico 98.6 | { Georgia 3.9 |
| 26. Louisiana 554 | { Virginia 98.6 | { Maine 3.9 |
| 27. Kansas 533 | 27. Louisiana 98.2 | 26. { Michigan 3.9 |
| 28. Iowa 529 | 28. Kansas 94.5 | { Nevada 3.9 |
| 29. Vermont 525 | 29. Iowa 93.8 | { West Virginia 3.9 |
| 30. New Hampshire 523 | 30. Vermont 93.1 | { Wisconsin 3.9 |
| 31. Utah 500 | 31. New Hampshire 92.7 | 32. { California 3.8 |
| 32. Missouri 496 | 32. Utah 88.7 | { Idaho 3.8 |
| 33. North Dakota 485 | 33. Missouri 87.9 | { Tennessee 3.8 |
| 34. Florida 479 | 34. North Dakota 86.0 | UNITED STATES 3.8 |
| 35. Ohio 468 | 35. Florida 84.9 | { Florida 3.7 |
| 36. South Dakota 467 | 36. Ohio 83.0 | { Kentucky 3.7 |
| 37. Nebraska 462 | 37. South Dakota 82.8 | 35. { New Jersey 3.7 |
| 38. Oklahoma 461 | 38. Oklahoma 81.7 | { Pennsylvania 3.7 |
| 39. Texas 449 | 39. Texas 79.6 | { Vermont 3.7 |
| 40. Maine 435 | 40. Maine 77.1 | 40. { Maryland 3.6 |
| 41. Georgia 430 | 41. Georgia 76.2 | { Virginia 3.6 |
| 42. Kentucky 423 | 42. Kentucky 75.0 | { Connecticut 3.5 |
| 43. { North Carolina 411 | 43. { North Carolina 72.9 | 42. { Delaware 3.5 |
| { West Virginia 411 | { West Virginia 72.9 | { Nebraska 3.5 |
| 45. Tennessee 395 | 45. Tennessee 70.0 | { Missouri 3.3 |
| 46. { Alabama 390 | 46. { Alabama 69.1 | 45. { New Hampshire 3.3 |
| { Arkansas 390 | { Arkansas 69.1 | { Ohio 3.3 |
| 48. Idaho 389 | 48. Idaho 69.0 | 48. Rhode Island 3.2 |
| 49. South Carolina 373 | 49. South Carolina 66.1 | 49. Massachusetts 3.1 |
| 50. Mississippi 315 | 50. Mississippi 55.9 | 50. Illinois 3.0 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 5:34.

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 5:34.

Ref. 5:33; 25:12.

| 93--Percent Increase in Estimated Current Expenditures per Pupil in ADA, 1956-57 to 1966-67 | 94--Current Expenditure per Pupil in Average Daily Membership, 1966-67 | 95--Expenditure per Student in Federally Aided Vocational Programs, 1964 |
|---|--|--|
| 1. Virginia 164.8% | 1. New York \$840 | 1. Massachusetts \$162 |
| 2. Arkansas 160.0 | 2. Alaska (4-\$621) 828* | 2. New Jersey 147 |
| 3. Tennessee 135.1 | 3. New Jersey 686 | 3. Nevada 145 |
| 4. Hawaii 131.0 | 4. Wyoming 633 | 4. Vermont 133 |
| 5. North Carolina 127.1 | 5. Connecticut 611 | 5. Connecticut 129 |
| 6. Kentucky 126.9 | 6. Oregon 609 | 6. Delaware 125 |
| 7. Alabama 112.0 | 7. Delaware 591 | 7. Alaska (17-\$91) 122* |
| 8. Georgia 109.8 | 8. Wisconsin 582 | 8. Pennsylvania 113 |
| 9. Mississippi 107.7 | 9. Minnesota 571 | 9. Maine 108 |
| 10. Maine 107.1 | 10. California 567 | 10. Idaho 106 |
| 11. Nebraska 104.4 | 11. Nevada 564 | 11. Wyoming 105 |
| 12. Indiana 103.5 | 12. Pennsylvania 562 | 12. { Illinois 103 |
| 13. West Virginia 98.6 | 13. Rhode Island 561 | { New Mexico 103 |
| 14. New York 97.4 | 14. Illinois 560 | 14. Oklahoma 97 |
| 15. Maryland 94.5 | 15. Maryland 559 | 15. New Hampshire 95 |
| 16. { Michigan 94.3 | 16. Hawaii 554 | 16. North Dakota 93 |
| { South Carolina 94.3 | 17. Montana 550 | 17. Indiana 92 |
| 18. Utah 93.8 | 18. New Mexico 543 | 18. Missouri 89 |
| 19. Florida 93.7 | 19. Massachusetts 538 | 19. Montana 88 |
| 20. Delaware 92.9 | 20. Colorado 536 | 20. { Louisiana 85 |
| 21. Rhode Island 92.6 | 21. Indiana 534 | { Virginia 85 |
| 22. Oklahoma 92.1 | UNITED STATES 529 | 22. Maryland 82 |
| 23. Connecticut 91.0 | 22. Arizona 521 | 23. West Virginia 81 |
| 24. Massachusetts 88.8 | 23. { Louisiana 516 | 24. { Iowa 80 |
| UNITED STATES 88.0 | { Virginia 516 | { North Carolina 80 |
| 25. Louisiana 87.8 | 25. Vermont 501 | 26. Alabama 77 |
| 26. Wisconsin 86.1 | 26. New Hampshire 495 | 27. { Minnesota 76 |
| 27. New Hampshire 83.5 | 27. Utah 476 | { New York 76 |
| 28. Washington 82.1 | 28. North Dakota 469 | 29. Kentucky 75 |
| 29. New Jersey 80.5 | 29. South Dakota 462 | 30. South Dakota 74 |
| 30. California 78.2 | 30. Florida 451 | 31. { Ohio 73 |
| 31. Alaska 78.0 | 31. Oklahoma 444 | { Tennessee 73 |
| 32. Pennsylvania 77.9 | 32. { Nebraska 443 | UNITED STATES 73 |
| 33. Kansas 77.7 | { Ohio 443 | 33. { Kansas 72 |
| 34. Oregon 77.2 | 34. Texas 425 | { Oregon 72 |
| 35. Iowa 76.3 | 35. Maine 417 | { Utah 72 |
| 36. Colorado 73.0 | 36. { Georgia 398 | { Arizona 69 |
| 37. { Missouri 72.7 | { Kentucky 398 | 36. { Florida 69 |
| { Texas 72.7 | 38. West Virginia 391 | { Nebraska 69 |
| 39. Arizona 70.4 | 39. North Carolina 390 | 39. Washington 65 |
| 40. North Dakota 70.2 | 40. Tennessee 378 | 40. Hawaii 64 |
| 41. Minnesota 68.2 | 41. Alabama 374 | 41. Rhode Island 63 |
| 42. Wyoming 67.3 | 42. Arkansas 371 | 42. Michigan 62 |
| 43. Montana 66.9 | 43. South Carolina 348 | 43. Texas 61 |
| 44. Idaho 64.8 | 44. Mississippi 291 | 44. Georgia 59 |
| 45. New Mexico 63.5 | Idaho } Data not | 45. South Carolina 58 |
| 46. Nevada 63.3 | Iowa } available | 46. Mississippi 54 |
| 47. South Dakota 63.2 | Kansas } Data not | 47. { Colorado 52 |
| 48. Illinois 63.0 | Michigan } available | { Wisconsin 52 |
| 49. Ohio 51.0 | Missouri } Data not | 49. California 50 |
| 50. Vermont 49.1 | Washington } available | 50. Arkansas 46 |
| | Canal Zone 796 | |
| | Guam 371 | Guam 175 |
| | Puerto Rico 257 | Puerto Rico 52 |
| | Virgin Islands 538 | Virgin Islands 202 |
| Puerto Rico 197.3 | | |
| Virgin Islands 329.7 | | |

Ref. 4:28, 32; 5:34, 35.

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 5:34, 35.*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 22:141, 142.

| 96--Pupil Transportation Expenditures as Percent of Current Expenditures for Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1963-64 | 97--Average Cost of Transportation per Pupil Transported, 1963-64 | 98--State Expenditures for Public Welfare and Correction as Percent of State Expenditure for All Education, 1965 |
|--|---|--|
| 1. Texas 13.1% | 1. Alaska (4-\$83.64) \$111.52* | 1. Indiana 12.6% |
| 2. North Dakota 9.6 | 2. Wyoming 106.08 | 2. Delaware 16.7 |
| 3. Louisiana 7.5 | 3. Montana 98.25 | 3. Wyoming 17.9 |
| 4. { Arkansas 6.7 | 4. North Dakota 89.28 | 4. Hawaii 18.9 |
| 4. { Mississippi 6.7 | 5. Nebraska 77.83 | 5. Virginia 19.2 |
| 6. { Indiana 6.5 | 6. South Dakota 73.80 | 6. Alaska 19.4 |
| 6. { West Virginia 6.5 | 7. Kansas 73.39 | 7. Utah 20.8 |
| 8. { Maine 6.3 | 8. New Mexico 64.95 | 8. { New Mexico 23.0 |
| 8. { Montana 6.3 | 9. Indiana 62.89 | 8. { South Carolina 23.0 |
| 10. { Idaho 6.0 | 10. Wisconsin 60.54 | 10. Montana 24.7 |
| 10. { Iowa 6.0 | 11. Iowa 59.80 | 11. Arizona 25.3 |
| 10. { Kentucky 6.0 | 12. Minnesota 58.82 | 12. Nevada 25.5 |
| 13. { Minnesota 5.7 | 13. New York 56.55 | 13. North Carolina 25.7 |
| 13. { Wyoming 5.7 | 14. Nevada 56.31 | 14. Michigan 26.4 |
| 15. New Hampshire 5.6 | 15. California 53.15 | 15. Minnesota 27.3 |
| 16. Georgia 5.5 | | |
| | 16. New Jersey 50.92 | 16. Florida 29.3 |
| 17. { New Mexico 5.4 | 17. New Hampshire 48.77 | 17. Wisconsin 30.5 |
| 17. { Vermont 5.4 | 18. Vermont 48.61 | 18. Maryland 33.3 |
| 19. Missouri 5.2 | 19. Delaware 47.68 | 19. Tennessee 34.0 |
| 20. Wisconsin 5.0 | 20. Louisiana 45.99 | 20. Texas 34.4 |
| 21. Tennessee 4.8 | 21. Idaho 44.29 | 21. Oregon 34.6 |
| 22. { Alaska 4.6 | 22. Missouri 43.92 | 22. Georgia 35.0 |
| 22. { Oklahoma 4.6 | 23. Maryland 43.84 | 23. Washington 36.5 |
| 24. Kansas 4.2 | 24. Colorado 43.65 | 24. { Idaho 37.0 |
| 25. { Delaware 4.1 | 25. Oklahoma 43.52 | 24. { North Dakota 37.0 |
| 25. { Maryland 4.1 | 26. Hawaii 43.20 | 26. New York 39.3 |
| 27. Alabama 4.0 | 27. Maine 42.92 | 27. Vermont 39.5 |
| 28. Pennsylvania 3.8 | 28. Massachusetts 41.77 | 28. { Kansas 40.0 |
| 29. { Rhode Island 3.6 | 29. Texas 41.37 | 28. { Mississippi 40.0 |
| 29. { Virginia 3.6 | 30. Rhode Island 40.61 | 28. { Pennsylvania 40.0 |
| | | |
| UNITED STATES 3.6 | 31. Washington 39.54 | 31. South Dakota 41.9 |
| | UNITED STATES 39.35 | UNITED STATES 41.9 |
| 31. { South Carolina 3.5 | 32. Connecticut 39.21 | |
| 31. { Washington 3.5 | 33. Pennsylvania 38.98 | 32. Iowa 42.9 |
| | 34. Michigan 38.14 | 33. Kentucky 46.8 |
| 33. { Connecticut 3.4 | 35. Arizona 35.30 | 34. Alabama 47.3 |
| 33. { South Dakota 3.4 | 36. Utah 34.25 | 35. New Hampshire 47.4 |
| 35. Colorado 3.3 | 37. West Virginia 33.80 | 36. New Jersey 47.7 |
| 36. Nebraska 3.2 | 38. Arkansas 33.39 | 37. West Virginia 49.8 |
| 37. Massachusetts 3.1 | 39. Georgia 33.29 | 38. Colorado 51.9 |
| 38. New York 3.0 | 40. Kentucky 33.08 | 39. California 56.6 |
| 39. { Illinois 2.8 | 41. Tennessee 27.89 | 40. Nebraska 58.1 |
| 39. { Michigan 2.8 | 42. { Florida 27.26 | 41. Ohio 58.9 |
| 39. { Nevada 2.8 | 42. { Ohio 27.26 | 42. Arkansas 59.1 |
| 39. { New Jersey 2.8 | 44. Mississippi 24.27 | 43. Missouri 61.1 |
| 43. Ohio 2.7 | 45. Alabama 23.75 | 44. Illinois 62.0 |
| 44. Utah 2.5 | | 45. Louisiana 63.1 |
| 45. { Arizona 2.3 | 46. Oregon 23.55 | |
| 45. { California 2.3 | 47. Illinois 22.55 | 46. Maine 64.2 |
| 45. { Florida 2.3 | 48. Virginia 22.18 | 47. Connecticut 65.7 |
| 45. { Oregon 2.3 | 49. South Carolina 16.97 | 48. Rhode Island 75.5 |
| 49. North Carolina 2.2 | 50. North Carolina 13.03 | 49. Oklahoma 80.6 |
| 50. Hawaii 0.8 | | 50. Massachusetts 114.9 |
| Ref. 2; unpublished data from Office of Education. | *See footnote on page 23. | Ref. 9:28, 31, 33. |
| | Ref. 2. | |

99--Per-Capita Expenditure of State and Local Governments for Public Welfare, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|---------|
| 1. | Oklahoma | \$65.59 |
| 2. | Louisiana | 57.60 |
| 3. | California | 55.98 |
| 4. | Colorado | 51.57 |
| 5. | Massachusetts | 46.30 |
| 6. | Washington | 41.18 |
| 7. | New York | 40.35 |
| 8. | Rhode Island | 40.02 |
| 9. | Minnesota | 37.00 |
| 10. | West Virginia | 36.17 |
| 11. | Alabama | 35.55 |
| 12. | Illinois | 35.41 |
| 13. | Arkansas | 33.75 |
| 14. | Missouri | 33.26 |
| 15. | { New Mexico | 32.60 |
| | { Vermont | 32.60 |
| | UNITED STATES | 32.58 |
| 17. | Connecticut | 32.25 |
| 18. | Kentucky | 31.92 |
| 19. | Iowa | 30.92 |
| 20. | Maine | 30.12 |
| 21. | North Dakota | 29.75 |
| 22. | Wisconsin | 29.46 |
| 23. | Oregon | 29.18 |
| 24. | Mississippi | 28.90 |
| 25. | Utah | 28.24 |
| 26. | Kansas | 27.49 |
| 27. | Pennsylvania | 27.42 |
| 28. | Georgia | 26.82 |
| 29. | Alaska (45-\$19.72) | 26.29* |
| 30. | Idaho | 26.21 |
| 31. | Ohio | 25.91 |
| 32. | Michigan | 25.01 |
| 33. | Montana | 24.93 |
| 34. | South Dakota | 24.70 |
| 35. | Texas | 23.62 |
| 36. | New Hampshire | 23.57 |
| 37. | Delaware | 22.54 |
| 38. | Arizona | 22.47 |
| 39. | Wyoming | 22.34 |
| 40. | North Carolina | 21.65 |
| 41. | Florida | 21.59 |
| 42. | Hawaii | 20.98 |
| 43. | Nebraska | 20.33 |
| 44. | Tennessee | 20.03 |
| 45. | Nevada | 19.73 |
| 46. | New Jersey | 19.32 |
| 47. | Maryland | 18.89 |
| 48. | South Carolina | 16.14 |
| 49. | Indiana | 14.85 |
| 50. | Virginia | 12.75 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:47.

100--Per-Capita Expenditure of State and Local Governments for Health and Hospitals, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|---------|
| 1. | New York | \$48.60 |
| 2. | Nevada | 43.85 |
| 3. | Wyoming | 42.93 |
| 4. | Massachusetts | 37.24 |
| 5. | Michigan | 34.27 |
| 6. | Georgia | 33.89 |
| 7. | Florida | 33.28 |
| 8. | California | 32.56 |
| 9. | Maryland | 32.52 |
| 10. | Hawaii | 32.27 |
| 11. | Colorado | 31.05 |
| 12. | Minnesota | 30.88 |
| 13. | Alaska (27-\$22.47) | 29.96* |
| 14. | Illinois | 29.73 |
| | UNITED STATES | 27.66 |
| 15. | Wisconsin | 27.19 |
| 16. | Idaho | 25.82 |
| 17. | Kansas | 25.38 |
| 18. | Tennessee | 25.14 |
| 19. | Mississippi | 24.94 |
| 20. | Rhode Island | 24.91 |
| 21. | Missouri | 24.70 |
| 22. | { Delaware | 24.49 |
| | { Indiana | 24.49 |
| 24. | Iowa | 23.70 |
| 25. | New Jersey | 23.51 |
| 26. | Connecticut | 23.23 |
| 27. | Louisiana | 22.37 |
| 28. | { Oklahoma | 21.43 |
| | { Utah | 21.43 |
| 30. | Nebraska | 21.14 |
| 31. | Oregon | 21.08 |
| 32. | New Hampshire | 21.02 |
| 33. | Washington | 20.91 |
| 34. | South Carolina | 20.54 |
| 35. | Vermont | 20.24 |
| 36. | New Mexico | 20.09 |
| 37. | Ohio | 19.83 |
| 38. | Kentucky | 19.80 |
| 39. | Alabama | 19.68 |
| 40. | Pennsylvania | 19.64 |
| 41. | North Carolina | 19.20 |
| 42. | Arkansas | 19.02 |
| 43. | Virginia | 18.57 |
| 44. | Montana | 17.22 |
| 45. | West Virginia | 16.71 |
| 46. | Texas | 16.60 |
| 47. | Maine | 15.94 |
| 48. | Arizona | 15.18 |
| 49. | North Dakota | 13.82 |
| 50. | South Dakota | 13.49 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:47.

101--Per-Capita Expenditure by State and Local Governments for Police Protection, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|---------|
| 1. | New York | \$22.81 |
| 2. | Nevada | 22.56 |
| 3. | California | 19.09 |
| 4. | New Jersey | 18.11 |
| 5. | Arizona | 15.91 |
| 6. | Maryland | 15.70 |
| 7. | Alaska (19-\$11.67) | 15.66* |
| 8. | Massachusetts | 15.34 |
| 9. | Hawaii | 15.31 |
| 10. | Illinois | 15.29 |
| 11. | Rhode Island | 14.27 |
| 12. | Florida | 13.93 |
| 13. | Connecticut | 13.67 |
| 14. | Wisconsin | 13.24 |
| | UNITED STATES | 13.15 |
| 15. | Michigan | 12.89 |
| 16. | Oregon | 12.87 |
| 17. | Wyoming | 12.39 |
| 18. | Missouri | 11.83 |
| 19. | Colorado | 11.72 |
| 20. | Washington | 11.61 |
| 21. | Pennsylvania | 11.50 |
| 22. | Delaware | 11.41 |
| 23. | Louisiana | 11.24 |
| 24. | Ohio | 10.32 |
| 25. | Montana | 10.23 |
| 26. | Idaho | 10.03 |
| 27. | Texas | 9.69 |
| 28. | Minnesota | 9.44 |
| 29. | Virginia | 9.42 |
| 30. | New Mexico | 9.13 |
| 31. | New Hampshire | 8.97 |
| 32. | Utah | 8.91 |
| 33. | Indiana | 8.83 |
| 34. | Iowa | 8.55 |
| 35. | Oklahoma | 8.38 |
| 36. | Kansas | 8.15 |
| 37. | Nebraska | 8.09 |
| 38. | South Dakota | 7.92 |
| 39. | Georgia | 7.81 |
| 40. | Maine | 7.77 |
| 41. | North Carolina | 7.76 |
| 42. | Tennessee | 7.70 |
| 43. | Alabama | 7.45 |
| 44. | Kentucky | 7.37 |
| 45. | Mississippi | 7.29 |
| 46. | South Carolina | 7.10 |
| 47. | North Dakota | 7.09 |
| 48. | Vermont | 6.58 |
| 49. | West Virginia | 6.15 |
| 50. | Arkansas | 5.87 |

*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 18:47.

102--Per-Capita Expenditure of State and Local Governments for Fire Protection, 1964-65

| | |
|------------------------|---------|
| 1. Massachusetts | \$14.49 |
| 2. Nevada | 11.73 |
| 3. New York | 11.55 |
| 4. Connecticut | 10.63 |
| 5. Rhode Island | 10.56 |
| 6. California | 9.94 |
| 7. Hawaii | 9.68 |
| 8. New Jersey | 9.14 |
| 9. Wisconsin | 8.92 |
| 10. New Hampshire | 7.63 |
| 11. Maine | 7.46 |
| 12. Washington | 7.40 |
| 13. Colorado | 7.37 |
| 14. Maryland | 7.11 |
| UNITED STATES | 6.74 |
| 15. Michigan | 6.66 |
| 16. Illinois | 6.38 |
| 17. Oregon | 6.29 |
| 18. Indiana | 5.96 |
| 19. Alaska (29-\$4.38) | 5.84* |
| 20. Ohio | 5.74 |
| 21. Missouri | 5.41 |
| 22. Florida | 5.30 |
| 23. Texas | 5.15 |
| 24. Arizona | 4.81 |
| 25. Idaho | 4.72 |
| 26. Minnesota | 4.63 |
| 27. Wyoming | 4.51 |
| 28. Tennessee | 4.49 |
| 29. Virginia | 4.42 |
| 30. Louisiana | 4.26 |
| 31. Pennsylvania | 4.24 |
| 32. Vermont | 4.23 |
| 33. { Kansas | 4.20 |
| { Utah | 4.20 |
| 35. Iowa | 4.15 |
| 36. Oklahoma | 4.11 |
| 37. Nebraska | 4.10 |
| 38. Montana | 4.01 |
| 39. New Mexico | 3.92 |
| 40. Georgia | 3.55 |
| 41. Alabama | 3.39 |
| 42. North Carolina | 3.36 |
| 43. Delaware | 3.35 |
| 44. Kentucky | 3.31 |
| 45. Arkansas | 3.15 |
| 46. West Virginia | 2.95 |
| 47. North Dakota | 2.53 |
| 48. Mississippi | 2.48 |
| 49. South Dakota | 2.28 |
| 50. South Carolina | 2.19 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 18:47.

103--Per-Capita Expenditure by State and Local Governments for Highways, 1964-65

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1. Alaska(1-\$245.02) | \$326.69* |
| 2. Wyoming | 225.02 |
| 3. Nevada | 167.42 |
| 4. Montana | 139.52 |
| 5. South Dakota | 139.23 |
| 6. Vermont | 121.32 |
| 7. North Dakota | 114.53 |
| 8. Delaware | 111.68 |
| 9. Idaho | 103.19 |
| 10. Oregon | 100.83 |
| 11. Utah | 95.53 |
| 12. New Mexico | 90.70 |
| 13. Iowa | 88.45 |
| 14. New Hampshire | 84.63 |
| 15. Minnesota | 83.18 |
| 16. Kansas | 82.79 |
| 17. Washington | 80.77 |
| 18. Nebraska | 79.74 |
| 19. Maine | 78.56 |
| 20. West Virginia | 76.47 |
| 21. Louisiana | 76.43 |
| 22. Virginia | 73.40 |
| 23. Connecticut | 72.14 |
| 24. Mississippi | 72.06 |
| 25. Arizona | 71.57 |
| 26. Colorado | 70.51 |
| 27. Oklahoma | 70.09 |
| 28. Rhode Island | 69.80 |
| 29. Tennessee | 68.32 |
| 30. Alabama | 67.28 |
| 31. Kentucky | 66.13 |
| 32. Wisconsin | 66.03 |
| 33. Missouri | 63.95 |
| UNITED STATES | 63.05 |
| 34. Florida | 61.64 |
| 35. California | 61.12 |
| 36. Texas | 60.59 |
| 37. Massachusetts | 60.11 |
| 38. Ohio | 60.01 |
| 39. Illinois | 57.18 |
| 40. Maryland | 54.46 |
| 41. Pennsylvania | 53.74 |
| 42. Indiana | 53.66 |
| 43. Arkansas | 52.95 |
| 44. Hawaii | 50.99 |
| 45. Georgia | 49.91 |
| 46. New York | 49.42 |
| 47. Michigan | 48.44 |
| 48. New Jersey | 47.58 |
| 49. South Carolina | 41.53 |
| 50. North Carolina | 40.46 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 18:46.

104--Per-Capita Net Long-Term Debt (Full Faith and Credit Only) of State Governments at End of Fiscal Year, 1965

| | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| 1. Arizona | 0 |
| Colorado | 0 |
| Florida | 0 |
| Georgia | 0 |
| Nebraska | 0 |
| North Dakota | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0 |
| Utah | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 0 |
| Wyoming | 0 |
| 11. Indiana | \$.04 |
| 12. Virginia | .13 |
| 13. Idaho | 1.46 |
| 14. Montana | 2.34 |
| 15. Iowa | 6.04 |
| 16. Washington | 6.79 |
| 17. Ohio | 7.39 |
| 18. Kansas | 8.33 |
| 19. Michigan | 8.75 |
| 20. Missouri | 10.79 |
| 21. Pennsylvania | 11.97 |
| 22. Alabama | 14.84 |
| 23. Nevada | 16.72 |
| 24. Arkansas | 17.97 |
| 25. New Mexico | 20.43 |
| 26. Texas | 22.51 |
| 27. Oklahoma | 27.21 |
| 28. Illinois | 30.23 |
| 29. West Virginia | 36.33 |
| 30. North Carolina | 36.60 |
| 31. Tennessee | 41.33 |
| 32. New York | 46.78 |
| UNITED STATES | 47.11 |
| 33. Mississippi | 50.52 |
| 34. Kentucky | 54.65 |
| 35. Minnesota | 59.39 |
| 36. South Carolina | 63.21 |
| 37. Maine | 67.33 |
| 38. Oregon | 76.39 |
| 39. New Jersey | 78.08 |
| 40. Maryland | 84.69 |
| 41. Louisiana | 100.17 |
| 42. California | 116.98 |
| 43. New Hampshire | 137.39 |
| 44. Alaska(42-\$108.10) | 144.13* |
| 45. Vermont | 165.90 |
| 46. Rhode Island | 171.77 |
| 47. Massachusetts | 193.42 |
| 48. Connecticut | 231.84 |
| 49. Hawaii | 269.61 |
| 50. Delaware | 485.82 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 9:15.

105--Per-Capita Long-Term Debt
of State and Local Govern-
ments, 1964-65

| | | |
|-----|----------------------|-----------|
| 1. | South Dakota | \$ 128.00 |
| 2. | Iowa | 197.78 |
| 3. | South Carolina | 211.79 |
| 4. | Idaho | 218.66 |
| 5. | North Carolina | 221.84 |
| 6. | Arkansas | 263.47 |
| 7. | North Dakota | 266.62 |
| 8. | Maine | 270.21 |
| 9. | Indiana | 281.92 |
| 10. | West Virginia | 293.63 |
| | | |
| 11. | Vermont | 300.03 |
| 12. | Missouri | 303.05 |
| 13. | Mississippi | 313.68 |
| 14. | New Hampshire | 315.09 |
| 15. | Montana | 339.28 |
| 16. | Virginia | 340.30 |
| 17. | Wisconsin | 345.30 |
| 18. | New Mexico | 358.80 |
| 19. | Alabama | 359.66 |
| 20. | Georgia | 362.81 |
| | | |
| 21. | Utah | 366.31 |
| 22. | Ohio | 369.38 |
| 23. | Kansas . | 407.05 |
| 24. | Arizona | 412.08 |
| 25. | Wyoming | 412.80 |
| 26. | Illinois | 430.14 |
| 27. | Minnesota | 441.56 |
| 28. | Oklahoma | 444.89 |
| 29. | Rhode Island | 447.46 |
| 30. | Kentucky | 449.92 |
| | | |
| 31. | Tennessee | 453.86 |
| 32. | Michigan | 455.13 |
| 33. | Texas | 471.83 |
| 34. | New Jersey | 477.09 |
| 35. | Florida | 477.43 |
| 36. | Colorado | 478.97 |
| 37. | Oregon | 480.47 |
| | | |
| | UNITED STATES | 486.04 |
| | | |
| 38. | Nebraska | 491.66 |
| 39. | Pennsylvania | 515.66 |
| 40. | Nevada | 542.76 |
| | | |
| 41. | Louisiana | 544.64 |
| 42. | Massachusetts | 583.74 |
| 43. | California | 586.82 |
| 44. | Maryland | 630.51 |
| 45. | Hawaii | 673.59 |
| 46. | Connecticut | 674.36 |
| 47. | Alaska (42-\$568.58) | 758.10* |
| 48. | New York | 825.72 |
| 49. | Delaware | 1,075.02 |
| 50. | Washington | 1,151.77 |

*See footnote on page 23.

Ref. 18:48.

MISCELLANEOUS

Often such data acreage owned by the federal government and per-capita retail sales, are considered as being related to education, or they are data which help interested persons get a broad picture of the socioeconomic setting of public education.

Retail Sales

Retail sales in 1965 averaged \$1,443 per capita. They were highest in Nevada at \$1,784 and lowest in Mississippi at \$981. (Table 106)

Federally Owned Land

Federal government ownership of land removes property from state and local tax rolls. Studies have shown, however, that federal compensation is not equal to lost tax receipts. In addition, some of this federally owned land is used for military installations manned by Service personnel whose children must have schools. Nearby school systems, therefore, must depend on federal appropriations to help pay the cost of providing instruction for these children. These items, too, must be considered in judging the adequacy of school resources.

As shown in Table 107, the federal government owns about a third of the land area of this country. Variation is from less than 1 percent in five states to more than half in five others. The federal government owns more than three-fourths of the land area of Alaska and Nevada.

Government Employees

In 1965 a total of 2,413,161 persons (civilians) were employed by the federal government within the United States, or about 12 persons in every 1,000 population. The range was from a high of 56 in 1,000 in Alaska to a low of 6 in 1,000 in Connecticut, Michigan, and Wisconsin. (Table 108)

In 1965 a total of 10,414,224 persons were employed by government, federal, state, and local, or about 54 persons in 1,000 population. The range was from 106 in Alaska to 42 in Connecticut and North Carolina (Table 109). Government employees were

16.6 percent of all employees in nonagricultural establishments (Table 110).

Measures of Health

In 1964, for the United States as a whole there were 151 physicians for every 100,000 persons, a range from 211 in New York to 66 in Alaska. Ten states were at or above the national average. (Table 107)

In 1964, for the United States as a whole there were 56 dentists for every 100,000 persons, a range from 79 in New York to 22 in South Carolina. Sixteen states were at or above the national average. (Table 108)

In 1964, nationwide 79.2 percent of the population was covered by hospitalization insurance. The range was from 94.7 percent in New York to 45.8 percent in Alaska. In 18 states, the percent was above the national average; in Alaska, the percent was less than 50. (See Table 109.)

The number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births is sometimes cited as a measure of health, education, and social progress. In 1965 (Table 114), the rate was lowest in Maine, 17.6, and highest in Mississippi, 40.2.

Crime

Major crimes comprise murder, non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny (\$50 or more), and auto theft. Nationwide in 1965, there were 1,434.3 of these major crimes per 100,000 inhabitants. The variation among the states was from 501.7 in North Dakota to over 2,000 in California, Nevada, and Florida. (Table 115).

From 1964 to 1965 the crime rate increased 5.0 percent, being over 10.0 percent in 10 states. (Table 116).

NEA Membership

In May 1966, NEA membership equaled 52.3 percent of the total public-school instructional staff. The range was from over 100.0 percent in Washington to 10.6 percent in Louisiana. In 16 states, it was more than 75 percent. (Table 117)

106--Estimated Per-Capita Retail Sales, 1965

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| 1. Nevada | \$1,784 |
| 2. Illinois | 1,681 |
| 3. Hawaii | 1,678 |
| 4. Delaware | 1,638 |
| 5. Oregon | 1,609 |
| 6. Florida | 1,589 |
| 7. Michigan | 1,578 |
| 8. Wyoming | 1,570 |
| 9. Nebraska | 1,569 |
| 10. New Jersey | 1,568 |
| 11. Colorado | 1,562 |
| 12. Connecticut | 1,559 |
| 13. Massachusetts | 1,536 |
| 14. Vermont | 1,533 |
| 15. Missouri | 1,528 |
| 16. New Hampshire | 1,519 |
| 17. Idaho | 1,518 |
| 18. Indiana | 1,510 |
| 19. New York | 1,498 |
| 20. Iowa | 1,497 |
| 21. Montana | 1,468 |
| 22. Rhode Island | 1,456 |
| 23. Washington | 1,449 |
| 24. Maryland | 1,448 |
| UNITED STATES | 1,443 |
| 25. Minnesota | 1,426 |
| 26. North Dakota | 1,423 |
| 27. Ohio | 1,407 |
| 28. Kansas | 1,398 |
| 29. Maine | 1,395 |
| 30. Utah | 1,382 |
| 31. Wisconsin | 1,375 |
| 32. Arizona | 1,374 |
| 33. Texas | 1,373 |
| 34. Pennsylvania | 1,361 |
| 35. South Dakota | 1,322 |
| 36. Oklahoma | 1,302 |
| 37. Alaska (50-\$957) | 1,276* |
| 38. Georgia | 1,266 |
| 39. Tennessee | 1,260 |
| 40. Virginia | 1,245 |
| 41. New Mexico | 1,231 |
| 42. North Carolina | 1,206 |
| 43. California | 1,194 |
| 44. Arkansas | 1,177 |
| 45. Kentucky | 1,142 |
| 46. West Virginia | 1,136 |
| 47. Louisiana | 1,115 |
| 48. Alabama | 1,105 |
| 49. South Carolina | 1,036 |
| 50. Mississippi | 981 |

© 1966, Sales Management Survey of Buying Power; further reproduction is forbidden.
*See footnote on page 23.
Ref. 6:B-2.

107--Percent of State Acreage Owned by the Federal Government, June 30, 1965

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. Connecticut | 0.3% |
| 2. Iowa | 0.5 |
| 3. Maine | 0.6 |
| 4. New York | 0.7 |
| 5. Ohio | 0.8 |
| 6. { Kansas | 1.1 |
| { Rhode Island | 1.1 |
| 8. Illinois | 1.3 |
| 9. Massachusetts | 1.4 |
| 10. Nebraska | 1.5 |
| 11. Indiana | 1.6 |
| 12. Texas | 1.7 |
| 13. Pennsylvania | 2.0 |
| 14. New Jersey | 2.1 |
| 15. Delaware | 2.7 |
| 16. Maryland | 2.9 |
| 17. Oklahoma | 3.1 |
| 18. Alabama | 3.4 |
| 19. Louisiana | 3.6 |
| 20. Missouri | 3.9 |
| 21. { Kentucky | 4.3 |
| { Vermont | 4.3 |
| 23. North Dakota | 4.7 |
| 24. { Mississippi | 5.1 |
| { Wisconsin | 5.1 |
| 26. Georgia | 5.4 |
| 27. South Carolina | 5.8 |
| 28. Tennessee | 6.0 |
| 29. North Carolina | 6.1 |
| 30. West Virginia | 6.2 |
| 31. Minnesota | 6.5 |
| 32. South Dakota | 6.9 |
| 33. Virginia | 8.4 |
| 34. Hawaii | 8.9 |
| 35. Michigan | 9.0 |
| 36. Arkansas | 9.3 |
| 37. Florida | 9.7 |
| 38. New Hampshire | 12.2 |
| 39. Washington | 29.4 |
| 40. Montana | 29.6 |
| UNITED STATES | 33.7 |
| 41. New Mexico | 34.6 |
| 42. Colorado | 36.1 |
| 43. California | 44.1 |
| 44. Arizona | 44.7 |
| 45. Wyoming | 48.2 |
| 46. Oregon | 52.0 |
| 47. Idaho | 64.3 |
| 48. Utah | 67.3 |
| 49. Nevada | 87.1 |
| 50. Alaska | 98.3 |

Ref. 22:198.

108--Number of Federal Civilian Government Employees (within United States) per 1,000 Population

| | |
|---------------------|----|
| 1. { Connecticut | 6 |
| { Michigan | 6 |
| { Wisconsin | 6 |
| 4. { Indiana | 7 |
| { Iowa | 7 |
| { Louisiana | 7 |
| { New Hampshire | 7 |
| { North Carolina | 7 |
| { West Virginia | 7 |
| 10. { Arkansas | 8 |
| { Delaware | 8 |
| { Minnesota | 8 |
| { Mississippi | 8 |
| { New Jersey | 8 |
| 15. { Kansas | 9 |
| { Kentucky | 9 |
| { Ohio | 9 |
| { Vermont | 9 |
| 19. { Florida | 10 |
| { Illinois | 10 |
| { New York | 10 |
| { South Carolina | 10 |
| { Tennessee | 10 |
| 24. { Idaho | 11 |
| { Nebraska | 11 |
| 26. { Massachusetts | 12 |
| { North Dakota | 12 |
| { Oregon | 12 |
| { Pennsylvania | 12 |
| { Texas | 12 |
| UNITED STATES | 12 |
| 31. Missouri | 13 |
| 32. { Arizona | 14 |
| { California | 14 |
| { Montana | 14 |
| { South Dakota | 14 |
| 36. { Georgia | 15 |
| { Maine | 15 |
| { Rhode Island | 15 |
| 39. { Washington | 16 |
| { Wyoming | 16 |
| 41. Nevada | 17 |
| 42. Alabama | 18 |
| 43. { Colorado | 19 |
| { Oklahoma | 19 |
| 45. New Mexico | 24 |
| 46. Virginia | 26 |
| 47. Maryland | 27 |
| 48. Utah | 30 |
| 49. Hawaii | 34 |
| 50. Alaska | 56 |

Ref. 20:10, 30.

| 109--Number of Government Employees per 1,000 Population, 1965 | 110--Government Employees as Percent of Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments, 1965 | 111--Number of Physicians per 100,000 Population, 1964 |
|--|---|--|
| 1. { Connecticut 42 | 1. Connecticut 11.2% | 1. New York 211 |
| 1. { North Carolina 42 | 2. New Hampshire 12.2 | 2. Massachusetts 198 |
| 3. Arkansas 43 | 3. { Illinois 12.9 | 3. Connecticut 178 |
| 4. { Kentucky 44 | 3. { Pennsylvania 12.9 | 4. California 177 |
| 4. { New Jersey 44 | 5. New Jersey 13.1 | 5. Colorado 176 |
| 6. South Carolina 45 | 6. Ohio 13.7 | 6. Vermont 172 |
| 7. { Pennsylvania 46 | 7. { Delaware 13.8 | 7. Maryland 160 |
| 7. { West Virginia 46 | 7. { Massachusetts 13.8 | 8. Pennsylvania 155 |
| 9. { Illinois 48 | 9. North Carolina 13.9 | 9. Rhode Island 152 |
| 9. { Mississippi 48 | 10. Michigan 14.1 | 10. Washington 151 |
| 9. { Ohio 48 | 11. Indiana 14.2 | UNITED STATES 151 |
| 12. { Indiana 49 | 12. Rhode Island 14.3 | 11. { Minnesota 148 |
| 12. { Michigan 49 | 13. New York 14.7 | 11. { Missouri 148 |
| 12. { Tennessee 49 | 14. Wisconsin 15.0 | 11. { Oregon 148 |
| 15. { Delaware 50 | 15. { Missouri 15.3 | 14. Michigan 145 |
| 15. { Louisiana 50 | 15. { Vermont 15.3 | 15. Florida 144 |
| 15. { Missouri 50 | 17. South Carolina 16.3 | 16. New Jersey 142 |
| 15. { Rhode Island 50 | UNITED STATES 16.6 | 17. Ohio 138 |
| 15. { Texas 50 | 18. Tennessee 16.7 | 17. { Delaware 137 |
| 20. { Florida 52 | 19. West Virginia 17.2 | 18. { Hawaii 137 |
| 20. { Georgia 52 | 20. Maryland 17.3 | 18. { Illinois 137 |
| 20. { Iowa 52 | 21. Minnesota 17.6 | 18. { New Hampshire 137 |
| 20. { Massachusetts 52 | 22. Georgia 17.7 | 22. Arizona 132 |
| 20. { Wisconsin 52 | 23. { Kentucky 17.9 | 23. Utah 129 |
| 25. Alabama 53 | 23. { Texas 17.9 | 24. Maine 124 |
| UNITED STATES 54 | 23. { Florida 18.3 | 25. Iowa 120 |
| 26. { Minnesota 55 | 25. { Iowa 18.3 | 26. { Kansas 119 |
| 26. { New York 55 | 25. { Nevada 18.3 | 26. { Wisconsin 119 |
| 28. Arizona 56 | 28. Maine 18.5 | 28. Oklahoma 115 |
| 29. Vermont 57 | 29. { Arkansas 18.7 | 29. Nebraska 114 |
| 30. { Maine 58 | 29. { Louisiana 18.7 | 30. { Louisiana 113 |
| 30. { New Hampshire 58 | 31. Virginia 19.0 | 30. { Texas 113 |
| 32. { California 59 | 32. California 19.1 | 32. Tennessee 112 |
| 32. { Idaho 59 | 33. Oregon 19.5 | 33. Virginia 111 |
| 32. { Nebraska 59 | 34. Alabama 20.2 | 34. Indiana 104 |
| 35. Virginia 62 | 35. Nebraska 21.2 | 35. { Montana 102 |
| 36. { Kansas 63 | 36. Washington 21.6 | 35. { North Carolina 102 |
| 36. { Nevada 63 | 37. { Kansas 21.8 | 37. { Georgia 101 |
| 36. { Oklahoma 63 | 37. { Mississippi 21.8 | 37. { West Virginia 101 |
| 36. { Oregon 63 | 39. Idaho 22.5 | 39. Nevada 99 |
| 40. { Montana 65 | 40. Arizona 22.6 | 40. { Kentucky 97 |
| 40. { Washington 65 | 41. { Colorado 23.6 | 40. { New Mexico 97 |
| 42. { Maryland 66 | 41. { Oklahoma 23.6 | 42. Idaho 94 |
| 42. { South Dakota 66 | 43. Montana 25.7 | 43. Wyoming 93 |
| 44. North Dakota 67 | 44. Utah 26.4 | 44. North Dakota 89 |
| 45. { Colorado 70 | 45. Hawaii 26.6 | 45. Arkansas 88 |
| 45. { New Mexico 70 | 46. Wyoming 27.0 | 46. Alabama 80 |
| 47. Wyoming 74 | 47. North Dakota 27.6 | 47. South Carolina 79 |
| 48. Hawaii 76 | 48. New Mexico 28.6 | 48. South Dakota 78 |
| 49. Utah 79 | 49. South Dakota 30.0 | 49. Mississippi 74 |
| 50. Alaska 106 | 50. Alaska 42.5 | 50. Alaska 66 |

Ref. 20:10, 30.

Ref. 22:226.

Ref. 22:67.

| 112--Number of Dentists per 100,000 Population, 1964 | 113--Percent of Civilian Popu- lation Covered by Hospi- tal Insurance, 1964 | 114--Estimated Number of In- fant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births, 1965 |
|---|---|--|
| 1. New York 79 | 1. New York 94.7% | 1. Maine 17.6 |
| 2. Oregon 75 | 2. Pennsylvania 91.2 | 2. Vermont 18.8 |
| 3. Washington 71 | 3. Illinois 90.7 | 3. { Minnesota 19.9 |
| 4. Hawaii 70 | 4. Ohio 90.6 | { Utah 19.9 |
| 5. { Massachusetts 68 | 5. Rhode Island 89.1 | 5. Nebraska 20.3 |
| { Minnesota 68 | 6. { Connecticut 88.7 | 6. { Iowa 20.6 |
| 7. Connecticut 65 | { Delaware 88.7 | { Massachusetts 20.6 |
| 8. Utah 63 | 8. Massachusetts 88.0 | 8. Kansas 20.7 |
| 9. Nebraska 62 | 9. Missouri 87.5 | 9. New Hampshire 20.9 |
| | 10. Minnesota 84.6 | 10. North Dakota 21.0 |
| 10. { New Jersey 61 | 11. Michigan 84.1 | 11. Wyoming 21.1 |
| { Wisconsin 61 | 12. Indiana 83.8 | 12. { Oregon 21.4 |
| 12. Illinois 60 | 13. North Dakota 83.3 | { Wisconsin 21.4 |
| 13. Pennsylvania 60 | 14. Oregon 83.0 | 14. Hawaii 21.5 |
| 14. California 58 | 15. Iowa 81.4 | 15. Rhode Island 21.8 |
| 15. Colorado 58 | 16. Wisconsin 80.9 | |
| 16. Iowa 57 | 17. Colorado 80.4 | 16. { Ohio 22.0 |
| | 18. Vermont 80.3 | { Washington 22.0 |
| UNITED STATES 56 | UNITED STATES 79.2 | 18. Connecticut 22.2 |
| 17. { Montana 55 | 19. Oklahoma 78.3 | 19. { California 22.4 |
| { Rhode Island 55 | 20. West Virginia 77.6 | { New Jersey 22.4 |
| | | 21. South Dakota 22.7 |
| 19. { Michigan 52 | 21. Maine 76.4 | 22. Indiana 23.2 |
| { Missouri 52 | 22. { Georgia 75.5 | 23. Pennsylvania 23.3 |
| 21. Wyoming 51 | { Nebraska 75.5 | { Colorado 23.6 |
| 22. Idaho 50 | { Utah 75.5 | 24. { Idaho 23.6 |
| 23. Ohio 48 | 25. Hawaii 75.0 | { New York 23.6 |
| 24. { Kansas 47 | 26. { California 74.9 | { Oklahoma 23.6 |
| { Vermont 47 | { Washington 74.9 | 28. Michigan 23.7 |
| 26. Florida 46 | 28. Kansas 74.6 | 29. { Montana 24.2 |
| | 29. North Carolina 74.1 | { Nevada 24.2 |
| 27. { Indiana 45 | 30. Wyoming 73.9 | |
| { Maine 45 | | 31. Texas 24.3 |
| { New Hampshire 45 | 31. South Carolina 72.9 | UNITED STATES 24.8 |
| 30. { North Dakota 44 | 32. Tennessee 72.5 | |
| { South Dakota 44 | 33. New Jersey 72.2 | 32. { Arkansas 24.9 |
| 32. Tennessee 41 | 34. Texas 71.1 | { Missouri 24.9 |
| 33. { Maryland 40 | 35. South Dakota 70.7 | 34. { Kentucky 25.0 |
| { Oklahoma 40 | 36. New Hampshire 69.3 | { Delaware 25.0 |
| 35. West Virginia 39 | 37. Montana 68.6 | 36. Arizona 25.1 |
| | 38. Maryland 67.8 | 37. Illinois 25.3 |
| 36. { Arizona 37 | 39. Florida 66.1 | 38. Maryland 25.4 |
| { Delaware 37 | 40. Kentucky 66.0 | 39. West Virginia 26.2 |
| { Virginia 37 | 41. Virginia 65.0 | 40. New Mexico 26.6 |
| 39. { Kentucky 36 | 42. Alabama 64.9 | 41. Virginia 27.2 |
| { Louisiana 36 | 43. Louisiana 64.5 | 42. Florida 28.5 |
| 41. { Nevada 35 | 44. Idaho 62.9 | 43. Tennessee 28.6 |
| { Texas 35 | 45. Mississippi 56.7 | 44. Georgia 28.7 |
| 43. Alabama 31 | 46. Arkansas 55.5 | 45. Alabama 30.5 |
| | 47. New Mexico 54.8 | |
| 44. { Alaska 30 | 48. Arizona 54.6 | 46. North Carolina 30.8 |
| { Arkansas 30 | 49. Nevada 54.4 | 47. South Carolina 31.6 |
| { North Carolina 30 | 50. Alaska 45.8 | 48. Louisiana 32.5 |
| 47. New Mexico 29 | | 49. Alaska 37.2 |
| 48. { Georgia 28 | | 50. Mississippi 40.2 |
| { Mississippi 28 | | |
| 50. South Carolina 22 | | Puerto Rico 40.5 |
| Ref. 22:67 | | Virgin Islands 32.5 |

REFERENCES

1. Hobson, Carol Joy, and Schloss, Samuel. Fall 1962 Statistics on Enrollment, Teachers, and Schoolhousing in Full-Time Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools. Circular No. 703. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1963. 37 p.
2. Murray, John B. Statistics on Pupil Transportation, 1963-64. Washington, D. C.: U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, November 1965. 4 p.
3. National Education Association. "Membership by States, 1965-66." NEA Reporter 5: 2; June 17, 1966.
4. National Education Association, Research Division. Advanced Estimates of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools for the School Year 1957-58. Washington, D. C.: the Association, November 1957. 32 p.
5. National Education Association, Research Division. Estimates of School Statistics, 1966-67. Research Report 1966-R20. Washington, D. C.: the Association, 1966. 35 p.
6. Sales Management. "Survey of Buying Power." Sales Management, June 10, 1966.
7. Schloss, Samuel. Fall 1965 Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1965. 31 p.
8. U. S. Army, Office of the Surgeon General. "Results of the Examination of Youths for Military Service, 1965." Supplement to Health of the Army 21: 1-47; July 1966.
9. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Compendium of State Government Finances in 1965. GF No. 4, Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 60 p.
10. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of Illiteracy, by States: 1960. Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 8. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, February 12, 1963. 2 p.
11. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of Puerto Rico and Other Outlying Areas: 1950 to 1965. Current Population Reports, Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 336. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, April 12, 1966. 7 p.
12. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States, by Age: July 1, 1963. Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 294. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, November 5, 1964. 10 p.
13. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States, by Age: July 1, 1964, with Provisional Estimates for July 1, 1965. Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 333. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, March 30, 1966. 10 p.
14. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States by Age: July 1, 1965, with Provisional Estimates for July 1, 1966. Current Population Reports, Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 350. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, October 5, 1966. 4 p.
15. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States: July 1, 1964. Current Population Reports, Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 324. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, January 20, 1966. 14 p.

16. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States, July 1, 1964 and 1965. Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 317. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, August 17, 1965. 2 p.
17. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Estimates of the Population of States: July 1, 1965, with Provisional Estimates for July 1, 1966. Series P-25, No. 348. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, September 11, 1966. 15 p.
18. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Governmental Finances in 1964-65. GF No. 6. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 56 p.
19. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Projections of the Population of Voting Age, for States: November 1966 and 1968. Current Population Reports, Population Estimates, Series P-25, No. 342. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, June 27, 1966. 6 p.
20. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Public Employment in 1965. Series GE-No. 2. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1965. 30 p.
21. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. State Tax Collections in 1966. Series GF No. 8. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 40 p.
22. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1966. 87th edition. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 1039 p.
23. U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. U. S. Census of Population, 1960: U. S. Summary. General Social and Economic Characteristics, Series PC(1)1C. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1962. 344 p.
24. U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Regional Economics Division Staff. "Disposable Personal Income by States in Current and Constant Prices." Survey of Current Business 45: 16-27; April 1965.
25. U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Regional Economics Division Staff. "State Personal Income, 1948-65." Survey of Current Business 46: 11-18; August 1966.
26. U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Regional Economics Division Staff. "Total and Per Capita Personal Income, 1965--Record High in All States and Regions." Survey of Current Business 46: 7-13; April 1966.
27. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service. "Births, Deaths, Marriages, and Divorces." Annual Summary for the United States, 1965. Monthly Vital Statistics 14: 1-16; July 15, 1966.
28. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education. Digest of Educational Statistics, 1966. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 124 p.
29. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education. Statistical Summary of State School Systems, 1963-64. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1965. 25 p.
30. U. S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. Crime in the United States. Uniform Crime Reports--1965. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 192 p.
31. U. S. Treasury Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the State of the Finances for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1965. Document No. 3236. Washington, D. C.: Government Printing Office, 1966. 813 p.

GLOSSARY

Average daily attendance: average of pupils attending when schools are actually in session.

Average daily membership: an average of the pupils belonging, those present plus those absent, when schools are actually in session.

Basic administrative unit: the local school district, the unit for the operation of elementary and secondary schools or for contracting for school services.

Birth rate: number of registered births per 1,000 population (excluding the Armed Forces abroad).

Current expenditures (USOE and NEA series): all amounts spent at all levels of administration--state, intermediate, and basic local--for public elementary and secondary day schools for administration, instructional services, plant operation and maintenance, fixed charges, and other school services (attendance, health services, transportation, food services, etc.). Includes the cost of operating the state department of education and the intermediate (county) departments of education; employers' (state, intermediate, and local) contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of public-school employees; and federal, state, and local funds expended to cover deficit (gross expenditure less sales) of school lunch and milk programs.

Disposable personal income: estimates of disposable personal income are obtained by deducting from personal income direct personal taxes and certain other nontax payments to government. The personal taxes deducted include federal, state, and local income taxes, estate and gift taxes, and miscellaneous licenses and permits. Property taxes are not deducted.

Education (Census series): schools, colleges, and other educational institutions (e.g., for blind, deaf, and other handicapped individuals), and educational programs for adults, veterans, and other special classes. The local schools category mainly involves elementary and

secondary schools but also includes any locally operated junior colleges or other institutions of higher education. Includes related school-administered facilities and services (pupil transportation, school health and recreational activities, school lunch programs, school libraries, etc.). Also classed under this heading, where they occur, are state government programs for operation of local public schools, for state construction of school buildings, for direct purchase and operation of school buses, and the like. The state institutions of higher education category includes activities of institutions of higher education operated by the state government, except that agricultural experiment stations and agricultural extension services are classified under natural resources, and amounts for university-operated hospitals serving the public are classified under hospitals. Revenue and expenditure for dormitories, dining rooms, athletic events, student activities, and other commercial or auxiliary services financed wholly or mainly through charges for services are reported on a gross basis. Direct expenditure for other education consists of state and county administration and supervision, and of special educational programs.

Enrollment, cumulative: a cumulative count of the number of different pupils registered during the entire school year; new entrants are added, but those leaving are not subtracted; kindergartens are included in elementary-school enrollment; junior high schools are included in secondary-school enrollment; junior colleges are omitted.

Enrollment, fall: the count of the pupils registered in the fall of the school year, usually October; kindergartens are included in elementary school, and junior high schools are included in secondary school; junior colleges are omitted.

Federal aid to states and individuals: expenditures made by the federal government as direct payments to states under cooperative arrangements and expenditures

to individuals within states for subsidies, relief, and other aids.

Government workers: all persons who work for any governmental unit, federal, state, local, or international, regardless of the activity which the particular agency carries on.

General expenditure: all expenditure of a government other than the specifically enumerated kinds of expenditure classified as utility expenditure, liquor stores expenditure, and insurance trust expenditure.

General revenue: all revenue of a government except the kinds of revenue classified as utility revenue, liquor stores revenue, and insurance trust revenue. All tax collections and intergovernmental revenue, even if designated for insurance trust or local utility purposes, are classed under general revenue.

High-school graduate: a person who receives formal recognition from the school authorities for completing the prescribed high-school course of study; excludes persons granted high-school equivalency certificates.

Household: a unit which includes all persons occupying a house, apartment, or room regarded as a dwelling unit, excluding group quarters such as dormitories.

Illiteracy: inability to read and write a simple message either in English or in any other language. Not to be confused with functional illiteracy, a term used by the Army in World War II to refer to persons who were incapable of understanding the kinds of written instructions that are needed for carrying out basic military functions or tasks. Since that time the term functional illiterate has commonly been used to denote a person who has completed fewer than five years of schooling.

Instruction room: includes classroom laboratories and shops, but excludes auditoriums, gymnasiums, libraries, study halls, and multi-purpose rooms.

Instructional staff in local public schools: number of positions, not the number of different individuals occupying the positions during the school year. Includes all public elementary and secondary (junior and senior high) day school positions (or full-time equivalents) which are in the nature of teaching or the improvement of the teaching-learning situation.

Includes consultants or supervisors of instruction, principals, teachers, guidance personnel, librarians, psychological personnel, and other instructional staff. Excludes attendance personnel, health services personnel, clerical personnel, and junior-college staff.

Instructional staff in higher education: those engaged in teaching and related academic research in colleges and universities, including those in hospitals, agricultural experiment stations, and farms.

Intergovernmental transactions: intergovernmental revenue and intergovernmental expenditure comprise, respectively, payments from one government to another as grants-in-aid, shared revenues, payments in lieu of taxes, or reimbursements either for shared support of governmental functions or for contractual services. Does not include grants in kind (e.g., distribution of food for school lunch program).

Major crimes: murder, non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny (\$50 or more), and auto theft.

Net effective buying income: same as disposable personal income.

Net long-term debt: total long-term debt outstanding minus offsets to long-term debt, which comprise financial assets of sinking funds and other reserve funds, however designated, which are specifically held for retirement of long-term debt. Full faith and credit includes all long-term credit obligations of the government and its agencies backed by full faith and credit (implying the power of taxation).

Non-instructional staff in higher education: cafeteria workers, clerical and custodial workers in colleges and universities, hospitals, agricultural experiment stations, and farms.

Non-instructional staff in local schools: administrative and clerical personnel, plant operation and maintenance employees, bus drivers, lunchroom, health, and recreational personnel engaged by school systems.

Normal building capacity: the number of pupils that can be accommodated, without multiple sessions, in the instruction rooms of the accessible, publicly owned school plants in use, according to state

and local standards of normal capacity. Excess enrollment in one school is not reduced by any unused capacity in another.

Personal income: state personal income is the current income received by residents of the states from all sources, including transfers from government and business, but excluding transfers among persons. It is a before-tax measure. The total includes non-monetary income or income received in kind. The figures include income of individuals and also income of nonprofit institutions, private trust funds, and private pension, health, and welfare funds.

Population (total): total resident population; it includes persons in the Armed Forces stationed in each area.

Population of voting age: population 21 years old and older except those (a) 18 years old and older in Georgia and Kentucky, (b) 19 years old and older in Alaska, and (c) 20 years old and older in Hawaii. Includes aliens, and excludes Armed Forces abroad.

Property taxes: taxes conditioned on ownership of property and measured by its value.

Revenue from own sources: all revenue of a government (taxes and other) except intergovernmental revenue.

Revenue receipts (NEA estimates): Includes all revenue receipts available for expenditures for current expenses, capital outlay, and debt service for public schools, including all appropriations from general funds of federal, state, county, and local governments, receipts from taxes levied for school purposes, income from permanent school funds and endowments, income from leases of school lands, interest on bank deposits, tuition, gifts, etc. Amounts which increase the school indebtedness or which represent exchanges of school property for money are excluded. Revenue receipts from federal sources include money distributed from the federal treasury either directly to local school districts or through the state and county, including grants for vocational education, for aid to federally affected areas, for National Defense Education Act programs, for school lunch and milk programs, for educating Indians in local public schools, and money derived from federal forest reserves and federal oil royalties. (No special effort is made to include amount of grants in kind,

for example, for operation of the school lunch program.) Revenue receipts from state sources include all funds for the operation of the state department of education, for state (employer) contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of public-school employees, for grants in aid to intermediate and local school districts for school purposes (including funds available from state bond issues for such grants and the cost of textbooks, buses, supplies, etc. purchased by the state for distribution to local school districts), for the payment of interest on state bonds issued to provide grants to local school districts, and all other state revenue for public-school purposes. Money collected by the state as an agent of a lesser unit and turned over in like amounts to that unit is not included. Revenue receipts for public-school purposes from local, intermediate, and other sources include all funds for direct expenditure by local and intermediate districts: for school services, for the operation of intermediate departments of education, for employer contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of public-school employees, for the purchase of materials for distribution to local districts, etc. Includes net receipts from revolving funds or clearing accounts only when such funds are available for general expenditure by the local board of education. Includes gifts, and tuition and fees received from patrons.

Salary: average or arithmetic mean.

School-age population: population aged 5 through 17, inclusive.

Taxes: compulsory contributions exacted by a government for public purposes, except employee and employer assessments for retirement and social insurance purposes, which are classed as insurance trust revenue. All tax revenue is classified under general revenue and comprises amounts received (including interest and penalties but excluding refunds) from taxes imposed by the recipient government. Amounts received by a government from a tax it imposes are counted as tax revenue of that government, even though initially collected by another government; however, any amounts retained are treated as tax revenue of the collecting government. Tax amounts subsequently distributed to other governments are classified as intergovernmental transactions.