## Provision of GCSE subjects 2019

Statistics Report Series No. 128

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## Introduction

This Statistics Report is the fourth in a new series produced by the Research Division at Cambridge University Press and Assessment, using publicly available school performance data from the Department for Education (DfE). The aim of the new series is to provide a continuation of the Statistics Reports that were previously produced using National Pupil Database (NPD) data (e.g., Gill, 2018), which has become more difficult and timeconsuming to access.

This report is focused on the provision of GCSE subjects in England in 2019. The data were downloaded from the DfE's 'Find and compare schools in England' service (https://www.compare-school-performance.service.gov.uk), and consisted of Key Stage 4 (KS4) results at a school level in all subjects in schools and colleges in England, as well as school characteristics such as school gender, admissions policy, and the number of disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS4. The main difference between the DfE dataset and the NPD dataset is that the DfE data is at school level and the NPD data is at student level. For example, the DfE dataset has no records for a student's personal information, such as grades or home postcode. This means that some of the variables used to split the student population into different categories in previous reports (e.g., by attainment or deprivation) were not available, and so similar measures available at school level (e.g., percentage of disadvantaged students in a school) were used to split the data into categories instead.

GCSE provision is defined as the number or percentage of schools with at least one student taking the subject. The following qualifications were counted for this report ${ }^{1}$ : GCSE Full Course, GCSE (9-1) Full Course, GCSE (9-1) Full Course (Science Double Award). Schools with at least 10 students taking GCSEs were included in the analysis.

In this report the level of provision is presented by different school classifications: school type, school attainment, school gender, school size and school deprivation level. However, it should be noted that the analysis is at the simplest level and takes no account of interactions between these classifications. For instance, Table 13 shows that provision in boys' and girls' schools was lower than in mixed schools, for many subjects. This can partly be attributed to the fact that single sex schools tend to be smaller than mixed schools (see Table 9).

## Results

Tables 1 to 5 present the distribution of schools within each of the different school classifications. The total number of schools is not identical in each table, due to small amounts of missing data within some classifications.

[^0]
## School type

GCSE qualifications are taught at several different types of school. In line with previous provision reports (e.g., Gawedzka \& Gill, 2022) schools were assigned a school type based on their admissions policy and institution type as recorded in the KS4 dataset. The KS4 dataset for 2019, however, uses a new classification of school admissions policies (selective, non-selective schools in highly selective areas (HSA), other non-selective schools), and for this reason the school type classification in this provision report differs from the classification used in previous reports ${ }^{2}$. Other non-maintained schools, such as special schools, were excluded. Table 1 presents the numbers and percentages of schools and GCSE students attending each of the seven different school types: Academy (non-selective in HSA); Academy (other non-selective); Academy (selective); Other non-selective; Selective; Independent; and Non-selective in HSA.

Table 1: GCSE students and schools, by school type.

| School type | Number of <br> students | Percent of <br> students | Number of <br> schools | Percent of <br> schools |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Academy (non-selective in HSA) | 28,004 | 4.9 | 174 | 4.4 |
| Academy (other non-selective) | 339,227 | 59.0 | 2,032 | 51.8 |
| Academy (selective) | 21,052 | 3.7 | 142 | 3.6 |
| Independent | 47,148 | 8.2 | 734 | 18.7 |
| Non-selective in HSA | 5,194 | 0.9 | 36 | 0.9 |
| Other non-selective | 131,248 | 22.8 | 781 | 19.9 |
| Selective | 2,944 | 0.5 | 21 | 0.5 |

## School attainment

Schools were ranked by their attainment at GCSE, based on the centre mean score per entry in the $\mathrm{DfE}^{3}$ dataset. This score was used to divide schools into five equally sized groups: Group I represents the lowest attainment group and Group V represents the highest attainment group. Table 2 presents the number of schools and GCSE students in each group, and the minimum, maximum and mean points score for each group. Note that for 81

[^1]schools it was not possible to calculate the centre mean score per entry because of the missing data.

Table 2: School attainment/ability group.

| School Ability | Number of <br> schools | Number of <br> students | Minimum | Maximum | Mean |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Group | Group I | 778 | 99,322 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| $\downarrow$ | Group II | 778 | 122,116 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
|  | Group III | 778 | 134,482 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
|  | Group IV | 778 | 128,542 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 5.3 |
| High | Group V | 778 | 90,110 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 6.6 |

## School deprivation level

Schools were classified by their deprivation level according to the percentage of students at the end of KS4 who were disadvantaged ${ }^{4}$. This measure was used to divide schools up into five groups. In Table 3, group A includes the least deprived schools (those with the lowest percentages of disadvantaged students) and group $E$ includes the most deprived schools (those with the highest percentages of disadvantaged students). Note that 819 schools had no record for the percentage of disadvantaged students in the DfE data.

Table 3: School deprivation group.

|  | School <br> Deprivation Group | Number of <br> schools | Number of <br> students | Min (\%) | Max (\%) | Mean (\%) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Low | Group A | 637 | 116,812 | 0.0 | 13.7 | 9.3 |
| Group B | 638 | 116,307 | 13.7 | 20.5 | 17.1 |  |
|  | Group C | 640 | 105,029 | 20.5 | 28.6 | 24.4 |
| Group D | 637 | 98,664 | 28.6 | 40.0 | 34.1 |  |
| High | Group E | 637 | 91,435 | 40.1 | 85.1 | 51.3 |

## School gender

School gender was recorded for each school in the DfE dataset. Table 4 shows the numbers and percentages of students attending each school type.

Table 4: School gender.

| School Gender | Number of Schools | Percentage |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Boys' School | 215 | 5.5 |
| Girls' School | 365 | 9.3 |
| Mixed School | 3,343 | 85.2 |

${ }^{4}$ Defined as those who attract pupil premium funding, meaning pupils claiming free school meals at any point in the last six years and pupils in care, or who left care through adoption or another formal route. Previous statistics reports (until those on the 2017 NPD data) inferred students' deprivation level from the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI), based on student home address.

## School size

In Table 5, schools were classified into 5 groups according to their size (based on the number of students in a school taking at least one GCSE). The categories were chosen on the basis of what is generally considered to be a reasonable size for a teaching group (i.e. 30 students). School size is important for provision because a larger school is more likely to have viable numbers for minority subjects.

Table 5: School size (based on number of students taking at least one GCSE).

| School size | Number of Schools | Percentage |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Less than 30 | 245 | 6.2 |
| $30-59$ | 288 | 7.3 |
| $60-119$ | 880 | 22.4 |
| $120-239$ | 2137 | 54.5 |
| 240 or greater | 373 | 9.5 |

Since school size is important for provision, Tables 6 to 9 show how each of the other school classifications relates to the size of the school. To give an example, Table 6 shows that independent schools tend to have fewer students taking GCSEs than other school types (with 23.9 \% having fewer than 30 students taking GCSEs and only $0.5 \%$ with more than 240 students). In contrast, only $0.3 \%$ of non-selective academy schools had fewer than 30 students taking GCSEs, with $14.7 \%$ having more than 240 students.
Table 6: Percent of school size group within each school type.

| School type | Less <br> than 30 | $\mathbf{3 0 - 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 - 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 - 2 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ or <br> greater |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Academy (non-selective in HSA) | 0.0 | 3.5 | 21.1 | 63.0 | 12.5 |
| Academy (other non-selective) | 0.3 | 2.3 | 17.8 | 64.9 | 14.7 |
| Academy (selective) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.1 | 82.9 | 0.0 |
| Independent | 23.9 | 29.5 | 33.5 | 12.6 | 0.5 |
| Non-selective in HSA | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.1 | 78.9 | 0.0 |
| Other non-selective | 0.4 | 1.3 | 17.6 | 67.0 | 13.6 |
| Selective | 0.0 | 0.0 | 27.5 | 72.5 | 0.0 |

Table 7: Percent of school size group within each school ability group.

|  |  | Less <br> than 30 | $\mathbf{3 0 - 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 - 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 - 2 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ or <br> greater |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sow | Group I | 1.9 | 5.3 | 31.8 | 56.1 | 4.9 |
|  | Group II | 1.4 | 1.9 | 19.1 | 69.0 | 8.6 |
|  | Group III | 2.2 | 2.6 | 12.8 | 64.3 | 18.0 |
|  | Group IV | 4.2 | 5.7 | 12.9 | 56.8 | 20.4 |
| High | Group V | 6.9 | 13.3 | 26.7 | 48.9 | 4.2 |

Table 8: Percent of school size group within each school deprivation group.

|  | Less <br> than 30 | $\mathbf{3 0 - 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 - 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 - 2 3 9}$ | 240 or <br> greater |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| School Deprivation Group | 0.0 | 1.0 | 10.8 | 69.4 | 18.7 |
| $\downarrow$ Group A | 0.2 | 1.6 | 13.6 | 65.8 | 18.8 |
| Group B | 0.6 | 1.4 | 18.3 | 68.2 | 11.5 |
| Group C | 0.3 | 2.8 | 20.9 | 65.8 | 10.3 |
| Group D | 0.4 | 3.2 | 27.6 | 62.3 | 6.6 |

Table 9: Percent of school size group within each school gender group.

| School Gender | Less <br> than $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 - 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 - 2 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ or <br> greater |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Boys' School | 5.4 | 6.2 | 23.6 | 63.3 | 1.4 |
| Girls' School | 6.9 | 12.0 | 26.2 | 52.0 | 2.9 |
| Mixed School | 2.9 | 4.9 | 19.2 | 59.9 | 13.2 |

## Provision of individual GCSE subjects

The provision of individual GCSE subjects is presented in Tables 10 to 14, according to the different school classifications described above. For example, Table 10 shows that $52.3 \%$ of independent schools offered Chemistry GCSE, compared with $100 \%$ of selective schools and academies. Table 11 shows that $74.7 \%$ of schools in the lowest attainment group offered Chemistry, compared with $92.8 \%$ of schools in the second highest attainment group.

It should be noted that some independent schools offer non-accredited International GCSEs instead of GCSEs in particular subjects which do not appear in these tables. This explains why provision is low in independent schools in some compulsory subjects. See Gill (2016) for a detailed analysis of provision of alternative qualifications in English schools.

Compared to 2018 (Gawedza \& Gill, 2022), provision is steady or slightly increased for English Language, English Literature, and Mathematics depending on the school classification group. The changes compared to previous years therefore presumably reflect a combination of genuine changes in provision (i.e., independent schools taking 9-1 GCSEs) and some qualifications becoming non-accredited (thus no longer appearing in these tables). Hence, any comparisons to previous years' results should take into account the different data source (DfE data source for this report on provision in 2019, NPD data source for the Statistics Reports on years before 2018), the various changes in the system, and the differing provision patterns between different school types.

Table 10: Provision of GCSEs by school type (percentages).

| Subject | Academy <br> (other non-sel) | Academy <br> (selective) <br> (non-sel, HSA) | Academy <br> Independent | Other non- <br> selective | Non-selective <br> (HSA) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Selective |  |  |  |  |  |


| Subject | Academy <br> (other non-sel) | Academy <br> (selective) | Academy <br> (non-sel, HSA) | Other non- Non-selective <br> (HSA) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Independent | Selective |  |  |  |
| selive |  |  |  |  |


| Subject | Academy <br> (other non-sel) | Academy <br> (selective) | Academy <br> (non-sel, HSA) | Other non- Non-selective <br> (HSA) |  | Selective |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| selective |  |  |  |  |  |  |$\quad$| Indent |
| :--- |

Table 11: Provision of GCSEs by school attainment group (percentages).

|  | Low attainment |  | $\rightarrow$ | High attainment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subject | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V |
| Ancient History | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 2.8 |
| Applied Engineering | 2.1 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| Arabic | 14.1 | 18.1 | 16.8 | 14.3 | 6.4 |
| Art \& Design | 50.8 | 50.0 | 52.1 | 50.4 | 36.0 |
| Art \& Design (3d Studies) | 6.6 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| Art \& Design (Critical Studies) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Art \& Design (Fine Art) | 45.5 | 56.4 | 53.1 | 54.5 | 62.9 |
| Art \& Design (Graphics) | 9.8 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 7.1 |
| Art \& Design (Photography) | 36.1 | 36.9 | 34.4 | 28.9 | 16.6 |
| Art \& Design (Textiles) | 14.4 | 17.0 | 17.2 | 20.4 | 17.6 |
| Astronomy | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 3.9 |
| Bengali | 1.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
| Biology | 77.8 | 91.8 | 94.7 | 93.3 | 72.1 |
| Business Studies: Single | 34.8 | 52.8 | 57.8 | 63.9 | 36.9 |
| Chemistry | 74.7 | 90.6 | 94.7 | 92.8 | 72.2 |
| Chinese | 6.4 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 9.9 | 18.4 |
| Classical Civilisation | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 23.4 |
| Classical Greek | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 21.5 |
| Computer Studies/Computing | 64.4 | 79.2 | 84.6 | 81.4 | 64.8 |
| D\&T Food Technology | 39.8 | 50.9 | 59.9 | 60.9 | 42.0 |
| Dance | 16.3 | 17.5 | 25.7 | 24.7 | 18.6 |
| Design \& Technology | 52.6 | 67.7 | 75.4 | 72.4 | 63.4 |
| Drama \& Theatre Studies | 41.8 | 61.3 | 72.4 | 75.8 | 75.4 |
| Economics | 0.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 9.4 | 8.6 |
| Electronics | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 3.2 |
| English Language | 99.6 | 99.7 | 99.7 | 96.3 | 75.1 |
| English Literature | 98.7 | 99.6 | 99.4 | 96.7 | 74.4 |
| Film Studies | 8.5 | 6.4 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 1.3 |
| French | 73.4 | 86.9 | 91.1 | 91.3 | 73.7 |
| Geography | 92.5 | 98.1 | 97.8 | 95.2 | 84.7 |
| Geology | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| German | 21.3 | 35.3 | 42.7 | 52.1 | 53.3 |
| Gujarati | 1.0 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| History | 91.8 | 98.3 | 98.8 | 95.5 | 68.8 |
| Italian | 23.9 | 25.3 | 20.6 | 19.3 | 11.3 |
| Japanese | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 5.4 |
| Latin | 1.4 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 14.3 | 54.1 |
| Mathematics | 100.0 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 96.7 | 67.2 |
| Media/Film/Tv Studies | 22.0 | 27.0 | 32.4 | 30.7 | 9.5 |
| Modern Greek | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 1.5 |
| Modern Hebrew | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 1.0 |


|  | Low attainment |  | $\rightarrow$ |  | High attainment |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Subject | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V |  |
| Music | 35.5 | 61.1 | 77.1 | 81.6 | 84.7 |  |
| Other Classical Languages | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.7 |  |
| Persian | 4.2 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.3 |  |
| Physical Education/Sports Studies | 42.7 | 62.7 | 79.2 | 83.5 | 71.2 |  |
| Physics | 74.3 | 90.2 | 94.9 | 93.1 | 71.6 |  |
| Polish | 36.1 | 36.1 | 27.5 | 22.4 | 8.6 |  |
| Portuguese | 25.7 | 26.1 | 22.2 | 19.2 | 9.0 |  |
| Psychology | 13.4 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 10.9 | 7.5 |  |
| Punjabi | 5.3 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 0.9 |  |
| Religious Studies | 57.7 | 73.9 | 81.0 | 80.2 | 81.0 |  |
| Russian | 11.7 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 7.7 | 16.1 |  |
| Science: Double Award | 95.4 | 98.5 | 98.6 | 93.6 | 65.2 |  |
| Social Science: Citizenship | 16.5 | 14.3 | 15.3 | 12.6 | 6.6 |  |
| Sociology | 12.9 | 18.4 | 19.8 | 16.1 | 5.3 |  |
| Spanish | 60.9 | 74.2 | 78.4 | 78.4 | 66.1 |  |
| Statistics | 16.2 | 17.7 | 15.0 | 15.3 | 7.2 |  |
| Turkish | 11.6 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 10.0 |  |
| Urdu | 11.1 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 3.3 |  |

Table 12: Provision of GCSEs by school deprivation group (percentages).

|  | Low deprivation | $\rightarrow$ | High deprivation |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Subject | Group A | Group B | Group C | Group D | Group E |
| Ancient History | 2.0 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| Applied Engineering | 5.2 | 5.0 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 0.5 |
| Arabic | 3.3 | 8.5 | 11.1 | 19.8 | 33.6 |
| Art \& Design | 48.2 | 48.3 | 45.6 | 56.7 | 53.8 |
| Art \& Design (3d Studies) | 3.6 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 5.2 |
| Art \& Design (Critical Studies) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Art \& Design (Fine Art) | 58.1 | 61.4 | 58.9 | 46.2 | 49.3 |
| Art \& Design (Graphics) | 11.6 | 13.2 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.5 |
| Art \& Design (Photography) | 25.3 | 35.1 | 32.8 | 41.3 | 34.5 |
| Art \& Design (Textiles) | 20.9 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 16.5 | 17.6 |
| Astronomy | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Bengali | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 7.2 |
| Biology | 98.1 | 97.0 | 95.0 | 90.3 | 82.7 |
| Business Studies: Single | 67.2 | 64.6 | 53.0 | 46.5 | 40.2 |
| Chemistry | 98.1 | 97.0 | 94.8 | 88.9 | 79.9 |
| Chinese | 10.0 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 12.9 |
| Classical Civilisation | 4.1 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| Classical Greek | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Computer Studies/Computing | 90.7 | 90.1 | 82.0 | 75.4 | 70.5 |
| D\&T Food Technology | 71.6 | 67.6 | 56.3 | 50.1 | 32.8 |
| Dance | 30.0 | 28.7 | 23.0 | 18.7 | 12.4 |
| Design \& Technology | 86.5 | 82.8 | 73.0 | 62.8 | 50.2 |
| Drama \& Theatre Studies | 83.7 | 80.6 | 65.8 | 52.9 | 48.8 |
| Economics | 12.6 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 6.3 |
| Electronics | 2.8 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| English Language | 10.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| English Literature | 92.3 | 83.2 | 70.9 | 50.9 | 44.1 |
| Film Studies | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| French | 4.6 | 8.5 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 7.4 |
| Geography | 97.6 | 93.6 | 90.6 | 85.2 | 79.4 |
| Geology | 99.7 | 99.5 | 98.9 | 98.9 | 96.9 |
| German | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Gujarati | 3.1 | 52.5 | 38.0 | 31.1 | 22.8 |
| History | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 2.8 |  |
| Italian | 98.6 | 99.1 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 98.1 |
| Japanese | 12.6 | 14.6 | 19.1 | 28.3 | 40.3 |
| Latin | 2.1 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Mathematics | 10.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 2.8 |  |
| Media/Film/Tv Studies | 20.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Modern Greek | 33.1 | 32.7 | 28.9 | 20.7 |  |
| Modern Hebrew | 3.4 | 5.5 | 6.8 |  |  |
| Music | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 |  |


|  | Low deprivation |  | High deprivation |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Subject | Group A | Group B | Group C | Group D | Group E |
| Other Classical Languages | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Persian | 3.5 | 3.1 | 5.6 | 9.6 | 12.4 |
| Physical Education/Sports Studies | 92.2 | 85.3 | 71.4 | 57.5 | 45.1 |
| Physics | 98.1 | 97.0 | 94.8 | 88.9 | 79.7 |
| Polish | 18.4 | 23.5 | 34.5 | 41.3 | 40.0 |
| Portuguese | 11.3 | 19.0 | 22.0 | 28.9 | 40.3 |
| Psychology | 10.2 | 11.9 | 13.3 | 14.4 | 14.3 |
| Punjabi | 1.6 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 7.7 | 6.6 |
| Religious Studies | 85.4 | 80.4 | 75.9 | 72.5 | 67.3 |
| Russian | 6.1 | 8.0 | 9.8 | 14.0 | 13.7 |
| Science: Double Award | 90.9 | 98.9 | 99.4 | 99.1 | 99.2 |
| Social Science: Citizenship | 7.1 | 13.6 | 14.4 | 17.7 | 18.4 |
| Sociology | 13.7 | 14.9 | 17.8 | 17.6 | 22.3 |
| Spanish | 85.1 | 77.0 | 72.8 | 72.2 | 76.5 |
| Statistics | 14.9 | 16.5 | 15.2 | 17.6 | 15.1 |
| Turkish | 6.9 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 17.4 | 22.6 |
| Urdu | 1.4 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 13.3 | 19.5 |

Table 13: Provision of GCSEs by school gender (percentages).

| Subject | Boys' <br> School | Girls' <br> School | Mixed <br> School | Overall |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ancient History | 3.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Applied Engineering | 3.3 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| Arabic | 18.6 | 15.9 | 13.5 | 14.0 |
| Art \& Design | 34.0 | 37.0 | 49.5 | 47.5 |
| Art \& Design (3d Studies) | 2.8 | 2.7 | 6.0 | 5.5 |
| Art \& Design (Critical Studies) | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Art \& Design (Fine Art) | 55.3 | 60.3 | 53.6 | 54.3 |
| Art \& Design (Graphics) | 10.2 | 6.0 | 10.8 | 10.3 |
| Art \& Design (Photography) | 16.3 | 17.3 | 32.8 | 30.4 |
| Art \& Design (Textiles) | 1.4 | 25.8 | 17.3 | 17.2 |
| Astronomy | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Bengali | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Biology | 78.6 | 76.7 | 86.7 | 85.4 |
| Business Studies: Single | 42.3 | 36.7 | 50.7 | 48.9 |
| Chemistry | 79.1 | 75.6 | 85.7 | 84.4 |
| Chinese | 11.2 | 14.5 | 9.3 | 9.9 |
| Classical Civilisation | 9.8 | 17.3 | 4.1 | 5.6 |
| Classical Greek | 14.4 | 14.5 | 2.8 | 4.5 |
| Computer Studies/Computing | 71.6 | 64.1 | 75.7 | 74.4 |
| D\&T Food Technology | 17.7 | 52.3 | 52.2 | 50.3 |
| Dance | 2.3 | 27.7 | 20.8 | 20.4 |
| Design \& Technology | 69.3 | 49.0 | 67.4 | 65.8 |
| Drama \& Theatre Studies | 42.3 | 75.3 | 65.1 | 64.8 |
| Economics | 12.6 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 5.7 |
| Electronics | 6.5 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| English Language | 89.3 | 86.0 | 94.9 | 93.8 |
| English Literature | 87.4 | 85.8 | 94.4 | 93.2 |
| Film Studies | 4.2 | 2.2 | 6.3 | 5.8 |
| French | 74.9 | 74.8 | 84.0 | 82.6 |
| Geography | 82.3 | 86.8 | 94.3 | 93.0 |
| Geology | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| German | 43.3 | 43.3 | 40.2 | 40.7 |
| Gujarati | 6.5 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| History | 82.3 | 78.4 | 91.8 | 90.0 |
| Italian | 13.0 | 14.8 | 20.9 | 19.9 |
| Japanese | 2.8 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Latin | 29.8 | 42.5 | 11.8 | 15.7 |
| Mathematics | 15.8 | 78.4 | 94.1 | 92.4 |
| Media/Film/Tv Studies | 11.8 | 26.0 | 24.1 |  |
| Modern Greek | 1.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 |  |
| Modern Hebrew | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |  |
| Music | 6.9 .9 | 67.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Subject | Boys' <br> School | Girls' <br> School | Mixed <br> School | Overall |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other Classical Languages | 2.3 | 3.6 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Persian | 7.4 | 8.8 | 5.6 | 6.0 |
| Physical Education/Sports Studies | 61.9 | 64.7 | 68.0 | 67.3 |
| Physics | 79.1 | 75.6 | 85.5 | 84.2 |
| Polish | 17.2 | 15.6 | 27.6 | 25.9 |
| Portuguese | 18.1 | 17.5 | 20.7 | 20.3 |
| Psychology | 5.6 | 10.1 | 12.2 | 11.6 |
| Punjabi | 1.4 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| Religious Studies | 79.5 | 87.9 | 72.4 | 74.3 |
| Russian | 16.3 | 12.1 | 10.7 | 11.1 |
| Science: Double Award | 76.7 | 75.1 | 92.1 | 89.7 |
| Social Science: Citizenship | 8.4 | 15.6 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| Sociology | 4.7 | 12.1 | 15.2 | 14.4 |
| Spanish | 61.4 | 66.6 | 72.2 | 71.1 |
| Statistics | 14.4 | 5.8 | 15.1 | 14.2 |
| Turkish | 9.3 | 15.1 | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| Urdu | 10.2 | 14.2 | 7.2 | 8.1 |

Table 14: Provision of GCSEs by school size (percentages).

| Subject | < 30 | 30-59 | 60-119 | 120-239 | $\begin{aligned} & 240 \text { or } \\ & \text { greater } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ancient History | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| Applied Engineering | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 6.2 |
| Arabic | 16.3 | 8.3 | 10.7 | 15.2 | 18.0 |
| Art \& Design | 29.0 | 38.5 | 46.6 | 49.9 | 54.7 |
| Art \& Design (3d Studies) | 2.0 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 8.3 |
| Art \& Design (Critical Studies) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Art \& Design (Fine Art) | 35.1 | 45.1 | 54.0 | 57.2 | 57.9 |
| Art \& Design (Graphics) | 4.5 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 11.4 | 19.6 |
| Art \& Design (Photography) | 12.7 | 24.3 | 22.7 | 33.5 | 47.7 |
| Art \& Design (Textiles) | 6.9 | 12.2 | 10.7 | 20.0 | 27.3 |
| Astronomy | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 3.5 |
| Bengali | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 3.8 |
| Biology | 50.2 | 67.4 | 80.1 | 92.0 | 96.8 |
| Business Studies: Single | 22.4 | 31.6 | 34.7 | 55.9 | 73.5 |
| Chemistry | 47.8 | 65.6 | 79.0 | 91.3 | 96.0 |
| Chinese | 3.3 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 11.3 |
| Classical Civilisation | 3.7 | 11.8 | 9.1 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| Classical Greek | 1.2 | 4.2 | 8.2 | 3.9 | 1.6 |
| Computer Studies/Computing | 27.3 | 50.0 | 66.1 | 83.1 | 93.6 |
| D\&T Food Technology | 17.1 | 32.3 | 39.7 | 57.2 | 71.6 |
| Dance | 4.1 | 10.4 | 11.0 | 23.7 | 41.8 |
| Design \& Technology | 15.9 | 35.1 | 59.0 | 75.2 | 84.2 |
| Drama \& Theatre Studies | 20.4 | 50.3 | 54.4 | 73.1 | 82.3 |
| Economics | 1.6 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 7.2 | 10.7 |
| Electronics | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
| English Language | 84.5 | 84.4 | 88.5 | 97.3 | 99.2 |
| English Literature | 78.4 | 82.6 | 88.4 | 97.3 | 99.2 |
| Film Studies | 0.8 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 6.8 | 10.2 |
| French | 44.1 | 66.3 | 76.3 | 89.4 | 96.8 |
| Geography | 55.9 | 79.2 | 92.5 | 98.2 | 99.2 |
| Geology | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| German | 15.1 | 30.2 | 30.3 | 45.4 | 62.7 |
| Gujarati | 1.2 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 6.4 |
| History | 66.9 | 71.2 | 84.9 | 95.8 | 98.7 |
| Italian | 4.1 | 11.1 | 16.0 | 23.4 | 26.5 |
| Japanese | 0.8 | 0.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Latin | 6.5 | 22.2 | 22.0 | 13.2 | 15.5 |
| Mathematics | 86.5 | 81.3 | 84.8 | 96.6 | 98.7 |
| Media/Film/Tv Studies | 1.6 | 6.3 | 16.0 | 28.6 | 46.1 |
| Modern Greek | 0.8 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| Modern Hebrew | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Music | 29.0 | 56.3 | 59.9 | 73.6 | 84.5 |


| Subject | $<30$ | 30-59 | 60-119 | 120-239 | $240 \text { or }$ greater |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other Classical Languages | 1.6 | 3.8 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Persian | 0.4 | 0.7 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 9.1 |
| Physical Education/Sports Studies | 28.2 | 57.6 | 58.5 | 73.4 | 86.9 |
| Physics | 47.8 | 65.3 | 78.5 | 91.2 | 95.7 |
| Polish | 0.8 | 4.5 | 21.9 | 32.8 | 28.7 |
| Portuguese | 0.4 | 5.2 | 18.1 | 25.6 | 19.6 |
| Psychology | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 13.1 | 17.2 |
| Punjabi | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 7.2 |
| Religious Studies | 41.2 | 56.9 | 68.8 | 80.4 | 86.9 |
| Russian | 1.6 | 8.3 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 10.5 |
| Science: Double Award | 67.3 | 75.3 | 85.9 | 94.2 | 98.4 |
| Social Science: Citizenship | 15.9 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 14.6 | 17.7 |
| Sociology | 2.9 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 16.8 | 33.8 |
| Spanish | 27.8 | 56.3 | 63.8 | 78.6 | 85.0 |
| Statistics | 5.3 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 15.4 | 21.7 |
| Turkish | 2.0 | 5.9 | 10.3 | 14.4 | 18.2 |
| Urdu | 11.8 | 3.8 | 6.5 | 8.3 | 11.3 |

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## Appendix A

Table A1 shows a cross-tabulation of schools (those that appeared in both the 2018 and 2019 DfE KS4 data) according to the previous and new school type classifications. The first row, for example, shows that of the schools that were classified as "Academy (comprehensive)" based on the 2018 KS4 data, 120 were classified as "Academy (non-selective in HSA) based on the 2019 KS4 data, while 1935 were classified as "Academy (other non-selective)".

Table A1: Cross-tabulation of schools according to the previous school type classification (in use until reports on 2018 data) and new school type classification (from 2019 data onwards).

| Previous school type | Academy Academy (non-sel, HSA) (other non-sel) | Academy (selective) | Non-selective (HSA) | Other non-selective | Independent | Selective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academy (comprehensive) | 1201935 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Academy (secondary modern) | 5318 | . | . | . | . |  |
| Academy (selective) | . . | 138 | . | . | . |  |
| Comprehensive | 53 |  | 10 | 762 | . |  |
| Independent | . . | . | . | . | 788 | . |
| Secondary modern | 2 |  | 26 | 6 | . | . |
| Selective | . . | . | . | . | . | 21 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ International GCSEs by AQA, Cambridge International and Edexcel (previously accredited by Ofqual as 'level $1 / 2$ certificates', and included in previous provision reports) were discontinued from 2015 to 2017 onwards, as reformed GCSEs in each subject were introduced (Rushton \& Ireland, 2022, p. 9). For this reason, they do not appear in the 2019 DfE dataset.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Previous GCSE provision reports (e.g., Gawedzka \& Gill, 2022) grouped schools into seven categories: Academy (Comprehensive); Academy (Modern); Academy (Selective); Comprehensive; Selective; Independent; and Secondary Modern. Note that the new admissions policy categories recorded in the KS4 dataset have overlap with the previous admissions policy categories, but are not simply a re-labelling of the categories. For example, the "non-selective schools in highly selective areas" category includes many schools previously listed as "secondary modern" schools, but also other schools, such as comprehensive schools in highly selective areas that were previously listed as "Comprehensive" schools (see Appendix, Table A1). For more information on school categories, see the Department of Education's register of educational establishments in England and Wales at https://get-information-schools.service.gov.uk/.
    ${ }^{3}$ Average points per entry is derived by converting each qualification awarded at KS4 into points and dividing the total by the number of qualifications for which a school was entered. For GCSEs graded 9-1, points were equal to the grade (grade $9=9$ points, etc.). For double award GCSEs graded $99-$ 11, points were as follows: $99=9,98=8.5,88=8,87=7.5,77=7,76=6.5,66=6,65=5.5,55=$ $5,54=4.5,44=4,43=3.5,33=3,32=2.5,22=2,21=1.5,11=1$. For subjects graded with letters, points were as follows: $A^{*}=8.5, A=7, B=5.5, C=4, D=3, E=2, F=1.5, G=1$. Note that the maximum points score available was 10.75 , which corresponded to Grade A at AS level.

