#### 2009 Science Assessment Content

Guided by a new framework, the NAEP science assessment was updated in 2009 to keep the content current with key developments in science, curriculum standards, assessments, and research. The 2009 framework organizes science content into three broad content areas.

Physical science includes concepts related to properties and changes of matter, forms of energy, energy transfer and conservation, position and motion of objects, and forces affecting motion.

Life science includes concepts related to organization and development, matter and energy transformations, interdependence, heredity and reproduction, and evolution and diversity.

Earth and space sciences includes concepts related to objects in the universe, the history of the Earth, properties of Earth materials, tectonics, energy in Earth systems, climate and weather, and biogeochemical cycles.

The 2009 science assessment was composed of 143 questions at grade 4, 162 at grade 8, and 179 at grade 12. Students responded to only a portion of the questions, which included both multiple-choice questions and questions that required a written response.

#### Compare the Average Score in 2009 to Other States/Jurisdictions



<sup>1</sup> Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

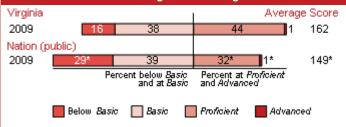
In 2009, the average score in Virginia was

- lower than that in 0 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 39 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 7 states/jurisdictions
- 5 states/jurisdictions did not participate

### **Overall Results**

- In 2009, the average score of fourth-grade students in Virginia was 162. This was higher than the average score of 149 for public school students in the nation.
- The percentage of students in Virginia who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 46 percent in 2009. This percentage was greater than the nation (32 percent).
- The percentage of students in Virginia who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 84 percent in 2009. This percentage was greater than the nation (71 percent).

# **Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results**



\* Significantly different (p < .05) from Virginia. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: The percentage at Advanced was lower in the Nation (0.56) than in Virginia (1.35). Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

## **Results for Student Groups in 2009**

			Perce	entages at	
	Percent of	Avg.	or	above	Percent at
Reporting Groups	students	score	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Gender					
Male	51	161	83	45	1
Female	49	162	84	47	1
Race/Ethnicity					
White	57	172	93	59	2
Black	26	141	64	18	#
Hispanic	8	152	80	32	#
Asian/Pacific Islander	6	174	93	61	4
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	34	145	69	23	#
Not eligible	66	171	91	58	2

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed.

## **Score Gaps for Student Groups**

- In 2009, female students in Virginia had an average score that was not significantly different from male students.
- In 2009, Black students had an average score that was 31 points lower than White students. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (35 points).
- In 2009, Hispanic students had an average score that was 19 points lower than White students. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (32 points).
- In 2009, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 26 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from the nation (29 points).

NOTE: Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2009 Science Assessment.