## Subgroup Achievement and Gap Trends - Wyoming

> K-12 enrollment - 85,578

The raw data used to develop these state profiles, including data for additional grade levels and years before 2002, can be found on the CEP Web site at www.cep-dc.org. Click on the link on the left for State Testing Data. Below the name of the report, click on the link for View State Profiles and Worksheets. Scroll down the page, and click on the Worksheet links for any state.

## Subgroup Achievement Trends and Gap Trends - Key Findings

## Summary

This year the Center on Education Policy analyzed data on the achievement of different groups of students in two distinct ways. First, we looked at grade 4 test results to determine whether the performance of various groups improved at three achievement levels-basic and above, proficient and above, and advanced. Second, we looked at gaps between these groups at the proficient level across three grades (grade 4, grade 8 in most cases, and a high school grade). These two types of analyses show whether elementary school achievement has generally gone up for different groups of students and whether achievement gaps at different grade levels have narrowed, widened, or stayed the same.

Wyoming test score trends have gone in an upward direction. Progress is being made on achievement gaps as well, with a more positive picture in reading than in math.

## Subgroup trends by achievement level at grade 4

- Main trend: All subgroups made gains in reading and math at three achievement levels-basic-and-above, proficient-and-above, and advanced. Specifically, 9 of the 9 trend lines analyzed across the three achievement levels in reading showed gains, as did all 9 trend lines in math.


## Gap trends at three grade levels

- Main trend: In most instances, gaps in the percentages of students scoring at the proficient level narrowed between Latino and white students at grades 4 and 8 and between low-income and non-low-income students, at grades 4 and 8 and at the high school grade tested. Specifically, 5 of the 6 trend lines analyzed in reading and math showed evidence of gaps narrowing. In the remaining instances, gaps widened.
- Contradicting trends using two different measures: According to percentages of students scoring proficient on the state test, achievement gaps narrowed in most cases between Latino and white students and between low-income and non-low-income students. But according to mean scale scores 2 of 6 trend lines in math showed average test score gaps narrowing. Percentage proficient and mean score data in reading were more consistent.


## Data notes

- Limited data: Wyoming has made some changes to its testing program in the last few years. As a result, only three years of comparable test data (2006-2008) are available, the minimum number needed to discern a trend.
- Subgroups analyzed: Trends were analyzed for white, Latino, and low-income students. The African American, Asian, and Native American subgroups are too small in Wyoming to yield reliable trend data. Trends for students with disabilities, English language learners, and male and female students have not been summarized because they will be discussed in separate reports.
- Grades analyzed: Analyses of subgroup trends by three achievement levels are limited to one elementary grade because of the massive amounts of data involved and because this is the pilot year of a process that CEP hopes to extend to the middle and high school levels in future years. Analyses of achievement gap trends cover three grade levels: grade 4, grade 8, and the high school grade tested for NCLB.


## Data Limitations

Years of comparable percentage proficient data
Years of comparable mean scale score data
Disaggregated data for all subgroups and comparison groups

2006 through 2008
2006 through 2008
Available 2006 through 2008
Percentage proficient data not available until 2007 for comparison group of students who are not disabled, so the subgroup of students with disabilities is compared with all tested students in the state

## Test Characteristics

The characteristics highlighted below are for the state reading and mathematics tests used for accountability under the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB).

Test(s) used for NCLB accountability

Grades tested for NCLB accountability
State labels for achievement levels

Proficiency Assessments for Wyoming Students (PAWS)
PAWS-ALT (for the most severely cognitively challenged students)

## 3-8, 11

WY uses four achievement levels: Below Basic, Basic, Proficient, and Advanced. For our analyses we treated Basic as Basic, Proficient as Proficient, and Advanced as Advanced.

High school NCLB test also used as an exit exam?
First year test used
Time of test administration
Major changes in testing system (2002-present)

## No

## 2006

Spring
2004-05: PAWS system developed to replace the WyCAS system 2006: First operational PAWS assessment in grades 3-8 and 11 (formerly 4, 8, and 11 were assessed under WyCAS)

## Achievement by Subgroup - Trends at the Elementary Level

Note: The tables in this profile of subgroup achievement and gap trends begin with table 7 . Tables 1 through 6 can be found in the companion state profile of general achievement trends.

Table WY-7. Percentages of Grade 4 Students by Racial or Ethnic Subgroup Scoring at the Advanced, Proficient and Above, and Basic and Above Levels in Reading

| Subgroup | Reporting Year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average Yearly <br> Percentage Point Gain ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |  |
| All tested students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 15\% | 23\% | 22\% | 3.6 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 64\% | 77\% | 73\% | 4.6 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 90\% | 95\% | 96\% | 3.0 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 17\% | 22\% | 24\% | 3.9 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 67\% | 79\% | 76\% | 4.5 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 91\% | 96\% | 97\% | 2.5 |
| African American ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 7\% | 13\% | 16\% | 4.5 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 59\% | 70\% | 65\% | 3.2 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 86\% | 97\% | 96\% | 5.1 |
| Latino |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 10\% | 13\% | 12\% | 1.4 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 50\% | 65\% | 62\% | 6.2 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 86\% | 93\% | 95\% | 4.6 |
| Asian ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 16\% | 34\% | 28\% | 6.0 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 74\% | 87\% | 78\% | 2.3 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 94\% | 100\% | 100\% | 2.8 |
| Native American ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 5\% | 7\% | 6\% | 0.7 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 38\% | 50\% | 47\% | 4.4 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 78\% | 86\% | 91\% | 6.2 |

Table reads: The percentage of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders who scored at the advanced level on the state reading test increased from $17 \%$ in 2006 to $24 \%$ in 2008 . During this period, the average yearly gain in the percentage advanced in reading for white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders was 3.9 percentage points per year.
${ }^{1}$ Averages are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.

Table WY-8. Percentage of Grade 4 Students by Demographic Subgroup Scoring at the Advanced, Proficient and Above, and Basic and Above Levels in Reading

|  | Reporting Year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average Yearly Percentage Point Gain ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |  |
| All tested students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 15\% | 23\% | 22\% | 3.6 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 64\% | 77\% | 73\% | 4.6 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 90\% | 95\% | 96\% | 3.0 |
| Low-income students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 10\% | 14\% | 15\% | 2.4 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 52\% | 68\% | 63\% | 5.3 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 85\% | 93\% | 94\% | 4.2 |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 4\% | 8\% | 8\% | 1.7 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 28\% | 44\% | 40\% | 5.8 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 64\% | 81\% | 85\% | 10.3 |
| English language learners ${ }^{\text {2,3 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 3\% | 5\% | 1\% | -1.4 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 30\% | 47\% | 27\% | -1.7 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 71\% | 85\% | 87\% | 8.0 |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 16\% | 23\% | 25\% | 4.3 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 68\% | 79\% | 76\% | 4.1 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 92\% | 97\% | 97\% | 2.6 |
| Male |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 14\% | 18\% | 20\% | 2.9 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 61\% | 74\% | 71\% | 5.0 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 89\% | 94\% | 96\% | 3.3 |

Table reads: The percentage of low-income $4^{\text {th }}$ graders who scored at the advanced level on the state reading test increased from $10 \%$ in 2006 to $15 \%$ in 2008. During this period, the average yearly gain in the percentage advanced in reading for low-income $4^{\text {th }}$ graders was 2.4 percentage points per year.
${ }^{1}$ Averages are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Gap trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups. Average yearly percentage point gains are based on 2006-2008 results.

Table WY-9. Percentages of Grade 4 Students by Racial or Ethnic Subgroup Scoring at the Advanced, Proficient and Above, and Basic and Above Levels in Mathematics

| Subgroup | Reporting Year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average Yearly Percentage Point Gain ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |  |
| All tested students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 17\% | 29\% | 25\% | 4.1 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 73\% | 87\% | 77\% | 1.8 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 91\% | 96\% | 91\% | 0.4 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 19\% | 31\% | 27\% | 4.3 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 76\% | 88\% | 79\% | 1.5 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 92\% | 97\% | 92\% | 0.2 |
| African American ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 6\% | 19\% | 9\% | 1.7 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 63\% | 81\% | 70\% | 3.4 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 88\% | 94\% | 89\% | 0.5 |
| Latino |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 9\% | 19\% | 16\% | 3.8 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 61\% | 79\% | 68\% | 3.8 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 85\% | 94\% | 87\% | 1.3 |
| Asian ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 20\% | NA | 42\% | 10.7 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 84\% | 95\% | 83\% | -0.6 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 97\% | NA | 95\% | -0.7 |
| Native American ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 6\% | 12\% | 8\% | 1.4 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 47\% | 70\% | 54\% | 3.4 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 74\% | 89\% | 77\% | 1.5 |

Table reads: The percentage of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders who scored at the advanced level on the state math test increased from $19 \%$ in 2006 to $27 \%$ in 2008 . During this period, the average yearly gain in the percentage advanced in math for white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders was 4.3 percentage points per year.
${ }^{1}$ Averages are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.

Table WY-10. Percentage of Grade 4 Students by Demographic Subgroup
Scoring at the Advanced, Proficient and Above, and Basic and Above Levels in Mathematics

|  | Reporting Year |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average Yearly Percentage Point Gain ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |  |
| All tested students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 17\% | 29\% | 25\% | 4.1 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 73\% | 87\% | 77\% | 1.8 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 91\% | 96\% | 91\% | 0.4 |
| Low-income students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 10\% | 22\% | 18\% | 3.7 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 64\% | 81\% | 67\% | 1.9 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 85\% | 94\% | 86\% | 0.4 |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 6\% | 13\% | 9\% | 1.2 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 44\% | 65\% | 53\% | 4.6 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 71\% | 87\% | 75\% | 2.0 |
| English language learners ${ }^{\text {2,3 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 3\% | 17\% | 4\% | 0.4 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 44\% | 73\% | 39\% | -2.7 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 72\% | 90\% | 71\% | -0.3 |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 16\% | 27\% | 26\% | 5.1 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 74\% | 86\% | 76\% | 1.0 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 91\% | 96\% | 91\% | 0.2 |
| Male |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advanced |  |  |  |  | 19\% | 31\% | 25\% | 3.3 |
| Proficient and Above |  |  |  |  | 73\% | 87\% | 78\% | 2.7 |
| Basic and Above |  |  |  |  | 90\% | 96\% | 91\% | 0.6 |

Table reads: The percentage of low-income $4^{\text {th }}$ graders who scored at the advanced level on the state math test increased from $10 \%$ in 2006 to $18 \%$ in 2008. During this period, the average yearly gain in the percentage advanced in math for low-income $4^{\text {th }}$ graders was 3.7 percentage points per year.
${ }^{1}$ Averages are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Gap trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups. Average yearly percentage point gains are based on 2006-2008 results.

## Achievement by Subgroup - Gap Trends (Percentages Proficient)

## Table WY-11. Subgroup Achievement Trends in Reading by Percentages Proficient

NOTE: L = Larger gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{S}=$ Smaller gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{E}=$ Equal gain to comparison group.
If the average annual gain for the subgroup of interest, such as African American students, is larger than the average annual gain for the comparison group, such as white students, this indicates that the achievement gap has narrowed. If the average gain for the subgroup of interest is smaller, this means the gap has widened.

|  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average Annual Gain ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average <br> Annual <br> Gain ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average <br> Annual $\text { Gain }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group |
| All tested students | 06-08 | 64\% | 73\% | 4.6 |  | 06-08 | 62\% | 70\% | 4.5 |  | 06-08 | 62\% | 66\% | 1.7 |  |
| White | 06-08 | 67\% | 76\% | 4.5 |  | 06-08 | 65\% | 73\% | 3.9 |  | 06-08 | 65\% | 68\% | 1.7 |  |
| African American | 06-08 | 59\% | 65\% | $3.2{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 37\% | 64\% | $13.5{ }^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 38\% | 56\% | $9.2{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Latino | 06-08 | 50\% | 62\% | 6.2 | L | 06-08 | 44\% | 56\% | 6.2 | L | 06-08 | 44\% | 47\% | $1.8{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Asian | 06-08 | 74\% | 78\% | $2.3{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 74\% | 82\% | $4.2^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 59\% | 66\% | $3.4{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Native American | 06-08 | 38\% | 47\% | $4.4^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 35\% | 49\% | $7.3^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 37\% | 46\% | $4.2^{2}$ | L |
| Not lowincome | 06-08 | 72\% | 80\% | 3.7 |  | 06-08 | 68\% | 75\% | 3.8 |  | 06-08 | 66\% | 69\% | 1.5 |  |
| Low-income | 06-08 | 52\% | 63\% | 5.3 | L | 06-08 | 49\% | 58\% | 4.7 | L | 06-08 | 48\% | 50\% | 1.3 | S |
| All tested students | 06-08 | 64\% | 73\% | 4.6 |  | 06-08 | 62\% | 70\% | 4.5 |  | 06-08 | 62\% | 66\% | 1.7 |  |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ | 06-08 | 28\% | 40\% | 5.8 | L | 06-08 | 19\% | 31\% | 6.2 | L | 06-08 | 15\% | 23\% | 4.1 | L |
| Not ELLS | 06-08 | 66\% | 75\% | 4.4 |  | 06-08 | 63\% | 72\% | 4.4 |  | 06-08 | 64\% | 67\% | 1.5 |  |
| English language learners ${ }^{3}$ | 06-08 | 30\% | 27\% | $-1.7^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 24\% | 23\% | $-0.6{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 22\% | 12\% | $-4.9{ }^{2}$ | S |
| Female | 06-08 | 68\% | 76\% | 4.1 |  | 06-08 | 69\% | 75\% | 3.1 |  | 06-08 | 71\% | 73\% | 1.2 |  |
| Male | 06-08 | 61\% | 71\% | 5.0 | L | 06-08 | 55\% | 66\% | 5.8 | L | 06-08 | 55\% | 59\% | 2.1 | L |

Table reads: In 2006, $67 \%$ of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders and $59 \%$ of African American $4^{\text {th }}$ graders scored at the proficient level on the state reading test. In $2008,76 \%$ of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders and $65 \%$ of African American $4^{\text {th }}$ graders scored at the proficient level in reading. Between 2006 and 2008, the percentage proficient improved at
an average rate of 4.5 percentage points per year for white students and 3.2 percentage points per year for African American students, indicating a smaller rate of gain and a widening of the achievement gap for African American $4^{\text {th }}$ graders.
${ }^{1}$ Numbers in these columns are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups.

Table WY-12. Subgroup Achievement Trends in Mathematics by Percentages Proficient
NOTE: L = Larger gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{S}=$ Smaller gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{E}=$ Equal gain to comparison group.
If the average annual gain for the subgroup of interest, such as African American students, is larger than the average annual gain for the comparison group, such as white students, this indicates that the achievement gap has narrowed. If the average gain for the subgroup of interest is smaller, this means the gap has widened.

|  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average Annual Gain ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average Annual Gain ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting PP | Ending PP | Average Annual Gain ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller Than Comparison Group |
| All tested students | 06-08 | 73\% | 77\% | 1.8 |  | 06-08 | 54\% | 68\% | 6.9 |  | 06-08 | 57\% | 65\% | 3.6 |  |
| White | 06-08 | 76\% | 79\% | 1.5 |  | 06-08 | 57\% | 71\% | 6.8 |  | 06-08 | 60\% | 67\% | 3.4 |  |
| African American | 06-08 | 63\% | 70\% | $3.4{ }^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 29\% | 50\% | $10.5{ }^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 30\% | 32\% | $1.4{ }^{2}$ | S |
| Latino | 06-08 | 61\% | 68\% | 3.8 | L | 06-08 | 37\% | 48\% | 5.5 | S | 06-08 | 37\% | 47\% | $5.0^{2}$ | L |
| Asian | 06-08 | 84\% | 83\% | $-0.6{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 74\% | 79\% | $2.6{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 64\% | 73\% | $4.7^{2}$ | L |
| Native American | 06-08 | 47\% | 54\% | $3.4^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 26\% | 43\% | $8.4{ }^{2}$ | L | 06-08 | 24\% | 44\% | $10.2^{2}$ | L |
| Not lowincome | 06-08 | 80\% | 82\% | 1.3 |  | 06-08 | 61\% | 73\% | 6.0 |  | 06-08 | 62\% | 68\% | 2.7 |  |
| Low-income | 06-08 | 64\% | 67\% | 1.9 | L | 06-08 | 40\% | 55\% | 7.4 | L | 06-08 | 38\% | 49\% | 5.7 | L |
| All tested students | 06-08 | 73\% | 77\% | 1.8 |  | 06-08 | 54\% | 68\% | 6.9 |  | 06-08 | 57\% | 65\% | 3.6 |  |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ | 06-08 | 44\% | 53\% | 4.6 | L | 06-08 | 13\% | 30\% | 8.4 | L | 06-08 | 9\% | 19\% | 4.8 | L |
| Not ELLS | 06-08 | 75\% | 78\% | 1.6 |  | 06-08 | 55\% | 69\% | 6.8 |  | 06-08 | 59\% | 65\% | 3.2 |  |
| English language learners ${ }^{3}$ | 06-08 | 44\% | 39\% | $-2.7^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 23\% | 20\% | $-1.6{ }^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | 13\% | 12\% | $-0.5^{2}$ | S |
| Female | 06-08 | 74\% | 76\% | 1.0 |  | 06-08 | 54\% | 67\% | 6.5 |  | 06-08 | 59\% | 64\% | 2.7 |  |
| Male | 06-08 | 73\% | 78\% | 2.7 | L | 06-08 | 54\% | 68\% | 7.2 | L | 06-08 | 56\% | 65\% | 4.4 | L |

Table reads: In 2006, $76 \%$ of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders and $63 \%$ of African American $4^{\text {th }}$ graders scored at the proficient level on the state math test. In 2008 , $79 \%$ of white $4^{\text {th }}$ graders and $70 \%$ of African American $4^{\text {th }}$ graders scored at the proficient level in math. Between 2006 and 2008, the percentage proficient improved at an average rate of 1.5 percentage points per year for white students and 3.4 percentage points per year for African American students, indicating a larger rate of gain and a narrowing of the achievement gap for African American 4 graders.
${ }^{1}$ Numbers in these columns are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups.

## Achievement by Subgroup - Gap Trends (Mean Scale Scores)

## Table WY-13. Achievement Gap Trends in Reading by Mean Scale Scores

NOTE: L = Larger gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{S}=$ Smaller gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{E}=$ Equal gain to comparison group.
If the average gain for the subgroup of interest, such as African American students, is larger than the average gain for the comparison group, such as white students, this indicates that the achievement gap has narrowed. If the average gain for the subgroup of interest is smaller, this means the gap has widened.

|  |  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Statistic | Year Span | Starting Year | Ending | Average <br> Gain <br> (Mean <br> Scale $\text { Score) }{ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than <br> Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average Gain (Mean Scale Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Span } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average <br> Gain <br> (Mean <br> Scale <br> Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than <br> Comparison Group |
| All tested students | Mean SS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 637.5 \\ 71.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 663.7 \\ 49.8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 13.1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 680.8 \\ 71.8 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 698.6 \\ 47.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 8.9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 153.4 \\ 31.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 156.3 \\ 16.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1.4 |  |
| White | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 641.5 \\ 69.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 667.4 \\ 49.2 \end{gathered}$ | 13.0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 685.5 \\ 70.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 702.1 \\ 47.0 \end{gathered}$ | 8.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 155.0 \\ 30.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 157.3 \\ 16.4 \end{gathered}$ | 1.2 |  |
| African American | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 631.0 \\ 59.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 649.6 \\ 50.7 \end{gathered}$ | $9.3{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 660.7 \\ 51.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 698.8 \\ 44.8 \end{gathered}$ | $19.0{ }^{2}$ | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 137.5 \\ 36.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 148.0 \\ 14.9 \end{gathered}$ | $5.2{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Latino | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 613.5 \\ 82.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 648.0 \\ 47.5 \end{gathered}$ | 17.2 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 652.7 \\ 74.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 677.7 \\ 45.4 \end{array}$ | 12.5 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 142.1 \\ 35.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 149.7 \\ 14.9 \end{gathered}$ | $3.8^{2}$ | L |
| Asian | Mean SS | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 648.6 \\ 73.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 677.6 \\ 48.7 \end{gathered}$ | $14.5{ }^{2}$ | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 710.1 \\ 74.0 \end{gathered}$ | $707.1$ | $-1.5^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 154.7 \\ 29.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 152.9 \\ 15.8 \end{gathered}$ | $-0.9^{2}$ | S |
| Native American | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 611.8 \\ 64.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 630.8 \\ 47.1 \end{gathered}$ | $9.5{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 646.8 \\ 75.8 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 670.1 \\ 48.0 \end{gathered}$ | $11.6{ }^{2}$ | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 139.6 \\ 36.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 154.4 \\ 13.1 \end{array}$ | $7.4^{2}$ | L |
| Not Low-income | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 650.1 \\ 63.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 672.1 \\ 47.3 \end{gathered}$ | 11.0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 694.0 \\ 61.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 705.1 \\ 45.4 \end{gathered}$ | 5.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 158.7 \\ 24.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 157.7 \\ 16.2 \end{gathered}$ | -0.5 |  |
| Low-income | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 624.0 \\ 68.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 648.7 \\ 50.7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 12.4 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 662.9 \\ 69.6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 682.8 \\ 49.2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 10.0 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 147.4 \\ 31.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 151.5 \\ 16.0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2.0 | L |
| Not disabled | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 652.3 \\ 53.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 671.3 \\ 45.4 \end{gathered}$ | 9.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 694.3 \\ 57.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 705.6 \\ 43.9 \end{gathered}$ | 5.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159.7 \\ 24.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 158.7 \\ 15.6 \end{gathered}$ | -0.5 |  |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 577.1 \\ 85.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 621.9 \\ 52.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 22.4 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 614.9 \\ 73.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 651.1 \\ 45.1 \end{gathered}$ | 18.1 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 130.5 \\ 32.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 141.7 \\ 13.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5.6 | L |
| Not ELLS | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 642.2 \\ 64.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 665.2 \\ 49.2 \end{gathered}$ | 11.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 685.6 \\ 64.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 700.0 \\ 46.9 \end{gathered}$ | 7.2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 156.8 \\ 26.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 156.6 \\ 16.3 \end{gathered}$ | -0.1 |  |
| English language learners ${ }^{3}$ | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 588.1 \\ 78.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 609.0 \\ 38.9 \end{gathered}$ | $10.4{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 627.2 \\ 74.3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 641.1 \\ 40.3 \end{gathered}$ | $6.9{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 140.0 \\ 26.1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 141.8 \\ 12.9 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $0.9{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Female | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 644.2 \\ 66.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 668.5 \\ 49.3 \end{gathered}$ | 12.2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 691.8 \\ 71.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 705.4 \\ 46.9 \end{gathered}$ | 6.8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 156.8 \\ 31.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 160.1 \\ 16.0 \end{gathered}$ | 1.7 |  |


|  |  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Statistic | Year Span | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average Gain (Mean Scale Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average Gain (Mean Scale Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group | Year Span | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average Gain (Mean Scale Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group |
| Male | Mean SS | 06-08 | 631.3 | 659.0 | 13.9 | L | 06-08 | 670.6 | 692.4 | 10.9 | L | 06-08 | 150.4 | 153.2 | 1.4 | S |
|  | SD | 06-08 | 75.2 | 49.8 |  |  | 06-08 | 70.6 | 47.5 |  |  | 06-08 | 31.4 | 16.1 |  |  |

Table reads: In 2006, the mean scale score on the state $4^{\text {th }}$ grade reading test was 641.5 for white students and 631.0 for African American students. In 2008, the mean scale score in $4^{\text {th }}$ grade reading was 667.4 for white students and 649.6 for African American students. Between 2006 and 2008, the mean scale score improved at an average yearly rate of 13.0 points for white students and 9.3 points for African American students, indicating a widening of the achievement gap for African Americans.

Note: The PAWS is scored on a scale of 300-975 for grades 3-8 and 50-250 for grade 11.
${ }^{1}$ Numbers in these columns are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Gap trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups.

Table WY-14. Subgroup Achievement Trends in Mathematics by Mean Scale Scores
NOTE: $\mathrm{L}=$ Larger gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{S}=$ Smaller gain than comparison group. $\mathrm{E}=$ Equal gain to comparison group.
If the average gain for the subgroup of interest, such as African American students, is larger than the average gain for the comparison group, such as white students, this indicates that the achievement gap has narrowed. If the average gain for the subgroup of interest is smaller, this means the gap has widened.

|  |  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Statistic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Span } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Starting Year | Ending Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Gain } \\ \text { (Mean } \\ \text { Scale }{ }^{1} \\ \text { Score) }{ }^{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than <br> Comparison Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Span } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Starting Year | Ending Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Gain } \\ \text { (Mean } \\ \text { Scale } \\ \text { Score) }{ }^{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than <br> Comparison Group | Year Span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Starting } \\ & \text { Year } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ending Year | Average Gain (Mean Scale Score) ${ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group |
| All tested students | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mean SS } \\ \text { SD } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 649.6 \\ 50.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 660.6 \\ 57.7 \end{gathered}$ | 5.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 714.1 \\ 53.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 730.7 \\ 55.5 \end{array}$ | 8.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 152.6 \\ 18.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 148.1 \\ 16.7 \end{gathered}$ | -2.3 |  |
| White | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 653.3 \\ 50.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 664.6 \\ 57.3 \end{array}$ | 5.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 718.3 \\ 52.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 735.9 \\ 54.3 \end{gathered}$ | 8.8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 153.7 \\ 18.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 149.1 \\ 16.9 \end{gathered}$ | -2.3 |  |
| African American | Mean SS | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 629.7 \\ 41.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 641.7 \\ 49.0 \end{array}$ | $6.0^{2}$ | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 683.0 \\ 46.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 707.8 \\ 56.2 \end{gathered}$ | $12.4{ }^{2}$ | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140.6 \\ 16.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 140.3 \\ 12.5 \end{gathered}$ | $-0.2^{2}$ | L |
| Latino | Mean SS | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 633.0 \\ 45.6 \end{array}$ | 644.0 <br> 55.3 | 5.5 | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 691.0 \\ 50.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 703.9 \\ 51.3 \end{gathered}$ | 6.5 | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 143.6 \\ 15.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 142.0 \\ 14.2 \end{gathered}$ | $-0.8^{2}$ | L |
| Asian | Mean SS | $06-08$ | 667.7 | $681.4$ | $6.9^{2}$ | L | $06-08$ | $754.4$ | $750.0$ | $-2.2^{2}$ | S | 06-08 | $158.6$ | $151.1$ | $-3.8{ }^{2}$ | S |
| Native American | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SD } \\ \text { Mean SS } \\ \text { SD } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 54.1 \\ 616.7 \\ 49.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 61.3 \\ 625.2 \\ 51.1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $4.3{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67.4 \\ 680.3 \\ 42.0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58.5 \\ 694.5 \\ 59.6 \end{gathered}$ | $7.1{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21.9 \\ 138.5 \\ 16.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.5 \\ 142.6 \\ 14.6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $2.1^{2}$ | L |
| Not Low-income | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 658.8 \\ 49.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 669.3 \\ 56.4 \end{array}$ | 5.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 723.1 \\ 52.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 738.6 \\ 54.0 \end{array}$ | 7.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 154.5 \\ 18.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 149.5 \\ 16.5 \end{gathered}$ | -2.5 |  |
| Low-income | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mean SS } \\ \text { SD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 636.0 \\ 48.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 645.3 \\ 56.9 \end{array}$ | 4.7 | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 696.4 \\ 50.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 711.6 \\ 54.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 7.6 | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 145.1 \\ 17.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 143.1 \\ 16.3 \end{array}$ | -1.0 | L |
| Not disabled | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $656.5$ $47.7$ | $\begin{array}{r} 667.5 \\ 55.2 \end{array}$ | 5.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 722.1 \\ 50.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 738.1 \\ 52.7 \end{gathered}$ | 8.0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 154.9 \\ 18.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 150.1 \\ 16.2 \end{gathered}$ | -2.4 |  |
| Students with disabilities ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mean SS } \\ \text { SD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 614.0 \\ 50.8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 622.8 \\ 56.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 4.4 | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 661.5 \\ 41.3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 680.4 \\ 47.6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 9.5 | L | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 132.5 \\ 12.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 134.6 \\ 13.3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1.1 | L |
| Not ELLs | Mean SS SD | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 651.5 \\ 50.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 662.1 \\ 57.4 \end{gathered}$ | 5.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 715.6 \\ 53.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 732.2 \\ 55.0 \end{array}$ | 8.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 153.1 \\ 18.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 148.3 \\ 16.7 \end{gathered}$ | -2.4 |  |
| English language learners ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mean SS } \\ \text { SD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 614.1 \\ 44.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 608.9 \\ 45.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $-2.6{ }^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 676.4 \\ 50.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 669.8 \\ 42.6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $-3.3^{2}$ | S | $\begin{aligned} & 06-08 \\ & 06-08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 134.8 \\ 14.8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 137.4 \\ 13.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $1.3{ }^{2}$ | L |
| Female | Mean SS | 06-08 | 648.9 | 659.6 | 5.4 |  | 06-08 | 714.9 | 729.8 | 7.5 |  | 06-08 | 152.6 | 148.3 | -2.2 |  |


|  |  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subgroup | Statistic | Year <br> Span | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average <br> Gain <br> (Mean <br> Scale $\text { Score) }{ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Span } \end{aligned}$ | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average <br> Gain <br> (Mean <br> Scale $\text { Score) }{ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than <br> Comparison Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Span } \end{aligned}$ | Starting Year | Ending Year | Average <br> Gain <br> (Mean <br> Scale $\text { Score) }{ }^{1}$ | Gain Larger or Smaller than Comparison Group |
|  | SD | 06-08 | 49.2 | 57.6 |  |  | 06-08 | 51.6 | 53.6 |  |  | 06-08 | 17.8 | 17.0 |  |  |
| Male | Mean SS | 06-08 | 650.3 | 661.5 | 5.6 | L | 06-08 | 713.3 | 731.6 | 9.2 | L | 06-08 | 152.5 | 147.9 | -2.3 | S |
|  | SD | 06-08 | 52.0 | 57.9 |  |  | 06-08 | 55.4 | 57.3 |  |  | 06-08 | 19.9 | 16.4 |  |  |

Table reads: In 2006, the mean scale score on the state $4^{\text {th }}$ grade math test was 653.3 for white students and 629.7 for African American students. In 2008 , the mean scale score in $4^{\text {th }}$ grade math was 664.6 for white students and 641.7 for African American students. Between 2006 and 2008 , the mean scale score improved at an average yearly rate of 5.7 points for white students and 6.0 points for African American students, indicating a narrowing of the achievement gap for African Americans.

Note: The PAWS is scored on a scale of $300-975$ for grades $3-8$ and $50-250$ for grade 11 .
${ }^{1}$ Numbers in these columns are subject to rounding error.
${ }^{2}$ The number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data, so changes for this subgroup should be interpreted with caution.
${ }^{3}$ Gap trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because state and federal policy changes may have affected the year-to-year comparability of test results for these subgroups.

Table WY-15. Numbers of Test-Takers

| Subgroup | Subject | Grade 4 |  |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  |  | Grade 11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year Span | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> Start <br> Year | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> End <br> Year | Change in \# of TestTakers Over Time | \% of Test- <br> Takers in <br> Subgroup <br> in End <br> Year | Year Span | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> Start <br> Year | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> End <br> Year | Change in \# of TestTakers Over Time | \% of TestTakers in Subgroup in End Year | Year Span | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> Start <br> Year | \# of <br> Test- <br> Takers <br> End <br> Year | Change in \# of TestTakers Over Time | \% of TestTakers in Subgroup in End Year |
| All tested | Reading | 06-08 | 6,193 | 6,430 | 3.8\% | 100.0\% | 06-08 | 6,765 | 6,531 | -3.5\% | 100.0\% | 06-08 | 5,988 | 3,653 | -39.0\% | 100.0\% |
| students | Math | 06-08 | 6,207 | 6,438 | 3.7\% | 100.0\% | 06-08 | 6,769 | 6,531 | -3.5\% | 100.0\% | 06-08 | 6,013 | 4,061 | -32.5\% | 100.0\% |
| White | Reading | 06-08 | 5,162 | 5,326 | 3.2\% | 82.8\% | 06-08 | 5,693 | 5,537 | -2.7\% | 84.8\% | 06-08 | 5,298 | 3,105 | -41.4\% | 85.0\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 5,163 | 5,329 | 3.2\% | 82.8\% | 06-08 | 5,692 | 5,536 | -2.7\% | 84.8\% | 06-08 | 5,319 | 3,439 | -35.3\% | 84.7\% |
| African American | Reading | 06-08 | 114 | 107 | -6.1\% | 1.7\% | 06-08 | 104 | 96 | -7.7\% | 1.5\% | 06-08 | 72 | 47 | -34.7\% | 1.3\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 114 | 107 | -6.1\% | 1.7\% | 06-08 | 103 | 96 | -6.8\% | 1.5\% | 06-08 | 71 | 63 | -11.3\% | 1.6\% |
| Latino | Reading | 06-08 | 582 | 673 | 15.6\% | 10.5\% | 06-08 | 622 | 610 | -1.9\% | 9.3\% | 06-08 | 390 | 319 | -18.2\% | 8.7\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 593 | 686 | 15.7\% | 10.7\% | 06-08 | 628 | 612 | -2.5\% | 9.4\% | 06-08 | 393 | 368 | -6.4\% | 9.1\% |
| Asian | Reading | 06-08 | 87 | 64 | -26.4\% | 1.0\% | 06-08 | 68 | 66 | -2.9\% | 1.0\% | 06-08 | 66 | 42 | -36.4\% | 1.1\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 89 | 65 | -27.0\% | 1.0\% | 06-08 | 69 | 67 | -2.9\% | 1.0\% | 06-08 | 66 | 45 | -31.8\% | 1.1\% |
| Native American | Reading | 06-08 | 248 | 243 | -2.0\% | 3.8\% | 06-08 | 278 | 210 | -24.5\% | 3.2\% | 06-08 | 162 | 134 | -17.3\% | 3.7\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 248 | 234 | -5.6\% | 3.6\% | 06-08 | 277 | 210 | -24.2\% | 3.2\% | 06-08 | 164 | 139 | -15.2\% | 3.4\% |
| Low-income | Reading | 06-08 | 2,359 | 2,333 | -1.1\% | 36.3\% | 06-08 | 2,114 | 1,906 | -9.8\% | 29.2\% | 06-08 | 1,073 | 826 | -23.0\% | 22.6\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 2,367 | 2,335 | -1.4\% | 36.3\% | 06-08 | 2,123 | 1,904 | -10.3\% | 29.2\% | 06-08 | 1,080 | 894 | -17.2\% | 22.0\% |
| Students wl disabilities | Reading | 06-08 | 951 | 997 | 4.8\% | 15.5\% | 06-08 | 817 | 834 | 2.1\% | 12.8\% | 06-08 | 572 | 500 | -12.6\% | 13.7\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 949 | 1,001 | 5.5\% | 15.5\% | 06-08 | 820 | 835 | 1.8\% | 12.8\% | 06-08 | 573 | 526 | -8.2\% | 13.0\% |
| English language learners | Reading | 06-08 | 244 | 182 | -25.4\% | 2.8\% | 06-08 | 174 | 151 | -13.2\% | 2.3\% | 06-08 | 88 | 72 | -18.2\% | 2.0\% |
|  | Math | 06-08 | 255 | 183 | -28.2\% | 2.8\% | 06-08 | 177 | 154 | -13.0\% | 2.4\% | 06-08 | 90 | 77 | -14.4\% | 1.9\% |
| Female | Reading | 06-08 | 3,034 | 3,129 | 3.1\% | 48.7\% | 06-08 | 3,271 | 3,120 | -4.6\% | 47.8\% | 06-08 | 2,848 | 1,666 | -41.5\% | 45.6\% |
|  |  | 06-08 | 3,043 | 3,135 | 3.0\% | 48.7\% | 06-08 | 3,268 | 3,120 | -4.5\% | 47.8\% | 06-08 | 2,854 | 2,092 | -26.7\% | 51.5\% |
| Male | Reading | 06-08 | 3,159 | 3,301 | 4.5\% | 51.3\% | 06-08 | 3,494 | 3,411 | -2.4\% | 52.2\% | 06-08 | 3,140 | 1,987 | -36.7\% | 54.4\% |
|  |  | 06-08 | 3,164 | 3,303 | 4.4\% | 51.3\% | 06-08 | 3,501 | 3,411 | -2.6\% | 52.2\% | 06-08 | 3,159 | 1,969 | -37.7\% | 48.5\% |

Table reads: In 2006, 5,162 students in the white subgroup took the state $4^{\text {th }}$ grade reading test. By 2008, the number of white test-takers had risen to 5,326 students, an increase of $3.2 \%$. In 2008, the white subgroup made up $82.8 \%$ of the $6,4304^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the reading test that year.

Note: Bold type indicates that the number of students tested in this subgroup at this grade level was fewer than 500 in 2008 or the most recent year with available data.

## Key Terms

Percentage proficient (and above) - The percentage of students in a group who score at and above the cut score for "proficient" performance on the state test used to determine progress under NCLB. The Act requires states to report student test performance in terms of at least three achievement levels: basic, proficient, and advanced. Adequate yearly progress determinations are based on the percentage of students scoring at the proficient level and above.

Percentage basic (and above) - The percentage of students in a group who score at and above the cut score for "basic" performance on the state test used to determine progress under NCLB.

Percentage advanced - The percentage of students in a group who reach or exceed the cut score for "advanced" performance on the state test used to determine progress under NCLB.

Moderate-to-large gain - For the percentage basic, proficient, or advanced, an average gain of 1 or more percentage points per year. For effect size, an average gain of 0.02 or greater per year.

Slight gain - For the percentage basic, proficient, or advanced, an average gain of less than 1 percentage point per year. For effect size, an average gain of less than 0.02 per year.

Moderate-to-large decline - For the percentage basic, proficient, or advanced, an average decline of 1 or more percentage points per year. For effect size, an average decline of 0.02 or greater per year.

Slight decline - For the percentage basic, proficient, or advanced, an average decline of less than 1 percentage points per year. For effect size, an average decline of less than 0.02 per year.

Effect size - A statistical tool that conveys the amount of difference between test results using a common unit of measurement which does not depend on the scoring scale for a particular test.

Accumulated annual effect size - The cumulative gain in effect size over a range of years.
Mean scale score - The arithmetical average of a group of test scores, expressed on a common scale for a particular state's test. The mean is calculated by adding the scores and dividing the sum by the number of scores.

Standard deviation - A measure of how much test scores tend to deviate from the mean-in other words, how spread out or bunched together test scores are. If students' scores are bunched together, with many scores close to the mean, then the standard deviation will be small. If scores are spread out, with many students scoring at the high or low ends of the scale, then the standard deviation will be large.

## Cautions and Explanations

Different labels for achievement levels - For consistency, all of the state profiles developed for this report use a common set of labels (basic, proficient, and advanced) for the main achievement levels required by NCLB. In practice, however, some states may use different labels, such as "meets standard" instead of proficient, and some states have established additional achievement levels beyond those required by NCLB.

Different names for subgroups - For the sake of consistency and ease of data tabulation, all of the state profiles developed for this report use a common set of names for the major student subgroups. In practice, however, states use various names for subgroups that may differ from those used here (such as using "Hispanic" instead of "Latino," or "special education students" instead of "students with disabilities"). Moreover, a few states separately track the performance of subgroups not included in the analyses for this report.

Special caution for students with disabilities and English language learners - Trends for students with disabilities and English language learners should be interpreted with caution because changes in federal guidance and state accountability plans may have altered which students in these subgroups are tested for accountability purposes, how they are tested, and when their test scores are counted as proficient under NCLB. These factors could affect the year-to-year comparability of test results.

Inclusion of former English language learners - In many states, the subgroup of English language learners (also known as limited English proficient students) includes students who were formerly English language learners but who have achieved English language proficiency or fluency in the last two years. Federal NCLB regulations permit states to include these formerly ELL students (sometimes referred to as "redesignated fluent English proficient" students) in the ELL subgroup for up to two years for purposes of NCLB accountability.

Limitations of percentage proficient measure - The percentage proficient, the main gauge of student performance under NCLB, can be easily understood and gives a snapshot of how many students have met their state's performance expectations. But it also has several limitations as a measure of student achievement. Users of percentage proficient data should keep in mind these limitations, particularly the following:

* "Proficient" means different things across different states. States vary widely in curriculum, learning expectations, and tests, and state tests differ considerably in their difficulty and cut scores for proficient performance.
* Although this study has taken steps to avoid comparing test data where there have been "breaks" in comparability resulting from new tests, changes in content standards, revised cut scores, or other major changes in testing programs, the year-to-year comparability of test results in the same state may still be affected by less obvious policy and demographic changes.
* Changes in student performance may occur that are not reflected in percentage proficient data, such as an increase in the number of students reaching performance levels below and above proficient (such as the basic or advanced levels).
* The size of the achievement gaps between various subgroups depends in part on where a state sets its cut score for proficiency. For example, if a proficiency cut score is set so high that almost nobody reaches it or so low that almost everyone reaches it, there will be little apparent achievement gap. By contrast, if the cut score is closer to the mean test score, the gaps between subgroups will be more apparent.

Difficulty of attributing causes - Although the tables above show trends in test scores since the enactment of NCLB, one cannot assume that these trends have occurred because of NCLB. It is always difficult to determine a cause-and-effect relationship between test score trends and any specific education policy or program due to the many federal, state, and local reforms undertaken in recent years and due to the lack of an appropriate "control" group of students not affected by NCLB.

