

Update on 2005-06 State Financial Aid Program Activity and 2006-07 Estimates

December 2006



HIGHER EDUCATION

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Executive Summary

The state of Washington has a longstanding commitment to higher education opportunity for all students, regardless of income, through its state financial aid programs. The purpose of this report is to provide the members of the Higher Education Coordinating Board (HECB) with an overview of state and federal financial aid in Washington, an update on state financial aid spending for the 2005-06 academic year and projected spending for the 2006-07 academic year. It also is intended to fulfill a requirement added by the 2006 Legislature that the board report program outcomes to the Legislature.

Overview of State, Federal, and Institutional Aid Programs

In 2005-06, a total of \$1.48 billion in need-based aid was provided from all sources to about 135,000 Washington students. This aid took the form of grants, work study awards, and loans from federal, state, and institutional sources. As in previous years, the federal government provided the majority of the aid. About 77 percent of all federal aid was in the form of loans.

The figures in Charts 1 and 2 represent state, federal, institutional, and other private sources of financial aid disbursed to Washington students for the 2005-06 academic year, as reported on the Unit Record Report. The Unit Record Report includes figures supplied by the 71 colleges and universities that currently participate in state aid programs. Unit Record figures were only recently reported to the HECB and have not yet been fully analyzed. As a result, these figures may change slightly when verified.

Not included in these amounts are federal and institutional aid disbursed by colleges and universities that do not participate in state aid programs (e.g., University of Phoenix and City University) and other financing methods used by students and families, such as private loans, credit card debt and the impact of federal tax credits

Sources and Types of Aid to Needy Students in Washington, 2005-06

Chart 1:

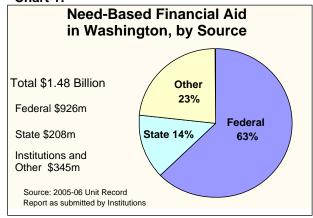
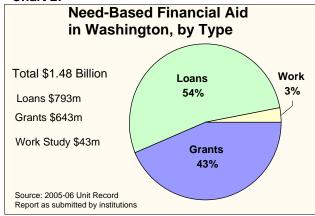


Chart 2:



State Student Aid Programs

Washington currently ranks eighth in the nation in providing need-based aid to students. New York provides 2.28 times as much aid per enrolled student as Washington, and 1.57 times as much as the next ranking state, New Jersey. Washington is positioned slightly behind five other states, including Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota and Tennessee. Within the top ten, Washington is slightly ahead of Vermont and California.

Among Washington Learns' "Global Challenge States", Washington ranks second after New Jersey, in the amount of aid per enrolled student. On this same measure, California, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Virginia, Maryland and Colorado follow.

In 2005-06, the governor and legislature appropriated, and the board disbursed, about \$188 million in state assistance through 19 programs. More than 76,000 students attending 99 colleges and universities received some state assistance. The Washington Promise Scholarship program was discontinued at the end of 2005-06, reducing the number of programs administered by the HECB and the number of students served by student financial aid programs.

In 2006-07, the board is administering 18 student financial aid programs totaling about \$201 million. More than 88 percent of state aid is in the form of grants and scholarships. The remaining 12 percent is in the form of work study or conditional loans that can be completely forgiven in exchange for specific service. The State Need Grant and State Work Study programs are the largest. These two need-based programs, along with the smaller Educational Opportunity Grant, are intended to promote equitable access to higher education for all low- and middle-income students. Other programs are designed to award academic merit; promote student commitments to specific health professions or teaching fields; or serve other public policy purposes.

State Student Aid Funding

The outcomes contained in this report reflect several changes to student financial aid funding that occurred during 2005-06 and 2006-07. The governor and legislature provided funding for the State Need Grant program to increase student awards by an amount equal to the dollar for dollar increases in public sector tuition. In addition, the governor and legislature funded the board's long-standing goal of boosting the median family income cutoff from 55 percent to 65 percent, extending the grant to about 10,000 additional students. However, the board's recommendation to close the gap between the State Need Grant award amounts and full cost of public sector tuition was not funded. The awards continue to range between 88 percent and 95 percent of public sector tuition.

For the first time, the governor and legislature provided funding to keep pace with the impact of tuition increases and new enrollments in the State Work Study program, similar to its actions in the State Need Grant program. However, no progress was made in restoring the historic ratio of one work study recipient for every 12 needy students. The current ratio is one work study recipient for every 17 needy students.

The 2005-07 budget also saw the Future Teachers Conditional Scholarship program receive its first regular biennial appropriation since 1995. Both the Future Teachers Conditional Scholarship Program and the Alternate Routes to Teaching programs also benefited from a supplemental appropriation for 2006-07.

The Promise Scholarship program, the state's largest merit-based award, was terminated effective with the 2005 graduating high school class. The program ceased all operations as of June 30, 2006. As a result, more than 3,700 students will no longer be counted as receiving state aid in 2006-07. The Washington Scholars program saw its awards reduced from three recipients to two recipients per legislative district for the biennium. The savings from these two merit programs were used to enhance need-based aid.

For the first time, the governor and legislature provided a small appropriation in 2006-07 to help stabilize funding for scholarships to students who participated in the state's first Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) program. Prior to the appropriation, all scholarships have been funded through the State Education Trust Account. The governor and legislature also provided funding for Leadership 1000, a program that pairs private benefactors with economically disadvantaged students.

Other Notable Events

State Need Grant Less-Than-Half Time Pilot Project

In the 2005 legislative session, the governor and legislature authorized \$500,000 of the State Need Grant appropriation to conduct a pilot study to evaluate the need for and cost of extending the program to students who attend college less than half time. Legislation specifically limited the study to students taking a four- or five-credit course load. The pilot project is in its second and final year. The board expects to take action on the study report as a separate item on its November 2006 meeting, in time to deliver it to the legislature in December 2006.

Foster Care Endowed Scholarship

This scholarship was created by the 2005 Legislature to help former foster youth attend college. A \$75,000 annual state appropriation must be matched by private dollars to create the endowment that will be used to fund scholarships. Board staff established an advisory committee. Committee members are developing and implementing fundraising strategies. A recent example is that the scholarship is now listed as a charity in the state's Combined Fund Drive.

Participating Institutions

Two schools participating in the State Need Grant program have closed: Henry Cogswell College in Everett, and Court Reporting Institute in Seattle. The board's ongoing monitoring activities identified the risk of closure in advance. Staff were able to work closely with the institutions and ensure no funds were left owing either to students or to the state. In addition, North Idaho College, eligible to participate due to a reciprocity agreement, chose to discontinue it's participation in the program. DigiPen Institute of Technology in Redmond entered the State Need Grant program in February of 2006, and is expected to serve about 40 students in 2006-07.

School and Employer Visits

The HECB strengthened its training and oversight efforts by reorganizing the division to allow for the creation of a new position to coordinate outreach efforts. Since January, five staff members have visited more than 30 schools and employers to provide training and review compliance activities of participants in the State Need Grant and State Work Study programs. In addition to reviewing programs, staff have shared best practices and lessons learned with the financial aid community, and have developed training materials. Staff will continue to visit the remainder of the schools and more employers throughout the 2006-07 academic year.

State Financial Aid Program Expenditures by Program

Table 1 shows a program-by-program accounting of all state student aid programs, followed in turn by a more detailed accounting of the two largest state programs, the State Need Grant and State Work Study programs.

Table 1 – State Financial Aid Program Funding and Recipients 2005-06 and 2006-07

Tuble 1	state Financial Ald Program Funding	2005		2006-07	
Public Purpose	Program	Total Dollars Expended	Actual Number of Recipients	Total Dollars Available	Estimated Number of Recipients
Opportunity	State Need Grant		66,198	\$167.7 million	66,200
for Equitable Access	State Work Study • Part-time work for financially needy undergraduate & graduate students	\$18.2 million	9,297	\$19.4 million	9,900
	Educational Opportunity Grant Need-based grant for junior and senior year of college	\$2.8 million	1,216	\$2.9 million	1,216
	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) Scholarships Provides scholarships to needy or disadvantaged students who participated in an early awareness and outreach program	\$1,087,098	350	\$1,209,000 (Funded by a \$75,000 approp. & \$1,134,000 & deposits to SET)	400
Affordability and Merit	Foster Care Endowed Scholarship • Endows a fund from which annual scholarships may be awarded to former foster care youth.	\$75,000	N/A	\$75,000	TBD
	American Indian Endowed Scholarship Annual scholarships for financially- needy undergraduate students with close social and cultural ties to American Indian community	\$8,300 (Funded by Endowment Earnings)	14	\$19,575 (Funded by Endowment Earnings)	12
	Washington Promise Scholarship Two-year merit scholarship Must meet both merit and income criteria	\$4.3 million	3,765	0	0
Ma-114	Washington Scholars • Four-year merit scholarship	\$2.3 million	452	\$2.4 million	420
Merit	Washington Award for Vocational Excellence Two-year merit scholarship	\$869,618	284	\$963,400	295

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Targeted to Employment Shortages	Health Professional Loan Repayment Provides loan repayment assistance to licensed primary care health professionals	\$2.9 million	67	\$2.8 million	55
	Alternative Routes to Teaching (through OSPI)* • Helps school districts recruit teachers in subject matter and geographic shortage areas	\$492,000	78	\$1,008,000	126
Targeted to Employment Shortages	Future Teachers Conditional Scholarship Program*	\$267,754 (Separate fund & account; payments not from general fund)	57	\$750,000	84
	Professional Scholarship Program Provides scholarships to students training to become primary care health professionals	\$240,916	46	\$237,500	44
	WICHE Professional Student Exchange Conditional loans to study optometry or osteopathy, which are not offered in Washington	\$199,300	13	\$204,300	13
	Washington Leadership 1000 Scholarship Fund Program* • Funds to match benefactors with disadvantaged students	N/A	N/A	\$500,000 (Funds provided to foundation)	TBD
	Provides matching grants to community-based 501(c)(3) organizations raising money for their own scholarships	\$246,000 (Funds awarded to non-profit organizations, not students))	100	\$246,000	100
	WICHE Dues • Maintains access to exchange programs and research	\$108,000	N/A	\$113,000	N/A
Other	Provides funds to contract with Department of Health to conduct outreach activities to potential health professionals	\$100.000	N/A	\$100,000	N/A
	Child Care Grants • Promotes high-quality, accessible and affordable child care for students attending college	\$75,000 (Funds awarded to institutions, not students)	4	\$75,000	4
	Washington Center Scholarships • Provides financial support for student to participate in internships in Washington, D.C.	\$60,000	15	\$60,000	15
	Supplemental federal funds that allow college to provide services to migrant and seasonal farm workers and their children	\$25,000 (Funds provided to authorized CAMP sites)	4	\$25,000	4
	Total	\$188 million		\$201 million	
N	te general fund, education legacy trust, and federal l	EAD 1015AD	, ,	<u> </u>	

Note: Includes state general fund, education legacy trust, and federal LEAP and SLEAP funds.
*Some or all of these funds were appropriated by the 2006 Legislature and were not reflected in the agency's strategic plan.

Transfers and Carry Forward Activity

In 2005, the Legislature recognized that the effort necessary to ensure financial aid appropriations were fully spent created an administrative burden on the institutions and the HECB. In many cases, the final push to "close the books" did not change amounts received by students, but instead impacted how much of the money already received by students was recorded in accounting records as coming from state aid programs versus institutional aid funds.

Rather than continue this practice, the 2005 Legislature created a separate fund, allowing a small portion of unused financial aid funds to be carried forward from one fiscal year to the next. Appropriations for the State Need Grant, State Work Study, the Educational Opportunity Grant, Washington Scholars and Washington Award for Excellence (WAVE) are deposited in the fund.

In a separate action, the 2006 Legislature allowed the board additional flexibility to transfer monies among several financial aid programs. Included was the authority to transfer up to one percent of the State Need Grant program and unexpended monies from the Promise program to the State Education Trust Account. Monies in the account are currently used to fund scholarships to students who participated in the state's first Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) program. In doing so, the Legislature also specified that:

"By December 1st of each fiscal year, the board shall submit a report to the legislature detailing the outcomes from the previous year and a progress report on the current year for each of the student aid programs listed in this section: (a) the number of students served; (b) the award amount provided to students by sector; (c) the total amount spent; and (d) an explanation for any variation between the amount listed in the subsections and the amount expended."

As a result, the board made the following transfers and carry forward of funds at the conclusion of the 2005-06 year. Carry forward in the State Need Grant program represents about $1/10^{th}$ of one percent of the appropriation. Carry forward in State Work Study program represents about $2/10^{th}$ of one percent of the appropriation.

Table 2 - Transfers for 2005-06

Transfers	Amount
State Need Grant to State Education Trust fund	\$703,153
Promise to State Education Trust fund	\$457,863
Agency administrative savings to pay GEAR UP Scholarships	\$274,056
Agency administrative savings to pay WAVE student awards	\$40,618
Washington Scholars to pay WAVE student awards	\$35,000

Table 3 – Carry Forward (name the fund) into 2006-07

Program Carry Forward	Amount
State Need Grant	\$99,408
Educational Opportunity Grant	\$70,231
Washington Scholars	\$37,596
State Work Study	\$37,539

There were carry forward funds in two other accounts. The Health Professional Repayment and Scholarship program account in the amount of \$54,351. And, in the Four-Year Student Childcare in Higher Education account in the amount of \$25,601.

Award Amounts by Program

Table 4 displays the value of the award for each program. The value of the 2006-07 awards in the State Need Grant, Washington Scholars, and Washington Award for Vocational Education programs kept pace with public sector tuition and fee increases. The value of awards in all other programs remained relatively unchanged compared to the previous year.

Table 4 - 2006-07 Award Amounts, by Program

Table 4 – 2006-07 Award Amounts, by Program				
PROGRAM AWARD AMOUNTS 2006-07				
State Need Grant	Maximum Awards Community/Tech \$2,450 Private Career \$2,450 Comprehensive \$3,970 Research Univ. \$5,156 Indep. Col./Univ. \$5,390			
State Work Study	Determined by institutional packaging policy and student need \$2,000 - \$5,000			
Educational Opportunity Grant	<u>Maximum Award</u> \$2,500			
American Indian Endowed Scholarship	Renewal awards \$2,000 New awards \$1,500			
Washington Scholars	Maximum Awards Community/Tech \$2,586 Comprehensive \$4,393 Research Univ. \$5,887 Indep. Col./Univ. \$5,887			
Washington Award for Vocational Excellence	Maximum Awards Community/Tech \$2,586 Private Career \$5,887 Comprehensive \$4,393 Research Univ. \$5,887 Indep. Col./Univ. \$5,887			
Health Professional Scholarship	Award amounts vary by eligible profession \$4,000 to \$10,000			
WICHE Professional Student Exchange	Optometry \$13,600 Osteopathy \$17,000			
Future Teachers Conditional Scholarship	Maximum Awards Community/Tech \$2,586 Comprehensive \$4,350 Research Univ. \$5,826 Indep. Col./Univ. \$5,826			
Alternative Routes to Teaching	\$8,000			
Health Professional Loan Repayment	Award amounts mirror federal standard Maximum \$25,000			
Community Scholarship Matching Grant	\$2,000			
Child Care Grants	Grant amounts are based on proposals made by institutions.			
Foster Care Endowed Scholarship	TBD			
Washington Center Scholarships	\$4,000			
College Assistance Migrant Program	\$6,250			
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs – Grant One	\$4,000			

Note: Unit Record information reflects preliminary 2005-06 data.

Appendix A

State Need Grant Program Update

Overview

Included in this update of the State Need Grant (SNG) program's expenditures and activity is a summary of the 2005-06 disbursements and a report on 2006-07 activity to date. Currently, 69 institutions participate in the State Need Grant program. This appendix includes a history of State Need Grant expenditures and a breakdown of 2005-06 institutional expenditures, along with the most recent estimate of how much each institution will spend in 2006-07, known as the institution's "reserve".

2005-06 Summary

In 2005-06, the Higher Education Coordinating Board had a total of \$154.7 million available, including about \$1.4 million in federal matching funds, for awards to students. The funding allowed the board to serve 66,198 students (Table 5).

In 2005-06, the income eligibility cutoff was increased to 65 percent of the state's median family income (MFI), or about \$45,000 for a family of four. The grant award amounts vary by sector. As a percentage of tuition, the grant awards ranged from 95.2 percent of tuition at the community colleges to 87.7 percent of tuition at the public research institutions (Table 6). The governor and legislature provided sufficient funding to raise grant amounts to cover all public sector tuition increases on a dollar-for-dollar basis. However, there was no significant progress in closing the gaps between the total tuition costs and the grant award amounts.

Over the past few years there has been a substantial increase in the number of State Need Grant-eligible students enrolling in post-secondary education. At the end of the 2004-05 year, colleges and universities reported that about 6,000 eligible students were unserved due to a lack of funding. In 2005-06, despite a \$26.7 million increase in funding and serving over 10,000 additional students, colleges and universities still reported that about 3,000 eligible students from families with incomes up to 65 percent MFI were unserved due to a lack of funds.

Table 5 – State Need Grant Percent of General Fund Expended

<u>Year/Biennium</u>	General Fund – <u>State Appropriation</u> (in millions)	Percent Expended
FY 2001-02	\$90.6	100.0%
FY 2002-03	\$104.9	99.9%
FY 2003-04	\$111.6	100.0%
FY 2004-05	\$124.9	100.0%
FY 2005-06	\$153.3	99.9%
FY 2006-07	\$166.1	N/A

2006-07 Estimates

For the 2006-07 academic year, the HECB has \$167.7 million, including about \$1.4 million in federal matching funds, available for grants to students (Table 7). HECB staff expects to serve about 66,000 students. Included in this appendix is a table showing the most recent estimate of how much each institution will spend in 2006-07, known as the institution's "reserve" (Table 8). The legislature also authorized \$500,000 of the State Need Grant's 2005-07 biennial appropriation to be used to fund a pilot study on the topic of making awards to students who enroll less-than-halftime (Table 9).

The HECB will continue to serve students up to the 65 percent income cutoff level. The gaps between the award and tuition are expected to remain essentially unchanged for 2006-07 (Table 6).

Institutions that participate in the State Need Grant program are required to submit quarterly interim reports detailing their expenditures and the eligibility of their enrolled students. Based on the early November report, it appears the State Need Grant program will again be 100 percent expended by the end of the 2006-07 academic year (Table 6).

The governor and the legislature provided more funding in 2006-07 than was provided for 2005-06, in order to keep pace with tuition increases. Early estimates show that this funding level may be sufficient to reduce the unserved student population by a few thousand. However, the analysis indicates that there will again be more State Need Grant-eligible students than the program appropriation can serve.

Table 6 - State Need Grant Awards as a Percentage of Tuition

2005-06				
Sector	SNG Award Amounts	Average Sector Tuition [*]	Difference Between SNG Award and Tuition	SNG Award as a Percentage of Tuition
Research	\$4,774	\$5,446	\$672	87.66%
Comprehensive	\$3,724	\$4,108	\$384	90.65%
CTC/Private Voc	\$2,328	\$2,445	\$117	95.21%
Private 4 Year	\$5,008	\$5,446	\$438	91.96%

^{*}The maximum grant for State Need Grant recipients at private four-year colleges is limited to the value of tuition and fees at the public four-year research institutions. Therefore, the tuition recognized for private four-year colleges is the same as the public research sector.

2006-07				
Sector	SNG Award Amounts	Average Sector Tuition	Difference Between SNG Award and Tuition	SNG Award as a Percentage of Tuition
Research	\$5,156	\$5,822	\$666	88.56%
Comprehensive	\$3,970	\$4,350	\$380	91.26%
CTC/Private Voc	\$2,450	\$2,586	\$136	94.74%
Private 4 Year	\$5,390	\$5,822	\$432	92.58%

^{*}The maximum grant for State Need Grant recipients at private four-year colleges is limited to the value of tuition and fees at the public four-year research institutions. Therefore, the tuition recognized for private four-year colleges is the same as the public research sector.

Table 7 – 2006-07 State Need Grant Budget Summaries

Table 1 - 2000-07 State Need Staff Budget Suffillaties					
2005-06 Summary			2006-07 Summa	ary	
State appropriation	\$153,301,000		State appropriation	\$166,253,860	
Federal LEAP/SLEAP funds	\$1,436,883		Federal LEAP/SLEAP funds	\$1,443,070	
SNG total available for grants	\$154,737,883		SNG total available for grants	\$167,696,930	
Carry Forward SNG	\$99,408*		Uncommitted SNG	\$0	

Note: Of the carry forward, \$93,860-was from the less-than-halftime pilot study.

Table 8 – State Need Grant Reserves by College or University

	Craffic Reserves by Co		
State Need Grant	2005-06 Year-end Statistics		2006-07 Reserves
Sector	SNG Amount Awarded to Students (includes matching federal LEAP funds and TRIO)	Served FTEs	SNG amount reserved for students (includes matching federal LEAP funds)
Research	\$42,898,179	9,638	\$ 46,503,800
Comprehensive	\$ 28,618,460	8,144	\$ 31,879,351
Reciprocity (no participating schools in 2006-07)	\$ 9,894	5	\$ 0
Private Four-year	\$ 17,087,994	3,650	\$ 20,168,129
Community and Technical	\$ 61,250,922	27,015	\$ 64,348,958
Private Career	\$ 4,069,875	1,797	\$ 4,177,832
Total	\$ 153,935,324	50,249	\$167,078,070
Research	<u> </u>	·	
University of Washington	25,802,623	5833	27,126,898
Washington State University	17,095,556	3805	19,376,902
Comprehensive			
Central Washington University	8,047,960	2283	8,665,806
Eastern Washington University	8,099,445	2310	9,568,610
The Evergreen State College	4,209,929	1180	5,012,657
Western Washington University	8,261,126	2371	8,632,278
Reciprocity			
North Idaho College (no longer in program)	9,894	5	0
Private Four-year			
Antioch University	298,433	68	327,011
Bastyr University	263,389	53	272,141
Cornish College of the Arts	681,821	143	695,964
Gonzaga University	2,239,721	392	1,895,378
Heritage University	1,825,467	466	2,291,964
Northwest College of Art	719,468	17	79,159
Northwest University	2,640,803	150	1,051,203
Pacific Lutheran University	1,162,641	584	2,960,282
Saint Martin's University	1,543,365	247	1,538,372
Seattle Pacific University	2,153,053	331	1,722,470
Seattle University	610,112	454	3,627,301
University of Puget Sound	788,697	130	719,395
Walla Walla College	206,687	166	801,124
Whitman College	1,676,587	42	253,941
Whitworth College	76,998	365	1,739,277
Henry Cogswell (no longer in program)	175,752	37	0
Digipen	25,000	5	193,147

Table 8 (cont.) - State Need Grant Reserves by College or University

Table 8 (cont.) – State Need Grant Reserves by College or University			
State Need Grant	State Need Grant 2005-06 Year-end Statistics 2006-07 Reserv		
	SNG Amount Awarded		SNG amount reserved
	to Students		for students
Sector	(includes matching federal	Served	(includes matching
	LEAP funds and TRIO)	FTEs	federal LEAP funds)
Community and Technical			
Bellevue Community College	1,869,907	840	1,987,222
Big Bend Community College	1,403,236	621	1,401,741
Cascadia Community College	354,475	164	370,105
Centralia College	1,145,851	513	1,179,276
Clark College	3,100,344	1411	3,211,356
Columbia Basin College	1,922,826	862	2,062,852
Edmonds Community College	2,422,756	1021	2,560,552
Everett Community College	1,778,082	750	1,911,761
Pierce College	1,866,865	819	1,924,878
Grays Harbor College	901,758	408	906,529
Green River Community College	1,797,124	830	1,976,944
Highline Community College	2,335,088	1015	2,647,611
Lower Columbia College	1,629,239	711	1,627,372
South Puget Sound Community College	1,770,459	762	1,894,176
Olympic College	1,648,030	698	1,625,900
Peninsula College	782,902	360	827,751
Seattle Central Community College	2,183,345	977	2,349,973
North Seattle Community College	1,134,211	510	1,143,698
South Seattle Community College	1,094,834	489	1,114,077
Shoreline Community College	1,397,520	647	1,433,242
Skagit Valley College	1,614,882	737	1,737,566
Spokane Community College	6,260,398	2659	6,525,649
Spokane Falls Community College	4,179,321	1740	4,081,297
Tacoma Community College	3,050,759	1317	3,300,885
Walla Walla Community College	1,589,268	707	1,638,373
Wenatchee Valley College	2,226,196	996	2,363,435
Whatcom Community College	1,132,397	546	1,255,898
Yakima Valley College Northwest Indian College	3,098,557	1409	3,452,432
Bates Technical College	308,966 1,014,209	125	304,628
U		457	1,033,713
Bellingham Technical College Clover Park Technical College	587,219 1,701,930	273 759	693,587 1,775,918
Lake Washington Technical College	766,749	365	821,993
Renton Technical College	796,378	356	824,448
Seattle Vocational Institute	384,843	161	382,120
Proprietary	304,043	101	302,120
ITT Technical Institute-Seattle	368,393	165	359,849
ITT Technical Institute-Seattle	600,498	259	567,018
Divers Institute of Technology	44,620	19	44,143
International Air Academy	83,490	36	94,318
International All Academy Interface Computer School	203,316	84	211,865
Crown College	66,464	30	68,906
Gene Juarez Academy	223,088	100	221,659
Bryman College	657,615	291	676,266
Art Institute of Seattle	1,133,926	508	1,228,363
Perry Technical Institute	319,468	143	433,716
Court Reporting Institute	310,100	. 10	100,110
(no longer in program)	107,908	48	0
Clare's Beauty School	100,713	43	108,786
Glen Dow Academy	160,377	71	162,943
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Table 9 - Less-Than-Halftime Pilot Program 2005-06 Expenditures / 2006-07 Reserves

Tubic 5 Less Than Handine Filet Fogram 2000 to Experiatores 7 2000 of Reserves				
Institution	Expenditures 05-06	Served Heads	Unserved Heads	2006-07 Reserves
Clark College	\$29,971	147	10	\$15,000
Columbia Basin College	\$31,584	140	7	\$27,000
Highline Community College	\$20,055	96	59	\$49,305
Pacific Lutheran University	\$17,688	30	0	\$48,487
Peninsula College	\$6,590	33	0	\$46,853
South Puget Sound Community College	\$26,357	124	44	\$58,022
Spokane Community College	\$4,188	21	0	\$15,000
Spokane Falls Community College	\$17,858	81	0	\$15,000
The Evergreen State College	\$1,849	8	0	\$25,333
Totals	\$156,140	680	120	\$300,000

Note: Unspent 2005-06 funds of \$93,860 were carried over into the 2006-07 reserves. \$43,860 is being held to distribute to schools that exhaust their existing reserves.

Appendix B

State Work Study Program Update

Overview

Included in this update on the State Work Study (SWS) program's expenditures and activity is a summary of 2005-06 year-end student earnings for each participating institution. In 2005-06, 9,297 students earned \$23.2 million. An additional \$500,000 went to institutions for special projects. With an increase in funding of \$1,130,000 for 2006-07, the program expects to serve about 500 more students.

Currently, 55 institutions and approximately 3,000 employers contract to participate in the State Work Study program.

The State Work Study program is designed to assist a broader band of disadvantaged students than the State Need Grant program. As a result, it includes any financially needy student, rather than being limited to the lowest-income students. The assistance is meant to complement grant and scholarship aid.

State Work Study award amounts are determined by the student's institution based on the student's demonstrated financial need. The employer pays the student and is then reimbursed for a portion of the student's earnings, usually between 65 and 80 percent.

2005-06 Background and Summary

Students earned more than \$23.2 million through the State Work Study program in 2005-06. The employer matches accounted for about \$5.4 million of this total. A school-by-school table lists student earnings and the number of students served (Table 10). In 2005-06, the Higher Education Coordinating Board had a total of \$17.9 million available, including about \$.3 million in federal matching funds, for awards to students. The funding allowed the board to serve 9,297 students (Table 11).

As college costs increase and the number of needy students grows, the ratio of needy students being served by the program has declined. As recently as 1997-98, one in 12 financially needy students received a State Work Study award. Currently, this ratio stands at one state work study award for every 17 financially needy students.

In 2005-06, just over half the participating students met the definition of an "independent" student. Under federal financial aid rules, these independent students do not have to include their parents' income when calculating their financial need. Independent students are typically older, have families of their own, or are former foster care youth. These students had an average family income of \$12,300. The remaining State Work Study participants are considered "dependent" students. In 2005-06, their family incomes averaged \$41,500 for a family of four. The median age of all State Work Study recipients was 23. Sixty six percent of the students were female, and 36 percent reported themselves as being in an ethnic or racial minority.

The intent of the program is to serve a broad spectrum of financially-eligible students. The program places a priority on serving Washington residents, mostly undergraduates, while at the same time serving some graduate students and some non-resident students. State Work Study students on average earn about 15 percent of their cost to attend college (Table 12).

2006-07 Update

For 2006-07, with an increase of \$1,130,000 in the appropriation, the HECB has \$19.4 million available for student wages from state and federal sources. We estimate serving about 9,900 students and assume that all funds will be fully expended again.

Table 10 - 2005-06 Earnings of State Work Study Students, by Institution

Table 10 – 2005-06 Earnings of State Work Study Students, by Institution			
Sector	SWS Amount Earned by Students	Recipients	
Public Four-year Institutions	\$6,541,798	2,873	
Private Four-year Institutions	\$8,138,310	2,841	
Community & Technical Colleges	\$8,492,358	3,583	
Total	\$23,172,466	9,297	
Public Four-Year			
University of Washington	\$1,739,004	487	
Washington State University	\$1,881,139	1,286	
Central Washington University	\$777,065	244	
Eastern Washington University	\$765,103	326	
The Evergreen State College	\$275,069	124	
Western Washington University	\$1,104,418	406	
Private Four-Year			
Antioch University	\$31,593	7	
Bastyr University	\$206,752	140	
Cornish College of the Arts	\$246,424	158	
Henry Cogswell College	\$33,739	13	
Heritage University	\$186,927	66	
Gonzaga University	\$1,801,260	506	
Northwest University	\$149,849	38	
Pacific Lutheran University	\$932,076	306	
Saint Martin's University	\$233,902	73	
Seattle Pacific University	\$1,003,873	338	
Seattle University	\$1,748,590	430	
University of Puget Sound	\$868,112	269	
Walla Walla College	\$202,954	72	
Whitman College	\$237,445	216	
Whitworth College	\$488,716	209	

Table 10 (cont.) - 2005-06 Earnings of State Work Study Students, by Institution

SWS Amount Earned			
Sector	by Students	Recipients	
Community & Technical Colleges			
Bellevue Community College	\$202,666	70	
Big Bend Community College	\$236,842	112	
Cascadia Community College	\$104,565	43	
Centralia College	\$108,394	38	
Clark College	\$468,215	217	
Columbia Basin College	\$354,320	121	
Edmonds Community College	\$264,396	81	
Everett Community College	\$133,462	74	
Pierce College	\$184,296	101	
Grays Harbor College	\$120,013	46	
Green River Community College	\$18,038	7	
Highline Community College	\$228,368	111	
Lower Columbia College	\$784,749	313	
South Puget Sound Community College	\$158,052	48	
Olympic College	\$93,876	26	
Peninsula College	\$83,215	37	
Seattle Central Community College	\$200,744	65	
North Seattle Community College	\$284,969	134	
South Seattle Community College	\$101,304	45	
Shoreline Community College	\$261,754	104	
Skagit Valley College	\$110,005	69	
Spokane Community College	\$933,871	282	
Spokane Falls Community College	\$621,093	317	
Tacoma Community College	\$685,078	225	
Walla Walla Community College	\$105,347	29	
Wenatchee Valley Community College	\$213,740	132	
Whatcom Community College	\$315,625	120	
Yakima Valley College	\$199,479	135	
Northwest Indian College	\$17,297	10	
Bates Technical College	\$251,081	97	
Bellingham Technical College	\$80,203	77	
Clover Park Technical College	\$241,389	116	
Lake Washington Technical College	\$162,513	70	
Renton Technical College	\$131,313	89	
Seattle Vocational Institute	\$26,440	22	

2005-06 Program Operations			
Resources:			
State Appropriation	\$17,911,000		
Employer Match	\$5,493,303		
Federal Funds	\$362,902		
Total	\$23,767,205		
Expenditures:			
Student Wages	\$23,172,466		
Grants to Institutions	\$93,459		
Admin. Allowance to Public Inst.	\$352,894		
HECB Administration	\$110,847		
Total	\$23,729,666		
Carry Forward \$37,539			

Source: 2005-06 UR &HECB Program History Files

Table 11 – State Work Study Percent of General Fund Expended

Year/Biennium	General Fund – State Appropriation (in millions)	Percent Expended
FY 2001-02	\$16.3	99.9%
FY 2002-03	\$17.4	100.0%
FY 2003-04	\$17.0	100.0%
FY 2004-05	\$17.0	100.0%
FY 2005-06	\$17.9	99.9%
FY 2006-07	\$19.0	N/A

Source: FA History All Programs-Expenditure Detail

Table 12 - 2005-06 Earnings of State Work Study Students by Sector

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Sector	Average Cost to Attend	SWS Average Earning Amounts	Number of Recipients
Public Four-year Institutions	\$16,120	\$2,277	2,873
Community & Technical Colleges	\$13,620	\$2,370	3,583
Private Four-year Institutions	\$34,904	\$2,886	2,841

State Work Study Employers

Integral to the program are the participating employers. They not only provide jobs and earnings, but also opportunities for students to build workplace skills and test career choices.

Almost 45 percent of the State Work Study students work in off-campus jobs. Nearly 3,000 off-campus employers contract annually to accept State Work Study-eligible students. They include private for-profit, private non-profit, and public and federal employers. Many provide opportunities in high-demand sectors of employment.

The following are examples of off-campus State Work Study employers, by business type:

Private For-profit (2,000)	Private Non-profit (600)	Public/Federal Employers (300)
Amazon American Express Financial Services Law Office of William Harris Merrill Lynch Financial Services Mid Columbia Engineering Northwest Medical Group Pullman Family Dentistry State Farm Insurance Sylvan Learning Center Zymogenetics	American Red Cross Big Brothers Big Sisters Boys and Girls Clubs Camp Fire USA Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center Salvation Army Seattle Children's Museum Seattle Institute for Biomedical Clinical Research Tulalip Tribe Washington Contemporary Ballet	City of Seattle Federal Home Loan Government Accountability Services Kennewick General Hospital King County Pierce County Alliance School Districts-Seattle and Spokane Public School Districts Timberland Regional Library U.S. Forest Service Washington State Agencies