#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 472 104

SO 034 492

TITLE

Powers of Persuasion--Poster Art of World War II. Teaching

with Documents.

TNSTTTUTTON

National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, DC.

PUB DATE

2003-01-15

NOTE

41p.

AVAILABLE FROM

National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001. Tel: 866-272-6272 (Toll Free); Fax: 301-837-0483; e-mail: orderstatus@nara.gov. For full text: http://www.archives.gov/digital classroom/

teaching with documents.html.

PUB TYPE

Guides - Classroom - Teacher (052)

EDRS PRICE

EDRS Price MF01/PC02 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS

Art Education; \*Primary Sources; \*Propaganda; Secondary

Education; Social Studies; United States History; \*World War

IDENTIFIERS

National Civics and Government Standards; National History

Standards: \*Posters

#### ABSTRACT

Guns, tanks, and bombs were the principal weapons of World War II, but there were other, more subtle forms of warfare. Words, posters, and films waged a constant battle for the hearts and minds of the U.S. citizenry as military weapons engaged the enemy. Persuading the U.S. public became a wartime industry, almost as important as the manufacturing of bullets and planes. The U.S. government launched an aggressive propaganda campaign to galvanize public support, and some of the nation's foremost intellectuals, artists, and film makers became warriors on that front. This lesson plan for using primary sources is intended to take one to two class periods for completion. The lesson plan presents 33 World War II posters for students to analyze. The teaching activities address history and civics standards correlations; offers a detailed procedure for presenting the lesson; and suggests a follow-up activity. A poster analysis worksheet is attached. (BT)



www.archives.gov

January 15, 2003

# TEACHING WITH DOCUMENTS

# **Powers of Persuasion –** Poster Art of World War II

**National Archives and Records Administration** 700 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20408 1-866-325-7208

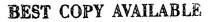
http://www.archives.gov/digital\_classroom/lessons/powers\_of\_persuasio n/powers of persuasion.html

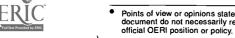
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Educational Research and Improveme **EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION** 

- CENTER (ERIC) This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.
- improve reproduction quality.

Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent

2003





## U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES & RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

www.archives.gov

January 15, 2003

**Teaching With Documents Lesson Plan:** 

# Powers of Persuasion - Poster Art of World War II



#### **Background**

Guns, tanks, and bombs were the principal weapons of World War II, but there were other, more subtle, forms of warfare as well. Words, posters, and films waged a constant battle for the hearts and minds of the American citizenry just as surely as military weapons engaged the enemy. Persuading the American public became a wartime industry, almost as important as the manufacturing of bullets and planes. The Government launched an aggressive propaganda campaign to galvanize public support, and some of the nation's foremost intellectuals, artists, and film makers became warriors on that front.

#### Time required:

One to two class periods

#### **Objective:**

To analyze poster art of World War II.

#### The Documents

Posters from the Powers of Persuasion exhibit in the Online Exhibit Hall http://www.archives.gov/exhibit\_hall/powers\_of\_persuasion/powers\_of\_persuasion\_home.html

Document 1 – Man the Guns! – Man the Guns – Join the Navy

Document 2 - Man the Guns! - Keep 'Em Fighting

Document 3 – Man the Guns! - Get Hot, Keep Moving (on the back of this print is inscribed "Bridgeport Brass".



Document 4 – It's a Woman's War Too - Victory Waits on Your Fingers

Document 5 – It's a Woman's War Too – Longing Won't Bring Him Back Sooner. . . Get a War Job

Document 6 – It's a Woman's War Too – We Can Do It!

Document 7 – United We Win – United We Win

Document 8 – United We Win – Above and Beyond the Call of Duty

Document 9 - United We Win - Private Joe Louis says \_

Document 10 – Use it Up, Wear it Out – Waste Helps the Enemy

Document 11 - Use it Up, Wear it Out - When You Ride Alone You Ride with Hitler!

Document 12 – Use it Up, Wear it Out – Save Waste Fats for Explosives

Document 13 – Four Freedoms – Save Freedom of Speech

Document 14 - Four Freedoms - Save Freedom of Worship

Document 15 – Four Freedoms – Ours...to Fight for – Freedom from Want

Document 16 – Four Freedoms – Ours...to Fight for – Freedom from Fear

Document 17 – Warning! Our Homes are in Danger Now! - Warning! Our Homes are in Danger Now

Document 18 - Warning! Our Homes are in Danger Now! - Keep These Hands Off

Document 19 - Warning! Our Homes are in Danger Now! - Don't Let that Shadow Touch Them

Document 20 - Warning! Our Homes are in Danger Now! - We're Fighting to Prevent This

Document 21 – This is Nazi Brutality – This is Nazi Brutality

Document 22 - This is Nazi Brutality - We French Workers Warn You . . .

Document 23 – This is Nazi Brutality – The Sowers

Document 24 – He's Watching You – He's Watching You



Document 25 - He's Watching You - Someone Talked!

Document 26 – He's Watching You – ...Because Somebody Talked!

Document 27 - He's Watching You – Wanted! For Murder

Document 28 - He Knew the Meaning of Sacrifice - You Talk of Sacrifice . . .

Document 29 - He Knew the Meaning of Sacrifice – Have You Really Tried to Save Gas by Getting into a Car Club?

Document 30 - He Knew the Meaning of Sacrifice - Miles of Hell to Tokyo!

Document 31 - Stamp 'Em Out! - Stamp 'Em Out

Document 32 - Stamp 'Em Out - Crack the Axis

Document 33 - Stamp 'Em Out - More Production

#### **Lesson Resources**

**Standards Correlations** 

**Teaching Activities** 

Poster Analysis Worksheet

**Page** http://www.archives.gov/digital\_classroom/lessons/powers\_of\_persuasion/ **URL:** powers\_of\_persuasion.html

#### **U.S. National Archives & Records Administration**

700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20408 • 1-86-NARA-NARA • 1-866-272-6272



#### U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES & RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

www.archives.gov

January 15, 2003

#### **Teaching Activities**

#### **Standards Correlations**

This lesson correlates to the National Standards for United States History.

- Era 8 The Great Depression and World War II (1929-1945)
  - Standard 3C: Demonstrate understanding of the effects of World War II at home.
  - Standards in Historical Thinking 3 and 5: Historical Analysis and Interpretation and Historical Issues-Analysis and Decision-making.

# This lesson correlates to the National Standards for Civics and Government.

• Standard V. E. 1: Evaluate, take, and defend positions on the relationship between politics and the attainment of individual and public goals.

#### **Procedures**

- 1. Make copies of each of the posters and the poster analysis worksheet.
- 2. Divide the class into 11 groups. Give each group three posters to analyze and the poster analysis worksheet.
- 3. Allow student groups 15 to 20 minutes to read and analyze their posters. Ask them to complete the poster analysis worksheet and then determine whether their poster sought to motivate the viewer by instilling patriotism, confidence, and a positive outlook, or whether it sought to ward off complacency with grim, unromantic visions of war.
- 4. Ask a volunteer from each group to describe the content of the group's poster for the class and identify the issues mentioned or implied within.
- 5. Lead a discussion using the analysis worksheet and the following questions as a guide:
  - What are the similarities and differences between the posters?
  - Where do you think these posters were hung?
  - What emotions do these posters prompt?



#### Follow up

Encourage students to create their own World War II poster intended to galvanize public support for the war effort.

Page http://www.archives.gov/digital\_classroom/lessons/powers\_of\_persuasion/URL: teaching\_activities.html

#### U.S. National Archives & Records Administration

700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20408 • 1-86-NARA-NARA • 1-866-272-6272







Man the Guns—Join the Navy

by McClelland Barclay, 1942

Produced for the Navy Recruiting Bureau NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-24)

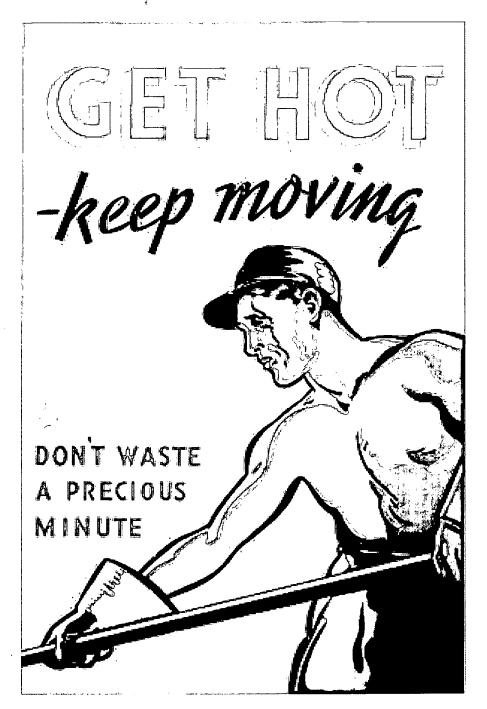




Keep 'Em Fighting

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-1171B)





Get Hot-Keep Moving

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-179-WP-1256)

National Archives and Records Administration

BEST COPY AVAILABLE





Victory Waits on Your Fingers

Produced by the Royal Typewriter Company for the U.S. Civil Service Commission NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-2272)





# Longing won't bring him back-sooner... GET A WAR JOB!

SEE YOUR U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Longing Won't Bring Him Back Sooner . . . Get a War Job!

by Lawrence Wilbur, 1944

Printed by the
Government Printing Office for the War
Manpower Commission
NARA Still Picture Branch
(NWDNS-44-PA-389)





We Can Do It!

by J. Howard Miller

Of all the images of working women during World War II, the image of women in factories predominates. Rosie the Riveter--the strong, competent woman dressed in overalls and bandanna--was introduced as a symbol of patriotic womanhood. The accoutrements of war work--uniforms, tools, and lunch pails--were incorporated into the revised image of the feminine ideal.

Produced by Westinghouse for the War Production Co-Ordinating Committee NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-179-WP-1563)



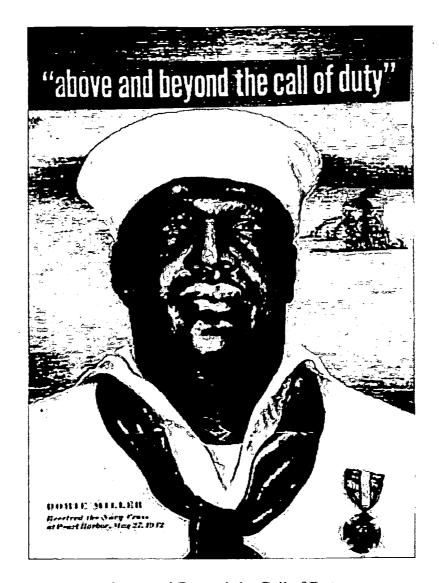


United We Win

Photograph by Alexander Liberman, 1943

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the War Manpower Commission NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-370)





Above and Beyond the Call of Duty

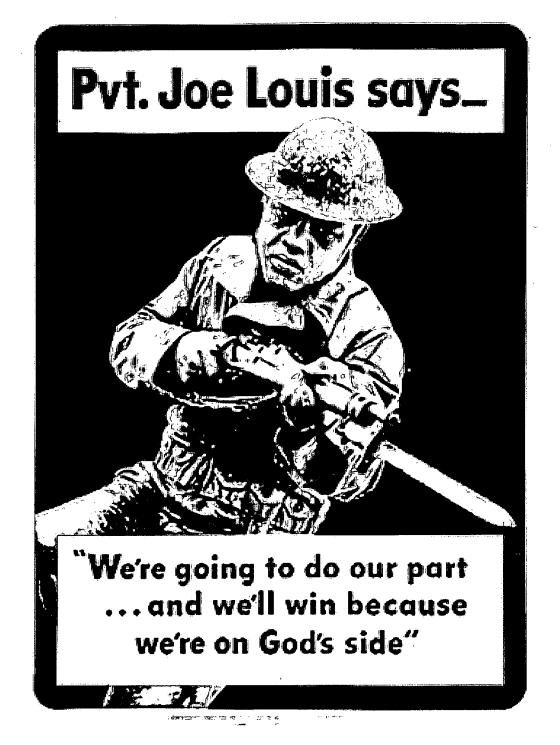
by David Stone Martin

At the beginning of the war, African Americans could join the Navy but could serve only as messmen.

Doris ("Dorie") Miller joined the Navy and was in service on board the U.S.S. West Virginia during the attack on Pearl Harbor. Restricted to the position of messman, he received no gunnery training. But during the attack, at great personal risk, he manned the weapon of a fallen gunman and succeeded in hitting Japanese planes. He was awarded the Navy Cross, but only after persistent pressure from the black press

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-68)

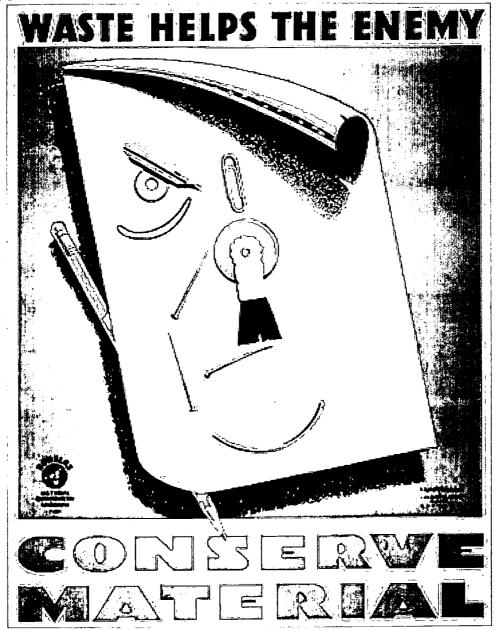




Private Joe Louis Says--

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-87)





Waste Helps the Enemy

by Vanderlaan

During the war years, gasoline, rubber, sugar, butter, and meat were rationed. Government publicity reminded people that shortages of these materials occurred because they were going to the troops, and that civilians should take part in conservation and salvage campaigns.

Produced by the Douglas Aircraft Company NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-79-WP-103)





When You Ride Alone You Ride With Hitler!

by Weimer Pursell, 1943

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of Price Administration NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-188-PP-42)





Save Waste Fats for Explosives

by Henry Koerner, 1943

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-380)



# SAVE FREEDOM OF SPEECH



# BUY WAR BONDS

Save Freedom of Speech

By Norman Rockwell ©1943 SEPS: The Curtis Publishing Co., Agent

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-44)





Save Freedom of Worship

By Norman Rockwell ©1943 SEPS: The Curtis Publishing Co., Agent

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-43)



OURS...to fight for



FREEDOM FROM WANT

Ours...to fight for--Freedom From Want

By Norman Rockwell ©1943 SEPS: The Curtis Publishing Co., Agent

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-45)



# OURS...to fight for



# FREEDOM FROM FEAR

Ours...to fight for--Freedom From Fear

By Norman Rockwell ©1943 SEPS: The Curtis Publishing Co., Agent

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-46)





WARNING! Our Homes Are in Danger Now!

Produced by the General Motors Corporation, 1942 NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-2314)





Keep These Hands Off!

by G. K. Odell

A study of commercial posters undertaken by the U.S. Government found that images of women and children in danger were effective emotional devices. The Canadian poster at right was part of the study and served as a model for American posters, such as the one below, that adopted a similar visual theme.

How to Make Posters That Will Help Win the War, Office of Facts and Figures

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-97)





Don't Let That Shadow Touch Them

by Lawrence B. Smith, 1942

Produced for the Government Printing Office for the U.S. Treasury
NARA Still Picture Branch
(NWDNS-44-PA-97)



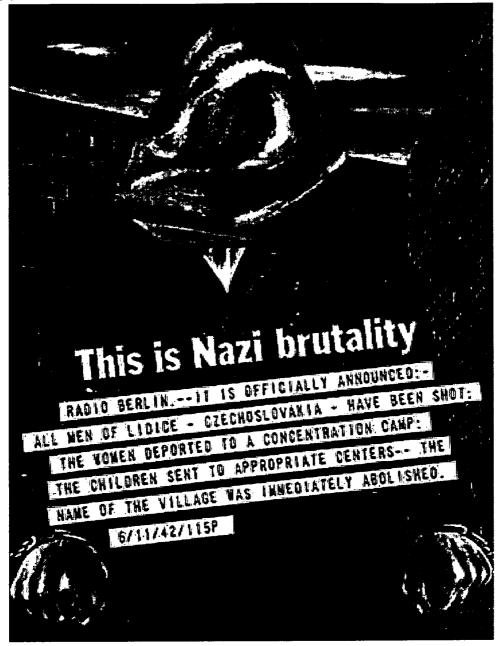


We're Fighting to Prevent This

by C. R. Miller

Think America Institute, Kelly Read & Co. NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-2376)





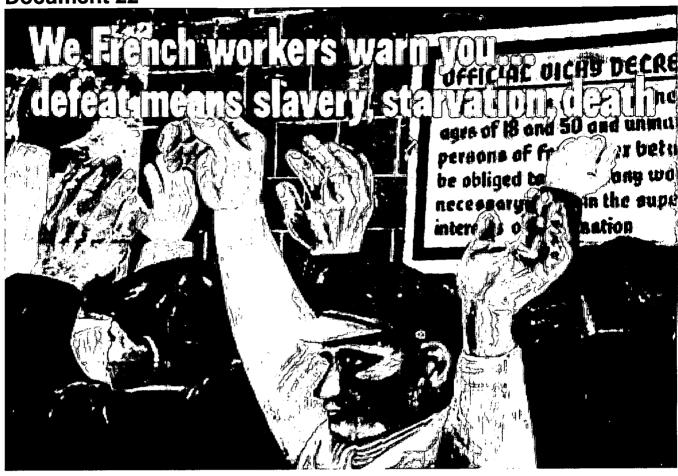
This is Nazi Brutality

by Ben Shahn, 1942

Lidice was a Czech mining village that was obliterated by the Nazis in retaliation for the 1942 shooting of a Nazi official by two Czechs. All men of the village were killed in a 10-hour massacre; the women and children were sent to concentration camps. The destruction of Lidice became a symbol for the brutality of Nazi occupation during World War II

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-245)





We French Workers Warn You...

by Ben Shahn, 1942

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the War Information Board NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-246)

National Archives and Records Administration

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



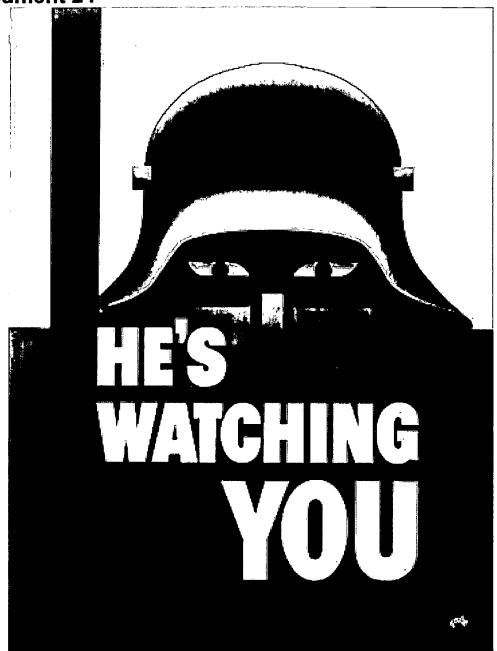


The Sowers

by Thomas Hart Benton, 1942

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-1966)





He's Watching You

By Glenn Grohe, ca. 1942

Concerns about national security intensify in wartime. During World War II, the Government alerted citizens to the presence of enemy spies and saboteurs lurking just below the surface of American society. "Careless talk" posters warned people that small snippets of information regarding troop movements or other logistical details would be useful to the enemy. Well-meaning citizens could easily compromise national security and soldiers` safety with careless talk.

Gouache on cardboard - NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-AOP-119)





Someone Talked!

by Siebel, 1942

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-230)





... Because Somebody Talked!

by Wesley, 1943

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the Office of War Information NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-227A)



# WANTED!



# FOR MURDER

Her careless falk costs lives

Wanted! For Murder

by Victor Keppler, 1944

A woman--someone who could resemble the viewer's neighbor, sister, wife, or daughter--was shown on a "wanted" poster as an unwitting murderess.

At least one viewer voiced objection to the choice of a female model. A letter from a resident of Hawaii to the Office of War Information reads, in part, "American women who are knitting, rolling bandages, working long hours at war jobs and then carrying on with `women`s work` at home--in short, taking over the countless drab duties to which no salary and no glory are attached, resent these unwarranted and presumptuous accusations which have no basis in fact, but from the time-worn gags of newspaper funny men." NARA Still Picture Branch

NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-91)

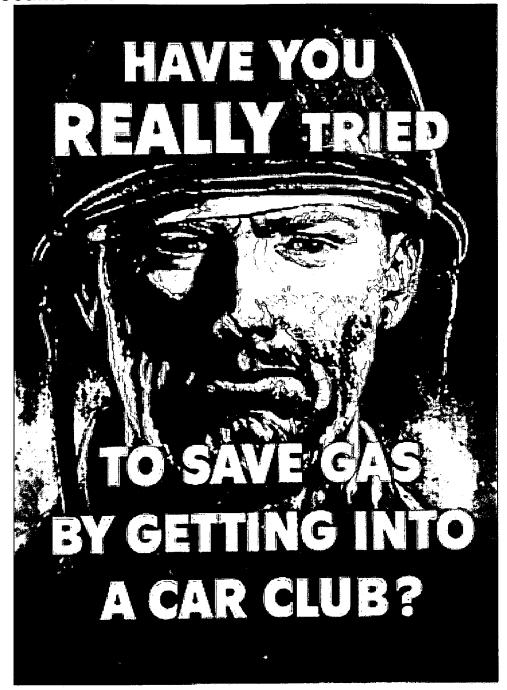




You Talk of Sacrifice...He Knew the Meaning of Sacrifice!

Produced by Winchester NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-179-WP-1386)





Have You Really Tried to Save Gas by Getting Into a Car Club?

By Harold Von Schmidt, 1944

Printed by the Government Printing Office NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-200(S)-PSC-16)



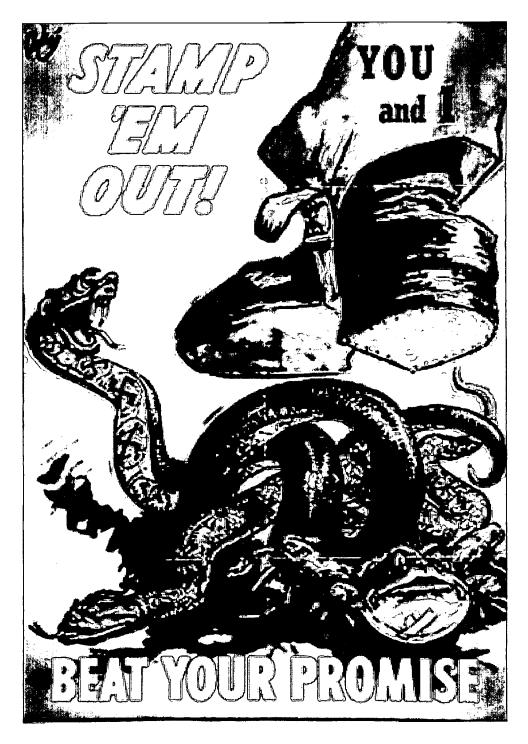


Miles of Hell to Tokyo!

By Amos Sewell, 1945

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the War Manpower Commission NARA Civil Reference Branch (208-PMP-45)

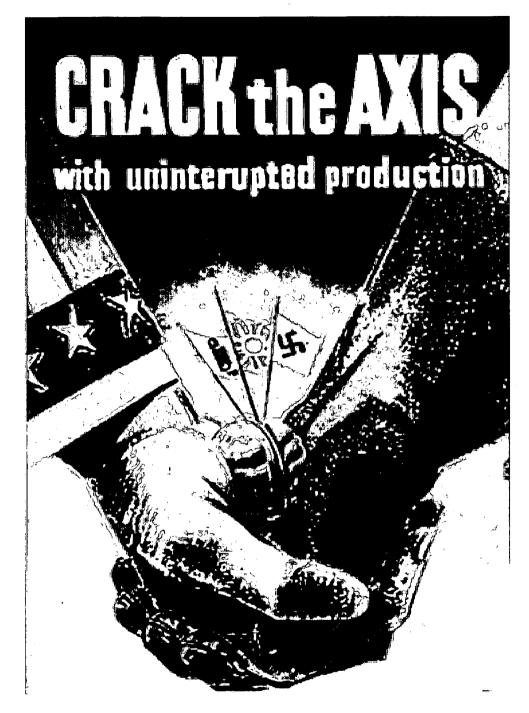




Stamp 'Em Out!

Produced by RCA Manufacturing Company, Inc. NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-44-PA-1795)



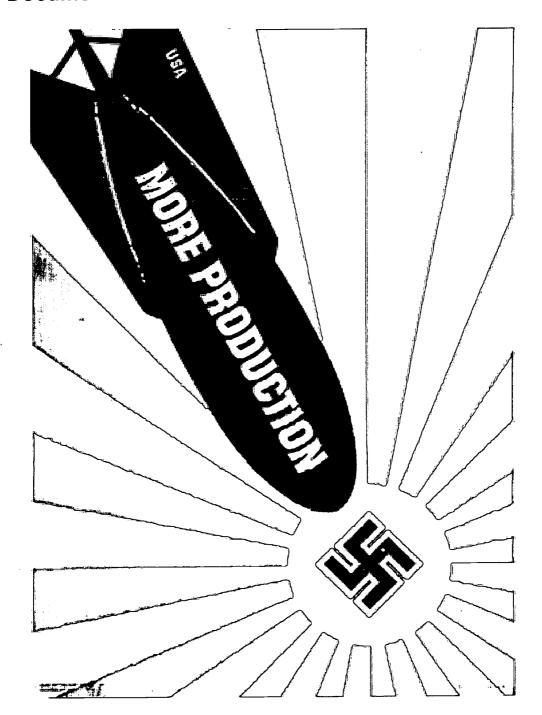


Crack the Axis

by Charles Allen

Pastel and gouache on illustration board NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-B-5-12)





**More Production** 

by Zudor

Printed by the Government Printing Office for the War Production Board NARA Still Picture Branch (NWDNS-208-PMP-129)



## U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES & RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

www.archives.gov January 15, 2003

#### **Poster Analysis Worksheet**

1.	What are the main colors used in the poster?		
2.	What symbols (if any) are used in the poster?		
3.	If a symbol is used, is it		
	a. clear (easy to interpret)? b. memorable? c. dramatic?		
4.	Are the messages in the poster primarily visual, verbal, or both?		
5.	Who do you think is the intended audience for the poster?		
6.	What does the Government hope the audience will do?		
7.	What Government purpose(s) is served by the poster?		
8.	The most effective posters use symbols that are unusual, simple, and direct. Is this an effective poster?		
	Designed and developed by the		

Education Staff, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, DC 20408.

Page URL: http://www.archives.gov/digital\_classroom/lessons/analysis\_worksheets/poster.html

U.S. National Archives & Records Administration
700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20408 • 1-86-NARA-NARA • 1-866-272-6272





#### U.S. Department of Education



Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI)
National Library of Education (NLE)
Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)

# **NOTICE**

# **Reproduction Basis**

This document is covered by a signed "Reproduction Release (Blanket)"
form (on file within the ERIC system), encompassing all or classes of
 documents from its source organization and, therefore, does not require a
"Specific Document" Release form.

