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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to determine the effects of Teachers Teaching Teachers, a peer coaching program, upon public school educators' attitudes toward various professional and personal factors. A total of 27 educators participated from November, 1987 to May, 1988. At the conclusion of the study, tests were administered to all participants. Two attitude surveys were also administered to students to determine their perception of their teacher's effectiveness. A TESA Program Evaluation Survey was also administered to the participants. The mean scores were compared to determine the project's effectiveness. The results indicated that the teachers were performing the objectives of the program as demonstrated by the post test scores. The program appears to have been effective in improving teacher attitude, enhancing collegial support, and in increasing the students' perception of their teachers' effectiveness. Project participants indicated general approval of the project and the instruction they received. They were less enthusiastic about lessons on higher level questions, touching, and desisting. Statistical data from the study are displayed in tables and a copy of the questionnaire is appended. (Author/JD)

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The Summative Evaluation
TEACHERS TEACHING TEACHERS:
A Project in Staff Development
for Improving Teacher Effectiveness

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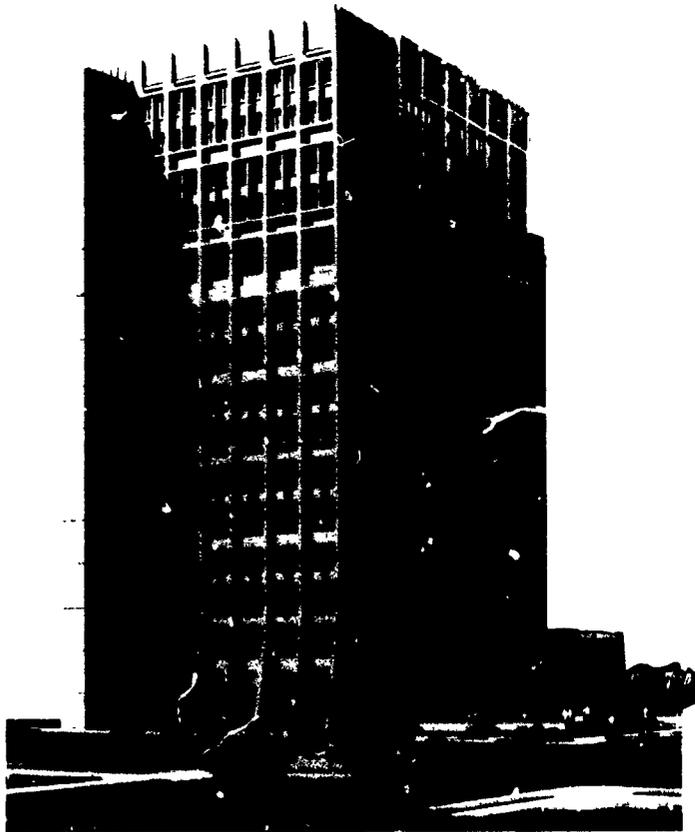
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The Summative Evaluation
TEACHERS TEACHING TEACHERS
A Project in Staff Development
for Improving Teacher Effectiveness

Prepared for the
Vigo County School Corporation
961 Lafayette Avenue
Terre Haute, IN 47804

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by

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August, 1988

Abstract

The purpose of this study was to determine the effects of Teachers Teaching Teachers, a peer coaching program, upon public school educators' attitudes toward various professional and personal factors

A total of 27 educators participated from November, 1978 to May, 1988. At the conclusion of the study, tests were administered to all participants. Two attitude surveys were also administered to students to determine their perception of their teacher's effectiveness. A TESA Program Evaluation Survey was also administered to participants. The mean scores were compared to determine the project's effectiveness.

The results indicated that the teachers were performing the objectives of the program as demonstrated by the post test scores. The program appears to have been effective in improving teacher attitude, enhancing collegial support and in increasing the students' perception of their teachers' effectiveness.

Project participants indicated general approval of the project and the instruction they received. They were less enthusiastic about lessons on higher level questioning, touching, and desisting.

Background of the Problem

Professional mortality is eroding both the number and the quality of our nation's teachers. In an unprecedented fashion, the once revered teaching profession is now the target of potshots from sources as varied as the media, the Department of Education, and justifiably concerned parents. Combined with the inherent stress of the job, these factors cause approximately 50 percent of teachers to leave the profession within five years (p. 33). Further, Stone (1987) reveals that among the first to leave are the most academically able.

What can be done to stop the mass exodus of the "best and brightest?" What help can be given to those who are struggling on the front lines in our classrooms? Rodriguez and Johnstone (1986) remind us that "teaching can be a very lonely profession" (p. 99). As any strategist knows, a single soldier can never win the entire war. Just as the G.I. in the foxhole receives assistance, supplies, and guidance from an entire support network, so should the teacher be revitalized, encouraged, and challenged by a similar system.

One of the most effective methods of providing that system seems to be through a collegial support group. Within the confines of such a group, teachers could begin to think of one another as resources (Bang-Jensen, 1986, p. 62) and learn by sharing their successes and failures with one another (Westcott, 1987, p. 30). Colleagues, according to Alfonso and Goldsberry (1982), have "the value of proximity, immediacy, and a first-hand knowledge of the other's workspace" (p. 101). Who, then, could be better equipped to help teachers maintain their current levels of effectiveness and challenge them to strive for higher levels than fellow teachers?

Unfortunately, administrators sometimes "fail to recognize the considerable knowledge and expertise in their own teaching staffs" (Westcott, 1987, p. 30). As a result, many inservice programs are one-day sessions which Smith-Westberry and Job (1985) believe are viewed by teachers as "disorganized, dull, and irrelevant to their needs" (p. 135). In addition, Rodriguez and Johnstone (1986) note that teachers resist having others "diagnosing and prescribing for them" (p. 87). Perhaps the worst failure of these inservice efforts is the lack of any follow-through (Van Cleef & Reinhartz, 1984, p. 167). Obviously, real growth is more probable through a program that

offers "follow-up practice, coaching, and peer support" (Rodriguez & Johnstone, 1986, p. 88). The solution, then, would appear to be some type of collegial group.

Among the different approaches under the broad spectrum of peer collaboration, "coaching" is the one selected for this Vigo County study. Coaching, as defined by its originators, Joyce and Showers (Servatius & Young, 1985, p. 50), is "a follow-up by a supportive advisor who helps a teacher correctly apply skills learned in training." Servatius and Young (1985) were responsible for establishing a pilot program in Santa Clara County, California, through the Educational Development Center, which offers programs to 33 local school districts. The most productive outcome of the successful first year was that "teachers who receive both training and coaching are implementing the trained skills correctly and consistently" (p. 53). This contention is supported by others, including Martin Brooks (1985) who states that "peer teaming and peer observation are critical" (p. 26) to the implementation and success of the Cognitive Levels Matching Project in Shoreham, New York. Additionally, VanCleaf and Reinhartz (1984) claim that the success of their "Perceivers and Non-Perceivers" program is largely due to the members of the teams coaching one another (p. 170).

Coaching is, ideally, an on-going process of teachers coaching or training one another (Showers, 1985, p. 44). It provides a uniquely individualized form of instruction which provides the advantage of being both emotionally and professionally supportive (Stone, 1987, p. 34). In fact, Showers (1985) says that coaching has several purposes:

1. To build a community of teachers who continuously engage in the study of their craft
2. To develop the shared language and set of common understandings necessary for the collegial study of new knowledge and skills.
3. To provide a structure for the follow-up to training that is essential for acquiring new teaching skills and strategies (p. 33-34)

Although the presentation of every new skill begins with an assigned, trained coach, each team member, by the latter development of a skill, is able to be both coach and student. Through the process of coaching, teachers are brought to a point of collaboration and sharing, which, according to Bang-Jensen (1986), is an "effective, efficient way to improve instruction and to

encourage teacher growth" (p. 56) Confidence, both in themselves and in the support group, inevitably begins to have a positive effect on teachers' performances in the classroom and on their attitudes toward teaching and the educational environment

Servatius and Young (1985) offer possible reasons for the success of coaching. The first is accountability, the fact that collegial support and commitment is in the same building, not in the central office. Second, support and companionship develop among the team members, extending beyond the learned skill. Third, specific feedback is offered so participants are encouraged in correct skill implementation and helped with observed difficulties (p. 53).

In response to a survey of inservice education, one consultant reported that his most successful results came from "continuous work with a school" (Tomlinson, 1986, p. 110). If an outside consultant has the best success when his work is done on an on-going basis, the apparent solution to teacher inservice training is to use those who are already present on a continuous basis and already familiar with the school, the personnel, and the needs. To be successful, however, such a program must, before preparation and presentation, determine the needs of the participants (Smith-Westberry, 1986, p. 135) and then reflect those needs. Additionally, proper follow-through will continue to supply both professional and emotional support. Just such an approach to peer coaching, the Teachers Teaching Teachers program, was used in the Vigo County study. The anticipated results are that the experimental group which participated in the coaching will indicate an adequate positive perception of their colleagues, their students, the administration, and themselves and will view their profession and the methods of staff development more favorably.

If Teachers Teaching Teachers is an effective staff development program, then the attitude and beliefs of participating teachers and their students should improve significantly.

Statement of the Problem

General statement of the problem: What effect will Teachers Teaching Teachers have on public school educators?

Specific statement of the problem: Will the Teachers Teaching Teachers program enhance, both personally and professionally, the attitudes and perceptions of the participants as well as their students' opinions of them?

Hypotheses: Following are the six hypotheses needed to test the effectiveness of the Teachers Teaching Teachers program:

1. Teachers Teaching Teachers participants will show adequate or above scores on an instrument which measures teaching strategy.
2. Teachers Teaching Teachers participants will show adequate or above scores in feeling tone.
3. Teachers Teaching Teachers participants will show adequate or above scores in causing students to experience success.
4. Elementary students of Teachers Teaching Teachers participants will rate their teachers effectiveness as adequate or above.
5. Secondary students of Teachers Teaching Teachers will rate their teachers' effectiveness as adequate or above.
6. Participants will indicate positive opinions about the instruction they receive.

Method

Subjects. Twenty-seven professional educators participated in the training program. All were employed by the Vigo County School Corporation in Terre Haute, Indiana.

Treatment. All subjects attended regular sessions of the Teachers Teaching Teachers program. They were instructed by a cadre of teachers who had previously completed the training

Assessment. Subjects were tested at the conclusion of the training. Students of the participants were similarly tested. The following affective measures were used to measure progress:

| <u>#</u> | <u>MEASUREMENT</u> | <u>ITEMS</u> | <u>TYPE OF INSTRUMENT</u> |
|----------|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| (1) | Teaching Strategy | 10 | Likert Scale |
| (2) | Feeling Tone | 9 | Likert Scale |
| (3) | Success | 13 | Likert Scale |
| (4) | Total of 1, 2, and 3 | 32 | Likert Scale |
| (5) | Elementary Students Perception of their teachers | 17 | Likert Scale |
| (6) | Secondary Students Perception of their teachers | 32 | Likert Scale |

In addition, an eleven item TESA Program Evaluation Survey was administered to 18 participants. Tests were machine scored. All measures have yielded reliabilities above .90 in previous administrations. Examples of each of the scales and the frequencies of responses are contained in Appendix B of this report.

Analysis. Summary results were analyzed by a chi square and a goodness of fit test. The Statistics with Finesse statistical packing was used to perform the statistical calculation. Results were tested at the .05, .01, .001, and the .0001 levels.

The Chi-Square Test was used to ascertain whether there was a difference between the obtained frequency of responses to the questionnaire and an hypothetical equal frequency of 20 percent of the answers for each response.

The goodness of fit test sought to determine whether the frequency of responses was normally distributed.

Responses to the TESA Program Evaluation Survey were totaled and averaged.

Results

Complete results are contained in Appendix A of this report. A summary of the results is contained in Tables IA and IB. Table II contains the frequency of responses from project participants. Tables III and IV contain the frequency of response from students whose teacher participated in the project. From the table, it can be observed that participants considered themselves to be adequately performing the teaching skills that the project sought to promote. Furthermore, teachers were rated as more than adequate in these skills by both elementary and secondary students. Both tests of statistical significance give evidence of the magnitude of the difference between adequate or average ratings and the above average ratings that were demonstrated by both the teachers and the students.

It is a fair generalization that all measures demonstrated that the project attained its goals in that the teachers are now performing their instructional tasks in a manner that the project attempted to encourage.

Results from the TESA Program Evaluation Survey are contained in Table V and Table VI. From Table V it can be observed that participants were generally receptive to the type of instruction they received. Participants seemed to be particularly impressed by the knowledge, understanding, and enthusiasm of their TESA instructors.

Table VI contains the frequencies of responses to questions which asked which units they considered most effective. They considered lessons on equal responding, providing clues, affirmation/correction, and praise to be most effective. There was less enthusiasm about lessons on higher level questioning, touching, and desisting.

Discussion

This study sought to demonstrate the effectiveness of a project called Teachers Teaching Teachers for the improvement of teacher morale and teacher and student attitudes toward teaching effectiveness. The particular techniques used for this project included a collegial support network and coaching. The results were positive. Both teachers and students gave ratings of adequate or above to teacher strategy, feeling tone, success of students, and teacher effectiveness.

The hope for a project such as Teachers Teaching Teachers are not only the short term gains, but the long term effects. If such a project is continually practiced within the school system not only teacher effectiveness but also teacher retention will be greatly improved.

Additionally, if students perceive their teachers as effective, potentially more learning may occur and the value of the teaching profession may increase in the public eye.

To determine the possibility and validity of such gains for schools, more studies need to be conducted. Once a Teachers Teaching Teachers project is implemented, it should be maintained and follow-up studies should be conducted to determine the long-term effects of this project.

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Appendix A

Questionnaire Frequencies by Item

TABLE IA
Summary Statistics for Responses to Questionnaire
Items Used in the Study

| | <u>I Never Do This</u> | | <u>Decreased</u> | | <u>Stayed the Same</u> | | <u>Increased</u> | | <u>Done Regularly As Needed</u> | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|
| | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> |
| Professional Educators (N = 27) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Teaching Strategy (10 Items) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 105 | 39 | 72 | 27 | 92 | 34 |
| Feeling Tone (9 Items) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 128 | 53 | 57 | 23 | 58 | 24 |
| Success (13 Items) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 162 | 46 | 120 | 34 | 69 | 20 |
| TOTAL SCORES (32 Items) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.2 | 395 | 46 | 249 | 29 | 219 | 25 |

| | <u>Yes</u> | | <u>Sometimes</u> | | <u>No</u> | |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> |
| Elementary Students (N=44) | | | | | | |
| Total Score | 286 | 70 | 89 | 22 | 33 | 8 |

| | <u>All of the Time</u> | | <u>Often</u> | | <u>Sometimes</u> | | <u>Seldom</u> | | <u>Never</u> | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> |
| Secondary Students (N = 34) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Score | 331 | 30 | 233 | 21 | 267 | 24 | 163 | 15 | 115 | 11 |

Table IB
Statistical Tests for Questionnaire Responses

| | <u>Chi Square</u> | | <u>Goodness of Fit</u> | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| | <u>χ^2</u> | <u>Significance</u> | <u>χ^2</u> | <u>Significance</u> |
| <u>Professional Educators</u> | | | | |
| Teaching Strategy | 186.9 | .0001 | 142.03 | .0001 |
| Feeling Tone | 227.3 | .0001 | 80.6928 | .0001 |
| Success | 295.8 | .0001 | 63.1233 | .0001 |
| Total Score | 673.5 | .0001 | 83.3314 | .0001 |
| <u>Students</u> | | | | |
| Elementary Students | | | | |
| Total Score | 259.7 | .0001 | 217.3676 | .0001 |
| Secondary Students | | | | |
| Total Score | 126.3 | .0001 | 92.8600 | .0001 |

Appendix A

Table II

Summary Statistics for Responses to Professional Educator Self Evaluation (N = 27)

| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | |
|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 24 | 12 | 44 | 8 | 30 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 41 | 10 | 37 | 5 | 19 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 30 | 7 | 24 | 12 | 44 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 37 | 9 | 33 | 8 | 30 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 52 | 3 | 11 | 10 | 37 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 41 | 8 | 30 | 8 | 30 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 41 | 2 | 7 | 14 | 52 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 41 | 5 | 19 | 11 | 41 |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 33 | 7 | 24 | 11 | 41 |
| 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 48 | 9 | 33 | 5 | 19 |

Subtotal for Teaching Strategy

Chi Square = 186.9

Goodness of Fit Test = 1.4203

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | .4% | 105 | 39% | 72 | 27% | 92 | 34% |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|

Significant at $p < .0001$
Significant at $p < .0001$

| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | |
|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|----|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 56 | 4 | 15 | 8 | 30 |
| 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 44 | 6 | 22 | 9 | 33 |
| 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 63 | 4 | 15 | 7 | 24 |
| 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 59 | 4 | 15 | 7 | 24 |
| 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 24 | 14 | 52 | 6 | 22 |
| 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 33 | 9 | 33 | 9 | 33 |
| 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 59 | 6 | 22 | 5 | 19 |
| 18 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 16 | 59 | 7 | 24 | 3 | 11 |
| 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 74 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 15 |

Subtotal for Feeling Tone

Chi Square = 227.3

Goodness of Fit Test = 80.6928

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | .4% | 128 | 53% | 57 | 23% | 58 | 24% |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|

Significant at $p < .0001$
Significant at $p < .0001$

| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-------------------|--|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | |
| 20 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 11 | 41 | 11 | 41 | 5 | 19 | |
| 21 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 18 | 67 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 22 | |
| 22 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 12 | 44 | 6 | 22 | 9 | 33 | |
| 23 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 9 | 33 | 9 | 33 | 9 | 33 | |
| 24 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 9 | 33 | 14 | 52 | 4 | 15 | |
| 25 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 13 | 48 | 8 | 30 | 6 | 22 | |
| 26 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 12 | 44 | 9 | 33 | 6 | 22 | |
| 27 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 8 | 30 | 12 | 44 | 7 | 24 | |
| 28 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 10 | 37 | 12 | 44 | 5 | 19 | |
| 29 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 12 | 44 | 11 | 41 | 4 | 15 | |
| 30 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 17 | 63 | 7 | 24 | 3 | 11 | |
| 31 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 16 | 59 | 8 | 30 | 3 | 11 | |
| 32 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 15 | 56 | 10 | 37 | 2 | 7 | |
| Sub total for <u>Success</u> | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 162 | 46% | 120 | 34% | 69 | 20% | |
| Chi Square = 295.8 | | | | | | Significant at p < .0001 | | | | | |
| Goodness of Fit Test = 63.1233 | | | | | | Significant at p < .0001 | | | | | |
| Total for | 0 | <u>0</u> 864 | 2 | <u>2</u> 864 | 395 | <u>395</u> 864 | 249 | <u>249</u> 864 | 219 | <u>219</u> 864 | |
| Chi Square = 673.5 | | | | | | Significant at p < .0001 | | | | | |
| Goodness of Fit Test = 83.3314 | | | | | | Significant at p < .0001 | | | | | |

Table III
 Summary Statistics for Elementary Student Response to
 "About My Teacher"

(N = 24)

| | <-----Favorable | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | <u>Yes</u> | | <u>Sometimes</u> | | <u>No</u> | |
| | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> |
| 1 | 10 | 41 | 12 | 50 | 2 | 8 |
| 2 | 18 | 75 | 4 | 17 | 2 | 8 |
| 3 | 13 | 54 | 7 | 29 | 4 | 17 |
| 4 | 4 | 17 | 12 | 50 | 8 | 33 |
| 5 | 22 | 92 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 24 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 17 | 81 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 4 |
| 8 | 16 | 67 | 8 | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | 22 | 96 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | 14 | 58 | 8 | 33 | 2 | 6 |
| 11 | 7 | 29 | 8 | 33 | 9 | 38 |
| 12 | 17 | 81 | 3 | 13 | 4 | 17 |
| 13 | 17 | 81 | 6 | 25 | 1 | 4 |
| 14 | 22 | 92 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | 20 | 83 | 4 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | 21 | 88 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| 17 | 21 | 88 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Total for Questionnaire | 286 | <u>286</u> | 89 | <u>89</u> | 33 | <u>8</u> |
| | | 408 | | 408 | | 408 |
| | | 70% | | 22% | | 8% |

Chi Square = 259.7
 Goodness of Fit = 217.3767

Significant at $p < .0001$
 Significant at $p < .0001$

Table IV

Summary Statistics for Secondary Student's Responses to
"Student Attitude Inventory"
(N = 35)

| | <u>All of the Time</u> | | <u>Often</u> | | <u>Sometimes</u> | | <u>Seldom</u> | | <u>Never</u> | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>N</u> | <u>%</u> |
| 1 | 10 | 29 | 3 | 9 | 20 | 57 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 2 | 10 | 29 | 11 | 31 | 9 | 26 | 5 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 15 | 43 | 8 | 23 | 10 | 29 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 17 | 13 | 37 | 9 | 26 |
| 5 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 14 | 8 | 23 | 14 | 28 | 5 | 14 |
| 6 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | 11 | 31 | 12 | 34 | 6 | 17 |
| 7 | 17 | 49 | 8 | 23 | 6 | 17 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 3 |
| 8 | 27 | 77 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | 20 | 57 | 7 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| 10 | 11 | 31 | 10 | 29 | 6 | 17 | 5 | 14 | 3 | 9 |
| 11 | 14 | 42 | 5 | 14 | 10 | 28 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 6 |
| 12 | 4 | 11 | 9 | 26 | 8 | 23 | 7 | 20 | 7 | 20 |
| 13 | 14 | 40 | 10 | 28 | 8 | 23 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 6 |
| 14 | 16 | 46 | 9 | 26 | 8 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| 15 | 22 | 63 | 8 | 23 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 26 | 7 | 20 | 7 | 20 |
| 17 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 17 | 11 | 31 | 9 | 26 | 6 | 17 |
| 18 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 11 | 5 | 14 | 15 | 42 | 9 | 26 |
| 19 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 10 | 28 | 8 | 23 | 12 | 34 |
| 20 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 14 | 12 | 34 | 12 | 34 |
| 21 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 13 | 37 | 16 | 46 |
| 22 | 17 | 49 | 11 | 31 | 6 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | 4 | 11 | 9 | 26 | 16 | 46 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 6 |
| 24 | 12 | 34 | 15 | 43 | 6 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 25 | 18 | 51 | 3 | 9 | 12 | 34 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 26 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 17 | 11 | 31 | 9 | 26 | 6 | 17 |
| 27 | 8 | 23 | 13 | 37 | 11 | 31 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 6 |
| 28 | 11 | 31 | 8 | 23 | 11 | 31 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| 29 | 13 | 37 | 9 | 26 | 4 | 11 | 5 | 14 | 4 | 11 |
| 30 | 10 | 40 | 11 | 31 | 8 | 23 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 6 |
| 31 | 22 | 63 | 5 | 20 | 8 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 32 | 12 | 34 | 11 | 31 | 5 | 14 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 11 |
| Total for all Responses | | | | | | | | | | |
| N | <u>331</u> | | <u>233</u> | | <u>267</u> | | <u>163</u> | | <u>119</u> | |
| | 1120 | | 1120 | | 1120 | | 1120 | | 1120 | |
| % | 30% | | 21% | | 24% | | 15% | | 11% | |

Chi Square = 126.3
Goodness of Fit = 92.8600

Significant at $p < .0001$
Significant at $p < .0001$

TABLE V
 Frequency of Response to TESA
 Program Evaluation Survey

| | <u>High</u> | | | | | <u>Low</u> | <u>Mean</u> |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|-------------|
| | <u>1</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>5</u> | | |
| *1 Communication of Objectives | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | | 1.67 |
| *2 Instructional Methods Effective | 6 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 0 | | 1.83 |
| *3 Knowledge and Understanding of TESA | 11 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | | 1.61 |
| *4 Success In Communicating | 5 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 | | 2.06 |
| *5 Enthusiasm for TESA | 14 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | 1.33 |
| *6 New Professional Ideas | 2 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 | | 2.89 |
| *7 Knowledge/Practices | 3 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 0 | | 2.56 |
| *8 Positive Attitude/Behavior Change | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | | 2.83 |
| *9 Organization/Management | 6 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 | | 2.78 |
| *10 Overall Rating | 5 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 1 | | 2.28 |
| *11 Continue TESA? | | | | | | | |
| Yes | | N = 11 | | | | | |
| No | | N = 3 | | | | | |
| Undecided | | N = 4 | | | | | |

TABLE VI
Number of Respondent Votes for
Most/Least Effective Units

| Unit | | First <u>Most</u> | Second <u>Most</u> | Third <u>Most</u> | <u>Votes</u> | | |
|------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | Third <u>Least</u> | Second <u>Least</u> | First <u>Least</u> |
| | <u>Response Strands</u> | | | | | | |
| 1A | Equitable Distribution of Response Opportunities | 5 | 3 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2A | Individual Helping | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 3A | Latency | 2 | 3 | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| 4A | Delving, Rephrasing, and Giving Clues | 4 | 1 | 3 | - | 1 | 2 |
| 5A | Higher Level Questioning | - | 1 | - | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| | <u>Feedback</u> | | | | | | |
| 1B | Affirmation or Correction | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | - |
| 2B | Praise of Learning Performance | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| 3B | Reasons for Praise | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - |
| 4B | Listening | - | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | - |
| 5B | Accepting Feelings | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| | <u>Personal Regard</u> | | | | | | |
| 1C | Proximity | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 2C | Courtesy | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 3C | Personal Interest and Compliments | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 4C | Touching | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 5C | Desisting | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Most Favored
Least Favored

1A, 4A, 1B, 2B
5A, 4C, 3C

Appendix B

Survey Questionnaires Used in the Study

Marked by Frequency of Response

TEACHERS
TEACHING
TEACHERS

Name: _____
 School: _____
 Position: _____
 Subject or Grade: _____
 Date: _____

PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR SELF-EVALUATION

DIRECTIONS: Please answer these questions about how you feel the instruction in your classroom has changed during the past three months. Please draw a circle around the answer that is most appropriate. (Administrators answer the questions in terms of how they relate to participants of this program that are teaching at their school).

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| I Never Do This | Decreased | Stayed The Same | Increased | Done Regularly as needed |

Teaching Strategy

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 1. I call on each student to answer questions, read aloud, or do problems on the board as often as I call on any one else. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 7 | 12 | 8 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 24 | 44 | 30 |
| 2. Each student has to be prepared for the class because they never know when the teacher is going to call on them. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 1 | 11 | 10 | 5 |
| | % | 0 | 4 | 41 | 37 | 19 |
| 3. I stand close to students' desks to talk to them and to check their classwork. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 12 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 30 | 24 | 44 |
| 4. I move around the room and speak to to students and/or touch them as I pass their desks. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 37 | 33 | 30 |
| 5. I move students around a lot so that no one has to sit in the back all the time. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 14 | 3 | 10 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 52 | 11 | 37 |
| 6. I expect students to think because I ask them questions they have to think about before they can answer them. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 8 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 41 | 30 | 30 |
| 7. I give students help when they need it. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 14 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 41 | 7 | 52 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 8. | I give students suggestions about how to improve their work. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 11 | 5 | 11 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 41 | 19 | 41 |
| 9. | I sometimes touch students in a friendly way. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 11 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 33 | 24 | 41 |
| 10. | I challenge students by expecting them to think instead of remembering answers from their books. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 13 | 9 | 5 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 48 | 33 | 19 |

Feeling Tone

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 11. | When students break rules, they know what the consequences will be. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 15 | 4 | 8 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 56 | 15 | 30 |
| 12. | I show courtesy to students by saying "Thank you" and "please" when I talk to them. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 12 | 6 | 9 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 44 | 22 | 33 |
| 13. | I respect my students. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 17 | 4 | 7 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 63 | 15 | 24 |
| 14. | I care about my students. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 15. | When I call on students to answer a question, I give them time to think before they have to answer. | N | 0 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 7 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 59 | 15 | 24 |
| 16. | I compliment students on personal things, like the way they look or things they do which are not a part of their work in class. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 6 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 24 | 52 | 22 |
| 17. | I am interested in what my students do outside of school. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| 18. | I know about the pets, hobbies, family, trips taken and other personal items of my students. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 16 | 6 | 5 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 59 | 22 | 19 |
| 19. | I like my students. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 20 | 3 | 4 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 74 | 11 | 15 |

Success

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 20. | When a student answers a question, the teacher tells them right away if their answer is correct or not. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | N | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 5 |
| | | % | 0 | 0 | 41 | 41 | 19 |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 21. I want my students to do well in school. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 6 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 67 | 11 | 22 |
| 22. I show students who do well that I am pleased. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 23. I praise students who answer questions correctly or do well on classwork. | N | 0 | 0 | 12 | 6 | 9 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 44 | 22 | 33 |
| 24. When students do really good work on an assignment, I tell them exactly what is good about the work. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| 25. I tell students why I like what they accomplish. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 48 | 30 | 22 |
| 26. I show students' work to the class and praise what they have done. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 27. When students have troubles answering a question, I give them clues to help them get the answer. | N | 0 | 0 | 12 | 9 | 6 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 44 | 33 | 22 |
| 28. I listen to students when they talk to me, even when I am busy. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 8 | 12 | 7 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 30 | 44 | 24 |
| 29. Students know that I am listening to them because I look at them when I talk to them. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 5 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 37 | 44 | 19 |
| 30. I understand how students feel when something bad or good has happened to them. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 12 | 11 | 4 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 44 | 41 | 15 |
| 31. I accept the feelings of my students. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 17 | 7 | 3 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 63 | 24 | 11 |
| 32. If a student breaks a rule or disobeys me, they are made to feel that I still like them even though I am upset about what she/he did. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 16 | 8 | 3 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 59 | 30 | 11 |
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | N | 0 | 0 | 15 | 10 | 2 |
| | % | 0 | 0 | 56 | 37 | 7 |

Teachers Name _____
 Teaching Student No. _____ Date _____
 Teachers Teacher _____
 School _____

ABOUT MY TEACHER

Directions: During the next few minutes you are going to answer some questions about your teacher. If the answer to a question is no, draw an X through the word No. If the answer to a question is sometimes, draw an X through the word Sometimes. If the answer to a question is yes, draw an X through the word yes.

| | | | | |
|----|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. | My teacher calls on me as often as everyone else. | Yes N 10 % 41 | Sometimes 12 50 | No 2 8 |
| 2. | When I answer a question, my teacher tells me if my answer is right or wrong. | Yes N 18 % 75 | Sometimes 4 17 | No 2 8 |
| 3. | My teacher stands close to my desk to talk to me or to check my work. | Yes N 13 % 54 | Sometimes 7 29 | No 4 17 |
| 4. | When my teacher speaks to students, he/she often touches them. | Yes N 4 % 17 | Sometimes 12 50 | No 8 33 |
| 5. | My teacher likes me. | Yes N 22 % 92 | Sometimes 2 8 | No 0 0 |
| 6. | My teacher wants me to do a good job at school. | Yes N 24 % 100 | Sometimes 0 0 | No 0 0 |
| 7. | My teacher gives me help when I need it. | Yes N 7 % 81 | Sometimes 6 6 | No 1 4 |

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| | Yes | Sometimes | No |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 8. My teacher thinks I'm a neat kid. ^{B-5} | N 16 % 67 | 8 33 | 0 0 |
| 9. My teacher cares about me | Yes N 23 % 96 | Sometimes 1 4 | No 0 0 |
| 10. My teacher tells me why she/he likes things I do in class. | Yes N 14 % 58 | Sometimes 8 33 | No 2 6 |
| 11. My teacher shows my work to the class. | Yes N 7 % 29 | Sometimes 8 33 | No 9 38 |
| 12. My teacher knows about my pets, family, and trips I've taken. | Yes N 17 % 81 | Sometimes 3 13 | No 4 17 |
| 13. When I can't answer a question, my teacher gives me help. | Yes N 17 % 81 | Sometimes 6 25 | No 1 4 |
| 14. My teacher listens when I talk. | Yes N 22 % 92 | Sometimes 2 3 | No 0 0 |
| 15. My teacher understands how I feel when something good or bad has happened to me. | Yes N 20 % 83 | Sometimes 4 17 | No 0 0 |
| 16. If I break my teacher's rules, I know what will happen. | Yes N 21 % 88 | Sometimes 3 13 | No 0 0 |
| 17. If I break a rule or disobey, my teacher still likes me. | Yes N 21 % 88 | Sometimes 3 13 | No 0 0 |

TEACHERS TEACHING TEACHERS
STUDENT ATTITUDE INVENTORY
STUDENT ATTITUDE TOWARD INSTRUCTION

This is not a test of information. Therefore, there is no one "right" answer to a question. We are interested in your opinion on each of the statements below. Your opinions will be confidential. Do not hesitate to put down exactly how you feel about each item. We are trying to get information, not compliments. Please be frank. If you don't understand a question, ask someone for help.

NAME _____ DATE _____

NAME OF TEACHER _____

CLASS _____

1. My teacher calls on me to answer questions, read aloud, or do problems on the board as often as she/he calls on everyone else.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|---|
| | N | 10 | 3 | 20 | 1 | 1 |
| Most of the time | % | 29 | 9 | 57 | 3 | 3 |
| | | : Often | : Sometimes | : Seldom | : Never | |

2. I have to be prepared in this class because I never know when my teacher is going to call on me to answer.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|---|
| | N | 10 | 11 | 9 | 5 | 0 |
| Most of the time | % | 29 | 31 | 26 | 14 | 0 |
| | | : Often | : Sometimes | : Seldom | : Never | |

3. When I answer a question, my teacher tells me right away if my answer is correct or not.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|---|
| | N | 15 | 8 | 10 | 2 | 0 |
| Most of the time | % | 43 | 23 | 29 | 6 | 0 |
| | | : Often | : Sometimes | : Seldom | : Never | |

4. My teacher stands close to my desk at times during the day to talk to me or to check my classwork

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|----|
| | N | 4 | 3 | 6 | 13 | 9 |
| Most of the time | % | 11 | 9 | 17 | 37 | 26 |
| | | : Often | : Sometimes | : Seldom | : Never | |

5. My teacher moves around the room speaking to students and/or touching them as he/she passes their desks.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|----|
| | N | 3 | 5 | 8 | 14 | 5 |
| Most of the time | % | 9 | 14 | 23 | 28 | 14 |
| | | : Often | : Sometimes | : Seldom | : Never | |

6. My teacher moves students around a lot so no one has to sit in the back all the time.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| | N | 3 | 3 | 11 | 12 | 6 |
| Most of the time | % | 9 | 9 | 31 | 34 | 17 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

7. My teacher cares about me.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 17 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| Most of the time | % | 49 | 23 | 17 | 9 | 3 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

8. My teacher wants me to do well in school.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 27 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Most of the time | % | 77 | 9 | 11 | 3 | 0 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

9. My teacher gives me help when I need it.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 20 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Most of the time | % | 57 | 20 | 20 | 0 | 3 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

10. My teacher gives me suggestions on how to improve my work.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 11 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 3 |
| Most of the time | % | 31 | 29 | 17 | 14 | 9 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

11. My teacher shows that he/she is pleased when I do well in my learning activities.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 15 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 2 |
| Most of the time | % | 42 | 14 | 28 | 9 | 6 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

12. My teacher praises me when I answer questions correctly or do well on classwork.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| | N | 4 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| Most of the time | % | 11 | 29 | 23 | 20 | 20 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

13. My teacher shows courtesy to me by saying "Thank you" and "Please" when he/she talks to me.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 14 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 2 |
| Most of the time | % | 40 | 28 | 23 | 3 | 6 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

14. My teacher respects me.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| | N | 16 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 2 |
| Most of the time | % | 46 | 26 | 23 | 0 | 6 |
| | | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

15. When my teacher calls on me to answer a question, he/she gives me time to think before I have to answer.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| N | 22 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Most of the time | 63 | 23 | 11 | 3 | 0 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

16. My teacher tells me why he/she likes what I accomplish in this class.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 2 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 7 |
| Most of the time | 6 | 29 | 26 | 20 | 20 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

17. When I do really good work on an assignment, my teacher tells me exactly what is good about my work.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 3 | 6 | 11 | 9 | 6 |
| Most of the time | 9 | 17 | 31 | 26 | 17 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

18. My teacher sometimes shows my work to the class and praises what I have done.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 2 | 4 | 5 | 15 | 9 |
| Most of the time | 6 | 11 | 14 | 42 | 26 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

19. My teacher compliments me on personal things, like the way I look or things I do which are not a part of our work in class.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 1 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 12 |
| Most of the time | 3 | 11 | 28 | 23 | 34 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

20. My teacher is interested in what I do outside of school.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 1 | 5 | 5 | 12 | 12 |
| Most of the time | 3 | 14 | 14 | 34 | 34 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

21. My teacher knows about my pets, hobbies, family, trips I've taken, and other personal things.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|----|
| N | 1 | 1 | 4 | 13 | 16 |
| Most of the time | 3 | 3 | 11 | 37 | 46 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

22. When I am having trouble answering a question, my teacher gives me clues to help me get the answer.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| N | 17 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| Most of the time | 49 | 31 | 17 | 3 | 0 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

23. My teacher listens to me when I talk to her/him, even when she/he is busy.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|---|
| N | 4 | 9 | 16 | 4 | 2 |
| Most of the time | 11 | 26 | 46 | 11 | 6 |
| | Often | Sometimes | Seldom | Never | |

24. I know my teacher listens to me when I talk to her/him because she/he looks at me.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 12 | 15 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| Most of | % | 34 | 43 | 17 | 3 | 3 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

25. My teacher likes me.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|---|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 18 | 3 | 12 | 1 | 1 |
| Most of | % | 51 | 9 | 34 | 3 | 3 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

26. My teacher sometimes touches students in a friendly way.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|----|--------|
| | N | 3 | 6 | 11 | 9 | 6 |
| Most of | % | 9 | 17 | 31 | 26 | 17 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

27. My teacher expects me to think because she/he asks me questions that I have to think about before I can answer.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 8 | 13 | 11 | 1 | 2 |
| Most of | % | 23 | 37 | 31 | 3 | 6 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

28. My teacher challenges me because he/she expects me to think instead of just remembering answers from the book.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 11 | 8 | 11 | 2 | 3 |
| Most of | % | 31 | 23 | 31 | 6 | 9 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

29. My teacher understands how I feel when something bad or good has happened to me.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|----|--------|
| | N | 31 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Most of | % | 37 | 26 | 11 | 14 | 11 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

30. My teacher accepts my feelings.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|----|--------|
| | N | 10 | 11 | 8 | 4 | 2 |
| Most of | % | 40 | 31 | 23 | 11 | 6 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

31. If I choose to break my teacher's rules, I know what the consequences will be.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 22 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Most of | % | 63 | 20 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

32. When I break a rule or disobey the teacher, I know that she/he still likes me even if she/he is upset with what I did.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------|----|-----------|---|--------|
| | N | 12 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| Most of | % | 34 | 31 | 14 | 9 | 11 |
| the time | : | Often | : | Sometimes | : | Seldom |
| | | | | | : | Never |

TESA — PROGRAM EVALUATION SURVEY

Frequencies of Responses are in Tables V and VI

District: _____ School Year: _____

Please check the appropriate answer to each item below.

Sex: Male Female Years in profession: 1-5 6-10 11-15 16+
 Age: 20-25 26-30 31-35 36-40 41-45 46+
 Your major assignment: Administrator Aide Counselor Teacher Other
 Grade level assignment: K-3 4-6 7-8 9-12 College/University

PLEASE CIRCLE THE NUMBER THAT BEST REPRESENTS YOUR ANSWER TO THE QUESTION ASKED.

1. To what degree were the objectives of the TESA program clearly communicated to you? 1. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
2. To what degree were the methods employed by the instructor(s) effective in achieving the objectives?..... 2. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
3. To what degree did the instructor(s) demonstrate a thorough knowledge and understanding of TESA concepts?..... 3. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
4. To what degree did the instructor(s) succeed in communicating TESA concepts? 4. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
5. To what degree did the instructor(s) demonstrate enthusiasm for the TESA program?..... 5. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
6. To what degree did the TESA program introduce you to new professional ideas?..... 6. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
7. To what degree did the TESA program provide you with applied and functional knowledge and practices?..... 7. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
8. To what degree did your involvement in the TESA program result in positive changes in your attitude and behavior toward perceived "lows"? 8. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
9. To what degree was the program well organized and managed?..... 9. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
10. What is your overall rating of the TESA program?..... 10. High 1 2 3 4 5 Low
11. Do you believe TESA should continue as a staff inservice training program in your district?..... 11. Yes No Undecided

| UNIT | STRAND A RESPONSE OPPORTUNITIES | STRAND B FEEDBACK | STRAND C PERSONAL REGARD |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 1A Equitable Distribution of Response Opportunities | 1B Affirmation or Correction | 1C Proximity (within arm's reach of student) |
| 2 | 2A Individual Helping | 2B Praise of Learning Performance | 2C Courtesy |
| 3 | 3A Latency (waiting time for student to respond) | 3B Reasons for Praise | 3C Personal Interest and Compliments |
| 4 | 4A Delving, Rephrasing, and Giving Clues | 4B Listening | 4C Touching |
| 5 | 5A Higher Level Questioning | 5B Accepting Feelings | 5C Desisting |

In the above diagram of the Interaction Model, each of the interactions has been coded according to UNIT-STRAND (e.g., Latency = 3A, Courtesy = 2C). In the spaces below, prioritize the three (3) interactions you believe were *most effective* in bringing about positive change with your perceived "lows"; then prioritize the three which you believe were the *least effective*.

| | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Code | Code |
| 1st most effective _____ | 1st least effective _____ |
| 2nd most effective _____ | 2nd least effective _____ |
| 3rd most effective _____ | 3rd least effective _____ |