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AUTHOR

Highsmith, Martha C.

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ABSTRACT

The numbers of degrees conferred in Connecticut in 1986-87 are reported and discussed by level of degree and discipline. Data on trends and information for use in policymaking are also provided. Highlights include: (1) in 1986-87, 26,663 degrees were awarded by Connecticut's colleges and universities, a decline of 2.8% from the previous year at the undergraduate level; (2) the greatest concentration of degrees was in business-related fields; (3) education degrees maintained their overall rank, but decreased by 10.8% at the bachelor's level over 1985-86 and increased at the master's level; (4) degrees in the health sciences decreased by 11.9% at the bachelor's level and increased only slightly at the master's level; (5) completion rates at independent colleges were higher than at public colleges; (6) minority students earned 7.2% of the total number of degrees awarded at all levels; (7) non-resident aliens and Asians earned proportionately more degrees than other racial and ethnic groups; and (8) women continued to earn the majority of total awards but continued to be under-represented at the doctoral and first-professional levels. Eight tables and three figures illustrate the discussion of the results, grouped under the following headings: degrees conferred by institution, trends in the disciplines, degrees awarded to women, and degrees awarded to minorities. Policy implications are also discussed. Tabular data are appended for trends for selected disciplines and levels by institution (1982-83 to 1986-87), total degrees awarded by discipline (men and women, 1986-87), and by race and ethnicity. (KM)

Board of Governors for Higher Education Department of Higher Education State of Connecticut



Degrees Conferred By Connecticut Colleges and Universities 1986-87

Highlights

- In 1986-87, 26,663 degrees were an arded by Connecticut's colleges and universities. Degree production was down by 2.8% over the previous year, with the decline occurring at the undergraduate level.
- The greatest concentration of degrees was in fields related to business.

 The three disciplines of business and management, business and office, and management, business and office, and marketing and distribution accounted for 25.6% of all degrees.
- For the fifth straight year, the most popular single field of study was business and management, with 18.5% of all degrees. Education was second (9.5% of the total), followed by social sciences (8.7%).
- Although maintaining their overall rank, education degrees dipped sharply at the bachelor's level, down by 10.8% over 1985-86. At the master's level, however, education awards increased for the second consecutive year. In another critical discipline, health sciences, bachelor's degrees declined by 11.9%, and master's awards increased only slightly. These declines continue to signal shrinking pools of qualified candidates for entry level positions in teaching, nursing, and health-related fields.
- A comparison of degrees awarded and full-time-equivalent enrollment suggests that completion rates at independent colleges were higher than at public colleges.
- Minority students earned 1,918 degrees, 7.2% of the total awarded at all levels, the highest number and percentage ever. In contrast, the number of non-minority students earning degrees has declined slightly since 1982-83.
- e Compared to percentages of enrollment, non-resident aliens and Asians earned proportionately more degrees than other racial and ethnic groups, resulting, in part, from higher rates of full-time attendance.
- Continuing the pattern apparent since 1980, women earned the majority of total awards but were under-represented at the doctoral and first-professional levels.

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Introduction

The number of degrees awarded by Connecticut's colleges and universities is an important measure of higher education's capacity to produce educated citizens. These data are partial yet useful indicators of the available supply of college-educated personnel to meet employment demands in a society where jobs are requiring increasingly sophisticated analytic and technical skills.

Information on degrees also provides one measure of the productivity of higher education. While different types of institutions have different missions and goals, central to the operation of each is the emphasis on student progress toward degrees. Although part-time and non-credit enrollments indicate that more college students are pursuing work-related and personal objectives, as opposed to degrees, it is nonetheless appropriate to examine degree production. The state's economy and its society are enhanced by the numbers of students who complete their academic work and receive degrees.

This report describes the numbers of degrees conferred in Connecticut in 1986-87 by level of degree and discipline. It also presents data on trends and provides information for use in policy-making. The appendices include tables detailing degrees granted at each institution, and degrees awarded by sex and race.

Each college and university provided information for the report; the data were aggregated by the Department of Higher Education. The numbers reflect those students who earned degrees between July 1, 1986 and June 30, 1987. Disciplines are categorized according to the federal Classification of Instructional Programs, a system in use since 1981-82. Additional clarifications and definitions are listed on page 12.

Degrees Conferred by Institution

In 1986-87, students in Connecticut colleges and universities earned 26,663 degrees (see Table 1), down by 2.8% from the previous year. This drop followed several years of stability or slight increases in total degrees. Declines this past year occurred in undergraduate degrees, while master's, doctoral, and first-professional degrees increased over the previous year.

Although overall numbers changed, the proportions of degrees earned at various levels followed patterns of previous years. Bachelor's degrees accounted for slightly more than half of all degrees (51.1% or 13,627), followed by master's degrees (24.2% or 6,445), and associate's degrees (18.3% or 4,879). At advanced levels, 947 first-professional degrees accounted for 3.6% of all awards, and 533 doctoral degrees accounted for 2.0%. Finally, 232 certificates, 0.8% of the total, were awarded.



Table 1 Degrees Conferred by Connecticut Institutions of Higher Education by Institution and Level 1986-87

	Certificates One Year or More	Associate's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctoral	First Professional	Total
Public Institutions							
University of Gonnecticut Stores and Regional Campuses UConn Health Center	9 0	0 0	2,906 0	1.010	193 0	203 119	1,384 115
lotat	9	o	2,906	1,010	193	322	व , ववत
Connecticut State University			1,379	376	0	Ú	1,/55
Central Eastern	Ů ů	11	572	98	0	0	681 1,788
Southern Western	Ü O	9 27	1,026 604	753 121	0	ñ	752
Total	0	47	3 581	1 348	0	0	4 976
Regional Community Colleges	_		_	_	_		
Asnuntuck Greater Hartford	0	111 221	0	0	0	0 0	555
Housatonic Manchester	5 45	134 537	0	0	0 0	0 0	139 582
Mattatuck	5	381	0	0	0	0	ქმი
Middlesex Mohegan	2 16	329 244	0	0	0 0	0	246 345
Northwestern Connecticut	0	151	0	0	0	0	151
Norwalk Guinebaug Valley	4	232 99	0 0	0	0	0	236 103
South Central	10 51	208 222	0	0	0	0	218 273
	143	2.869	0	0	0	0	3,012
Total State Technical Colleges	143	2.000		-	-	0	0,017
Greater New Haven	16 0	104 167	0	0	0	o 0	120 167
Hartford Norwalk	0	130	Ö	Ō	0	O	1.30
Thames Valley Waterbory	25 0	123 196	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	148 196
Total	41	720	o	0	0	0	/61
Charler Oak College	•	62	128	0	0	0	190
IOTAL, State Institutions	193	3,698	6.615	2.358	193	322	11,179
U.S. Coast Guard Academy	0	0	132	0	0_	0	132
TOTAL Public Institutions	193	3 698	6 747	2 358	193	322	13 511
Independent Institutions							
Four-Year National			_				
Connecticut College Trinity College	0 0	0 0	445 452	32 30	0	0	167 182
Wesleyan Collège Yale University	0 0	0	654 1.283	113 1,363	1 t 305	0 379	778 3,336
Total	υ	0	2 834	1 528	316	379	5 057
Fuur Year Regional							
Alberius Magnus College Bridgepor: Engineering Institute	0	5 22	66 47	0 G	0 0	0 0	/1 69
FairTield University Hartlord Graduate Center	0	0 G	760 G	233 521	0	0	593 521
Hartford Seminary Foundation	o	o	0	2	14	0	10
Holy Apostles College Paier College of Art, Inc	0 13	0 10	11 30	21	0	10 0	42 53
Post Gollege	ō	109	162	Ō	0	0	2/1
Quinniplac College	0 0	94 179	435 431	46 181	ů 0	ა ი	575 791
Secred Heart University St. Alphonsus Gollege	0	0	4 4	0	0 0	ö o	1
St. Basil's College	0	0	139	121	0	0	200
St Joseph College University of Bridgeport	6	125	423	312	7 3	236 0	1,109
University of Hertford University of New Haven	0 0	162 82	1,008 526	515 607	0	ő	1,215
Total	19	788	4.046	2,559	24	246	7,682
Two Year Independent							
Briarwood College Harttord College for Women	20 0	158 44	0	0	0	0	178
Katharine Gibbs School, Inc Mitchell College	0	33 157	0 0	0	0	0 0	3.3 15 '
MI Sacred Hearl College	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
fotal	20	393	0	0	0	0	413
IOIAL, Independent Institutions	34	1 181	6,880	4,087	340	025	11 152
TAL. Public Institutions	193	3 598	6,747	2.358	193	.322	13,511
TAL, All Institutions	232	4.879	13,627	6.445	533	947	26,663

Public and independent institutions awarded almost equal proportions of degrees. Differences were evident at degree levels, however, with public institutions awarding most of the certificates (83.2%) and associate's (75.8%), and the independents awarding more graduate degrees (63.4% of master's, 63.8% of doctor's, and 66.0% of first-professionals). At the bachelor's level, awards were roughly the same across the two sectors.

The total number of undergraduate degrees dropped slightly during the past ten years, as indicated in Table 2. Certificates fluctuated from year to year, with an overall pattern of slight decline in the public institutions affecting the total as well. Associate's degrees increased in the early 1980s but slipped back to previous levels after 1983. At the bachelor's level, public and independent institutions displayed almost identical patterns since 1.31, with slight yearly increases through 1985-86. Prior to 1981, public institutions awarded more of the bachelor's degrees, so the overall trend was one of decline for the public sector and a concurrent increase for the independent sector.

Table 2
Degrees Conferred in Connecticut
by Year, Sector, and Level
1976-77 To 1986-87

	1976-77	1977-78	1978 - 79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983 - 84	1984-85	1985-86	1686 - 8
Public Institutions											
Certificates	253	291	239	275	305	250	257	313	215	249	19.3
Associala's	4,147	4,111	4,075	4,061	4,075	4.092	4.583	4.699	4,490	4,064	Bea, t
Bachelor's	7,489	7,462	7,117	6,811	6,921	6,705	6,705	6,739	6.828	7,10/	0,/4/
Master's	3,498	3,340	3,045	2,937	2,944	2,605	2,518	2,260	2.278	2,402	2.358
Doctoral	200	189	161	194	205	168	159	195	181	174	193
First-Professional	299	296	338	337	295	314	312	314	321	316	322
TOTAL	15,886	15,689	14,975	14,615	14,745	14,134	14,534	14,520	14,313	14.252	13,511
Independent Institutions											
Certificates	1	10	69	32	34	37	33	20	31	38	.551
Associate's	1,199	1,346	1,421	1,347	1,328	1,376	1,323	1,322	1.310	1,289	1,161
Bachelor's	ь,126	6,207	5,880	6.355	6,568	6,692	6,738	6,763	6.879	7,053	6,080
Master's	3,179	3,113	3 156	3 153	3,485	3,441	3,579	3.600	3.550	3,899	4,087
Doctoral	327	348	351	310	278	314	311	320	291	288	340
First-Professional	348	372	382	605	501	485	574	561	642	611	o25
TOTAL	11,186	11,396	11,259	11,802	12,194	12,345	12,558	12,586	12,703	13,178	13.152
All Institutions								-			
Certificatas	254	301	308	307	339	287	290	333	246	287	232
Associate's	5,346	5,457	5,496	5,408	5,403	5,468	5,966	6,021	5,800	5,293	4.879
Bachalor's	13,615	13,669	12,997	13,166	13,489	13,397	13,443	13,502	13,707	14,160	13.627
Mester s	ს,677	6,453	6,201	6,696	6,429	6,046	6,097	5,860	5,828	6,301	6,445
Doctoral	527	537	512	504	483	482	470	515	4/2	462	533
First-Professional	647	668	720	942	796	799	886	875	963	927	947
GRAND TOTAL	27,000	27,085	26,234	26,417	26,939	26,479	27,092	27,106	27,016	27,430	26,663



In contrast, graduate degrees showed some increases over the decade. Master's degrees increased in 1986-87 for the second consecutive year, although the total remained below the peak at the beginning of the decade. Growth occurred in the number of degrees awarded by independent institutions, while the number granted by the publics declined, a pattern apparent since 1978. Doctoral degrees showed some slight increases toward the end of the ten-year period, following rather steady declines prior to 1982. Most of the increase at the graduate level resulted from more first-professional awards, especially in the independent institutions.

Numbers of degrees awarded are related closely to changing patterns of student attendance. Growing part-time enrollments can slow degree production, as students spend more time completing program requirements. Apparent declines in degrees, therefore, should be examined in light of full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollments, a statistic based upon credit-hour activity rather than headcounts. Using proportions of FTE enrollment and proportions of degrees awarded to calculate completion ratios is one method of assessing overall degree production in various institutions.

As presented in Table 3, the share of degrees awarded by the independent institutions was greater than their share of FTE enrollment, suggesting that completion rates were somewhat higher. For example, although the regional independents accounted for 23.8% of FTE enrollment in 1986-87, they awarded 29.2% of all degrees, for a ratio of 1.23. The two-year independent institutions also had a degree-to-FTE ratio of 1.23, while the ratio for the national independents was 1.17. The University of Connecticut had the highest ratio (.92) in the public sector, with 18.4% of FTE enrollment and 16.9% of degrees.

Table 3
Ratio of Degrees to Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment
by Type of Institution
1986-87

	<u>Proportion of</u> <u>Total Degrees</u>	<u>Froportion of</u> <u>Total FTE</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
Regional Independents	29.2	23.8	1.23
Two-Year Independents	1.6	1.3	1 23
National Independents	19.2	16.4	1.17
University of Connecticut and Health Center	16.9	18.4	.92
Connecticut State University	18.9	22.1	.86
Regional Community Colleges	11.4	14.3	.80
State Technical Colleges	2.9	3.7	.78
TOTAL, Public	50.1	58.5	.86
TOTAL, Independent	49.9	41.5	1.20



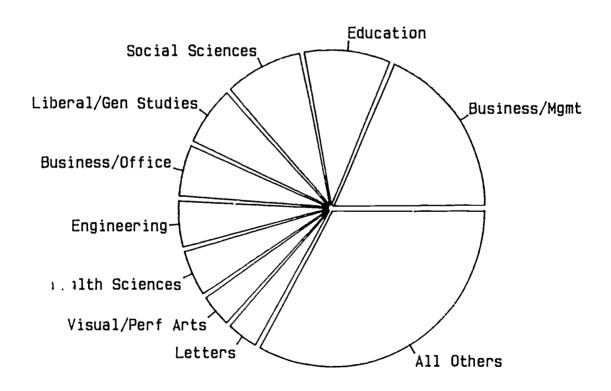
Trends in the Disciplines

Awards by discipline followed existing trends. The greatest number of degrees was awarded in business and management (see Figure 1). For the third year, education and social sciences were second and third, respectively. Awards by level for each discipline are displayed in Table 4.

In programs of two years or less, business and office awards led the disciplines. At the associate's degree level, business and office (1,453) and liberal/general studies (1,431) accounted for 59.1% of the total. Awards in engineering and engineering-related technologies were a distant third, with 689 or 14.1% of the total.

Business and management, with 3,131 degrees, accounted for 23.0% of all bachelor's awards, followed by 1,958 degrees in social sciences (14.4%), 1,059 in engineering (7.8%), 919 in letters (6.7%), and 672 in education (4.9%). These proportions mirrored those of recent years.

Figure 1 Total Degrees Awarded in Top Disciplines 1986-87





At the master's level, more degrees were awarded in education, 1,797 or 27.9%, than in any other field, reversing the trend of previous years when education was in second place. Business and management awards followed closely, with 1,779 awards accounting for 27.6% of all master's degrees.

Five fields of study accounted for 64.0% of all doctoral degrees: life sciences (85), social sciences (79), physical sciences (66), education (61), and engineering (50). Professional degrees were awarded in law (625), health sciences (212), and theology (110).

Table 4
Degrees Conferred by Connecticut Institutions of
Higher Education by Discipline
1986-87

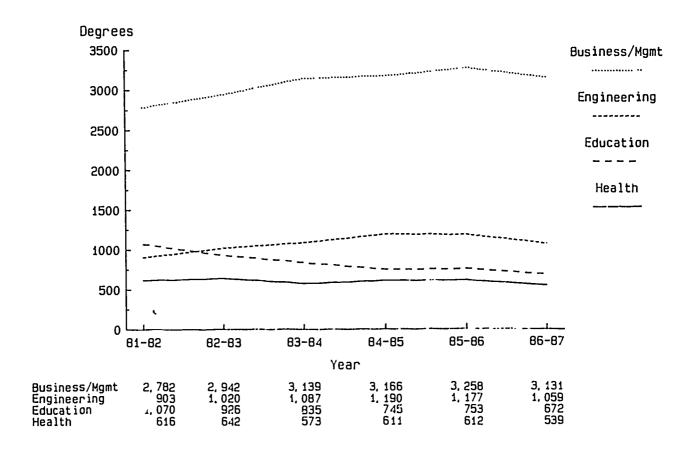
0iء	cipline	Certificates One Year or More	Associate's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctoral	First Professional	Total	Rank
1	Agritusiness and Agricultural Production	9	o	11	5	1	0	26	Ju
2	Agricultural Sciences	0	0	59	11	2	0	72	35
3	Renewal Natural Resources	0	0	13	62	7	0	82	31
4	Architecture and Environmental Design	7	15	52	46	0	0	120	251
5	Area and Ethnic Studies	0	0	227	53	9	0	289	21
6	Business and Management	3	14	3,131	1,779	9	0	4,936	1
7	Business and Office	66	1,453	10	0	0	0	1.529	5
b	Marketing and Distribution	1	173	198	ა	0	õ	3/2	19
9	Communications	v	5	401	64	0	0	470	16
10	Communication Technologies	1	21	0	0	0	0	22	38
11	Computer and Information Sciences	11	0	348	227	9	0	595	15
13	Education	0	11	672	1,797	61	0	2,541	-
14	Engineering	٥	0	1,059	283	50	0	1,392	6
15	Engineering and Engineering-Related Technologies	0	689	81	5	0	0	775	12
16	Foreign Languages	0	0	173	40	12	0	225	:/4
17	Allied Health	51	295	235	35	0		616	1-1
16	Health Sciences	Ú	301	539	313	18	212	1,383	/
19	Hame Economics	0	3	214	25	1	0	243	2.5
20	Vocational Home Economics	24	134	0	8	0	0	166	28
21	Industrial Arts	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	to
22		0	86	16	42	5	υ25	774	1.3
23	Letters	٥	٥	919	73	18	0	1,010	٠,
24	Liberal/General Studies	2	1,431	314	0	0	0	1,747	-4
25	Library and Archival Sciences	5	1	5	79	0	0	90	.tu
26	Life Sciences	0	0	539	156	85	0	780	11
21	Mulheratics	0	o	278	52	3	0	333	
30	Multi/Interdisciptionary Studies	٥	ů	276	9	4	U	289	1.2
31	Parks and Recreation	0	17	30	14	0	0	61	.33
36	Leisure and Recreational Activities	Û	3	Û	0	0	o l	3	.359
38	Philosophy and Religion	0	0	155	30	11	٥	196	· · ·
39	Theology	0	0	0	96	14	110	220	.45
40	Physical Sciences	0	0	253	119	66	0	438	17
41	Science Technologies	0	50	0	0	0	0	5ù	5-1
42	-	0	0	636	157	35	0	828	lυ
43	Protective Services	3	ទទ	89	19	0	0	210	.46
14	Public Allairs	3	1Û	75	293	o	U	J8 I	16
45	Social Sciences	ů.	2	1.958	273	79	0	2.312	
47		23	0	0	0	Ú	0	23	.37
	Pracision Production	16	24	O	0	0	0	40	ಚು
50	Visual and Performing Arts	6	42	661	280	34	0	1,023	15
(0)		232	4,879	13,627	6.445	533	947	26.663	`



While overall proportions of degrees have remained much the same in recent years, changes have occurred in some fields (see Figures 2 and 3). In business and management, master's degrees continued to increase for the third consecutive year. At the bachelor's level, degrees in this field dropped for the first time since 1981-82. Education degrees at the master's level have increased for the past two years, reversing a steady decline. At the bachelor's level, however, the slight growth in these awards in 1985-86 was followed by a decline of 10.8%. In engineering, the number of bachelor's degrees fell for the second straight year, and master's degrees were down over 1985-86. In the health sciences, declines occurred at the bachelor's level after a period of fluctuation, while master's degrees increased slightly.

Trends across disciplines within institutions have shown similar variation. Appendix A contains tables indicating associate's, bachelor's, and master's degrees awarded by discipline and type of institution since 1982-83.

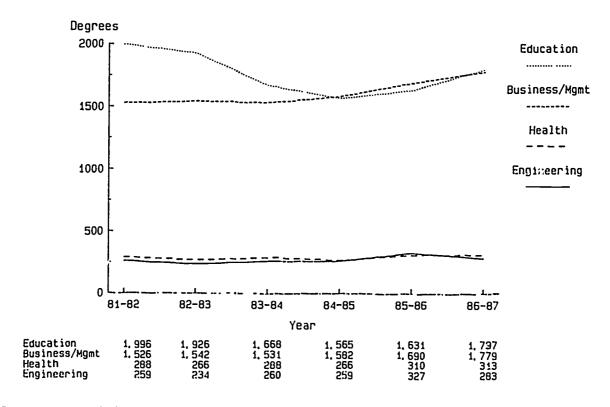
Figure 2 Trends in Bachelor's Degrees for Selected Fields 1981-82 - 1986-87





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Figure 3 Trends in Master's Degrees for Selected Fields 1981-82 - 1986-87



Degrees Awarded to Women

Women continued to earn the majority of all degrees in 1986-87 (see Table 6). As in the past, women earned most of the degrees granted at the master's level and below, and continued to receive proportionately fewer doctoral and professional degrees than men.

Table 6 Degrees Conferred to Men and Women by Level 1986-87

	ME	N	WOM	IEN
	<u>Numb er</u>	Percent	Number	Percent
Certificate's Associate's Bachelor's Master's Doctoral First Professional	69 1,832 6,505 2,975 339 597	29.7% 37.5% 47.7% 46.2% 63.6% 63.0%	163 3,047 7,122 3,470 194 350	70.3% 62.5% 52.3% 53.8% 36.4% 37.0%
TOTAL	12,317	46.2%	14,346	53.8%



Women earned substantial proportions of degrees in business/office, education, foreign languages, health, home economics, ps;chology, and public affairs. Men earned the majority of degrees in business and management, computer and information sciences, engineering, physical sciences, and social sciences. In addition, men accounted for the majority of degrees in the professional programs of law, medicine, and theology. Awards to men and women by discipline at each degree level are contained in the table in Appendix B.

Degrees Awarded to Minorities

Of the 26,663 degrees awarded at all levels in 1986-87, minority students earned 1,918 or 7.2%. More degrees were awarded to minority students in 1986-87 than in the two previous reporting periods. In contrast, the number of non-minority students earning degrees fell slightly over the same years (see Table 7).

Table 7
Degrees Awarded by Race and Ethnicity
All Levels and Institutions
1982, 1984, 1986

Race/Ethnicity	<u>1982-83</u>	1984-85	<u>1986-87</u>
Black	903	849	971
Hispanic	382	455	419
Asian	300	504	464
American Indian	82	59	64
TOTAL, Minorities	1,667	1,876	1,918
White	24,751	24,358	23,586
Non-resident Aliens	674	791	1,159
TOTAL, Non-minorities	25,425	25,149	24,745
GRAND TOTAL	27,092	27,016	26:663

Among minorities, Blacks earned the largest number of degrees, followed in order by Asians, Hispanics, and American Indians. Compared to enrollments, non-resident aliens, whites, and Asians earned proportionately more degrees than other racial/ethnic groups. It is likely that the higher ratios for Asians and non-resident aliens reflect, in part, more full-time students in these groups. Blacks, Hispanics, and whites, however, had similar rates of full-time attendance, so differing ratios among these groups are probably the result of other factors not apparent in this analysis. Table 8 displays the ratio of enrollment to degrees for each group and indicates the percent of each group attending full-time.



Table 8
Ratio of Headcount Enrollment to Degrees
by Racial/Ethnic Group
1986-87

Group (% Full Time)	Proportion of Headcount, 1986	Proportion of Degrees, 1986	Ratio
Black (49.6%)	4.8	3.6	.75
Hispanic (53.2%)	2.4	1.6	.67
Asian (68.2%)	1.7	1.7	1.00
American Indian (57.1%)	0.3	0.2	.67
White (50.5%)	88.5	88.5	1.00
Non-resident Aliens (87.5%)	2.3	4.3	1.87

About half of all degrees to minority students were awarded at the bachelor's level. When considering awards to all students, however, minorities earned proportionately more of their degrees at the associate's level, with 8.7% of all associate's awarded to minorities. At other levels, minority awards were as follows: certificates, 7.3% of the total; bachelor's, 7.2%; master's, 6.3%; doctor's, 5.6%; and professional, 6.9%. Most of the minority students' degrees were in the fields of business and management (293), social sciences (180), business/office (171), education (168), and liberal/general studies (151). Degrees awarded by level and discipline for each racial/ethnic group are detailed in the table in Appendix C.

Policy Implications

Declines in degrees granted in 1986-87 suggest that increasing numbers of part-time students are slowing degree production. In addition, students with goals other than degree completion may be contributing to lower degree numbers and degree-to-FTE ratios. The lower ratios of degrees to FTE enrollment in the public two-year institutions could reflect lower completion rates, or they could signal growing numbers of students in these colleges who have objectives other than obtaining a degree, such as gaining job skills or fulfilling other personal goals.

The pattern of degrees granted in various fields merits policy consideration. Although master's degrees increased for the second year, education degrees at the bachelor's level dropped again following a slight upturn in 1985-86. These continuing declines signal a shrinking pool of qualified candidates for entry-level teaching positions. Bachelor's degrees in health sciences also continued to decline. These trends are apparent in the growing shortages of nurses and other health professionals.

Minority students expanded their share of awards, earning more degrees than ever. These increases indicate that completion rates for minority students are paralleling enrollment trends. Minorities continue to earn more of their degrees at the certificate and associate's levels, and Blacks, Hispanics, and American Indians earn proportionately fewer degrees than other racial and ethnic groups. These data indicate that, while initiatives to increase higher education opportunities for minorities are beginning to achieve success, more is needed to encourage full participation.



INTERPRETIVE NOTES

- 1. An independent institution is defined as a national institution if more than 65% of its full-time undergraduates are from outside the state and its total enrollment exceeds 300 students. The remaining independent institutions are defined as regional institutions.
- 2. Sixth-year certificates and all other intermediate post-baccalaureate awards are included with data for master's degrees.
- 3. Institutional corrections of data reported to the Department of Higher Education are reflected in this report. These corrections include the following changes: (1) the addition of 43 certificates awarded in 1983-84 at Thames Valley State Technical College that were omitted from that year's reporting; (2) the addition of 76 associate's degrees awarded by Mohegan Community College and omitted from reporting in 1982-83; and (3) the addition of 304 degrees not reported for Southern Connecticut State University in 1982-83.
- 4. Mohegan Community College changed its procedure for reporting associate's degrees in 1982-83 to include previously unreported degrees awarded to program completers at the U.S. Submarine Base Navy Campus for Achievement (NCFA) in Groton. As a result of these awards, there is an apparent increase in the overall number of associate's degrees awarded in 1982-83. This difference reflects a procedural rather than substantive change, however, and should not be viewed as a significant increase. Rather, trend information prior to 1982-83 and from 1982-83 forward should be examined separately for indications of changes in the numbers of associate's degrees awarded.

This report was prepared by Dr. Martha C. Highsmith, Director of Research, Connecticut Department of Higher Education



Appendix A Trends for Selected Disciplines and Levels by Institution 1982-83 - 1986-87

Table 1 Trends for Selected Disciplines Associate's Degrees

		Connecticut State University						Regional Community College					
Discipline	82 · 83	83 - 84	84.85	85 · 86	86 · 87	82.83	83 - 84	84 - 85	85 · 86	86 · 87			
illied Heelth	0	0		0	0	232	243	259	230	214			
dusiness and Office	0	0	0	G	0	1,030	1.069	1.074	1,116	983			
ngineering and Engineeri	0	0	0	0	0	10	14	8	18	6			
tealth Sciences	G	0	0	0	Ö	236	236	262	196	212			
iberal/General Studies	54	43	48	42	43	1.580	1.596	1,738	1,053	1.049			
larketing end Distributio	0	0	0	0	0	83	98	91	88	89			
ocational Home Economics	0	0	0	Ö	ō	111	143	119	137	109			
Total, All Other	4	2	3	9	4	248	216	243	217	207			
TOTAL, All Disciplines	58	45	51	51	47	3,530	3,615	3,464	3.055	2,869			

		Charter Oak College								
Discipline	82.83	83 · 84	84 - 85	85 - 86	86 - 87	82 · 83	83 - 84	84-85	85 - 86	86 · 87
Ulied Health	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Business and Office	130	134	100	72	56	٥	ō	ō	ō	ō
ngineering and Engineers	736	803	797	704	602	Ιõ	Õ	Õ	ō	Õ
teal th Sciences	0	0	0	0	ō	l o	Ó	Õ	ō	Õ
.iberal/General Studies	0	0	0	0	Ó	103	84	58	68	62
Marketing and Distributio	0	0	0	0	Û	Ō	0	0	0	0
locational Home Economics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
folal. All Other	26	13	20	54	62	0	0	0	O	0
TOTAL, All Disciplines	892	955	917	830	720	103	84	58	68	62

		Four · Yea	r Regione	l Indepen	dent	Two-Year Independent					
Discipline	85.83	83 · 84	84 - 85	85.86	86 - 87	82 · 83	83 - 84	84 - 85	85 - 86	86 · 87	
Allied Health	62	44	45	14	46	40	28	50	39	35	
Business and Office	299	340	350	388	259	140	144	162	159	159	
Engineering and Engineeri	76	103	84	63	72	5	9	6	6	5	
Health Sciences	164	108	117	86	89	0	0	0	0	0	
Liberal/General Studies	152	194	156	180	181	88	88	102	90	96	
Marketing and Distributto	43	45	26	38	38	42	41	40	49	46	
Vocational Home Economics	10	14	12	14	6	1 :1	14	11	17	19	
Total, All Other	150	118	116	87	97	41	32	33	29	33	
TOTAL, All Disciplines	950	966	906	900	788	367	356	404	389	393	

TOTAL ASSOCIATE'S - ALL SCHOOLS

			Number					Percant		
Discipline	82.83	83 - 84	84 · 85	85 - 86	86 - 87	82.83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87
Allied Health	334	315	354	313	295	5 7%	5 2%	6 1%	5 9%	6 1%
Business and Office	1.599	1,687	1,686	1,735	1.457	27 1%	ە00 28	29 1%	32 8°₊	29 წ₊
Engineering and Engineers	827	929	895	791	685	14 0%	15 5°0	15 4%	15 0°	14 0°
Health Sciences	400	344	379	282	301	გ 8%	5 7%	6 5%	5 3°ພ	6 2'
Liberal/General Studies	1,977	2,005	1,772	1,433	1.431	33 5∿	33 ૩%	30 6°€	27 1%	29 3°.
Marketing and Distributio	168	184	157	175	173	2 8%	3 1%	2 7%	3 3∿	3 5%
Vocational Home Economics	132	171	142	168	134	ئ∞2 2	28%	2 4%	ه°۱ 3	2 7°√
Total, All Other	469	386	415	396	403	7 9%	6 4%	7 2%	7 5%	8 3%
TOTAL, All Disciplines	5,906	6,021	5,800	5,293	4.879	100 0%	100 0%	100 0%	100 0%	100 0%



Table 2
Trends for Selected Disciplines
Bachelor's Degrees

		Universi	ty of Con	inect i cu t		Connecticut State University					
Discipline	82 · 83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87	82-83	83-84	84 - 85	85-86	86-87	
Business and Management	581	550	528	508	484	1.086	1.267	1,305	1,3\$3	1,348	
Education	99	119	103	109	123	717	587	534	524	452	
Engineering	343	341	375	369	311	141	167	158	164	U	
Heelth Sciences	205	200	222	226	176	151	163	168	175	180	
atters	222	202	232	239	293	107	112	123	114	111	
sychology	114	99	115	105	99	195	209	180	208	191	
Social Sciences	395	367	404	432	396	302	282	256	298	273	
risual and Parforming Art	100	113	97	110	98	109	131	114	113	103	
fotel, All Other	830	834	853	979	92€	699	669	748	775	922	
TOTAL, All Disciplines	2,889	2,825	2,929	3,077	2,906	3,507	3,587	3,586	3,764	3,581	

Discipline		U.S. Coest Guerd Acedemy								
	82-83	83-84	84-85	85-86	83-87	82-83	83-84	84-85	85 - 86	86-87
Business and Management	0	0	0	G	0	19	30	16	10	19
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Engineering	0	0	0	0	0	85	97	103	58	59
Heelth Sciences	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Letters	Ō	Õ	O	0	0	i o	0	0	0	0
Psychology	0	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	O
Social Sciences	ñ	ñ	ñ	ō	ō	18	14	24	7	19
Visual and Performing Art	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ō	0	0	0	Ü
Totel, All Other	148	133	122	123	128	39	53	48	58	35
TOTAL, All Disciplines	148	133	122	123	128	161	194	191	143	132

Discipline		Four-Year National Independent					Four-Year Regional Independent					
	82 - 83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87	82-83	83-84	84 - 85	85 · 86	86 - 87		
Business and Management	2	1	1	0	G	1,254	1,291	1,316	1,347	1,280		
Education	0	Û	0	G	0	110	129	108	120	97		
Engineering	47	74	70	60	61	404	408	484	526	501		
Health Sciences	G	G	0	0	G	286	210	22	211	183		
Letters	388	370	378	370	369	102	131	123	120	146		
sychology	173	181	188	198	206	195	157	156	139	140		
Social Sciences	920	877	912	949	962	319	293	274	277	307		
Visual and Parforming Art	230	219	219	220	231	165	221	214	254	229		
Total, All Other	969	1,019	1,077	1,025	1,005	1,174	1.182	1,138	1,237	1,163		
TOTAL, All Disciplines	2,729	2,741	2,845	2.822	2,834	4,009	4,022	4,034	4,231	4,046		

TOTAL BACHELOR'S - ALL SCHOOLS Percent Number 86-87 84 - 85 85 - 86 86 - 87 83-84 84-85 85-86 82-83 83-84 82 - 83 Discipline 3,258 753 1,177 612 843 650 1,573 697 4,197 23 0% 5 5% 8 7% 4 5% 6 2% 4 7% 13 7% 4 6% 29 1% 23 0° 5 3° 6 8 3° 6 0° 6 4 6° 6 13 9° 6 4 9° 6 29 7° 6 23 0°0 4 9° 6 8°. 4 0°0 5 7°0 4 7°0 14 4°. 4 8°0 30 7°. Business and Management Education Engineering Health Sciences Letters Psychology Social Sciences Visual and Performing Art Total, All Other 3,139 835 1,087 573 815 646 1,833 684 3,131 672 932 539 919 636 1,958 661 4,179 21 5% 6 9% 7 % 4 '\' 6 1% 5 1% 4 5% 4 5% 28 7% 23 3% 6 2% 8 1% 4 2% 6 0% 4 7% 13 6% 5 1% 28 8% 3,166 745 2,942 926 1.020 542 819 677 1.954 1,190 611 856 639 1,870 644 3,890 3,986 3,859 100 0% 100 O'-100 0, 100 0% TOTAL, All Disciplines 13,443 13,502 13 707 14,160 13,627 100 0%



Table 3
Trends for Selected Disciplines
Master's Degrees

Discipline	University of Connecticut						Connecticut Sixte University				
	82-83	83 - 84	84 - 85	85 - 86	86 · 87	82-83	83-84	84 - 85	85-86	86 - 87	
Business and Management	311	301	296	246	267	32	32	65	64	66	
Education	267	220	208	203	184	1.037	920	881	944	1.017	
Engineering	61	70	68	86	80	0	0	0	0	0	
Health Sciences	6.3	86	64	74	68	13	20	21	22	38	
Letters	18	22	11	23	20	18	13	15	16	11	
Psychology	15	15	11	23	14	52	29	60	49	18	
Social Sciences	35	37	24	39	40	38	37	3.4	21	22	
Visual and Partorming Art	35 25	26	24	19	25	i i	O	5	- b	ï	
Total, All Other	351	295	350	389	312	142	143	141	175	175	
TOTAL, All Disciplines	1,180	1,066	1,056	1,102	1,010	1,338	1,194	1,222	1,300	1,348	

Discir:ine	Four-Year National Independent						Four-Year Regional Independent					
	82 - 83	83 - 84	84 - 85	85-86	86-87	82-83	83-84	84 - 85	85-86	86-87		
Business and Management	158	158	136	190	192	1,011	1,040	1,085	1,190	1,254		
Education	114	90	99	102	97	508	4^8	377	382	525		
Engineering	25	28	38	66	50	148	162	153	175	153		
Health Sciences	164	168	161	178	175	21	20	20	36	32		
Letters	14	30	26	28	41	l 5	5	2	1	1		
Psychology	30	26	25	33	38	67	73	7 1	57	61		
Social Sciences	89	117	98	180	203	19	14	19	18	8		
Visual and Parforming Art	213	185	205	239	224	32	37	14	24	30		
Total, All Other	595	599	56 1	513	508	366	410	457	487	495		
TOTAL, All Disciplines	1,402	1,401	2د 1	1,529	1,528	2,177	2,199	2,198	2,370	2,559		

TOTAL MASTER'S - ALL SCHOOLS Percent Number 83 84 84 - 85 85-86 86 · 87 82.83 83.84 84 - 85 85 - 86 86.87 Discipline 82.83 1.779 1.823 283 313 73 131 273 280 1.490 Business and Management Education Engineering Health Sciences Letters Psychology Social Sciences Visual and Performing Art Total, All Other 1.542 1.926 234 266 55 164 185 271 1.531 1.668 260 288 70 143 205 248 1.447 1.582 1.565 259 266 54 167 25 3°. 31 6°. 3 9°. 4 4°. 0 9°. 2 6°. 3 0°. 4 4°. 23 9°. 26 1°0 28 5°0 4 5°0 4 9°0 1 2°0 2 5°0 3 4°0 2 7°0 24 7°0 27 2° 26 9° 4 5° 4 6° 4 0 9° 2 8° 2 8° 2 4 2° 2 5 9° 2 26 8° 25 9° 5 2° 4 9° . 1 1° 2 6° 4 1° 4 6° . 24 8° . 27 6% 28 3% 4 4% 4 9% 1 1% 2 0% 4 2% 4 4% 23 1% 1 690 1 631 327 310 510 58 162 251 288 1,564 0,445 0.097 100 0% 100 0% 100 % 100 000 100 Or TOTAL, All Disciplines 5.828 6,301 5.800



Appendix B Total Degrees Awarded by Discipline to Men and Women, 1986-87

Discipline	Men	Women	Total
Gertificates Agithmatics and Adricultural Production Active for and Environmental Design Business and Management Business and Office Marketing and Divisibution	0	3	9
	1	6	7
	2	1	3
	11	55	66
Communication Technologies Computer and Information Scrences Allied Health Vocational Home Economics Industrial Alls	1 4 1 10 6	0 7 50 14 1	1 11 51 24
Erberal Géneral Studiés Library and Archival Sciences Profective Scivices Public Affairs Mechanics and Repairers	0 6 3 0 22	2 5 0 3	2 5 3 3 23
Precision Production	7	9	16
Visual and Performing Arts		5	6
Total Certificates	69	163	232
Associate's Architecture and Environmental Design Business and Management Business and Office Marketing and Distribution Communications	0 7 410 46	15 7 1,043 127	15 14 1,453 173 5
Communication Technologies	10	11	21
Education	2	9	11
Engineering and Engineering-Related Technologies	587	102	689
Allied Health	23	272	295
Health Sciences	10	291	301
Home Economics Vocational Home Economics Law Liberal/General Studies Liberaly and Archival Sciences	0 17 17 575	3 117 69 856	3 134 86 1,431
Parks and Recreation Leisure and Recreational Activities Science Technologies Protective Services Public Affairs	3	14	17
	1	2	3
	28	22	50
	71	28	99
	2	8	10
Social Sciences Precision Production Visual and Performing Arts	0	2	2
	17	7	24
	5	37	42
Total Associate's Degrees	1,832	3,047	4.879
Bachelor's Agribusiness and Agricultural Production Agricultural Sciences Renewal Natural Resources Architecture and Environmental Design Area and Ethnic Studies Business and Management	10	1	11
	24	35	59
	9	4	13
	29	23	52
	89	138	227
Business and Office Marketing and Distribution Communications Computer and Information Sciences	0	10	10
	89	109	198
	163	238	401
	235	113	348
Education Engineering Engineering and Engineering-Related Technologies Foreign Languages Allied Health	116	556	672
	939	120	1,059
	78	3	81
	37	136	173
	26	209	235
Health Sciences	63	476	539
Hone Economics	13	201	214
Law	1	15	16
Leilers	335	584	919
Liberal 'General Studies	109	205	314
Library and Aichival Sciences	0	5	5
Life Sciences	262	277	539
Mathematics	148	130	278
Mulli Interdisciptinary Studies	136	140	276
Parks and Necreation	10	20	30
Philosophy and Religion Physical Sciences Psychology Protective Services Public Affairs	91 172 184 65	64 81 452 21 64	155 253 636 89 75
Social Sciences Visual and Performing Arts	1,177	781	1,958
	249	412	661
Total Bachelor's Degrees 17	6,505	7,122	13,627



Appendix B (cont.) Total Degrees Awarded by Discipline to Men and Women, 1986-87

Discipline	Men	Women	Total
Mastar's Agricultural Sciences Renewal Natural Resorces Renewal Natural Resorces Architecture and Environmental Design Area and Ethnic Studies	4 3 39 30 18	1 8 23 16 35	5 11 62 46 53
Business and Management	1,167	612	1.779
Communication.	25	39	64
Computer and information Sciences	169	58	227
Education	382	1.415	1.797
Engineering	246	37	283
Engineering and Engineering-Related Technologies Foreign Languages Allied Health Health Sciences Home Economics	13 10 48 2	1 27 25 265 23	5 40 35 313 25
Vocational Home Economics	0	8	8
Law	27	15	42
Letters	29	44	73
Library and Archival Sciences	11	68	79
Life Sciences	75	81	156
Mathématics Multi-Interdisciplinary Studies Parks and Recreation Philosophy and Religion Theology	32	20	52
	3	6	9
	6	8	14
	23	7	30
	59	37	96
Physical Sciences Psychology Protective Services Public Affairs Social Sciences	84	35	119
	54	103	157
	14	5	19
	89	204	293
	168	105	273
Visual and Performing Arts	141	139	280
Total Master's Degrees	2,975	3,470	6,445
Octoral Agribusiness and Agricultural Production Agricultural Sciences Henewal Natural Resources Area and Ethnic Studies Business and Management	1	0	1
	1	1	2
	6	1	7
	3	6	9
	6	3	9
Computer and Information Sciences	9	0	9
Education	23	38	61
Engineering	46	4	50
Foreign Languages	5	7	12
Health Sciences	6	12	18
Hane Economics Law Letters Life Sciences Mathematics	1 5 11 57 3	0 0 7 28	1 5 18 85 3
Multi-Interdisciplinary Studies	0	4	4
Philosophy and Religion	7	4	11
Theology	13	1	14
Physical Sciences	50	16	66
Psychology	18	17	35
Social Sciences	52	27	79
Visual and Performing Arts	16	18	34
Total Doctoral Degrees	339	194	533
First-Professional Health Sciences Law Theology	139	73	212
	397	228	625
	61	49	110
Total First-Professional Degrees	597	350	947
Grand Totals	12,317	14,346	26,663



Appendix C Total Degrees Awarded by Discipline by Race and Ethnicity, 1986-87

Disciptine	Black Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian of Aleskan Native	White Non-Hispanic	Non-Resident At ien	Talel
Certificates							
Ajrihashikas aid Agriculturat Production Architecture and Environmental Design Business and Management Business and Office Marketing and Distribution	0 0 0 2 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	9 7 3 61	0 0 0 1	0 7 . 3 66 1
Cathemication Technologies Camputer and Information Sciences Altied Health Vocational Hane Economics Industrial Arts	0 0 2 2 0	0 0 1 2 0	0 2 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 9 47 20 1	0 0 0 0	1 11 51 24 1
Liberal General Studies Library and Archival Sciences Protective Service ^c Public Affairs Mechanius and Repairers	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	2 5 2 3 21	0 0 0 0	2 5 3 3 23
Precision Production Visual and Performing Arts	0	0 0	0	0 0	16 6	0	16 6
Total Cartificates	7	7	3	0	214	1	232
Associate							
Architecture and Environmental Design Business and Management Business and Office Marketing and Oistribution Communications	0 41 118 3 0	0 0 31 3 0	0 C 18 0	0 0 0 0	15 13 1,278 164 5	0 0 8 3 0	15 14 1,453 173 5
Communication Technologies Education Engineering and Engineering-Retated Technologies Affied Health Health Sciences	0 1 13 16 13	0 1 14 3 5	0 0 19 0	0 0 0 1	21 9 641 275 282	0 0 2 0 1	21 11 689 295 301
Home Economics Vocational Home Economics Law Liberat/General Studies Libraty and Archivat Sciences	0 9 3 77 0	0 3 2 30 0	0 0 0 21 0	0 0 1 5 0	3 121 80 1,280	0 1 0 18 0	3 134 86 1,431
Parks and Regression Leisure and Recressional Activities Science Technologies Protective Services Public Affails	0 0 1 7	0 0 2 0 0	0 0 2 0	0 0 1 0	17 3 44 91 9	0 0 0 1	17 .3 50 99 10
Social Sciences Precision Production Visual and Parioning Arts	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 23 42	1 0 0	2 24 42
Total Associate Degrees	264	94	60	8	4,418	35	4,879
Bachelor's							
Ayribusiness and Ayricultural Production Ayricultural Sciences Renewal Natural Resources Architecture and Environmental Design Area and Ethnic Studies	0 0 0 2 18	0 0 0 0 12	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	11 59 13 45 185	0 0 0 3 1	11 59 13 52 227
Business and Management Business and Ciffice Marketing and Distribution Communications Computer and Information Sciences	124 0 7 21 16	44 0 2 6 5	31 0 1 1	9 0 1 2 2	2,827 10 161 369 291	96 0 26 2 18	3, 131 10 198 401 348
Education Engineering Engineering and Engineering Related Technologies Foreign Languages Allied Health	17 15 1 3 8	11 16 2 10 2	5 29 0 1 2	3 0 1 0	635 838 76 152 221	1 161 1 7 2	672 1,059 81 173 235
Health Sciences Hime Economics Law Letters Litteral/General Studies	19 11 0 28 9	6 3 0 10 6	3 4 0 26 2	2 1 0 1	508 195 16 850 295	1 0 0 4 1	5J9 214 16 919 314
Library and Archival Sciences Lite Sciences Mathematics Math: Interdisciplinary Studies Parks and Recreation	0 11 5 17 1	0 10 2 6 0	0 33 9 5 0	0 1 0 0	5 470 256 243 29	0 11 6 5	5 539 278 276 30
Philosophy and Religion Physical Sciences Psychology Finderlive Services Philic Affairs	4 6 25 7 8	2 7 15 0 2	3 6 5 0	0 2 1 2 1	141 227 583 80 60	5 7 0 4	155 253 636 89 75
Social Sciences Visual and Performing Arts	83 13	30 5	41 8	3 4	1,780 618	21 13	1,658 661
l Bachelor's Degrees	482	214	243	38	12,249	401	13,627

Appendix C (cont.) Total Degrees Awarded by Discipline by Race and Ethnicity, 1986-87

Discipline	Black Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian or Alaskan Native	White Non-Hispanic	Non-Resident Alien	Total
Master's							
Apribusions and Apricultural Preduction	0	0	1	o	4	0	5
Apricultural Sciences Renewal Natural Resources	1 6	0	ũ	0	10	0	11
Autoritecture and Environmental Design	6	0	0	0	55 37	7 6	62 46
Area and Ethure Studies	11	i	õ	ŏ	39	2	53
Dustness and Management	30	20	30	3	1,424	272	1,779
Communications Computer and Information Sciences	2 2	1	0 10	0	52 171	9 43	64 227
false of ton	66	26	27	8	1,651	19	1,797
tisjineri iisj	G	1	13	0	232	37	283
Engineering and Engineering Related Technologies foreign Languages	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
Attred realth	1	2 0	1 3	0	32 31	4	-10 35
Bullic Sciences	12	2	3	0	285	11	313
Han. Economics	0	0	0	0	25	0	25
Vocational Hore Economics	2 0	1 2	0	0	5	.0	8
Letters	0	1	2	ő	25 65	15 5	42 73
Library and Archival Sciences	5	2	4	1	67	0	79
Life Sciences	0	2	7	1	130	16	156
Mitheratics Mitti-Interdisciptinary Studies	2	0	3 0	0	27	20	52
Carks and Recreation	2	ŭ	0	ö	9 11	0	9 14
Initosophy and Religion Theology	2 5	0	1	0	26	1	30
_					80	10	96
High at Sciences Psychology	0 6	0 2	5 4	0	89 144	25	119 157
Protective Services	ŏ	ō	õ	ĭ	14	4	19
Politic Attairs	12	5	1	0	265	10	293
Tax Full Scrences	8	4	6	0	184	71	27 3
Visual aid Performing Arts	7			1 	228	32	280
Total Master's Degrees	177	83	128	15	5,422	650	6,445
Doctorat							
Apribusiness and Agricultural Production	0	0	o o	0	1	0	1
Apricultural Sciences Menewal Natural Resources	0	0	0 0	0	2 5	0	2 7
ten aid (Hinto Stattes	2	ŏ	Ö	ò	7	i l	9
Incines and Managerent	2	0	0	0 (5	2	9
Computer and Information Sciences	0	0	0	0	5	4	9
Education Engineering	i	1 6	0	0	55 28	3 22	61 50
Livergn Languages	0	0	0	0	11	1	12
Hallh Sciences	'	0	2	0	14	'	18
time Economics	0	0	0	0	1	o l	
lav letters	0	0	0	0	2 16	3 2	5 18
Life to remes	Õ	0	2	0	75	8	85
Milhand ics	ა	0	0	0	2	' i	3
Milit/Interdisciplinary Studies	o o	0	0 0	0	3	1 1	.4
Fhilosophy and Beligion Theology	0 2	0	1	0	11 11	8	11 14
Physical beiences	1	1	3	0	39	22	ს 6
F-ychology	2	0	0	0	32	١	35
Sicial Sciences Visual and Performing Arts	1	3 1	0	0 0	61 26	13 6	/9 34
Total Doctoral Degrees	13	6	10	1	412	91	533
First-Professional							
Health Sciences	7	.4	12	0	188	1	212
Law Theo logy	16 5	10 1	7	2	587 96	3 7	625 110
Total First-Professional Degrees	26	15	20	2	871	11	947
Grand Totals	971	419	464	64	23,586	1,159	26,663

