

DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 125.473

HE 008 050

TITLE Eighteenth Biennial Report-Part One. Oklahoma State Regents For Higher Education.

INSTITUTION Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, Oklahoma City.

PUB DATE 30 Jun 75

NOTE 211p.

AVAILABLE FROM Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, 500 Education Building, State Capital Complex, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105

EDES PRICE MF-\$0.83 HC-\$11.37 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS *Annual Reports; Budgets; Degrees (Titles); Educational Legislation; *Educational Planning; Enrollment; Expenditures; Federal Aid; *Governance; *Governing Boards; *Higher Education; State Boards of Education; State Colleges; State Programs; State Universities; *Statewide Planning; Student Financial Aid

IDENTIFIERS *Oklahoma

ABSTRACT This 18th biennial report of the Oklahoma state system of higher education documents the accomplishments of Oklahoma higher education and provides summary data for use of individuals interested in the progress and prospects of higher education in Oklahoma. Highlights are viewed from the state-level coordinating agency of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. Discussed are: enrollments, degrees, accreditation, student aid, educational legislation, testing programs, appropriations, budgets, income and expenditures, indebtedness, capital improvements, new college funds, and student fees. Also presented is a historical record of the State Board of Regents, the governing boards, and the Boards of Regents of the various Oklahoma colleges and universities. (KE)

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Eighteenth Biennial Report - Part I

Oklahoma State Regents
for Higher Education



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Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1975
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

EIGHTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT — PART I

OKLAHOMA STATE REGENTS
FOR HIGHER EDUCATION



Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1975
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

TO THE HONORABLE DAVID BOREN

Governor of the State of Oklahoma

Dear Governor Boren:

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education herewith submit the Eighteenth Biennial Report—Part I in compliance with the Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article II, Section 206.

This Eighteenth Biennial Report—Part I covers the period from July 1, 1974 to June 30, 1975 pertaining to The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.



Respectfully submitted,
JOE F. GARY, Chairman

ATTEST:

G. ELLIS GABLE, Secretary
E. T. DUNLAP, Chancellor

June 30, 1975
Oklahoma City
Oklahoma

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This publication was prepared and distributed on authorization of the State Regents as a regular part of the work of the agency. There were 500 copies printed by Southwestern Stationery and Bank Supply at a cost of \$2,960.00 (\$5.92 per copy).

CHAPTER I
PROGRESS AND PLANS

THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

General Progress of the State System
Chancellor E. T. Dunlap

The purpose of this section is to document the historical accomplishment of Oklahoma higher education and provide summary data for use by the 1976 Oklahoma Legislature, the Governor, colleges and universities of the State System, and other individuals interested in the progress and prospects of higher education in Oklahoma. Highlights of progress of Oklahoma higher education as presented here are viewed from the perspective of the state-level coordinating agency, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

An important activity under way at the time of this report is a review and evaluation of the Oklahoma Higher Education Plan for the 70's. The State Regents had at the time the document was prepared in 1970 indicated their intention for a review and evaluation of the plan at midway of the decade. So, in January 1975, the Regents, their staff, and a series of task force committees made up of institutional representatives along with a Citizens Advisory Council on Goals for Oklahoma Higher Education organized and got under way with a comprehensive review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the Plan for the 70's as it had been useful as a set of guidelines and policy direction for further development of Oklahoma higher education in the decade of the 70's. Also, certain nationally known experts in the field of higher education planning were invited for a series of discussions with the Regents and committees regarding national issues and perspectives pertinent to Oklahoma higher education. The evaluation is due to be completed later in the year with a report of the revision to be available in January, 1976.

Student Enrollments. The number of students enrolling in Oklahoma higher education, both public and private, in the Fall Semester of 1974 was 131,249 which was an increase of 6,420 students (5.1%) more than the 124,829 enrolled in the Fall Semester of the previous year. There were 110,586 of these enrolled in state-supported colleges and universities which is an increase of 4.8% over the 105,490 students enrolled in these institutions in the Fall Semester of the previous year. Thus, about 84.3% of all students enrolled in Oklahoma higher education in 1974-75 were in state-supported institutions and about 15.7% of the students were in private institutions of higher education. In all Oklahoma higher education, both public and private, enrollments increased by 73.6% in the last decade, increasing from 75,625 in 1964 to 131,249 in 1974. In state-supported institutions, enrollments increased 83.2% in the past ten years, going from 60,353 in 1964 to 110,586 in 1974. Approximately 70% of Oklahoma's high school graduates in the spring of 1974 started to college in the fall of 1974.

The college-going rate places Oklahoma near the top of the 50 states. Of the 110,586 students enrolled in the State System institutions in the fall of 1974, 92.0% were residents of Oklahoma and 8.0% were from other states and foreign countries.

Number of Institutions. In the 1974-75 Fiscal Year, Oklahoma had 41 colleges and universities in operation, 27 of which were state-supported institutions and 14 were private institutions. Oklahoma ranks sixteenth among the 50 states in the ratio of public institutions to population with one institution per 100,000 citizens. Oklahoma ranks twenty-third among the states in ratio of total institutions, public and private, to state population with one institution for each 63,000 citizens.

Accreditation of Institutions. All 41 colleges and universities operating in the State of Oklahoma last year were accredited by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and 31 institutions of this group were accredited by the regional accrediting agency, the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. Approximately 95% of the students enrolled in Oklahoma higher education were at institutions accredited by the North Central Association. Oklahoma ranks among the leading states of the nation in percent of its college students attending regionally accredited institutions. Students attending institutions so accredited are eligible for transfer to colleges and universities anywhere in the nation where their credits are accepted at face value.

New Educational Programs. During the last fiscal year, several new educational programs were authorized at colleges and universities in the State System. Bachelor's degree programs were authorized as follows: University of Oklahoma—Major in Recreation; Oklahoma State University—Electrical Power Technology; Northeastern Oklahoma State University—Engineering Physics and Administration of Allied Health Services. Associate degree programs were authorized as follows: Connors State College—Agri-Business, Corrections, and Mid-Management; El Reno Junior College—Accounting Technology and Industrial Technology; Murray State College—Construction and Building Design Technology; Oscar Rose Junior College—Aerospace Technology and Environmental Science; South Oklahoma City Junior College—Drafting and Design Technology, Child Development, and Corrections; and Tulsa Junior College—Medical Office Assistant, Professional Real Estate, Savings and Loan, Veterinary Assistant, Marketing and Merchandising, and Culinary Arts. Certificate programs were authorized as follows: University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center—Internship in Clinical Psychology; Southeastern Oklahoma State University—Electronics Technology, Metals Technology, and General Clerical; Oscar Rose Junior College—Social Services—Corrections and Engineering Technician; South Oklahoma City Junior College—Radio/TV Repair, Emergency Medical Technology, Child Development, and Corrections; and Tulsa Junior College—Credit

Union, Medical Transcriptionist, Professional Real Estate, Transportation and Traffic Management, and Culinary Arts.

Program Budgeting. During the year 1973-74 the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education made an historic move in determining operating budget needs on the basis of educational programs for all colleges and universities in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education for the Fiscal Year 1974-75 and continued the process for 1975-76. The new procedure relates need for funds directly to educational programs in operation at each institution, permits comparison of educational dollar cost with educational program production, and provides educational management data valuable both at the campus level and at the state coordinating level.

Ardmore Project. The Ardmore Higher Education Program had its beginning in the summer of 1974 with classes on the Ardmore High School Campus. In August, 1974, the program was moved to its own facilities at the Mount Washington School north of Ardmore. This facility is being provided at no cost to the state by the Ardmore community.

The facility which houses the Ardmore program has been completely refurbished and is comprised of seven classrooms, a student lounge, a large multipurpose library-classroom, an administrative office, and two eight-person talkback television rooms.

The beginning semester in the summer of 1974, 153 students enrolled in 11 courses; in the 1974 fall semester 305 students enrolled in 24 courses; and in the 1975 spring semester 410 students enrolled in 27 courses.

Student Aid. The Guaranteed Student Loan Program, which became operational in 1966, has guaranteed about 38,350 loans in excess of \$30,724,000. This program involves a unique partnership of State and Federal Government with private lending institutions to provide low-cost loans to students. The Guaranteed Student Loan Program has become an integral part of the Financial Aids Package for Oklahoma students desiring to further their education. The 1972 Oklahoma Legislature enacted Senate Bill No. 618 providing for the Oklahoma Student Loan Program. The purpose of this program is to provide loans to students as may be needed to help pay the cost of their education. The program supplements the Guaranteed Student Loan Program and provides a lending source to eligible students who are not otherwise able to identify a lender. There have been 6,425 loans, representing an investment of \$4,872,510, made to students of Oklahoma higher education since beginning of operation of this new program. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education serve as the Fiscal Agent for the Administration of the Oklahoma Student Loan Program.

State Government Student Internship Program. During Fiscal Year 1975, the Oklahoma State Regents continued the State Government Student Intern Program provided for in both Executive Order 1602 and House Bill 1049 passed into law by the 34th Oklahoma Legislature. The State Regents authorized placements for fifteen graduate students during the fiscal year 1975, and these students received from six to eight hours credit.

Agencies participating with the State Regents included the Oklahoma Crime Commission, the Human Rights Commission, the Community Affairs and Planning Department, the Department of Corrections, the State Supreme Court, the Governor's Office of Manpower Planning, and the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

Interns have conducted original research, devised computer programming, developed management systems, conducted surveys, and provided legislative testimony all in the course of their agency assignments. Seminars have been conducted on a variety of diverse topics, and good academic standards have been maintained in an activity that is gradually gaining credence in both the public government and academic sectors.

Civil Rights Compliance Activities. Operating under a State plan approved in June of 1974 by the Office for Civil Rights, the State Regents made two reports on programs in the area of Civil Rights compliance. These reports indicated that much of the plan had been implemented, but that for real success in the area of desegregation, much work remained.

Among the general areas discussed in the reports were admissions and recruitment which included the existence of an admissions program that allowed institutions not operating as open admissions institutions to admit five percent of their students without regard to current academic criteria being utilized. Affirmative Action Training Programs for management personnel at institutions of higher education and for high school counselors were initiated. Articulation agreements between junior colleges and senior institutions were reported, formulated, and approved if not already in existence. The program providing for free ACT examinations to indigent minority students was reported. Overall recruitment procedures and results were reported and supplemental programs initiated. Retention programs such as Peer Counseling, Remediation, and Upper Division Tutoring were examined for effectiveness.

Technical-Occupational Programs. This past year the State Regents adopted a policy statement on "Criteria and Procedures for the Evaluation of Technical-Occupational Programs at Institutions in the State System of Higher Education." The criteria and procedures set forth in the policy statement are designed to assess the adequacy and quality of existing programs. Institutions shall have their programs

evaluated at least once every five years based on this criteria, and they will provide a self-study report to the State Regents' office before the evaluation is conducted.

The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education has moved forward to fill the obvious need in this area. Today there are 380 technical-occupational programs being offered at 27 different state institutions with a technical-occupational enrollment of 24,676 students.

Televised Instruction System. The Oklahoma Higher Education Televised Instruction System (more commonly known as Talkback Television) was expanded in 1975 to include receiving classrooms at Presbyterian Hospital in Oklahoma City, Southwestern Junior College in Oklahoma City, the Ardmore Higher Education Center in Ardmore, the Red River Area Vo-Tech Center in Duncan, the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma in Chickasha, Oklahoma Baptist University in Shawnee, Northern Oklahoma College in Tonkawa, St. Joseph Medical Center in Ponca City, Tulsa Vocational Technical School in Tulsa, and at the year's end full receiving and transmitting facilities were being installed at Langston University. Enrollments in Talkback Television continue to grow and in the calendar year of 1975 over 6,890 student enrollments were recorded at some 48 locations. Course offerings continue to broaden and plans to take Talkback Television to all geographic areas of the state where institutions of higher education exist continue to develop.

Title I (HEA) Community Service and Continuing Education Program. On September 16, 1972, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education accepted the responsibility as the State Agency for Title I (HEA). This program enables the U. S. Commissioner of Education to make grants to states to strengthen the community service and continuing education programs of colleges and universities. Title I (HEA) is administered as a state operation under a state plan which identifies certain priority areas in which the institutions concentrate their project activities. During Fiscal 1974, 3,094 participants were served by twelve Title I Projects. Participants were served in each of the six priority areas identified for the State of Oklahoma. For Fiscal Year 1975, there are seven primary institutions of higher education in Oklahoma with ten institutions involved in a supportive capacity participating in Title I. The two major thrusts of the program are a series of conferences in the State priority areas via the Talkback Television System and traditional-type projects dealing with elements of the six priority areas.

Studies for Planning. The State Regents regularly gather and publish data in such areas as student enrollments, degrees conferred, institutional income and expenditures, faculty salaries, students fees and other student charges and the like. In addition to these ongoing reports, the State Regents published several research and planning studies including the initial plan for a review of the State Regents' Plan for the 70's and criteria and standards for assessing the viability

of institutions in the State System. These research projects undertaken during Fiscal 1975 will provide a solid base of information and support data needed for the development of new programs and the evaluation of existing activities.

Number of Faculty. The total faculty of all Oklahoma higher education in 1974-75 was approximately 6,052 individuals. Of this number, 3,780 were full-time regular faculty members and 2,272 were part-time teachers. Of the full-time faculty, 3,151 were in the state-supported colleges and universities and 629 were in private institutions. Of the 2,272 part-time teachers, 2,153 of these were in State System colleges and universities and 119 were in the private institutions.

Faculty Salaries. The average salary paid all regular full-time teachers in The Oklahoma State System institutions in 1974-75 was \$13,768 for the 9-10 months academic year. The figure represents a 16.0% increase over the \$11,874 average salary paid five years ago. The average salary at the universities was \$15,770 which is an increase of 19.4% over the \$13,213 of five years ago; the average salary at the four-year colleges was \$13,203 which is an 18.4% increase over the \$11,151 average of five years ago; and the average salary at two-year colleges was \$10,950 which is an increase of 17.5% over the \$9,323 average of five years ago.

Degrees Conferred. Although Oklahoma's population comprises only 1.28% of the United States population, Oklahoma's colleges and universities conferred 1.48% of the Bachelor's degrees, 1.26% of the Master's degrees, and 1.44% of the Doctor's degrees granted nationally in the last year for which statistics are available. In the year 1974-75, 14,068 Bachelor's and First Professional degrees were conferred by Oklahoma institutions of higher education which was an increase of 81.7% over the 8,118 degrees conferred in 1964-65. In the past year, there were 3,851 Master's degrees conferred by Oklahoma institutions which is a 99.7% increase over the 1,928 Master's degrees conferred ten years ago. There were 501 Doctor's degrees conferred by Oklahoma universities in 1974-75 which is a 95.7% increase over the 256 Doctorates conferred a decade ago.

Current Operating Expenditures. There was a total of \$284,336,603 expended for current operations in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education in the Fiscal Year 1974-75. Of this amount, \$157,584,900 was expended for the Educational and General-Part I Operating Budget; \$34,409,859 was expended for the Educational and General-Part II Operating Budget (Sponsored Research and Programs); \$12,410,859 was expended for Student Aid; and \$79,931,085 was expended for Auxiliary Enterprises (housing, food services, student unions, etc.). Of the total current budget 55.4% was expended for the regular educational and general operating budget and 44.6% was expended for Sponsored Research and Programs, Student Aid and Auxiliary Enterprises.

Capital Improvements Program. Colleges and universities in the State System have been engaged in a capital improvements program which had been planned for accomplishment during the period 1965 to 1975. Phase I, 1965 to 1970, was accomplished at a cost of \$63,756,859 with \$38,500,000 of the funding coming from state funds and \$25,256,859 from federal and private funds.

In 1968, the people authorized a bond issue to provide the states part of the funding for Phase II of the Capital Improvements Program. The bond issue contained \$34,250,000 for regular campus improvements and \$26,870,000 for improvements at the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center. This Phase II Program was delayed by the Federal Government's curtailing federal funding to match state monies to underwrite projects. Although funds for health-related projects were delayed, federal funds were finally made available for construction at the Health Sciences Center. Only a small portion of federal funds was made available for regular campus projects.

In the spring of 1973, the Oklahoma Legislature in its adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8 authorized the State Regents to proceed with allocation of state funds to accomplish as much of the capital improvements which had been planned for colleges and universities as could be done with state funds. Federal funds had not been made available, and it became necessary that the Regents and institutions move forward with making certain improvements at the campuses.

The Resolution also expressed intent of the Legislature that the State Regents in revising Campus Master Plans of projects to be accomplished give priority to the modernization and repair and provide modernized equipment for good, old buildings on the campus.

The State Regents adopted a set of guidelines and procedures for carrying out legislative intent expressed in SCR No. 8 and requested that each institution file a revised Campus Master Plan of projects to be accomplished with the limited amount of state funds available to underwrite the costs. These campus plans subsequently were revised and priorities established and were submitted for the approval of the State Regents. Upon approval, the Regents authorized allocation of funds for accomplishing projects in priority order, the extent to which funds were available.

With the \$31,503,748 in state funds remaining of the \$34,250,000 bond issue, 189 projects have been funded at the various colleges and universities in the State System. There had been a total of 336 projects approved for accomplishment in the revised Campus Master Plans of all institutions; but, as indicated, funds were available for funding only 189. Some of these have been accomplished, some are in the construction stage, and others are being planned for contract.

Additional funding will need to be provided by the Oklahoma Legislature to complete the projects planned for accomplishment in Phase II of the ten-year Capital Improvements Program.

INSTITUTIONAL REPORTS

A brief summary of the services, achievements, problems and progress at each institution and agency of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education for the year ending June 30, 1975, as reported by the Presidents, is presented on the following pages. Also reports from Sayre Junior College and private institutions are included.

Statistical information regarding the operation of institutions will be found in Chapter II of this report.

THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA PRESIDENT PAUL F. SHARP Norman, Oklahoma

The year was marked by cautious optimism at the University of Oklahoma, despite the pressing problems caused by under-funding and spiraling inflation. State support for higher education, although it continues to remain inadequate, is improving significantly.

Credit for this improvement must be shared with a dedicated core of leaders in the Legislature, with the Higher Education Alumni Council of Oklahoma, and with faculty and student groups, which have done such outstanding work in focusing the attention of Oklahoma's citizens on the needs of our colleges and universities.

In addition, we have the interest and encouragement of an educationally oriented Governor.

Enrollments continue to rise at the University. Fall enrollment climbed to a new high of 24,530 students, including 19,924 on the Norman campus. It is important to note that of the overall total, 6,005 students were enrolled at the graduate level, and 1,551 were in the professional categories of law, medicine, and dentistry.

Through its programs of Continuing Education and Public Service, the University continues to provide national leadership in the education of part-time students, the growing edge of American higher education. Of the 69,536 part-time students enrolling in 1,639 Continuing Education program activities of the University in 1974-75, 11,773 enrolled in credit courses and 57,763 in credit-free activities.

Continuing Education annually produces more than one-fifth of all semester hours of graduate study produced at the University. The total clock hours of credit and non-credit produced in Continuing Education constitute 16 percent of all the student clock hours of instruction produced at the University.

In addition to programs of undergraduate, graduate, and post-graduate study, Continuing Education and Public Service provided a

wide range of non-instructional services to 345 clients including local communities, public schools, state and national governmental agencies, and a variety of voluntary and professional associations and organizations.

The Affirmative Action Office was established at the University in July 1974, and significant progress was shown in the first year of its operation. Systems were developed to do a complete analysis of the University's work force and to conduct utilization analyses for each Equal Employment Opportunity category of employment. As a further step toward the full implementation of the University's Affirmative Action Plan, the office staff participated in the development of hiring goals. Excellent progress has been made, but much remains to be done.

The University Libraries have shown slow but steady growth in the past few years. Total holdings at the end of the fiscal year were 1,544,068 volumes; the net increase for the year was 37,239 volumes. Of the total, 1,337,812 volumes are housed on the Norman campus in Bizzell Memorial Library, which now holds approximately one million volumes, and in nine branch libraries. Health Sciences Center holdings total 100,750 volumes, and the Law Center has 105,506 volumes. These figures do not include numerous other materials in microforms.

It is a matter of considerable concern that the libraries have reached, or exceeded, the capacity of their quarters. Funds have been committed to improve the library facilities of the Health Sciences Center and the Law Center, but Bizzell Memorial Library has reached the limit planned for it when the addition was completed in 1958, and the branches have exceeded their planned working capacities. To accommodate additional growth in terms of holdings will require further crowding and a decrease in the number of seats available for readers.

During the fiscal year, the deans and faculty members of the University's colleges worked diligently on the task of preparing a massive report detailing what they hope to achieve during the next five years. Their goal was to present specific proposals to achieve a greater level of performance, with a realistic appraisal of the limitations on state funding for the University and an emphasis therefore on meeting those limitations with imagination.

The University Development Office, which is concerned with raising funds for the University from the private sector, has reported that gifts of cash and property to the University totaled \$4,970,619 during the fiscal year. Of this, more than \$2.95 million was contributed for educational programs. In the last four years, \$15.67 million has been raised in private funds for the University, most of which has been for educational programs.

With the completion of the 1974-75 year, the University of Okla-

homa Press had published approximately 1,200 titles, of which more than two-thirds are now in print, in cloth or paperback editions. It published the 133rd volume in its famous Civilization of the American Indian Series, Rennard Staekland's *Fire and the Spirits: Cherokee Law from Clan to Court*, and added to its long list of books on Western history such titles as Max Moorehead's *The Presidio* and Leon Metz' award-winning *Pat Garrett*.

In addition, it published important and scholarly studies in such diverse subject areas as social history (Wayne Morgan's *Yesterday's Addicts: American Society and Drug Abuse, 1865-1920*), human relations (George Henderson's *Human Relations*), literary and popular culture (John Fell's *Film and the Narrative Tradition*), weather modification (Leo Weisbecker's *The Impacts of Snow Enhancement*), education (Puilliam-Bowman's *Educational Futurism*), environmental studies (*The Automobile and Regulation of Its Impact on the Environment*, by Frank P. Grad and others), regional studies (Barker-Jameson's *Platt National Park*), and meso-Americana and Architecture (Andrews' *Maya Cities*).

The Press also continued its move into paperbacks, to meet the changing market demands, with a number of "OK Paperbacks," all reprints from the Press backlist.

Achievements of two of our colleges during the year are worthy of special mention.

Dean Paige E. Mulhollan of the College of Arts and Sciences appointed a Commission of Curriculum in the spring of 1974 and charged it with presenting proposals for a curriculum designed to meet the needs of today's students in arts and sciences. The nine faculty members and five students who served as commission members worked closely with liaison persons in every department, met numerous times, and consulted with a variety of persons and groups, both from our campus and around the United States. The commission's report was scheduled to be widely discussed at a series of meetings during the fall semester.

The College of Business Administration, under the leadership of Dean Nicholas Baloff, received an unrestricted gift of \$100,000 which will aid the college in developing programs to serve the people of the state. An example of the benefits which can be provided through such a gift has come already in the form of the largest and most significant contract ever to be received by the college. The college and its Center for Economic and Management Research received \$250,000 from the Federal Energy Administration to help establish a strong thrust in energy policy research on the Norman campus.

UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Results of concentrated efforts by state leaders and University personnel during the past few years continued to be felt at the Health Sciences Center as it evidenced a growing stability in its academic programs and administrative management. Evidences of that stability during 1974-75 included the continued accreditation of the College of Medicine and the appointment of a nationally prominent medical educator as health sciences provost for the University.

At the close of the fiscal year, the College of Medicine received a two-year full and unconditional accreditation of its undergraduate medical education program. The accreditation, granted by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (a joint committee of the American Medical Association and the Association of American Medical Colleges), is based on an entering-class limit of 166 students in 1975 and 176 first-year students in 1976. The committee's report was based on a survey team's visit to the campus in November.

The accreditation committee's report emphasized the success of the building programs at the Center and praised the leadership of the college's administrators and the quality of the student body. The report stated the relationships between the college and its branch program in Tulsa have been clarified, and the Tulsa program should be considered a part of the college and not as a free-standing school in development.

The committee was concerned, however, with the need for additional faculty and funding throughout the basic sciences departments in the college, and stated in its report that "staffing problems in these departments must be resolved prior to any substantial increase in undergraduate enrollment." In view of these concerns, the committee scheduled another accreditation review in two years, prior to approval of the college's projected increase in size of the entering class to 200 students. The enrollment limits set in the accreditation report prevented the college from utilizing a special contingency appropriation from the Legislature to reach the 200 level in the fall of 1975. These funds therefore reverted to the state's general fund and were not available to the college.

The Center's budget, for the first time, reflected the estimate of funds generated by the income-producing activities of its faculty. By including estimates of these monies in the budget, a more accurate view of the availability and use of funds has been accomplished. With faculty support, the Professional Practice Plan was implemented to manage these monies. The plan applies to full-time faculty, primarily physicians, whose main commitment is to the academic programs but who also devote a portion of their time to professional practice, including the private practice of medicine on the HSC campus. Also implemented, on a limited basis, was an efficient and accountable

centralized billing system for clinical departments at the center. When the system is fully developed, all clinical departments will manage their billing through this single system.

Administrative efforts demonstrably stabilized the operation of the HSC. This, coupled with the \$1.6 million increase in the state allocation, made possible highly selective steps toward improving the quality of some health education programs at the Center.

Of that \$1.6 million increase, \$377,000 was earmarked for the Tulsa Medical College. That allocation, together with support from the Tulsa Medical Education Foundation, allowed the first 16 third-year students to begin training there in August. Affiliation agreements were signed between the University and four Tulsa hospitals which are used as training centers for the students. (Emphasis was placed on the Department of Family Practice to increase the basic science education capacity of the HSC.) In May chairmen were named for the Obstetrics-Gynecology and Pediatrics Departments at the Tulsa branch.

In April, Dr. William G. Thurman, former dean of the Tulane University School of Medicine, was named provost for the health sciences. As chief academic officer for the Center, Thurman replaces Dr. William E. Brown, dean of the College of Dentistry, who had served as acting provost since 1973.

Another permanent administrative position was filled in September when Dr. Philip E. Smith was appointed dean of the College of Health. Smith had been acting dean of the college since July 1973.

Following the resignation of Dr. Robert M. Bird as dean of the College of Medicine, Dr. Thomas N. Lynn was named acting dean in August. Lynn remained as chairman of the Department of Family Practice, Community Medicine and Dentistry.

Long-term leasing of the former Moon Junior High School building from the Oklahoma City Board of Education in July allowed needed relocation of several of the Center's operations units. Most of the building's 79,000 square feet of usable space has been used to house those units in addition to providing space for storage of scientific equipment purchased for two buildings under construction, the Biomedical Sciences Building and the Dental Clinical Sciences Building.

These buildings, to be completed in 1976, promise to be among the best-planned facilities in the nation. The 10-story, \$10.5 million biomedical building will house research laboratories, and central animal quarters and six departments. The dental building, costing \$10.6 million, will include 272 dental operatories and, will provide room for administrative and faculty offices.

Toward the end of 1974, HSC officials received word that two proposed buildings would be awarded federal funding. HEW will

provide almost \$3 million of the \$5.8 million needed to construct a Health Sciences Center Library and Learning Resources Center. The four-story structure will provide needed space for the HSC Library and allow the Learning Resource Center to develop innovative education services. In November, nursing officials were notified that HEW had approved \$3.9 million funding for a \$5.2 million College of Nursing building. Also four stories, it will house the undergraduate and graduate programs as well as provide office space for faculty and staff.

The College of Nursing's graduate program, begun in 1972, continued to expand. Enrolled were 53 students, of whom 11 completed requirements for a Master of Science degree during the year. The undergraduate program tried to help solve the problem of maldistribution of nurses in the state by increasing the number of students assigned to rural settings for a senior practicum. In addition, the continuing education programs were expanded to assist more nurses to maintain current knowledge and skills in a wider variety of areas.

The Division of Allied Health Professions in the College of Health moved closer to fulfilling the "Plan for the 70's" goal of replacing certificate programs with baccalaureate and graduate degree programs. Final approval was given to a proposed change in the clinical dietetics program, whereby students would receive a bachelor's degree in the field after completing two years of liberal arts education followed by two years of professional training at the HSC. Similar academic changes in the allied health programs were set pending action by the State Regents. These involved changing the Respiratory Therapy Department to Cardiorespiratory Science and expanding degree offerings in the Radiologic Technology Department to include options in nuclear medicine and in radiation therapy.

The College of Dentistry's first third-year class of 24 students completed the third year of a four-year curriculum. There were 73 dental students and 32 dental hygiene students enrolled in the college. Advances made in dental research by faculty members have positive implications for the college's educational program and for the public. Some faculty in the Dental Materials Department completed an evaluation of the accuracy of dental devices used to duplicate tooth position and jaw movements during the construction of crowns and bridges. Another study seeks to develop better techniques and materials for the improved repair of fillings and fractured teeth.

Research investigators at the HSC received more than \$2.8 million, primarily from the Federal Government, during the fiscal year to conduct 247 research projects.

OKLAHOMA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Norman, Oklahoma

Probably the only geological survey whose establishment was provided for by an article in the constitution of a newly formed state, the Oklahoma Geological Survey was created by an enabling act passed by the First Legislature in 1908. The new Survey was enjoined in that act to engage in geological investigations in the state, with "special reference to its mineral deposits," and to publish the information so acquired. Following the spirit, as well as the letter, of the law, the agency quickly became the major influence in Oklahoma in such investigations and in the development of mineral resources and has remained so.

The results of basic and applied geologic studies carried on by the Survey are found in 119 bulletins, 75 circulars, 36 mineral reports, 17 guidebooks, 35 volumes of *Oklahoma Geology Notes*, numerous maps, and many miscellaneous publications, some of which were done in cooperation with other agencies.

The Survey was further enjoined in the enabling act to give "consideration of such other scientific and economic questions as . . . shall be deemed of value to the people." The focus of such questions has changed in the past few years, and now we must deal with a shortage of fossil fuels and the development of dwindling mineral resources, while at the same time conforming to the increasing emphasis on environmental concerns. The OGS has been active in helping to work out these problems.

The energy situation led to intensified efforts in this area during the past fiscal year. A research project on rocks of the Hunton Group in the Anadarko Basin was completed by a Survey geologist and will be published soon as Bulletin 121. The Hunton is a prime target as an important oil and gas reservoir in many parts of the state. A study on "heavy oils," highly viscous oils, in the subsurface of nine northeastern Oklahoma counties was initiated cooperatively with the geological surveys of Kansas and Missouri. A study of Oklahoma reservoirs is being investigated as a base for future projects of enhanced recovery. A three-week summer "Energy Fuels Field Course and Workshop" over the Colorado Plateau and Rocky Mountain Area of Utah and Colorado was held in August by a Survey geologist. The course offers field study of basic geologic concepts and focuses on current economic and environmental factors in locating and producing energy-fuel resources.

Statistical reports on energy resources, exploration and development, and production of petroleum and natural gas in Oklahoma, compiled by an OGS petroleum geologist, were published in *Oklahoma Geology Notes* and in the U. S. Bureau of Mines *Mineral Yearbook*. Also, the Survey maintains a growing "library" of well

cores and samples and a complete collection of Corporation Commission well logs, as well as scout cards, updated location maps, and records of wells drilled in Oklahoma, all of which were added to during the year.

Numerous lectures and papers were presented on every level by Survey personnel, and they have been active on national committees, in offering short courses and academic courses, and in leading field trips. The director took office as president of the Association of American State Geologists during the year.

A significant development in the last fiscal year was completion of arrangements to hire an additional petroleum geologist to aid in furtherance of the Survey's energy projects.

Coal has become increasingly important in the energy picture. Expanding previous work on this resource, the OGS began two studies under federal grants. An investigation of the Hartshorne coal beds of Le Flore and Haskell Counties, thought to contain the largest coal resources in the state, is being conducted under a \$49,731 grant from the U. S. Bureau of Mines. A sampling project involving collecting and study of 60 coal samples to provide analytical data on the quality of Oklahoma's coals, begun in June, is funded in the amount of \$7,050 from the U. S. Geological Survey. A proposal was submitted to the U. S. Bureau of Mines for a project of inventorying all underground mining in Oklahoma, including coals, and another proposal for funding a two-year project to evaluate the coal resources of Craig County and parts of adjacent counties was submitted to the U. S. Geological Survey. An inventory of surface-mined lands, a continuation of previous work, is proceeding under a USGS grant of \$74,971.

In response to demand, two bulletins, Bulletin 67 and Bulletin 68, containing information on the coals of Haskell and Le Flore Counties were reprinted, as was the coal report on the Ozarks section of Oklahoma.

Another energy material, uranium, was found by the Survey's chemist in analyzing samples collected from mines and prospects in the state.

Essential minerals, as well as fossil fuels, are being recovered in this country and others in insufficient quantity, and the Oklahoma Geological Survey has been involved in efforts to aid in this problem. Lead, copper, zinc, and other deposits in Oklahoma are being re-examined. There is a great deal of interest in this project. An inventory of surface-mined lands has already been mentioned, as has a proposal for inventorying all subsurface mining. The importance of accurate assessments and estimates of mineral resources cannot be overemphasized.

Continuance of the hydrologic program shared with the Water

Resources Division of the U. S. Geological Survey resulted in the publication of two hydrologic atlases during the year; HA-3, on the Ardmore-Sherman quadrangle, and HA-4, on the Oklahoma City quadrangle. HA-5, covering the Clinton quadrangle, is in cartographic preparation and will soon be released. A two-year inventory of water quality in the Oklahoma coal field, also in cooperation with the USGS, is in planning stages. Investigations of the Antlers Sandstone and the Vamoosa Formation, important aquifers, continues, also jointly with the USGS.

Projects named above in hydrogeologic and mineral studies and mined-land assessments point up the growing interdisciplinary nature of geologic investigations. Environmental geology has been called the "geologic revolution of the decade," and the OGS is deeply involved in that revolution, so much so that during the year a new geologist was hired in an environmental and engineering capacity to aid in the effectiveness of such projects as mined-land assessments, water quality, land-use, waste disposal and pollution, potential geologic hazards, and foundation conditions.

The Oklahoma Geological Survey is both a scientific and a service agency. Service to industry and to individuals is incorporated in all programs detailed above and in the talks, field trips, and courses offered by Survey geologists. Service is given to the public in general through publications containing the results of investigations. These are repositied in libraries, as well as being available for purchase at the Survey, as are publications dealing with Oklahoma but issued by other agencies. Records, well logs, cores, etc., are made available to the public. Service is offered also on a personal basis in the answering of inquiries and in consulting with individuals and industry representatives.

UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA LAW CENTER Norman, Oklahoma

The new University of Oklahoma Law Center building is under construction and occupancy is expected in May 1976, to be followed by dedicatory ceremonies in the summer of 1976. This \$4.2 million building will constitute Phase I of the Law Center construction with Phase II to be added later. Phase I consists of approximately 96,000 square feet.

This new building will serve the College of Law and the expanded Law Center activities including Continuing Legal Education, Clinical Education and Legal Aid, the *Oklahoma Law Review* and *American Indian Law Review*, The Center for Criminal Justice and Center for American Indian Law, the Regional Office of the National Center for State Courts, the Regional Office of the American Academy

of Judicial Education, the Office of the Oklahoma Association of Municipal Attorneys, as well as other public service and research activities.

During the summer of 1975, the College of Law conducted a summer session program at Oxford University in England, in addition to its regular summer session in Norman. The program was successful and is expected to continue.

The college has also substantially expanded its efforts in the area of placement and in recruitment with particular emphasis upon recruitment of minority students. A special Admission by Performance Program was conducted during the summer of 1975 with the partial purpose of increasing minority enrollment in the College of Law.

The Law Library has been expanded substantially in recent years, growing from approximately 71,000 volumes in 1970 to 105,506 volumes in 1975. This is important in enhancing the research capabilities of the Law Center and in developing a library of regional quality.

In conjunction with the College of Liberal Studies, the Continuing Legal Education Department has developed a Paralegal Program which is now in effect. The joint JD-MBA program has also been approved by the State Regents and is now in operation.

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT ROBERT B. KAMM
Stillwater, Oklahoma

People—students, faculty, staff, parents, alumni, citizens—continued to be of paramount importance as Oklahoma State University began its 85th year in the fall of 1975.

As a land-grant university, OSU has a traditional charge to provide instruction in liberal arts as well as practical disciplines, to do research which uncovers new information and to transmit previously known and newly discovered knowledge to as many people as possible for their greatest benefit.

"People Emphasis" programs established years ago were continued as the 1974-76 biennium began, and others were started and still others conceived for implementing in the near future.

The special "Alpha" program, where entering freshmen get a head start on college life by coming to the campus four days ahead of the returning students, successfully completed its third phase in 1975 and will continue to provide all-important personal attention for the newly matriculated student.

Carrying this personalization emphasis another step, a new

"Odyssey" program was begun in 1975 which will extend Alpha throughout the year. Still another help is the new Freshman Advisory Council, members of which are elected by the freshmen themselves, which helps in planning the overall program and publishes a freshman newsletter.

The Division of Student Affairs has reorganized in order to more effectively serve students and deal more directly with their needs.

All these efforts are designed to help make the transition from high school study and living patterns easier.

Two help-oriented and people-dedicated agencies, the Psychological Services Center and the Speech and Hearing Clinic, expanded their services for the Stillwater and OSU communities during the past year.

Two programs dedicated to the "students helping students" concept were begun through the student services department of the Division of Student Affairs. They are designed to promote personal growth and development as well as offer counseling on a variety of academic, professional and personal matters.

Handicapped students are benefiting from a concentrated effort to eliminate barriers to them by constructing ramps, special restroom facilities, etc., and through personal advisory and counseling programs.

For many years faculty members have been advising the president in an organized way through the Faculty Council, which in 1975 elected its first woman vice chairman. Administrative officers meet as the Administrators' Council. Student input is provided by a number of bodies, including the Student Senate and the various student councils in the academic colleges. Now a new OSU Staff Advisory Council has been formed to act in an advisory capacity to the president in matters affecting classified, administrative and professional staff, completing the formation of advisory councils to represent all segments of the university community.

Employees' group medical insurance program benefits have been improved and expanded during the past year, a faculty evaluation program was instituted, and an exhaustive self-study was undertaken as part of the university's preparation for an accreditation visit by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools in the spring of 1976.

Workshops to help people convert to the metric system are being conducted across the state by OSU educators, and the tourist industry as well as cattlemen are expected to benefit from research at OSU, where much of the tick studies in the nation are centered.

A new scholarship program for four categories of eligible minority freshmen—American Indian, black, oriental and Spanish-American descent—moved into its first full year the fall of 1975.

The Oklahoma Indian Affairs Commission is teaming with OSU to conduct a project aimed at benefiting Indian health. Basic nutrition is taught to community health representatives of the Oklahoma Indian Health Service who will outreach this knowledge throughout the state. Also, an Indian resort management training program has been funded, a project to conduct a needs assessment and study of Indian education programs in Oklahoma is under way, and a four-year Indian Manpower Program supported by the U. S. Labor Department has been started, designed to train Indians to help Indians and to help tribal leaders solve present manpower problems.

As the 1974-76 biennium began, we turned attention to a special group of people and their particular needs by opening our classroom doors to senior citizens. Adults 65 and older, whether high school graduates or not, now may audit free any OSU course which has a vacancy in the spirit of "learning for the sake of learning," without concern about grades, class standings, competition, exams or certification.

Another approach to service to older citizens, seen equally beneficial to students who participate, was initiated in the summer of 1975 when 20 retired men and women moved into residence halls to participate in an intergenerational living program funded by the National Science Foundation. Each had surrogate grandchildren who helped them take advantage of campus life as well as experience alternate lifestyles throughout the summer session, attending classes where desired and participating in a variety of student experiences.

In still another program aimed at the older segment of the population, Oklahoma State received funds to train instructors of senior citizens to help them increase their technical education opportunities.

Enrollment continued its upward trend in 1975 as a record 20,490 registered on the Stillwater campus, an increase of 1,209 from the previous year. A companion record was the three-campus total of 25,674, including 3,138 at the Oklahoma State University School of Technical Training at Okmulgee and 2,046 at the OSU Technical Institute in Oklahoma City.

A record number of international students, many of them traveling halfway around the world in search of quality education, enrolled at OSU the fall of 1975, when 859 visitors from 65 countries chose Oklahoma State as their university.

OSU set another record for the number of degree candidates in one year, with 5,148 in January, May and July of 1975. The spring commencement speaker was one of a number of prominent campus visitors, Mayor Patience Latting of Oklahoma City.

Although competition for research dollars continues to be extremely spirited, research—an element of the teaching-research-exten-

sion mission of land-grant universities—showed impressive growth at OSU during the biennium. Funds expended on research totaled \$13,297,839 in 1974, an increase of \$766,090 from the previous year, and the figure jumped to \$15,462,028 for Fiscal 1975, a significant increase of \$2,164,189 over 1974.

During this period energy research continued and expanded, involving studies in wind conversion, hydrogen engine potential and coal liquefaction. OSU energy research, which has attracted international attention for many years, brought visitors from yet another corner of the world, the Soviet Union, which sent three scientists to the Stillwater campus to tour research facilities.

The Federal Government showed continuing faith in OSU's energy research with additional grants, including one for development and adaptation of field modulated generator systems for wind energy applications which will be an important part of OSU research efforts to utilize solar and wind energy.

A 30-month project to develop curriculum and instructional material for a BS degree in electrical power engineering technology, an effort which partially grew out of the energy crunch, received federal funding. And the university became a major participant in the Federal Energy Office's investigation into energy conservation when we received funds to determine what type of barriers exist in U. S. educational systems that would inhibit implementation of effective energy conservation programs, a study which will cover 17,000 school districts and more than 2,000 colleges and universities in the 48 contiguous states.

Not all funding for energy research comes from outside the state. Public Service Co. of Oklahoma is supporting a project to find the optimum combination of equipment, using solar energy and electric heat pumps, to heat a home economically and compare the equipment and running costs with conventional heating systems.

About 125,000 Oklahoma young people participate in activities of the 4-H Club, an arm of the extension service. And for the seventh straight year 4-H'ers from Oklahoma topped the list of national winners at the National 4-H Congress in 1974.

A new Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory, a cooperative project of the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture and the university completed at a cost of \$2.1 million in 1975, will provide a major weapon in the fight to reduce the state's annual \$2 million in livestock disease losses. Ground was broken for a \$2 million Student Health Center to replace the cramped, out-dated current facility. It is being financed partially by higher student health fees voted by the students themselves. An addition to the Journalism-Broadcasting Building was completed at a cost of \$740,000, some \$475,000 of which came from donations.

New deans of agriculture and home economics were appointed during the biennium along with a director of university extension.

A tornado which struck OSU and the city of Stillwater on Friday the 13th of June, 1975, did some half-million dollars worth of damage on campus, with no loss of life and only minor injuries to a small number of people. The damage was quickly repaired to all buildings but Old Central, which as an official state and national historical site had to wait on allocation of funds and an approval of repair plans by several state and federal agencies.

The university community and people throughout the world of higher education mourned the death of OSU President-Emeritus Oliver S. Willham, who died Sept. 29, 1974, at the age of 73. The 15th OSU president served from 1952 until his retirement in 1966.

The year 1974-75 was another successful period for varsity sports, including a Fiesta Bowl victory for the football team.

"Will Rogers: Humorist for Twenties America" is the title of a 60-minute documentary film being produced by Oklahoma State, where the Will Rogers Research Project is headquartered, under funding from the National Endowment for the Humanities.

The OSU library became the first one in the state to join an on-line computer-based bibliographic network of academic libraries which reduces the rate of increase in library costs through automation and cooperation, increases availability of library materials through a regional union catalog of holdings and provides new and improved information services.

A Physical Fitness Evaluation Center, a nonprofit service to Oklahomans, was established in the Colvin Physical Education Center, where research on fitness has been conducted the past several years.

A "quick draw" contest featuring pocket calculators attracted national attention in the spring of 1975. The contest was open to high school and college students and was aimed at increasing calculator use efficiency, developing competitive spirit and promoting use of more hand calculators.

Five years of developing the graduate clinical psychology program at OSU culminated in full accreditation for the department's doctoral training by the American Psychological Association.

Two OSU fraternities received national awards for excellence from their respective national headquarters. Farm House and Phi Delta Theta at OSU were named the outstanding chapters of their fraternities in the nation during the 1973-74 school year.

COLLEGE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE.

Stillwater, Oklahoma

The Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine has the mission to provide an environment in which people can preserve and transmit the art and science of veterinary medicine, and to discover and examine critically medical knowledge of animals as related to the health and welfare of human beings. This mission is accomplished by programs in professional and graduate instruction, continuing education, research, and public service.

Since the number of students in the beginning class was increased to sixty in order for the College to become eligible for Federal Health Manpower grants, the number of Doctor of Veterinary Medicine candidates in the College has increased from 203 in 1972 to 243 in 1975. The number of women students in the College has increased from 22 in 1972 to 39 in 1975. During the past biennium, 99 D.V.M. degrees have been awarded. There are now in Oklahoma 533 veterinarians, of whom two-thirds are Oklahoma State University graduates.

Although the number of students has been increased, the quality of veterinary medical education has been maintained by increasing the number of faculty from 53 to 81 during the same period. With the assistance of a Director of Educational Development and Services, learning activities have been improved by closed-circuit television, increasing individual programmed instruction material and more efficient scheduling of student and faculty time.

Admission of students to the College is an increasingly difficult problem. All health professions have increased applicants from 190,304 to 300,172 between 1966 and 1972. Veterinary medicine was no exception, and veterinary aspirants increased nationally from 8,868 in 1966 to 18,498 in 1972. This college has followed these same national trends and the number of applicants has increased by 30-40% each year. Because of this large number of qualified applicants now applying to the College, admission criteria are under constant review in a search for methods to identify applicants who will be the best possible veterinarians following graduation. At present the criteria used are interviews with each applicant, recommendations, scores on aptitude tests and grade point averages on the required pre-veterinary courses. With the increase in enrollment it still is possible to take only one out of five of the applicants.

The mission of the College research program is the discovery of veterinary medical knowledge, including that which is related to both human and animal biology. The research therefore bears responsibility for the interface between human health and animal health, and the College research program reflects both research efforts. Priorities for animal health research are determined by the importance of animal disease problems in Oklahoma. There are 26 active research projects in

the College involving 22 members of the faculty, many of them working on more than one project. Nine projects have terminated, five new projects have been initiated and funding of three projects have been renewed. It is especially encouraging that during the past year five projects (new and renewed) have been funded by the National Institutes of Health.

The public service function of the College is concerned with the treatment of ill animals in the teaching hospital and the diagnosis of the cause of death by the diagnostic service. In 1974 approximately 15,000 cases were treated, and diagnostic service performed approximately 900 necropsies and 32,000 laboratory examinations. A new diagnostic laboratory has been constructed adjacent to the College of Veterinary Medicine Building to house a greatly expanded animal disease diagnostic service for the state of Oklahoma. This will be officially opened this fall, and acquisition of staff has already commenced.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION Stillwater, Oklahoma

The Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station is the research arm of Oklahoma agriculture. It is both a constituent agency of Oklahoma State University and one of a network of like stations in each state in the union. It was created in the same legislative act which established Oklahoma A&M College in 1890. The nationwide network of stations was made possible by the Federal Hatch Act of 1887.

The research program at the Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station is broad and comprehensive. Currently, more than 200 research projects are underway. These range from small-scale experiments designed to obtain solutions to practical problems to fundamental studies aimed at achieving scientific breakthroughs over a wide front.

The Oklahoma Experiment Station conducts research at Stillwater and at 16 special research stations around the state. Several recent findings of the Oklahoma Station are significant. Oklahoma agricultural scientists have found a way to prevent "stocker syndrome," the mysterious sudden death of young cattle grazing small grains pasture. The culprit is frothy, foamy bloat and the preventative is a chemical compound—poloxalene. As this finding is put into practice, it is expected to save Oklahoma cattlemen millions of dollars each year.

Other significant findings include the effect of summer heat on the reproduction ability of hogs. Several year ago, OSU scientists discovered that cooling pregnant sows with water sprinklers increased the number of live pigs in a litter. Now they have shown that summer heat can reduce the fertility level in a boar for as much as six weeks.

Development of new crop varieties continues at the rate of five new varieties each year. These new crops add significantly to the income potential of farmers as they overcome cropping hazards such as insects, diseases, cold weather and drought.

Tick research is getting much attention at the present time. Oklahoma scientists have developed an ear tag for controlling ticks on cattle, much in the way a flea collar will control fleas on a dog. They have also discovered ways to use carbon dioxide to attract ticks to insecticide baits.

Oklahoma agricultural scientists developed a nationally recognized system of computerized farm management decision aids. The Budget Generator, L. P. Farm and Cash Flow computer programs have been used by hundreds of farm and ranch managers, bankers and researchers in Oklahoma and across the nation.

These are a few examples of research accomplishments. Many others could be named from improvements in the family garden to significant building blocks in the never ending fight against cancer.

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE Stillwater, Oklahoma

As a land-grant university, Oklahoma State University is charged with a specific off-campus role of providing Oklahoma citizens with certain educational programs. These programs are provided by the Agricultural Extension Service. Agricultural Extension is also the educational arm of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The basic mission of Extension is education. It is broad based in nature with four major program areas to which educational efforts are directed. These are: Agriculture, Home Economics, 4-H and Youth Development and Rural Community Resource Development.

Agricultural Extension in Oklahoma consists of an office and county staff in each of the 77 counties. Specialized personnel called area agents or program leaders are the first line of support for the county staff. County and area staff serve as teachers, organizers, educational advisors and consultants in bringing educational programs to the people. State specialists (campus based in departments within the Division of Agriculture and supported by their departmental co-workers in research and the USDA) help analyze problems, prepare information and develop programs to solve these problems. In addition, specialists provide statewide information flow and support field educational programs, projects and demonstrations. The state specialists also serve as resource persons in statewide clientele organizations.

Programs at the state level which serve people and back up county Extension programs include the following: a fully-equipped soil and

water testing laboratory, a swine evaluation center, a beef cattle gain test station and a plant disease diagnostic laboratory.

In 1974 the soils lab tested more than 15,000 samples ranging from large wheat acreages to backyard gardens. The swine evaluation station has been in use several years and is credited with providing superior breeding stock for state commercial swine breeders. This facility has recently been expanded to double its original capacity. Work at the cattle gain station is just getting underway and is expected to make its impact felt in years to come.

Since 1969, OSU Extension has been engaged in an Expanded Food and Nutrition Program (EFNEP) designed to combat malnutrition among Oklahoma families with limited resources. Extension personnel have trained and supervised 432 homemakers from low income communities. These aids have in turn helped 18,441 homemakers and 33,740 children and youth gain better health and a happier outlook on life.

In the area of 4-H and youth, Oklahoma enjoys a national reputation. This program currently serves some 106,000 youth throughout the state. Oklahoma delegates to the National 4-H Club Congress have led the nation in a number of national scholarship winners in each of the last four years.

Evaluation, assessment and adjustment of all educational programs is underway continuously. For the past year, a specific program has been underway to gain "grass-roots" inputs into priority programs for the future. This program is a two-way flow from local to state level and back, with inputs from local citizens, county Extension staffs, state specialists and administrators.

Volunteer leaders have proven to be very helpful, especially in the Youth Development and Home Economics areas. Their number is legion and their assistance multiplies professional staff efforts many fold and helps the Agricultural Extension Service to conduct effective adult educational programs in all program areas.

OSU SCHOOL OF TECHNICAL TRAINING Okmulgee, Oklahoma

Oklahoma State Tech is the vocational-technical branch of Oklahoma State University and is the largest residential vocational-technical campus in the nation. Tech's three graduations, which produce more than a thousand graduates per year, attract a wide range of industrial representatives who offer employment opportunities to the hundreds of well-qualified craftsmen and technicians. Graduates find that the high quality education they receive at Oklahoma State Tech results in the availability of many very desirable job opportunities from which

they may select. This year the school enters its third decade of service to students who desire quality in-depth vocational-technical education.

Oklahoma State Tech has grown in its appeal and popularity for students both in and outside of Oklahoma. Since the opening of the school in 1946, students from all 50 states and many foreign countries have enrolled. The total enrollment exclusive of duplicates for the three trimesters of 1973-74 was 3,742, and 3,383 enrolled in the year 1974-75. During this two-year period 1,912 were graduated, while scores of others found jobs in their area of study prior to full completion of course requirements. Tech is presently in its Fall Trimester with a record enrollment of 3,138 full-time students.

Faculty members must possess a high degree of technical skills gained from previous industrial experience and must, in addition, possess natural teaching ability if they are to motivate those students seeking a successful future via a postsecondary educational route. A total of 175 dedicated instructors are presently employed to accomplish this unique postsecondary educational program.

During the past year general maintenance was completed on several student resident halls. Street and parking lot improvements have included construction of curbs and storm drains. New landscaping has been accomplished during this time and has a very profound effect on the appearance of the campus. Excavation and grading work has been completed on a new intramural sports area. The area will be used for softball and flag football fields, volleyball courts, and other outside sports activities.

The construction of a new 720 seat auditorium is progressing on schedule. This new facility, coupled with the adjacent gymnasium will, by July 1976, enable us to accommodate 2,000 visitors at one time during graduations, assemblies, meetings, seminars, etc.

All major educational departments on campus function with an industrial advisory committee to correlate industry requirements with Tech's total educational program.

Oklahoma State Tech registered 13,691 campus visitors during this biennium, with the majority from some 1,800 schools or business firms.

Faculty and staff turnover has been low, and this experienced group enjoys a deep respect from those in business and industry who employ the Oklahoma State Tech graduate. Wayne W. Miller is serving his twelfth year as Director of this branch campus; he is also a Vice President of Oklahoma State University.

OSU TECHNICAL INSTITUTE
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Progress has hallmarked 1974 and 1975 at OSU Technical Institute.

The Fire Training Center, a joint venture between Oklahoma City and the Institute, was completed in March 1974. The one-story building contains some 25,214 sq. ft. consisting of an apparatus room, two classrooms, an auditorium, storage and work room and an office area. According to agreement, OSU supplied the land and Oklahoma City supplied the building with OSU usually provided use of the building for all fire technology protection classes.

Completed in August 1974 was the Health Technology building. The three-story structure sports such unusual features as a lecture-demonstration hall, media center, science labs (including a cadaver room), electronics labs and a nursing skills lab which simulates a hospital situation.

The addition of two new curricula was approved in 1974 and 1975: surveying technology and horticulture technology. The two-year surveying curriculum is oriented toward the first half of the professional license examination for land surveyors. The curriculum on how to plat land parallels civil technology (public works construction) except for the four surveying courses, all of which are taught by five full-time and 14 part-time instructors. An internship following graduation is also required.

In horticulture technology, students are trained to landscape yards, manage nurseries, work for nursery wholesalers and retailers, and maintain the grounds of hospitals, parks, educational institutions, government buildings, apartments and office buildings. Institute courses include study of insecticides, fertilizers, tropical plants, propagation of plants, landscaping, trees, shrubs, ornamental plants, turf grass, managing a nursery and supervisory skills.

As part of continuing education efforts, a teleconference network was set up in 1974 to serve over 2,000 nurses in 87 Oklahoma hospitals. Although there are six such teleconference centers in the state, most of the programs relating to nursing originate from the OSU Technical Institute. Since its inception in fall 1974, the Institute has provided six programs for about 1,200 nurses across the state. The programs have included legal aspects of nursing, drugs and nursing, oncologic (breast cancer) nursing, interpersonal relationships in nursing, emergency room nursing and medical surgical nursing. The federal contract for the teleconference expires Dec. 31, 1975, but an extension is being asked until June 30, 1976.

Also in 1974, the Nurse Science Department began accepting about 60 students each semester, which means there will be a class of nurses graduating every semester starting in 1976.

Groundbreaking ceremonies for the Police Training Center adjacent to the Fire Training Center were held in September 1975. Again by agreement, the Institute is providing the land and the City is erecting the building. The Institute expects to conduct many of its police science classes at the center. The two-story, 31,000 sq. ft. building will house nine classrooms, a television studio with a complete control room and a gymnasium with dressing rooms and a weight room. In conjunction with the Police Training Center, a 3,000 sq. ft. fire tower and an eight-acre driving range will also be built. The entire project is slated for completion in September, 1976. Both the fire and police training facilities were paid for by a bond issue passed in 1974.

The highlight of the two years was the five-year, operationally separate accreditation awarded by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools in July 1975. The accreditation was conditioned on the Institute building a student center and an engineering technology building within the next five years.

In conclusion, fall enrollment jumped from 1,644 in 1974 to 2,046 in 1975, a 25 per cent increase in students. Credit hours grew 34 per cent from 13,051 in fall 1974 to 17,546 in fall 1975. As a result, nine new instructors were hired in 1974 and four were employed in 1975 bringing the total faculty (part-time and full-time) to nearly 100.

CENTRAL STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT BILL J. LILLARD
Edmond, Oklahoma

Central State University is a student oriented institution in that teaching continues to be our major function. While research and public service are not ignored or overlooked on the campus, these functions occupy relatively minor roles in the ongoing processes of the school. Currently, funds are not adequate, without "bleeding" the instructional function, to mount broad programs in these areas. It is hoped that future financing available to the university will be increased in sufficient amounts to enable Central to continue to enrich and broaden its instructional program and at the same time develop creditable programs of research and public service for the benefit of its clientele.

Through its instructional program, Central State continues to meet the educational needs of the citizens of Oklahoma. For instance, the school now offers more than 140 major and optional programs and confers both baccalaureate and master's degrees in education and a variety of liberal arts areas.

By being declared a mature master's degree granting institution, by the North Central Association, Central is now able, with the approval of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, to develop master's degrees in a variety of new fields and substantially broaden

our graduate offerings at this level. New master's programs are now on the drawing board in Music, History, Chemistry, Biology, Education, Mathematics, Political Science, Health, Journalism, et al. By emphasizing viable programs at the master's level, the university has not ignored the continued growth and development of its baccalaureate commitments. For instance, the institution has recently developed a B.S. degree in Forensic Science, degree and certificate options in vocational home economics, programs leading to the certification of professional secretaries and a non-teaching degree in Journalism.

In addition to new baccalaureate degrees and programs already made operational, the university has proposed degrees and programs under consideration in Humanities, Criminal Justice, City Management, the Health related fields and others.

As to innovative programs, Central State was recently approved to offer a B.S. degree in Liberal Studies. Option C of this degree is so designed that housewives, military personnel and adults generally can transfer work to the campus from a variety of sources, have work validated by advanced standing examinations and related means and meet degree requirements by completing a minimum of 24 semester hours in residence at Central. We feel that this program embraces the sound points of the "University without Walls" concept while avoiding many of its pitfalls and snares.

Enrollment at Central State University continues to grow. This fall more than 12,736 students came to the campus to attend classes. These students represented an FTE of 8,868 and produced more than 112,616 credit hours, including more than 11,526 credit hours on the graduate level. This enrollment and academic production makes Central State the third largest university in Oklahoma.

While enrollment on the campus continued to grow at all levels, graduate enrollment increased 23% this past year. More and more students are coming to the campus for advanced work. Many are requesting that the university offer doctor's degrees, especially in Education and Business. In response to these demands and in view of the qualifications of the Education and Business staffs, study committees on the campus are working to develop such programs for submission to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

Central State is proud of the fact it was able to substantially increase faculty salaries this year and thus boost pay levels considerably above the regional average and enable the school to compete for the services of better qualified staff members.

Even though the university is short of classroom, laboratory and office space, and even though we could profitably utilize more faculty, especially in the schools of Business and Education, we plan to continue stressing teaching as our major function, hoping that funds will

be available in the near future to expand our physical facilities and add to the faculty in accordance with need and expanding commitments.

EAST CENTRAL OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT STANLEY P. WAGNER
Ada, Oklahoma

East Central has followed the Regents' guidelines for the Plan for the Seventies in terms of the institutional role. Preparation of teachers was and is our historical and primary role. The new area of emphasis assigned to our institution was the Allied Health and Environmental specialties. We have been, therefore, developing such programs as nursing at the baccalaureate level, medical technology, medical records, medical secretary, environmental science, and social work. These undergraduate specialties have now been capped by the Regents granting permission to East Central to develop a Master of Science in Psychological Services. There are increasing needs in private, federal and state offices for applied psychologists with less than the doctorate degree. We think this will assist our recognition in the whole area of Allied Health personnel.

Construction on the East Central Campus has been primarily in remodeling our facilities, and most of the money for this construction came from the HERO Bonds. The Horace Mann Classroom Building remodeling contract was let for \$202,862.00. The work has already been completed and accepted. In the spring work was contracted for remodeling of the Linscheid Library in the amount of \$139,190.50. This is still in the process of construction. Also constructed during the year were ten tennis courts, four of which are lighted. This construction was done with the assistance of money from the Bureau of Recreation. The total cost of this project was \$146,543.00.

East Central students and faculty excelled in several areas during the past year. National recognition was won in Secretarial Science, the musical group known as the "Oklahomans" toured for the USO, and the East Central University debate team received several awards at regional tournaments. We were also proud to have state championships in boys basketball, girls basketball and golf.

The fall enrollment for 1975 showed an increase of nine percent bringing East Central's growth to over 3,200 students — the highest in its history.

NORTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT ROBERT E. COLLIER
Tahlequah, Oklahoma

The spirit of enthusiasm and optimism created at Northeastern through the change in name from "college" to "university" inspired a

full-year study in 1974-75 to accelerate preparations for academic growth in the Eighties. Resolve to stem the decline in enrollment brought about a change. Enrollments stabilized and then turned upward. Academic qualifications of the faculty continued to improve, so that more than 50 per cent of the faculty held an earned doctorate. Newer approaches to teaching, such as team teaching, tutorial services, practicums in business, education, and practical arts were more evident than in years past. Special offerings and personal services continued to materialize around the concept of continuing education for citizens pursuing studies which do not commonly lead to formal degrees. Consultative services to assist public schools were increased to emphasize more help in areas such as planning school facilities, grant proposals, library services, guidance and testing activities, community relations, and concepts of accountability.

During 1974-75 each educational program was carefully inventoried and evaluated to determine those which would need continued funding and which, if any, might survive even though undernourished. New programs necessary to meet needs in the eastern portion of the state were identified and developed. A new graduate program in business was finalized and scheduled to begin during 1975-76.

Northeastern completed the year with a final draft of its new organization as a university by establishment of four main service areas — Instructional Services, Student Services, Planning and Development, and Business Affairs. Four colleges within the instructional area were created — the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Behavioral Sciences, the College of Business and Industry, and the Graduate College.

The Graduate College prepared for new directions necessitated by announced plans for retirement of the only Graduate Dean who had served the institution since the Fifties when graduate work was first initiated. Three hundred forty-six graduate degrees were conferred during the year, while a total of 819 students attended.

The University completed the first phase of renovating facilities and campus beautification and initiated the second half of its current master plan. Upon completion of those projects, Northeastern will become virtually barrier free to the physically handicapped.

Single students again comprised slightly less than 50 per cent of the student body. The age composition of the student body reflects a continuing trend of older students to enroll at Northeastern. In the fall of 1974-75, 33.1 per cent of the student body was below 21 years of age, 33.1 per cent of the students were 21-25 years of age, and 33.8 per cent were 26 years of age or older.

The number of students residing in the dormitory system declined for the sixth consecutive year to 1,063 at the beginning of the fall

term, representing an occupancy rate of 47.1 per cent. While the reasons for this decline are varied and complex, a principal reason has to be the diminishing number of non-commuting single students in the 17-20 age category. Continued occupancy rates of below 50 per cent will necessarily result in an inability of the housing system to meet its long-term financial obligations.

NORTHWESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT JOE J. STRUCKLE
Alva, Oklahoma

The year ending June 30, 1975, was eventful at Northwestern Oklahoma State University with a change in the administration, major developments in the academic program, and extensive work on physical facilities.

Dr. R. W. Wygle submitted his resignation as university president to the Board of Regents in July, 1974, effective January 1, 1975. He had held the office since July 1, 1972. Elected to assume the presidency was Dr. Joe J. Struckle, dean of students at Northwestern since 1968.

Under Dr. Struckle's leadership, a retrenchment program was carried out to resolve budgetary problems. The staff was reduced by 15 persons. This was achieved largely through resignations and retirements, the vacancies created thereby going unfilled. Reductions in other expenditures brought savings to a total of \$135,000, and the solvency of the institution was re-established.

One of the significant changes in the academic program involved the development of a Weekend College, after a faculty committee had studied such a proposal and surveys had indicated considerable interest in the plan. Under the new program, courses carrying regular university credit were to be offered on Friday nights and Saturdays for persons unable to attend classes during the week. The program was to go into effect with the fall semester of 1975.

The graduate program also received extensive study, resulting in recommendations for more structured curricula and tighter admission requirements. Among the latter was a proposal that applicants be required to take the Graduate Record Examination. The proposals were submitted for the approval of the Board of Regents.

The elementary education curriculum was revised to reduce the number of required courses in the program and to provide more flexibility in the student's choice of courses to meet degree requirements. Also restructured were degree plans in chemistry and in some of the business areas.

The North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools extended its accreditation of Northwestern graduate and undergraduate programs for ten years.

In the organization of academic departments, a faculty committee recommended and the Board of Regents approved the creation of five divisions, as follows: Humanities; Language, and Fine Arts; Natural Science and Mathematics; Social Science; Education, Psychology, and Health and Physical Education; and Practical Arts. The new organization was to become effective in the 1975-76 school year.

A council system established for the internal governance of the university was suspended in favor of using ad hoc committees in matters requiring faculty and student participation.

The university library reported a 23 per cent increase in the use of library materials.

In the campus building program, a complete new outdoor lighting system was installed. The total renovation of the Fine Arts Building was begun to provide new facilities for speech and music departments and for student personnel services. Architectural plans for the remodeling of Jesse Dunn Building also were begun, the work itself scheduled to get under way in the summer of 1975.

Enrollment in the fall and in the spring declined but registered an 11 per cent increase in the summer of 1975. The outlook for the year ahead was optimistic, and views were being voiced generally that Northwestern had achieved a new position of solidarity and public confidence.

SOUTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT LEON HIBBS
Durant, Oklahoma

Southeastern Oklahoma State University is a multi-purpose institution which has had a steady increase in enrollment. The 1974 fall semester headcount resident enrollment was 3,524, and the total fall semester, 1974, student-credit-hour enrollment was 43,838.

A new and completely revised catalog was printed during the 1974-75 school year. In addition to revision of all sections, completely new sections were added for Non-formal University Credit and Specialized Mission-Oriented Program and Projects. Southeastern has come into increasingly closer contact with local, state, and national government agencies as new mission-oriented programs have been initiated on campus.

During the 1974-75 school year, the Mobile Mine Safety Program was initiated by the University and through both state and federal grants. Also programs such as RSVP (Retired Senior Volunteer Pro-

gram), MRS (Many Return To School) and the Bryan County Information, Referral and Transportation Center were developed to provide for the educational, social and physical needs of mature persons living in the community.

Cooperative education programming was initiated and courses of study in the School of Business and Industry in the areas of industrial technology and business education are providing an educated population that contributes directly to the development and well-being of southeastern Oklahoma.

In May, 1974, Southeastern was visited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. Full accreditation was given for all degree programs being offered. Some policy changes for the graduate program were approved during the year. These changes included increases in the grade point averages for admission and provisions for conditional admission.

Southeastern initiated resident credit offerings in Ardmore in cooperation with East Central State University and Murray State College under the auspices of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

During the 1974-75 academic year, a committee did an intensive study of the present committee structure and functions. The present structure was approved by the faculty in 1971. A detailed revision was submitted to the Institutional Research and Planning Committee for submission to the faculty. The recommended structure will undergo full faculty study in 1975-76 for revision and approval in final form for implementation.

The Curriculum Committee submitted new programs and courses for internal approval by the Academic Council. Programs approved and subsequently submitted to the Regents for approval included: Social Gerontology (B.S.), Bilingual Education (B.S.), History (M.A.), and Administrative Studies (M.A.S.). Two-year programs reinstated by the Regents were: Accounting and Business Administration, Airframe and Powerplant Technology, Automotive Technology, Drafting and Design Technology, Electronics Technology, General Clerical, Metals Technology, and Secretarial Studies.

During the 1974-75 academic year, a total of \$440,000 was granted for construction and equipment for phase one of a triple building complex that will be known as the Industrial Technology Center.

SOUTHWESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT LEONARD CAMPBELL
Weatherford, Oklahoma

Perhaps it was the results of a continued slow decline in enrollment, or it quite possibly could have been caused by the academic com-

munity's realization that economic conditions were preventing more and more talented high school graduates from attending college.

Whatever the reason, there was in the past year an apparent upswing in student financial aid at Southwestern Oklahoma State University. Institutional scholarships authorized by the Regents have long helped us attract top-calibre young people, and now with gifts from private sources we are in a position to strengthen our assistance programs.

Only weeks before his retirement last June 30 after 15 years of service as president of this institution, Dr. Al Harris unveiled the Distinguished Freshmen Fund . . . a fund containing in excess of \$230,000 for the sole purpose of bringing even more outstanding first-year students to Southwestern. Contributions from alumni and friends of the university had been funneled into savings accounts for almost 14 years.

Next spring, we will use the interest earnings from this fund for the first time to award 24 tuition scholarships.

While the Distinguished Freshmen Fund boasts an impressive amount of money, we are every bit as impressed with the many "self-help" scholarship programs that are being organized all across campus . . . in the Departments of Physics, Biological Sciences, Chemistry, Business, Industrial Education, Music and Art, in the Division of Language Arts and in the School of Pharmacy.

Institutional and Distinguished Freshmen scholarships provide us the wherewithal for getting the better students to choose our university; the other programs permit us to recognize and reward academic excellence, while at the same time encouraging those students to remain here.

Certainly, the retention rate of Southwestern Oklahoma State University, or any other institution of higher learning, for that matter, cannot be determined solely by its ability to aid students financially. Quality study programs, designed to train individuals for their chosen professions, are the key.

In Fiscal 1975, SWOSU concentrated more on improvements in its numerous areas of study, rather than on seeking to add curricula. The year did see, however, the Regents authorizing the university to grant an entirely new Master of Science Degree in Applied Psychology. Prior to this, the only graduate degree obtainable here was the Master of Education.

A new certificate conversion program for Early Childhood Education, offered jointly by the Department of Home Economics and Division of Teacher Education and Psychology, won Regent approval, also.

Southwestern continues to share in the wealth of federal grants programs, with a number of proposals receiving acceptance last year. Largest of the awards was the \$215,664 Pharmacy Capitation Grant, and the smallest \$14,000 for the National Science Foundation—Student Science Training Project. In between were \$71,770 to fund the School of Pharmacy Clinical Instruction in Skilled Nursing Facilities Program; \$50,000 for the collecting, editing, and publishing of Chief John Ross' papers; \$38,600 for a bilingual training program in the Cheyenne language; \$27,995 for an institute conducted jointly by the Departments of Biological Sciences and Social Sciences, Environmental Studies Through Selective Activities from High School Geography Projects and BSCS Environmental Modules.

The Society of Physics Students won its third Bendix Award from the American Institute of Physics, this time to study the feasibility of using geothermal energy for de-icing bridges on Oklahoma roads and highways. Earlier highly successful studies of model tornadoes and cylindrical air track had received similar awards.

The Pharmacy School's Continuing Education Program remains healthy, with a total of 37 seminars, ranging in duration from three to eight hours, being held throughout Oklahoma during the year ending last June 30. More than 2,000 individuals attended.

As a service to those pharmacists unable to be present at the scheduled seminar meetings, the School of Pharmacy faculty has developed audio-cassette presentations and self-paced study courses. More than 500 pharmacists earned Continuing Education credit toward relicensure by enrolling in the study courses.

Constructionwise, there was some activity on the campus the past year. The 9,326-square-foot Pharmacy II and Talk-Back Television Building was begun, with completion due in the fall of 1975, and major remodeling of the Health and Physical Education and Education Buildings — including installation of air-conditioning — was accomplished.

During the year, Southwestern granted a grand total of 1,059 degrees: 97, Bachelor of Arts; 31, Bachelor of Arts in Education; 33, Bachelor of Music Education; 302, Bachelor of Science; 212, Bachelor of Science in Education; 121, Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy; 263, Master of Education.

And, finally, the Board of Regents of Oklahoma Colleges gave recognition to the contributions of two individuals who have had lengthy associations with Southwestern Oklahoma State University. The Library was named for Dr. Harris and the Health and Physical Education Building for Rankin Williams, retired coach and athletic director.

CAMERON UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT DON OWEN
Lawton, Oklahoma

The 1974-75 academic year was a very good one at Cameron University. Much progress was noted in all areas as the state's newest four-year institution continued to mature.

A number of physical changes were begun, completed, or planned during the year.

Renovation of the old library building was started and is scheduled for completion in early November, 1975. This air-conditioned area will greatly relieve a decided deficiency of office facilities and will provide spacious office space for Student Services, Social Sciences and Education and Psychology.

The Child Development Center became operative during the year. This program provides laboratory and observation facilities for Home Economics majors.

The former Bible Chair building became temporary quarters for vocal and instrumental music. These activities will be moved to the new Fine Arts Center when it is completed.

Appropriations were made and plans completed for Phase I of the Fine Arts Center. Contracts for construction will be let in mid-November. When completed, Phase I will provide academic space in Speech, Music, Art, and Drama.

Enrollment continued to increase steadily. Significantly, the freshman enrollment was up considerably. Heretofore, the heaviest enrollment increases were in the upper level classes.

The "on-duty educational program," started last year and was designed to provide college level work for military personnel at Fort Sill.

Military personnel participating in the program are very enthusiastic about the program.

The Jim Taliaferro Mental Health Center opened and is now in full operation. The facility, located on the west side of the campus, is serving a several county area in southwest Oklahoma. The Center is a most welcome addition to the total campus.

Cameron's official name was changed from Cameron College to Cameron University.

The football team was selected to participate in the national playoffs of the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics (NAIA), Division One. The team was beaten by Texas A & I, the eventual champion.

The athletic department made application for and were granted, membership in the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), Division Two.

The Federal Aviation Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Institutions, Social Rehabilitative Services, both continue to maintain leased space on campus and their operations are completely compatible with those of the University.

LANGSTON UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT THOMAS E. ENGLISH
Langton, Oklahoma

The 1974-75 school year at Langston University was confronted with challenging fiscal experiences. The Board of Regents for Oklahoma State University and A&M Colleges, along with the faculty of Langston University, experienced a change in the leadership of the institution. This resulted in operating the institution with an interim president. These groups working together formed the nucleus for maintaining the institution's high academic level.

Langston University, therefore, kept its commitment to serve students from all segments of society in innovative ways. Creative teaching techniques, combined with expertise gained over seventy-five years of teaching students, many whose achievements and development have been limited by factors exterior to the individual, make a Langston education valuable and competitive.

The educational program gained a higher degree of excellence through the addition of a new program, namely, the corrections program and new faculty at the doctoral level. Approximately 40 per cent of the faculty in 1974-75 had doctor's degrees.

Langston students, totaling 1,137 in 1974-75, came from 38 counties in Oklahoma, 22 states, the District of Columbia, the Virgin Islands, and 6 foreign countries. The institution maintained its commitment to the students served. The Career Development Center, Reading Center, Learning Resource Center, Financial Aid Program, residence halls, Leadership Dynamics, and student union are all geared to the needs of our students.

As a result of the resources made available, the institution was able to perform at a satisfactory level in the areas of teaching, public services, and the extension of knowledge through research. Langston University extension programs are making valuable contributions to low income and disadvantaged, non-metropolitan people of Oklahoma. Viable research programs are stimulating new knowledge in the areas of Human Resource Development, National Resource Development, and Family and Home Resource Development.

The academic year ended with the naming of Dr. Thomas E. English as 12th President of Langston University. Dr. English brings the institution a wealth of knowledge in the areas of fiscal and academic management.

OKLAHOMA PANHANDLE STATE UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT THOMAS L. PALMER
Goodwell, Oklahoma

Panhandle State University is continuing to serve the educational needs for higher education in northwestern Oklahoma and the Oklahoma panhandle. The University commits itself to provide a comprehensive postsecondary program of education and to identify and meet the needs of individuals at every economic and social level. We have continued to maintain and improve our educational programs that have been a part of this institution over the years. There is a great need, however, to add additional courses, particularly in the technical education area, and one and two-year type programs. This particular need was also recommended in the original Plan for the 70's.

Panhandle State has recently received a ten year accreditation by the North Central Association. This is the first time since the initial accreditation that the University has been accredited for a ten year period. The evaluation committee pointed out that it was obvious that the very purpose for the existence of the institution was essentially access, and that without the existence of this institution several hundred of Oklahoma citizens would undoubtedly be denied higher education. Of course, this is brought about by the great distances between this institution and the nearest institution of higher education in Oklahoma. The evaluation committee said some of the greater strengths were faculty loyalty and faculty morale. The team stated that students were experiencing success, both as students and as graduates. The chief concerns of the North Central Association visiting team were underfunding, the number of different preparations made by faculty, and the need for cultural intellectual programs on campus.

A number of improvements have been made to the physical facilities with the aid of HERO bond money. The replacement of gas lines which was badly needed has recently been completed. Hughes Strong Auditorium and Hefley Hall both have been painted and new air-conditioning systems were installed. The swimming pool facilities were painted, and the roof replaced. New furniture has been purchased for Holter Hall from auxiliary funds. Earle Hall has been completely remodeled, and other projects are on the drawing board for improvement in university housing.

Continued improvement has been made in the Library. From two years ago our total volumes have been increased from approximately 63,000 to 70,000. Subscription to current periodicals and audio-visual

recordings have also been added. The purchase of approximately \$35,000 in audio-visual equipment has been one of the greatest improvements to the Library in many years. Our goal for three years hence is to increase the circulation in our Library at least 50%. Starting with the academic year 1975-76 an additional assistant librarian has been employed to alleviate a grossly understaffed Library.

Enrollments have essentially stabilized with approximately the same number of students the last three years. However, the stabilization of enrollment has been attributed to an increased summer enrollment. In 1974 the State Regents allowed us to offer two five-week summer terms, rather than the traditional nine-week term that had been offered previously. This was a great aid to students in scheduling and increased our summer enrollment by some 25%.

The greatest need for this institution in attempting to meet the needs of the people of this area is the establishment of off-campus centers in at least the three Panhandle counties. Because of the energy shortage, and the great distance involved in travel, it is not logical for many people to commute. The establishment of these centers would make educational offerings available to many people who would not otherwise have access to higher education.

With the continued support of the State Regents, the Governing Regents, the faculty, the students, and the people of Oklahoma, we believe that the future of Panhandle State University will be a bright one.

UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS OF OKLAHOMA
PRESIDENT ROY TROUTT
Chickasha, Oklahoma

During the 1974-75 school year, the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma was involved in the process of selecting a new chief administrative officer. Dr. Roy Troutt, Dean of the College of Liberal Studies at the University of Oklahoma was selected by the Board of Regents to become the fourteenth president in the sixty-six year history of USAO. Dr. Troutt replaced Dr. Bruce G. Carter on July 1, 1975. Dr. Carter retired in his thirtieth year as president of an Oklahoma college or university.

The 1974-75 academic year was one of expectation, planning and implementation.

Preparations for new curriculum areas resulted in the approval of degree programs in Indian Studies, Natural Sciences and Special Education — Learning Disabilities. The State Regents also approved the awarding of a certificate upon completion of two years of the Business Administration degree program.

The State Department of Education, upon recommendation of a visitation team, reapproved all University Teacher Education Certificate Programs and approved a certificate program in Special Education — Learning Disabilities.

Faculty rank and tenure, which were abolished in previous years, were fully restored.

The University experienced one of the largest enrollments in its history with a 37 per cent increase in students over the fall of 1973.

Renovation of the Administration Building during the year has provided modern facilities for administrative offices and the Departments of Business and Economics and Education.

The University, in conjunction with the community, dedicated the USAO Plains Indian Cultural Center as a national Bicentennial project. The Center currently leases space on the University campus and plans call for the permanent facility to be located on the University farm, just west of Chickasha.

The University is continuing with its innovative liberal arts curriculum for the general education sequence of the degree program and is operating on the year-round trimester calendar.

With new administrative direction, the University will work toward fulfilling the state charter as an innovative college utilizing new approaches to higher education.

The University emphasizes individual faculty attention for each student in order to promote maximum intellectual and personal development.

THE OKLAHOMA COLLEGE OF
OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE AND SURGERY
PRESIDENT JOHN BARSON
Tulsa, Oklahoma

This report summarizes the highlights of the first full year of operation for this institution. When the state legislators created the College, the school was charged with the responsibility for offering academic programs leading to the degree D.O., Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine, with special emphasis on preparing physicians for general practice. The College has made significant progress toward this goal through continuing recruitment of qualified faculty and staff, establishment and implementation of the academic program, facility development and planning, and selection and admission of the second entering class.

Formal instruction at the College commenced in September 1974, with the arrival of the 36-member inaugural class. Already efforts

were underway to accept and prepare for a second class. The College received and honored more than 980 requests for applications for admission. Following a preliminary screening, over 150 of the 460 persons completing all application requirements were interviewed by the Student Selection Advisory Committee. Student selection is a critical part of our effort to insure the continued high ratio of graduates who select general practice for their professional career. The College encourages applications from students with personal backgrounds in rural areas and dedication to practice in such communities. Thirty-two of the 36 students who began studies in September 1974, and 51 of the 56 selected for the July 1, 1975 class, are from Oklahoma, and many of them have grown up in small towns and communities. The Admissions Office instituted a statewide orientation program for pre-medical advisors and students at Oklahoma institutions of higher education to inform them of the opportunities for study of osteopathic medicine at the College.

Keeping pace with the growth in student enrollment, nationwide faculty and staff recruitment continued. Seven highly qualified basic scientists joined the Medical Biology Division as full-time faculty members, and a chairman for the Clinical Sciences Division was sought and appointed. To date 102 osteopathic physicians willing to participate in the educational program have been appointed by the Governing Board to serve as volunteer part-time clinical faculty. In addition, the State Regents appointed an Assistant to the Dean, Graphic Arts Coordinator, Director of Instructional Support Services, Assistant Medical Librarian, Health Professions and Community Relations Coordinator, and supportive staff needed to carry out the educational program. Faculty committees defined their roles and procedures, personnel policies for both faculty and staff were developed and approved, and a College Dean Advisory Search Committee began the task of identifying a Dean by early 1976.

Integral to the College's 36-month academic program is the year-round coordinated and spiral curriculum which cycles students through basic and clinical science sequences of increasing complexity, until during the third year students devote six full months to physician-supervised patient care in small towns and communities throughout the state. Preparation was completed for the start of student preceptorship training. Starting in April, students began spending ½ day per week in the offices of general practitioners obtaining preliminary orientation to patient care. Instruction is provided by volunteer community-based osteopathic physicians who have been appointed adjunct clinical faculty. Other classroom and laboratory studies have been coordinated to this experience, insuring relevance and preparing students for increased clinical study later in the year in hospital settings. In preparation for the third year of the curriculum, the College has explored plans with interested communities for establishing community-based and supported clinical teaching facilities to serve as sites for instruction.

A renovated two-story brick structure at Ninth and Cincinnati in Tulsa was occupied by students and faculty in September 1974. Additional space, leased early in 1975 in a nearby building, now houses the Admissions Office, the Learning Resources Center, student study areas, faculty offices, and clinical science classrooms.

A 16.1-acre site for the new campus was acquired in the Westbank II Urban Renewal Area of Tulsa, and intensive planning and consultation with the architectural firm of Murray, Jones, Murray, Inc. spanned the year. Financing for the structure is by a \$4,465,000 construction assistance grant from the U.S. Public Health Service and \$1.5 million allocated by the State Regents. The design development phase was completed May 27, 1975, when the State Regents approved and accepted the architectural design plans. A start on construction in late 1975 is anticipated. Academic program needs were confirmed and translated into space design, for an economical and practical facility that will facilitate the educational program.

In addition to using the allocated Educational and General Budget of \$807,635.00 for FY 1974-75, the College received development support from federal agencies: Health Professions Capitation grant, \$89,439; Start-Up Assistance Grant, \$360,000 (\$1.5 million over four years); and Health Professions Student Loan Program, \$12,677. A proposal for a Student Work-Study Program was approved for \$44,788 for the following year.

A highlight of the year was the salutary report by the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) Accrediting Team, which in November made its second annual on-site visitation to evaluate the College for continued pre-accreditation status. The Survey Team reported that the College is successfully meeting current and future needs of the students as determined by the Bureau of Professional Affairs of the AOA, officially recognized by the U.S. Commissioner of Education as the accrediting agency for colleges of osteopathic medicine.

In summation, much has been accomplished this past year as the College moved toward its goal of graduating osteopathic family physicians to meet the health care needs of Oklahoma. Considerable credit for the institution's vigorous growth and development is due the Governing Board, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, for their guidance and support. Much work remains, but the College enters its third year of development and operation firmly established and ready for the tasks ahead.

CARL ALBERT JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT JOE E. WHITE
Poteau, Oklahoma

The Board of Regents and President of Carl Albert Junior College had as its primary goal during the 1974-75 academic year, the com-

pletion of a student union facility and the initiation of a physical education complex.

The student union complex, which was constructed with self-liquidating bonds, is now completed. Although no arrangements were made for floor covering, outside drainage, parking, or a snack bar, the building is now in use by staff and students. The student union houses a recreation room, a lounge, three meeting rooms, a student senate office, a bookstore and adequate restroom facilities. The facility, once completed in its entirety, will certainly enhance the student life and the college.

The plans for a physical education complex were presented to Chancellor Dunlap, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. Appropriate grants of \$150,000 each were approved by the respective bodies for the construction of the physical education complex. Construction is now in progress. The facility will unquestionably enhance the college operation and the student life at Carl Albert Junior College.

Progress continued on the development of policies for the Board of Regents, procedures for the administration and faculty, and student handbooks. Although none of the above-mentioned items are completed, it is the goal of the Board of Regents and the administration to have these completed by the close of the 1975-76 academic year.

A positive and aggressive effort to increase enrollment was begun. The F.T.E. average for the academic year was increased to slightly above 500. This was a monumental stride for the college and was assisted by an enhanced evening community service program. Support from local and area residents from this program continued at a high level, as it has in the past.

CLAREMORE JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT RICHARD H. MOSIER
Claremore, Oklahoma

Claremore Junior College was established in 1971 by the Oklahoma Legislature to replace the declining Oklahoma Military Academy on an old and antiquated campus at Claremore, Oklahoma.

The growth and establishment of a new and refreshing mission in less than adequate facilities was continued during the 1974-75 academic year. Record numbers of students were served as 1,200 were enrolled in credit-hour courses during the spring semester and 3,541 persons were enrolled in non-credit, special interest, instructional programs during the year.

In the midst of unprecedented growth with no money for capital improvements and no new educational programs approved the focus

for the year was upon the planning and development of the strongest possible base for the accomplishment of the goals and purposes of the college.

A major portion of college land was sold as a requisite to approval of a \$3.4 million plan for remodeling and reconstruction of the campus by the State Board of Regents for Higher Education. Arrangements were made to establish a sound financial base for the payment of bonded indebtedness inherited from the Military Academy and the revenue bond system was saved from default.

A year-long self-study culminated in the publication of the *Self-Study Report, Claremore Junior College 1974-75* and a visit by an accrediting team from the North Central Association in the spring of the year. The college was subsequently notified of full accreditation by the Association.

Community services were expanded and extended. As a result more than 38,000 men, women, and children from Oklahoma and surrounding states visited the campus for special events and conferences during the year. These activities coupled with the non-credit classes resulted in activity on the campus that began to generate broad enthusiasm and support for the college and Oklahoma higher education.

As a first step in the implementation of a long-range planning model for Claremore Junior College an *Educational Needs Survey* of area high school juniors was completed. The findings were made a part of a publication issued in the spring of the year to be used as a reference in developing a model for *Claremore Junior College 1982*.

The limitations to quality educational service posed by disreputable facilities and a lack of occupational and technical programs were felt more severely than ever before. It became readily apparent that the desire for services was increasing but that neither the programs nor the facilities were adequate to meet the need.

By the end of the year a "can do" attitude permeated the entire campus. With the help and support of the members and staff of the State Board of Regents for Higher Education and the people of Oklahoma through their representative bodies the college was ready to begin the development of more effective service.

CONNORS STATE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT MELVIN SELF
Warner, Oklahoma

During the year 1974-75 the college has experienced its most rapid growth in history. For the first time the F.T.E. will exceed 1,000 and preliminary enrollment applications would indicate approximately

1,500 for 1975-76. The fall enrollment was 23% over the preceding year, the spring enrollment was 70% over the previous spring, and the summer enrollment was 126% over the previous summer.

During the year we have worked steadily at remodeling buildings with funds from the HERO bond issue and have a net gain of 6 classrooms and 7 faculty offices. With an enrollment increase in excess of 700, it would appear that we have continued to lose ground and that classroom space will continue to be our principal need. We had eleven classes in excess of 100 and many more above 50.

Faculty and staff salaries have increased approximately 10%, but still lag about 2% behind the increase in the cost of living. Our personnel status is fairly stable, but shows some indication for instability over previous years.

Technical education remains the most innovative and compelling area of need. We have had a net increase of only two programs since 1965 and our enrollment has quadrupled in that period. We find ourselves frustrated and locked into a program designed for the 60's and are compelled to serve in a position of "status quo" while the world moves on without us. We can generally concede that the 70's have been lost to progress and we should now start looking to the 80's which no one can anticipate. We are literally swamped with great numbers of students who need and demand more innovation for modern living, but we are saddled with a policy of no new programs and without regard to our needs. Until that policy is liberalized, little progress can be anticipated except in terms of numbers.

Sound fiscal policies have allowed the college to remain in good financial condition. While many services have been neglected because of a shortage of resources and facilities, the policy of the Board of Regents has been effective in requiring fiscal responsibility, thus allowing us to remain solvent in all categories and with all obligations being met promptly. While the college may find itself falling short in many of its assigned missions, it has exercised extreme fiscal responsibility. The college still maintains the cheapest cost of operational services of any college in the state in order to serve the many students of low economic backgrounds.

EASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT JAMES M. MILLER
Wilburton, Oklahoma

During the school year 1974-75, Eastern Oklahoma State College has experienced a very healthy growth of veterans attending Eastern and is able to be of greater service to the adults in eastern Oklahoma.

Eastern enrolled more than 800 veterans, and offered several courses for adult and evening classes.

Eastern continues to upgrade our Technical Education program by offering Meats Technology for the first time. The Drafting Department has been revised and upgraded and now has a Design Option. The Electronics Department has been donated a 4K desk-type computer for classroom instruction.

In the agricultural area, we have added a swine herd, a sheep flock, and have completely revised the farm operation.

Area adults continue to utilize the TalkBack Television System, and the originating colleges and universities are striving to offer those courses requested by adults in all geographic areas served.

Extensive modification of the audio visual equipment has been made, to include remodeling of an area on the third floor of the Library for complete classes to be held for special programs, films, etc. In addition supervised self-study facilities have been improved and expanded.

The Associate Degree of Nursing program received National League of Nursing Accreditation.

In the academic programs leading to a Baccalaureate Degree, Eastern Oklahoma State College has been making changes in its curriculum commensurate with the changes being made in the four-year schools and universities. We are continuing to search for better methods to present our curriculum in our classes.

Our faculty is a distinguished, competent group interested in the welfare of students. They are teachers who concern themselves with exploring the best possible ways of making our educational programs effective, challenging and innovative in order to achieve the best possible environment for student learning.

Faculty salaries have increased from an annual salary for 9-10 month faculty of \$11,294 in 1974-75 to \$12,255 in 1975-76.

Our athletic teams have had a very successful year. Our track team had a very outstanding year by winning our conference and region. We developed a very solid tennis team, both boys and girls. Our boys basketball team has been involved in a rebuilding program.

The academic ability of our student body seems to increase each year. We stress the philosophy of expecting responsible standards from our students and we rely heavily on the students and their selected representatives to maintain these standards. The philosophy has been met with considerable success, thanks to stable student leaders.

Auxiliary enterprises of the college continue to be self-supporting and revenue meets or exceeds debt service and costs of maintenance.

Eastern continues to be a service institution for eastern Oklahoma.

EL RENO JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT A. R. HARRISON
El Reno, Oklahoma

The 1974-75 academic year marked the thirty-sixth year of operation for the El Reno Junior College. Increases in enrollment continue as new and existing programs are expanded to serve the postsecondary education needs of the young people and adults of Canadian and surrounding counties.

Programs in pre-engineering and pre-nursing were developed to include four semesters of academic work. Applications for Associate Degree Programs in Nursing, Corrections, and Law Enforcement were developed and submitted to the Oklahoma State Board of Regents for Higher Education for accreditation.

Programs leading toward the Associate in Arts Degree were implemented at the El Reno Federal Reformatory for the benefit of the inmates at that institution. Additional programs were developed in Mid-Management and Marketing and Merchandising that will be implemented in the near future.

Equipment was replaced in the Business and Natural Science Divisions. Plans were completed for the construction of laboratories for classes in Life Science, Physical and Earth Science, Business, and Art. These facilities will be completed in November 1975. This project includes approximately 10,000 square feet of additional space. The total physical plant will consist of 51,000 square feet.

The college was granted Candidate for Accreditation Status by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools on July 1, 1973. Progress continues toward full accreditation.

MURRAY STATE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT CLYDE R. KINDELL
Tishomingo, Oklahoma

The major emphasis of Murray State College during this reporting period has been the continued development of the institution into a more comprehensive two-year college commensurate with the assigned functions prescribed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education: To provide a comprehensive two-year postsecondary educational program to serve the needs of residents of the South Central Oklahoma counties of Atoka, Bryan, Carter, Coal, Garvin, Johnston, Love, Marshall, Murray, and Pontotoc; to provide an educational program which gives predominant emphasis to technical and occupational education; to provide a program of general education which will enable students to develop the attitudes, knowledge, qualities and skills necessary for them to be effective as a person, a family member and a citizen; to provide educational programs of two years or less for

students who plan to transfer into baccalaureate and professional programs at senior colleges and universities; to provide a program of education for youth and adults whose previous educational experiences have not prepared them for achievement at the collegiate level; to provide guidance and counseling services for all students; to provide community services to improve the cultural, economic and social environment of the area served by the college.

The college was officially notified that it was fully accredited by the North Central Association. The Associate Degree Nursing Program was officially accredited by the National League for Nursing.

The renovation of the Administration Building was completed and is being fully utilized. The Engineering-Technology Building is nearing completion.

During this reporting period, the college experienced a growth in students being served from 706 to 1,010, reflecting positive results from improved curriculum, the Ardmore Higher Education Center, and the physical facilities renovation. Educational services to the community are being provided the local citizenry through cablevision originating on campus.

During the next reporting period, plans are being made to improve the learning resources center, improve parking lots, and continue campus beautification. Concerted effort will be placed on improving instructional programs to more readily meet the needs of the changing student population.

NORTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA A&M COLLEGE
PRESIDENT D. D. CREECH
Miami, Oklahoma

In August, 1974, Northeastern Oklahoma A & M College commenced its fifty-fifth year with an enrollment of 2,330. This enrollment is a reversal of the enrollment trends for the past few years during which slight decreases have occurred. The spring semester saw the College experience the largest spring enrollment in its history with a headcount of 2,169 and a FTE of 1,960. The increases during the academic year can be attributed partially to refined selection, admissions, advising, and retention policies that better meet the needs of students. The state of the economy is another factor affecting the increase in the number of students.

The College is continuing its self-study efforts in an attempt to secure the data needed to make internal changes and modifications and also to meet the requirements of the North Central Accrediting Association. A great deal of progress has been made during the past year in meeting the educational needs of the college's community.

While continuing to meet the needs of the "typical" college student, emphasis is continuing in the area of community service to better serve our adult public. Extra effort has been expended to involve more adults in degree-type programs both in the day and extended-day classes. In addition, adults have been encouraged to update their skills and to prepare themselves for positions of additional responsibility.

The enrollment of minorities and women has increased both numerically and percentage-wise during the past year. If this present trend continues, the availability of minorities and women in the labor pools will be increased. Surveys are being made of all academic areas to determine attitudes and expectations of prospective students as well as the status of the job market for the graduate.

In May, 1974, the Associated Degree Nursing program graduated its first class. All twenty graduates passed the Senate Board examinations and are now employed. The program received full approval from the Oklahoma Board of Nurse Registration and Nursing Education and also from the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

Over forty per cent of the faculty have attended school during the past two years. The enthusiasm and desire of the faculty to improve themselves professionally is contagious and is continuing to spread.

The renovation and equipping of Copen, Shipley, and Cunningham Halls is almost complete. Four tennis courts, a volley ball court, and two shuffle board courts have been completed and are ready for student use. An IBM 360, Model 30, computer to be used for instructional and administrative purposes has been installed. A closed-circuit TV monitoring program for the Child Development Laboratory School has been completed. The College is in the process of improving its Learning Resource Center in both print and non-print areas. While the above are steps in the right direction, a need exists to improve the classroom and laboratory equipment in other areas of the College.

While there are still many unmet needs in this community, the College believes much progress was made in meeting many of the needs during the past academic year.

NORTHERN OKLAHOMA COLLEGE
PRESIDENT EDWIN E. VINEYARD
Tonkawa, Oklahoma

The fall enrollment in 1974 showed a slight decline for the second consecutive year. Although some stabilization in enrollments was expected in congruence with national trends, considerable concern was evident among the staff upon revelation of actual statistics. The downward trend was reversed for the spring semester when enrollment climbed slightly above that of the previous year.

The institutional administration attempted a modified form of MBO during the year. During the fall pre-conference three institutional goals were declared. There were: (1) Humanizing the entire collegiate experience; (2) Improving the quality of academic and other services to students; and (3) Promoting the institution and giving it viability in a competitive milieu. Divisions were asked to plan objectives around these general goals. A midyear report and an end-of-year report were requested on activities and accomplishments of their goals and objectives. It was generally felt that this procedure helped to focus staff efforts and introduced an expectancy of accountability.

A \$660,000 facilities renovation was practically completed during the year. This brought air conditioning to two older academic buildings, major exterior improvements and preservative work, and an overall positive change in the quality of the learning environment. Considerable difficulties have been experienced with the project in terms of performance of the contractor and certain of the subcontractors. The project has not yet been given final acceptance and some contract funds are still being held by the institution.

Planning and contract letting was accomplished for another facilities project involving renovation of two buildings and the addition of an indoor swimming pool. This project was well under way at the close of the year.

OSCAR ROSE JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT JOE LEONE
Midwest City, Oklahoma

Current changes in higher education are providing tremendous opportunity for the urban two-year college in America, and the fiscal year covered in this report, July 1, 1974, through June 30, 1975, was one of significant progress at Oscar Rose Junior College. In fiscal year 1975, the College received full accreditation from the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools and accreditation or appropriate approval by the official agencies in the respective Health Occupations fields; experienced enrollments in record-setting numbers of students; received assurance of full funding from state-appropriated funds; began construction of new Humanities and Social Sciences buildings; purchased five acres of adjacent property as well as made arrangements for the purchase of more than twelve acres and a three-story building to be used for classroom and office space for specialized academic programs.

Full accreditation for Oscar Rose Junior College was granted by the North Central Association for Colleges and Schools following their annual spring convention. This accomplishment is viewed as the most significant event in the brief history of this institution of higher edu-

cation. Following submission of the Self-Study Report in May of 1974, an on-site visit by team members from the North Central Association was held November 10-13, 1974. The team recommended full accreditation for our College, and approval was formalized in a letter from the Association in April, 1975. It is also important to point out that this institution received national accreditation of our Dental Hygiene and Radiologic Technology program in fiscal year 1975, and we received official notification on September 18, 1975, that our Medical Laboratory Technology program was fully accredited for five years by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association.

Collegiate enrollments increased to 6,253 students in the fall 1974 semester and to 6,951 students in the spring 1975 semester, making this institution the fourth largest in the state of Oklahoma in terms of collegiate head-count enrollments. To effectively handle these increases, 25 full-time instructors were added to the teaching staff bringing the full-time faculty to 97 for the spring 1975 semester compared to 81 a year earlier, a 20% increase. The combined teaching loads of all faculty resulted in a full-time teaching equivalency of 136.2 in FY 75 compared to 110.9 for FY 74, a 23% increase. Each FTE instructor produced an average of 970 Student Credit Hours during the academic year.

The capital improvement program for new classroom buildings for the Humanities and Social Sciences was implemented in September of 1974. The 2.4 million dollar project will provide much-needed classroom and parking space to help alleviate over-crowded conditions. The Humanities Building was completed in time for fall 1975 classes, and the Social Sciences Building will be ready later in the fall semester. Also during the past year, five acres of adjoining property was purchased, and the College Campus Master Plan was updated with new priorities set to include the purchase of an existing building to become the College Health/Environmental Science Building.

Fiscal year 1975 was the first complete year this institution operated as a full member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, and we believe we are now better able to meet the needs of our expanding student population. Oscar Rose Junior College appreciates the local and state support provided in the past and looks forward to continued cooperative relationships as this College enters its sixth year of service as a public institution of higher education.

SEMINOLE JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT ELMER TANNER
Seminole, Oklahoma

The period covered for this report is from July 1, 1974 through June 30, 1975. It was a period of continued development of Seminole

Junior College. Progress and growth can be illustrated in the student body, faculty and staff, as well as the physical facilities of the College. The student body increased from 1,275 students to 1,438 during this period of time.

The College received \$250,000 from the State to construct a facility to house music, art, two laboratory classrooms, a lecture room and offices for all Student Personnel Services. The College also received a \$500,000 appropriation from the legislature to construct a new Library and Media Center. It is hoped that this project will get under way in the Fall of 1975.

During the 1974-75 school year, Seminole Junior College received full accreditation from the North Central Association of Secondary Schools and Colleges. The College was notified by the National Nursing League that they will visit the College during the school term, 1975-76 to review the nursing program for full accreditation with that agency.

The faculty increased from 41 full-time faculty members to 48. During the school year 1975-76 over 10,000 individuals either participated in our community service programs or used the College facilities for various civic functions.

The school year 1975-76 will be a challenge to the administration, faculty and student body as it continues to grow with an enrollment projected at over 1,700 students.

Seminole Junior College is appreciative of the local and State support provided in the past and looks forward to this continued cooperative relationship.

SOUTH OKLAHOMA CITY JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT DALE L. GIBSON
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

In recapping the past year's activities in development, one becomes aware of the numerous tasks that were accomplished by the Board, administration, faculty, staff, and students.

A very strong, sincere Board began the year with the election of Bob McKillips, Chairman; David Hunt, Vice Chairman; and Jane Hardin, Secretary. This Board was immediately presented the task of selecting a new president due to the brief tenure of Dr. Hugh Turner when he resigned because of the need to move closer to his parents. Thus, they immediately began a very thorough and efficient process of screening and selecting a president that culminated with the appointment of Dr. Dale L. Gibson in the October 9, 1974, Board Meeting to begin his duties on December 1, 1974.

In December of 1974 the second phase of the building program began when a large three-story complex that adjoins and is located to the west of phase one, was completed. This phase was also open space as had been the previous building. This building program comprised approximately 167,936 square feet.

Progress was made towards full accreditation with the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools in the form of a biennial visit, leading up to anticipated Self-Study to be completed in 1975-76, for an evaluation in late 1976.

Also along this same line was the completion of an institution-wide status study by the faculty and staff of South Oklahoma City Junior College. This was an excellent report completed by the faculty and staff to better give those members of the academic community a look at the institution and the progress it has made toward carrying out the goals laid out in the Master Plan.

In February, a new organizational structure was approved which hopefully will enhance the operations and organization of the institution.

The institution showed considerable growth in student population with an increase of 43.2% credit hours for the total year over the previous year, which reflects the institution's ability to begin to meet the needs of the community in which they exist.

The Board also made another great stride in their adoption of a Board of Regents Policy Manual in June, 1975.

TULSA JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT ALFRED M. PHILIPS
Tulsa, Oklahoma

Tulsa Junior College began its fifth year in August 1974 with a record enrollment of 5,591 students. An estimated 3,000 students were turned away because of lack of space. Hours of operation are from 7:00 a.m. through 11:00 p.m. on week-days and also on Saturday until 1:00 p.m. The majority of students attending Tulsa Junior College are employed (81%) on a full-time or part-time basis. The average student age is 26 years.

Forty-four (44) technical and occupational programs were in operation and are generally related to the following areas: Computer Services and Data Processing, Health Related Services, Management and Business Services and Industrial Service Technologies, and Police Science and the Protection Technologies. Emphasis in each program is upon the production of skilled practitioners who can function effectively in the area in which they have trained. Enrollment in technical and occupational courses has risen to 46.5% of the total student enroll-

ment. Counseling and advising of students is emphasized and the faculty, and administration as well as counselors, are involved in this process. Over 900 enrollments are represented in the Computer Science Institute, alone, and the availability of skilled personnel in the employment market, trained at Tulsa Junior College has made a definite impact on the computer industry in Tulsa. Tulsa Junior College has been a major factor in the decision of many industries in recent years to locate in Tulsa.

Tulsa Junior College is organized instructionally into four divisions: Communications Services, Business Services, Scientific and Medical Services, and Cultural and Social Services. A Computer Science Institute, a Medical Services Institute, and an Industrial Services Institute function to serve these specialized areas. All programs and courses, both academic transfer and technical and occupational, are offered among these divisions.

The Special Programs Division continues to grow as public demand for special non-credit courses increase. These programs enhance the service function of the College in that each course or series of courses is designed to meet very specific interests and needs of individuals as well as those of business, industry, and professions in the Tulsa area. Courses are generally of short duration and may be repeated as long as demand exists. This type of program flexibility is very attractive to industry and the professions. Many of these classes are taught at off-campus locations in the community including public school facilities in several communities outside of Tulsa. These classes are self-supporting from the tuition paid by the students.

Tulsa Junior College looks to a most successful sixth year of operation.

WESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT, W. C. BURRIS
Altus, Oklahoma

Western Oklahoma State College, operating in 1974-75 under its new name, made significant advancement towards its primary objectives of continuing the development of the academic programs, initiating changes in the administrative structure, progress toward full regional accreditation, and continuing concentration on the completion of the new campus facility for occupation in 1975-76.

The college year was one of growth, organized planning, and directed research in all of the demanding and challenging aspects of the institution's functions. It was marked by serious study by students, improved instruction and instructional methods by the faculty, and serious consideration for future needs by members of the administration.

Enrollment at the college continued to grow with the number of students reaching 2,721 for the 1974-75 school terms. FTE enrollment rose to 792.4, a 34 percent gain. Degrees were conferred on 132 students, the largest number since the college was founded in 1926.

The 1974-75 year also saw a gain in the Educational and General Expenditures Budget of \$693,339, a 42 percent increase over the previous year.

Additional faculty and staff members were employed, bringing the total college personnel to 63. Faculty salaries increased 10 percent for an annual average of \$9,665 in 1973-74 to \$10,609 in 1974-75.

Two new degree programs and 14 new courses were added to the curriculum.

In student services, extended counseling for minority students and evening college students was developed. Expanded guidance and counseling was provided through the appointment of a Director of Evening Class Program in response to a need for administrative supervision, due to increased numbers of students, and to determine future course scheduling and to identify other academic needs of night students.

A minorities counselor and instructor of developmental studies was appointed to work with individuals having educational deficiencies, especially in the areas of reading, math, and language arts.

Other new student services include a summer, on-campus orientation program for freshmen and introduction of a Leisure Learning program of credit and non-credit activities. Increased programming for older students was emphasized.

The college continued its service to the community through the Talkback Television System and with short-term courses and workshops offered as Community Service Programs in adult continuing education.

Accelerating its efforts, started in the fall of 1971, for full accreditation by the North Central Association, the college had an on-site biennial examination and evaluation during the fall semester. Research and writing of the Self-Study Report was continued throughout the year by faculty committees, and a consultant was selected to assist in the accreditation activities.

A change in the image of the college library to that of a Learning Resources Center was launched. Traditional library and audiovisual services were coordinated into a program to better provide students and faculty with a unified service. New AV equipment and materials, additional periodicals, and 1,984 new volumes were purchased. Library holdings reached 16,430 volumes this year.

The Western Oklahoma State College Foundation Trust Inc., established in July, received its first bequest of \$127,877 to begin a student scholarship program of assistance to worthy students.

Students continued to participate in areas affecting their welfare. They were appointed to college committees, their campus organizations grew stronger, and they were involved in evaluation of faculty, courses, and programs of the institution.

Funds for capital improvements were provided by the Oklahoma State Legislature to complete Phase I and II of the new campus building program. Appropriations of \$3,800,000 have been made to complete the administrative wing, classrooms, library, laboratories, and the physical education—music facilities. The sale of \$300,000 in revenue bonds enabled the college to proceed with the construction of the Student Center. The college is scheduled to occupy the new 142-acre campus by January 1, 1976.

Western Oklahoma State College completed its fifth year as a member of the State System of Higher Education.

SAYRE JUNIOR COLLEGE
PRESIDENT HARRY PATTERSON
Sayre, Oklahoma

Sayre Junior College has been in operation for thirty-eight years offering educational opportunities to students in southwestern Oklahoma.

In May, 1975 the college graduated sixty-seven students. This was the largest graduating class in the history of the college. Thirty-three of the graduates completed medical laboratory technician and medical assistant programs. There is an increasing interest in the health career programs because of the high salaries paid and the number of jobs available in the health related fields.

The classroom building has been completely remodeled and an additional 3600 square feet has been added to the present facilities. In the new addition will be a library, science laboratory and faculty offices. Total construction and equipment in the new project cost \$150,000.00.

The college continues to upgrade the library by spending \$10,000.00 on books and equipment each year. With the new library appropriation by the legislature and the new facilities just completed the college should have a first-rate library.

Instructors salaries were increased from \$700.00 to \$900.00 during the past year making an average of \$1,600.00 increase over the previous two years.

Terminal night classes are being offered that are of interest to the adults of the area and for the young college students who are employed during the day.

AMERICAN CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
PRESIDENT DAVID A. NOEBEL
Tulsa, Oklahoma

American Christian College experienced a very traumatic 1974-75 school year as it separated from its parent organization — the Church of the Christian Crusade. Billy James Hargis resigned as president, and its vice-president, David A. Noebel, moved into the presidency. Dr. George Small became the new vice-president of the school.

It now appears that the College will possess all the land and buildings between 28th and 30th streets on South Sheridan Road. The College assumes a mortgage on the buildings and property of about \$700,000.

American Christian College is now an independent, educational institution with its own board of trustees and regents separate from the board of trustees of the Church of the Christian Crusade.

Apart from the separation experience which consumed nearly the whole year, the College did progress on a number of fronts.

The school had its largest enrollment with 228 students. It added additional full-time faculty members and increased its curriculum course offerings.

Dr. John Stecklein, University of Minnesota, is the College's consultant for North Central accreditation. His concern and advice have been deeply appreciated as the College prepares for North Central examinations and the completion of its status study.

~~O~~new library facility was completed and the students now have access to the acquired Emporia College library with its 40,000 volumes.

The College's 100,000 FM radio station continues to make friends for the school, and started to break even financially this year. The station reaches into Kansas, Missouri and Arkansas and provides Tulsa and surrounding areas with the finest in religious broadcasting, talk programs, classical and religious music, news and sports.

This year American Christian College competed in inter-collegiate sports in basketball and baseball. The basketball team won the NCAA division 5 playoffs and went to Chattanooga, Tennessee for the finals. The team took fourth place.

The baseball team surprised everyone in the area with a 43-9 record beating the University of Tulsa and the University of Arkansas. The

school with only 228 students proved to be a small college powerhouse in baseball.

Financially, the College has had its ups and downs. Although some big gifts of land have eased the burden considerably, it will take some time for the school to establish its own financial basis, but the administration is working diligently toward such an end.

BARTLESVILLE WESLEYAN COLLEGE

PRESIDENT JOHN SNOOK

Bartlesville, Oklahoma

Again this year, Bartlesville Wesleyan registered a gain in enrollment. With a numerical increase of 101, the regular enrollment figures reached 483 for a 26 per cent increase. Adding those enrolled in the special Certified Professional Secretaries workshops and talkback T.V. courses, the total enrollment reached 515. Students come from 26 states and represent 25 different denominations.

Evaluation and programming to meet the requirement for full accreditation by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools continues to receive primary consideration. Among the significant gains made is the doubling of the library's holdings during the past two years.

Moving from a junior college status to a four-year institution has been a challenge. The accomplishments are gratifying. All of the first class of graduates with an Elementary Education major have signed teaching contracts. They are teaching in California, South Dakota, Kansas, and Oklahoma.

In planning programs for new and expanding majors, local leaders have formed advisory groups. These specialized groups are providing valuable assistance to our Academic Committee.

Modular housing units forming a quad provide additional housing for women. A campus landscaping program has enhanced the beauty of the campus. The next scheduled building program is the construction of a physical education-auditorium building.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College has been named a Bicentennial College. During the 200th birthday of our nation, The Wesleyan Heritage Singers will be traveling presenting patriotic and religious programs in schools, conferences and churches, and to civic organizations.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College enjoys the support of both its local community and sponsoring church. Both supporting groups believe in the philosophy and purpose of the College.

The philosophy of the College is built around quality education in a Christian environment. The College respects the dignity of every student. A sense of dedication to the task of gaining an education and living an exemplary Christian life is strongly encouraged. The College recognizes that to live adequately in this space oriented, accelerated world of the latter 20th century, it is necessary to help each student strengthen his self-discipline. Bartlesville Wesleyan College believes that the ingredients of dignity, dedication, and discipline will enhance the life of each student who matriculates through her academic program and further that these three basics will assist in the development of scholars.

BETHANY NAZARENE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT STEPHEN W. NEASE
Bethany, Oklahoma

Bethany Nazarene College enters this Bicentennial Year as A Bicentennial College committed to God and Country in Retrospect and Prospect! A college under the ownership, control, supervision, and patronage of the Church of the Nazarene, she serves the South Central Educational Zone of her Church, composed of the states of Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, and Louisiana.

While Bethany Nazarene College is an institution of the Church of the Nazarene, it is not sectarian to the exclusion of young people from other denominations. The present student body comes from 41 states and 9 foreign countries, and represents 31 religious denominations and sects. All earnest and sincere young people who desire a thorough education in an atmosphere that is spiritual and Christian are welcome.

In the past three fiscal years the College's accumulative indebtedness has been reduced from \$2.3 million to \$850,000, with the current budget in balance each of these years. Several scholarship programs, including CHOICE, (Christians Helping Others In Christian Education) have been inaugurated.

Improvements this past year have included the finishing of the top floor of the Science Building for the Division of Social and Behavioral Sciences, and the renovation of the former Fine Arts Auditorium, which has been recently dedicated as the Cantrell Music Hall in appreciation for the years of service of President Emeritus and Mrs. Roy H. Cantrell.

A 10 acre site has been acquired for development into use in Physical Education facilities.

Baccalaureate degrees are offered in 22 academic fields. In addition the Masters of Arts degree is offered in Religion, Elementary and

Secondary Language Arts and Social Studies Education. Students pursuing the M.A. program under this umbrella may concentrate in Speech Communication, English, Reading, History, Political Science, Psychology or Sociology.

Bethany Nazarene College is an institution of higher education which draws its orientation and articulates its objectives from at least three clearly defined perspectives: liberal arts, professional vocational, and the Hebrew-Christian. The three are integrated within a distinctive college community where students are involved in a personal search for the meaning of life. The search for meaning and personal identity are items of primary concern in the overall objectives of the institution — Character, Culture, Christ!

MIDWEST CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
PRESIDENT ROBERT H. ALEXANDER
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Midwest Christian College has been making steady gains during the last six months. Robert H. Alexander has become the seventh President and was inaugurated to that office on October 5, 1975. Upgrading of programs and facilities, in addition to strengthened faculty resources has been the thrust of the new administration.

The student body numbers 157 full-time students, two more than the preceding year. Because of an extension course in Ponca City last year, the official records show a drop in numbers of students. However, the number of full-time students has increased.

Seven part-time instructors in the field of Christian Education brought in for intensive periods of two to four weeks have added greatly to the depth of that major area. Eleven full-time professors and twelve part-time professors serve at the present time.

The limited scope of the college's purpose limits enrollment. Growth of the student body has been gradual throughout most of its history, increasing from an initial thirteen students in 1946 to its present level. A master plan for the campus has been developed that would allow 500 resident students. Sixty-five per cent of the students come for the State of Oklahoma. Seven other states and two foreign countries are also represented.

Intensive work is being done with the American Association of Bible Colleges in an accreditation process. Full accreditation will be reached in approximately one and one half years from now.

Midwest Christian College enjoys a rich relationship with the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, and has been accredited with them since 1961.

Plans for this year call for an expansion of the library facility; the paving of key parking lots and driveways, the building of two tennis courts, and the erecting of a major sign on the south side of our 45 acre campus.

OKLAHOMA BAPTIST UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT WILLIAM G. TANNER
Shawnee, Oklahoma

Oklahoma Baptist University accomplished a first in its 64-year history during 1974-75 by breaking all existing enrollment records. The record year started with an all-time high of 1,808 students for the fall of 1974, followed by records for the January Interim Term, 1,325, the spring semester, 1,683, and the summer term, 569.

More than two-thirds of OBU's students, 1,218, shared a total of more than \$1.5 million in financial aid during 1974-75. That included scholarships, grants, loans and campus employment, in addition to the new state Tuition Aid Grant Program.

Despite inflation in every area, OBU ended the 1974-75 fiscal year with a balanced budget and the board of trustees approved a record \$4,751,700 budget for 1975-76, an 8.8 per cent increase.

OBU was justifiably proud of the accomplishments of one of its most popular professors, David L. Boren, who won the state's governorship while on leave of absence from teaching duties. Gov. Boren credited OBU faculty, staff and students with the initial boost for his campaign. A special dedication service, the first of its kind, was held on the OBU campus as part of the inauguration.

Gov. Boren returned to OBU in May to deliver the school's annual commencement address to a record 311 graduates. On the same day, he helped break ground for OBU's Mabee Learning Center, a \$1.8 million facelift and addition to the current OBU library. Construction of the Learning Center is scheduled for completion by July of 1976.

OBU's student profile showed 48 per cent men and 52 per cent women in 1974-75. Over two-thirds of OBU students, 1,251, were from Oklahoma, 512 were from out-of-state, and 45 were from foreign countries.

Both the Academy and European Study Programs marked their 11th year during the summer of 1975. Thirty-seven rising high school seniors participated in the Academy program for outstanding high school students and over 50 students and faculty made the annual trek to Europe. The study-tour participants spent five weeks touring England and much of the continent, before settling down for five weeks of study in Paris.

The OBU faculty adopted a Statement of Excellence and created a self-study committee, the Professional Status and Standards Committee, during 1974-75. The university also adopted a new tenure and promotion policy and implemented a sabbatical leave program for further study and research by faculty members.

Col. William Pogue, an OBU alumnus and Skylab III pilot, was the featured speaker at Fall Convocation. Honorary doctorates were awarded Pogue, Robert C. Howard, Jr., Oklahoma City businessman, and Rev. Finley Tinnin, Oklahoma City pastor.

New Jersey architect William M. Thompson and New York economist Walter Blass made week-long visits to the OBU campus under sponsorship of the Woodrow Wilson Senior Fellow Program. OBU is the only Oklahoma school selected for the three-year program.

OBU president William G. Tanner was re-elected chairman of the Education Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention in June. In addition, he was awarded an honorary Doctor of Laws degree from his alma mater, Baylor University, in May.

In July, Dr. Tanner was a participant in the leadership of the Baptist World Alliance in Stockholm, Sweden.

OKLAHOMA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
PRESIDENT J. TERRY JOHNSON
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Established in 1950, Oklahoma Christian College observed its 25th Anniversary during the 1974-75 academic year. With the support of students, faculty, and many friends, the college enjoyed a year of extended celebration.

In addition to the excitement of the Silver Anniversary year, Oklahoma Christian College witnessed the inauguration of her third President, Dr. J. Terry Johnson. Dr. Johnson received the Presidential Medallion in a formal inaugural ceremony held on September 26, 1974. On September 27, the college embarked upon an ambitious campaign to raise \$10 million dollars for future growth and development. The campaign successfully reached the halfway point in the first year. The August 31, 1975, total stood at \$5,016,543.

1974-75 provided the college with an excellent increase in admissions. The fall enrollment numbered 1,451, an increase of 16.5 percent over the 1973-74 total. With the size of the student body increasing steadily, several major building projects were in various stages of planning or construction.

The most recent physical addition to the campus is a new women's residence hall. This building serves as the campus home for 96 students and contains kitchen facilities for student use.

Construction began on the new college Activity Center. This project will cost \$1,240,000 and will yield a desperately needed 40,000 square foot student cafeteria and recreation area. In addition to the Activity Center, plans were begun for the proposed Fine Arts Center to be constructed during the 1976-77 school year.

For the eleventh consecutive year, the college balanced its budget by operating within its income. One of the institutional goals of the college is to remain fiscally sound and responsible in all aspects of its financial operations.

The national stature of the institution was enhanced through several public events. The National Learning Center Conference was held on the campus in October and featured Mr. Patrick Haggerty, Chairman of the Board at Texas Instruments, Dr. B. Lamar Johnson, Professor of Higher Education at U.C.L.A. and Mr. James Holderman of the Lilly Endowment. Throughout the year Citizenship seminars and forums were held in many cities throughout the Midwest presenting American opinion leaders to over 4,000 high school students.

In April, Dr. George Gallup presented the highly informative results of his poll on "Student Attitudes." Oklahoma Christian College sponsored the survey with the support of a major private foundation.

Throughout the year academic personnel labored over the preparation for the 1976 North Central re-accreditation visit. This process affords the faculty and staff the opportunity to re-examine the curriculum and strengthen established programs through careful study for future growth. Of the 40 faculty members, 60% hold the earned doctorates.

1974-75 was a most rewarding year for Oklahoma Christian College. The success of the past appropriately set the stage for 1975-76.

The Oklahoma Christian College administrative structure includes, Dr. James O. Baird, Chancellor; Dr. J. Terry Johnson, President and Chief Executive Officer; Dr. R. Stafford North, Executive Vice President and Guy J. Ross, Vice President. The Academic Dean is Dr. Bailey McBride; the Business Manager, Gary L. Fields; the Dean of Campus Life, Dr. Richard M. Mock and the Dean of Admissions and Registrar, Mr. Bob D. Smith.

OKLAHOMA CITY UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT DOLPHUS WHITTEN, JR.
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

The year 1974-75 at Oklahoma City University witnesses the implementation of a new long-range plan for the university, an enlargement of the membership of the Board of Trustees, the organization of eight advisory committees, a marked increase in enrollment,

the successful completion of a major fund campaign, increased church support, the activation of a new division of planning and development, the reorganization of the religious life program, the approval of a new graduate program in the performing arts, and course enrichment and experimental programs in all branches of the institution.

The trustees adopted a ten-year plan, setting forth the goals and objectives of the university, the resources needed to achieve them, and a schedule for the implementation of the plan, which had been developed by committees of administration, faculty, students, trustees, and the consulting committee from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

As a part of the plan, the Board of Trustees was increased by twelve members, board meetings were scheduled quarterly rather than annually, the eight advisory committees were organized, composed of trustees and other prominent leaders.

The fall enrollment in 1974 totaled 3,010. This was sixteen per cent over the previous year and represented an increase of thirty per cent in a two-year period in credit hours carried. Included in the enrollment were 170 students from twenty-two foreign nations.

The 1974 Programs for People fund campaign in the Greater Oklahoma City area, with a goal of \$1.9 million, was oversubscribed by \$44,000. The Oklahoma Conference of the United Methodist Church apportioned \$500,000 annually among its churches for the support of OCU. As a result of increased enrollment and gift support the year ended with an excess of income over expenditures.

In the fall of 1974 Dr. Michael Ford was named vice president in charge of a new Division of Planning and Development, and at mid-year Mr. David Graham was added to his staff as Public Relations Director.

Under the leadership of Dr. William R. Henry, Vice President for Church Relations, and Chaplain Dulaney Barrett, the religious life program was reorganized and strengthened, and new training opportunities were provided for church leadership.

The Graduate Council approved a new Master of Performing Arts degree program, with majors in opera, musical theater, ballet, and drama.

All four branches of the university — the College of Arts and Sciences and the Schools of Business, Law, and Music — enriched their course offerings and engaged in the development of innovative programs.

Under a grant from the Fund for the Improvement of Post-secondary Education, committees of the faculty pursued the creation of a Competency-Based Degree Program and alternative learning modes.

A grant from the U.S. Office of Education funded the continuation of an Enrichment Program for Indian Teacher Aides for the public schools.

In addition to providing academic programs for its constituency, OCU continued to offer informational and consultative services through its Business Research Center and its Legal Services Center, and to serve as a cultural center for Central Oklahoma, sharing its facilities with such organizations as the Lyric Theatre, Civic Music Association, Metropolitan Ballet, Chamber Music Series, Oklahoma City Junior Symphony, and many others, and joining in consortium arrangements with the Oklahoma City Arts Council and public schools.

OKLAHOMA MISSIONARY BAPTIST COLLEGE,
INSTITUTE & SEMINARY
PRESIDENT R. T. PERRITT
Marlow, Oklahoma

Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College has enjoyed an eventful period during 1974-75. In fact, it has been of such nature as to affect the course and the future of the institution.

In 1974 the college began a building and remodeling program that was completed in the early summer of 1975. The result was more modern, practical facilities with more than twice the floor space previously used by the school; therefore learning conditions and working arrangements are much better for the students, faculty and administration. Furthermore, because of the planning in this construction, the college can build additional facilities that will again more than double the present floorage at a nominal cost.

The college received preliminary accreditation through the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education the latter part of June, 1975. This is a step toward making Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College a larger and more effective institution. From all indications, with the process of accreditation will come a definite growth numerically and financially in the next few years.

A review of 1974-75 reveals more than a construction program and an approval of preliminary accreditation. The records reflect an increase in enrollment and in finances. The increase in enrollment is not a large number; however, in that enrollment are more first year students than usual, a most encouraging fact. Financially, support has increased in total donations and total donors. Donations and income have met the operating expenses and provided most of the construction costs.

The 1974-75 period in the history of our school has been rewarding and challenging. We look forward to opportunities for far greater service to our constituency, our state, our nation and our world.

ORAL ROBERTS UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT ORAL ROBERTS
Tulsa, Oklahoma

During the 1974-75 academic year, Oral Roberts University added three major buildings to its physical plant, completed development of and received accreditation for its masters-level programs in business administration and theology, introduced five academic majors and a baccalaureate degree program to its undergraduate curriculum, increased its endowment fund by 13%, bringing it to the \$40 million mark, and embarked on an ambitious campaign to develop and open schools of medicine and dentistry by 1978 and a school of law by 1979; an exciting finish to the University's first decade of operation!

ORU graduated 324 students in 1975 as its seventh 4-year class, more than the total enrollment when the University opened in 1965. Of these graduates, 205 received bachelor of arts degrees, 101 received bachelor of science degrees, 18 received bachelor of music education degrees. Honorary degrees were conferred upon Richard Lloyd Jones, Jr.; Byron Vest Boone; Sherrod Lee Braxton; Edward Lawrence Goodwin, Sr.; and Tommy Tyson.

During the 1974-75 term, a team from the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools visited the ORU campus to evaluate resources and proposed programs for graduate work at the master's level. Accreditation for the ORU School of Business, which offers a master of business administration degree, and School of Theology, which offers a master of arts (theology) degree, was received in March.

Changes in the administrative organization included naming of Collins Steele as Administrative Assistant to the President. Two vice-presidents were added to the administrative staff: James Kraft, M.D., Vice-President for Health Resources, and Jack Wallace, Vice-President for Student Affairs. Frank Holder, Colorado, was elected to the Board of Regents.

ORU also completed plans for its Department of Nursing (set to open in September 1975), and began majors in aerobics, chemistry, special education-learning disabilities, and computer science. In addition, ORU introduced a baccalaureate-degree in music, with concentrations in performance, sacred music, and composition. ORU now offers 29 majors on the undergraduate level, and study in 7 preprofessional fields and 3 minor areas, including certification in 12 areas of education.

The Kenneth H. Cooper Aerobics Center opened in September 1974. This \$2-million facility houses classrooms, four hardwood courts for basketball, gymnastic and weight-training areas, an indoor track and Olympic-size swimming pool, Human Performance Laboratory, and physical-education classrooms. Each student at ORU is required to enroll in physical-education classes each semester and engage in

a personalized physical-fitness program. Dr. Kenneth Cooper, the keynote speaker at the formal dedication of the building, revealed the beginning of long-range research being undertaken by Oral Roberts University in physical fitness and preventive medicine. Harding College, Southern Methodist University, and the Dallas Institute for Aerobics Research are cooperating with ORU in the 10-year study.

A new residence hall for 80 athletes was constructed during the 1974-75 term. The \$750,000 structure features a central atrium, training table, and study rooms equipped with Dial Access Information Retrieval System units.

Construction was also completed for the \$4-million, 4,000-seat Worship Center which houses the Spiritual Life Department and Counseling Center. Remodeling of the Classroom Center, which houses Student Affairs and Admissions offices, Campus Store, and several academic department offices was also completed. Both buildings were set to open in August 1975.

ORU again had 100% occupancy of its residence halls, with a total of 3,500 full-time and part-time students representing every state, 24 foreign countries, and more than 40 denominations.

In May, following extensive feasibility studies, the Board of Regents and Administration of the University revealed far-reaching plans for a second decade of growth. These plans call for the establishment of medical and dental schools in 1978, and the opening of a law school in 1979; the construction of two 12-story residence halls to house an additional 750 students; and the doubling in size of the University's Learning Resources Center (adding 250,000 square feet.) Key features of the expansion in graduate education include a concern with cross-pollination, by which each graduate department (business, theology, medical/dentistry, and law) will engage in interdisciplinary seminars; a continued concern with development of spirit and body on the graduate level; and an intertwining of undergraduate and graduate faculty roles. Undergraduate programs will also see increased cross-pollination and a greater synthesis and depth in course content. A nation-wide effort to raise an initial \$60 million in endowment for the medical and dental school was announced to begin in the fall of 1975.

ORU enters its second decade with full University status and an ongoing concern with educating the whole man — spirit, mind, and body.

PHILLIPS UNIVERSITY
PRESIDENT TOM BROCE
Enid, Oklahoma

The opening of the \$1.85 million Gantz University Center highlighted events as Phillips University began its 69th academic year.

Construction of the building was completed less than 13 months after ground was broken. The 30,000 square foot building contains a large multitorium, bookstore, lounges, meeting rooms, snack bar and administrative and student government offices.

Other building projects completed the past year include the \$55,000 O.B. Weaver Tennis Center and memorial to the university's namesake, Thomas W. Phillips. Faculty offices in the university's Marshall Building were also renovated.

A major academic appointment was made when Dr. Joe R. Jones, former faculty member at Perkins School of Theology, Southern Methodist University, was named dean of Phillips' Graduate Seminary.

Phillips also formally instituted its goal-oriented personalized program of study plan, allowing students greater flexibility in developing an academic curriculum consistent with an individual's vocational and educational goals.

A newly implemented summer modular program resulted in Phillips largest summer school enrollment in six years, and enrollment at the university's Colorado campus was the largest in the camp's 26-year history. Phillips opened the 1975-76 year with an enrollment of 1,355.

Nearly 270 degrees (75 per cent baccalaureate) were awarded at the close of the 68th academic year in April, 1974.

Among Phillips' newest academic programs is "Seniors in Education", launched in the fall for citizens 62 years of age and older. And Phillips' Swedish program entered its third semester as 12 students and a professor traveled to Mallsjo, Sweden for a semester's study at the Mallsjo Folkhogskola (People's College).

The university operated on a budget of \$3,053,226 (excluding auxiliary enterprises) during the 1974-75 academic year. Annual Fund giving to Phillips, which includes all unrestricted support, totaled \$748,000.

Phillips continues to emphasize the interdisciplinary approach in its program of liberal arts, and the recent academic reorganization into four study centers, graduate center and seminary, has already spawned several new interdisciplinary courses.

To share the many talents and skills of faculty, students and staff, Phillips has initiated an "Education Plus" program, featuring free non-credit classes taught by volunteers, on a less formal basis.

Student services received a significant boost with the addition of two student development directors to deal with personal counseling, career advising and educational programming. Expanded vocational placement services have also been developed in the Community Life area.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TULSA
PRESIDENT J. PASCHAL TWYMAN
Tulsa, Oklahoma

During the reporting period members of the University community were involved in an intensive overall long-range planning process with outside consultants. Dr. Harold Hodgkinson, director of the Berkeley Center for Higher Education and now director of the National Institute for Education, evaluated and advised the University on its statements of long-range goals and objectives. Also, a consulting team from Cresap, McCormick and Paget, Inc. over a seven-month period, conducted extensive interviews on campus and in the community. The team analyzed statistical information on the University's programs, faculty and students and prepared a volume of detailed recommendations for the University's development over the next decade. These recommendations will be carefully evaluated by trustees, faculty and students during the current year.

In the normal course of University activity all colleges increased the involvement of faculty in seeking and recruiting students with high academic ranking with measurable success.

Most colleges were also engaged in modification of courses and curricula and several new opportunities for cooperative inter-disciplinary activity were defined.

The College of Nursing was upgraded from a "school" early in the reporting period. This upgrading recognizes the mature stature of the college which has also completed the process of placing its curriculum in a new format with the modification of two junior-level courses.

Within the College of Arts and Sciences the various disciplines have been grouped into "faculties."

During the reporting period 19 books written by University faculty were published as were a number of professional journal articles, attesting to the increasing quality and contributions of the faculty.

Interest and participation in the University's non-credit programs enjoyed further expansion. The "Hello" program of continuing education repeated its successes and the Center for Management Development continued in popularity with community business people.

The Law School Committee of the Oklahoma Bar Association visited the University twice during the reporting period and returned extremely favorable reports. The College of Law, in cooperation with the state bar association and the University of Oklahoma began a professional development effort which will continue to expand in the future.

Grants and contracts from outside sources exceeded one million dollars, a new record which indicates greater participation by University faculty and students in research projects. The \$1,216,612 record figure came not from large funding of a few projects, but from a greater number of research endeavors. Forty-two projects were supported, eleven more than in the previous reporting period.

Research projects, included activity in all disciplines, not only in the scientific, engineering and educational divisions, but also in the various areas of the humanities and arts.

University libraries also reported a record-breaking mark: the acquisition of our 500,000th volume came on March 12, 1975. The historic volume, donated by Dr. Rennard Strickland, is a rare Indian education textbook *Elementary Arithmetic in Cherokee and English*, published in 1870 in Tahlequah. Dr. Angie Debo, widely-known Indian and Oklahoma historian, spoke at the presentation ceremony.

Financial assistance to students exceeded \$3,500,000 during the reporting period. This represents aid to some 2,500 full-time undergraduate, graduate and professional students and about a \$200,000 increase over the previous year.

In physical plant activity the new Kendall Hall with facilities for the communications department and theatre was dedicated in February, 1975. The new \$2.1 million building occupies the site of the original Kendall Hall built in 1907.

Total operations expenditures for the fiscal year (ending May 31, 1975) was \$16,521,073, up some \$2 million over the previous year.

Fall enrollment in 1974 was up by 2.3 percent and new freshmen came with a 2.95 grade point average. The mean transfer grade average of new students with previous college experience was 2.84 on the 4.0 scale compared to 2.75 the previous year.

BACONE COLLEGE
PRESIDENT CHARLES D. HOLLEYMAN
Muskogee, Oklahoma

Bacone College has completed its ninety-sixth year serving primarily the American Indian youth.

New construction was started on the C.C. Harmon Nursing

Facility to be completed in 1976. This facility will allow the School of Nursing to service twice the number of students it now serves.

The deficit of \$233,000 was reduced in 1975 to \$80,000 total, with the projection of the remaining deficit to be retired the following year.

A program of physical improvements to various teaching areas was begun with two major areas receiving major improvements during the year.

The college placed the faculty salaries on a gradation scale for the first time in the school's history. The full placement of each faculty member on scale will be attained in two years.

The college has entered a planning and research mode to better plan and project programs and needs, based upon hard data in the future.

Several large foundation grants were obtained during 1975, which have allowed the great improvement in all areas of the college community.

Bacone College is involved with a number of tribal governments, trying to meet needs of our many Indian communities in Eastern Oklahoma.

In 1975 the college studied various forms of programs that can be offered by the institution to meet more of the Indian and Muskogee community's needs.

Personnel has been added to research, prepare and submit proposals to more federal and private sources during the coming year.

Bacone College serves students from thirty-five states in the Union and has eighty-five Indian tribes represented in the current student body.

HILLSDALE FREE WILL BAPTIST COLLEGE

PRESIDENT BILL M. JONES

Moore, Oklahoma

A twenty-seven percent increase in student enrollment continues the upward trend for Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College during the 1974-75 school year. With students transferring from our Junior College program into colleges and universities in a five-state area and with the continuing emphasis on our 4-year ministerial preparation program, Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College continues to emphasize the individual student's need.

The demand for continuing education on the part of adults over a wide area of our constituency has enabled us to implement our

extension school program to a greater degree. It will be brought under a created department that will be known as the External Studies Department of Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College. Also, a permanent extension campus is being considered for Tulsa.

Continued expansion of our physical facilities on-campus include a President's home, a faculty staff duplex, and a facility for housing students that has been nicknamed the "Four-Plex". All of these have been completed within the past 12 months. More is anticipated as enrollment continues to demand increased facilities.

More than 1000 volumes were added to our library during the past year. A full-time librarian is anticipated for the coming year. We also anticipate a significant expansion in faculty members and as a result, a significant increase in curriculum development. Both the library and curriculum development will be in an attempt to meet the expressed direct needs of every student.

Hillsdale operates on the principle that the curriculum should be tailor-made for every student and even with the increased number of students, we still attempt to give personal counsel to every student and encourage them in their selected field with a tailored curriculum.

ST. GREGORY'S COLLEGE
PRESIDENT MICHAEL ROETHLER
Shawnee, Oklahoma

On August 27, 1974, St. Gregory's College began its fall semester with an enrollment of 300 students from 18 states, one Philippine and eight foreign countries. The student body is very much a cosmopolitan unit yet the number of students from Oklahoma is rapidly increasing.

St. Gregory's College issued Associate Degrees to eighty-seven graduating sophomores. Of this number thirteen males and thirteen females received Associate of Science degrees, eight males and two females received Associate of Business degrees, twelve males and fourteen females received Associate of Arts degrees, seven males and eighteen females received the Associate of Applied Science degrees. Seventeen students were awarded the Allied Health program certificate in addition to their Associate Degree.

The thrust of the 1974-75 academic year was with the academic program of the college. The academic dean, along with the academic council, proposed many new policies and programs which will assure the college a position of strength as it continues to define and re-define its goals and objectives for the future. All were approved by the faculty.

First of all, a new structure was implemented which allows faculty

members to become directly involved with the decision-making process of the nation's Cost of Living Index. Through the College's Faculty Development Program, over 50% of the faculty were able to attend seminars, workshops, and institutes related to their particular areas of study.

Moreover, a new policy for the admission of foreign students was adopted in order to limit the number of unqualified students applying for admission. Too, the College's residency requirement was re-defined in order to assure that each graduate of the College has pursued a program of study in keeping with the objectives of the College.

The St. Gregory's College curriculum was thoroughly reviewed and evaluated. As a result, 29 courses were deleted from the curriculum; only 9 courses were added. Also, a policy of Advanced Standing Credit was clearly defined in order to allow students whose previous educational experiences have enabled them to master subjects beyond the level of a typical high school curriculum to receive college credit for those experiences. Finally, an evening division of adult education classes was initiated to allow members of the immediate community to pursue any of the four degrees which the College offers at night.

Each division chairman, along with the members of his division, reviewed the strengths and weaknesses of his division in order to establish specific objectives for the 1975-1976 academic year. Appropriate methods were identified for the successful achievement of those objectives.

In addition, the College re-established its Office of Guidance on a full-time basis with positive results. More students were served through direct counseling and follow-up studies necessary for the continued development of an effective program.

Overall, 1974-1975 was a year of continued growth, as the faculty and students continue to be committed to the educational aspirations of St. Gregory's College.

OKLAHOMA CITY SOUTHWESTERN COLLEGE
PRESIDENT HUGH H. MORGAN
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

The most substantial change at Southwestern College this past year came in the area of Administration. Dr. W. R. Corvin resigned as President of the College. He served the College as both an instructor and as President. His long tenure of office, 14 years, produced many successful academic programs. Five new buildings were added to the physical facilities and the campus was enlarged from ten acres to forty-one acres. The student population had an outstanding increase

from 200 to over 2,000. The College expresses its appreciation to Dr. W. R. Corvin and wishes him only the best in the future.

As the new President of Southwestern College assumes this important role of leadership there will be no major educational philosophical changes. The institution is still dedicated to the need for private higher education. The basic administrative structure of the College will remain the same and continue to strive for higher standards of quality education.

In the academic structure of the College considerable notice has been given to the increasing interest in adult and continuing education. Our College now has nearly half of the enrollment in its evening College. This increased enrollment has enabled the College to secure a full-time Dean of the Evening College.

The student enrollment during the past year continued its increase with approximately another 200 new students. Part of the success of this program is the creation of an Academic Counseling Center that is open for counseling and enrollment during the semester.

With our classrooms functioning at complete capacity, the need for new classrooms will be accommodated with a new Fine Arts Building to be constructed in 1976. In addition to the Fine Arts Building a new Chapel is also planned and should be constructed in 1976.

CHAPTER II
HISTORICAL AND STATISTICAL INFORMATION

OKLAHOMA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES—1975

Some 37,809 young people completed the 12th grade and were graduated from high school in Oklahoma in May, 1975. Herewith are the numbers by county.

Adair	241	Grant	108	Nowata	148
Alfalfa	80	Greer	102	Okfuskee	175
Atoka	180	Harmon	71	Oklahoma	7,055
Beaver	113	Harper	74	Okmulgee	515
Beckham	225	Haskell	142	Osage	313
Blaine	178	Hughes	183	Ottawa	445
Bryan	373	Jackson	422	Pawnee	161
Caddo	482	Jefferson	91	Payne	561
Canadian	597	Johnston	114	Pittsburg	548
Carter	564	Kay	827	Pontotoc	416
Cherokee	274	Kingfisher	244	Pottawatomie	727
Choctaw	182	Kiowa	182	Pushmataha	133
Cimarron	68	Latimer	107	Roger Mills	34
Cleveland	1,381	LeFlore	523	Rogers	578
Coal	84	Lincoln	328	Seminole	369
Comanche	1,447	Logan	270	Sequoyah	371
Cotton	92	Love	87	Stephens	596
Craig	216	Major	130	Texas	279
Creek	736	Marshall	118	Tillman	161
Custer	304	Mayes	360	Tulsa	6,092
Delaware	289	McClain	314	Wagoner	254
Dewey	104	McCurtain	477	Washington	731
Ellis	64	McIntosh	224	Washita	171
Garfield	799	Murray	143	Woods	176
Garvin	378	Muskogee	865	Woodward	266
Grady	423	Noble	147		
				TOTAL	37,809

DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN AND BRANCH CAMPUS ENROLLMENTS IN THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION BY COUNTY, STATE AND OUTLYING AREA FALL SEMESTER 1974

Enrollment by County

Adair	420	Cotton	142	Jackson	1,383
Alfalfa	300	Craig	396	Jefferson	131
Atoka	263	Creek	863	Johnston	504
Beaver	246	Custer	1,846	Kay	2,095
Beckham	476	Delaware	394	Kingfisher	456
Blaine	352	Dewey	178	Kiowa	362
Bryan	1,511	Ellis	157	Latimer	629
Caddo	927	Garfield	1,202	LeFlore	1,119
Canadian	1,408	Garvin	690	Lincoln	460
Carter	1,323	Grady	1,194	Logan	656
Cherokee	1,261	Ghant	257	Love	121
Choctaw	270	Greer	292	McClain	388
Cimarron	140	Harmon	137	McCurtain	575
Cleveland	6,018	Harper	192	McIntosh	569
Coal	129	Haskell	261	Major	244
Comanche	4,136	Hughes	371	Marshall	245

Mayes 648
 Murray 303
 Nowata 2,307
 Nowata 368
 Nowata 184
 Okfuskee 330
 Oklahoma 27,131
 Okmulgee 1,398
 Osage 745
 Ottawa 1,177

Pawnee 303
 Payne 2,390
 Pittsburg 1,594
 Pontotoc 1,437
 Pottawatomie 1,230
 Pushmataha 220
 Roger Mills 115
 Rogers 1,015
 Seminole 1,368

Sequoyah 515
 Stephens 1,060
 Texas 946
 Tillman 290
 Tulsa 13,145
 Wagoner 461
 Washington 1,582
 Washita 416
 Woods 596
 Woodward 423

TOTAL STATE 101,386

Enrollment by State and Outlying Area

Alabama 52
 Alaska 11
 Arizona 82
 Arkansas 332
 California 284
 Colorado 150
 Connecticut -60
 Delaware 7
 Florida 121
 Georgia 46
 Hawaii 17
 Idaho 18
 Illinois 400
 Indiana 88
 Iowa 110
 Kansas 558
 Kentucky 42
 Louisiana 139
 Maine 21
 Maryland 65

Massachusetts 45
 Michigan 77
 Minnesota 62
 Mississippi 120
 Missouri 404
 Montana 21
 Nebraska 86
 Nevada 37
 New Hampshire 18
 New Jersey 187
 New Mexico 161
 New York 297
 North Carolina 45
 North Dakota 35
 Ohio 111
 Oklahoma 22
 Oregon 125
 Rhode Island 14
 South Carolina 31

South Dakota 42
 Tennessee 213
 Texas 1,331
 Utah 13
 Vermont 2
 Virginia 87
 Washington 29
 West Virginia 25
 Wisconsin 40
 Wyoming 24
 Canal Zone 15
 Dist. of Columbia 35
 Guam 4
 Puerto Rico 6
 Virgin Islands 3
 TOTAL STATES AND OUTLYING AREAS 6,370

Enrollment by Foreign Country

TOTAL FOREIGN COUNTRY ----- 2,926
 TOTAL ENROLLMENT ----- 110,282

A COMPARISON OF MAIN AND BRANCH CAMPUS FALL SEMESTER ENROLLMENTS IN THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION 1964-1974*

Institution	1964		1965		1966		1967		1968		1969		1970		1971		1972		1973		1974		
	Enroll.																						
OU (Main Campus)	14,163	15,640	15,473	15,980	16,930	17,607	18,032	18,441	19,484	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647	19,647
Health Sciences Center	669	689	712	746	806	882	1,016	1,166	1,303	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	
OSU (Main Campus)	13,038	14,889	15,827	16,368	16,658	17,304	18,219	18,476	18,010	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	18,342	
Vet. Med.	1,176	1,180	1,183	1,181	1,183	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	
OSU-TT	2,917	2,341	2,422	2,360	2,562	2,297	2,373	2,771	2,664	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	2,667	
OSU-TI	463	535	647	805	1,035	1,246	1,307	1,362	1,422	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	
CSU	6,966	8,038	8,364	9,312	10,209	10,572	10,608	10,678	10,481	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	11,330	
ECOSU	2,321	2,736	2,900	2,976	3,058	3,003	2,914	3,092	3,082	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	3,006	
NEOSU	4,138	4,640	5,080	5,746	5,992	5,776	5,480	5,520	5,402	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	5,262	
NWOSU	1,535	2,006	2,168	2,431	2,641	2,507	2,543	2,258	2,208	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	2,223	
SEOSU	2,175	2,238	2,201	2,209	2,267	2,445	3,086	3,740	3,795	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	3,402	
WOSU	3,159	3,737	4,180	4,549	4,861	5,070	5,174	5,482	5,563	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	5,053	
Cameroon	2,027	2,381	2,430	2,950	3,506	3,524	3,304	3,726	3,713	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	3,970	
Langston	925	1,187	1,279	1,311	1,336	1,225	1,109	1,236	1,250	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	
Panhandle	913	1,073	1,167	1,267	1,338	1,338	1,341	1,268	1,155	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	
USAO	651	805	1,007	1,033	913	980	929	1,015	1,177	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	
OCCOMS	135	177	277	311	402	367	432	429	430	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	
CAJC	657	717	752	683	685	777	662	950	1,049	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	
Claremore	519	553	548	653	692	749	762	919	924	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	932	
Concord	879	1,102	1,116	1,135	1,265	1,286	1,336	1,536	1,638	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,623	
Eastern	207	249	307	341	412	437	425	502	494	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	481	
El Reno	549	659	751	716	803	757	705	869	730	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	
Murray	1,712	1,816	1,750	2,069	2,368	2,420	2,289	2,316	2,270	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	2,259	
NWOMC	801	978	1,005	1,074	1,207	1,338	1,767	3,021	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	3,643	
NOC	106	115	105	90	89	359	604	705	889	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	1,275	
ORJC	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
Seminole	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
SOJC	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
TJC	436	463	482	535	557	638	665	791	810	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	
WOSC	190	170	212	208	183	230	308	317	251	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	266	
Savre	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
TOTAL	61,427	70,438	73,365	78,049	82,978	85,322	91,959	98,156	101,515	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	105,690	

*Includes enrollments in off-campus centers and those in adult education or correspondence courses.

ENROLLMENT OF VETERANS IN OKLAHOMA

Public Law 89-358, Veterans' Readjustment Benefits Act of 1966, gives educational benefits to veterans, certain veterans' dependents, and service men with more than six months active duty after February 1, 1955. Since original enactment, amendments have passed increasing monthly benefits, providing additional entitlement to undergraduate veteran students, and extending to ten years from date of discharge for completion of training.

Veteran Enrollment in Oklahoma

Colleges and Universities	12,801
Junior Colleges	9,248
Hospitals	20
Business Schools	91
Public Schools	83
Vocational Schools	3,905
Apprenticeship & OJT	841
TOTAL	26,989

SUMMARY OF CORRESPONDENCE AND FALL EXTENSION ENROLLMENTS 1974-75

Institution	Correspondence 1974-75	Fall Extension 1974-75
University of Oklahoma	1,892	2,793
Oklahoma State University	994	543
Central State University	425	--
East Central Oklahoma State University	226	21
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	381	40
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	156	67
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	24	143
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	35	--
Cameron University	--	17
Langston University	--	--
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	--	--
University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma	--	--
TOTAL	4,133	3,624

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1974-75

County	09	00-RSC	08U	Vrt	08UTT	08UTI	CSU	EC08U	NE08U	NW08U	SE08U	SW08U	Cameroon	Lapeer	USA0	08GBS
Adair	12	5	27	1	26	1	5	2	321	1	1	4				
Alfalfa	19	8	73		4		5		1	178	137	1				
Atoka	19	3	27		6		5	13	1	57		37				
Beaver	16	8	30	1	1	1	4					150				3
Beckham	39	6	56	2	6	3	8					196		1		3
Blaine	24	5	68	5	17	1	8					2				
Bryan	46	5	22	1	7	1	8	7	2		1378	4				
Caddo	107	7	124	3	34	8	30	5	3	2	2	318				184
Canadian	170	21	196	3	7	62	211	6	2	6	5	164				17
Carter	233	9	176	1	16	3	47	183	5	1	346	11				12
Cherokee	40	3	50	1	27	1	2	1	1096	1	5	2				2
Choctaw	13	2	22	1	13	2	6	7	7	1	121	1				1
Cimarron	6	3	22	1	8							12				
Cleveland	4518	132	158		27	144	220	42	5	3	2	38				10
Coal	15	1	12	1	2			55	1	1	7	12				
Comanche	430	29	237	1	59	8	30	8	5	2	7	117				29
Cotton	16	4	26	1	3		5			1	19	8		6		1
Craig	38	5	77	3	4		10	5	54	3	3	3				2
Creek	119	9	256	1	51	4	61	15	66	3	3	11				2
Custer	74	9	96	1	8	4	13	1	3	2	2	1614				2
Delaware	16	1	63	1	6	1	1		151		1					1
Dewey	9	1	30	1	6	1	3			10		105				1
Ellis	15	1	38	1	2		3			44	1	24				1
Garfield	184	34	552	4	31	7	94	3	2	127	2	97				3
Garvin	186	13	118	2	39	2	36	201	2	1	3	6				26
Grady	185	12	114	2	13	8	62	9	1	2		60				657
Grant	19	8	75	1	9	4	12		1	79	1	9				1
Grant	11	5	33		8	2	2					54				1
Greer	7	4	25		3	2	2	1		2	2	48				1
Harmon	9	4	32	1	2	1	4			78		16				1
Harper	20	3	18	2	8		17	6	45		16	4				1
Haskell	54	6	54	2	34	2	8	76	3	2	5	100				1
Hughes	137	7	98	2	20	4	68	17	1	1	21	11				8
Jackson	19	1	25	2	9		8	2	2	3	67	2				3
Jefferson	14	1	24		9		3	38	2	74	3	21				1
Johnston	244	18	678	6	46	5	148	4	10	38	1	81				3
Kay	29	11	135	3	13	7	80	9	7	38	1	138				3
Kingfisher	51	4	61		5	3	6	1	7	2	38	3				3
Kiowa	4	4	37	2	3		6									
Lainor	10	4	37		3		6									

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1974-75 (continued)

CU	9U-NSC	SSU	Val. Ind	ESUTT	ESUTI	CSU	ECOSU	NEBSU	NWOSU	SEBSU	SWOSU	Cameras	Exemption	USAO	SCDS
LeFlore	57	9	121	3	30	2	18	14	133	1	59	2	4	4	1
Lincoln	44	6	136	1	20	6	123	17	6	4	5	6	3	3	1
Logan	31	9	152	2	16	3	223	2	6	4	1	18	5	157	—
Love	15	1	19			1	16	16			43	1	1	2	—
McClain	139	6	74	3	7	20	13	46	4	1	3	15	—	—	—
McCurtain	53	3	100	1	63		23	30	4	1	217	8	21	27	1
McIntosh	42	4	55		35	2	12	15	82	1	23	2	1	1	—
Major	12	5	86	1	4	1	2			56	49	1	1	—	—
Marshall	17	1	16		2	2	2	15	1		126	1	1	—	—
Maye	45	4	144	2	31		8	1	222	2	2	5	2	—	—
Murray	55	5	41	2	5		3	101	1		10	6	—	—	—
Muskogee	187	23	289	4	91	1	42	5	950	1	5	18	3	55	2
Noble	20	6	202	6	5	2	37	6	4	5	4	4	—	—	—
Nowata	23	3	47		2	11	31	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	—
Okfuskee	38	4	55		42	2	23	46	7		1	2	1	—	—
Oklahoma	5176	527	2724	34	130	1235	8788	93	36	29	56	270	11	28	1
Oklmulgee	130	7	199	2	658	1	39	53	127	2	17	7	42	244	4
Osage	61	6	287	1	33		32	6	62	21	4	8	2	2	—
Ottawa	81	8	126	2	17	1	21	6	43		1	7	1	—	—
Pawnee	15	4	150	1	10		26	2	10	2	1	1	1	—	—
Payne	138	16	2022	16	22	2	41	8	10	9	7	3	24	—	—
Pittsburg	156	17	147	2	39	1	61	134	37	1	149	6	2	2	4
Pontotoc	127	14	81	1	30	3	16	1091	1	4	6	3	1	1	—
Pottawatomie	232	16	225	2	31	19	108	111	6	8	7	5	1	5	—
Pushmataha	21	4	30		17	1	5	9	3		63	1	—	—	—
Roger Mills	2	1	16		4			1	1	1	45	—	—	—	—
Rogers	66	4	156	1	27	2	7	3	151	1	2	4	1	1	—
Seminole	149	10	85	1	37	2	19	247	7	2	8	6	5	3	2
Sequoyah	37	6	54	2	22	1	9	1	247	2	3	3	—	—	—
Stephens	218	14	252	1	40	7	90	61	3	1	18	63	175	100	—
Texas	27	6	144	3	12	1	12	1	38	1	2	44	1	1	—
Tillman	40	3	75		7		6	3	1	1	2	52	10	2	—
Tulsa	2140	153	3322	19	314	12	212	41	961	11	37	65	115	9	10
Wagoner	29	5	61		22		2	1	208	4	7	6	4	1	—
Washington	363	42	742	3	19	4	109	11	66	5	3	3	—	—	—
Washita	22	2	66	5	6		14		3	467	10	—	—	—	—
Woods	37	4	55		7	1	6	1	115	3	119	—	—	—	—
Woodward	29	4	94		9		16	1	115	3	119	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	17244	1372	16643	171	2451	1618	11426	2907	5224	1540	3072	4565	3726	790	1151
															32

ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1974-75 (continued)

County	Par. hands	CAJC	Claremore	Cassess	Eastern	EI Reno	Murray	NEBANC	NBC	ORIC	Seminole	SGCJC	TJC	WOSC	Says
Adair	5		1	6	1			13	2				3		
Alfalfa												3			
Asoka	36			1	12		35		1	1					3
Beaver	11						1	5	1	1					177
Beckham	1					2		1	1			4			
Blaine					3		20	3	1	1			1		
Bryan	2				4		2	5	1	5			2		
Caddo	8				4		4	5	1	27		60	1	2	
Candian	8				423		248	4	1	2			1		
Carter	1		2	1	3			6	1	3			3		
Cherokee			3	9			6	2			3	5			
Choctaw					31										1
Cimarron	78		1	1	9		11	6		382		271	3	1	
Cleveland					2		18					1			2
Coal				2	4	1				4		1	3		
Comanche					1		4	3					1	1	
Cotton	1														
Craig	2		11	1			1	174					4		
Creek	4		12	8	4			52	2		3		160		
Custer	3					1		3		2			1		3
Delaware					2			140					4		
Dewey	6						1					2			1
Ellis	26														2
Garfield	5				1			9	40	3	1				
Garvin							15	5	2	9	9	1			
Grady	2				1	12	2	2	2	6		16	1		
Grant	1							5	29	1				161	12
Greer			1	1										37	1
Harmon	2								8						2
Harper	33			28	66						2	4	1		
Haskell		26		5	20		5	1			83				2
Hughes		2											1	862	2
Jackson		1			1		15	6		2	1				
Jefferson															
Johnston					3	1	328	4	815	1	1		2		1
Kay			3	1	5			6	4	6		11	3		1
Kingfisher					2	26		1		1		3	1		3
Kiowa														47	
Latimer	1	7		1	498										



ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY — FIRST SEMESTER 1974-75 (continued)

Par-handls	CAJC	Claremere	Connors	Eastern	El Reno	Murray	MEADAMC	MDCH	OGJC	Seminole	SOJC	YJC	WOSC	SAVM
	546		4	96			1	1	8		6	2		
LeFlore		1	3	3		4	6	1	16	47	1	1		
Lincoln		1	1	6			2	4	4		6	1		
Logan						20		4				1		
Love				1		4		4						
McClain	1		1	2	1			4	8	2		3		
McCurain				31										
McIntosh	1	1	241	42						22		1		
Major	3			1										
Marshall								1			1			
Mayes		72	11	1				1			1	11		
Murray			1	1				1			2			
Muskogee		6	561	1				1				21		
Noble			1			2								
Nowata	1	24		6		2	29	71				4		
Okruskee	1	2	1	1		1	4		1			1		
Oklahoma	5	2	2	4		5	25	11	5494	14	3038	4		
Oklmulgee	4	4	1	1			10		2	5		45		
Osage	4	4	1	1			53	68				75		
Ottawa	4	4	1	1			860	27				4		
Ottawa	4	4	1	1			30	27				17		
Pawnee	3	5		3		8	17	26		2	26	9		
Payne	1	1	21	769		5	8		2	1		2		
Pittsburg	1	1	2	2		26			1	26		2		
Pontotoc	1	1	5	10		19	5		67	330	12	1		
Portawatomie			1	62		5								
Pushmataha	15		1	1										
Roger Mills	2	473	1	1			53		2			56		25
Rogers	1	1	1	5		6	2		4	765	2			
Seminole	1	16	1	11		5	6		4					
Sequoyah	1	1	90	4		5	1		3		1			2
Stephens	1	1		4			1		1					
Texas	650													
Tillman	1			1				1						
Tulsa	6	344	22	26		1	269	8	4			36		
Wagoner	3	2	15	4			5		1			5030		
Washington	6	27	25	4			99	11	2		1	58		
Washita	3	4		3			1		2			55		
Woods	2		1	1			1							58
Woodward	2		1	4			2							2
TOTAL	1011	616	1027	1817	505	958	2068	1148	6098	1348	5511	5596	1149	300

**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1974-75 ACADEMIC YEAR**

	BS	MS	CS	ED	HE	HS	MA	PH	SC	SO	US	UN	VA	VI	VT	WA	WI	WV	WY	Total
BACHELOR'S DEGREES																				
Agriculture	—	252	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	259
Architecture and Environmental Design	85	89	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	174
Area Studies	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
Biological Sciences	102	197	50	17	49	17.5	24	50	18	11	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	546.5
Business & Management	429	495	435	76	132	33.5	71	145	156	15	28	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2101.5
Communications	111	76	27	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	224
Computer and Information Sciences	5	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22
Education	472	535	370	193.5	428	75.5	329	249	168	77	60	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2913
Engineering	175	401	—	6	—	—	87	15	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	685
Fine and Applied Arts	107	10	32	2.5	6	1.5	3	12	14	2	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	201
Foreign Languages	28	23	9	5	—	2	7	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	78
Health Professions	147	152	39	77	4	—	—	147	1	7	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	614
Home Economics	60	178	25	4	12	1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	312.5
Law	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
Letters	99	125	74	23	41	14.5	27	21	22	6	9	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	474.5
Library Science	—	—	4	—	2	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.5
Mathematics	39	50	16	14	31	8	10	9	17	4	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	204
Military Science	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Physical Sciences	46	28	41	10.5	9	6	16	24	20	1	4	1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	207
Psychology	124	84	51	9	37	3	17	32	—	—	2	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	364.5
Public Affairs & Services	66	39	—	—	45	20.5	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	188.5
Social Sciences	263	201	150	55.5	98	35	43	45	43	36	27	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	998.5
Theology	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interdisciplinary Studies	60	21	25	13	—	3	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	152
Total Bachelor's Degrees	2432	152	2884	1403	468	953	340	543	782	163	144	160	10804							



**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF DEGREES GRANTED, 1974-75 ACADEMIC YEAR (continued)**

	OSUT	OSUT	CAIC	Chemistry	Concert	Eastern	El Paso	HARRY	HEARMC	NBC	ERIC	Seminole	SOCIC	TIC	WOSC	SAYS	TOTAL
ASSOCIATE DEGREES																	
Arts & Sciences General			54	139	124	136	63	76	264	92	291	118	52	151	123	30	1713
Data Processing Technologies		13				3		9	4					19			48
Health Services Technologies		52			10	27		20	53	53	53		32	91		29	398
Mechanical & Engineering Technologies		67			1	35		16	45	15	12		2	12	3	8	216
Natural Science Technologies						17		5	10	1				1	2		36
Business & Commerce Technologies		4		4		13	2	3	29	38			8	47	8		156
Public Service Related Technologies		59		15	21				16	3			1	49	3		167
Total Associate Degrees		195	54	158	156	231	65	120	404	206	356	118	95	370	139	67	2734
CERTIFICATES																	
Arts & Sciences General											5						5
Data Processing Technologies	45													5			50
Health Services Technologies	21														12		33
Mechanical & Engineering Technologies	698								23								721
Natural Science Technologies	35					10											45
Business & Commerce Technologies	214			5					12					8			239
Public Service Related Technologies													9	2			11
Other																	
Total Certificates	1013			5		10			35		5		9	15	12		1104

NUMBER OF DEGREES GRANTED IN THE UNITED STATES—1971-72

State	Bachelor's Requiring 4 or 5 Years	First- Professional Requiring At Least 6 Years	Master's	Doctor's	Total
Alabama	13,792	486	3,261	276	17,815
Alaska	520	—	258	3	781
Arizona	7,907	254	3,550	386	12,097
Arkansas	7,111	214	1,282	147	8,754
California	78,947	4,682	22,985	3,493	110,107
Colorado	14,186	609	3,593	714	19,102
Connecticut	12,742	593	4,863	578	18,776
Delaware	2,103	—	511	85	2,699
District of Columbia	6,377	1,933	4,683	554	13,547
Florida	22,817	916	5,799	761	30,293
Georgia	15,913	789	4,911	489	22,102
Idaho	3,472	—	1,554	80	5,106
Illinois	2,950	46	507	58	3,561
Indiana	45,115	2,832	14,906	2,142	64,995
Iowa	24,187	573	9,263	1,316	35,339
Kansas	15,054	701	2,606	625	18,986
Kentucky	12,811	452	3,027	382	16,672
Louisiana	12,309	930	3,424	198	16,861
Maine	14,259	844	3,699	449	19,251
Maryland	4,390	60	710	28	5,188
Massachusetts	14,758	643	3,678	617	19,696
Michigan	33,067	2,429	12,166	1,818	49,480
Minnesota	37,819	1,683	13,649	1,710	54,861
Mississippi	19,447	880	2,904	599	23,830
Missouri	9,054	218	1,873	253	11,398
Montana	20,409	1,593	6,101	751	28,854
Nebraska	4,120	39	662	72	4,893
Nevada	9,564	517	1,548	210	11,839
New Hampshire	1,346	—	303	21	1,670
New Jersey	4,701	—	623	63	5,387
New Mexico	22,194	860	6,835	621	30,510
New York	4,726	105	1,490	188	6,509
North Carolina	79,821	4,566	33,301	3,607	121,295
North Dakota	20,776	870	3,909	763	26,318
Ohio	3,963	46	709	83	4,801
Oklahoma	46,832	2,065	10,973	1,483	61,353
Oregon	13,164	420	3,228	509	17,321
Pennsylvania	10,388	507	3,223	573	14,691
Rhode Island	52,618	2,896	14,096	1,817	71,427
South Carolina	5,605	—	1,494	208	1,307
South Dakota	8,715	277	1,398	130	10,520
Tennessee	4,816	65	897	51	5,829
Texas	17,211	1,001	3,829	524	22,565
Utah	45,856	2,381	10,583	1,457	60,277
Vermont	9,595	179	2,165	491	12,430
Virginia	3,345	66	853	35	4,299
Washington	15,733	890	3,600	331	20,554
West Virginia	17,294	377	3,402	541	21,614
Wisconsin	8,077	199	1,493	134	9,903
Wyoming	23,908	665	4,880	861	30,334
	1,389	40	376	78	1,883
TOTAL	887,273	43,411	251,633	33,363	1,215,680

ACCREDITED INSTITUTIONS IN OKLAHOMA HIGHER EDUCATION

The following institutions are fully accredited by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education as of July 1, 1975. Institutions accredited also by the regional accrediting agency, the North Central Association, are indicated with an asterisk. State accreditation for those institutions not regionally accredited extends through June 30, 1976.

INSTITUTION

STATE UNIVERSITIES AND SENIOR COLLEGES

- **University of Oklahoma
- **Oklahoma State University
- **Central State University
- **East Central Oklahoma State University
- **Northeastern Oklahoma State University
- **Northwestern Oklahoma State University
- **Southeastern Oklahoma State University
- **Southwestern Oklahoma State University
- **Cameron University
- **Langston University
- **Oklahoma Panhandle State University
- **University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma
- *Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery

STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES

- ***Carl Albert Junior College
- **Claremore Junior College
- **Connors State College of Agriculture
and Applied Science
- **Eastern Oklahoma State College
- ***El Reno Junior College
- **Murray State College
- **Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College
- **Northern Oklahoma College
- **Oscar Rose Junior College
- **Seminole Junior College
- ***South Oklahoma City Junior College
- **Tulsa Junior College
- ***Western Oklahoma State College
- *Sayre Junior College (Community Junior College)

INSTITUTION

INDEPENDENT SENIOR COLLEGES

- *American Christian College
- ***Bartlesville Wesleyan College
- **Bethany Nazarene College
- ***Midwest Christian College
- **Oklahoma Baptist University
- **Oklahoma Christian College
- **Oklahoma City University
- *Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College
- **Oral Roberts University
- **Phillips University
- **University of Tulsa

INDEPENDENT JUNIOR COLLEGES

- **Bacone College
- *Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College
- **St. Gregory's College
- **Southwestern College

-
- *Accreditation by State Regents
 - **Accredited by State Regents and by NCA
 - ***Accredited by State Regents and Candidate for NCA

OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATE SCHOLARSHIPS GRANTED 1974-75

State scholarships are authorized by the State Regents on the basis of one-half of one percent of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the previous year as a maximum total at each institution.

Institution Granting Scholarship	Number of Students Helped	Amount of Funds Used	Maximum Funds Authorized
University of Oklahoma	392	\$139,524.70	\$152,493.61
Oklahoma State University	396	126,121.80	152,349.00
Central State University	178	38,444.54	41,317.47
East Central Oklahoma State University	202	15,226.58	15,226.58
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	141	50,102.65	30,103.49
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	49	11,343.00	11,318.49
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	223	19,000.00	19,017.00
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	67	24,200.00	28,662.62
Cameron University	49	15,507.00	16,436.73
Langston University	24	2,963.10	8,936.98
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	42	8,069.25	7,675.86
University of Science & Arts of Okla.	19	4,594.70	7,421.40
Carl Albert Junior College	47	10,780.37	1,642.00
Claremore Junior College	22	4,394.50	4,384.00
Connors State College	40	3,700.00	4,523.00
Eastern Oklahoma State College	50	7,777.50	7,790.00
El Reno Junior College	6	1,908.00	1,969.00
Murray State College	22	5,184.00	5,195.91
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	54	10,634.55	10,662.35
Northern Oklahoma College	39	5,025.00	6,052.66
Oscar Rose Junior College	54	10,800.00	18,170.63
Seminole Junior College	36	4,043.00	4,043.00
South Oklahoma City Junior College	39	3,594.50	7,877.00
Tulsa Junior College	--	--	--
Western Oklahoma State College	24	2,250.73	2,585.00
TOTAL 1974-75	2,215	\$505,186.47	\$565,873.78

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM

House Bill 1056 of the 30th Oklahoma Legislature directed the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to develop a loan guarantee program to assist students in securing educational loans. Title IV-B of the Higher Education Act of 1965 provided for federal advances to the reserve fund of loan guarantee programs maintained by the several states. Final arrangements were completed in the fall of 1966 with the U. S. Office of Education so that this program could become operational.

As of June 30, 1975, a total of \$240,168 in federal funds had been received for this program. This amount together with some \$695,000 in state funds was maintained as a "reserve" against death or default. The number and dollar volume of loans outstanding by lending institutions and by educational institutions is shown in the following tables. Subsequent to the end of the last biennium, additional state funds together with amended federal legislation has considerably broadened the scope of this program.

**GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM
LOANS OUTSTANDING AS OF JUNE 30, 1974**

Institution	Total	
	Number	Amount
University of Oklahoma	1,215	\$ 1,060,665.29
OU Health Sciences Center	450	479,712.54
Oklahoma State University	2,573	2,127,399.82
OSU-TI — Oklahoma City	44	35,299.00
OSU-TT — Okmulgee	61	48,721.26
Central State University	347	271,880.87
East Central Oklahoma State University	113	75,871.35
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	271	192,713.16
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	81	87,506.26
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	95	71,432.11
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	491	370,481.41
Cameron University	113	81,867.00
Langston University	102	89,218.00
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	8	6,886.00
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	29	17,378.40
Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery	2	3,264.12
Claremore Junior College	6	5,500.00
Connors State College	1	1,500.00
Eastern Oklahoma State College	28	23,704.27
El Reno Junior College	2	1,800.00
Murray State College	32	25,822.82
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	28	20,928.00
Northern Oklahoma College	93	73,922.78
Oscar Rose Junior College	69	47,417.08
Seminole Junior College	19	14,773.00
South Oklahoma City Junior College	11	7,047.70
Tulsa Junior College	2	2,914.93
Western Oklahoma State College	6	4,499.00
Sayre Junior College	21	16,270.00
University of Tulsa	163	157,146.79
Bartlesville Wesleyan College	3	2,500.00
Bethany Nazarene College	58	45,333.00
Oklahoma Baptist University	132	109,465.06
Oklahoma Christian College	44	35,060.00
Oklahoma City University	158	153,525.76
Oral Roberts University	21	15,463.00
Phillips University	101	69,771.00
Bacone College	6	3,563.00
Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College	2	2,000.00
St. Gregory's College	3	3,000.00
Southwestern College	11	9,833.00

Institution	City	Total	
		Number	Amount
American Flyers, Inc.	Ardmore	2	\$ 1,555.00
O.T. Autry Vocational- Technical Center	Enid	2	1,400.00
Baptist Memorial Hospital Schools of Radiologic Technology	Okla. City	1	833.00
Bryan Institute	Tulsa	1	666.00
Canadian Valley Area Vocational- Technical Center	El Reno	2	735.00
Draughon School of Business	Okla. City	1	777.00
Draughon School of Business	Tulsa	3	3,000.00
Great Plains Area Vocational- Technical Center	Lawton	2	1,300.00
Hillcrest Medical Center School of Medical Records Librarians	Tulsa	5	5,000.00
Hillcrest Medical Center School of Nursing	Tulsa	2	2,000.00
Kiamichi Area Vocational- Technical Center	Wilburton	1	1,000.00
Oklahoma School of Banking and Business	Okla. City	12	9,606.00
Presbyterian Hospital School of X-Ray Technology	Okla. City	1	800.00
Ross Aviation, Inc.	Tulsa	3	2,554.00
St. Anthony Hospital School of Nursing	Okla. City	14	12,872.33
St. Francis Hospital School of Radiologic Technology	Tulsa	1	800.00
St. John's Hospital School of Medical Technology	Tulsa	1	1,000.00
Sooner Mechanical Trade School	Okla. City	5	3,216.00
Southwest Automotive and Machinist School	Okla. City	14	13,442.00
Spartan School of Aeronautics	Tulsa	8	7,277.00
Tulsa Area Vocational-Technical School of Nursing	Tulsa	1	897.00
Tulsa Business College, Inc.	Okla. City	1	833.00
United Electronics, Incorporated	Okla. City	3	3,000.00
Western Oklahoma Area Vocational- Technical Center	Burns Flat	4	2,100.00
Out-of-State		978	1,001,397.56
Foreign		27	30,000.00
Sub Total (In School)		8,110	6,951,187.64
Payout Notes		6,696	10,853,883.81
Military Service		562	668,789.56
Vista-Peace Corp		5	7,001.26
Out of School (Not yet converted to Payout)		3,302	2,653,834.83
TOTALS		18,675	\$21,134,679.10

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STUDENT FINANCIAL AIDS

As the cost of education increases, more and more students become concerned about finances. The following seven programs which have provided assistance for more than a million students during this academic year should be of interest.

Basic Educational Opportunity Grants: This new program provides for the payment of Basic Grant awards to students attending eligible institutions of higher education. All other sources of aid will be given *in addition* to the Basic Grant. The maximum grant eligibility for each student is \$1400 less the amount the student and his family can be expected to contribute toward the student's education. The amount of this expected family contribution is determined on the basis of a family contribution schedule developed by the Office of Education which was printed in final form in the *Federal Register* on June 11, 1973.

College Work-Study: A program of employment in which the students, particularly one from a low-income family, is compensated for the number of hours he works for the institution, or for an eligible off-campus agency.

National Direct Student Loans: A program of borrowing, primarily for needy students, in which the student has an obligation to repay his loan, with three percent interest, within a ten-year period following college attendance.

Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants: A program of direct grants in which the student receives a non-obligating award of funds, based on exceptional financial need and evidence of academic or creative promise.

Guaranteed Loans: A program of borrowing, primarily for students from middle or upper income families. The student has an obligation to repay his loan with seven percent interest, after completing his full-time studies.

The Oklahoma Student Loan Program: The 1972 Oklahoma Legislature enacted into law Senate Bill #618 which created the Oklahoma Student Loan Authority to provide loans to students of Oklahoma as may be needed to help pay the cost of their education. The program will supplement the existing Guaranteed Student Loan Program and will provide a lending source to eligible students who may not otherwise be able to identify a lender. Oklahoma became the first state to operate a program under Titles IV-A and IV-B of the Higher Education Act, simultaneously.

Oklahoma Tuition Aid Grant Program: A program of direct grants to financially needy students supported by matching State and Federal funds. Maximum grants amount to up to \$500 per year depending upon family income, family size, and educational costs. The program which began operation during 1974-75 is administered by the State Regents.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS THROUGH COLLEGE WORK-STUDY PROGRAM; NATIONAL DIRECT STUDENT LOANS; SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GRANTS, BY INSTITUTION, FISCAL YEAR 1978

Institution	College Work-Study		National Direct Loans		Supplemental Eds. Opportunity Grants	
	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds	Est. Number of Students	Amount of Funds
OU	1,422	\$ 683,225	1,221	\$ 533,594	205	\$ 142,050
OSU	799	384,314	840	367,397	431	298,875
OSU-TT	885	425,173	559	244,305	127	88,550
OSU-TI	37	16,743	48	21,162		
CSU	425	203,544	122	53,749	94	65,555
ECOSU	2,278	133,698	133	58,189	45	31,698
NEOSU	1,388	666,642	1,340	585,771	447	309,948
NWOSU	93	45,142			13	9,218
SEOSU	429	206,537	868	379,445	152	105,205
SWOSU	207	99,498	47		33	33,199
Cameron U.	236	113,406	33	14,485	35	24,552
Langston U.	460	221,108	326	142,488	238	164,997
Panhandle U.	14	6,832			22	15,562
USAO	97	46,762	139	60,927	41	28,741
CAJC	92	44,065	73	31,904	41	28,814
Claremore	287	138,192	74	32,585	76	52,827
Connors	93	45,028	31		31	22,073
Eastern	221	106,248	164	71,701	86	59,698
El Reno	59	47,759	141	61,625	69	48,406
Murray	452	217,280	106	46,422	122	85,060
NEOAMC	114	55,277	110	48,343	21	15,143
NOC	145	69,773	126	55,279	57	39,586
Seminole	50	24,305	23	10,286	11	7,866
SOCJC	344	165,682			60	41,854
TJC	172	82,915			16	11,754
WOSC	36	17,688	8	3,534	12	8,489
Sayre	35	17,274	531	232,191	80	55,799
TU	228	109,316				
ACC						
BWC	63	30,402	156	68,246	46	32,475
Bethany	43	20,728	167	73,193	142	98,921
MCC	261	125,382	570	249,473	258	178,966
OBU	290	139,298	824	360,126	179	123,924
OCC	34	16,583	330	144,459	130	90,406
OCU	128	61,910	180	78,839	54	37,769
Phillips	161	77,387			114	79,416
Bacone	164	79,166	141	61,880	89	61,990
BWC	64	31,121	129	56,562	25	17,979
St. Greg.	114	55,277	105	45,904	6	4,330
SWC	53	25,731	139	60,840	6	4,494
Hilldale						
TOTAL	10,509	\$5,056,411	9,726	\$4,254,804	3,628	\$2,526,189

TITLE VII, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education was designated by the Governor of Oklahoma in 1964 as the agency responsible for administration of Title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (formerly Title I of the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963).

As the State Commission for this program, the State Regents were charged with the responsibility of developing a State Plan setting forth the method for assignment of priorities to applications for federal grants for the construction of undergraduate academic facilities. The Oklahoma State Plan, developed in accordance with regulations established by the U. S. Commissioner of Education, assigns priorities on the basis of future enrollment growth and the degree of utilization of existing facilities.

As of June 30, 1975, some \$1.7 billion in grants have been approved nationwide, of which amount \$26,465,463 has been received by Oklahoma institutions as shown in the following table:

**GRANTS RECEIVED BY OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS
OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VII, HEFA
FISCAL YEARS 1965-1975**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>Type of Project</u>	<u>Amount of Grant</u>
1965	OSU	Library	\$ 275,000
		Engineering	99,050
		Science	80,894
		Library Air-Conditioning	27,251
		Science/Math	44,044
	Altus	Technical Education	175,950
	NEOAMC	Library	348,999
	TU	Science/Math	96,714
		Library	81,121
	Bethany	Science	315,184
		Library	155,553
	OCC	Library	300,110
	ORU	Multiple Purpose	
		Academic Complex	573,280
	St. Greg.	Science	152,065
		Library-Classroom Building	141,311
	SWC	Library	46,466
	Total Fiscal Year 1965	\$2,912,992	
1966	OU	Social Science Building	995,000
	OSU	Agriculture Building	885,959
		Gunderson Hall	40,658
		Communications Building	6,667
	CSU	Library	1,071,900
	ECSC	Classroom Building	420,667
	NESC	Library	636,667
	SESC	Science Addition	215,333
		Library Addition	234,333
	SWSC	Library	444,000
		Chemistry/Physics/Pharmacy	191,541
	Cameron	Classroom Building and	
		Technical Classroom	544,880
	Langston	Library, Science, Music,	
		Auditorium	684,333
	Claremore	Classroom Building	155,760
	Connors	Physical Education/Library	283,696
Eastern	Science Building, Physical		
	Education Addition, Library	345,820	
CAJC	Classroom Building	83,333	
OCU	Fine Arts	143,245	
	Total Fiscal Year 1966	\$7,383,792	
1967	OU	Physical Science and	
		Central Utility Plant	1,280,011
		Social Science (Supplement)	150,000
	OSU	Life Science	341,582
		Math/Statistics,	
		Computer Science	201,625
		Physical Education Building	900,000
	CSU	Language Arts/Fine Arts,	
	Art Building	717,666	
ECSC	Air-Conditioning/Science		
	Building	26,593	

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>Type of Project</u>	<u>Amount of Grant</u>
1967	NESC	Fine Arts	157,667
		Education Building Renovation	82,500
	NWSC	Physical Education-Jesse Dunn Building	280,116
		Library	152,333
	SWSC	Physical Education Building	79,000
		Classroom Building	241,333
	Cameron Langston	Convert Old Library to Art Building	64,651
		Administration Renovation of Administration and Science	177,600
	Panhandle	Industrial Arts/Library Remodeling	147,581
		Library/Classroom	246,044
	Altus Murray	Library/Physical Education Auditorium/Administration	66,943
		Fine Arts/Physical Education Administration/Science	241,960
	NEOAMC	Science Renovation	563,600
		Fine Arts (Supplement)	66,000
	NOC OCU	Science Renovation	275,800
		Fine Arts (Supplement)	245,534
	Total Fiscal Year 1967		
1968	OU	Social Science (Supplement)	\$ 30,000
		Art Building	700,333
	OSU	New Beef Cattle Facility	240,720
		Convert and Renovate Humanities and Life Science Building including Auditorium	705,276
	CSU	Rehabilitate Morrill Hall and Engineering South	184,000
		Renovation of Library	70,000
	ECSC	Language Arts, Fine Arts, Art Building (Supplement)	8,667
		Addition to Industrial Arts	99,667
	NESC	Rehabilitate and Convert Administration Building	91,667
		Addition to Library (Supplement)	18,995
	SESC	Fine Arts Addition (Supplement)	7,058
		Education Building Renovation (Supplement)	6,469
	SWSC	Addition to Practical Arts, Convert Student Union to Administration	449,275
		Science Addition (Supplement)	80,000
	Cameron	Renovation of Classroom	60,875
		Physical Education Addition (Supplement)	9,014
		Administration Building (Supplement)	5,733

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>Type of Project</u>	<u>Amount of Grant</u>	
1968	OCLA	Renovate Second Floor of Gary Hall	9,075	
	Panhandle	Industrial Arts/Addition to Library/Renovation of Hesper and Sewell-Loofburrow (Supplement)	21,581	
	Altus	Classroom/Laboratory Vocational Building	37,760	
	NEOAMC	Fine Arts/Gym (Supplement)	47,151	
	NOC	Science/Renovation (Supplement)	66,667	
	TU	Education Materials Lab	60,741	
		Addition to Oliphant Hall	11,615	
		Renovation of Lorton Hall, Administration Building	112,687	
			307,894	
		Total Fiscal Year 1968	\$3,442,920	
1969	OSU	Life Science Building (Supplement)	\$ 5,468	
	SWSC	Chemistry/Physics/Pharmacy (Supplement)	56,573	
		Conversion of Library to Art Building (Supplement)	12,681	
	Cameron	Administration Building (Supplement)	58,334	
	Langston	Renovation of Administration and Science Building (Supplement)	37,419	
	OCLA	Alteration and addition to Davis Hall, Central Utility Plant, Physical Education, Rehabilitation	275,000	
	Altus	Classroom and Laboratory Building (Supplement)	14,626	
	NEOAMC	Renovation of Shipley Hall (Supplement)	5,200	
	NOC	Educational Materials Laboratory (Supplement)	9,446	
	Bethany	Fine Arts Addition and Renovation of Auditorium	213,814	
	OCC	New Science, Physical Education, and Social Science Buildings	562,470	
	OCU	New Library	716,000	
	ORJC	Multi-Purpose Academic Complex	1,249,399	
		Total Fiscal Year 1969	\$3,216,430	
	1970	OSU	Beef Cattle Facilities (Supplement)	\$ 34,009
		CSU	Administration Building	288,000
SESC		Renovation of Classroom Building (Supplement)	35,422	
El Reno		Academic Building	337,728	
Seminole		Academic Building	340,000	
		Total Fiscal Year 1970	\$1,035,159	

Grants Received by Oklahoma Institutions (continued)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>Type of Project</u>	<u>Amount of Grant</u>
1971	El Reno	Academic Building (Supplement)	\$ 68,636
	ORJC	Multi-Purpose Academic Complex (Supplement)	479,713
	Seminole	Academic Building (Supplement)	55,000
		Total Fiscal Year 1971	\$ 603,349
1972	CSU	Administration Building (Supplement)	\$ 36,028
	ECSC	Physical Education	213,272
	CAJC	Science Building	100,000
	SOCJC	Academic Building	39,085
	SWC	Library	200,000
	Total Fiscal Year 1972	\$ 588,385	
1973	No Funds Available		
1974	OSU	Armory Renovation	\$ 239,000
	SWC	Library (Supplement)	45,632
	CAJC	Physical Education	150,000
	CAJC	Library Addition	50,000
	El Reno	Science Addition	41,665
	Sayre	Library Addition	50,000
	Total Fiscal Year 1974	\$ 576,297	
1975	No Funds Available		

TITLE VI-A, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

In 1966, the Governor of Oklahoma designated the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education as the agency responsible for administration of Title VI-A of the Higher Education Act of 1965. This new program provided for matching grants for the purchase of undergraduate instructional equipment. Two types of equipment are eligible. Laboratory and other special equipment and materials may be purchased for instruction in a variety of subjects. Another part of the program involves equipment and materials for closed-circuit instructional television.

The responsibility of the State Regents with regard to this program is similar to that involved in the Title VII-A program. The State Commission develops a State Plan for distributing the available funds to Oklahoma institutions. The State Commission reviews applications, and forwards successful applications to the Office of Education in Washington for final review and issuance of grants to institutions.

Grants have been recommended by the State Commission for this program during its first ten fiscal years in the amount of \$1,809,798 as shown in the following table.

GRANTS RECEIVED BY OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, TITLE VI-A, HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

FISCAL YEAR 1966

Institution	Amount of Grant
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment	
Oklahoma State University	\$ 45,221
Central State University	43,879
East Central State College	13,773
Northeastern State College	46,721
Northwestern State College	23,252
Southeastern State College	14,665
Southwestern State College	6,247
Langston University	21,621
Oklahoma Panhandle State College	70,247
Claremore Junior College	903
Northern Oklahoma College	1,521
Bethany Nazarene College	5,555
Sub-Total	\$233,605
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television	
Oklahoma State University	11,436
East Central State College	14,520
Sub-Total	\$ 25,956
Total	\$259,561

FISCAL YEAR 1967

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
University of Oklahoma -----	\$ 27,627	
Oklahoma State University -----	45,913	
Central State University -----	42,846	
Northeastern State College -----	43,362	
Northwestern State College -----	6,687	
Southeastern State College -----	7,871	
Southwestern State College -----	41,237	
University of Tulsa -----	14,023	
Sub-Total -----		\$229,566
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
Northeastern State College -----	25,432	
Altus Junior College -----	1,056	
Sub-Total -----		\$ 26,488
Total -----		\$256,054

- FISCAL YEAR 1968

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
Oklahoma State University -----	\$ 43,739	
Central State University -----	36,419	
East Central State College -----	13,550	
Northeastern State College -----	8,108	
Northwestern State College -----	14,215	
Southwestern State College -----	43,739	
Cameron College -----	10,167	
Altus Junior College -----	2,062	
Carl Albert Junior College -----	2,959	
University of Tulsa -----	43,739	
Sub-Total -----		\$218,697
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
Oklahoma State University -----	12,659	
Northwestern State College -----	12,575	
Sub-Total -----		\$ 25,234
Total -----		\$243,931

FISCAL YEAR 1969

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
University of Oklahoma -----	\$ 14,547	
Oklahoma State University -----	43,411	
Central State University -----	40,249	
Northeastern State College -----	19,368	
Southwestern State College -----	43,636	
Oklahoma Panhandle State College -----	20,997	
University of Tulsa -----	35,976	
Sub-Total -----		\$218,184
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
Central State University -----	22,981	
University of Tulsa -----	2,194	
Sub-Total -----		\$ 25,175
Total -----		\$243,359

FISCAL YEAR 1970
No Funds Available

FISCAL YEAR 1971

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
Oklahoma State University	\$ 19,572	
Central State University	13,959	
East Central State College	8,331	
Northeastern State College	9,571	
Northwestern State College	3,423	
Southwestern State College	19,572	
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	3,863	
Southwestern College	19,572	
Sub-Total		\$ 97,863
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
University of Oklahoma	9,111	
Oklahoma State University	3,474	
Southwestern State College	3,726	
Sub-Total		\$ 16,311
Total		\$114,174

FISCAL YEAR 1972

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
Oklahoma State University	\$ 23,896	
Central State University	30,975	
Southeastern State College	30,609	
Southwestern State College	36,030	
Seminole Junior College	22,644	
South Oklahoma City Junior College	36,000	
Sub-Total		\$180,154
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
Oklahoma State Regents	\$ 1,282	
Seminole Junior College	7,285	
South Oklahoma City Junior College	16,000	
Sub-Total		\$ 24,567
Total		\$204,721

FISCAL YEAR 1973

Institution	Amount of Grant	
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment		
Oklahoma University	\$ 10,736	
Oklahoma State University	27,386	
Central State University	23,447	
Northeastern State College	33,304	
Northwestern State College	11,153	
El Reno Junior College	8,386	
Oscar Rose Junior College	29,734	
South Oklahoma City Junior College	22,374	
Sub-Total		\$166,520
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television		
Northwestern State College	\$ 367	
South Oklahoma City Junior College	22,340	
Sub-Total		\$ 22,707
Total		\$189,227

FISCAL YEAR 1974

Institution	Amount of Grant
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment	
Oklahoma State University	\$ 31,192
Northeastern State College	31,192
Southwestern State College	31,192
Cameron College	11,725
Panhandle State College	9,188
Altus Junior College	7,640
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	13,582
Tulsa University	20,249
Sub-Total	\$155,960
Closed-Circuit Instructional Television	
Oklahoma University	10,405
Oklahoma State University	7,672
Seminole Junior College	3,190
Sub-Total	\$ 21,267
Total	\$177,227

FISCAL YEAR 1975

Institution	Amount of Grant
Laboratory and Other Special Equipment	
Oklahoma State University	\$ 19,729
East Central Oklahoma State University	6,348
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	12,413
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	19,729
Cameron University	10,849
Oscar Rose Junior College	19,729
Seminole Junior College	9,851
Sub-Total	\$ 98,648
Closed Circuit Instructional Television	
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	\$ 3,114
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	4,500
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	5,882
Western Oklahoma State College	9,400
Sub-Total	\$ 22,896
Total	\$121,544

COMPREHENSIVE FACILITIES PLANNING

The long-range planning efforts of the State Regents have been expanded and strengthened during the past years with the assistance of funds provided by the Higher Education Facilities Act, as amended by the Higher Education Act of 1965. From 1967 through 1974 the State Regents have received \$346,478 grants from this source.

These funds have enabled the State Regents to refine their system of facilities inventory and to include all private and municipal institutions in the inventory. The State Regents have also been able to convert the facilities data to computerized format and to begin the development of a computer-based comprehensive data system as the

basis for long-range planning studies such as utilization and academic space needs.

As of 1974, grants for specific planning purposes are no longer available.

REGENTS' PUBLICATIONS

The information gathered, analyzed and published by the State Regents provides the foundation upon which sound planning is based. In addition to reports published annually, a number of special purpose documents were published by the State Regents in Fiscal 1974-75.

Regular Reports:

- Faculty Salaries in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education*
- College and University Salaries in Ten Mid-Western States*
- Operating Budget Needs of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education*
- Compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Annual Report*
- Compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Semiannual Report*
- Oklahoma Higher Education Televised Instruction System Bulletin - Spring, Summer, and Fall*
- Enrollments in Oklahoma Higher Education - Spring, Summer, and Fall*
- Degrees Conferred in Oklahoma Higher Education*
- Counselors' Guide*
- Seventeenth Biennial Report — Part II*
- A Comparison of Student Costs in Public Institutions of Higher Education in Ten Mid-Western States*
- Student Fees*
- Current Operating Income and Expenditures, Oklahoma State College and Universities*
- Inventory of Technical Education Programs*

Special Reports: 1974-75

- Compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Special Report*
- A catalogue of Technical Training Services Available at Institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education*
- Planning for Postsecondary Education in Oklahoma*

THE OKLAHOMA COLLEGE TESTING PROGRAM

In the fall of 1959 all Oklahoma institutions of higher learning, both publicly and independently controlled, began a statewide testing program for high school seniors seeking admission to college.

The Oklahoma program is affiliated with the American College Testing Program, with headquarters at Iowa City, Iowa. Approximately 923,577 high school seniors, throughout the nation took the ACT examination during the 1974-75 school year.

In Oklahoma during 1974-75, some 30,782 students were tested.

Colleges and universities in the State System require that each entering freshman student must have had the ACT examination before the student can complete his enrollment as a freshman in college.

Colleges use the scores on the test in guidance, in admission, and in awarding scholarship aid to their applicants, as well as in placing those accepted in course sections or programs appropriate to their ability. High school advisors, individual students themselves, and their parents use the scores in helping plan for further education and careers.

Five scores are yielded by the ACT test. There are four part-scores indicating general intelligence development (rather than mastery of specific course content) in English, mathematics, the social studies and the natural sciences. There is also a composite score. The composite score has been found to be as highly predictive of average college freshman grades as any other single index. The part-scores indicate general strengths or weaknesses in each of the four areas while the English and mathematics part-scores may be used for freshman course placement.

Booklets which tell how to interpret and use the scores, and which present normative and technical data, are provided by the program.

REGENTS' RESOLUTIONS DURING THE 1974-75 FISCAL YEAR.

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education transact appropriate business by official resolutions of the board. Other agenda may be subject to motions duly passed. A record of earlier resolutions by the board may be found in previous biennial reports published by the Regents.

Resolutions enacted by the Regents during the period July 1, 1974, through June 30, 1975, are listed below:

Resolution No. 1023: July 8, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$119.50 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature

out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1024. July 22, 1974. A resolution allocating \$100,000 to the University of Oklahoma College of Law from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No 1025. July 22, 1974. A resolution allocating \$1,620,000 to Tulsa Junior College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No 1026 July 22, 1974. A resolution allocating \$19,925 to Southeastern State College as a result of a contract with the State Board of Vocational and Technical Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975

Resolution No 1027. July 22, 1974 A resolution allocating \$1,14,897 to the University of Oklahoma from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No 1028 July 22, 1974 A resolution allocating \$1,545,797 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975

Resolution No 1029 July 22, 1974 A resolution allocating \$44,000 to the University of Oklahoma College of Law from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Special Enrichment Program of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975

Resolution No. 1030. July 17, 1974 A resolution allocating and allotting \$475,655 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7437.

Resolution No 1031. July 17, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$77,413 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate

Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7436.

Resolution No. 1032. July 18, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$367,188 to Southeastern State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7438.

Resolution No. 1033. July 29, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$104,000 to Southwestern State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7439.

Resolution No. 1034. July 29, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$372,500 to Southwestern State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7439.

Resolution No. 1035. August 1, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$48,058 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 for the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series A, for the purchase of equipment.

Resolution No. 1036. August 1, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,073.95 to Northeastern State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7410.

Resolution No. 1037. August 1, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,701.90 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1038. August 2, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,369.26 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7423.

Resolution No. 1039. August 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,003,576 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7440.

Resolution No. 1040. August 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,745,992.23 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7440.

Resolution No. 1041. August 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$35,431.77 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7440.

Resolution No. 1042. August 16, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,171.95 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7423.

Resolution No. 1043. August 16, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$17,143.82 to Cameron College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1044. August 21, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$127,180 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7414.

Resolution No. 1045. August 23, 1974. A resolution allocating \$31,280 to Oklahoma State University as a result of a contract with the State Board of Vocational and Technical Education for support of University Extension activities of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1046. August 23, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$454,341.08 to the University of Science and Arts of

Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7426.

Resolution No. 1047. September 3, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$6,600 to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education Televised Instruction System from the Emergency Repair Fund authorized in House Concurrent Resolution No. 1035 of the First Session of the Thirty-Third Oklahoma Legislature for replacement of damaged equipment.

Resolution No. 1048. September 10, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$112,500 to Tulsa Junior College from cash in the college's special capital improvements account for the purchase of two tracts of land.

Resolution No. 1049. September 11, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$15,742.30 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7423.

Resolution No. 1050. September 11, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,233.92 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1051. September 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,135.79 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7427.

Resolution No. 1052. September 26, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$20,000 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7443.

Resolution No. 1053. September 18, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$10,414.96 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7426.

Resolution No. 1054. September 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$773,652 to the University of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7442.

Resolution No. 1055. September 26, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,873.05 to Northeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7435.

Resolution No. 1056. September 26, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,998.78 to Northeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7410.

Resolution No. 1057. October 1, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,000,000 to Oscar Rose Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7444.

Resolution No. 1058. October 2, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$212,092.53 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1059. October 18, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$14,726.98 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7436.

Resolution No. 1060. October 17, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,693.60 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1061. October 18, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,620.85 to East Central Oklahoma State University

from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7427.

Resolution No. 1062. October 28, 1974. A resolution allocating \$39,501 to East Central Oklahoma State University from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1063. October 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$7,553.54 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7434.

Resolution No. 1064. October 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$23,826 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7436.

Resolution No. 1065. October 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$229.25 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7436.

Resolution No. 1066. October 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$460 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7427.

Resolution No. 1067. October 24, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,382.66 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7437.

Resolution No. 1068. October 28, 1974. A resolution taking note of the distinguished public service rendered by Harry Conroy and expressing gratitude for his outstanding contribution to the cause of higher education in Oklahoma.

Resolution No. 1069. November 6, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$459.50 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1070. November 6, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$20,585.28 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7446.

Resolution No. 1071. November 7, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$752,236 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7447.

Resolution No. 1072. November 19, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$14,000 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7450.

Resolution No. 1073. November 8, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$20,000 to Langston University from a transfer from the State Emergency Fund, to underwrite the cost of a special training program for the personnel of the business office and for restructuring the fiscal accounting and record keeping system of the institution.

Resolution No. 1074. November 18, 1974. A resolution allocating \$12,261 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1075. November 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$38,000 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7448.

Resolution No. 1076. November 12, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$10,100 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building

Bond Fund, Series D, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7449.

Resolution No. 1078. November 19, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$23,192.34 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7437.

Resolution No. 1079. November 21, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$95,865 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7451.

Resolution No. 1080. November 26, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$250,000 to Seminole Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7453.

Resolution No. 1081. November 16, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$27,205 to Southwestern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7452.

Resolution No. 1082. November 26, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$325.77 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7431.

Resolution No. 1083. November 27, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$590,464.13 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 210.

Resolution No. 1084. December 2, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,024,800 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7454.

Resolution No. 1085. December 3, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$193,650 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7433.

Resolution No. 1086. December 3, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$4,000 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7448.

Resolution No. 1087. December 5, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$40,993 to OSU Oklahoma City Technical Institute from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series B, for accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 4301.

Resolution No. 1088. December 6, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$9,566.95 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7456.

Resolution No. 1089. December 9, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$100,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7445.

Resolution No. 1091. December 9, 1974. A resolution commending Joe Gray for receiving the outstanding alumnus of the year award from Southeastern Oklahoma State University.

Resolution No. 1092. December 16, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$260,000 to Murray State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7457.

Resolution No. 1093. December 16, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$214,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7455.

Resolution No. 1094. December 17, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,200 to [redacted] State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7458.

Resolution No. 1095. December 18, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$7,805.23 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7427.

Resolution No. 1096. December 20, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$182.85 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7428.

Resolution No. 1097. December 30, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$7,942.62 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1098. December 16, 1974. A resolution congratulating and commending Chancellor E T Dunlap for his many years of outstanding leadership and service to higher education in Oklahoma and in the nation.

Resolution No. 1099. December 31, 1974. A resolution allocating and allotting \$13,500 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution No. 1100. January 10, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$76,724.49 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvement, Project No. 234.

Resolution No. 1101. January 10, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$431,582.15 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill

727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 210.

Resolution No. 1102. January 10, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$63,295 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7460.

Resolution No. 1103. January 15, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$8,954 to Northern Oklahoma College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Priority Nos. 4, 5, and 12.

Resolution No. 1104. January 20, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$27,655 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7432.

Resolution No. 1105. January 21, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$49,498.50 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8501.

Resolution No. 1106. January 23, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$463,644 to Northwestern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8503.

Resolution No. 1107. January 23, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,500,000 to The Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7506.

Resolution No. 1108. January 23, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$31,959 to Northwestern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma

1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8502.

Resolution No. 1109. January 24, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$152,358 to El Reno Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8504.

Resolution No. 1110. January 24, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$6,444 to the OSU School of Technical Training from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1111. January 24, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,526.68 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7456.

Resolution No. 1112. January 27, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$8,536 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from the Emergency Repair Fund to repair two barns on the farm at the institution destroyed by fire.

Resolution No. 1113. January 28, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,500,000 to Western Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7422.

Resolution No. 1114. January 29, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,575.69 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1115. January 29, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,021.85 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1116. February 3, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$28,831.16 to the OSU School of Technical Training

from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1117. February 3, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$58,430.20 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 210, 212, 234, and 237.

Resolution No. 1118. February 4, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$7,605 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7507.

Resolution No. 1119. February 11, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$10,128.68 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7508.

Resolution No. 1120. February 12, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$64,408.21 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series A, for the purchase of equipment for the institution.

Resolution No. 1121. February 12, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$33,843.60 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1122. February 12, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$30,000 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7509.

Resolution No. 1123. February 12, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,366 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the

State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 210.

Resolution No. 1124. February 14, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$6,924 to the University of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7511.

Resolution No. 1125. February 17, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$13,442 to the University of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7510.

Resolution No. 1126. February 14, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,000 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7414.

Resolution No. 1127. February 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$24,130 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provision of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 210.

Resolution No. 1128. February 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$60,000 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7451.

Resolution No. 1129. February 21, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$438,746 to Northern Oklahoma College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8505.

Resolution No. 1130. February 24, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$81,954 to Murray State College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July

1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1131. February 26, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$57,760.10 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 202, 203, 204, 207, 210, 211, 214, 216, 220, 234, 236, and 243.

Resolution No. 1132. February 28, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$15,000 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution No. 1133. March 3, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$300,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7512.

Resolution No. 1134. March 3, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$9,384 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7507.

Resolution No. 1135. March 4, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,694.58 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7448.

Resolution No. 1136. March 6, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,349.86 to the Oklahoma State University School of Technical Training from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1137. March 6, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$48,040 to the University of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building

Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Priority Nos. 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, and 22.

Resolution No. 1138. March 7, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$6,162.88 to the OSU School of Technical Training at Okmulgee from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 2516.

Resolution No. 1139. March 11, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,140 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8501.

Resolution No. 1140. March 24, 1975. A resolution allocating \$100,000 to institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1141. March 17, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,430 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7460.

Resolution No. 1142. March 17, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,882.56 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7456.

Resolution No. 1143. March 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$10,482.72 to Eastern Oklahoma State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7518.

Resolution No. 1144. March 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$12,104.72 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7446.

Resolution No. 1145. March 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$670 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation

in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7520.

Resolution No. 1146. March 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$7,877 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7519.

Resolution No. 1147. April 1, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$412,230 to Northeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7521.

Resolution No. 1148. April 7, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$501,156.58 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 218 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series A, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7451.

Resolution No. 1149. April 7, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,000,000 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7451.

Resolution No. 1150. April 7, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$157,010.40 to Tulsa Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7451.

Resolution No. 1151. April 8, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$39,200 to Northern Oklahoma College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7418.

Resolution No. 1152. April 14, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$17,500 to El Reno Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund,

Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8504.

Resolution No. 1153. April 15, 1975. A resolution allocating \$400,000 to Langston University as provided in Senate Bill 348 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature, for meeting Fiscal Year 1975 obligations of the auxiliary enterprises and for Educational and General Budget purposes during the same fiscal year.

Resolution No. 1154. April 15, 1975. A resolution expressing expectation that Langston University will operate a summer term in accordance with the standards regarding the academic calendar for that institution as prescribed for the 1974-75 fiscal year.

Resolution No. 1155. April 15, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$4,886 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7426.

Resolution No. 1156. May 1, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$16,664.40 to Panhandle State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7307.

Resolution No. 1157. April 18, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$24,591.15 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution No. 1158. April 29, 1975. A resolution allocating \$72,149 to South Oklahoma City Junior College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1159. April 29, 1975. A resolution allocating \$121,384 to Tulsa Junior College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1160. April 29, 1975. A resolution allocating \$34,321 to Western Oklahoma State College from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1161. April 22, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$6,275 to Connors State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7437.

Resolution No. 1162. April 22, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$215,033.72 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7524.

Resolution No. 1163. April 22, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$164,027 to Carl Albert Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7523.

Resolution No. 1164. April 22, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$40,568 to Carl Albert Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7522.

Resolution No. 1165. April 29, 1975. A resolution expressing profound gratitude for the service rendered by Goodwin Broadbuss, Jr., to the cause of Oklahoma higher education.

Resolution No. 1166. May 2, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$5,103.92 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center from an appropriation in Senate Bill 374 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for the purchase of properties.

Resolution No. 1167. May 7, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$46,555.72 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 202, 203, 206, 207, 208, 212, 213, 215, 223, 225, 236, 240, 241, 243, and 245.

Resolution No. 1168. May 8, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,018 to El Reno Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma

Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8504.

Resolution No. 1169. May 13, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$536,000 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7526.

Resolution No. 1170. May 15, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$150,000 to Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7527.

Resolution No. 1171. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$126,082,634 to institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1172. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$177,919 to community junior colleges pursuant to Title 70, O.S. 1971, Sections 4402 and 4408, and Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature, to provide financial assistance for educational and general operations of existing community junior colleges eligible to receive assistance.

Resolution No. 1173. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$15,000 for operation of the State Government Student Internship Program created by Executive Order No. 1602 pursuant to Title 70, O.S., 1971, Sections 3210 and 3903; and pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1174. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$25,000 to the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for reimbursement in connection with operation of the Jane Brooks School for the Deaf during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1175. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$25,000 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center for the purpose of special support in lieu of tuition for the School for the Deaf operated as a laboratory for the Speech and Hearing Clinic during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976 pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1176. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$85,000 pursuant to the provisions of Section 13 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976 to pay for education assistance of dental and optometry students.

Resolution No. 1177. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$100,000 to the Student Education Assistance Fund pursuant to the provisions of Section 12 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1178. June 11, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,087.58 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 215 and 225.

Resolution No. 1179. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$425,000 for maintenance and operation of the Televised Instruction program as a part of the state system of higher education pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1180. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$104,000 to the Oklahoma Optometry Education Assistance Contract Program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976 pursuant to the provisions of Section 2 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature as provided in Title 70, O.S. Supplement 1973, Section 696.1.

Resolution No. 1181. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$13,750 to Eastern Oklahoma State College for the education of dependent youth and orphans as provided in Article IV, Section 422 of the Oklahoma Higher Education Code for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976 pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1182. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$300,000 to accomplish the Oklahoma Higher Education Tuition Aid Act as outlined in Title 70-O.S. 1971, Sections 626.1 through 626.10 pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1183. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$60,000 to pay for Osteopathy Student Education Assistance pursuant to Title 70, O.S. 1971, Section 627.1 and pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1184. June 2, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$1,539.92 to East Central Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7507.

Resolution No. 1185. June 10, 1975. A resolution expressing intent that institutions give emphasis to the purchase of library materials when expending the special funds allocated from Senate Bill No. 254 to the end that all institutions may strive to at least meet and hopefully exceed the minimum standards of the American Library Association with regard to their library holdings.

Resolution No. 1186. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$175,000 to the Emergency Repair Fund to carry out the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution No. 1035 of the 1971 Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1187. June 2, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$3,214.40 to Murray State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7457.

Resolution No. 1188. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$54,293,920 to institutions and other constituent agencies of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1189. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$34,600 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the support of the Special Enrichment Program of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1190. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$950,775 to institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education as a result of a contract with the State Board of Vocational and Technical Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets and Technical Education Programs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1191. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$251,045 to institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education as a result of a contract with the State Board of Vocational and Technical Education for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets and Technical Education Programs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1192. June 2, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$129,501.50 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 219 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1965 Building Bond Fund, Series D, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8501.

Resolution No. 1193. June 2, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$454,403.23 to Claremore Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 8501.

Resolution No. 1195. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$150,000 to The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of House-Bill No. 1102 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of making educational program resources available to the people of the Ardmore area.

Resolution No. 1196. May 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$66,188.89 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution No. 1197. May 27, 1975. A resolution allocating \$67,294 to East Central Oklahoma State University from anticipated income to the institution's revolving fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1974 for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

Resolution No. 1198. May 23, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$221,916.07 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 203, 206, 207, 210, 212, 217, 225, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, and 242.

Resolution No. 1199. May 26, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$426,382.47 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 207, 215, 216, 220, 236, and 241.

Resolution No. 1200. May 26, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$9,739 to Murray State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7457.

Resolution No. 1201. May 30, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$250,841 to Northwestern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7529.

Resolution No. 1202. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$100,000 to Northwestern Oklahoma State University pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of a transitional subsidy for underwriting one-year unusual costs at the institution during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1203. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$195,000 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Sections 17 and 18 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for the purpose of meeting a special need for operating the Tulsa Branch Clinical Program of the College of Medicine for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1204. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating to the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine Family Medicine Practice Plan in Enid pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1205. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$150,000 to the University of Oklahoma Scholar-Leadership Enrichment Program pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1206. June 10, 1975. A resolution allocating \$100,000 to the Oklahoma State University for support of an Agricultural Economics Enrichment Program pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1207. June 10, 1975. A resolution recognizing that new State-Appropriated funds are short of the amount requested by the State Regents to carry out both existing programs and proposed new programs at a quality level and specifying conditions under which institutions may operate during the 1975 fiscal year new educational

programs approved conditionally by the State Regents in July of 1974.

Resolution No. 1208. June 9, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$32,397.14 to Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7459.

Resolution No. 1209. June 10, 1975. A resolution extending appreciation and expressing gratitude to Governor David L. Boren and the leadership and members of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature for the attention given to Oklahoma higher education when appropriating funds for the 1975-76 fiscal year.

Resolution No. 1210. June 13, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$9,432 to Carl Albert Junior College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7522.

Resolution No. 1211. June 16, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$2,392.96 to Murray State College from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7457.

Resolution No. 1212. June 20, 1975. A resolution allocating \$80,000 to Oklahoma State University from an institutional cash fund derived from proceeds of a contract with the Commission on Fire Protection Personnel Standards and Education and Auxiliary Enterprises Sales of Fire Protection publications.

Resolution No. 1213. June 19, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$43,760.06 to the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for purchase of equipment for use in the University Hospital for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project Nos. 202, 213, 217, 224, 238, 241, 242, and 243.

Resolution No. 1214. June 18, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$99,918.50 to Southeastern Oklahoma State University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7530.

Resolution No. 1215. June 20, 1975. A resolution allocating \$5,244,649 to institutions of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education from anticipated income to the institutions' revolving fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budgets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1216. June 26, 1975. A resolution allocating \$30,000 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from anticipated income to the agency's revolving fund for support of the Special Enrichment Program of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1217. June 26, 1975. A resolution allocating \$86,476 to the University of Oklahoma Law Center from anticipated income to the agency's revolving fund for support of the Educational and General Operating Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

Resolution No. 1218. June 27, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$19,965 to the University of Oklahoma from the Emergency Repair Fund pursuant to the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution No. 1035 of the First Session of the Thirty-Third Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1219. June 27, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$175,000 to the University of Oklahoma from the Emergency Repair Fund pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of House Bill No. 1102 of the First Session of the Thirty-Fifth Oklahoma Legislature.

Resolution No. 1220. June 30, 1975. A resolution allocating and allotting \$4,509 to Cameron University from an appropriation in Senate Bill 727 of the Second Session of the Thirty-Fourth Oklahoma Legislature out of the State of Oklahoma 1968 Building Bond Fund, Series E, for partial accomplishment of capital improvements, Project No. 7531.

**SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATION ACTS
THIRTY-FOURTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1974-75**

General Revenue Funds

SENATE BILL NO. 431

Section 1—Operations Funds for the State System	\$105,380,553
Section 2—Operation of the Oklahoma Optometry Education Assistance Contract Program	64,000
Section 3—Education of Dependens Youth and Orphans	13,750
Section 4—Higher Education Tuition Aid Act	300,000
Section 5—Operation of the Ardmore Higher Education Program	100,000

SENATE BILL NO. 570

Operation of an Osteopathy Education Assistance Program	60,000
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SENATE BILL NO. 348 (35th Oklahoma Legislature)
Supplemental Appropriation for Langston University

400,000

HOUSE BILL NO. 1497

State Aid to State Junior Colleges	300,000
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Federal Revenue Sharing Funds

SENATE BILL NO. 431

SECTION 6—Constructing an Animal Diagnostic Laboratory	1,000,000
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Building Bond Funds

SENATE BILL NO. 727

Section 7—Capital Improvements in the State System	18,750,000
Section 8—Capital Improvements and Equipment for University Hospital	3,500,000

HOUSE BILL NO. 1578 (35th Oklahoma Legislature)

Section 3—Capital Improvements for the University of Oklahoma Medical Center	2,370,000
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**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM FOR HIGHER EDUCATION.
EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET —**

PART I*

FISCAL YEAR 1974-75

Institution	State-Approp. Funds Available 1974-75	Non-State Approp. Funds Available 1974-75	Total of All Funds For the Year 1974-75
OU	\$18,983,715	\$13,845,584	\$ 32,847,799
OSU	19,502,322	1,0775,079	30,456,370
CSU	7,105,712	3,245,564	10,408,830
ECOSU	2,324,970	974,500	3,299,470
NEOSU	4,552,685	1,635,804	6,188,489
NWOSU	1,626,702	772,029	2,398,731
SEOSU	2,518,537	1,284,950	3,803,487
SWOSU	4,350,769	1,787,618	6,138,387
Cameron	2,637,394	1,273,755	3,955,601
Langston	1,570,810	592,224	2,168,686
Panhandle	1,126,793	408,380	1,535,173
USAO	1,209,261	268,681	1,480,442
CAJC	286,307	165,512	464,061
Claremore	737,191	224,342	982,915
Connors	705,223	180,440	908,868
Eastern	1,292,117	361,401	1,739,786
El Reno	242,783	201,850	445,818
Murray	745,247	254,684	1,039,182
NEOAMC	1,780,437	507,116	2,389,850
NOC	1,095,361	227,679	1,388,445
ORJC	2,258,635	1,279,029	3,635,819
Seminole	479,417	300,869	808,720
SOCJC	646,216	1,233,157	1,926,433
Tulsa	2,377,509	2,549,144	5,047,138
WOSC	506,324	171,399	693,623
Sayre	132,348	75,029	222,671
OCOMS	807,635	—	807,635
OU-HSC	10,453,323	3,984,976	14,446,121
OU Law Center	1,060,462	448,251	1,508,713
OU-Geol. Survey	484,815	28,000	512,815
OSU-Vet. Med.	1,221,065	780,410	2,001,475
OSU-Exp. Sta.	3,814,445	2,459,069	6,273,514
OSU-Ext. Div.	3,333,169	4,205,298	7,538,467
OSU-TT	2,487,665	1,595,951	4,154,616
OSU-TI	766,224	552,342	1,449,566
TOTAL	\$105,223,588	\$58,650,116	\$165,067,716
Special Items:			
Civil Rights St. Plan	200,000	—	200,000
Dental & Opt. Stu. Asst.	85,000	—	85,000
TV Instruction Program	325,000	—	325,000
Student Educ. Asst. Fund	100,000	—	100,000
Student. Intern Program	15,000	—	15,000
OU-HSC Tulsa Program	436,715	—	436,715
Total	\$106,385,303	\$58,650,116	\$166,229,431

*Budgeted expenditures for regular educational and general activities normally associated with the assigned functions of the institution.

**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET —**

PART II*

**ALLOCATIONS FOR SPONSORED RESEARCH &
OTHER SPONSORED PROGRAMS**

Institution	1973-74	1974-75
University of Oklahoma	\$ 5,397,599.01	\$ 9,055,520.91
Health Sciences Center	9,002,227.00	10,928,702.00
Oklahoma State University	4,972,000.00	4,685,000.00
College of Veterinary Medicine	742,000.00	661,000.00
Agricultural Experiment Station	3,019,998.00	3,977,215.00
Agricultural Extension Division	3,916,298.00	4,302,298.00
OSU School of Technical Training	260,000.00	347,000.00
Technical Institute, Oklahoma City	18,500.00	143,000.00
Central State University	207,607.40	316,836.26
East Central Oklahoma State University	384,196.84	1,201,813.92
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	364,566.22	705,053.80
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	—	—
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	841,000.00	670,554.00
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	492,089.34	785,155.01
Cameron University	321,106.21	395,038.33
Langston University	1,438,741.88	1,636,823.00
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	24,978.00	53,237.00
University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma	25,000.00	62,681.00
Carl Albert Junior College	—	20,000.00
Clatsmore Junior College	114,420.57	146,647.25
Connors State College	77,456.00	180,406.00
Eastern Oklahoma State College	344,870.38	427,683.00
El Reno Junior College	—	—
Murray State College	151,825.00	185,353.00
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College	109,500.00	182,691.60
Northern Oklahoma College	95,912.00	71,690.00
Oscar Rose Junior College	—	367,711.00
Seminole Junior College	—	209,979.00
South Oklahoma City Junior College	—	430,474.00
Tulsa Junior College	12,987.00	259,311.00
Western Oklahoma State College	121,709.00	181,858.00
Sayre Junior College	—	7,290.00
Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine & Surgery	—	—
TOTAL	\$32,456,572.85	\$42,608,422.08

*Budgeted expenditures for educational and general activities of a contract or grant agreement nature unique to the institution with respect either to source of financing or to nature of the research or services undertaken.

CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING AMOUNTS NEEDED FOR THE EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING BUDGET

The State Regents have changed the procedure for identifying the need for funds at institutions from a budget functional basis to an educational program basis. It is the purpose of the new procedure to relate the need for operating funds directly to educational programs of study offered at the institution. Research and study regarding costs of educational program operation at institutions in the State System and in the region over the past few years permitted the State Regents to move forward in the Fiscal Year 1973-74 on an experimental basis of educational program budgeting for three institutions. For 1974-75 the budget for all 20 state colleges and universities were determined on a program budget basis and this basis was used for the 25 colleges and universities in the State System for 1975-76. Guiding principles and procedures involved in this method are explained below.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES:

1. Oklahoma should support the educational programs of institutions in the State System at such level that will provide high-quality educational performance.
2. Each institution in the State System should carry out three broad areas of educational program responsibility: (a) instruction, (b) research, and (c) public service.
3. The budget needs of each institution should be determined on the basis of educational program costs including the three categories above projected for the budget year.
4. The instructional program costs should include: (a) resident instruction, (b) organized activities related to instruction, (c) library, (d) general administration, (e) general expense, and (f) operation and maintenance of the physical plant. Budget needs for organized research and extension and public service should be computed separately from instructional costs.
5. Primary factors that should be recognized in determining the instructional part of the budget needs should include: (a) type of institution, (b) instructional program costs by level, and (c) full-time-equivalent enrollment by level for the full fiscal year.
6. Operating experience of institutions in Oklahoma and institutions in the 10-state region including (a) ratios of students to faculty by level, (b) average salaries of full-time faculty by type of institution, and (c) total educational and general budget student per capita expenditure, should be recognized as influence factors when establishing instructional program costs.
7. Full-time-equivalent enrollment data should be based on the full fiscal year (summer, fall and spring terms) with a factor of 30

student credit hours used to compute undergraduate enrollment and a factor of 24 student credit hours for graduate enrollment.

8. The needs for college-level trained manpower should be taken into consideration in determining priorities for funding at institutions.
9. A realistic estimate of revolving fund income should be made and applied toward meeting the institutional budget needs, consistent with state law.

PROCEDURES—20 COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

The objective is to identify the cost of operating educational programs at institutions. To accomplish this, the instructional programs to be offered must be identified, the number of students by level to be enrolled in each program must be projected, and the cost per student by level must be calculated. Given these data, the cost for each instructional program is computed, and these costs are aggregated. An amount for research and an amount for public service is then determined, and these amounts are then added to the instructional cost. The sum of the costs for instruction, research and public service becomes the total educational and general budget of an institution. From this total the amount of estimated revolving fund income for the budget year is subtracted, and the difference is the amount of state appropriated funds required to fund the institution's budget.

These procedures were followed in accomplishing the objective:

1. The instructional programs operating at each institution in the previous year are identified. Those programs not expected to operate in the budget year are deleted and those new programs expected to operate in the budget year are added.
2. The course composition of each of the instructional programs to be offered at an institution is then identified.
3. The cost of operating the instructional programs so identified by level in the budget year is next projected.
4. The number of full-time-equivalent students expected to enroll by level in the instructional programs during the full fiscal year for which the budget need is being determined is then projected.
5. The next step is to identify the cost of operating each instructional program for each student by level in the budget year, then multiply these cost units by the number of FTE students projected by level for the various programs that will operate in the budget year.
6. The cost of operating each instructional program is then computed and these are added to get the total cost of all instructional programs at the institution.

7. The amount of funds to be added to the budget for research is then determined. Basic functions of institutions will, of course, influence the determination of these amounts. Institutions that accomplish significant research must be provided funds accordingly. All institutions carry on some type of institutional research and study of programming and thus must be provided an allowance for this function of the budget.
8. Extension and public service is the third category of the educational program budget. Again, institutions' functional assignments will influence the degree to which they participate in extension programs and/or public service programs. An appropriate amount for this program is accordingly determined.
9. The final step is to add the amounts determined for (a) instructional programs, (b) research, and (c) extension and public service. This becomes the total amount of budget needs of the institution for the educational programs to be operated.

PROCEDURES—8 OTHER CONSTITUENT AGENCIES

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center: For the year 1975-76, a programmatic approach to the determination of educational and general budget needs was used. This approach identified five instructional programs, College of Medicine, College of Dentistry, College of Nursing, College of Health, and Graduate College of Medical and Dental Science; Library; Continuing Education; Organized Research; General Administration; General Expense; and Physical Plant Maintenance and Operation. The budget for each division is calculated as follows:

College of Medicine: Project full-year full-time-equivalent (FTE) student enrollment by student classification. Allow one FTE student for each 2.5 interns, residents, or physician associates. Allow one FTE Faculty position for each 4.6 FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$26,000 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow six other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$26,000 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 71.7 other support personnel FTE positions (1974-75 allowed rate of support positions to instructional faculty) at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$6,600 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries, staff benefits, and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Dentistry: Allow 31 full-time-equivalent (FTE) dental

faculty positions plus one FTE faculty position for each 4.6 projected FTE dental students above 48. Multiply the number of FTE dental faculty positions by \$25,800 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for dental faculty salaries. Allow one FTE dental hygiene faculty position for each 12 projected FTE dental hygiene students. Multiply the number of FTE dental hygiene faculty positions by \$16,700 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for dental hygiene faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$25,800 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 9.3 other support personnel FTE positions (1974-75 allowed rate of support positions to instructional faculty) at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$6,600 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries, staff benefits, and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Nursing: Project full-year full-time-equivalent (FTE) student enrollment by level. Allow one FTE faculty position for each eight undergraduate FTE students and one FTE faculty position for each five graduate FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$17,800 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$25,800 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 9.1 other support personnel FTE positions (1974-75 allowed rate of support positions to instructional faculty) at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$6,600 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries, staff benefits, and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

College of Health: Project full-year full-time-equivalent (FTE) student enrollment by level. Allow one FTE faculty position for each 12 undergraduate FTE students and one FTE faculty position for each eight graduate FTE students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$20,000 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$25,800 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 9.3 other support personnel FTE positions (1974-75 allowed rate of support positions to instructional faculty) at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$6,600 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries,

add 7% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries, staff benefits, and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

Graduate College of Medical and Dental Science: Project full-year full-time student enrollment. Allow one full-time-equivalent (FTE) faculty position for each eight students. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$23,800 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow three other professional FTE positions at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$25,800 to determine salaries needed for these positions. Allow 3.5 other support personnel FTE positions (1974-75 allowed rate of support positions to instructional faculty) at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$6,600 to determine salaries needed for these positions. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses of the instructional program. The total of salaries, staff benefits, and other expenses becomes the total budget needs for the instructional program.

Library: Allow seven professional personnel at an average full-year salary for 1975-76 of \$14,314 to determine salaries needed for professional personnel. Allow 13.2 support personnel FTE positions at an average full-year salary of \$6,600 to determine salaries for support personnel. To the sum of all salaries, add 7.0% for staff benefits. Add 12.0% of total salaries and staff benefits for other expenses. Add 96.0% of total salaries, staff benefits and other expenses for books, periodicals, and library binding and printing. The total becomes the budget for Library.

General Administration: Project the amount for 1975-76 based on the budget needs amount for 1974-75 adjusted for cost increases.

General Expense: Project the amount for 1975-76 based on the budget needs amount for 1974-75 adjusted for cost increases.

Continuing Education: Project the amount for 1975-76 based on the budget needs amount for 1974-75 adjusted for cost increases.

Organized Research: Project the amount for 1975-76 based on the budget needs amount for 1974-75 adjusted for cost increases.

Physical Plant Maintenance and Operation: Project the amount for 1975-76 based on the budget needs amount for 1974-75 adjusted for cost increases.

When computed, the amounts for all divisions are added to get the total primary budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

University of Oklahoma Law Center: The budget for this agency is calculated on the basis of proposed programs of activities for the budget year 1975-76. For the budget year 1975-76, nine programs are identified and budget needs are computed as follows: For the instructional program, project full-year full-time-equivalent (FTE) student enrollment. Allow one FTE faculty position for each 21 FTE enrollment. Multiply the total number of FTE faculty positions by \$25,400 (average 9/10 month salary for 1975-76) to determine the amount needed for faculty salaries. Allow for support personnel services, equipment, supplies, and materials as allowed for 1974-75 and adjusted for cost increases. Allow the same positions as allowed in 1974-75 and the amounts for other objects of expenditure as allowed in 1974-75 and adjusted for cost increases. For library allow additional amounts for all categories of expenditure to provide a library of excellence. When computed, the amounts for all primary programs are added to get the requirements for the year. To this amount is added the student special enrichments program estimated at a cost equal to the special law school student fee (\$2.00 per student-credit hour \times 17,300 SCH) and the sum is the total educational and general budget requirements for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total primary budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

University of Oklahoma Geological Survey: The total budget for this agency is calculated on the basis of proposed programs of activities for the budget year 1975-76. For the budget year 1975-76, ten programs are identified. The amounts for all programs are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU College of Veterinary Medicine: Project full-year full-time-equivalent (FTE) student enrollment: Allow one FTE faculty position for each 5.3 FTE students. Multiply the FTE faculty positions by \$21,500 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for faculty salaries. Add to this, 33% for other instructional expenses, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: General Administration, 6%; General Expense, 5%; Teaching Hospital, 30%; Extension and Public Service, 5%; Organized Research, 10%; Library, 6%; and Physical Plant, 15%. When computed, the amounts for all budget functions are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Agricultural Experiment Station: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow 123 full-time-equivalent (FTE) professional positions. Multiply the total number of FTE professional positions by \$20,800 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for Professional Salaries. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for other functions of the budget: Administration and General Expense, 18%; Supporting Personnel, 75%; and Supplies and Equipment, 80%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirements for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in the revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Agricultural Extension Division: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow 264 full-time-equivalent (FTE) Professional Field positions. Multiply the number of FTE Professional Field positions by \$1,700 (average full-year salary for 1975-76), to determine the total amount needed for Professional Field salaries. Add to this, 40% for other field service expense, and the total represents the budget base. The following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: Administration and General Expense, 14%; Supporting State Staff, 47%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirements for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU School of Technical Training: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow one full-time-equivalent (FTE) faculty position for each 12 FTE enrollment. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$13,600 (average full-year salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for teaching salaries. Add to this, 35% for other instructional expense, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: Administration, 7%; General Expense, 7%; Extension and Public Service, 2%; Library, 5%; and Physical Plant, 17%. When computed, the amounts for the budget functions are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

OSU Oklahoma City Technical Institute: The budget for this agency is calculated as follows: Allow one full-time-equivalent (FTE) faculty position for each 12 FTE enrollment in Technical programs. Allow one FTE faculty position for each 28 FTE enrollment in academic programs. Multiply the number of FTE faculty positions by \$13,600

(average 9, 10 month salary for 1975-76) to determine the total amount needed for faculty salaries. Add to this, 35% for other instructional expense, and the total represents the amount allowed for the function of instruction. This figure becomes the budget base and the following percentages are applied to the budget base for the other functions of the budget: General Administration, 9%; General Expense, 8%; Library, 10%; and Physical Plant, 17%. When computed, the amounts for all functions of the budget are added to get the total budget requirement for the year. The amount estimated to be collected during the year in revolving funds is subtracted from the total budget and the balance is the amount that is requested to be appropriated by the Legislature.

ESTIMATING INCOME

An estimate is made of the amount of income expected to be collected at each institution and agency from student fees, from sales and services, and miscellaneous sources; and the total of this is subtracted from the total institutional budget requirement. The difference then becomes the amount requested for appropriation by the Legislature.

"State-Appropriated Funds" are those funds appropriated by the Legislature to the State Regents to be allocated to constituent institutions and agencies. "Revolving Funds" are those funds which the institutions receive from the student fees, sales and services of educational departments, the Federal government in some instances, and from other miscellaneous sources. The amount of "Revolving Funds" income is estimated for each institution after taking into consideration its fee schedule, the function of the institution and possible charges to be made by the institution for the different services rendered, and the past experience of the institution as to funds actually received from the various sources.

REGENTS' OFFICE EXPENDITURES 1974-75

STATE AND FEDERAL FUNDS

Salaries, Wages, Social Security, Unemployment Comp. Annuities	\$547,275.43
Insurance Benefits	13,162.67
Retired Personnel	7,405.08
Consultants	4,753.61
Other Personal Services	440.00
Travel	12,715.30
Postage and Freight	11,043.59
Telephone	18,787.00
Rents	107,848.79
Printing & Binding	20,325.94
Repairs & Maintenance	3,476.11
Informational Services	2,990.15
Supplies and Materials	21,774.22
Motor Vehicle Expense	748.93
Equipment	80,213.92
Books & Periodicals	937.66
Premiums, Memberships, and Fees	2,207.65
Other Current Charges	6,500.00
Data Processing	83,477.56
TOTAL	\$946,083.61
Budget Funds by Source:	
From State System Assessments	\$413,000.00
From Federal Funds	323,130.71
From Other Funds	209,952.90
TOTAL	\$946,083.61

STATE REGENTS' NO. 220 LOAN FUND

Title 70, O.S. 1971 Section 3211, provides for a loan fund in the amount of \$200,000.00 to be used by the Regents for making loans to institutions for certain purposes. The fund was originally established by the Legislature in 1943 in House Bill 403.

The loan fund has served a very useful purpose in allowing institutions to meet many needs on a current basis which otherwise might have taken several years to accomplish if the loan fund had not been available. The fund turned over many times since its establishment. In fact, over one million dollars has been loaned to the various institutions over the past three decades.

The status of the loan fund as of June 30, 1975 was as follows:

Total Amount of Loan Fund		\$200,000.00
Cash on Hand 7-1-74		70,000.00
Loans Outstanding 7-1-74		
Langston University	\$100,000.00	
East Central Oklahoma State University	30,000.00	
		130,000.00
Loans made 7-1-74 to 6-30-75		
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	30,000.00	
		30,000.00
Repayments Received 7-1-74 to 6-30-75		
East Central Oklahoma State University	30,000.00	
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	30,000.00	
		60,000.00
Loans Outstanding 6-30-75		
Langston University	100,000.00	
		100,000.00
Cash on Hand 6-30-75		\$100,000.00

**EXPENDITURES FOR STATE PURPOSES
SINCE STATEHOOD
BUDGET OFFICE TOTALS BY FISCAL YEARS**

1908-09	\$ 4,410,282.76	1943	86,784,721.12
1910	3,253,344.29	1944	87,111,427.35
1911	2,915,464.72	1945	93,335,991.08
1912	3,438,346.00	1946	141,457,560.21
1913	4,021,662.93	1947	183,634,426.27
1914	3,979,356.74	1948	205,092,926.69
1915	5,011,792.48	1949	228,871,696.77
1916	4,365,571.20	1950	271,967,062.55
1917	5,942,380.06	1951	279,654,609.40
1918	5,338,458.63	1952	289,316,999.45
1919	7,664,421.74	1953	300,559,556.56
1920	10,250,454.45	1954	300,299,272.71
1921	11,048,747.43	1955	310,004,958.74
1922	10,834,344.37	1956	340,728,805.68
1923	11,435,839.10	1957	362,470,063.21
1924	15,404,558.31	1958	406,192,784.64
1925	18,410,645.00	1959	448,509,837.94
1926	22,132,962.27	1960	435,809,163.10
1927	24,488,293.58	1961	475,706,625.59
1928	32,897,187.13	1962	496,934,041.99
1929	28,198,033.86	1963	548,588,191.54
1930	36,741,761.15	1964	588,761,586.02
1931	38,577,132.60	1965	616,280,059.99
1932	31,508,815.35	1966	680,655,438.57
1933	30,869,039.21	1967	807,944,696.28
1934	29,489,977.14	1968	854,988,422.83
1935	32,419,823.23	1969	916,669,938.54
1936	43,559,985.12	1970	1,011,260,694.25
1937	64,311,146.28	1971	1,151,358,981.00
1938	74,079,299.52	1972	1,272,788,420.00
1939	86,463,014.54	1973	1,339,279,407.00
1940	80,331,224.18	1974	1,471,257,350.00
1941	85,545,597.35	1975	1,789,932,908.00
1942	\$ 87,169,607.50		

**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1974-75**

	University of Oklahoma Norman	OU Health Sciences Center Oklahoma City	University of Oklahoma Law Center	Oklahoma Geological Survey Norman	Oklahoma State University Tulsa	College of Veterinary Medicine Stillwater	Agricultural Experiment Station Stillwater	Agricultural Extension Division Stillwater	OSU School of Technical Training Oklahoma City	OSU Technical Institute Oklahoma City
CURRENT INCOME										
Educational and General	\$32,237,445	\$13,523,843	\$1,393,963	\$ 510,082	\$29,617,287	\$ 1,049,083	\$ 6,343,380	\$ 7,433,572	\$ 3,955,958	\$1,372,908
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	7,055,494	8,680,089	—	—	7,459,910	803,481	1,054,202	495,662	387,583	118,442
Auxiliary Enterprises	32,991,069	5,066,838	—	—	18,130,842	5,633	258,247	—	1,984,941	208,403
Student Aid	2,413,354	177,695	—	—	1,548,047	—	—	8,955	668,908	75,170
Total Current Income	\$94,697,362	\$28,448,465	\$1,393,963	\$ 510,082	\$56,756,086	\$ 2,758,197	\$ 7,655,889	\$ 7,936,189	\$ 6,997,890	\$1,774,924
From State Funds	19,002,215	10,606,725	1,060,462	484,815	19,502,322	1,221,065	3,814,445	3,333,169	2,487,665	766,224
From Other Funds	55,695,347	17,841,740	333,501	25,267	37,253,764	1,537,132	3,841,444	4,603,020	4,509,725	1,008,700
CURRENT EXPENDITURES										
Educational and General	\$ 1,585,055	\$ 1,243,585	\$ 205,407	\$ 73,249	\$ 1,333,020	\$ 100,434	\$ 438,429	\$ 359,355	\$ 327,161	\$ 121,226
Administration	2,300,447	559,211	—	—	2,000,490	—	1,961,110	301,332	276,586	116,485
Animal Production	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,188,533	—	—	—
General Expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,801,388	—	—	—
Plant Production	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Economic and Other Research	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Field Services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,905,510	—	—
Supporting Services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,739,603	—	—
Instruction	17,494,123	8,943,933	828,971	—	17,292,244	1,028,830	—	—	2,541,549	797,807
Organized Activities	268,793	—	—	—	382,308	—	—	—	—	—
Law Office Student Practice	—	—	25,957	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organized Research	1,151,448	41,720	—	391,147	1,735,080	75,575	—	—	—	—
Extension and Public Service	3,050,431	32,782	—	16,579	1,468,700	579,605	—	—	135	—
Continuing Legal Ed. & Law Review	—	—	89,438	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Library	1,495,378	282,078	236,429	14,592	1,404,839	35,583	—	—	62,904	88,917
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Data Processing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Expenditures	\$74,402,504	\$28,448,465	\$1,393,963	\$ 510,082	\$56,684,376	\$ 2,758,197	\$ 7,655,889	\$ 7,936,189	\$ 6,997,890	\$1,774,924
From State Funds	19,002,215	10,606,725	1,060,462	484,815	19,502,322	1,221,065	3,814,445	3,333,169	2,487,665	766,224
From Other Funds	55,695,347	17,841,740	333,501	25,267	37,253,764	1,537,132	3,841,444	4,603,020	4,509,725	1,008,700

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**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1974-75**

	Central State University Edmond	East Central Oklahoma State University Ada	Northeastern Oklahoma State University Tahlequah	Northwestern Oklahoma State University Ava	Southeastern Oklahoma State University Durant	Southwestern Oklahoma State University Weatherford	Camden University Lawton	Langston University Langston	Oklahoma Panhandle State University Goodwell
CURRENT INCOME									
Educational and General	\$ 9,806,172	\$ 3,279,272	\$ 6,178,828	\$ 2,279,805	\$ 3,591,743	\$ 5,733,026	\$ 3,786,081	\$ 1,806,851	\$ 1,532,215
Current Research and Services	334,937	802,590	799,393	41,952	624,311	667,367	387,578	1,273,806	74,093
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,947,960	1,384,152	2,664,831	938,229	1,379,519	1,672,558	2,518,034	877,986	1,128,620
Student Aid	843,947	359,869	1,790,401	288,090	8,359	204,430	462,467	585,805	\$9,062
Total Current Income	\$13,882,916	\$ 5,825,883	\$11,433,453	\$ 3,546,076	\$ 5,603,932	\$ 8,277,381	\$ 7,154,160	\$ 4,544,448	\$2,823,990
From State Funds	7,105,712	2,324,970	4,552,655	1,626,702	2,518,537	4,350,769	2,637,394	1,300,763	1,124,793
From Other Funds	6,777,204	3,500,913	6,880,798	1,919,374	3,085,395	3,926,612	4,516,766	3,243,685	1,697,197
CURRENT EXPENDITURES									
Educational and General									
Administration	\$ 349,713	\$ 198,892	\$ 339,372	\$ 152,875	\$ 230,723	\$ 217,830	\$ 196,726	\$ 115,252	\$ 97,277
General Expenses	570,516	299,097	508,813	174,195	276,262	279,085	208,470	141,665	130,008
Instruction	6,215,236	2,157,268	3,658,021	1,399,826	2,670,137	4,315,014	2,698,473	892,799	864,785
Organized Activities	80,200	—	58,544	20,482	—	49,795	29,075	33,874	49,548
Organized Research	40,036	—	40,614	12,481	—	1,268	31,703	12,918	27,798
Extension and Public Service	132,374	13,443	114,526	32,187	13,040	53,046	112,763	6,369	649
Library	790,165	107,026	373,180	69,212	75,319	265,899	216,889	98,332	52,942
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	1,050,391	450,248	853,017	316,106	350,378	557,437	366,333	210,351	202,431
Data Processing	156,362	59,192	83,486	9,241	37,013	24,660	65,844	13,287	—
Total Educational and General	\$ 9,484,993	\$ 3,285,256	\$ 6,029,873	\$ 2,192,805	\$ 3,652,920	\$ 5,764,054	\$ 3,926,276	\$ 1,524,847	\$ 1,423,638
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	334,937	802,590	799,393	28,530	624,311	667,367	387,578	1,273,806	74,093
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,833,710	1,427,813	2,731,516	909,327	1,391,528	1,752,329	2,407,464	583,786	1,061,111
Student Aid	843,947	359,869	1,779,451	207,922	8,359	217,407	424,967	590,705	84,596
Total Current Expenses	\$13,882,916	\$ 5,825,883	\$11,433,453	\$ 3,546,076	\$ 5,603,932	\$ 8,277,381	\$ 7,154,160	\$ 4,544,448	\$2,823,990

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OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR 1974-75

	University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma Chickasha	Carl Albert Junior College Ponca	Clemens Junior College Clemens	Conners State College of Agriculture and Applied Science Warner	Eastern Oklahoma State College Wilburton	El Reno Junior College El Reno	Murray State College Tishomingo	Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College Miami	Northern Oklahoma College Tulsa
CURRENT INCOME									
Educational and General	\$ 1,493,337	\$ 435,895	\$ 978,828	\$ 968,738	\$ 1,725,401	\$ 417,193	\$ 1,055,213	\$ 2,372,258	\$ 1,369,322
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	24,284	91,494	45,788	138,316	348,281	—	154,559	148,213	72,499
Auxiliary Enterprises	313,332	86,702	405,111	494,473	728,405	45,002	572,298	2,013,153	468,396
Student Aid	190,523	132,927	142,276	255,416	557,828	55,518	340,740	198,188	124,462
Total Current Income	\$ 2,021,480	\$ 747,018	\$ 1,572,003	\$ 1,856,943	\$ 3,359,915	\$ 517,713	\$ 2,123,110	\$ 4,731,812	\$ 2,054,679
From State Funds	1,214,761	298,338	737,191	705,229	-1,278,367	242,783	745,247	1,780,437	1,095,361
From Other Funds	809,719	448,680	834,812	1,151,720	2,081,548	274,930	1,377,863	2,951,375	959,318
CURRENT EXPENDITURES									
Educational and General Administration	\$ 105,935	\$ 71,675	\$ 92,039	\$ 77,571	136,901	47,972	93,138	143,364	\$ 82,833
General Expense	163,501	85,695	92,977	79,189	136,901	37,042	112,614	215,334	98,772
Instruction	820,235	249,345	547,421	503,487	1,082,822	255,740	595,611	1,450,959	906,356
Organized Activities	31,436	—	14,859	39,454	59,895	—	62,465	25,980	—
Organized Research	5,673	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Extension and Public Services	—	—	30,590	2,412	—	—	—	—	376
Library	74,608	15,493	33,174	41,075	68,451	20,972	45,047	116,431	62,912
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	258,479	29,485	140,292	163,678	205,358	31,992	122,794	351,375	200,516
Data Processing	24,179	—	—	13,420	34,226	—	—	10,507	4,758
Total Educational and General	\$ 1,451,046	\$ 451,695	\$ 951,352	\$ 920,277	\$ 1,724,549	\$ 399,714	\$ 1,031,609	\$ 2,313,950	\$ 1,356,523
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	15,154	91,494	42,788	148,317	348,281	—	177,835	148,213	72,499
Auxiliary Enterprises	20,439	74,904	263,330	429,115	692,679	61,001	571,829	1,844,186	433,744
Student Aid	181,238	128,591	140,212	255,416	558,110	45,518	340,740	198,188	121,616
Total Current Expenses	\$ 1,977,129	\$ 746,685	\$ 1,599,082	\$ 1,856,943	\$ 3,359,915	\$ 517,713	\$ 2,123,110	\$ 4,504,537	\$ 1,984,382

**OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION
CURRENT OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR 1974-75**

	Oscar Rees Junior College Midwest City	Seminole Junior College Seminole	South Oklahoma City Junior College Oklahoma City	Tulsa Junior College Tulsa	Western Oklahoma State College Altus	Sayre Junior College Sayre
CURRENT INCOME						
Educational and General	\$ 3,967,037	\$ 1,067,590	\$ 1,900,226	\$ 5,232,976	\$ 690,457	\$ 230,031
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	509,910	172,323	145,592	48,417	65,917	—
Auxiliary Enterprises	642,571	212,729	206,552	614,758	131,178	50,400
Student Aid	359,517	9,109	137,199	159,521	77,312	906
Total Current Income	\$ 5,479,035	\$ 1,461,751	\$ 2,429,569	\$ 6,055,672	\$ 964,864	\$ 281,367
From State Funds	2,258,635	895,267	646,216	2,377,509	506,324	132,345
From Other Funds	3,220,400	566,484	1,782,353	3,678,163	458,540	149,019
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Educational and General Administration	\$ 212,142	\$ 15,155	\$ 145,979	\$ 312,919	70,127	19,162
General Expense	277,922	91,748	123,746	302,495	57,911	29,611
Instruction	1,817,797	469,971	990,430	2,380,164	460,999	135,357
Organized Activities	—	11,179	14,988	—	—	—
Organized Research	—	—	—	—	—	—
Extension and Public Services	20,530	4,852	23,902	164,724	—	—
Library	225,956	62,986	48,730	183,838	41,330	14,190
Operation and Maintenance of Physical Plant	253,479	70,255	212,436	478,994	41,965	23,409
Data Processing	32,291	—	93,460	210,374	—	—
Total Educational and General	\$ 2,840,117	\$ 700,129	\$ 1,653,673	\$ 4,031,478	\$ 672,332	\$ 221,729
Sponsored Research & Other Programs	509,910	172,323	145,592	48,417	65,917	—
Auxiliary Enterprises	510,123	195,525	201,116	568,297	123,991	56,708
Student Aid	363,300	9,109	131,978	166,665	73,824	2,340
Total Current Expenses	\$ 4,223,450	\$ 1,187,086	\$ 2,132,359	\$ 4,814,857	\$ 936,064	\$ 280,777

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1975

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-75	Outstanding 6-30-75
University of Oklahoma	1949	Oklahoma Memorial Union Bonds	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 1,763,000	\$ 537,000
University of Oklahoma	1957	Student Housing Revenue Bonds			
		Series A&B	6,541,000	4,339,000	2,202,000
University of Oklahoma	1959	Student Housing Revenue Bonds			
		Series C	1,400,000	414,000	986,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Student Housing Revenue Bonds			
		Series A&B	5,700,000	851,000	4,849,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds			
		Series D	1,800,000	955,000	845,000
University of Oklahoma	1963	Organized Group Housing Series A	220,000	45,000	175,000
University of Oklahoma	1964	Student Housing Revenue Bonds			
		Series C	3,000,000	265,000	2,735,000
University of Oklahoma	1964	Organized Group Housing Series B	340,000	51,000	289,000
University of Oklahoma	1966	Student Housing Revenue Bonds	13,600,000	555,000	13,045,000
University of Oklahoma	1971	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds			
		Series A	1,760,000	250,000	1,510,000
University of Oklahoma	1971	Student Facilities Revenue Bonds			
		Series B	4,000,000	—0—	4,000,000
University of Oklahoma	1974	Stadium System Revenue Bonds	5,000,000	—0—	5,000,000
OU Health Sciences Center	1973	Utilities System	10,125,000	120,000	10,005,000
OU Health Sciences Center	1973	Utilities System—Series 1975	6,500,000	—0—	6,500,000
Oklahoma State University	1952	Library Building	2,400,000	2,005,000	395,000
Oklahoma State University	1957	Student Apartments and Utility System	2,250,000	1,286,000	964,000
Oklahoma State University	1961	Housing Revenue Bonds	2,983,000	515,000	2,468,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Student Union	5,580,000	2,925,000	2,655,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Building Revenue Bonds	1,380,000	252,000	1,128,000
Oklahoma State University	1963	Building Revenue Bonds — A	2,200,000	330,000	1,870,000
Oklahoma State University	1964	Housing Revenue Bonds	3,000,000	295,000	2,705,000
Oklahoma State University	1965	Housing Revenue Bonds	6,575,000	355,000	6,220,000
Oklahoma State University	1966	Utility System Junior	720,000	255,000	465,000
Oklahoma State University	1966	Housing Revenue Bonds	4,435,000	245,000	4,190,000
Oklahoma State University	1967	Housing Revenue Bonds of 1967 and 1968	5,375,000	305,000	5,070,000
Oklahoma State University	1967	Physical Education and Facilities Bonds	1,655,000	155,000	1,500,000

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BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1975

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-75	Outstanding 6-30-75
Oklahoma State University	1975	Agriculture Center Office Building	\$ 1,700,000	—0—	\$ 1,700,000
Oklahoma State University	1974	Student Health Center	1,900,000	—0—	1,900,000
Oklahoma State University	1972	Stadium Bonds	1,300,000	15,000	1,285,000
OSU School of Technical Training	1964	Student Housing	625,000	435,000	190,000
OSU School of Technical Training	1969	Student Housing	2,700,000	270,000	2,430,000
Central State University	1963	Student Facilities System:			
		Stadium and Fieldhouse	1,325,000	275,000	1,050,000
		Broncho Corral	166,000	66,000	100,000
		Dormitory and Student Union System:			
Central State University	1963	Broncho Apartments — South	600,000	100,000	500,000
Central State University	1964	Thatcher Hall Annex	213,000	119,000	94,000
Central State University	1964	East and West Halls, Dormitory	1,506,000	282,000	1,224,000
Central State University	1964	Faculty Student Apartments	272,000	54,000	218,000
Central State University	1964	Central Cafeteria	475,000	40,000	435,000
Central State University	1964	Broncho Apartments — North	510,000	30,000	480,000
Central State University	1965	East and West Halls Additions	1,520,000	160,000	1,360,000
Central State University	1965	Student Union (University Center)	3,000,000	410,000	2,590,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1949	Revenue Bonds—Student Union	250,000	250,000	—0—
East Central Oklahoma State University	1961	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals			
		Briles Hall Series A	800,000	176,000	624,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1964	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals			
		Briles Hall and Apartments Series A	600,000	101,000	499,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1964	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals			
		Pontotoc Hall Series C	1,250,000	143,000	1,107,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1965	Revenue Bonds—Student Rentals			
		Pesagi Hall	2,100,000	285,000	1,815,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1968	Revenue Bonds—Knight Dining Hall and Married Student Housing	700,000	15,000	685,000
East Central Oklahoma State University	1972	Revenue Bonds—Student Activities Center	400,000	10,000	390,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1958	Dormitory & Apartments	1,760,000	464,000	1,296,000

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BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1975

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-75	Outstanding 6-30-75
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1960	Dormitory	\$ 1,420,000	\$ 468,000	\$ 952,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory & Apartments	1,350,000	383,000	967,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Stadium	418,000	113,000	305,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1964	Dormitory	515,000	101,000	414,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1966	College Union	2,350,000	205,000	2,145,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory	2,000,000	200,000	1,800,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory	1,540,000	530,000	1,010,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1967	Dormitory	900,000	—	900,000
Northeastern Oklahoma State University	1967	Apartments	160,000	92,000	68,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1955	Student Center	500,000	150,000	350,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1960	Dormitory, Oklahoma Hall	900,000	175,000	725,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory, Fryer/Ament	1,000,000	105,000	895,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory, South Hall	1,650,000	95,000	1,555,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory/Cafeteria, Coronado Hall	360,000	30,000	330,000
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	1968	Stadium			
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1952	Student Union Building and Dormitory— Refunding and Revenue Bonds	935,000	681,000	254,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1959	Student Union Building Extension and Improvement Revenue Bonds	128,000	62,000	66,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1960	Married Student Housing	524,000	173,000	351,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Student Union and Dormitory Revenue Bonds	740,000	238,000	502,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory and Student Union Revenue Bonds of 1963 Second Series	100,000	32,000	68,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1969	Dormitory Revenue Bonds	1,970,000	105,000	1,865,000
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	1972	Revenue Bonds—Student Activities Center	185,000	15,000	170,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1961	Dormitory Addition	790,000	445,000	345,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1963	Dormitory	1,100,000	158,000	942,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1965	Dormitory	1,542,000	210,000	1,332,000
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	1966	Dormitory	2,135,000	236,000	1,899,000
Cameron University	1963	Housing System	1,147,000	194,000	953,000

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BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1975

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-75	Outstanding 6-30-75
Cameron University	1967	Housing System	\$ 6,245,000	\$ 375,000	\$ 5,870,000
Cameron University	1965	Stadium System	100,000	100,000	—0—
Langston University	1963	Construction of two dormitories, student union building, three Faculty apartments renovation of cafeteria	191,000	146,000	45,000
Langston University	1963	Construction of two dormitories, student union building, three Faculty apartments renovation of cafeteria	1,354,000	50,000	1,304,000
Langston University	1967	Construction of 36 units for married students and two dormitories	100,000	20,000	80,000
Langston University	1967	Construction of 36 units for married students and two dormitories	3,200,000	200,000	3,000,000
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	1966	Student Housing Renovation	560,000	85,000	475,000
University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma	1967	Student Housing Renovation	300,000	73,000	227,000
Panhandle State University	1950	Men's Dormitory Bond Issue	250,000	250,000	—0—
Panhandle State University	1962	Women's Dormitory and Student Union	925,000	204,000	721,000
Panhandle State University	1967	Addition to Womens Dormitory	580,000	54,000	526,000
Carl Albert Junior College	1974	Student Center	225,000	—0—	225,000
Claremore Junior College	1952	Series A Building Bonds	120,000	109,000	11,000
Claremore Junior College	1959	Building Revenue Bonds	400,000	164,000	236,000
Claremore Junior College	1963	Building Revenue Bonds	400,000	117,000	283,000
Connors State College	1962	Student Union, Dormitories	979,000	214,000	765,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1960	Student Housing, Student Union and Dormitory Improvement Bonds	1,088,000	244,000	844,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1964	Miller Hall Extension & Apartments Buildings	502,000	77,000	425,000
Eastern Oklahoma State College	1966	New Dormitory and Student Union Extension	1,152,000	173,000	797,000

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BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1975

Institution	Date of Issue	Purpose of Issue	Amount of Issue	Total Paid to 6-30-75	Outstanding 6-30-75
El Reno Junior College -----	1972	Student Center -----	\$ 252,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 250,000
Murray State College -----	1964	Housing and Student Union, Cafeteria --	1,220,000	273,000	947,000
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College -----	1963	Student Union and Student Housing --	2,118,000	342,000	1,776,000
Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College -----	1966	Student Union and Student Housing --	1,675,000	155,000	1,520,000
Northern Oklahoma College -----	1965	Dormitories, Student Union, and Dining Hall -----	1,104,000	185,000	919,000
Oscar Rose Junior College -----	1972	Student Center -----	750,000	15,000	735,000
Seminole Junior College -----	1972	Student Center -----	350,000	10,000	340,000
South Oklahoma City Junior College -----	1973	Student Center -----	750,000	—	750,000
Western Oklahoma State College -----	1975	Student Activities Center -----	300,000	—	300,000

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

In the fall of 1963, the State Regents conducted an extensive survey of the physical facilities on each campus in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education. This survey provided the basis for a projection of the capital outlay funds needed over the ten-year period 1965-1975.

For funding purposes this ten-year program was divided into two phases. Funds provided by the 1965 Oklahoma Building Bond Issue, together with available federal matching funds, were committed to accomplish the needs identified for the first phase (1965-70) of the ten-year program.

Approved projects with total development costs of \$67,508,695 for capital improvement projects funded with 1965 Oklahoma Building Bond Funds were identified as of June 30, 1975. State bond funds have been combined with federal funds and other funds to comprise the total. A program report as of June 30, 1975, is presented in the following table.

**TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST BY INSTITUTION AND
SOURCE OF FUNDS
PROJECTS FUNDED FROM 1965
OKLAHOMA BUILDING BOND FUNDS**

Institution	Total Development Cost of Approved Projects	1965 State Bond Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds*
OU	\$16,264,877	\$ 7,837,415	\$ 3,708,667	\$ 4,718,795
OSU	15,682,184	7,692,650	4,549,548	3,439,986
CSU	6,174,765	4,024,467	2,141,712	8,586
ECOSU	1,801,742	1,105,666	665,442	30,634
NEOSU	4,238,618	2,789,666	1,394,982	53,970
NWOSU	1,349,848	828,833	432,449	88,566
SEOSU	1,800,313	1,021,084	598,727	180,502
SWOSU	3,987,400	2,218,331	1,219,388	556,681
Cameron	1,977,200	1,427,987	742,547	116,666
Langston	3,100,183	2,178,586	869,334	52,263
USAO	1,348,827	1,024,752	284,044	40,031
Panhandle	820,178	552,553	267,625	—
Claremore	671,749	515,989	155,760	—
Connors	753,060	469,364	283,696	—
Eastern	864,550	518,730	345,820	—
Murray	604,900	362,940	241,960	—
NEOAMC	2,260,805	1,194,400	951,467	114,938
NOC	920,935	444,263	357,618	119,054
WOSC	500,000	500,000	—	—
TBT expansion	465,000	465,000	—	—
OU-Health Sciences Center	351,020	150,000	150,148	50,872
OSU Tech.	1,076,217	1,000,000	51,155	25,062
Projects not Yet Accompl.	494,324	494,324	—	—
Grand Total	\$67,508,695	\$38,500,000	\$19,412,089	\$ 9,596,606

*Includes donated funds and State funds from Section 13 and New College Revenues.

1968 OKLAHOMA BUILDING BOND ISSUE

In February, 1968, the State Regents published a research report updating the capital improvements needs of institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education through 1975. This document set forth the need for approximately 1,500,000 square feet of assignable space for academic facilities.

A summary of the funds required to accomplish the needs as documented in this report is contained in the following tables.

SUMMARY OF FUNDS NEEDED FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION^a 1967-1975

Item	Total	State	Federal & Other
New Construction	\$54,800,000	\$36,500,000	\$18,300,000
Non-Structural	13,700,000	10,000,000	3,700,000
Air-Conditioning	7,500,000	5,000,000	2,500,000
Special Research Facilities	3,000,000	1,000,000	2,000,000
Technical Institutes	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Contingency	1,500,000	1,000,000	500,000
TOTAL	\$82,500,000	\$54,500,000	\$28,000,000

Approval by the people of Oklahoma on December 10, 1968, of State Question 463 provided \$42,250,000 for capital improvements projects in Oklahoma Higher Education. These funds together with federal funds expected to be available to Oklahoma should have made possible the accomplishment of the first three years of the Phase Two program. Immediately following the approval of State Question 463 however, the Federal Government started reducing drastically the appropriations for the construction of academic facilities. Since the state bond funds were expected to be matched with federal funds, only a few projects were able to be started with the small amount of available federal funds. The remaining projects were held over awaiting federal matching funds.

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center

In June of 1965, the State Regents completed a comprehensive study of medical education needs in Oklahoma. That study, made in connection with the Self-Study of Higher Education in Oklahoma, set forth a series of recommendations for meeting the state's health education requirements. Recommendation Five, directed to the administration and governing board of the Health Sciences Center, called for the development of a complete "master plan for long-range campus development as quickly as possible." The Health Sciences Center was asked to redefine its mission in terms of the state's present and future

medical manpower requirements, identify land needs, provide for the functional location of new space requirements, and establish a plan of priorities for construction.

Funds available from the 1961 and 1963 Bond Issues in the amount of \$8,000,000 together with federal matching funds permitted the early construction of two major elements of the long-range plan—(1) University Hospital, and (2) Basic Sciences Medical Education Building.

In January, 1967, the State Regents approved a proposed ten-year fiscal plan for the redevelopment of the Health Sciences Center. Phases One and Two of this plan as shown in the following table were included in State Question 463, approved by the people on December 10, 1968. This bond issue provided \$26,870,000 in state funds, making possible a total program of expansion at the Health Sciences Center of \$55,450,000.

**TEN-YEAR FISCAL PLAN FOR THE REDEVELOPMENT OF
THE HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER**

Phases	Period of Construction	Estimated Total Cost	Federal	Source of Funds State	Other
Phase 1.	1967-1972	\$31,900,000	\$15,270,000	\$14,380,000	\$ 2,250,000
Phase 2.	1969-1974	23,550,000	11,060,000	12,490,000	None
Phase 3.	1972-1976	25,500,000	10,600,000	13,400,000	1,500,000
TOTAL		\$80,950,000	\$36,930,000	\$40,270,000	\$ 3,750,000

The Revised Phase II Program

In November of 1972, the State Regents published a report on academic facilities utilization entitled *Utilization of Academic Space: Colleges and Universities in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education—Fall Semester, 1971*. The report indicated a lack of need for additional new construction at all campuses in the State System. This report together with new enrollment projections showing a leveling of enrollments clearly indicated a new far better utilization of existing facilities instead of new construction.

The 1973 Oklahoma Legislature subsequently passed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8 which released the federal matching fund requirement and directed the 1968 bond funds to be expended for renovation, modernization, and equipping the existing academic buildings. The institutions began preparing revised campus master plans according to the intent of the resolution and consistent with guidelines and procedures adopted by the State Regents.

As of June 30, 1974, the Oklahoma Legislature has vitalized and issued bonds for a total of \$44,500,000 (\$23,500,000 of the \$42,250,000 authorized for regular higher education institutions and \$26,870,000 of the \$26,870,000 authorized for the Oklahoma University Medical

Center). Through the period ending June 30, 1975, projects for capital improvements in the State System funded from the 1968 Bond Issue have been completed or started as shown in the following table.

**TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST BY INSTITUTION
AND SOURCE OF FUNDS
PROJECTS FUNDED FROM 1968 OKLAHOMA
BUILDING BOND FUNDS**

Institution	Total Development Cost of Approved Projects	1968 State Bond Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds*
OU	\$ 8,628,018	\$ 6,054,442	\$ —	\$ 2,573,576
OSU	7,061,633	4,628,060	175,000	2,258,573
CSU	868,332	868,332	—	—
ECOSU	1,961,813	1,360,789	290,727	310,297
NEOSU	1,609,747	1,369,812	—	239,935
NWOSU	932,003	932,003	—	—
SEOSU	1,665,681	1,272,177	54,683	338,821
SWOSU	1,531,158	1,097,400	—	433,758
Cameron	2,097,059	1,795,547	—	301,512
Langston	1,111,630	962,630	—	149,000
Panhandle	758,264	723,034	—	35,230
USAO	633,439	633,439	—	—
CAJC	650,000	325,000	200,000	125,000
Claremore	916,509	537,007	—	379,502
Connors	632,260	632,260	—	—
Eastern	535,489	535,481	—	8
El Reno	1,079,393	290,620	41,665	747,108
Murray	816,831	816,831	—	—
NEOAMC,	1,015,771	977,771	38,000	—
NOC	1,230,166	1,109,720	—	120,446
ORJC	5,123,643	1,000,000	—	4,123,643
Seminole	1,061,775	350,000	—	711,775
TJC	7,700,000	7,700,000	—	—
WOSC	2,100,000	1,600,000	—	500,000
OUHSC	51,874,584	13,897,487	32,277,097	5,700,000
OSU-Okmulgee	2,570,000	2,500,000	—	70,000
OSU-OCTI	2,333,333	1,000,000	976,589	356,744
OCOMS	6,263,947	1,577,839	4,465,500	220,608
TOTAL	\$114,762,478	\$56,547,681	\$38,519,261	\$19,695,536
Specialized Projects				
OU-HSC				
Land Purchases	4,115,428	4,000,000	—	115,428
Community Junior Colleges	150,218	100,000	50,000	218
Emergency Repair Fund	200,000	200,000	—	—
University Hospital	4,005,000	4,005,000	—	—
Childrens Hospital	530,000	530,000	—	—
Projects not yet accomplished	1,367,319	1,367,319	—	—
Grand Total	\$125,130,443	\$66,750,000	\$38,569,261	\$19,811,182

*Includes Section 13 and New College funds, donated funds and other cash funds.

SECTION THIRTEEN AND NEW COLLEGE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR 1974-75

	University of Oklahoma Norman	Oklahoma State University Stillwater	Central State University Edmond	East Central Oklahoma State University Ada	Northeastern Oklahoma State University Tahlequah	Northwestern Oklahoma State University Agra	Southeastern Oklahoma State University Durant	Southwestern Oklahoma State University Weatherford	Langston University Langston	Claremore Junior College Claremore	Northern Oklahoma College Tulsa
Unencumbered Funds on Hand July 1, 1974...	\$ 657,463.60	\$ 347,706.39	\$ 261,386.28	\$ 99,716.42	\$ 185,504.51	\$ 35,007.61	\$ 88,807.98	\$ 269,520.56	\$ 73,420.42	—	\$ 166,203.72
Encumbered Funds on Hand July 1, 1974...	271,161.08	195,131.46	—	113,154.71	52,705.71	—	16,077.00	7,850.00	26,599.76	—	67,425.35
Total Funds on Hand July 1, 1974...	928,624.68	542,837.85	261,386.28	112,871.13	238,210.22	35,007.61	104,884.98	277,370.56	100,020.18	—	233,629.07
Funds Received During the Year	535,941.89	501,275.72	94,169.56	94,169.55	100,660.53	98,160.53	98,160.55	98,160.56	112,881.37	200,502.00	167,328.45
Total Funds Available for Expenditure	1,464,566.57	1,044,113.57	355,555.84	311,031.08	338,870.75	133,168.14	203,045.53	375,531.12	212,901.55	200,502.00	400,957.52
Expenditures During the Year For											
Land Purchase	—	—	156,836.19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Land Improvements	19,315.23	157,712.43	—	5,076.60	3,616.08	—	—	—	77,600.00	—	7,265.23
Building Construction (Including Fixed and Built-in Equipment)	21,630.57	245,475.54	—	165,538.31	64,503.85	—	—	245,030.70	7,929.16	—	61,446.02
Building Repairs and Improvements	415,653.42	57,812.54	—	—	43,132.24	—	18,838.31	7,850.00	9,125.62	—	984.18
Movable Equipment	102,939.04	20,268.01	—	5,994.31	20,669.09	8,334.86	55,744.74	—	22,839.95	—	100,658.86
Other Capital Outlay	65,411.15	160,000.00	—	31,286.62	11,261.23	—	21,719.92	30,000.00	51,584.54	200,502.00	3,082.23
Total Expenditures	624,949.41	641,271.56	156,836.19	208,595.84	143,173.49	8,334.86	96,302.97	282,880.70	169,079.27	200,502.00	173,458.48
Total Funds on Hand June 30, 1975...	839,617.16	402,842.01	202,710.65	102,435.94	195,697.26	124,833.28	106,742.56	92,650.42	43,822.28	—	227,521.04
Encumbered Funds on Hand June 30, 1975...	67,471.87	273,152.67	—	18,620.52	12,244.82	31,836.59	10,242.94	54,127.80	32,008.57	—	135,002.85
Unencumbered Funds on Hand June 30, 1975...	\$ 772,145.29	\$ 129,689.34	\$ 202,710.65	\$ 83,815.42	\$ 183,452.44	\$ 92,996.69	\$ 96,499.62	\$ 38,522.62	\$ 11,815.71	—	\$ 92,518.19

*Funds transferred to Educational and General Budget Part I included.

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STUDENT FEES

Title 70, Section 3207, Oklahoma Statutes 1965 Supplement; (Section 207, Article II of the Oklahoma Higher Education Code) authorizes the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to prescribe and coordinate student fees in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education as follows:

(a) The State Regents are authorized to prescribe and coordinate matriculation, enrollment, nonresident, course, laboratory, library, infirmary, student activity, and other fees commonly charged students at institutions of higher learning. The State Regents may establish fees for special and new courses, including technical training, aviation, refresher, and professional courses, but not excluding others. The total of said fees for any one (1) student shall not exceed the maximum amount allowable for the ordinary school year as provided by the United States Congress in Public Law 346, 78th Congress, as amended. So long as necessary, preference shall be given veterans in all courses.

(b) State educational institutions may be authorized by the State Regents to contract for, charge, collect, receive and use, any and all fees, tuition, charges, grants, and allowances available through the United States Veterans Administration, or any other federal agency, for the education and training of veterans.

(c) A system of student scholarships in each State Educational Institution shall be authorized by the State Regents to be administered by the Board of Regents of the institution.

In order that all concerned—students, parents, institutional officers, Boards of Regents, members of the Legislature and other interested individuals—may have the information available, a Schedule of Fees authorized by the State Regents at each institution in the State System effective Fall Semester 1973, as amended, has been printed and is available at the office of the State Regents.

CHAPTER III
HISTORICAL RECORD OF
BOARDS, INSTITUTIONS, AND PRESIDENTS

OKLAHOMA STATE REGENTS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

		Term Expires
James L. Mills	McAlester	1984
Bob F. Allee	Elk City	1983
Russell D. Vaught	Midwest City	1982
John H. Patten	Norman	1981
Ruby M. Hall	Oklahoma City	1980
Joe F. Gary	Durant	1979
Scott E. Orbison	Tulsa	1978
John J. Vater, Jr.	Enid	1977
G. Ellis Gable	Tulsa	1976

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD

1973-74	1974-75	1975-76
Goodwin Broadus, Jr. Chairman	Exall English Chairman	Joe F. Gary Chairman
Harry P. Conroy Vice-Chairman	Joe F. Gary Vice-Chairman	John H. Patten Vice-Chairman
Exall English Secretary	John H. Patten Secretary	G. Ellis Gable Secretary
Joe F. Gary Assistant Secretary	G. Ellis Gable Assistant Secretary	Russell D. Vaught Assistant Secretary

E. T. Dunlap, Chancellor

BOARD POSITIONS

Article XIII-A of the Constitution, adopted by the people 3-11-41; Title 70, Sections 1971-1991, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 5-18-41. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article II, Section 202.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the nine positions, each nine-year term ends on May 16 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (5-16-41) for SEVEN years—1941-1948.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1948-1957-1966-1975.
Frank Buttram appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-48; Bob Allee 5-16-57; Exall English 6-17-66; James L. Mills 8-7-75; term expires 5-16-84.

Position No. 2

Originally (5-16-41) for EIGHT years—1941-1949.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1949-1958-1967-1976.
John Rogers appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-49, reappointed 5-16-58; G. Ellis Gable 4-21-59, reappointed 5-16-67; term expires 5-16-76.

Position No. 3

Originally (5-16-41) for NINE years—1941-1950.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1950-1959-1968-1977.
John H. Kane appointed 5-16-41; S. A. Bryant 12-14-50; J. H. Johnston 8-6-51; John J. Vater, Jr. 12-14-59, reappointed 5-16-68; term expires 5-16-77.

Position No. 4

Originally (5-16-41) for ONE year—1941-1942.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1942-1951-1960-1969-1978.
Clee O. Doggett appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-42, reappointed 5-16-51; R. L. Crowder, Jr. 5-16-60; Goodwin Broadbuss, Jr. 9-9-68, reappointed 5-16-69; Scott E. Orbison, 3-17-75; term expires 5-16-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (5-16-41) for TWO years—1941-1943.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1943-1952-1961-1970-1979.
J. E. Peery appointed 5-16-41; Herbert L. Branan 8-3-42; W. D. Little 5-16-43, reappointed 5-16-52; Mrs. Jewell Ditmars 5-16-61; Joe F. Gary 7-2-71; term expires 5-16-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (5-16-41) for THREE years—1941-1944.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1944-1953-1962-1971-1980.
W. E. Harvey appointed 5-16-41; B. D. Eddie 5-20-44; Guy H. James 7-17-44; S. A. Bryant 8-24-53; Kenneth T. Gallagher 2-10-61; Scott E. Orbison 7-16-62; William T. Payne 2-13-63; James B. Lowe 9-8-71; Rubye M. Hall, appointed 2-6-74; term expires 5-16-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (5-16-41) for FOUR years—1941-1945.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1945-1954-1963-1972-1981.
Dial Currin appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-17-45; Claude S. Chambers 7-16-54; N. B. Musselman 7-26-61, reappointed 5-16-63; Donald S. Kennedy 5-7-64; John H. Patten 3-24-72; term expires 5-16-81.

Position No. 8

Originally (5-16-41) for FIVE years—1941-1946.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1946-1955-1964-1973.
Ben F. Saye appointed 5-16-41; M. L. Dudley 6-10-46; Guy M. Harris 4-17-47, reappointed 5-16-55; Clyde A. Wheeler, Jr. 12-8-64; Joseph W. Morris 2-1-70; Russell D. Vaught 5-11-73; term expires 5-16-82.

Position No. 9

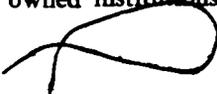
Originally (5-16-41) for SIX years—1941-1947.
Thereafter a 9-year term; e.g., 1947-1956-1965-1974.
Wharton Mathies appointed 5-16-41, reappointed 5-16-47, reappointed 5-16-56; Harry P. Conroy 6-8-65; Bob F. Allee, 3-3-75; term expires 5-16-83.

Chancellor

Dr. M. A. Nash July 10, 1943—June 30, 1961;
Dr. E. T. Dunlap July 1, 1961—to present.

**GOVERNING BOARDS OF CONTROL
STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

Each institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education has its own governing board. These are as follows for state-owned institutions:



**BOARD OF REGENTS
THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA**

The University of Oklahoma, Norman
Health Sciences Center, Oklahoma City
Geological Survey, Norman

		Term Expires
Dee A. Replogle -----	Oklahoma City -----	1982
Richard A. Bell -----	Norman -----	1981
K. D. Bailey -----	Okmulgee -----	1980
Bob G. Mitchell -----	Sallisaw -----	1979
Thomas R. Brett -----	Tulsa -----	1978
Mack M. Braly -----	Ada -----	1977
Walter Neustadt, Jr. -----	Ardmore -----	1976

Mrs. Barbara James, Secretary

BOARD POSITIONS

Article XII, Section 8 of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-11-44; Title 70, Sections 1241 to 1247-9, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 2-13-47. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article III, Section 302.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on March 21 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (4-9-19) for FIVE years—1919-1924.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1931-1938-1945-1952-1959-1966-1973.

H. L. Muldrow 1919-23; G. M. Clifton 4-23 to 7-23; Oscar Welch 1923-24; John Rogers 1924-31; Malcolm Rosser, Jr. 1931-38; Lowery Harrell 1938-39; Claude Chambers 1939-45; Harrington Wimberly 3-45 to 10-45; Ned Shepler 1945-52; Joe W. McBride 1952-59; Julian Rothbaum 1959-66; Mrs. Nancy Davies 1966-73; K. D. Bailey 5-7-73; term expires 3-21-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-9-19) for SIX years—1919-1925.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1932-1939-1946-1953-1960-1967-1974.

E. W. Marland 1919-21; Earl T. Miller 1921-23; D. F. Scanlan 4-23 to 7-23; Mont Highley 1923-25; John Carlock 1925-32; Thomas B. Lyons 1932-33; Eugene Kerr 1933-39; E. C. Hopper, Jr. 1939-46; Oscar White 1946-53; W. D. Grisso 1953-60; Mark R. Johnson 1960-67; Huston Huffman 1967-74; *Richard A. Bell appointed 3-21-74; term expires 3-21-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (4-9-19) for SEVEN years—1919-1926.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1933-1940-1947-1954-1961-1968-1975.

Samuel W. Hayes 1919-21; I. Frank Roach 1921-23; Mrs. J. N. Schwörke 1923-26; Addie Lee Lowther 1926-31; William J. Milburn 1931-32; William N. Barry 1932-34; Lloyd Noble 1934-49; Kent Shartel 1949-52; George Short 1952-55; Leonard H. Savage 1955-63; Quintin Little 1963-69; Walter Neustadt, Jr. 1969; term expires 3-21-76.

Position No. 4

Originally (4-9-19) for ONE year—1919-1920.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1927-1934-1941-1948-1955-1962-1969-1976.

Harry Diamond 1919-23; Frank Buttram 1923-31; Raymond Tolbert 1931-33; Eugene Ledbetter 1933-40; John Rogers 1940-41; John M. Craig 1941-43; W. R. Wallace 1943-47; Thomas R. Benedict 1947, reappointed 1948, reappointed 1955; James G. Davidson 1961-68; Jack Santee 1968; Dee A. Replogle, Jr. 3-25-75; term expires 3-21-82.

Position No. 5

Originally (4-9-19) for TWO years—1919-1921.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1928-1935-1942-1949-1956-1963-1970-1977.

C. C. Roberts 1919-21; Frank Craig 1921-23; H. N. Arnold 1923-24; Orell Busby 1924-27; Joe Looney 1927-42; C. O. Hunt 3-42 to 8-42; Earl Deacon 1942-49; Dave Jeff Morgan 1949-56, reappointed 1956; John M. Houchin 1963-70; Vernon M. Lockard 1970-71; Mack M. Braly 9-8-71; term expires 3-21-77.

Position No. 6

Originally (4-9-19) for THREE years—1919-1922.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1929-1936-1943-1950-1957-1964-1971-1978.

George L. Bowman 1919-27; W. C. Kite 1927-29; Samuel W. Hayes 1929-30; Breck Moss 1930-31; Claude Hatchett 1931-40; Harrington Wimberly 1940-43; Don Emery 1943-50; Raymond Foster 1950-57; Glenn Northcutt 1957-64; Reuben Sparks 1964; Robert C. Lollar 1970-71; Thomas R. Brett 1971; term expires 3-21-78.

Position No. 7

◆Originally (4-9-19) for FOUR years—1919-1923.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1930-1937-1944-1951-1958-1965-1972-1979.

H. H. Rogers 1919-21; T. L. Fogg 1921-23; C. J. Wrightsman 1923-24; A. A. McDonald 1924-27; W. E. Utterback 1927-29; George L. Bowman 1929-37; Joe W. McBride 1937-51; Quintin Little 1951-58, reappointed 1958; Eph Monroe 1960-65; Horace K. Calvert 1965; Bob G. Mitchell 4-6-72; term expires 3-21-79.

**BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE OKLAHOMA
AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES**

Oklahoma State University, Stillwater
 College of Veterinary Medicine, Stillwater
 Agricultural Experiment Station, Stillwater
 Agricultural Extension Division, Stillwater
 School of Technical Training, Okmulgee
 Technical Institute, Oklahoma City
 Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Goodwell
 Langston University, Langston
 Cameron University, Lawton
 Connors State College of Agriculture and
 Applied Science, Warner
 Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Miami

	Term Expires
Ivan Holmes ----- Tahlequah -----	1983
John W. Montgomery ----- Poteau -----	1982
Edwin Ketchum ----- Duncan -----	1981
Harber H. Lampl ----- Shawnee -----	1980
Ronald O. Ford ----- Helena -----	1979
Dean Caton ----- Oklahoma City -----	1978
Armon Bost ----- Tulsa -----	1977
Robert H. Smith ----- Hobart -----	1976

Gary Dage, Administrative Assistant

BOARD POSITIONS

Article VI, Section 31a of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-11-44; Title 70, Sections 1310 to 1310.8, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 2-13-47. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article IV, Section 409.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the eight positions, each eight-year term ends on April 4, of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (4-5-45) for FIVE years—1945-1950.
 Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1950-1958-1966-1974.
 R. T. Stuart appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-50; Amos K. Bass, Jr. 5-2-57, reappointed 4-2-58; John Burwell 4-21-66; R. T. Stuart, Jr. 8-20-74; John W. Montgomery 8-13-75; term expires 4-4-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-5-45) for SIX years—1945-1951.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1951-1959-1967-1975.
O. L. Lackey appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-51, reappointed
6-4-59; Herman Duncan appointed 4-2-67; Lyan Holmes, 8-21-75;
term expires 4-4-83.

Position No. 3

Originally (4-5-45) for SEVEN years—1945-1952.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1952-1960-1968-1976.
Edward T. Davis appointed 4-5-45; William R. Williams 7-7-52,
reappointed 5-9-60; Robert H. Smith 4-4-68; term expires 4-4-76.

Position No. 4

Originally (4-5-45) for EIGHT years—1945-1953.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1953-1961-1969-1977.
Fred G. Drummond appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-5-53; Robert
I. Hartley 4-8-59, reappointed 4-2-61; Armon Bost 6-30-70; term
expires 4-4-77.

Position No. 5

Originally (4-5-45) for ONE year—1945-1946.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1946-1954-1962-1970-1978.
P. E. Harrill appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-3-47, reappointed
4-2-54; Weldon Kern 4-6-62; Burke Healey 2-13-63, reappointed
4-4-70; Dean Caton, 8-20-75; term expires 4-4-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (4-5-45) for TWO years—1945-1947.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1947-1955-1963-1971-1979.
John Pat Carpenter appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-3-47; Roy T.
Nall 9-6-55; H. C. Hitch, Jr. 5-8-63; Ronald O. Ford 4-26-71;
term expires 4-4-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (4-5-45) for THREE years—1945-1948.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1948-1956-1964-1972-1980.
W. Elmer Harber appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-48, reappoint-
ed 3-16-65; David Howe 5-6-64; Veldo Brewer 6-17-66; Richard
James 5-3-67; Harber H. Lampf 4-10-72; term expires 4-4-80.

Position No. 8

Originally (4-5-45) for FOUR years—1945-1950.
Thereafter for an 8-year term; e.g., 1949-1957-1965-1973.
Earl Russell appointed 4-5-45, reappointed 4-2-49, reappointed
4-9-57; W. D. Finney 4-14-65; Edwin Ketchum 4-24-73; term
expires 4-4-81.

Position No. 9

Ex Officio Member—President of State Board of Agriculture.
Originally (4-5-45)
Joe C. Scott 4-5-45; Harold Hutton 12-1-48; Jack M. Cornelius,
Jr. 5-13-59; Lew Meibergen 5-17-63; James Ballinger 9-1-66; Billy
Ray Gowdy, 5-7-71; Robert Barr 1-22-75.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF OKLAHOMA COLLEGES

Central State University, Edmond
 Central Oklahoma State University, Ada
 Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Tahlequah
 Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Alva
 Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Durant
 Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Weatherford

	Term Expires
Jon Bruce ----- Lawton -----	1984
Edward K. Livermore ----- Edmond -----	1983
W. R. Bradford ----- Durant -----	1982
Jack M. Annis ----- Woodward -----	1981
James A. Thomas ----- Ada -----	1980
C. T. Morgan ----- Tahlequah -----	1979
M. A. Diel ----- Clinton -----	1977
Mary Cherry ----- Tulsa -----	1976

Gordon Keith Allen, Executive Secretary

BOARD POSITIONS

Article XIII-B of the Constitution, adopted by the people 7-6-48; Title 70, Section 1916.1-1916.15, Oklahoma Statutes 1961; vitalizing act signed by the Governor 4-1-49. Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article V, Section 507.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the nine positions, each nine-year term ends on June 10 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-10-47) for ONE year—1947-1948.

Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1957-1966-1975.

John C. Fisher appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-48, reappointed 6-10-57; succeeded by James V. Smith 9-10-65, reappointed 6-16-66; Harold T. Garvin appointed 5-17-67; Jon Bruce 10-14-75; term expires 6-10-84.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-10-47) for TWO years—1947-1949.

Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1958-1967-1976.

A. L. Graham appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-49; Oras A. Shaw 6-10-58; Mrs. Merryll Jennings 8-15-63; Mary Cherry appointed 6-10-67; term expires 6-10-76.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-10-47) for THREE years—1947-1950.

Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1959-1968-1977.

Bert H. Brundage appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-50; V. L. Browne 7-1-59, reappointed 6-10-68; M. A. Diel appointed 4-2-73; term expires 6-10-77.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-10-47) for FIVE years—1947-1952.
Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1952-1961-1970-1979.
Maurine Fite appointed 6-10-47; Elizabeth G. Anthis 6-10-52; Mrs.
W. B. Pruitt 6-10-61; Dr. C. T. Morgan 6-4-71; term expires
6-10-79.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-10-47) for SIX years—1947-1953.
Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1953-1962-1971-1980.
S. C. Boswell appointed 6-10-47, reappointed 6-10-53; Thomas
Walsh 10-9-63; Dr. James A. Thomas 6-4-71; term expires 6-10-80.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-10-47) for SEVEN years—1947-1954.
Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1954-1963-1972.
R. L. Clifton appointed 6-10-47; Joe B. Monroe 6-10-54, reap-
pointed 9-24-63; Jack Annis 8-16-72; term expires 6-10-81.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-10-47) for EIGHT years—1947-1955.
Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1955-1964-1973.
R. H. Swearingen appointed 6-10-47; Dr. J. T. Colwick, Jr.
5-22-57; Lawrence S. Morrison 9-24-64; W. R. Bradford appointed
7-11-73; term expires 6-10-82.

Position No. 8

Originally (6-10-47) for NINE years—1947-1956.
Thereafter for a 9-year term; e.g., 1956-1965-1974.
Dr. James S. Petty appointed 6-10-47; Earl A. Drennan 6-7-56;
Standifer Keas 8-2-61; Philip White 1-14-63; Dr. Thomas Points
8-26-63; Marvin K. Hambrick 1965-74; Foster Estes appointed
6-10-74; Edward K. Livermore, 2-27-75; term expires 6-10-83.

Position No. 9

Ex Officio Member—State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Originally (6-10-47)
Dr. Oliver S. Hodge 6-10-47; Dr. D. D. Creech 3-28-68; Dr. Scott
Tuxhorn 1-1-70; Dr. Leslie Fisher 1-11-71.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & ARTS OF OKLAHOMA

		Term Expires
Scott Ousley	Marlow	1982
Mrs. J. L. Jennings	Bartlesville	1981
Mrs. Robert Empie	Oklahoma City	1980
Gary Bryant	Oklahoma City	1979
John B. Jarboe	Tulsa	1978
Miss Mary Roddy	Miami	1977
Mrs. Hildred Meinders	Davis	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VI, Section 602.

To comply with the law and to record sequence of each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 30, of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (7-6-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1966-1973.

Grady D. Harris, Jr. appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 7-1-66; Joel L. Carson 7-2-71; Mrs. Robert Empie 7-19-73; term expires 6-30-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (7-6-65) for TWO years—1965-1967.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1967-1974.

Wade Watson appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-67; Ward Merrick, Jr. appointed 11-2-70; Walt Allen appointed 3-25-71; Mrs. J. L. Jennings 8-14-74, reappointed 3-26-75; term expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-6-65) for THREE years—1965-1968.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1968-1975.

Dr. Ed Calhoun appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-68; Scott Ousley 10-18-71; reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 4

Originally (7-6-65) for FOUR years—1965-1969.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1969-1976.

Art Bowers appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-30-69; Mrs. Hildred Meinders 4-10-72; term expires 6-30-76.

Position No. 5

Originally (7-6-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1970-1977.

Mrs. John Holland appointed 7-6-65; Miss Mary Roddy appointed 3-25-71; term expires 6-30-77.

Position No. 6

Originally (7-6-65) for SIX years—1965-1971.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1971-1978.

James Hewgley, Jr. appointed 7-6-65; Jack Santee appointed 5-17-67; Vincent Butler appointed 9-4-68; John B. Jarboe appointed 3-27-71, reappointed 7-71; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (7-6-65) for SEVEN years—1965-1972.

Thereafter a 7-year term; e.g., 1972-1979.

Mrs. J. Harold Abernathy appointed 7-6-65; Gary Bryant 7-10-72; term expires 6-30-79.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE
WESTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Earl E. Abernathy ----- Altus -----	1982
Mrs. Bernice Underwood ----- Willow -----	1981
Hiram Keith Myers ----- Hollis -----	1979
John P. Gover ----- Altus -----	1978
John Diltz ----- Altus -----	1977
Darrill L. Leverett ----- Altus -----	1976
Waldo T. Oden ----- Altus -----	1973

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1418.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on March 24 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (3-24-71) for ONE year—1971-72.
 Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.
 Hiram K. Myers, Jr. appointed 3-24-71; reappointed 9-15-72; term expires 3-24-79.

Position No. 2

Originally (3-24-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.
 Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.
 Waldo T. Oden appointed 3-24-71; term expires 3-24-73.

Position No. 3

Originally (3-24-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.
 Thereafter for a 7-year term, e.g., 1981-1988-1995.
 Mrs. Bernice Underwood appointed 6-1-71; reappointed 7-6-75; term expires 5-24-81.

Position No. 4

Originally (3-24-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.
 Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.
 Earl F. Abernathy appointed 3-24-71; reappointed 4-29-75; term expires 3-24-82.

Position No. 5

Originally (3-24-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.
Darrill L. Leverett appointed 3-24-71; term expires 3-24-76.

Position No. 6

Originally (3-24-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.
John Diltz 10-13-72; term expires 3-24-77.

Position No. 7

Originally (3-24-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.
John P. Gover appointed 3-24-71; term expires 3-24-78.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE
CLAREMORE JUNIOR COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Mrs. D. L. Butner ----- Vinita -----	1980
Bill Wiggington ----- Pryor -----	1979
A. E. Lane ----- Tulsa -----	1978
Mrs. Nadine Smith ----- Muskogee -----	1977
James Summerlin ----- Claremore -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VIII, Section 802.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the five positions, each five-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (2-17-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.
Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1966-1971-1976.
Bob Lee Kidd appointed 2-17-65, reappointed 6-30-66; James Summerlin 10-1-66, term expires 6-30-76.

Position No. 2

Originally (4-5-63) for TWO years—1965-1967.
Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1967-1972.
Robert D. Lengacher appointed 4-5-63, reappointed 6-30-67; Mrs. Nadine Smith 10-5-72; term expires 6-30-77.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-1-63) for THREE years—1965-1968.
Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1968-1973.
M. A. Kiker appointed 7-1-63; A. Wilson Musselman 1968-73; A. E. Lane appointed 6-30-73; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 4

Originally (9-21-64) for FOUR years—1965-1969.
Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1969-1974.
Tracy Kelly appointed 9-21-64, reappointed 6-30-69; Bill Wiggington 11-25-75; term expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 5

*Originally (6-15-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.
Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1970-1975.
W. T. Massey appointed 6-15-65; Major Arthur J. Kruger appointed 5-19-71; Mrs. D. L. Butner 8-13-75; term expires 6-30-80.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF
EASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Davie Spindle ----- Checotah -----	1982
Mrs. L. V. Porterfield ----- McAlester -----	1981
Thomas M. Poteet, Jr. ----- Del City -----	1980
John Sokolosky ----- Wilburton -----	1979
Bob Massengale ----- Hugo -----	1978
Vacancy -----	1977
Vance Womack ----- Rattan -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article IV, Section 406.2.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 1 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-1-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Thomas M. Poteet, Jr., appointed 6-1-72; reappointed 7-25-73; term expires 6-1-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-1-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.

Eddie Young appointed 6-1-72; Mrs. L. V. Porterfield 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-1-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.

Mrs. Ethel Fread appointed 6-1-72; Davie Spindle 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-82.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-1-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.

Vance Womack appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-76

Position No. 5

Originally (6-1-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.
Henry Roye appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-77.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-1-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.
Bob Massengale appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-1-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1986-1993-2000.
John Sokolosky appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-79.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF MURRAY STATE COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Mrs. Page Lambert	Ardmore	1982
Pat Howe	Sulphur	1981
Ben Murray	Durant	1980
Earl Emerson	Coalgate	1979
Wilson McDonald	Atoka	1978
Roy McAdoo	Madill	1977
Garland Washington	Kenefick	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code; Article IV, Section 407.2.

To comply with the law and to record sequence for each of the seven positions, each seven-year term ends on June 1 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (6-1-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Fredo Hamilton appointed 6-1-72; Ben Murray 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-80.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-1-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.

Clarence Burch appointed 6-1-72; Pat Howe 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-81.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-1-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.

Mrs. Page Lambert appointed 6-1-72; reappointed 7-16-75; term expires 6-1-82.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-1-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.

Garland Washington appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-76.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-1-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.

Roy McAdoo appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-77.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-1-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.

Wilson McDonald appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-78.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-1-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1986-1993-2000.

Earl Emerson appointed 6-1-72; term expires 6-1-79.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE
NORTHERN OKLAHOMA COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Robert G. Carter ----- Pawhuska -----	1980
Mrs. Kay McCarty ----- Newkirk -----	1979
Mrs. Rowena Corr ----- Bartlesville -----	1978
W. W. Rodgers ----- Blackwell -----	1977
Dr. Edwin Fair ----- Ponca City -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article VII, Section 702.

To comply with the law and to record sequence of each of the five positions, each five-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

Position No. 1

Originally (7-6-65) for ONE year—1965-1966.

Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1966-1971-1976.

Dr. J. Morgan Bush appointed 7-6-65; Goodwin Broaddus, Jr. appointed 8-9-66; Roy Mays appointed 1-1-69; Dr. Edwin Fair 1-7-72; term expires 6-30-76.

Position No. 2

Originally (7-6-65) for TWO years—1965-1967.

Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1967-1972.

W. W. Rodgers appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 11-14-67, reappointed 5-7-73; term expires 6-30-77.

Position No. 3

Originally (7-6-65) for THREE years—1965-1968.

Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1968-1973.

Gordon Hayton appointed 7-6-65; Marvin Apperson appointed 6-30-68; Rowena Corr 9-11-73; term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 4

Originally (7-6-65) for FOUR years—1965-1969.

Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1969-1974.

Raymond Brining appointed 7-6-65; Eber Heady appointed 5-17-67, reappointed 6-30-69; Taylor Scott 4-10-74; Bob Van Meter 11-21-74; Mrs. Kay McCarty 5-13-75; term expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 5

Originally (7-6-65) for FIVE years—1965-1970.

Thereafter a 5-year term; e.g., 1970-1975.

D. Joe Ferguson appointed 7-6-65, reappointed 6-19-71; Robert G. Carter 3-28-72; reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 6-30-80.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE
TULSA JUNIOR COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Wayman E. Humphrey ----- Tulsa -----	1982
George Norvell ----- Tulsa -----	1981
Mrs. Anne McWilliams ----- Broken Arrow -----	1980
T. Oscar Chappell ----- Tulsa -----	1979
Dr. Thad Taylor ----- Tulsa -----	1978
William J. Ceeka, Jr. ----- Tulsa -----	1977
John W. Sublett ----- Tulsa -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1413.

with the law and to record sequence for each of the
positions each seven-year term ends on June 30 of a given year.

(6-30-69) for ONE year—1969-1970.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1977-1984-1991.
William J. Francis appointed 6-30-69; Guy Berry, Jr. appointed
10-12-70; Marley Van Cleave appointed 4-13-71; Charles A. Kothe
appointed 6-25-73; William J. Ceeka, Jr. 6-4-75; term expires
6-30-77.

Position No. 2

Originally (6-30-69) for TWO years—1969-1971.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1978-1985-1992.
W. J. Bovaird appointed 6-30-69; Thad Taylor appointed 6-20-72;
term expires 6-30-78.

Position No. 3

Originally (6-30-69) for THREE years—1969-1972.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.
T. Oscar Chappelle appointed 6-30-69; reappointed 3-17-75; term
expires 6-30-79.

Position No. 4

Originally (6-30-69) for FOUR years—1969-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.
Mrs. James L. Wells appointed 6-30-69; Mrs. Anne McWilliams
appointed 7-19-73; term expires 6-30-80.

Position No. 5

Originally (6-30-69) for FIVE years—1969-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.
George Warde appointed 6-30-69, George Norvell 6-4-75; term
expires 6-30-81.

Position No. 6

Originally (6-30-69) for SIX years—1969-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.
Wayman E. Humphrey appointed 6-30-69; reappointed 6-4-75;
term expires 6-30-82.

Position No. 7

Originally (6-30-69) for SEVEN years—1969-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.
John W. Sublett appointed 6-30-69; term expires 6-30-76.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF
CARL ALBERT JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Elmer Brown	Talibina	1982
Galen Sullins	Spiro	1981
Dr Herman Thomas	Poteau	1980
T. L. Holton, Jr	Poteau	1979
Dr. Joe K. Thomas, Jr.	Poteau	1978
Lent H. Ives	Poteau	1977
Albert E. Hall, Jr.	Heavener	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (11-24-71) for ONE year—1971-1972.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.

Mickey LaFever appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Bob Lee Kidd, Jr. appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Galen Sullins, 3-6-75; term expires 6-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (11-24-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Mike Snapp appointed 11-24-72; re-elected as a Trustee 1-23-73; Monroe Henson appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Elmer Brown appointed 5-22-75, reappointed 8-7-75; term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (11-24-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.

Bob Dee Kidd, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Albert E. Hall, Jr. appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-76.

Position No. 4

Originally (11-24-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.
Herman L. Thomas appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Lent H. Ives
appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-77.

Position No. 5

Originally (11-24-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.
F. L. Holton, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Joe K. Thomas
appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (11-24-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.
Joe Ellzey appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; F. L. Holton, Jr. ap-
pointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (11-24-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.
Joe K. Thomas, Jr., appointed as a Trustee 11-24-71; Herman
Thomas appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-80.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF
EL RENO JUNIOR COLLEGE

	Term Expires	
Dale Wrobbel -----	Kingfisher -----	1982
Gerald Carey -----	El Reno -----	1981
Jim Watson -----	Yukon -----	1980
Lloyd Carroll -----	El Reno -----	1979
Tom Hamby -----	El Reno -----	1978
Betty Thornton -----	Yukon -----	1977
T. G. Johnson -----	El Reno -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (1-20-72) for ONE year—1972-1973.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.
T. G. Johnson appointed 1-20-72; re-elected as a Trustee 2-27-73;
Dale Wrobbel appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; reappointed 8-7-75;
term expires 4-22-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (1-20-72) for TWO years—1972-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.
Dwight Stephens appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Thad Johnson
appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-76.

Position No. 3

Originally (1-20-72) for THREE years—1972-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.
Morris Hurst appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Betty Thornton
appointed as a Regent 4-22-73; term expires 4-22-77.

Position No. 4

Originally (1-20-72) for FOUR years—1972-1976.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.

Charles E. Hundley appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Tom Hamby appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (1-20-72) for FIVE years—1972-1977.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.

Mrs. Betty Feddersen appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Lloyd Carroll appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (1-20-72) for SIX years—1972-1978.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.

Bruce Haynes appointed as a Trustee 1-20-72; Jim Watson appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (1-20-72) for SEVEN years—1972-1979.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1986-1993-2000.

James E. Bass appointed 1-20-72; Garland Parker appointed as a Trustee 2-15-73; Gerald Carey appointed as a Regent 4-22-73; term expires 4-22-81.

BOARD OF REGENTS OF
OSCAR ROSE JUNIOR COLLEGE

		Term Expires
Don Reynolds	Del City	1982
William Bernhardt	Midwest City	1981
John Conrad	Midwest City	1980
Joe B. Barnes	Midwest City	1979
J. B. Estes	Del City	1978
Nortis Price	Del City	1977
Toney M. Webber	Midwest City	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (8-1-68) for ONE year—1968-1969.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1976-1983-1990.

Orin Kimball appointed 8-1-68; elected 3-25-69; Bryce Cochran appointed as a Trustee 2-8-73; William Bernhardt appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; reappointed 2-27-75; term expires 7-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (8-1-68) for TWO years—1968-1970.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1977-1984-1991.

Russell D. Vaught appointed 8-1-68; elected 3-24-70; Toney M. Webber appointed as a Trustee 5-10-73; Don Reynolds appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; reappointed 10-14-75; term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (8-1-68) for THREE years—1968-1971.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1978-1985-1992.

Carroll McIlvoy appointed 8-1-68; resigned March, 1971; Don Reynolds appointed 3-3-71; elected as a Trustee 3-23-71; Toney M. Webber appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-76.

Position No. 4

Originally (8-1-68) for FOUR years—1968-1972.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.

J. B. Estes appointed 8-1-68; elected as a Trustee 3-28-72; Fred Joiner appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Norris Price 2-27-75; term expires 7-1-77.

Position No. 5

Originally (8-1-68) for FIVE years—1968-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Joe B. Barnes appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; J. B. Estes appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (8-1-68) for SIX years—1968-1974.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.

Bryce Cochran appointed 8-1-68; John Conrad appointed as a Trustee 2-8-73; Joe B. Barnes appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (8-1-68) for SEVEN years—1968-1975.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.

Fred Joiner appointed as a Trustee 8-1-68; John Conrad appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-80.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF
SEMINOLE JUNIOR COLLEGE**

		Term Expires
George Word	Shawnee	1982
Ted Phillips	Seminole	1981
Michael D. Simmons	Seminole	1980
Floyd Henson	Shawnee	1979
Frank Seay	Seminole	1978
Mrs. Pauline Martin	Seminole	1977
Don Willis	Seminole	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. Community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges. Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (8-1-71) for ONE year—1971-1972.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.

T. P. Bryan appointed 9-22-71; re-elected as a Trustee 3-28-72;
Ted Phillips appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; reappointed 2-26-75;
term expires 7-1-81.

Position No. 2

Originally (8-1-71) for TWO years—1971-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Fred Adwan appointed 9-22-71; re-elected as a Trustee 3-27-73;
George Word appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; reappointed 7-16-75;
term expires 7-1-82.

Position No. 3

Originally (8-1-71) for THREE years—1971-1974.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.

Hubert Callaway appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; James Willett
appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Don Willis 2-26-75; term expires
7-1-76.

Position No. 4

Originally (8-1-71) for FOUR years—1971-1975.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.

Frank Seay, Sr. appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; T. P. Bryan appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Mrs. Pauline Martin 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-77.

Position No. 5

Originally (8-1-71) for FIVE years—1971-1976.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.

Mrs. Betty Reynolds appointed as a Trustee 7-1-73; Frank Seay appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; reappointed 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-78.

Position No. 6

Originally (8-1-71) for SIX years—1971-1977.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.

Howard Aiken appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; Floyd Henson appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; term expires 7-1-79.

Position No. 7

Originally (8-1-71) for SEVEN years—1971-1978.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1985-1992-1999.

Mrs. Ruby Lovelady appointed as a Trustee 9-22-71; Ruby M. Lovelady appointed as a Regent 7-1-73; Michael D. Simmons 2-26-75; term expires 7-1-80.

**BOARD OF REGENTS OF
SOUTH OKLAHOMA CITY JUNIOR COLLEGE**

	Term Expires
Robert J. Luttrell ----- Oklahoma City -----	1982
Bob McKillips ----- Oklahoma City -----	1981
Mrs. Jane Hardin ----- Oklahoma City -----	1980
Raymond Cook ----- Oklahoma City -----	1979
Lanny Gardner ----- Oklahoma City -----	1978
David Hunt ----- Oklahoma City -----	1977
Jerry Steward ----- Oklahoma City -----	1976

BOARD POSITIONS

Oklahoma Higher Education Code, Article XIV, Section 1404; and Section 1422 of the Code converting community junior colleges to state junior colleges.

To comply with the law and record the sequence for each of the seven positions, the trustees of community junior colleges were initially appointed and subsequently elected by the voters of the district for seven-year overlapping terms. As community junior colleges were converted to state junior colleges, Boards of Regents appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate replaced trustees as governing boards of these colleges.

Position No. 1

Originally (3-31-70) for ONE year—1970-1971.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1978-1985-1992.

Jim Lookabaugh appointed 3-31-70; Harold Stansberry elected as a Trustee 3-23-71; Robert J. Luttrell appointed as a Regent 3-6-75; term expires 4-22-82.

Position No. 2

Originally (3-31-70) for TWO years—1970-1972.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1979-1986-1993.

Leon Nance appointed 3-31-70; elected as a Trustee 3-28-72; Jerry Steward appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; reappointed 3-6-75; term expires 4-22-76.

Position No. 3

Originally (3-31-70) for THREE years—1970-1973.

Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1980-1987-1994.

Carlton Myhro appointed 3-31-70; re-elected as a Trustee 3-27-73; David Hunt appointed as a Regent 4-22-73; term expires 4-22-77.

Position No. 4

Originally (3-31-70) for FOUR years—1970-1974.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1981-1988-1995.
Al Snipes appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Lanny Gardner appointed
as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-78.

Position No. 5

Originally (3-31-70) for FIVE years—1970-1975.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1982-1989-1996.
Robert Moser appointed 3-31-70; J. R. Daniel appointed as a
Trustee 6-26-72; Raymond Cook appointed as a Regent 4-22-74;
term expires 4-22-79.

Position No. 6

Originally (3-31-70) for SIX years—1970-1976.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1983-1990-1997.
Wesley Weldon appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Mrs. Jane Hardin
appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-80.

Position No. 7

Originally (3-31-70) for SEVEN years—1970-1977.
Thereafter for a 7-year term; e.g., 1984-1991-1998.
Jack E. Turner appointed as a Trustee 3-31-70; Bob McKillips
appointed as a Regent 4-22-74; term expires 4-22-81.

OKLAHOMA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

All the generally recognized institutions in Oklahoma, both publicly controlled and independent, offering work at the college level, are listed below:

STATE UNIVERSITIES AND SENIOR COLLEGES:

- University of Oklahoma, Dr. Paul F. Sharp, President, Norman
- Oklahoma State University, Dr. Robert B. Kamm, President, Stillwater
- Central State University, Dr. Bill J. Lillard, President, Edmond
- East Central Oklahoma State University, Dr. Stanley P. Wagner, President, Ada
- Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Robert E. Collier, President, Tahlequah
- Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Joe Struckle, President, Alva
- Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Leon Hibbs, President, Durant
- Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Dr. Leonard Campbell, President, Weatherford
- Cameron University, Dr. Don Owen, President, Lawton
- Langston University, Dr. Thomas E. English, President, Langston
- Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Dr. Thomas L. Palmer, President, Goodwell
- University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma, Dr. Roy Troutt, President, Chickasha
- Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine & Surgery, Dr. John Barsón, President, Tulsa

STATE JUNIOR COLLEGES:

- Carl Albert Junior College, Dr. Joe E. White, President, Poteau
- Claremore Junior College, Dr. Richard Mosier, President, Claremore
- Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, Dr. Melvin Self, President, Warner
- Eastern Oklahoma State College, Dr. James M. Miller, President, Wilburton
- El Reno Junior College, Dr. Art Hartison, President, El Reno
- Murray State College, Dr. Clyde R. Kindell, President, Tishomingo
- Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Dr. D. D. Creech, President, Miami
- Northern Oklahoma College, Dr. Edwin E. Vineyard, President, Tonkawa
- Oscar Rose Junior College, Dr. Joe Leone, President, Midwest City

Seminole Junior College, Elmer Tanner, President, Seminole
South Oklahoma City Junior College, Dr. Dale L. Gibson, President, Oklahoma City
Tulsa Junior College, Dr. Alfred M. Philips, President, Tulsa
Western Oklahoma State College, Dr. W. C. Burris, President, Altus

COMMUNITY JUNIOR COLLEGES:

Sayre Junior College, Harry Patterson, President, Sayre

PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES AND SENIOR COLLEGES:

University of Tulsa, Dr. J. Paschal Twyman, President, Tulsa
American Christian College, Dr. David A. Noebel, President, Tulsa
Bartlesville Wesleyan College, Dr. John Snook, President, Bartlesville
Bethany Nazarene College, Dr. Stephen W. Nease, President, Bethany
Midwest Christian College, Dr. Richard H. Alexander, President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma Baptist University, Dr. William G. Tanner, President, Shawnee
Oklahoma Christian College, Dr. Terry Johnson, President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma City University, Dr. Dolphus Whitten, Jr., President, Oklahoma City
Oklahoma Missionary Baptist College, Reverend R. T. Perritt, President, Marlow
Oral Roberts University, Dr. Oral Roberts, President, Tulsa
Phillips University, Dr. Tom Broce, President, Enid

PRIVATE JUNIOR COLLEGES:

Bacone College, Dr. Charles Holleyman, President, Bacone
Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College, Bill M. Jones, President, Moore
St. Gregory's College, Father Michael Roethler, President, Shawnee
Southwestern College, Dr. Hugh Morgan, President, Oklahoma City

RECORD OF PRESIDENTS OF INSTITUTIONS STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

University of Oklahoma, Norman. Presidents: David Ross Boyd, 1892-1908; Arthur Grant Evans, 1908-1911; Julien Charles Monnet, 1911-1912 (Acting); Stratton Duluth Brooks, 1912-1923; James Shannon Buchanan, 1923-1924 (Acting), 1924-1925 (President); William Bennett Bizzell, 1925-1941; Joseph August Brandt, 1941-1943; George Lynn Cross, 1944-1968; John Herbert Hollomon, 1968-1970; Pete Kyle McCarter, 1970-1971 (Acting); Paul F. Sharp, 1971-.

Oklahoma State University, Stillwater. Presidents: R. J. Barker, 1891-1894; Henry E. Alvord, 1894-1895; Edmund D. Murdaugh, January to June, 1895; George E. Morrow, 1895-1899; Angelo C. Scott, 1899-1908; James Henry Connell, 1908-1914; Lowry L. Lewis, 1914-1915; James W. Cantwell, 1915-1921; James B. Eskridge, 1921-1923; George Wilson, June to July, 1923; Richard Gaines Tyler, August to September, 1923; Bradford Knapp, 1923-1928; Clarence H. McElroy, May to June, 1928; Henry G. Bennett, 1928-1951; Oliver S. Willham, 1952-1966; Robert B. Kamm, 1966-.

Central State University, Edmond. Presidents: Richard Thatcher, 1891-1893; George W. Winans, 1893-1894; E. R. Williams, 1894-1895; E. D. Murdaugh, 1895-1901; F. H. Umholtz, 1901-1906; T. W. Butcher, 1906-1908; James A. McLaughlin, 1908-1911; Charles Evans, 1911-1916; Grant B. Grumbine, 1916-1917; J. W. Graves, 1917-1919; John G. Mitchell, 1919-1931; M. A. Beeson, 1931-1935; John O. Mosley, 1935-1939; Roscoe R. Robinson, 1939-1948; W. Max Chambers, 1949-1960; Garland Godfrey, 1960-1975; Bill J. Lillard, 1975-.

East Central Oklahoma State University, Ada. Presidents: Charles W. Bries, 1909-1916; J. M. Gordon, 1910-1920; A. Linscheid, 1920-1949; C. F. Spencer, 1949-1969; Stanley P. Wagner, 1969-.

Northeastern Oklahoma State University, Tahlequah. Presidents: Albert Sydney Wyly, 1909; D. Frank Redd, 1909-1911; Frank E. Buck, 1911-1912; W. E. Gill, 1912-1914; George W. Gable, 1914-1919; William T. Ford, 1919-1923; Monroe Percy Hammond, 1923-1934; John Monroe Hackler, 1934-1936 (Acting); John Samuel Vaughan, 1936-1951; L. H. Bally, January to March, 1951 (Acting); Harrell E. Garrison, 1951-1970; Robert E. Collier, 1970-.

Northwestern Oklahoma State University, Alva. Presidents: James E. Ament, 1897-1902; Thomas W. Conway, 1902-1907; Walter L. Ross, 1907-1910; Grant B. Grumbine, 1910-1916; J. W. Graves, 1916-1917; A. S. Faulkner, 1917-1919; J. P. Battenberg, 1919-1928; Sabin C. Percefull, May to August, 1928 (Acting); W. W. Parker, 1928-1933; O. E. Hatcher, 1933-1935; Sabin C. Percefull, 1935-1936 (Acting); E. E. Brown, 1936-1939; Chester O. Newlin, 1939-1943; Sabin C. Percefull, 1943-1955; Luther D. Brown, 1955-1956; J. W. Martin, 1956-1972; R. William Wygle, 1972-1974; Joe Struckle, 1975-.

Southeastern Oklahoma State University, Durant. Presidents: Marcus E. Moore, 1909-1911; Edmund D. Murdaugh, 1911-1914; William C. Canterbury, 1914-1915; Andrew S. Faulkner, 1915-1916; T. D. Brooks, 1916-1919; Henry G. Bennett, 1919-1928; Eugene S. Briggs, 1928-1933; Wade H. Shumate, 1933-1935; Kate Galt Zaneis, 1935-1937; W. B. Morrison, Summer, 1937; H. Vance Posey, 1937-1939; T. T. Montgomery, 1939-1952; A. E. Shearer, 1952-1967; Leon Hibbs, 1967-.

Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Weatherford. Presidents: James Robert Campbell, 1903-1907; John Fletcher Sharp, 1907-1911; Ulysses J. Giffith, 1911-1915; James B. Eskridge, 1915-1921; Alfred H. Burris, 1921-1923; James Walter Turner, 1923-1927; Ernest Edward Brown, 1927-1932; Charles Walter Richards, 1932-1935; Walter W. Isle, 1935-1939; James B. Boren, 1939-1942; G. S. Sanders, 1942-1945; R. Harold Burton, 1945-1960; Al Harris, 1960-1975; Leonard Campbell, 1975-.

Cameron University, Lawton. Presidents: J. A. Limer, 1909-1912; R. K. Robertson, 1912-1913; E. M. Frost, 1913-1914; R. P. Short, 1914-1915; A. C. Farley, 1915-1920; A. E. Wickizer, 1920-1923; J. G. March, 1923-1927; John L. Coffey, 1927-1931; C. M. Conwill, 1931-1946; O. C. Elkins, June to August, 1946 (Acting); C. H. Breedlove, August to December, 1946; C. Vernon Howell, 1947-1957; Clarence L. Davis, 1957-1960; Richard Burch, 1960-1969; Don Owen, 1969-.

Langston University, Langston. Presidents: Inman E. Page, 1898-1915; Isaac B. McCutcheon, 1915-1916; John M. Marques, 1916-1923; I. W. Young, 1923-1927; Z. T. Hubert, 1927-1931; I. W. Young, 1931-1935; J. W. Sanford, 1935-1939; A. L. Turner, 1939; G. L. Harrison, 1939-1960; William H. Hale, 1960-1970; William E. Sims, 1970-1974; James Mosley, 1974 (Acting); Thomas E. English, 1975-.

Oklahoma Panhandle State University, Goodwell. Presidents: S. W. Black, 1909-1915; J. F. Sharp, 1915-1919; George A. Coffey, 1919-1922; A. W. Fanning, 1922-1933; Byron Dacus, 1933-1936; E. L. Morrison, 1936-1944; Marvin McKee, 1944-1968; Freeman McKee, 1968-1972; Thomas L. Palmer, 1972-.

University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma, Chickasha. Presidents: H. B. Abernathy, 1909-1911; J. Alexander Moors, 1911-1912; Jonas Cook, May to July, 1912 (Acting); J. B. Eskridge, 1912-1914; G. W. Austin, 1914-1926; M. A. Nash, 1927-1943; C. Dan Proctor, 1943-1958; Freeman H. Beets, 1958-1961; Kenneth Young, August, 1961 to January, 1962 (Acting); Charles E. Grady, 1962-1966; H. B. Smith, Jr., 1966-1967 (Acting); Robert L. Martin, 1967-1972; Bruce G. Carter, 1972-1975; Roy Troutt, 1975-.

Western Oklahoma State College, Altus. Presidents: Cecil Chesser, 1970-1971 (Acting); W. C. Burris, 1971-.

Carl Albert Junior College, Poteau. Presidents: Orville Johnson, 1967-1973; Dr. Norman McNabb, 1973-1975; Joe E. White, 1975.

Claremore Junior College, Claremore. Presidents: Col. Stephen Melvel Barrett, 1919-1925; Col. W. S. Bryan, Spring, 1925 to October, 1925 (Acting); Col. Walter E. Downs, 1925-1940; Col. R. E. Anderson, 1940-1941; Capt. John C. Hamilton, February to July, 1941 (Acting), 1941-1944; Col. W. S. Bryan, July to November, 1944 (Acting); Col. Kenneth S. Perkins, 1944-1948; Col. Homer M. Ledbetter, 1948-1964; Maj. Gen. J. F. Smoller, 1964-1968; Col. John Horne, 1968-1972; Richard Mosier, 1972.

Connors State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, Warner. Presidents: J. A. Limer, 1909; Walter Van Allen, 1910; J. S. Murray, 1911; J. V. Faulkner, W. S. Jackson, President Rennick, 1912-1913; J. S. Malone, 1913-1917; George A. Coffey, 1917; H. C. King, 1918-1933; Jacob Johnson, 1933-1965; Melvin Self, 1965.

Eastern Oklahoma State College, Wilburton. Presidents: George E. Ladd, 1908-1913; E. P. Barrett, 1913-1915; J. W. Graves, 1915-1916; Lynn Glover, 1916-1917; (School closed 1917-1919); Mead S. Johnson, 1919-1923; J. K. Walsh, 1923-1924; E. E. Tourtelotte, 1924-1936; Ohland Morton, 1936-1937 (Acting); C. C. Dunlap, 1937-1951; R. B. Mitchell, November, 1951, to January, 1952, (Acting); E. T. Dunlap, 1952-1961; J. N. Baker, 1961-1969; Walter Williams, 1969 (Acting); James M. Miller, 1970.

El Reno Junior College, El Reno. Presidents: Leslie Roblyer, 1967-1971; Art Harrison, 1971.

Murray State College, Tishomingo. Presidents: R. H. Wilson, 6 months, 1908; P. B. Shearer, 3 months, 1908-1909; H. L. Muldrow, 1909-1910; R. M. McCool, 1910-1930; O. E. Shaw, 1930-1931; C. E. Murray, 1931-1961, with military leave 1940 until 1946 and military leave from 1948-1954; M. C. Courtney, 1940-1942 (Acting); A. D. Patton, 1942-1946 (Acting); C. J. Hall, 1948-1951 (Acting); William Parrish, 1951-1954 (Acting); Charles E. Grady, July, 1961, to January, 1962; Freeman McKee, 1962-1967; Clyde R. Kindell, 1967.

Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College, Miami. Presidents: Walter O. Cralle, 1922-1924; M. R. Floyd, 1924-1931; Lloyd B. Drake, 1931-1933; John E. Holcomb, 1933-1937; Earl E. Emerson, 1937-1938; E. L. Smith, 1938-1939; Sabin C. Percefull, 1939-1942; Bruce G. Carter, 1943-1970; D. D. Creech, 1970.

Northern Oklahoma College, Tonkawa. Presidents: James H. Kelly, 1902-1909; John Alley, 1909-1911; Lynn Glover, 1911-1916; W. C. Frency, 1916-1917; (No School 1917-1919); R. M. Caldwell, 1919-1928; R. R. Robinson, 1928-1939; Loren N. Brown, 1939-1951; George P. Huckaby, 1951-1952; Howard R. Harold, 1952-1953 (Acting); V. R. Easterling, 1953-1965; Edwin E. Vineyard, 1965.

Oscar Rose Junior College, Midwest City. Presidents: Jacob Johnson, 1968-1972, Joe Leone, 1972-.

Seminole Junior College, Seminole. Presidents. H B. Mitchell, 1967-1969, Elmer Tanner, 1969-.

South Oklahoma City Junior College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: J. C. Nichols, 1970-1971; John E. Cleek, 1971-1974; Al Taylor, 1974 (Acting); Hugh Turner, 1974 (Acting); Dale L. Gibson 1974-.

Tulsa Junior College, Tulsa. Presidents: Alfred M. Philips, 1969-.

*Sayre Junior College, Sayre. Presidents: Harry Patterson, 1967-.

*Note: Presidents shown are those who have served since the enactment of the Community College Law by the 1967 Oklahoma Legislature. Institutions indicated by asterisk existed prior to that time, operating as a part of the local public school system and in some cases under a different name from that as currently known.

PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

University of Tulsa, Tulsa (Henry Kendell College at Muskogee 1894-1907). Presidents: W. A. Caldwell, 1894-1896; W. R. King, 1896-1899; A. Grant Evans, 1899-1908; L. H. Beeler, 1908-1909; Seth Gordon, 1909-1911 (Acting); F. W. Hawley, 1911-1915; Ralph J. Lamb, 1915-1916 (Acting); Charles Evans, 1916-1917; James M. McMurtrey, 1917-1918 (Acting); A. L. O'Dell, 1918-1920; J. M. Gordon, 1920-1924; Franklin G. Dill, 1924-1927 (Acting); J. D. Finlayson, 1927-1934; R. L. Langenheim, 1934-1935 (Acting); C. I. Pontius, 1935-1958; Ben G. Hennecke, 1958-1967; Eugene L. Swearingen, 1967-1968; J. Paschal Twyman, 1968-.

American Christian College, Tulsa. Presidents: Billy J. Hargis, 1970-1974; David A. Noebel, 1974-.

Bartlesville Wesleyan College, Bartlesville (Central Pilgrim College 1959-1968). Presidents: Clarence E. Wert, 1959-1960; N. N. Bonner, 1960-1962; R. G. Flexon, 1962-1964; N. N. Bonner, 1964-1969; Leo G. Cox, 1969-1974; John Snook, 1974-.

Bethany Nazarene College, Bethany. Presidents: H. H. Miller, 1909-1911; Fred Mesch, 1911; A. M. Hills, 1911-1912; E. J. Lord, 1912-1913; C. B. Widmeyer, 1914-1920; A. K. Bracken, 1920-1928; S. S. White, 1928-1930; A. K. Bracken, 1930-1940; S. T. Ludwig, 1940-1944; D. J. Finch, 1944-1947; Roy H. Cantrell, 1947-1972; Stephen W. Nease, 1972-.

Midwest Christian College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: Vernon M. Newland, 1946-1947; Francis Arant, 1947-1949; Lester Ford, 1949-1964; B. E. Junkins, 1964-1968; Howard K. Davis, 1968-1975; Robert H. Alexander, 1975-.

Oklahoma Baptist University, Shawnee. Presidents: J. M. Carroll, 1911-1912; F. M. Master, 1915-1919; J. A. Tolman, 1919-1922; J. B. Lawrence, 1922-1926; W. W. Phelan, 1926-1930; W. C. Boone, 1930-1932; H. V. Davis, 1932-1934; John W. Raley, 1934-1961; James R. Scales, 1961-1965; Evans T. Mosely, 1965-1966 (Acting); Grady C. Cothen, 1966-1970; Robert L. Lynn, 1970-1971 (Acting); William G. Tanner, 1971-.

Oklahoma Christian College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: L. R. Wilson, 1950-1954; James O. Baird, 1954-1974; Terry Johnson, 1974-.

Oklahoma City University, Oklahoma City (Epworth University 1904-1910). Presidents: G. C. Jones, 1904; George H. Bradford, 1905-1913; (Oklahoma Methodist University 1911-1918) William Fielder, 1914; Edward Hislop, 1915-1917; Edwin G. Green, 1918-1922; (Oklahoma City College 1919-1922, becoming Oklahoma City University 1923) Eugene M. Antrim, 1923-1934; Walter Scott Athearn, 1934; A. G. Williamson, 1935-1941; C. Q. Smith, 1941-1957; Jack Wilkes, 1957-1963; Dolphus Whitten, Jr., 1963-1964 (Acting); John F. Olson, 1964-1969; Dolphus Whitten, Jr., June, 1969-.

Oral Roberts University, Tulsa. Presidents: Oral Roberts, 1965-.

Phillips University, Enid. Presidents: Ely Vaughn Zollers, 1906-1915; Isaac Newton McCash, 1916-1938; Eugene S. Briggs, 1938-1961; Hallie Gantz, 1961-1972; Norman E. Jacobs, 1972-1973 (Acting); Dr. Tom Broce, 1973-.

Bacone College, Bacone. Presidents: A. C. Bacone, 1880-1896; M. L. Brown, 1896-1897; J. H. Scott, 1897-1905; P. B. Gurnsey, 1905-1906; W. C. Farmer, 1906-1907; E. N. Collette, 1907-1910; J. H. Randall, 1910-1918; B. D. Weeks, 1918-1941; Earl L. Riley, 1943-1947; Francis W. Thompson, 1948-1956; Roger W. Getz, 1956-1966; Ralph E. Knudsen, 1966-1967 (Acting); Garold D. Holstine, 1967-1974; Charles Holleyman, 1974-.

Hillsdale Free Will Baptist College, Moore. Presidents: Don W. Payne, 1963-1965; J. D. O'Donnell, 1965-1972; Bill M. Jones, 1972-.

St. Gregory's College, Shawnee. Presidents: Blaise Haritchabalet, 1916-1925; Alphonse Sausen, 1925-1930; David Yuenger, 1930-1933 (Acting); Mark F. Braun, 1933-1953; Phillip A. Berning, 1953-1959; Robert G. Dodson, 1959-1963; Richard Sneed, 1963-1969; Peter Green, 1969-1970; Michael Roethler, 1970-.

Southwestern College, Oklahoma City. Presidents: R. O. Corvin, 1946-1961; W. R. Corvin, 1961-1975; Ross Duckett, 1975 (Acting); Hugh Morgan, 1975-.

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