

DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 117 972

FL 007 412

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TITLE Alternatives to the Traditional Intermediate Spanish Courses in Community Colleges.

PUB DATE 28 Dec 75

NOTE 8p.; Paper presented at the Annual Meeting of the American Association of Teachers of Spanish and Portuguese (Chicago, Illinois, December 28, 1975)

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.83 HC-\$1.67 Plus Postage

DESCRIPTORS \*College Language Programs; \*Community Colleges; Curriculum Development; Higher Education; \*Language Instruction; Modern Language Curriculum; \*Program Design; Second Language Learning; Second Languages; \*Spanish; Teaching Methods

ABSTRACT

The alternatives to the traditional intermediate or second-year courses in community colleges are three student-centered plans designed for colleges with low or high enrollment of second-year Spanish students. Plan A is a two-year program of Spanish instruction. It consists of Spanish 101 and 102 and eight four-week minicourses, including two different grammar minicourses during the first four weeks of instruction. Plan B is a two-, two-and-a-half-, or three-year program. It includes Spanish 101, Spanish 102, and also eight four-week minicourses. These courses may be taken during two, three, or four semesters. Students may choose from 12 different minicourses. Plan C is an accelerated one-, one-and-a-half-, or two-year program. It enables students to complete Spanish 103 and Spanish 104 in one or more semesters. They could take both courses simultaneously. Students receive credit on completion of eight four-week minicourses. Charts for each plan and a list of suggested minicourses are included. These alternatives may be offered in other languages. (Author)

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ALTERNATIVES TO THE TRADITIONAL INTERMEDIATE  
SPANISH COURSES IN COMMUNITY COLLEGES

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Among the major concerns of community college foreign language departments, one often finds:

- a low enrollment of second year students because of scheduling problems or early transferring to four year institutions.
- a wide variety in students' language abilities and background.
- diversity of students' interests, motivation, and expectations.
- no special fundings or facilities for innovating foreign language programs.

Consequently, most of us who teach second languages in community colleges have to confront the difficult problems of how to offer a full two year program of language instruction to as many students as possible; how to arrange the content according to students' interest and ability; and how to provide a more flexible scheduling of classes.

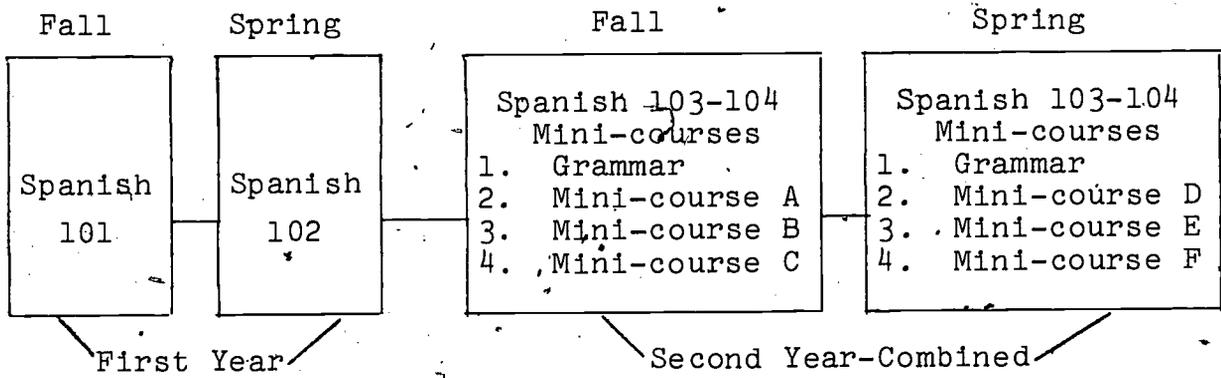
In trying to solve some of these problems, I have designed three student-centered plans for the intermediate or second year courses. They are possible ways of presenting subject matter (after the fundamentals of language have been introduced in 101 and 102 courses). They may be offered instead of any traditionally

oriented program with no special facilities or additional faculty or staff.

Careful planning, ingenuity, and preparation of a wide range of materials are essential to the three plans. They require a very orderly scheduling of offerings and the development of numerous mini-courses to be used for independent studies or classroom instruction. Among the suggested mini-courses applicable to any alternative plan are the following:

- |                                                 |                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Advanced Conversation<br>and Comprehension      | Business Spanish                                                   |
| Advanced Reading                                | Spanish Folklore                                                   |
| Advanced Writing                                | Every Day Life in Spain                                            |
| Spanish for Travelers                           | Every Day Life in Latin America                                    |
| Spanish Music                                   | African Influence in the<br>Spanish World                          |
| Spanish Art                                     | The History of Spain                                               |
| Spanish Culinary Arts                           | The History of Latin America                                       |
| Current Events in the<br>Spanish Speaking World | The Life of Hispanos in the<br>Urban Areas of the United<br>States |
| Spanish for Nurses                              |                                                                    |

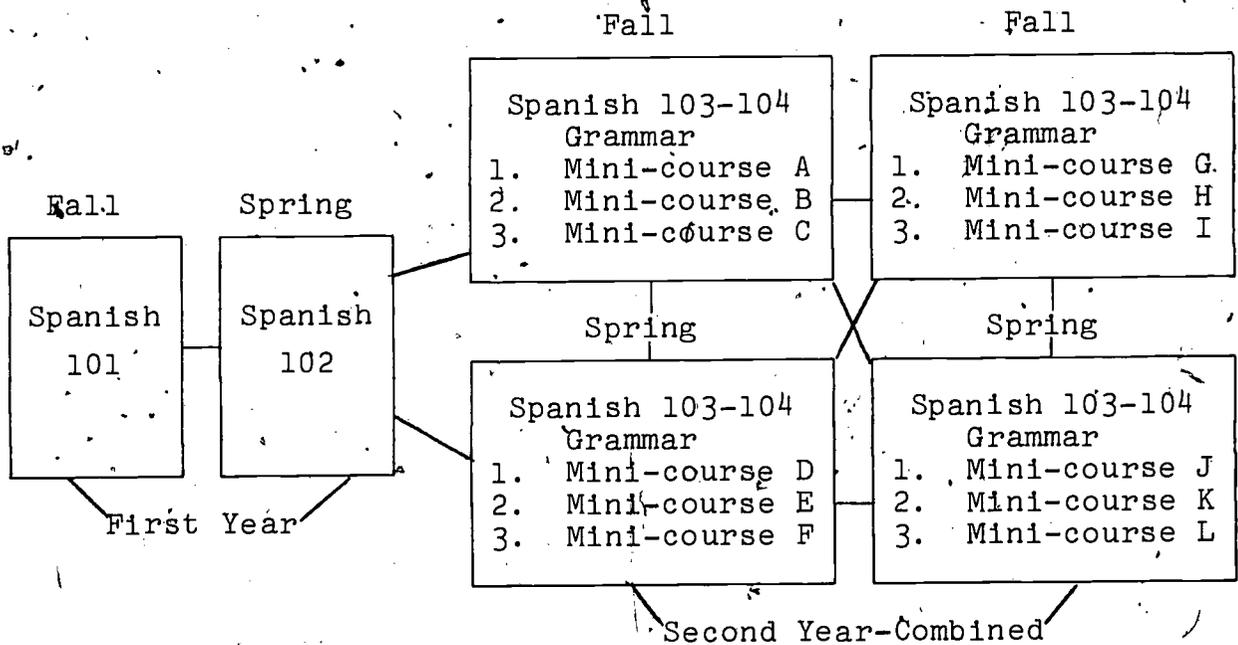
Plan A



This alternative is a two year program of Spanish instruction mainly designed for colleges with a very low enrollment of second year language students. It includes Spanish 101, Spanish 102 and combined Spanish 103 and Spanish 104 classes.

Spanish 103 and 104 consist of four four-week mini-courses every semester, considering that semesters are 16 weeks long. Two different grammar mini-courses are offered during the first four weeks of instruction, one for the Spanish 103 and one for the Spanish 104 students. During the remaining 12 weeks all students take the same three mini-courses. These may be selected according to the interest of the majority of the students.

Plan B



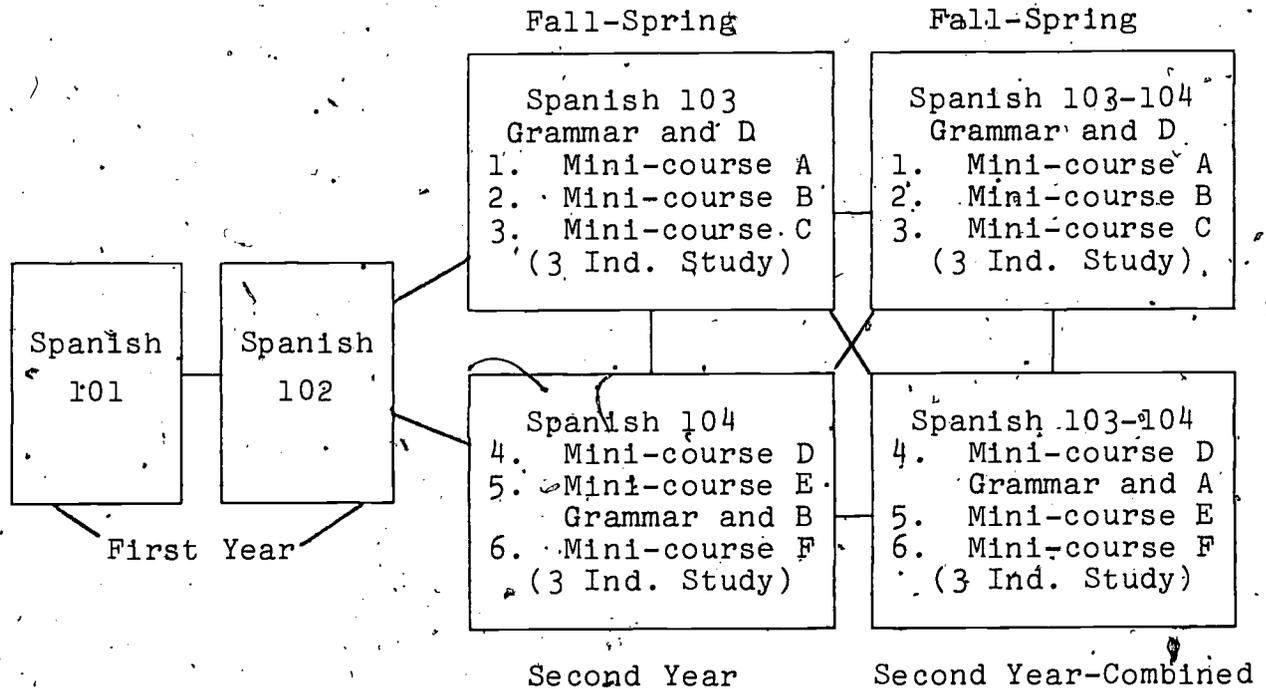
This second alternative is a two, two and a half, or three year program also designed for colleges with low enrollment of second year students, but where they tend to remain to take as many courses as possible. This plan gives students the opportunity

to choose from a wider variety of mini-courses. It consists of Spanish 101, Spanish 102 and combined Spanish 103 and Spanish 104 classes.

Students must register for 103 and 104 at the same time. They will receive credit for both courses upon completion of eight mini-courses, including two grammar mini-courses, one at the 103 level and one at the 104 level. They will be given an incomplete grade at the end of the first, second or third semester.

Twelve different mini-courses must be offered in four consecutive semesters. Students must be provided with the schedule of mini-courses at the time of registration.

Plan C



This accelerated plan is a one, one and a half or two year program designed for colleges with either low or high enrollment of second year students. It fulfills the needs of students who are



willing to take independent studies or two Spanish courses simultaneously. The flexibility of this program enables students to complete Spanish 103 and 104 in one or two semesters. It could be offered with separate or combined 103 and 104 classes.

Spanish 103 consists of four four-week mini-courses, including a grammar mini-course. Spanish 104 consists also of four four-week mini-courses. Students must register for these two classes at the same time. They will receive credit for both, 103 and 104, upon completion of two grammar mini-courses and six other mini-courses.

Mini-courses should be offered alternatively during four consecutive semesters and various independent study mini-courses should be available. Some of these mini-courses may be, for example:

Advanced Reading

Advanced Writing

Grammar Units

Creative Writing

Advanced Conversation

Other four-week special projects.

Plans B and C require individual scheduling of mini-courses at the time of registration and record keeping for credit purposes.

The following form may be used:

SPANISH 103-104  
SCHEDULE OF MINI-COURSES

NAME OF STUDENT: \_\_\_\_\_  
SEMESTER: FALL \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_ SPRING \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

MINI-COURSE	DATES		DATE OF COMPLETION	GRADE
	FROM	TO		
Grammar 103				
Grammar 104				
Advanced Conversation				
Advanced Reading				
Advanced Writing				
Spanish for Travelers				
Commercial Spanish				
Spanish for Nurses				

These three plans may lead to other alternatives, according to the length and content of mini-courses offered every semester. I suggest four-week mini-courses because a minimum of three weeks is necessary to study a particular area in depth and three or four class meetings for introducing materials and testing.

These kind of programs focus on variation for accommodation to individual student needs. They can be implemented by any community college and adapted to the teaching of other languages. Their advantages are that: (a) students are able to participate in selecting the subject matter to be studied, (b) students can choose the



area in which they wish to work at a particular time and (c) students can work in groups as well as independently. The essence of these alternatives to the traditional intermediate courses is the teacher's initiative in developing mini-courses, coordinating their offerings and specifying their objectives in advance and in detail.