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ABSTRACT

Fixed-choice stimulus questions were distributed to students from 12 New Mexico rural high schools (randomly selected), and responses were derived from 139 Native, 171 Anglo, and 240 Mexican American students in the 10th and 12th grades. Responses indicated educational, occupational, and residential aspirations and expectations and goal deflections. Findings revealed: (1) significant differences in occupational aspirations between grade levels and ethnic groups (sophomores aspired to less professional occupations and Native Americans aspired to less professional occupations than Anglos); (2) differences in occupational expectations due to sex (females expected less professional occupations); (3) occupational goal deflection differences due to ethnicity, sex, and the grade level by ethnicity interaction; (4) residence aspiration differences due to sex and ethnicity (males aspired to a more rural and Mexican Americans to a more urban residence than the others); (5) goal deflection between Anglo residence expectations and aspirations; (6) residence expectation differences due to sex and ethnicity (males and Native Americans had more rural expectations); (7) differences in educational aspirations due to grade level and sex by ethnic group interaction; (8) educational expectation differences due to grade level and sex by ethnic group interaction. (JC)

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EDUCATIONAL, OCCUPATIONAL, AND RESIDENCE ASPIRATIONS AND EXPECTATIONS FOR RURAL AND MINORITY YOUTH IN NEW MEXICO

Ву

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Introduction: Problem and Rationale

Educators need objective knowledge of their students' expectations and aspirations: This knowledge is necessary for advising students and designing curricula. Ignorance of the aspirations and expectations held by students result in three major problems: (Merton, 1957)

- 1. Youth who hold very high aspiration and have little potential of realizing them often display socially unacceptable behavior.
- 2. Youth who hold very low expectations in light of their aspirations may become discouraged and fail to realize their potential.
- 3. High school counselors are deprived of knowledge that would allow greater effectiveness early in the students' career development process.

Purpose of the Study

The purpose of the study was to determine the levels of educational and occupational aspiration and expectation held by the three primary cultural groups in rural New Mexico.

New Mexico has a unique ethnic composition of approximately 50% Anglo, 40% Mexican American, and 7% Native American.

As far as the researchers are aware no other study has attempted to research these specific groups' goals in relation to each other.

<u>Objectives</u>

Objectives of the study are listed in detail below.

The data collected from the questionnaire were analyzed to



provide information about each of the five objective areas.

- 1. Overall estimates of educational, occupational, and residence aspirations and expectations for the rural youth population of New Mexico.
- 2. Overall estimates of deflection of goals for education, occupation, and residence.
- 3. Comparison among cultural groups on educational, coccupational, and residence aspirations, expectations, and deflection.
- 4. Indication of change in realism (congruence between aspiration and expectation) between tenth and twelfth grade.
- 5. Determination as to the existence of interactions among grade level, cultural group, and sex on educational, occupational, and residence aspirations, expectations, and deflection.

Review of Literature: Introduction

Kuvlesky and Bealer distinguish between aspired and expected goals; they define expectation as "... the individual's estimation of his probable attainment in reference to a particular goal area" (1966, p. 273). The basis for developing aspiration and expectation as separate concepts is that the objective is always desired in an aspiration, but may or may not be in an expectation, depending upon the degree to which one's aspirations are seen as attainable. The difference between aspiration and expectation provides anticipatory goal deflection.

The literature concerning aspiration is substantial;
Kuvlesky and Reynolds (1970a, 1970b, 1970c) have compiled
over 400 published and unpublished references which pertain
to educational and occupational aspiration. Merton's (1957)
social structure and anomic inculcation theories of high
educational and occupational success goals cut across cultural
differentiation. Merton maintains that high aspiration is
common to all groups in our society. Kuvlesky indicates also
that high school age youth experience high occupational
aspiration and expectation relative to available opportunities.
Dissenting viewpoints are expressed by Heller (1968), Madsen
(1964), and Schwartz (1971), who conclude that Mexican
Americans have lower aspirations than Anglo Americans.
Choice Formulation Process

As in other areas concerning educational and occupational projections, controversy exists in the choice formulation



process. Taylor (1968) has identified fantasy, tentative and realistic as three stages through which American youth pass and locates the high school student between the last two. In a Louisiana study, Mondart, et al. (1970) contend that high school students have made tentative occupational choices by the eleventh grade. This study supports the theory that considerable change occurs between the tenth and twelfth grades, as does Kuvlesky's Texas study (1969). Ginzberg's phase theory presents the opposite viewpoint in which age and maturity are necessary to realistic aspirations and expectations (Hoppock, 1967).

Cultural/Racial Groups

Mexican American

D'Antonio and Samora (1962), De Hoyos (1961), Heller. (1963), and Manuel (1965) have conducted general research on ethnicity differences with an emphasis on Mexican American youth. Comparative studies conducted by Juarez (1968), Kuvlesky (1969), and Wright (1968) in the area of Mexican American status projections vary in their findings. Juarez found little difference between Mexican American and Anglo American youth. Kuvlesky's Texas rural youth study found that Mexican Americans tended to have lower occupational and educational projections than Negro or Anglo respondents. In his study of Texas high school sophomores, Wright concluded that Mexican American youth held high-level occupational aspirations.

Negro American'

Consistency of desired and expected status objects was the topic of Pelham's (1968) study of tenth grade white and Negro males. He defined desired status objects as dealing with the aspirational frame of reference and expected status objects as the anticipated frame of reference. Indications from the rural counties studied in Texas and Georgia demonstrated more inconsistency in anticipated rather than aspirational frames of reference.

Lever (1969) examined the relationship between selected occupational projections and socioeconomic status. Occupational aspiration, expectation, and anticipatory goal deflection were the projections included in his analysis of 7,775 Negro and white high school sophomores from rural areas in five southern states. In controlling for socioeconomic status a moderate positive association between socioeconomic level and aspiration and expectation appeared. When socioeconomic status was not controlled, high level occupations were both desired and expected by a majority of the respondents in each race/sex category.

Native American

As with Mexican American youth, there is little research on educational and occupational projections of Native .

American youth. Gemberlin and Nelson (1970) interviewed 115

Oglala Sioux and 63 Athapaskan high school students. Approximately 50% of the Sioux and Athapaskans in the sample expected, to complete high school and appeared to be well aware of its



importance. 'Educational expectation was obtained by asking students what they planned to do after high school. their response was, "to attend college," the interviewer then determined how many years they planned to attend. Fortyfour percent of the Sioux anticipated two years of college or vocational school; 10% planned on four years of college. Fifty-seven percent of the Athapaskans planned on two years of college or vocational training and 19% expected to attend college for four years. Occupational aspirations were, determined by asking the student what he would most like to be doing ten years from the time of the interview. High-level professional and semi-professional jobs were selected 44% of the time by both the Sioux and the Athapaskans. percent of the Sioux and 26% of the Athaspaskans selected jobs in the clerical and sales, blue collar, and low-level manager categories while 4% of the Sioux and 2% of the Athapaskans selected unskilled jobs. Most Sioux (57%) indicated a desire for upward mobility and placed a high value on advancement, even if it meant leaving the reservation, while most Athapaskans (55%) placed more value on remaining home with a good job and financial security.

Elliott (1970) examined educational and occupational aspiration and expectation of Canadian Indian and non-Indian students from grades six through twelve. He placed the 223 Indian students in these grades into one group and found that the non-Indians generally held higher aspirations and expectations than did the Indians. Ginzberg, et al. (1951) indicate



that this sample's large range covers all three of the major vocational choice periods, (i.e., fantasy, tentative, and realistic) and that it is difficult, therefore, to draw meaningful conclusions.

Larson (1971a) observed the educational aspirations and expectations of Native American and non-Native American youth attending small rural high schools in Montana. The objective of the study was to ascertain which persons had the greatest influence on students' educational aspirations. . In a second study, Larson (1971b) investigated the relative impact of family income on high school students' educational aspiration and expectation levels. Nine percent fewer Native Americans than non-Native Americans aspired to attend four years of college; 10% fewer Native Americans than non-Native Americans expected to attend four years of college. grouped by family income, 48% of the high-income Native American students held aspirations for a college degree, but only 33% held the same expectations. Comparable percentages for high-income non-Native American students were 61% and 54%, indicating greater goal deflection among Native American students. Since the only educational aspiration the researcher evaluated was a college degree, this study has limited application.

Conclusion

This review of literature tends to support the conjecture that educational and occupational aspiration of high school youth are high in relation to expectations and available \(\).



opportunities. Although cultural groups differ in overall levels of aspiration and expectation, the evidence suggests that divergence between the two variables is common to ethnic and racial groups.



Methodology

Sample

The sample consisted of twelve rural high schools randomly chosen on a geographically stratified basis. Any school in the central third of New Mexico, located in a community of 2500 or less, was considered. Four schools were purposively chosen from those schools under consideration with a majority Native American student population. The remaining eight schools were randomly selected and had a high Anglo American or Mexican American enrollment, or both. For a description of the ethnic composition of New Mexico and the counties is which the researched schools are located see Appendix A.

An average of twenty-five sophomores and twenty-five seniors was selected in each school. More were interviewed in the larger schools to allow for those schools having less than twenty-five in their classes. Students classified themselves into the different ethnic groups (see Table 1). The sample included 139 respondents from Native American, 240 Mexican American, and 171 Anglo American rural populations in the two grade levels studied (tenth and twelfth) for a total sample size of 587. (See Table 2.)

Instrumentation

Questionnaires were administered either by the director or the research associate to each class separately in each school. School personnel were asked not to be present, in that they might have influenced student responses. The



TABLE 1

Sample of Students in New Mexico Youth Study

Number Total Native Mex. Anglo Inter- in Mumber Amer. Anglo Inter- in $\#/\pi$		S THE	SOPHOMORES Ethnic Group	ES oup		•	Eth	SENIORS Ethnic Group	. dno	•	. 1	TOTAL (SOPH, & SENIORS) Ethnic Group	(SOPH, & SE Ethnic Group	SENIOR Sup	S) To	S) Total Intervieued	
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	LOS LUNAS Valencia (1100 in 9-12)	. °	,	6		\$ 300	0	115		~	740	0/0	33/49	30/45	67	12.4	

TABLE 1 (Continued)

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	TULAROSA Otero (448 in 9-12)	۸	=					9	۲ .	16	. 88	6/17	17/47 13		38	20.4	186



TABLE 2 Responses by Class and Ethnicity

	Sophomore,	Senior	То	tal - 587	•
	307 Total	280 Total .	Number	Percentage	
No Response	5	2	7	1	
Anglo American	79	92	171	29	
Negro American	2	0	2	< 1	•
Oriental American	, 0	2	2	< 1	
Native American	76	63	139	23 _	
Mexican American	131	109	240	40	
Other	14	12	26	4 .	



questionnaire was an adaptation of a status projection instrument developed at Texas A&M (see Appendix B). It was previously used for Mexican Americans and Anglos in Texas (Kuvlesky, 1969) and for Navajo Native Americans in Arizona (Stout, in progress).

<u>Variables</u>

Fixed-choice stimulus questions provided responses which indicated educational, occupational, and mobility aspirations and expectations. Comparisons between indicated aspiration and expectation allowed for measurement of goal deflection in areas of education, occupation, and residence. These constructs are further explained below:

- 1. Educational aspiration--educational level desired by the respondent assuming complete freedom of choice.
- 2. Educational expectation--educational level the respondent actually expected to attain.
- 3. Occupational aspiration--specific type of work the respondent desired assuming complete freedom of choice.
- 4. Occupational expectation--specific type of work the respondent actually expected to pursue.
- 5. Residence aspiration--type of area in which the respondent most desired to reside, assuming complete freedom of choice.
- 6. Residence expectation--type of area in which the respondent actually expected to reside.
- 7-9. Anticipatory goal deflections--measures of divergence between educational, occupational, and residence expectations and aspirations.



Divergence was determined as positive, negative, or neutral. Measures of educational and occupational divergence were derived by observing the congruence between expectation and aspiration in these areas. Residence aspiration and expectation comparisons determined residence divergence. If the respondent expected to locate in an urban setting but aspired to live in a more rural location positive mobility divergence was displayed. If the respondent's aspiration was to reside in a more urban area than the expectation indicated, a negative residence divergence resulted. Otherwise the classification was neutral.

Answers related to occupations were coded according to an occupational scale derived from the Duncan index as follows:

- O⇔ = No information
- l = High professional
- 2 = Low professional
- 3 = Glamour
- 4 = Managerial, official
- 5- = Clerical and sales
- 7 = Operative
- 8 = Laborer
- 9 = Housewife

The educational and residence scales were modifications of the scales in these areas used by Kuvlesky in his 1969 study.

- 0 = No information
- l = Quit school now
- 2 = Complete High School
- 3 = Complete technical program after H. S. graduation
- 4 = Complete Jr. College
- 5 = Graduate from 4-year College or University
- 6 = Complete additional graduate studies

Residence

0 = No information.

l = Live in a large city

2 = Live in a small city

3 = Live in a town or village near a metropolitan area

4 = Live in the country near a metropolitan area

·5 = Live on a farm near a metropolitan area

6 = Live in a town or village not near a metropolitan area

7 = Live in the country not near a metropolitan area

8 = Live on a farm not near a metropolitan area

Analysis Procedure

The initial review of the completed questionnaires recorded only raw responses. The data were coded and transferred to Fortran sheets to which a validity check was administered prior to transfer to punch cards. All the data were then grouped together and run for sophomore-senior, male-female, and ethnicity status. A three-way analysis of variance was used to test for significance in main effects and interactions among cultural groups, grade level, and sex on the nine dependent variables. Tukey B after F tests were used to determine where the source of significance lay. Summary data were tabulated conjectures drawn for each variable (see Appendix C). Graphs were generated for variables of interest and appear in Appendix D.

Procedure for Contacting Schools

A letter requesting permission to conduct an interview with seniors and sophomores was sent to the superintendent and principal of each school selected. A brief summary explaining the nature of the research project was enclosed with the initial letter.



Through response to this letter and subsequent telephone contact an appointment was made with the principal and/or counselor of each school. During the meeting the researchers introduced themselves and reviewed the questionnaire, clarifying any questions the administrator had. The researchers stressed the necessity of a representative student body sample. A specific date to conduct the interview was also agreed upon.

Contacts with the different schools were made during the months of December and January. The interviews with the students were conducted during late January and February. The interview schedule appears in Appendix E.

Prior to the first interview the researchers re-examined the questionnaire items, some questions being deleted or reworded. When printed, each questionnaire was numbered for the individual school with every school also having respondent numbers 01-60. For further identification the student was asked to write the name of the school and his/her grade level.

Dr. William Kuvlesky (see Review of Literature, page 3), from the Department of Rural Sociology at Texas A&M, reviewed the questionnaire and interview procedure with the New Mexico State researcher, Dr. Everett Edington. The following procedure was an outgrowth of their consultation.

Interview Procedure

1. The respondents were given an explanation of the instrument, stressing that each response was voluntary.



(No response option was provided in all eases.)

- 2. They were asked to respond as a group and not to run through the questionnaire individually.
- 3. The interviewer read each inventory item aloud and waited for the students to respond.
- 4. After completing the interview, the last page of the instrument was removed in order to assure the respondent's anonymity.
- 5. Separate interviews for sophomores and seniors were arranged whenever possible.
- 6. The interviewers also requested that just the students be in the room. It was felt that the presence of a counselor or principal might inhibit them or influence their responses.



Analysis Findings: Occupation

Occupational aspiration and expectation were derived from questionnaire data and were recorded on the Duncan scale as previously described. The resulting scale ranged from 1 (high professional) to 9 (housewife). Occupational goal deflections were measured by computing the difference between goal and expectation.

Occupational Aspiration

Occupational aspiration means by grade level, sex, and ethnic group are presented in Table 3. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 4 as does the after F test Tukey B results.

TABLE 3
Occupational Aspiration Mean

Grade Level	Sophomore 4.09	Senior 3.42	•
Sex	Male 3.87	Female 3.67 .	
Ethnicity	Anglo 3.53	Native American 4.16	. Mexican American 3.71

Significant differences in occupational aspirations were found between grade levels and ethnic groups. Sophomores aspired to occupations significantly less professional than did seniors. Native Americans aspired to occupations less professional than did Anglo Americans. No other statistically significant differences were found.



TABLE 4

Analysis of Variance for Occupational Goals

Source	D.F.	Sum of Sq.	Meán Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level)	1.	61.26	61.26	13.38**
B (Sex)	1.	7.97	7.97	1.74
C (Ethnicity)	2.	34.70	17.35	3.79*
AB .	1,	0.00	0.00	0.00
AC	2.	15.40	7.70	1.68
BC	2.	5.31	2.66	0.58
ABC .	2.	1.18	0.59	0.13
Error	488.	2233.42	4.58	

After F Test - Tukey B C Main Effect

	Means	Anglo 3.53	Mexican American	Native American 4.16
Anglo Mexican American Native American	3.53 n 3.71 4.16	-	.18	.63* .45

^{*}Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$

Occupational Expectation

Occupational expectation means by grade level, sex, and ethnicity are presented in Table 5. The analysis of variance data appears in Table 6.

TABLE 5
Occupational Expectation Means

Grade Level	Sophomore 4.71	Senior 4.54	
S ex	Male 4.17	Female 4.99	
Ethnicity	Anglo 4.50	Native American 4.53	Mexican American 4.77

TABLE 6
Analysis of Variance for Occupational Expectation

Source	D.F.	Sum of Sq.	Mean Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level)	1.	2.14	2.14	0.35 ,
B (Sex)	1.	65.12	65.12	10.51**
C (Ethnicity)	2.	4.75	2.38	0.38
AB .	1.	17.53	17.53	12.83
AC	2.	20.42	10.21	1.65
BC '	2.	3,19	1.60	0.26
ABC	2.	3.43	1.71	0.28
Error	451.	2794.38	6.20	•

**Significant at < 0.01

Significant differences in occupational expectation were found only due to sex. Females expected to enter significantly less professional occupations than did males.

Occupational Goal Deflection

Occupational goal deflection means by grade level, sex, and ethnicity are presented in Table 7. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 8. The after F test Tukey B results for the C main effect and the A by C interaction, appear in Table 9.

TABLE 7
Occupational Goal Deflection Mean

Grade Level	Sophomore 0.69	Senior 1.15	-
Sex	Male 0.29	Female 1.43	*
Ethnicity	Anglo 1.07	Native American 0.51	Mexican American 1.02

Significant differences in occupational goal deflection were found due to grade level, sex, ethnicity and the grade level by ethnicity interaction. Seniors had significantly greater deflection than did sophomores. Females had significantly greater deflection than did males. The Tukey B after F test procedure revealed no significant differences due to ethnicity. It appears, however, that the Native American group showed a smaller degree of deflection than the other ethnic groups. Sophomore Native Americans showed negative occupational goal deflection which was significantly different from all other combinations of grade level and ethnicity.

TABLE 8

Analysis of Variance for Occupational Goal Deflection

Source	D.F.	Sum of Sq.	Mean Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level)	1.	33.53	33.53	6.69**
B (Sex)	1.	132.60	132.60	*26.46**
C (Ethnicity)	2.	36.34	18.17	3.63*
AB	1.	16.63	16.63	3.32
AC .	2.	57.10	28.55	5.70**
вс	2.	2.34	1.17	0.23
ABC	2.	8.05	-4.03	0.80
Error s	442.	2215.30	5.01	*

^{*}Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$

TABLE 9

After F Tests for C Main Effect and A by C Interaction for Occupational Goal Deflection

•				
	1.07	.56.	.05	1
ect.*		×		
C Main Effect*	1.02	.51		
	.51	ı		
		.51	1.02	1.07

*Note: No Significant differences were found

			A by C Interaction	eraction			*
	•	Soph. N.A.		Sen. M.A.	Soph. A.A. Sen. M.A. Soph. M.A. Sen. A.A. Sen. N.A.	Sen. A.A.	Sen. N.A.
•	•	 38	.91	.95	1.09	1.22	1.40
Soph. N.A38	38	0,	1.29*	1.33*	1.47*	1.60%	1.78*
Soph. A.A.	.91		ı	70.	. 18 	.31	67.
Sen. M.A.	.95			ı	.14	.27	. 57.
Soph. M.A.	1.09					.13	.31
Sen. A.A.	1.22					1	.18
Sen. N.A. 1.40	1.40		•				

*Significant at a < 0.05

In this table, as in all succeeding tables in which the different ethnicity groupings are abbreviated, N.A. represents Native American, A.A., Anglo American, and M.A., Mexican American. Note:

Place of Residence

Place of residence aspiration and expectation were derived from questionnaire data. The resulting scores were placed on a scale from 1 (In a very large city) to 8 (On a farm, not near a city), or in other words, from highly urban to highly rural. Place of residence goal deflection was found by taking the difference between aspiration and expectation.

Residence Aspiration

Residence aspiration means by grade level, sex, and ethnic group are presented in Table 10. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 11. The after F test Tukey B results for C main effect appear in Table 12. The A by B by C interaction term is too complex to formally analyze and therefore appears as a graph in Figure 1.

Significant differences in residence aspiration were found due to sex and ethnicity. Males aspired to a more rural environment than did females. Native Americans and Anglo Americans did not differ significantly. Mexican American students aspired to a significantly more urban environment than did either the Native American or Anglo American. As can be seen in Figure 1, the interaction of A, B, and C is due in large part to the highly rural aspiration of Native American senior males and Anglo female seniors.



TABLE 10
Residence Aspiration Means

Grade Level	Sophomore 3.88	Senior 3.99	
Sex	Male 4.39	Female 3.55	
Ethnicity	Anglo 4.27	Native American 4.42	Mexican American 3.42

 $\label{eq:TABLE ll} \mbox{\sc Analysis of Variance for Residence Aspiration.}$

Source	D.F.	Sum of Sq.	Mean Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level)	1.	2.90	2.90	0.85
B (Sex)	1.	102.50	102.50	30.18**
C (Ethnicity)	2.	104.14	52.07	15.33**
AB .	1.	0.66	0.66	0.20
AC	2.	0.04	0.02	0.01
ВС	2.	10.75	5.37	1.58
ABC	2.	27.45	13.73	4.04*
Error	515.	1749.08	3.40	

*Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$

TABLE 12

After F Test for the C Main Effect for Residence Aspiration

	M.A. 3.42	A.A. 4.27	N.A 4.42
M.A. 3.42		.85*	1.00*
A.A. 4.27		-	.15
N.A. 4.42			

*Significant at a < 0.05



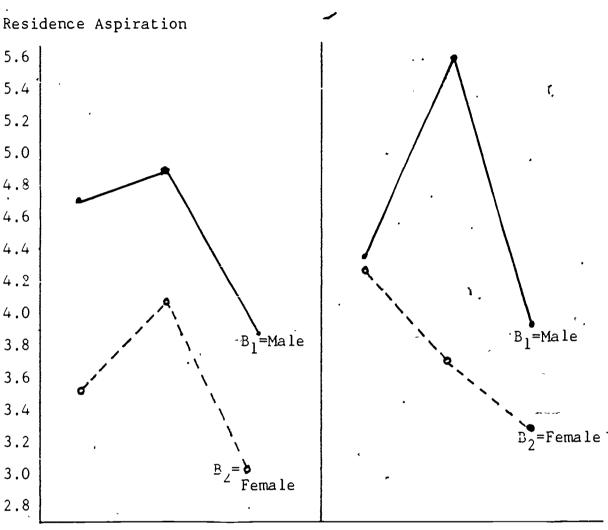


Figure 1. Graph of the A by B by C Interaction for Residence Aspiration

Residence Expectation

Residence expectation means by grade level, sex, and ethnicity are presented in Table 13. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 14 as does the after F test Tukey B results.

TABLE 13
Residence Expectation Means

Grade Level	Sophomore 3.57	Senior 3.48	,
Sex	Male · 3.95	Female 3.17	
Ethnicity .	Anglo 3.41	Native American 4.23	Mexican American 3.20

Significant differences in residence expectation were found due to sex and ethnicity. Males were found to be more rural in expectation than females. Native Americans were significantly more rural in expectation than Anglo Americans or Mexican Americans. No differences were found between Anglo American and Mexican American students.

Residence Goal Deflection

Residence goal deflection means by grade level, sex, and ethnicity are presented in Table 15. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 16 as does the after F test Tukey B results.

Ethnicity was the only significant effect in the difference between place of residence aspiration and expectation. Native American goal deflection did not differ from that of



TABLE 14 ·

Analysis of Variance for Residence Expectation and After F Test Tukey B Results

Source	D.F.	Sum of Sq.	Mean Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level)	1.	0.09	0.09	0.03
B (Sex)	1.	90.92	90.92	28.36**
C (Ethnicity)	2.	118.76	.59.38	18.52**
AB	1.	0.13	0.13	0.04
AC	2.	£ 6.80	. 3.40	1.06
ВС	2.	. ₹3. ♦3	1.96	0.61
ABC	2.	14.77	7.38	2.30
Error	514.	1648.02	3.21	
<u>Aft</u>	er F Test	for the C Main	Effect	
,		M.A. 3.20	A. 3.41	N.A. 4.23
M.A. 3.20 A. 3.41 N.A. 4.23		<u>.</u> ,	.21	1.03*

*Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$



TABLE 15

Residence Goal Deflection Means

Grade Level	Sophomore -0.30	Senior ' -0.52 -	
Sex	Male -0.44	Female / -0.37	
Ethnicity .	Anglo -0.87	Native American -0.19	Mexican American -0.20

TABLE 16

Analysis of Variance for Residence Goal Deflection

		Mean Sq.	F-Ratio
1.	2.52	2.52	1.40
1.	0.52	. 0.52	0.29
2.	40.77	20.39	11.33**
1.	1.27	1.27	0.71 .
2.	8.70	4.35	2.42
2.	6.11	3.06	1.70
2.	7.04	3.52	1.95
12.	921.62	1.80	
After <u>C</u>	F Test Tukey B Main Effect		
	N.A. 19	M.A. 20	A.A. 87
	-	.01	.68* .67*
	1. 2. 1. 2. 2. 2. 1. After	1. 0.52 2. 40.77 1. 1.27 2. 8.70 2. 6.11 2. 7.04 12. 921.62 After F Test Tukey B C Main Effect N.A.	1. 0.52 0.52 2. 40.77 20.39 1. 1.27 1.27 2. 8.70 4.35 2. 6.11 3.06 2. 7.04 3.52 12. 921.62 1.80 After F Test Tukey B C Main Effect N.A. M.A1920 01

*Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$



the Mexican American student. Anglo American students, however, had significantly greater goal deflection than did the Native American or Mexican American.

Education

Educational aspirations and expectations were derived from questionnaire data. The resulting scale ran from 1 (quit school) to 6 (take additional work beyond a college degree). As before, goal deflection was computed by taking the difference between aspiration and expectation.

Education Aspiration

Educational aspiration means by grade level, sex, and ethnic group are presented in Table 17. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 18 as does the after F test Tukey B results.

TABLE 17
Educational Aspiration Means

Grade Level	Sophomore 3.77	Senior 4.16	
Sex	Male 3.88	Female 4.03	
Ethnicity	Anglo 4.16	Native American 3.86	Mexican American 3.88

Significant differences in educational aspirations were found related to grade level and the sex by ethnic group interaction. Seniors aspired to significantly more education than did sophomores. Native American males aspired to significantly less education than all groups except Mexican American females.



TABLE 18

Analysis of Variance for Educational Aspirations and After F Tests

,		•		<u> </u>		*
Source	D.F.		Sum of Sc	1. M	ean Sq.	F-Ratio
A (Class Level	ĵ.	•	21.05		21.05	9.87**
B (Sex)	1.	`	6.90		6.90	3.23
C (Ethnicity)	2.	,	10.84		5.42	2.54
AB	, 1.		7.67		7.67	3.60
AC	2:		. 1.36		0.68	0.32
ВС	2.		29.27		14.63	6.86**
ABC	2.		8.51		4.26	2.00
Error	531.		1132.39		2.13	
		er F Te by C Ma	est Tukey ain Effec	<u>B</u>		3 -
	N.A. M	M.A. F	M.A. M	A. F	A. M	N.A. F
	3.27	2 3,85	3 3.92	· 4.09	5 4.22	6 4.26
N.A. M 3.27 M.A. F 3.85 M.A. M 3.92 A. F 4.09 A. M 4.22 N.A. F 4.26	•	.58	65*	.82* .24 .17	.95* .37 .30 .13	.99* .41 .34 .17 .04

*Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$

Education Expectation

Educational expectation means by grade level, sex, and ethnic group are presented in Table 19. The analysis of variance data appear in Table 20 as does the after F test Tukey B results.

TABLE 19
Educational Expectation Means

	,		_
Grade Level '	Sophomore 3.60	Senior 3.92	,
Sex ,	Male [*] 3.71 [*]	Female 3.79	< •
Ethnicity	`Anglo 3.90	Native American 3.80	Mexican American 3,62

Significant differences in educational expectations were found related to grade level and the sex by ethnic group interaction. Seniors expected significantly more education than did sophomores. Native American males expected significantly less education than did either Native American females or Anglo American males. In addition, Mexican American females expected significantly less education than did Anglo American males.

Education Goal Deflection

No significant differences were found to exist in the area of educational goal deflection. For purposes of later discussion the educational goal deflection means are presented in Table 21.

TABLE 20

Analysis of Variance for Educational Expectation and After F Tests

Source	D.F.	Sum' of	Sq	Mean Sq	. F	-Ratio				
A (Class Level) 1.	17.	20	17.20		9.07**				
B (Sex)	1.	.2.	87	2.87		1.51				
C (Ethnicity)	2.	6.0	06 .	3.03	•	1.60				
AB	1.	3.	17	3.17	~	1.67				
ĄC ,	2.	10.	40	5.20		2.74				
вс	2.	21.	81	10.91		5.75**				
ABC ,	2.	8	37	4.19		2.21				
Error	532.	1008.	70	1.90						
After F Test Tukey B B by C Interaction										
	N.A. Males	M.A. Fem.	M.A. Males	A.A. Fem.		.A. *				
•	1 3.32	2 3.53 .	3 3.72	4 3.84	-	6 .14				
N.A. M 3.32 M.A. F 3.53 M.A. M 3.72 A.A. F 3.84 A.A. M 3.95 N.A. F 4.14	-	.21	.40 .19	.52 .31 .12	.63* .42 .23 .11	.82* .61* .42 .30				

*Significant at $\alpha < 0.05$ **Significant at $\alpha < 0.01$



TABLE 21
Educational Goal Deflection Means

Grade Level	.Sophomore -0.16	Senior -0.25	
Sex	Male -0.15	Female -0.24	•
Ethnicity	Anglo -0.25	Native American -0.06	Mexican American -0.25

Summary of Findings

Occupation

Occupational aspiration and expectation were recorded on the Dupcan scale. All data in the tables refer to that scale. Significant differences in aspirations were found Setween grade levels and ethnic groups. Sophomores aspired to occupations significantly less professional than did seniors ($\alpha < .01$). Native Americans aspired to occupations less professional than did Anglo Americans ($\alpha < .05$). Differences in occupational expectation were found only due to sex, with females expecting to enter significantly less professional occupations than did males $(\alpha < .01)$. Occupational goal deflection differences were found due to grade level, sex, ethnicity and the grade level by ethnicity interaction. Seniors displayed greater deflection than did sophomores (α <.01) and females greater than males (α <.01) The Tukey B after F test revealed no significant differences due to ethnicity. The Native American group showed a smaller degree of deflection than the other ethnic groups. Sophomore Native Americans displayed negative occupational goal deflection which was significantly different from all other combinations of grade level and ethnicity ($\alpha < .05$).

Residence

Place of residence aspiration and expectation results were placed on a scale which ranged from highly urban to highly rural, and all data in the tables refer to that scale. Residence aspiration differences were found due to sex and



ethnicity. Males aspired to a more rural environment than females (α <.01); Mexican American students aspired to a significantly more urban environment than did either the Native American or Anglo American (α <.05). Significant residence expectation differences were found due to sex and ethnicity. Males were found to be more rural in expectation than females (α <.01) and Native Americans were more rural than Anglo Americans or Mexican Americans (α <.05). Ethnicity was the only significant effect in deflection between place of residence aspiration and expectation. Anglo American students had significantly greater goal deflection than did the Native American or Mexican American (α <.05).

Education

The education scale encompassed choices from quitting school prior to high school graduation to completing graduate work and all data in the tables refer to that scale. Significant differences in educational aspirations were found related to grade level and the sex by ethnic groups interaction. Seniors aspired to more education than did sophomores (α <.01); Native American males aspired to significantly less education than all groups except Mexican American females (α <.05). Educational expectation differences were found related to grade level and the sex by ethnic group interaction. Seniors expected more education than sophomores (α <.01) and Native American males expected significantly less education than did either Native American females or Anglo American males (α <.05). Mexican American

females expected less education than did Anglo American males $(\alpha < .05)$. No significant differences were found in the area of educational goal deflection.

Implications and Recommendations

The previous summary of findings covered primary conclusions for this study. Many other data deserving consideration are found in Appendix C. While all these data did not receive the same rigorous statistical analyses as those applied to selected sections, it is felt that important implications can be drawn from both types of data. All recommendations in this section are derived from those implications.

Areas for concern include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Except for the occupational categorization of "Glamour," the only occupations whose expectation index exceeded their aspiration are grouped at the less professional end of the scale.
 - 2. Anglo American, Native American, and Mexican American "no response" levels are fairly congruous in measuring Educational Aspiration and Expectation, yet in the Occupation Categorization, Native Americans, the smallest group numerically, have the largest proportional non-response.
 - 3. Over 50% of all respondents expressed that High School counselors were of little or no help in forming job aspiration; classroom teachers were considered more helpful.

 Occupational handbooks received a better "rating" than either counselors or principals, who were perceived as the least help.



- 4. Proportionally more Native American females held positive military expectation than the other two identities. Approximately a one-third positive female military expectation exists across all ethnic identifications. Although almost 80% of the respondents indicate an undecided or negative military desire, 30% expected some definite form of military service.
- 5. Native Americans, as a group, showed a lesser degree of occupational goal deflection. They also showed a significantly lower degree of occupational aspiration. So while possibly being more "realistic" this group also exhibited a lower level of what to be "realistic" about.

These, and other discontinuities, imply to the researchers that problems in rural high school career education programs exist. The absence of ethnic or sexual bias regarding the aspiration and expectation levels for more than a high school education is a major positive factor.

A tentative model for change could involve all aspects of educational personnel, without forcing upon any single segment (administrative, guidance, or teaching staff) unrealistic, hard, or impossible changes. In this model, teachers, in applicable subject areas, act as the main disseminators of educational, occupational, and mobility options. At the same time they should be careful to integrate all areas to produce realistic, but not pessimistic, graduates. Since teachers have the most contact with students, they have the greatest potential for impact.



Guidance personnel have inescapable limitations on time allotment per student, even if their main school function is not one of statistician or test administrator. They could offer in-service training programs in the area of career education and assist those teachers participating to make minor, but vital, changes in their curriculum. Administrators would be in a position to make direct curriculum changes, as well as to encourage guidance personnel to attend career education conferences and classes to aid teachers, and thus, students. One possible enhancement for implementing such a program would be attaching college credit or merit raises to the extra training necessary.

Although only two grade levels were studied, they were grades toward the culmination of the public education spectrum. Changes or problems that are indicated at that level are certainly applicable, if not more so, in the preceding grades. Perhaps these personnel should be accorded increment pay raises for related summer work, rather than always insisting on further academic, college-credit, summers. Whatever it takes, rural youth need and deserve the chance to "see" more opportunities than they are presently "seeing."





APPENDIX A ETHNIC COMPOSITION OF COUNTIES STUDIED



Total New Mexico Population: 1,016,000

510,447 407,286	70,986	19,439	7,842
Anglo American: Spanish Speaking:	Native American:	Negro American:	Unidentified:

Ethnic Composition of Counties Studied

	Total Population	Anglo American	Spanish Speaking	Negro American	Native American	Unidentified
-		Number Percentage	Number Percentage	Number Percentage	Number Percentage	Number Percentage
BERNALILLO	315,774	176,969	123,814 39	6,689	5,839	2,463 < 1
DONA ANA	69,773	$\frac{32,006}{46}$	35,439	$\frac{1,338}{2}$	207	783
LINCOLN	7,560	4,800	2,568	41	$\frac{82}{I}$	69
OTERO	41,097	$\frac{27,546}{67}$	9,730	1,850	1,620	351
SOCORRO	9,763	3,028	5,858	- 67 - 41	707	$\frac{103}{1}$
TAOS	17,516	909	15, 109 86	28	1,193	$\frac{27\lambda}{1}$

		i	•
Unidentified	Number Percentage	$\frac{26}{\checkmark}$	262
Native American	Number Percentage	7 >	6,080
Negro American	Number Percentage	0	197
Spanish Speaking	Number Percentage	$\frac{2,783}{53}$	22,634
Anglo American	Number Percentage	2,474	11,366 28
Total Põpulation	,	5,290	40,539
		TORRANCE	VALENCIA

**Sandoval County, in which Bernalillo is located, is not included due to inaccurate census data. *These data are compiled on the 1970 census figures.

APPENDIX B QUESTIONNAIRES



,	School_		
	Class:	Soph	Senior
CONFIDENTIAL.	No	•	ť

This set of questions is part of a study of high school students in the United States. The purpose of this study is to learn more about what students think about their future and what they plan to do after they leave high school.

THIS IS NOT A TEST: There are no right or wrong answers. We are only interested in finding out your opinions about some important matters. No one in your school will ever see your answers. Special safeguards have been set up to make sure that your replies will be kept strictly confidential.

You do not have to answer any question you do not want to answer. However, we hope that you will cooperate to make this a good scientific study by answering all the questions as frankly and honestly as you can. We appreciate your help very much.



Part A.

1.	How old were you on your last birthday?
2.	Sex (Circle one number): 1 Male 2 Female
3.	Where have you lived most of your life? (Circle one number
	1 City (over 2,500)
,	2 Town or village (under 2,500)
	3 In the country, but not on a farm
•	4.0n a farm
4.	What is your religious preference? (Circle one number):
	l Protestant
	2 Roman Catholic
	3 Jewish
	4 Other (What?)
	5 None
5.	What is your Ethnic background? (Circle one number):
	l Anglo 2 Negro 3 Oriental 4 Indian
	5 Mex. American 6 Other
6.	Which of the following statements best describes you? (Circle one number):
	1 I am married.
	2 I am engaged.
	3 I am going steady.
	4 I date often but do not go steady.
	5 I date very seldom or never.
	

7.	(a)	Do you want number):	to get ma	arried some	e day? (Circ	le one
		1 Yes	′ 2 N o	3	Already mar	ried
	If y foll	ou answered owing questi	yes, you v	want to get	married, an	swer the
	(b)	At what age	would you	ı l ik e to g	get married?	
•	(c).	How many ch	nildren do	you want?		,
	(ď)	How many ch	ildren do	you <u>expect</u>	to have?	
	(e)	At what age	do you <u>re</u>	eally expec	t to get mar:	ried?
8.	you ques on t	desire <u>most</u> tion give an he railroad"	as a lifet exact job but tell	ime job? • For exa us what ra	e any job, who (In answering mple, do not ilroad job you the box beload)	g this say "work
	ANSW	ER:				
9.	(a)	most. What	kind of jr life? (ob do you Write your	e to do what really expect answer in the	to have
•	ANSW	ER:				
	(b)	How certain most of you	are you t r life? (hat this i Circle o ne	s the job you number):	will have
		I am: 1	2	3	4	• .5
		Very Certain	Certain	Not Very Certain	Uncertain	Very Uncertain



10.			ould have a the follow							·):
•		1 2 3	Complete a some other	Migh s a busi	school. iness, o	commerc	cial, n aft	electr er f i ni	onics, o shing hi	r (
	-		Graduate Graduate Complete a college	from a add it :	a collegional st	ge or w	unive	rsity.		·om
11.	(a)	Wha (Ci	t do you <u>r</u>	eally one nu	expect	to do	abou	t your	educat io	n?
		2· 3 4 5	Quit school Complete Some other school. Graduate Graduate Complete a college	high s a bus: r tecl from a from a	school. iness, on nnical particles a junion a collegional si	commercorogram r college or to	n aft ege (un iv e	er fini 2 years ersity.	shing hi	.gh
	(b)	edu	certain a cation you	expe	<u>ct</u> ?'		ll re	ally ac	hieve th	ie
	1		2		3		4	,	5	
	Very Certai	in	Certain		t Very rtain	Unc	ertai		Very certain	
12.	been	in	ful have e helping yo (Circle	u to i	decide v	what j	ob yo	ou would	most li	.ke
			•	<u>1</u>	Very Helpful	Som Hel		Little Help	No <u>Help</u>	σħ
Par	ents .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4	3		2	1	· ,
Fri	ends .	· · · ·			4	3	· 	2	1	
Hig	h Scho	ool	Counselor	•••	4	3	· 	2	1	
					_					

	•	•		49
Teachers	4	3 [°]	2	1
Relatives other than parents	•	3	. 2	1
Movies or TV	4	3	2.	1
Occupational handbooks	4	.3	· 2	1
Personal job experience	4	3	· 2	1
School principal		3	2	1
(A)				·
13. Do you want to go into	military 2 Not su	•	? (Circl	
14. Of the kind of places most desire to live for one):	listed be	low, in	which one ir life?	would you (Circle
In a City 1 Very large 2 Small	Ĝ		,	
Near a City		•	•	
3 In a town or village 4 In the country but 1 5 On a farm		farm		,
Not near a City	;			
6 In a town or village 7 In the country but 8 On a farm		farm		•

(a) From the kind of places listed above, what type of place do you really expect to live most of your life? Place the number of this type of place in the following bøx: How certain are you that you will live in this kind (b) of place? I am: (Circle one number): Not Very Uncertain Very Certain Very Uncertain Certain Certain . What is the marital status of your mother and father? (Circle one number): 4 Father not living 5 Mother not living Both alive, living together Both alive, separated Both alive, divorced Neither father nor mother living 17. Are you (Circle one number): The youngest living child in your family The oldest living child in your family. Neither the youngest or the oldest living child The only child What was the highest school grade completed by your father and mother? (Circle one number on the left for father and one on the right for mother.) Mother Father Did not go to school Grade 1-7 Eighth Grade Some high school but didn't graduate

Went to Vocational School after graduating

Graduated from high school

College graduate (4 years)

Some college but didn't graduate

high school

Don't know

19.	Who is the major money earner in the family? (Circle one number):
-	1 Father 2 Mother 3 Brother or Sister 4 Other (Who? 5 Insurance, social security, or something like this
20.	What is the main job held by the major money earner of
201	your home? (Write your answer in the following box. Give a specific job, not the company or place worked for.)
	ANSWER:
21.	Listed below are a number of things that most young people look forward to. Rank them in order of their importance to you. For the one you think is most important put a number 1 in front of it; for the next most important one put in a number 2; and so on until you have a different number (from 1 to 7) for each one. Read over the entire list before answering the question.
	To have lots of free time to do what I want.
	To get all the education I want.
	To earn as much money as I can.
	To get the job I want most.
	To live in the kind of place I like best.
	To have the kind of house, car, furniture, and other things like this I want.
	To get married and raise a family.
•	CHECK YOUR ANSWERS! You should have used each number from 1 to 7 only one time and you should have a number in each blank space.
22.	(a) What do you expect to do about military service? (Circle only one number):

1 · Quit high school and enlist

	•	3	Enlist Not el Get ou	coll e g in th igible t of g	e and e Res I h	take erves eave a some wa	offic or Na phys: ay o:	ool. cers' tr ational ical dis r other. to enli	Guard. ability		
	(b)	Но	w sure	are yo	u tha	t this	is v	what you	will d	io?	
,		Í	am: (C	ircle	one n	umber)	:				
	1		2		3			4		5 '	
Ver	y Sur	e	Sure	Not	very	Sure	Uı	ncertain	Very	Uncert	tain
233	abou <u>each</u>	t e st	whethe ntering atement Disagr	milit .)	agr ee ary s	with tervice	the 1	followin Check on	g state e blank	ements for	
		- - - ·		2. E e 3. 0 4. 0 s 5. A	n the very a nlist ne sho can ometh:	milita able.bo if the ould no n do mo ing els who er	ary. odiece cot co ore f se.	ale shoud Americantry is complain for his as in the	an male fighti if he i country	shoulding a was draft by doi	d ar. ced.
24.	one in 1 Ge 2 Ac 3 Ve	ene cad	ber):	Colle			cing	in scho	01? (C	ircle	1

	No
strictly confidential. No persons will be given to yawe will need your name and	ur answers to these questions are information about particular our school or anyone else. However, address so that we can locate and from now. Please give us the
PLE	ASE PRINT
(a) Your present address	

First name Middle initial Last name Street address State City or town County Telephone no. Name and address of relative or friend (living at a different address from the one you gave above) who will always know where you are living if you should move in the next few years. Middle initial Last name First name Street address State City or town County

Telephone no.

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APPENDIX C

SUMMARY DATA

CATEGORIZATION OF RESPONDENTS BY:

GRADE LEVEL SEX ETHNICITY



General Description of Tables

AGE: See individual tables

SEX: See individual tables

RESIDENCE: In that the study focused on rural New Mexican towns with a population of 2,500 or less, it was expected that that category would receive the largest number of responses.

ETHNICITY: See individual tables

TRIBAL SELF-IDENTIFICATION: Jemez Pueblo appears to be the most prevelant choice of the pueblos listed. However, by ethnicity categorization, the Native American identity was chosen 138 times, to compare with the 96 Native Americans identifying themselves with the listed tribes. Those not responding by tribe could have felt that they did not associate their heritage with a single tribe, or, less'likely, their tribe was not listed.

OCCUPATION: See individual tables

CERTAINTY OF OCCUPATIONAL EXPECTATION: See individual tables

EDUCATION: See individual tables

CERTAINLY OF EDCUATIONAL EXPECTATION: See individual tables

MILITARY DESIRE: See individual tables

MILITARY EXPECTATION: See individual tables

CERTAINTY OF MILITARY EXPECTATION: See individual tables

RESIDENCE: See individual tables

CERTAINTY OF RESIDENCE EXPECTATION: See individual tables

MARITAL STATUS OF PARENTS: For such a large number of respondents relatively few had divorced parents, perhaps due to their predominantly Catholic religious affiliation. (See Religion.) More students reported deceased fathers than mothers.

SIBLING LOCATION: Predictably most students were located in middle sibling positions.

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND OF PARENTS: See individual tables



PRIMARY MONETARY SUPPORT OF FAMILY: The father was identified overwhelmingly as the main source of support of the family with Insurance and Social Security being second, slightly above that of the mother as main supporter.

RELIGION: Catholicism is dominant in many southwestern areas and the dominance is reflected by the study. An extremely small percentage of students identified themselves as having no religious affiliation or as being athlests.

OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIZATION: See individual tables

SOURCES OF HELP IN FORMATION OF JOB ASPIRATION: See individual tables

MAIN MONEY EARNER'S OCCUPATION: This item received one of the highest "No Response" numbers of all the items requested. The most numerous response was "Skilled Trade," and "Clerical and Sales" was close to the least often chosen. This is congruent with the findings of Identification of Main Support, in which few mothers, most likely in clerical or sales positions, were listed as main familial supporters.

INTENSITY OF 7 COMPARED GOALS: See individual tables

STATEMENTS CONCERNING MILITARY SERVICE: Statements one through five seem to be aiming at understanding the quality of patriotism; with one most patriotic and five least patriotic. More students expressed disagreement with statement number five than statement number one. Statements two, three, and four carry about a 50% choice with either answer.

TYPE OF SCHOOL PROGRAM: Typically students identified themselves as following a General program of studies, with College Prep and Vocational chosen about the same number each, but considerably less than General.

DATING AND MARITAL STATUS: Responses which showed "Frequent" or "Steady" dating were more numerous than the "Date seldom or never" response.

DO YOU WANT TO GET MARRIED SOMEDAY?: As expected, most students answered this question affirmatively. Those negative responses were not concretely evidenced in "Marriage Age" but those students who did not want to get married might have chosen the "No Response" option in that instance.

AGE FOR MARRIAGE: The researchers feel a fact which reinforces the total validity of the questionnaire is the very few number of obviously ridiculous answers to this question. The ages between 20-26 were overall the prevelant choices.



NUMBER OF CHILDREN: This question has the highest "No Response" number in the study, congruent with, and perhaps explained in part by, the relatively older age associated with marriage in the previous question. These students had not formed any opinion as to number of children desired/wanted because they were not planning to get married, let alone have children, in the forseeable future. Of those students answering, two was the number of children most wanted and expected.

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Categorization, by Ethnicity

Anglo American: 171
Native American: 139
Spanish American: 240
Unidentified: 33

~		~	AGE	
Age	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other
No Response	0	. 3	0	1
14	3	11	11	1 ,
15	55	30	83	11
16	22	27	37	7
17	71	42	67	11
18	18	23	35	2
19	2	2	6	0
20 or more	0 .	1	1	
			SEX	,
No Response	1	1	. 0	1
Males	88	56	109	18
Females	82	82	`131 	14
	·	RE	SIDENCE	
Place of Resid	lence			
No Response	0	· 7	3	3
City, over 2,5		5	34	. 7
Town, under 2,		108	132	. 13
Country, not	farm 43	18	53	7
Farm	20	1 ;	18	. 3
	,		GRADE	
0 1	70	76	131	19
Sophomores '	79 92	63	109	14
Seniors	74	O.J		



TRIBAL SELF-IDENTIFICATION

, ,	Anglo	•	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other
No Response	171		45	240	32
San Felipe Pueblo			9		
Jemez Pueblo			26		
Santa Ana Pueblo			3		
Santa Domingo Puebl	.0		4		,
Cochiti Pueblo	,		0	,	•
Laguna Pueblo			13		
Acoma Pueblo	•		8		
Zia Pueblo			12		•
Sandia Pueblo			2	•	
Navajo			12		
Mescalero Apache			5		
,			OCCUPATION		•
Occupation	_		Aspiration	/Expectation	
No Response .		3/12	18/29	26/43	5/8
Farm/ranch owner/ma	nager	6/5	3/3	3/2	1/0
Farm/ranch laborer/	•	1/1	0	0/1	0
Laborer (maid, jani			8/5	10/18	0/3
Skilled Trade	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	22/21	19/19	30/31	6/4
Machine operator		8/5	7/5		2/2
Owner/manager of bu		12/10	2/2	10/14	1/1
government office	2		- •		
Sales work		0/5	2/5	4/6	0/1
Clerical work	•	5/10	,14/17	22/19	5/2
Enlisted man		5/7	5/1	3/5	1/0
Officer		0	0/1	0/1	1/0
Professional (Dr.,		18/11	11/6	23/8	2/2
(ower 4 yrs. coll	.ege)		•	•	
Teacher		38/34	32/25	60/48	6/3
Draftsman		10/10	<i>≥</i> 10/7	_7/9	0
Entertainer or prof	essional	39/14	4/4	31/8	4 3/2
sports Housewife		4/19	4/10	3/20	0/5
	CERT	'AINTY	OF OCCUPATION	AL EXPECTATION	
No Response	3		15	18	1
Very Certain	31	•	11	28	4
Certain	58		38	50	14
Not Very Certain	55	1	62	103	9
Uncertain	20		10	26	4
Very Uncertain	4		3	15	1



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	EDUCAT	NOI		
	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other
Ası	iration/E	Expectation	, ,	•,
No Response	2/1	. 2/1	0/1	1/1
Quit school now	1/0	→ 5/5	5/2	3/2
Complete high school	33/43	32/33	61/73	4/1:
Complete Tech program	28/27	17/20	45/46	9/4
(after H.S. graduation)		·		•
Complete Jr. college	45/20	24/23	17/25	3/4
Graduate from college or	64/67	42/41	71/79	9/6
university ,	0., 0.	,	,	
Complete additional graduate	28/13	17/16	41/14	4/4
studies ,	20, 13	_,,_,	,	
CERTA INTY	OF EDUCAT:	ONAL EXPECTA	ATION	
	1	1	0 /	1
No Response Very Certain	60	26	55	3
•	82	62	107	22
Certain	25	42	63	2
Not very certain	ب <u>ہ</u> 2		12	3
Uncertain	1	7 1	3	. 2
Very uncertain				
	MILITARY	DESIRE		_
No Response	0	3	2	1
Yes	20	27	44	3
Not sure	54	60	86	12
No	97	49	108	17
MI	LITARY EX	PECTATION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
No Paganga	5	6	8	3
No Response	0	0	1	0
Quit H.S. and enlist	18	. 34	52	4
Enlist just after H.S.	17	22	24	4
College and Officers' training				7
Enlist in Reserves or	9	4	18	. 0
National Guard	6	√ 7	6	5
Not Eligible		, / 19	· · 39	6
Get out of serving	44		92	11
I am a girl-I do not plan to enlist	72	47	74	11



Other

Spanish Speaking

CERTAINTY	OF	MII.ITARY	EXPECTATION

Anglo

Indian

No Response	6	2	. 7 .	4
Very certain -	90	, 37	71	14
Certain	20	29	60	5
Not very certain	32	45	69	8
Uncertain	. 9	15	22	2
Very uncertain	14	141	11 ,	0
	RESI	DENCE		•
As	piration/	Expectation		
No Response	5/6	7/7	8/8	4/4
In a City	370	,,,	0,0	7/ 7
Large	14/25	< 4/5	27/34	3/5
Small	26/42	10/10	57/60	. 3/3 7/9
Near a City	20/42	10/10	37700	. 113
Town or Village	17/29	49/52	49/57	5/5
Country, not on a farm	47/33	12/15	50/39	6/4
Farm	21/11	4/4	17/10	2/0
,	21/11	4/4	17/10	2/0
Not Near a City Town or village	5/5	30/26	10/17	2/2
-	22/11	21/20	16/10	2/2
Country, not on a farm	14/9	2/0	6/5	2/2
Farm				
CERTAINT	Y OF RESI	DENCE EXPECT	ATION	
No Response	0	7	, 3	1
Very certain	29	· 35	31	7
Certain.	70	52	93	9
Not very certain	60 ⁻	39	93	13
Urcertain ,	9	5	20	3
Very uncertain	3	1	0	0
MAR	ITAL STAT	US OF PARENT	'S	
	4	0	3	2
No Response				
Both alive, living together		96	192	27
The alive concreted:	4	4	· 7 •	1
Both alive, separated	3			•
Both alive, divorced	25	10	10	1
Both alive, divorced Father not living	25 9	10 24	10 19	. 2
Both alive, divorced	25	10	10	



CTRI	TNC	TOCA	TION
OIDL	THE	TOOM	TION

	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other
No Response	0	1	2 .	1.
Youngest child	53	27	38 ⋅	3
Oldest child	44	29	57	. 5
Neither youngest or oldest	, 70	77	137	23
Only child	4	5	• 6	1

	IONAL BACE	GROUND OF PA	ARENTS	
Education ·	Fatl	ner/Mother		
No Response	7/5	13/15 ·	.11/14	. 2/4
Did not attend school	0	5/4	6/3	0
Attended grades 1-7	11/1	15/14	40/30	2/5
Attended up to 8th grade	10/4	18/18	28/33	2/3
Attended H.S., but did not graduate	18/28	22/27	28/50	5/6
Received H.S. diploma	48/69	21/20	44/59	6/8
Attended vocational school (after H.S. graduation)	9/13	4/6	11/3	3/0
Attended college, but did not graduate	23/18	2/2	9/6	0/1
Received college degree	28/27	3/3	· · 20/8	· ·6/2
Do not know	17/6	36/30	43/34	7/4
PRIMARY	MONETARY	SUPPORT OF I	FAMILY	<u> </u>
No Response	- 3	9	10	3
Father	136	67	163	25
Mother .	17	24	20	0
Brother or sister	1	14	÷ 3	. 1
Other	4	4	1	• 0
Insurance, Social Security	, etc.10	21 `	43	. 4

<u> </u>	RELI	GION		
No Response	3	8	3 .	5 .
Protestant ·	106	10	· 7	7
Catholic	23	105	217	18
Jewish	0 .	0	0	1
Other religion -	19	6	10	0
None or Athiest	20	10	, 3	2

00	CCUPATIONAL CA	TEGORIZATION		
	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	0ther
	Aspiration/Ex	pectation		
No Response	3/12	18/29	26/43	5/8
High Professional	17/11	11/6	23/8	2/2
Low Professional	49/44	43/34	67/58	7/3
Glamour	39/14	4/4 .	31/8	3/2
Managerial, official	18/15	5/5	13/16	2/1
Clerical, sales	5/15	15/21	26/25	5/3
Skilled worker	22/21	20/20	30/31	6/4
Operative	13/12	12/6	12/12	3/2
Laborer	1 / 8	7/4	9 /19	0/3
Housewife	4/19	4/10	3/20	0/5
SOURCES OF 1	HELP IN FORMAT	ION OF JOB AS	PIRATION	
1. Parents				
No Reponse	3	2	3	1
No help	12	3	14	4
Little help	25	12	34	2
Some help	59	48	87	10
Very helpful	76 .	74	102	· 16
2. Friends				_
No Response	1	3	4,	2
No help	26	15	30 •	10
Little help	, 48	37 ⁻	68	9
Some help	68	64	94	7
Very helpful '	28	20	44	5
3. High School Counselor				
No Response	1	3	3 .	2
No help	70	29	86	19
Little help	42	45	59	5
Some help	39	37	63	4
Very helpful	19	25	29	3
4. Teachers	•		• •	
No Response	1	2	3	1
No help	48	22	57	14
Little help	48	24	61	3
Some help	49	52	90	10
Very helpful	25	39	29	5
5. Relatives-Not Parent	S			
No Response	1	2	2	1
No help	43 .	21	47	10
Little help	46	30	66	7
Some help	52	59	83	11
Very helpful.	29	27 ·	41	4
,	- *		•	

64,

SOURCES OF HELF	IN FO	RMATION OF JOB AS	SPIRATION		•
*	.Angl	o Indian	Spanish	Speaking	0ther
6. Movies or Television		٠		, ,	,
No Response	1	3	6		1
No help	63	~49	62		11
Little help	54	35	`71	•	8
Some help	43	36	·72		8
Very helpful	10	16	29	•	5
7. Occupational Handbooks			•		
No Response	1	3	3 '		1
No help	61	18	57	~	7
Little help	41	34	60		10
Some help	41	49	. 86		11
Very helpful	27	35 .	34		4
8. Personal Job Experience			455 ' \	•	
No Response	1	3	3		1
	52	25	' 69	•	. 10
No help	28	25	47	·	6
Little help			61		
Some help	34	52 24			, 8
Very helpful	56	34	60		8
9. School Principal			,		().
No Response	2	. 2	4		\mathcal{F}_{1}
No help	137	86	172		24
Little help	19	22	36		5
Some help	12	19	. 19	ı	2
Very helpful	1	10	9		1
DAT	ING AND	MARITAL STATUS		ŕ	
No Response	9	10	. 12		5 ,
Married	2	3	2		0
Engaged	7	1	9		0
Going steady	31	25 .	46		б
Date often-not going steady	67	57	90		16
Date seldom or never	5 5	43	81	÷	6 . ,
. יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		GET MARRIED SOME	DAY?	<u> </u>	<u></u>
	2	4	» `6		4
No Response	150	104	208		24
Yes	17	29	24		5
No	2	. 2	., 24		0
Already married		· ,			

MAIN MONEY EARNER'S OCCUPATION

	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other
No Response	5	31	49	10
Professional & related fields	29	` 13	ገ9	• 4
Managerial, official, owner	32	9	23	4
Farmer/rancher (owner)	15	1	2	3
Clerical & sales	18	5	6	0
Skilled trade	40	37	44	3
Operatives	13	10	28	6
Unskilled (laborer/domestic)	9 .	25	45	2
Unemployed	10	8	24	1

INTENSITY OF 7 COMPARED GOALS

NOTE: The numbers 1-7 rank importance; number 1 most important; number 7 least important.

Leisure				
No Response	2	. 2	4	2
1	11	15	24	2
2	9	16	12	1
3	15	9	19	5
3 4	18	11	25	3
5	20	13	21	2 2 1 5 3 7 8 5
6 .	34	35 `	- ~ 69	8
7	62	38	66	5
Education		•		
No Response	1	2	6	2
1	63	89	· 103	14 5 1 4
2	24	11	34	5
2 3 4 5 6	19	14	27 .	1
4	19	7	16	4
5	11	8	16	1 _
	19	4	18	4
7	15	4	20	2
Income			•	
No Response	1	, <mark>2</mark> , 8	6 .	. 2
1 .	8	8	22	4
2	22	29 ,	44	6 7
3	48	56	81	
4	33	26	[*] 30 ·	4 5 4
5	2,5	10	34	5
6 ·	1 9	4	8	4
7	15 .	_ 4	, 15	1
Occupation_				
No Response	1 .	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$	5	2 6
1	47		55	6
2 '	62	66	101	14
3	29	30	34	5
3 4 5 6 7	16	16	23	14 5 2 4 0
5	11 ·	10	8	4
6	5	4	12	0
7	0	1	2	0



NOTE: The numbers 1-7 rank importance; number 1 most important; number 7 least important.

		_						
	·	Angl	0	Indian	Spanish	Speaki	ng Ot	her
Residence	,					-	- ,	
No Response		1		2	6)		2
1.		11		5	6			4
2 •		22		8	18			2
3		33		13				6
<u>.</u>		45		42	26 7 7			8
5		31		43	7 9 73			7
6		22		19			•	
7		6		7	30 4			2
	s	Ū		,	4			2
laterial .		_		_				
o Response		1		3	• 5			2
1		13		7	16			0
2		14		4 .	14			2
3		14		8	33			6
4 .		18		26	39			6
5		48		41	59			7
6		45		38	52			7
7		18		12	22			3
,	₹				,			
amily		,		2	,			2
o Response	,	1		3	6	•		2
1	4	17		4	10			1
2	•	18		1	12			1
3		13		7	- 15			1
4 •	• •	19		10	[°] 25			4
5		23		12	24	•		0
6		26 *		33	45			6
7	•	54	•	69	103		1	
	STATEMENTS C	מאני ניט		TITADV CI	EDUICE			
							-	
. <u>Every American</u> No Response	male should	want 1	to ser	ve in the	military.			,
		_		-	_			4
Agree	•	.30		45	64			5
Disagree		140		91	174		2	4
Every able-bod	ied American	male	should	enlist i	f the coun	trv is f	ighting a	wai
No Response		1	-	3		•		4
Agree		85	•	58 '	. 100		• 10	
Disagree		85	. •	78	138		1:	
. One should not	complete 45	ha ,		٠. ا				
	complain if		s draite		•			า
No Response		2		6	5			3
ngree		103		79	12.3		2:	
Disagree		66		54	112	•	9	9



STATEMENT	S CONCERNI	MILITARY SE	RVICE	
	Anglo	Indian .	Spanish Speaking	0the
4. One can do more for his		doing someth	ing else.	r.
No Response	8	5	2 .	5.
Agree	87	77	150	18
Disagree	76	. 57	88	10
5. Anyone who enlists in t	he military	is foolish.		_
No Response	1	7 .	3	3
Agree	7	15	19	2
Disagree	163	117	218	28
T	YPE OF SCHOOL	OL PROGRAM		
No Response	11	22	17	4
General	87	82	122	18
Academic or college prep	38	16	53	5
Vocational	26	15	38	6
Other	9	4 .	10	0
	NUMBER OF	CHILDREN	1	
	Children	Wanted/Expec	ted	
No Response	25/37	42/44	40/54	8/9
	14/10	1/2	8/7	3/4
None	6/6	12/7	10/12	0/0
1	85/77	41/33	97/87	12/8
2	19/21	12/14	33/31	5/5
3		15/29	38/26	4/2
<u>'</u>	15/8		7/8	1/2
5	2/5	7/4	2/4	0/1
6	3/6	6/4		0/0
7	1/0	1/1	0/2	
8 or more	1/1 	2/1	5/9	0/2
	MARRI	AGE		
No Response	23/35	36/40	33/45	7/8
Never	1/1	/1/0	0/0	1/2
Already	2/2	2/2	2/2	0/0
•	1/1	0/0	1/1	0/0
16 17	1/1	0/0	2/3	0/0
	9/9	1/1	9/14	1/1
18			7/19	0/1
19	11/13	0/5	22/21	5/2
20 .	19/27	10/6		
21 .,	14/8	18/19	29/ 26	1/1
22	16/5	7/9	26/22	2/3
23	7/7	7/8	23/22	2/1
24	10/7	17/13	12/16	3/1
25	32/23	23/19	45/28	6/4
26	9/5	3/5	9/9	2/2
27	2/1	2/3	6/3	0/0
28`	4/5	3/4	2/2	1/4
29	2/1	1/0	3/2	0/0
30	5/8	8/2	5/2	2/3
	2, 3	7 ·		•
	-	()		

			~-
МΔ	RR	TΑ	GE.

continued.	Anglo	Indian	Spanish Speaking	Other 0	
31	. 0/0	0/0	1/0		
32	0/0	0/1	0/0	0	
35	2/0	0/0 .	1/1	0	
36	0/0	0/0	1/6	0	
40	0/0	0/0	1/0	0	
45	0/0	0/0	1/0	0	
52	1/0	0/0	0/0	, 0	
53	0/0	0/0	0/1	0	
56	0/0	0/0	0/1	0	
58	0/1	0/0	0/0	0	



. Categorization of Respondents By Sex

Total Number of Males=273 Total Number of Females=311

	AGE			
Age	Male		Female .	
No Response			3	
14	11		16	
15	82		96	
16	46	→ .	47	
17	95		96	
18	32	/	47	
19	4		6	•
20 or more	2		0	
	GRADE			,
No Response	0		0	-
Sophomores	151	,	122	
Seniors	154	_	157	
-	RESIDENCE		<i>r</i>	
Place of Residence		,		
No Response	4 .		9	
City, over 2,500	48	•	55	
Town, under 2,500	129		177	
Country, not farm	65		55	
Farm	27		15	
	ETHNICITY			
No Response	1	-	. 0	
Anglo	88		82	
Negro .	1		1	
Oriental	1		1	
Indian	56	1	82	
Mexican American	109	\rightarrow	131	
Other .	17		14	



TRIBAL SELF-INDENTIFICATION

	Male	Female
No response	236	. 252
San Felipe Pueblo	1	8
Jemez Pueblo	12	14
Santa Ana Pueblo	0	. 3
Santa Domingo Pueblo	2 -	2, 1
Cochiti Pueblo	, 0	0
Laguna Pueblo	6	7
Acoma Pueblo	1 2	. 6
Zia Pueblo		7
Sandia Pueblo	1 .	1
Navajo	5	8
Mescalerò Apache	3	` 3 ·

OC.	cu	PΔ	т	Т	ብ	N
-	-	10			v	**

Occupation	Aspiratio	on/Expect	*	Aspiratio	on/Expect *
No response	30	54		23	
Farm/Ranch Owner/ Manager	14	10		0	0
Farm/Ranch laborer/worker	1	2		. θ	0 -
Laborer (maid, janitor, et	c.) 7	13		12	21
Skilled Trade	51	55		25	19
Machine Operator	20	15		4	4
Owner/Manager of business/ Government office	22	24		3	3
Sales Work	1	6	•	5	11
Clerical Work	1	Ö		45	48
Enlisted Man	5	5		9	8
Officer	1	1		0	1
Professional (Dr., lawyer) (over 4 yrs college)	, 27	17	i,	27	10
Teacher	48	42		88 .	68
Draftsman	10	15		17	11
Entertainer or Professiona Sports	1 35	14		42	14
Housewife	0	0		11	54

CERTAINTY OF OCCUPATIONAL EXPECTATION

No Response	20		17	
Very Certain	40		, 36	
Certain	81		. 79	
Not Very Certain	¹ 92	•	136	*
Uncertain	26	,	34	\
Very Uncertain	14,		9	

^{*}Expectation



•	EDUCATION Male	Female
	Aspiration/Expectation	Aspiration/Expectation
No Response	4 3 .	1 1
Quit School Now	13 8 ,	2 1
Complete High School	67 76	63 83 ^
Complete Tech Program (after H.S. graduation)	. 43 43	55 54
Complete Jr. College	23 33	36 40 [′]
Graduate from College or University	78 88	109 106
Complete Additional Graduate Studies	45 22	45 26
CERTAIN	ry OF EDUCATIONAL EXPECTATI	ON
No Posposo	3	0
No Response Very Certain	72	72
Certain	125	148
Not Very Certain	58	75
Uncertain	(11	13
Very Uncertain	4	3 ′
	MILITARY DESIRE	
No Response	2	4
Yes	54	40
Not Sure	115	97
No ·	102	170
	MILITARY EXPECTATION	
No Response	21	3
Quit H.S. and Enlist	1	0
Enlist Just After H.S.	60	50
College and Officers' Training	ng 44	23
Enlist in Reserves or Nationa	al 30	1
Not Eligible	21 -	2
Get out of Serving	96	11
I am a Girl-I Do Not Plan To Enlist	0	221



		•			7.0	
CERTA	AINTY	OF MILITARY	EXPECTATION		72 Female	
No Response		14	*		• 6	•
Very Certain		66			145	
Certain		62			52	
Not Very Certain		84			72	
Uncertain		25		•	22	•
Very Uncertain		22			14	
	_	RESIDENCE				
Aspira	ation,	Expect*		Aspiration	/Expect*	
No Response	16	19	•	8	6	
In a City	16	26		34	45	
Large Small	41	46		58	75	
	41	40		,	75	
Near a City	35	49		84	93	
Town or Village	61	52		55	39	
Country, not on a farm	17	9		27	16	
Farm .	17	9		21	10	
Not Near a City	2.0	28	_	18	22	
Town or Village	29		•	18	11	
Country, not on a farm	. 43	32 12		9	4	
Farm	15					
CERTA	INTY (OF RESIDENÇE	EXPECTATION			
No Response	-	9			3	•
Very Certain		53			50	
Certain		113			110	
Not Very Certain		83			122	
Uncertain		14			23	
Very Uncertain		1			3	
	1AR I TA	AL STATUS OF	PARENTS			
No Response		8			2	
Both Alive, living together		198			247	
Both Alive, Separated		8			9	
Both Alive, divorced		26			20	
Father not living		27			26	
Mother not living		4			6	
Neither parent living		2			1	
	S	IBLING LOCAT	ION			$\overline{\gamma}$
No Response		2			2	
Youngest Child		59			61	(
Oldest Child .		61			74)
Neither youngest or oldest		142			165	(
Only child		9			9	/
+T	. 5	*,	٨	1	1	
*Expectation					\mathcal{V}	



Female

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND OF PARENTS Male

		. <u>e</u>			HGTE
Education	Father	Mother .		Father	Mother
No Response	25	32		9	9
Did not attend school	6	3		5	4
Attended grades 1-7	23	23		45	28
Attended up to 8th grade	28	15		31	43
Attended H.S., but did	30	49		43	62
not graduate					
Received H.S. diploma	55	81		65	75
Attended vocational school	14	9		13	13
(after H.S. graduation)				•	
Attended college, but did	22	13		11	13
not graduate					
Received college degree	30	21		27	19
Do not know	40	27		62	45
-					
PR IMA	RY MONETAL	RY SUPPORT (OF FAMILY		
No Response		14		11	
Father]	L87		205	
Mother		28		32	
Brother of Sister		8		11	
Other		- 6		4	
Insurance, Social Security,	etc.	30 		48 	
	RI	ELIGION			
No Response		-10		8	
Protestant		ó8		63	
Catholic	1	161		202	
Jewish	•	2		1	
Other Religion	•	9		26	
None or Athiest		23		11	
				•	<u> </u>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OCCUPALIONA	AL CATEGORI	ZATION		
		·			
No Response	Aspirat:	Lon/Expect*		Aspirati 23	on/Expect*
		Ion/Expect* 54 17	*	Aspirati 23 26	on/Expect*
No Response	27	. 17 .	*	26	, 10
No Response High Professional	27 59	、17 58	<u> </u>		, 10 81
No Response High Professional Low Professional Glamour	27 59 35	17 58 14	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	26 107 42	10 81 14
No Response High Professional Low Professional Glamour Managerial, Official	27 59 35 36	17 58 14 34	* .	26 107 42 3	10 81 14 3
No Response High Professional Low Professional Glamour Managerial, Official Clerical, Sales	27 59 35 36 2	17 58 14 34 6	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26 107 42 3 49	10 81 14 3 58
No Response High Professional Low Professional Glamour Managerial, Official Clerical, Sales Skilled worker	27 59 35 36 2 51	17 58 14 34 6 55	* ·	26 107 42 3 49 26	10 81 14 3 58 20
No Response High Professional Low Professional Glamour Managerial, Official Clerical, Sales	27 59 35 36 2	17 58 14 34 6	* ·	26 107 42 3 49	, 10 81 14 3 58

^{&#}x27; *Expectation



SOURCES OF HELP IN FORMATION OF JOB ASPIRATION

SOURCES C	Male	Female
1. Parents		
No Response	6 .	3
No help	15	20 .
Little help	29	39
Some help	96	109
Very helpful	127	140
2. Friends		
No Response	6	3
No help	43	38
Little Help	86	78
Some help	98	135
Very helpful	40	57
3. High School Counselor		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
No Response	6	2
No help	105	100
Little help	60	90
Some help	66	78
Very helpful	36	41
4. Teachers	,	
No Response	7	0
No help	79	62
Little help	60	78
Some help	91	109
Very helpful	36	62
5. Relatives-Not Parents	<u>.</u>	,
No Response	7	1
No help	. 50	72
Little_help	76	. 74
Some help	99	105
Very helpful	41	59
6. Movies or Television	0	· 2
No Response	9	92
No help	95	
Little help	80	88
Some help	65	94 35
Very helpful	. 24	35
7. Occupational Handbook		3
No Response	5	3
No help	80	64
Little help	67	76
Some help	79	110
Very helpful	- 42	58



SOURCES OF HELP IN FORMATION OF JOB ASPIRATION

SOURCES OF HEL	P IN FORMATION OF Male	F JOB ASPIRATION Female
8. Personal Job Experience	-	1
No Response	7	1
No help	71	85
Little help	44	62
Some help	75	80
Very helpful	76 .	, 83
9. School Principal		
No Response	8	1
No help	196	223
Little help	32	51
<u>₹</u>	28	24
Some help .	9	12
Very helpful		
MAIN M	ONEY EARNER'S OC	CUPATION
No Possesso	46	. 48
No Response Professional & Related fields	. 30	34
	-32	36
Managerial, official, owner		8
Farmer/rancher (owner)	13	13
Clerical and sales	17	69
Skilled trade	55	
Operatives	33	26
Unskilled (laborer/domestic)	32	49
Unemployed	15	28
INTE	NSITY OF 7 COMPAR	ED GOALS
		1
NOTE: The number 1-7 rank to number 7 least import		er I most important;
Leisure,	8	4
No Response	21	31
1		23
2 3	15 21	26
3		31
4	25	27
5	34	
. 6	68	79
7	81	90
Education,		2
No Response	9	3
1 ,	9 5	173
2	29 30	46
3		31
4	24	• . 22
5	25	11
5 6	33	12
7 continued:	28	13



INTENSITY OF 7 COMPARED GOALS

	Male	Female	٠
Income,	•		
·No Response	9 .	4	
1	29	12 '	
2	57	43	
3	74 ,	119	
4	42	50 ,	
5	35	` 40	
6	14	21 .	
7	13	22	
Occupation,	•		
No Response	8	4	
1	69 ·	49	
2	99	143	
3	46	52	
4	26	32	
5	15	17	
6	9 .	12	
7 .	ĺ	2	
Residence,	- ,	-	
No Response	· 9	4	
1	15	11 '	
2	27	23	
3	36	42	
3 4	. 82	90 '	_
5	60	93	
	32	93 . 41	
6	, 32 , 12	, 77	
7	12	1	
Material,	0	4 ,	
No Response	9	. 13	
1	25	. 16	
. 2	18		
3	35	25	
4	43	46	
5	72	83	
6	54	86	
7	17	38	
Family,		,	
No Response	10	4	
1	711	21	
1 2 3 4 5	18	14	
3	24	12	
4	22	, 36	
5	22	, 37	
6 .	54 112	56 131	
7			



STATEMENTS CONCERNING MILITARY SERVICE

	STATEMENTS	Male	TIAKI SERVICE	Female
1.	Every American male should	want to serve	in the military.	•
	No Response	10	<u> </u>	1
	Agree .	79		164
	Disagree	184		246
2.	Every able-bodied American	male should en	list if the country	is fighting a wa
	No Response	10	****	1
	Agree	135	-	123
	Disagree	128		187
3.	One should not complain if	he is drafted.		
	No Response	9		8
	Agree	· 155		, 171
•	Disagree	109	•	132
4.	One can do more for his co	untry by doing	something else.	•
	No Response	16		5.
	Agree	• 146	: •	186
	Disagree	111	•	120
5.	Anyone who enlists in the	military is foo	ish.	
	No Response	·12		3
	Agree	26		18
	Disagree	235		290.
		PE OF SCHOOL PR		
	Response	33		422
	neral , ´ ʻ	135	•	174/.
	demic or college prep	62		51
	a'tional ·	36	•	49
0t,h	ner	7	<u>. </u>	15
	DAT	ING AND MARITAL	STATUS	
	Response	25		10
	ried	5		. 3
	gaged	2		16
	ng Steady	41		67
	e often-not going steady	114		115
	se seldom or never	. 86	•	100 .
	DO YOU WA	ANT TO GET MARR	IED SOMEDAY?	
	Pagnanga	12	•	4
	Response	206		282
Yes No		52		22
	eady married	3		3
		<u> </u>		
		•		



AGE FOR MARRIAGE

	Desired Age	Expected Ag	e	Desired Age	Expected Age
1	Male			, a	Female
No Response	67	82	No Response	34	_46
Never	2	3	Never	0	0 +
Married	3	3	Married	3	3
16	1 .	0	16	1	2 •
17	0	1	17 .	3 ,	4 '
18	5	10	18	15	15
19	5	16 .	19	13	23
20 .	20	20	20 .	36	31
21	20	18	21 .	42	36
22	18 ,	15 ′	22	34	34
23	13	, 15	23	25	22
24	18	16	24	23	21
25	56	35 .	25	50	38
26	13	10	26 •	10	11
27	6 '	3	27 .	4	4'
28	5	10	28	5 '	. 5
29	3 ،	2	29	` 3	1
30	13	10	30	7	5,
31	0	. 1	31	0 .	.1
32	0	0	32	0	1 ,
35	2	0	35	1	1
36	1	1	36	1	. 0 .
40	1	0 :	45	, 1	. 0,
52	1	0	53	0	1
56	0	1 * ;			•
68	0	1.	•		•

NUMBER OF CHILDREN

Children	Wanted	Expected		Wanted	Expected
No Response	 ¥75	87	No Response	`40	57
None	8	8	None	18	15
1	14	Ĭ1	1	13	14
2	107	90	. 2	129	. 116
3	22	26	, 3	~ 47	45 کیسر
4	. 24	24	4	48	.40
5	9	9 .	, 5	8	11
6	`6 ·	9	6	5	6)
7	2	2	7 •	0	. 1
8 or more	6	7	8 or more	3	6 .

Categorization of Respondents by Grade Level

· Total Number of Sophomores: 307 Total Number of Seniors: 280 17

Ð

	AGE	
Age	Sophomores	Seniors
V. D. T. T. T. T.	2	2
No Response	27	0
14 15	179	0
	79	15
16	18	174
17	1	78
18	0	10
19 20 or more	1 .	1 .
	· SEX	
No Response	2	1 . ن
fales	151	122
Semales	154	157
	RESIDENCE	·
Place of Residence	,	
No Response	10	4
City, over 2,500	. 54	49
Town, under 2,500 🔀	^J 155	. 152
Country, not farm	62	59
Farm .	26	16
	ETHNIC ITY	
No Résponse	5	2
Anglo	79	92
Negro	2	0
Negro Oriental .	Ō	` 2 .
Indian	76	63
Mexican American	131 -	. 109
Other .	14	12

TRIBAL SELF-IDENTIFICATION

	Sophomores	Seniors	
No Response	257	234 -	
San Felipe Pueblo	6	3	
Jemez Pueblo	15	11	
Santa Ana Pueblo	` 3	0	
Santa Domingo Pueblo	0	4	
Cochiti Pueblo	0	0 /	
Laguna Pueblo	7	6	
Acoma Pueblo	3	5	
Zia Pueblo	6	6	
Sandia Pueblo	0	2	
Navajo	5	8	
Mescalero Apache	5	1	

OCCUPATION								
Occupation	A s piration/		Aspiration/Expectatio					
No Response	34	59		19	34			
Farm/Ranch Owner/Manager	8	3	•	6	7			
Farm/Ranch laborer/worker	1	2		0	0			
Laborer (maid, janitor, etc.)	12	20		7	14			
Skilled Trade	43	38		34	37			
Machine Operator	17	15		8	5			
Owner/Manager of business/ government office	12	14		13	13			
Sales work	3	9		3	8			
Clerical work	26	22		20	26			
Enlisted man	9	7		5	6			
Officer	1	2		0	0			
Professional (Dr., lawyer) (over 4 yrs. college)	30	19 '		25	9			
Teacher	51	43		85	67			
Draftsman	7	9		20	17			
Entertainer of professional sp	orts 45	18 .	•	32	10			
Housewife	8	27		3	27			

	CERTAINTY OF OCCUPATIONA	L EXPECTATION		
No Response	21		16	
Very Certain	42		34	
Certain	75	`	86	
Not Very Certain	118		112	
Uncertain	39		21	
Very Uncertain	12	•	11	



-	DI.	~ .	~	-	\sim 1	

<u> </u>	<u>EDUCAT</u>	ION				
	Sopho	mores		Senio	ors	
	Pref/	Expect	ation	Pref/	Pref/Expectation	
No Response	3	2	•	2	2	
Quit School Now	14	9		1	0	
Complete High School	77.	94		55	67 ·	
Complete Tech Program	51	52	•.,	48	46	
(after H.S. graduation)			` ~			
Complete Jr. College	37	3,7		22	36	
Graduate from College or	84	89		103	105	
University	•	0,				
Complete Additional Graduate Studies	41	24		49	24	
CERTAINTY	OF EDUCATI	ONAL E	XPECTATION	<u> </u>		
No Response	2			1		
Very Certain	76	•	,	69		
Certain	135			. 139		
Not Very Certain	72		* L	62	•	
Uncertain	16	•		8		
Very Uncertain	6			ĺ		
	MILITARY	DESIRE		<u> </u>		
N. Passassas			•	1		
No Response	61			34		
Yes	129		•	84		
Not Sure	112			161		
No						
м	ILITARY EXI	PECTATI	ON	<u>. </u>		
No Response	11			12		
Quit H.S. and enlist	1		,	0		
Enlist just after H.S.	74			36		
College and Officers' training	50			17		
Enlist in Reserves or National Guard	10			21		
Not eligible	12			12		
Get out of serving	53			56		
I am a girl-I do not plan to enlist	96			126		



_	1			
`	CERTAINTY	OF	MILITARY	EXPECTATION

	Sophomores	Seniors
No Response	12	8
Very Certain	86	127
Certain	69	45
Not Very Certain	95	61
Uncertain	29	19
Very Uncertain	16	20

	Aspiration	Expectation	Aspiration	Expectation
No Response	15	16	9	9
In A City				
Large	29	34	· 21	37
Small .	58	68	43	55
Near A City		•		
Town or Village	54 -	66	66	77
Country, not on a farm	64	52 '	52	39
Farm	23	16	21	9
Not Near A City				
Town or Village	15	15	32	35
Country, not on a farm	34	27	27	16
Farm	15	13	9	3 ′

	CERTAINTY OF RESIDENCE EXPECTATION	
No Response	10	2
Very Certain	57	46
	98	126
Certain Not Very Certain	117	90
Uncertain	24	13
Very Certain	1	3

	MARITAL STATUS OF 1	PARENTS		
No Response	5	•	5	
Both alive, living together	226		220	
Both alive, separated	, / 12		5	
Both alive, divorced	./ 24		22	14
Father not living	/ 32		22	24
Mother not living	7		4	
Neither parent living	1		. 2	



"SIBLING LOCATION

	Sophomores	Seniors
No Response Youngest child Oldest child Neither youngest or oldest Only child	3 66 65 165	1 55 70 144 10

EDUCÂT	IONAL BA	CKGROUND OF PARENTS	<u> </u>	
Education	Father	Mother	Father	Mother
	27.	- 31	10	10
No Response Did not attend school	² 6	i	_5	6
	29	25	39	26
Attended grades 1-7			31	28
Attended up to 8th grade	28	30	34	60
Attended H.S., but did not	39	.51	24	
graduate		•		7./
Received H.S. diploma	63	.82	57	74
Attended Vocational school	15	10	12	12
(after H.S. graduation)	1.2	15	21	12
Attended college, but did not	13	13		
graduate			27	21
Received college degree	30	19	- ·	
Do not know	60	43	44	31
DO HOE KHOW				

PRIMARY M	ONETARY SUPPORT OF FAMILY	
No Response Father Mother Brother or sister Other Insurance, Social Security, etc.	15 207 33 11 6	10 186 29 8 4 ',

	60		36	
No Response	30		35	
Professional & related fields	、39 、		29	
Managerial, official, owner	14		7	
Farmer/ rancher (owner)	10		20	
Clerical and sales	62		62	
Skilled tr ad e	31		28	
Operatives	43	•	38	
Unskilled (laborer/domestic) Unemployed	18		25	





INTENSITY OF 7 COMPARED GOALS

NOTE: The numbers 1-7 rank importance; number 1 most important; number 7 least important.

-	Sophomores	Seniors	
Leisure			
No Response	9	3	
1	38	14	
2	20	19	
3	21	27	
4	23	34	
5	34 .	27	
6	79	68	
7	83	88	
Education			
No Response	9 .	3	
	134	136	•
2	38	37	
1. 2 3 4 5	34	27	
4	19	27	
5	20	16	
ό	27	18	
7	26	16	
Income_	•		
No Response	9	4	
	29	13	
1 2 3 4 5	53	48 .	
3	97	96	
4	50	43	
5	43	32	
6 .	12	23	
7	14	21	
Occupation			
No Response	8	4	
1	50	68 ′	
2	124	119	
3	60	39	
4	35	23	
5	17	16	
6	11	10	
6 7	2	1	
Residence			
No Response	9	4 .	
1	15	11	
2	24	26	
3	40	38	
4	95	78	غد
5	, 73	82	
2 3 4 5 6	38	35	
7	. 13	6	



INTENSITY OF 7. COMPARED GOALS

		Sophomores	Seniors
Mat	erial	-	
	Response	9 .	4
	1	19	19
	2	21	13
	3	28	33
	4	49	40
	5 .	76	79
	6 .	75	67
	7	30	25
Fam	ily		
	Response .	10	4
	1	15	17
	2	18	14
	3 '	20	16
	4´	27	31
	5	33	26
	6	56	55
	7	, . 128 ~	117
	,		
	STA	TEMENTS CONCERNING MILITARY SE	ERVICE
1.		should want to serve in the mi	llitary.
	No Response	9	
	Agree	84	61
	Disagree	214	217
₽.		erican male should enlist if t	
	No Response	9	2
	Agree	137	· 123
	Disagree	16Î .	155
3.	One should not compl	ain if he is drafted.	• '
•	No Response	13	4
	Agree	164	163
	Disagree	130	113
4.	One can do more for	his country by doing something	g else.
	No Response	15	6
	Agree	160	174
	Disagree	132	100
5.		n the military is foolish.	•
	No Response	10 ,	5
	Agree Disagree	21 276	23 252



TYPE	0F	SCHOOL	PROGRAM
------	----	--------	---------

	Sophomores	Seniors
No Response	35	20
General	183	127
Academic or college prep	40	73
Vocational	33	. 53
Other	16	. 7
<i></i>	RELIGION	
No. Do constant	15	4
No Response Protestant	60	^ 71
Catholic	199	165
Jewish .	3	0
Other religion	15 .	20
None or Athiest	15	20

$ \alpha$ α α α α α α α α α	CATECORIZATION

,	Aspiration/E	Expectation	Aspiration/Expectation	
No Response High professional Low professional Glamour Managerial, official Clerical, sales Skilled worker	34	59	19	34
	30	19	24	9
	60	55	106	84
	45	18	32	10
	20	17	19	20
	28	30	23	34
	44	39	34	37
Operative	26	22	14	11
Laborer	12	21	, 6	14
Housewife	8	27	3	27

SOURCES OF HELP IN FORMATION OF JOB ASPIRATION

1. Parents No Response No help Little help Some help Very helpful		5 20 38 · 107 137		4 15 31 98 132
2. Friends No Response No help Little help Some help Very helpful	•	7 53 89 109 49	•	3 28 75 126 48



SOURCES OF HELP IN FORMATION OF JOB ASPIRATION

	, Sophomores	Seniors
3. High School Counselor		
No Response	6	. 3
No help	139	66
Little help	76	75
Some help	61	83
Very helpful	. 25	53
4. <u>Teacher</u> s		
No Response	4	3
No help	87	55
Little help	67 ·	71
Some help	106	96
Very helpful	43	55
5. Relatives-Not Parents	•	,
No Response	5	3
No help	58	, 64
Little help	82	68
Some help	105	101
Very helpful	> 57	44
6. Movies or Television	•	
No Response	5	6
No help	93	94
Little help	79	90
Some help	91	68
Very helpful	39	, 22
7. Occupational Handbooks	,	_
No Response	6	2
No help.	88	. 56
Little help	. 73	72
Some help	88	102
Very helpful	52	48
8. Personal Job Experiences	•	
No Response	4	4
No help	91	65
Little help	55	51
Some help	83	75
Very helpful	74	. 85
9. School Principal	,	
No Response	5	4 #
No help	218	203
Little help	41	42
Some help	28	25
Very helpful	15	6



DATING AND MARITAL STATUS

	Sophomores ·	Seniors
No Response	24	12
Married	5	3
Engaged	8	10
Going Steady	50	58
Date often-not going steady	116	115
Date seldom or never	104	82

	DO YOU WANT T	O GET MARRIED SOMEDAY?	·	-
No Response		9	7	
Yes		240	250	
No		55	20	
Already married	•	3	3	

AGE FOR 1-3RTAGE

	Desipai na	Expended Age	Desired Age	Expected Age		
		phomores	Ser	Seniors		
No Response	63	79 No Res	porac 23	ر ۲		
Never	3	3 Naver	0	0		
Already Married	3	3 Alcead	y Married 3	3 .		
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17	1	4 17	2	1		
18	1:	18 18	9	7		
19 .	9 ,"	7 19	9	. 19		
20	26	20	^ 🤈	31		
21	40	3 21	72	25		
22	23	22 22	73	27		
23	23,	; 1 23	37	18		
24			17	18		
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26r	8	1 26	1 - 8	16		
27	4	. 4 21	3	3		
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29	4	2 49	3	1		
30	9	5 30 -	1.	Ų		
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36	2	1 36	0	0		
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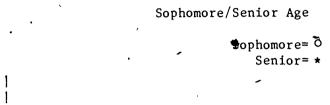


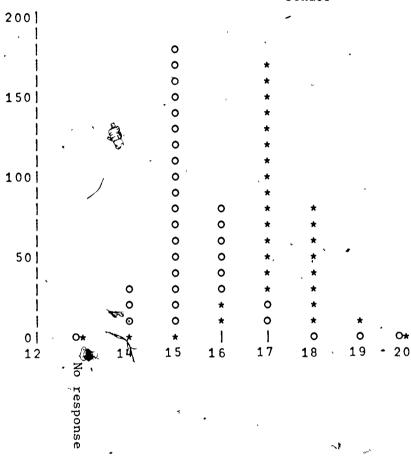
NUMBER OF CHILDREN

Children Wanted/Expected Sophomores				Children Want	ed/Expected
				Seniors	
No Response	68	80	No Response	48	65
None	8	12	None	18	11
1	18	17	1	10	9
2	111	· 87	2	125	119
- , 3	38	39	3	31	32
4 '	42	3.8	4	31	27
5	8	11	5	9	9
6	6	9	6	5	6
7	Ö	3	7	2	0
8 or more	8 •	11	8 or more	1	2

APPENDIX D
GRAPHS FOR SELECTED VARIABLES

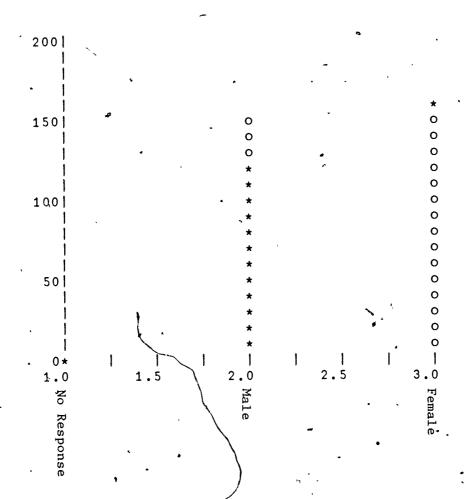
GRADE LEVEL SEX ETHNICITY





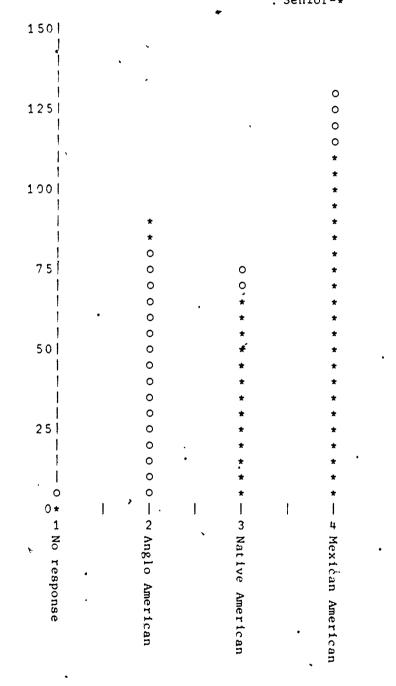
Senior/Sophomore Sex

Sophomore=O Senior=*



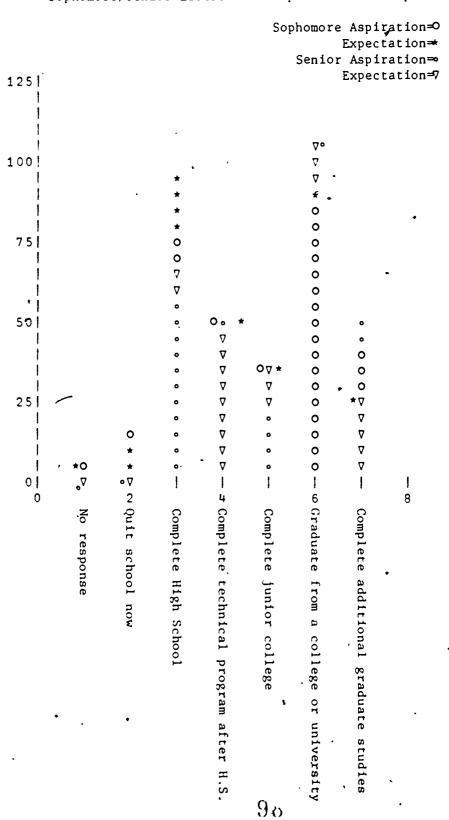
Sophomore/Senior Ethnicity

Sophomore=o . Senior=∗



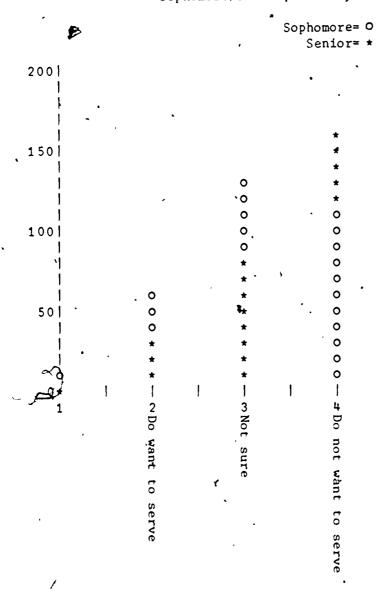


Sophomore/Senior Educational Aspiration and Expectation





Sophomore/Senior Military Desire



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Sophomore/Senior Military Expectation

Sophomore= o` Senior= *

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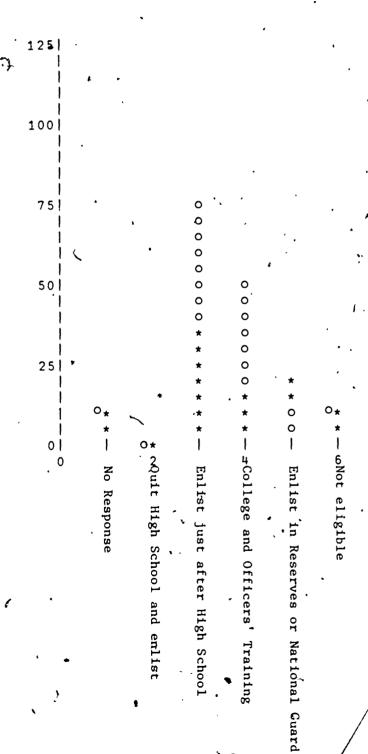
0

0

0

am a girl, I do not plan to enlist

Get out of serving



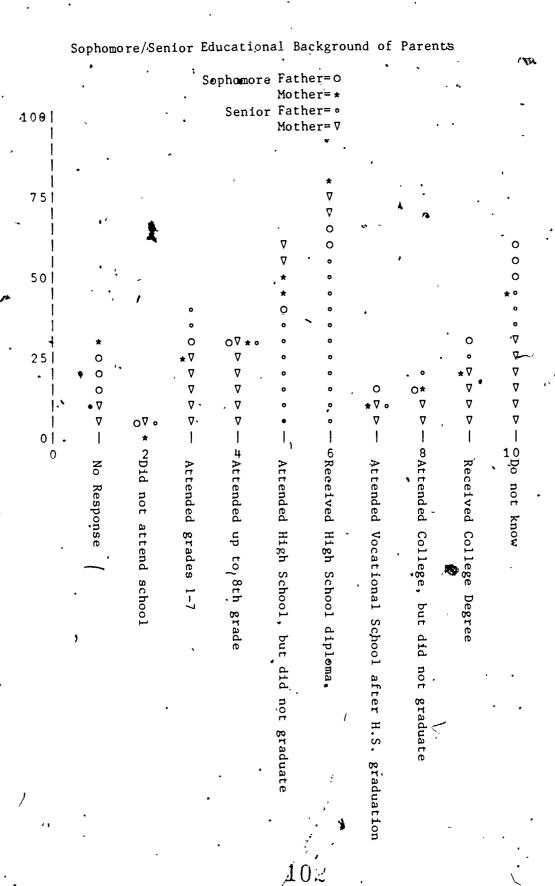
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Sophomore/Senior Mobility Aspiration and Expectation
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Expectation=*
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Expectation⇒
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                                             9
                                                             a
                                             small city
                                                             town or village, near a metropolitan area
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                                                                                                                                                 not near a metropolitan area
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                                                                                                                                 metropolitan area
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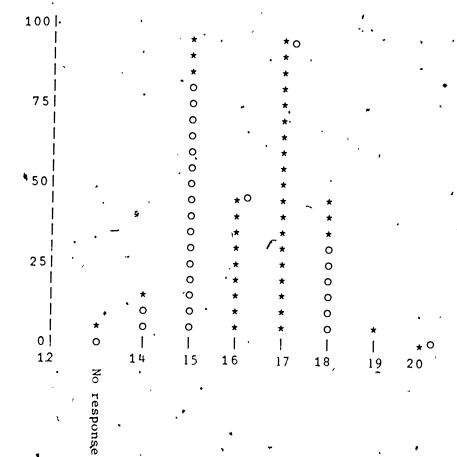
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Sophomore/Senior Duncan Scale Occupational Categorization

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A Sportis of	High Professional	Low Professional	Glamour	Managerial, Official	rical, Sales	Skilled Worker	$^{\infty}$ Operative	Laborer

Male/Female Age

Male≖ O Female= *



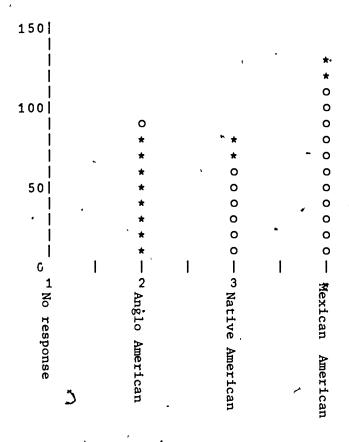
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Male/Female Grade Classification

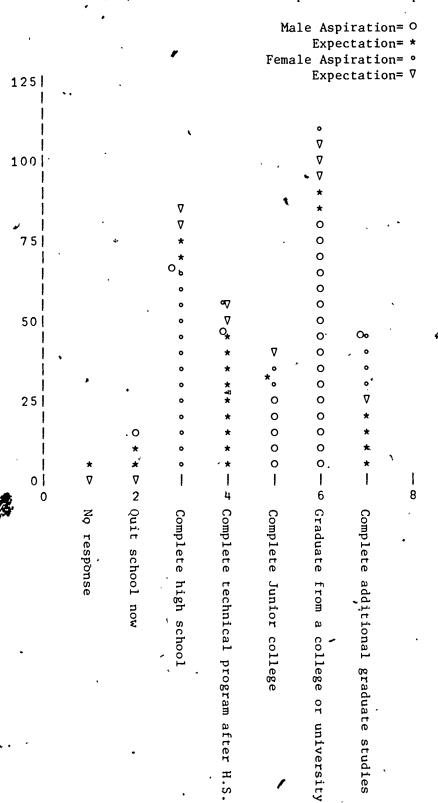
Male=0 Female=*

Male/Female Éthnicity

Male=O Female=*



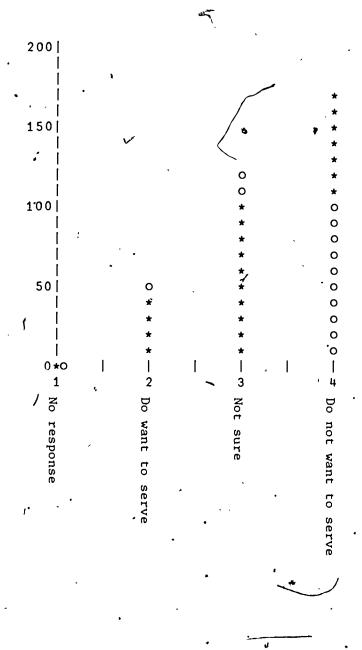
Male/Female Educational Aspiration and Expectation



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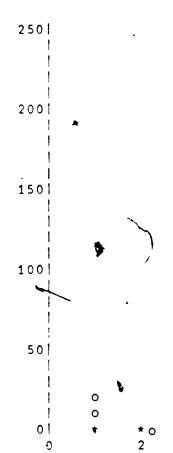
Male/Female Military Desire

Male= O Female= *



Male/Female Military Expectation

Male=0. Female=*



Enlist in Reserves or National Guard

0 0

Not eligible

Get out of serving

As a girl, I do not plan to enlist

0 0

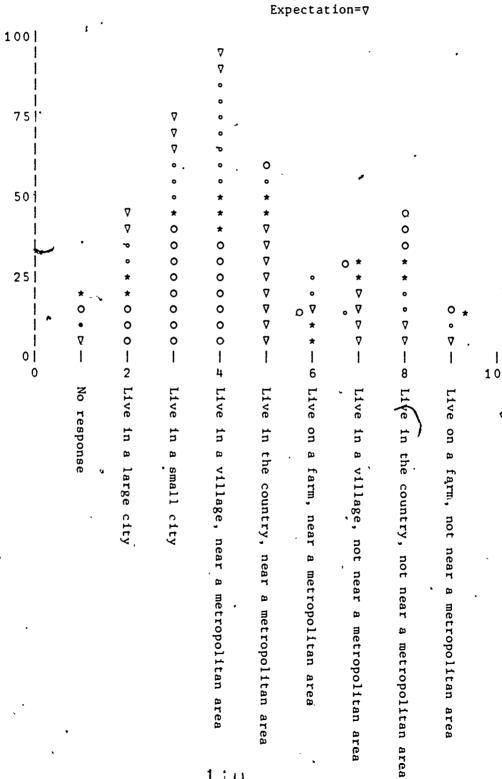
⇒ College and Officers' Training Enlist just after High School

o ∗ ∾ Quit High School and enlist

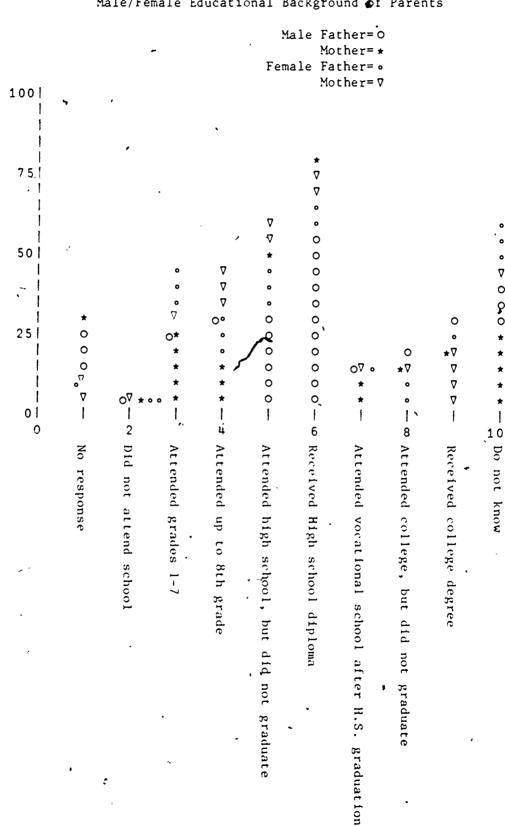
No response

Male/Female Mobility Aspiration and Expectation

Male Aspiration=o
Expectation=*
Female Aspiration=•

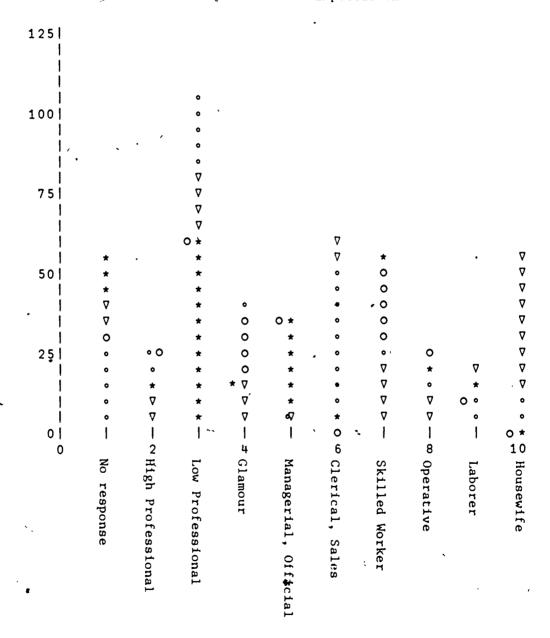


Male/Female Educational Background of Parents



Male/Female Duncan Scale Occupational Categorization

Male Aspiration= O
Expectation= *
Female Aspiration= O
Expectation= V

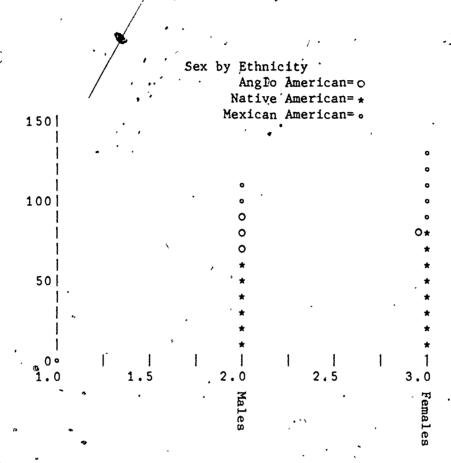


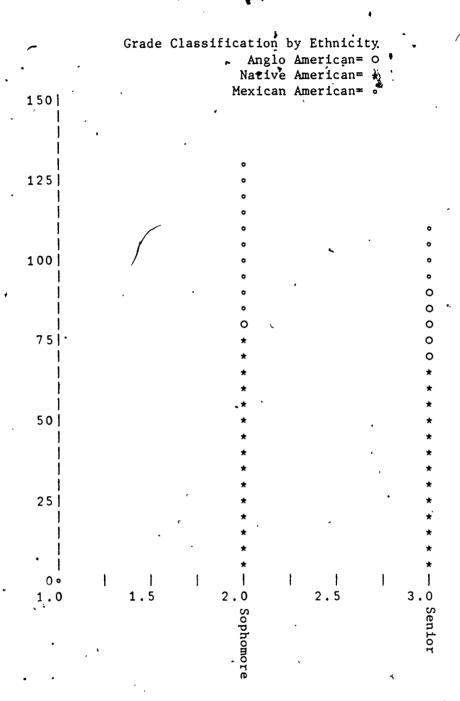
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Age by Ethnicity
                                 Anglo American=o
Native American=*
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                                Mexican American= •
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          No response
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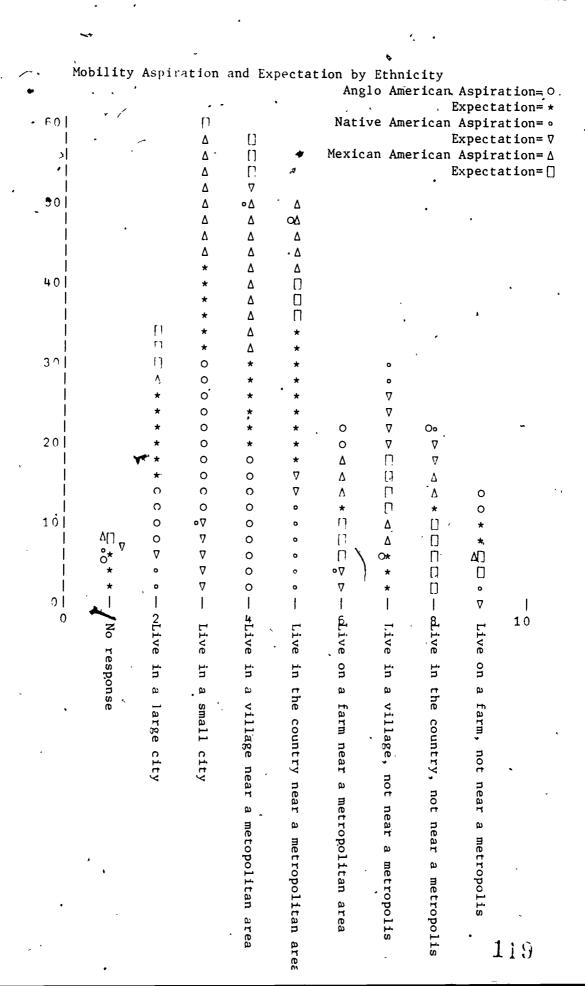
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Educational Aspiration and Expectation by Ethnicity
                                          Anglo American Aspiration=0
                                                                Expectation= *
                                         Native American Aspiration= •
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                                                             ω Graduate
                                                                      Complete graduate study
               No response
                        Quit school now
                                          Complete Tech. program
                                 Complete High School
                                                   Complete Jr. college
                                                           from college
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```

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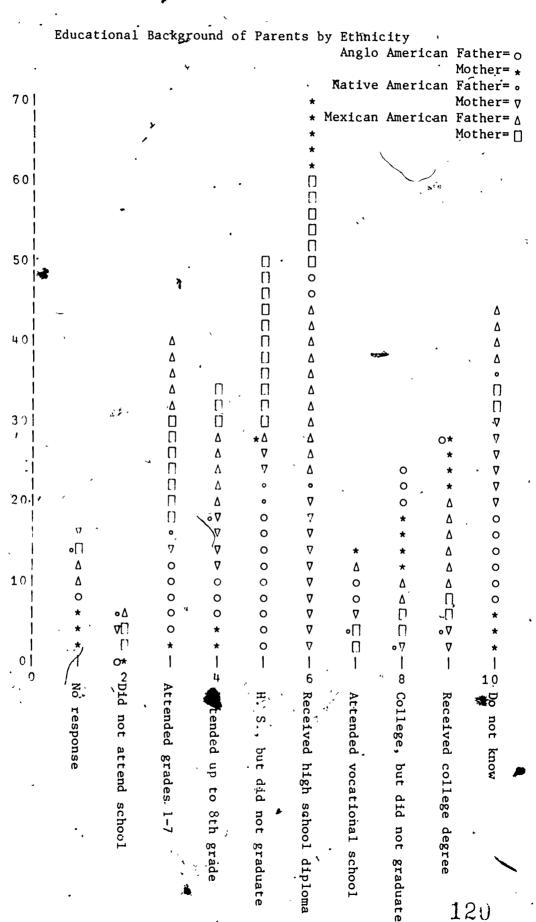
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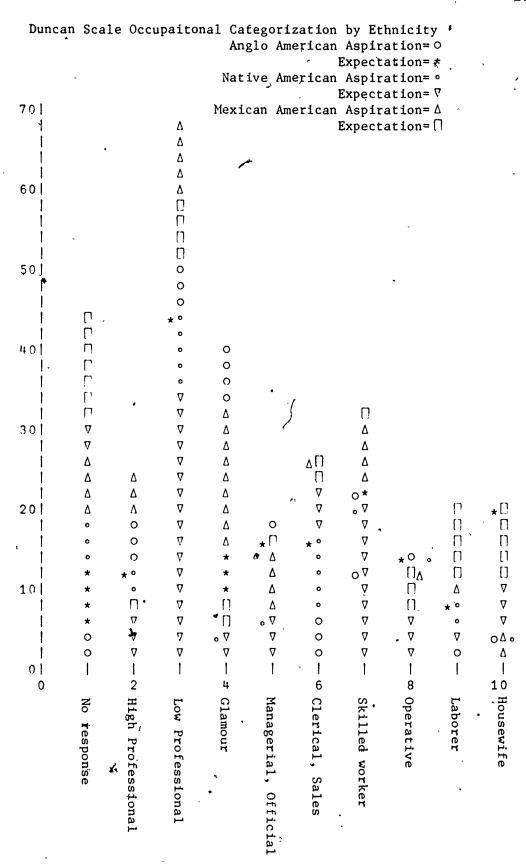
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50		· · · * * O	,	- 0		0	
0 0 0 NO Tesponse	oo Quit high s	ooo— Enlist just	* 0 0 0 - + College and	• • O * - Enlist in H	b — ω Not eligible	* * * * Get out of serving	
•	* Ouit high school and enlist	after high school	≠ College and Officers' Training	Reserves or National Guard	e ·	serving .	

 $-\infty$ As a girl I do not plan to enlist



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APPENDIX E
INTERVIEW SCHEDULE

Interview Schedule

January 29 - Gadsden High School
Interviewers: Dr. Edington and Ms. Cachucha

February 3 - Los Lunas

Interviewer: Dr. Edington

February 4 - Ruidoso

Interviewer: Ms. Cachucha

February 5 - Tularosa

Interviewer: Ms. Cachucha

February 5 - Jemez Springs

Interviewer: Dr. Edington

February 12 - Magdalena

Interviewer: Dr. Edington

February 13 - Laguna/Acoma

Interviewer: Ms. Cachucha

February 14 - Bernalillo Interviewer:

Interviewer: Ms. Cachucha

February 17 - Mountainair

Interviewer: Dr. Edington

February 18 - Encino, Moriarty

Interviewer: Dr. Edington

February 20 - Penasco

Interviewer: Ms. Cachucha