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ABSTRACT

This bibliography, compiled for the author's work entitled "A Low-income Mixing Strategy for Hamilton County, Ohio 1974," is comprised of four broad reference-type categories including one for those which are directly applicable to the subject for the Cincinnati area. This serves as an indicator to the reader of what kind of sources may be valuable to a given local low-income housing dispersal plan or strategy. There has historically been an overall spatial imbalance in the location of low-income households in our nation's larger cities. The relative concentration of below poverty level households has recently become viewed by a growing number of sociologists and urban planners as a major inhibitor to the fulfillment of the long-established goal: "A decent home for every family." The so-called "Dayton Plan," the Metropolitan Washington, D.C. Council of Government's "Fair-share" formula and the Minneapolis-St. Paul "priority plan" are several of the more famous examples of governmental attempts at dispersing low-income households to non-or-little income-integrated areas, including suburban and urban fringe areas. The enactment of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 will reinstate federal housing subsidy programs whereby city governments will need to make obvious considerations to new future low income housing locations in order to become eligible. (Author/JM)

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LOW INCOME HOUSING MIXING:
AN ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY

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by

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INTRODUCTION

There has historically been an overall spatial imbalance in the location of low-income households in our nation's larger cities. The relative concentration of below poverty level households has recently become viewed by a growing number of sociologists and urban planners as a major inhibitor to the fulfillment of the long-established goal: "A decent home for every family."

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more famous examples of governmental attempts at dispersing low-income households to non-or-little income-integrated areas, including suburban and urban fringe areas. The enactment of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 will reinstate federal housing subsidy programs whereby city governments will need to make obvious considerations to new future low income housing locations in order to become eligible.

The following references represent those gathered for the author's work entitled A Low-income Mixing Strategy for Hamilton County, Ohio 1974 to fulfill requirements to receive the degree of Bachelor of Community Planning from the University of Cincinnati. The bibliography is comprised of four broad reference-type categories including one for those which are directly applicable to the subject for the Cincinnati area. This serves as an indicator to the reader what kind of sources may be valuable to a given local low-income housing dispersal plan or strategy.

A/ GENERAL TEXTS

Abrams, Charles. The Language of Cities: a Glossary of Terms. New York: Avon Books, 1971.

Abrams, an expert in the housing field, was able to cogently define many troublesome, often ill-used housing terms in his glossary.

Allport, Gordon W. The Nature of Prejudice. Reading, Massachusetts: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1954.

A most comprehensive analysis of the sociological and psychological aspects of prejudices toward racial and ethnic groups, especially the American Jew and Negro. Social structure and cultural interaction are emphasized rather than the spatial pattern of residence.

Baum, Daniel J. Toward a Free Housing Market. Coral Gables, Florida: University of Miami Press, 1971.

Deals with the successful effort to open housing opportunities for mainly middle-income black families in Indianapolis in the 1960's.

Bellush, Jewel and Murray Hausknecht, eds. Urban Renewal: People, Politics and Planning. Garden City, New York: Doubleday and Company, Inc., 1967.

"A reader on the political controversies and sociological realities of revitalizing the American city" including a historical perspective of attempts at providing housing for the urban poor in this century.

Donaldson, Scott. The Suburban Myth. New York: Columbia University Press, 1969.

Author destroys some images of the suburban life-style, reinforces others.

Downes, Bryan T., ed. Cities and Suburbs. Belmont, California: Wadsworth Publishing Company, Inc., 1971.

"Metropolitan Governmental Reorganization Proposals" by Thomas M. Scott. P. 445 analyzes present obstacles toward local reorganization, the status of existing metropolitan governments and how they came about. This is the best source of this kind when considering metropolitan government as a vehicle for area-wide mixing.

Downs, Anthony. Federal Housing Subsidies: How are they Working? Lexington, Massachusetts: Lexington Books, 1973.

Downs, Anthony. Opening Up the Suburbs: An Urban Strategy for America. New Haven, Connecticut: Yale University Press, 1973.

By far the most comprehensive work dealing with the subject matter of income mixing. Downs not only builds an eloquent case for dispersing low-income households but comprehensively lists the obstacles to and problems resulting from his overall strategy.

Downs, Anthony. Urban Problems and Prospects. Chicago: Marham Publishing Company, 1971.

A wide variety of urban problems are touched upon, the most important being the problem of racism in America and how it might be combated by the adoption of desegregation proposals and strategies. Alternatives are presented for federal policy for attacking the problem of low-income desegregation regardless of race.

Forman, Robert E. Black Ghettos, White Ghettos, and Slums. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1971.

An excellent construction of what causes ghettos and slums, including an historical perspective, ongoing conditions and attitudes and governmental attempts at slum removal.

Lansing, John B., Charles Wade Clifton and James N. Morgan. New Homes and Poor People: A Study of Chains of Moves. Ann Arbor: University of Michigan, Survey Research Center, 1969.

A scientifically designed sampling analysis of the moves stemming from the construction of over 1,000 new housing units in seventeen metropolitan areas especially its effects on lowest income groups.

5. CPL Exchange Bibliography #735

Mandelker, Daniel R. and Roger Montgomery, eds. Housing in America: Problems and Perspectives. Indianapolis, Indiana: The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc., 1970.

An involved reader with articles concerned with the definition of housing, market, supply, demand, goals and objectives for housing programs, etc. Emphasis is placed upon the technical aspects of housing, its nature and provision. Problems concerning low-income residential mixing and the like are not specifically touched upon.

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. Fair Share Housing Formula. Washington, D.C., 1972.

Pynoos, Jon, Robert Schafer and Chester W. Hartman, eds. Housing Urban America. Chicago: Aldine Publishing Company, 1973.

A comprehensive reader covering five broad areas of the housing problem: politics, racial aspects, economics, production, and Policies and Programs. The "politics" section only indirectly touches upon low-income mixing the emphasis lying on the nature of current housing problems rather than solutions or suggestions.

Taggart, Robert III. Low-income Housing: A Critique of Federal Aid. Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1970.

Gets into dollars and cents costs and benefits of 1960's federal housing subsidy programs. Author concludes programs were basically unsound economically from initiation.

Turner, John F. C. and Robert Fichter, eds. Freedom to Build. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1972.

A reader concerned with an open market, self-help attitude toward developing housing for the poor, including:

Harms, Hans H. "The Housing Problem for Low-income People."

Deals with the problems of the poor finding housing at conceptual and practice levels. That is, it's a national problem with specific consequences.

6. CPL Exchange Bibliography #735

Wheaton, L. C. William, Grace Milgram and Margy Ellen Meyerson, eds. Urban Housing. New York: The Free Press, 1966.

Presents more than fifty articles by housing experts on a variety of housing problems including market, race, financing, renewal, neighborhoods, and the housing industry.

B/ PERIODICALS

Berry, Mary F. "Homesteading: New Prescription for Urban Ills." HUD Challenge, January 1974, 2-5.

Author discusses history surrounding and process of Wilmington, Delaware's innovative urban homesteading program. It is an attempt to entice middle-and upper-income families back to the inner-city by municipal sale of abandoned housing at a nominal fee upon agreement by new owner to rehabilitate the structure and/or property after several years.

Bertsch, Dale F. and Ann M. Shafor. "A Regional Housing Plan: The Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission Experience." Planners Notebook. Chicago: American Institute of Planners, April 1971.

Provides a cogent background into Dayton's path-breaking housing plan including plan formulation methodology, presentation of the plan to the region's communities, reaction to it, community agency involvement and implementation of the plan.

Boeschenstein, Warren. "Design of Socially Mixed Housing." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 37, September 1971, 311-318.

The case study of a minority group (in Brookline, Massachusetts) faced with expulsion from its old neighborhood by an urban renewal project forced redevelopment plans to provide housing for upper income and neighborhood families.

Carroll, Michael A. "Indianapolis 'Unigov' Links Public Private Development Resources." Journal of Housing, 8, August-September 1973, 389-394.

Article discusses process behind and structure of Indianapolis-Marion County consolidated form of government and its various departments. Included is section on county-wide quasi-public Greater Indianapolis Housing Development Corporation which stimulates private investment for subsidized housing.

7. CPL Exchange Bibliography #735

Craig, Lois. "The Dayton Area's 'Fair Share' Housing Plan." City Magazine. Washington, D.C.: National Urban Coalition, January/February 1972, reprint.

Reviews in "popular journalism" fashion problems and controversy surrounding the Dayton Plan with particular emphasis on MVRPC staff trial and tribulation during the community education phase of the program.

Friesema, H. Paul. "Black Control of Central Cities: The Hollow Prize." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, January 1969, 75-79.

Author concludes that future control of central cities will offer blacks very limited opportunities for employment, financial, and political power gains. Municipal dependence upon white state and federal legislatures will preclude significant black self-reliance; blacks should make their political muscle felt at all levels of government.

Grasberger, Friedrich J. "UDC Housing: Effect on School Taxes." Overview, Monroe County, New York, Planning Council, September 1972.

Effects of subsidized low-income housing on tax base in upstate New York.

Greenble, Barrie B. "Social Territory, Community Health and Urban Planning." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 40, March 1974, 74-81.

A sketch of sociological research process undertaken primarily by others, the author concludes that physical and social stress may accompany low-income families being mixed into other communities. Author's logic is built upon assumptions on nature of low-income mixing strategies currently underway.

Hartman, Chester W. and Greg Carr. "Housing Authorities Reconsidered." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, January 1969, 10-21.

Jacobs, Scott. "The Housing Allowance Program in Kansas City Turns Into a Notable Failure." Planning: The ASPO Magazine, October 1970, pp. 10-13.

Keller, Suzanne. "Social Class in Physical Planning." International Social Science Journal, 18, April 1966, 494-512.

Article discusses ways in which social class and status rankings affect attitudes to housing, neighbors, and social contacts with strangers. Author concludes that equality cannot be created artificially, prestige and rank are pervasive elements, certain mixes of people are productive while others are not.

Knox, Robert D. "Individual Home Ownership, Single-family Scattered Site Public Housing." Journal of Housing, 10, November/December 1971, 554-557.

Story behind a successful innovation program where, under Detroit's urban renewal program and Title I of the Housing Act of 1949, public-housing and highway development relocation families were given the opportunity to purchase scattered site, single family housing through special government subsidization.

Levine, Daniel U. et al. "Are the Black Poor Satisfied with the Conditions in their Neighborhood?" Journal of the American Institute of Planners, March 1968.

Study of several major U.S. cities "overturms" previous studies using faulty assumptions in survey design. Levine concludes poor blacks, for the most part, are quite dissatisfied with their neighborhood conditions.

Manley, Robert E. "Cincinnati Report." The Urban Lawyer. Washington, D.C.: American Bar Association, Spring 1972.

A brief historical rundown of Cincinnati's unusually prevalent housing rehabilitation process. Its stimulous, process and agencies involved.

Marcuse, Peter. "Comparative Analysis of Federally-Aided Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Programs." Journal of Housing, 26, November 1969, reprint.

Summary of late-1960's federally housing subsidy programs including type of housing, tenure of occupant, examples of admissible income, cost limitation, etc.

Michelson, William. "Social Insights to Guide the Design of Housing for Low Income Families." Journal of Ekistics, 25, April 1968, 252-255.

"Section 23-Public Housing Leasing Program: NAHRO Supports its Continuation Under Existing HUD Regulations." Journal of Housing, March/April, 1974, 73-74.

"Senate Committee Reports Omnibus Housing Bill." Congressional Quarterly, March 9, 1974, 621-625.

Article discusses housing bills S-3066 and S-2490, their emphases and general proposals.

Shafer, Robert. "Slum Formation, Race, and an Income Strategy" review article. Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 37, September 1971, 347-354.

Reviews Richard Muth's Cities and Housing, 1969. Contains a most valuable summary of eight different "slum theories" by various urban scientists including Muth.

Weissbourd, Bernard. "Proposal for a New Housing Program: Satellite Communities." Center Magazine, January/February 1973, 7-16.

C/ GENERAL REPORTS

Bolan, Lewis. "The Role of Urban Planning in the Residential Integration of Middle-class Negroes and Whites." Council of Planning Librarians, Exchange Bibliography No. 41, February 1968.

Aspects of rising black middle-class and influence upon spatial segregation of the races including suggesting that the role of planning to stimulate racial integration is necessary although presently quite limited.

Brooks, Mary E. Exclusionary Zoning. Chicago: American Society of Planning Officials, 1970.

The most comprehensive work on the subject to date, it focuses on challenges made in the courts against exclusionary zoning and steps taken by state legislatures to help curb the practice.

Brooks, Mary E. Lower Income Housing: The Planners' Response. Chicago: American Society of Planning Officials, 1972.

A most comprehensive "planners guide" to lower-income housing mixing planning including its rationale, guidelines, case studies, the zoning problem, location criteria, community education and technical assistance to localities.

Clark, Major L. "The Illusion of Mobile Homes as Supplemental Housing for Low Income Families," Exchange Bibliography No. 349. Monticello, Illinois: Council of Planning Librarians, 1972.

Author suggests that, because of archaic regulatory laws, its restriction to limited and monopoly operated mobile home parks, lack of adequate construction codes, and unequal bargaining position of mobile home tenant to mobile home park owners, such housing is inadequate for low income families--subsidized or otherwise.

Council of State Governments and the National Urban Coalition. Housing and Community Development: A Compendium of Draft State Programs, 1971.

Important here are legislative proposals for increasing the lower-income housing supply and state fair housing laws.

Executive Office of the President. Office of Management and Budget. "Circular No. A-95, Revised." February 1971.

Guidelines for states and localities with assigned review function for approval of federally funded projects and programs.

Federal Housing Administration (HUD/FHA). Planned-Unit Development with a Homes Association. Land Planning Bulletin 6, 1970.

Provides innovative design ideas which have subsidization potential including cluster subdivisions of detached homes, townhouse on the green, planned-unit development all of which lend themselves to the use of automatic-membership homes association whereby park area and other common property are owned and maintained by the homeowners themselves.

Gessaman, John R. Low Income Housing in the Suburbs: Kettering (Ohio) Housing Strategy. University of Cincinnati: unpublished undergraduate terminal project, 1971.

A workable program to incorporate a suburban community's fair share needs as prescribed in Dayton's regional low-income housing allocation plan.

11. CPL Exchange Bibliography #735

Gruen Gruen and Associates. Directions for the Suburbs: Expanding Low and Moderate Income Housing Opportunities in the Dayton, Ohio Region. Dayton: Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission, 1971.

Presents the findings of a detailed attitudinal survey of low-, moderate- and middle-income households and public official opinion toward the mixing of low- and moderate families over the Dayton Region. It also helps to answer why the opinions are held by the groups.

Hammer, Greene, Siler Associates. Regional Housing Planning: A Technical Guide. Washington, D.C.: American Institute of Planners, 1972.

Provides rationale for projecting housing needs at two-year and ten-year intervals and updating regional housing plans every two years.

Herzog, Elizabeth. About the Poor: Some Facts and Some Fictions. U.S. Government Printing Office, U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, 1967.

Includes important insights applicable to mixing situations.

Klain, Ambrose. "Zoning in Suburbia: Keep It, Reject It or Replace It?" Council of Planning Librarians, Exchange Bibliography No. 180, March 1971.

Presents discussion of current legal activities of opposition against large-lot zoning including court cases. Author concludes that effects of large-lot zoning ordinances are exclusionary, discriminatory and biased against the poor and black.

McKinney's Unconsolidated Laws. Sections 6251-6285. New York State Urban Development Corporation Act: As amended through June 1972.

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Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission. A Housing Plan for the Miami Valley Region. July 1970.

The original "Dayton Plan" includes detailed methodology of fair share allocation formula.

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission. A Housing Plan for the Miami Valley Region: A Summary. 1972.

A concise summary of the "Dayton Plan" background, process, recommendation, implementation.

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission. Making it Work: The Housing Facilitator Study Report. July 1973.

Provides follow-up procedures to insure success of suburban low-income housing communities including community education, housing management and tenant counseling.

National Academy of Sciences and National Academy of Engineering. Report of Social Science Panel: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee. Washington, D.C., 1972.

Chapters entitled "The Metropolitan Housing Market: A Web of Discrimination" (3) and "Socioeconomic Mixing in Metropolitan Areas" (4) are particularly apt. One conclusion is that "a more adequate knowledge base is needed to determine socio-economic mixing's feasibility."

National Association of Regional Councils. Straight Talk About Housing Your Region. Washington, D.C., August 1973.

A highly readable guide designed to help local elected officials deal with housing issues and meet housing needs in their community and region. Most important sections are "the regional nature of the housing problem, what programs are available, and a glossary of housing terms."

Nenno, Mary K. Housing in Metropolitan Areas: Roles and Responsibilities of Five Key Actors. Washington, D.C.: National Association of Housing and Redevelopment Officials, 1974.

Author analyzes public and private sector roles and action in the provision of housing; dissecting the roles and operandi of the housing developer, the comprehensive planner, the community development administrator, the housing consumer advocate and the chief executive of local government. Included a description of the Dade County, Florida, and Hartford, Connecticut and area experiences and recommendations for strengthening and streamlining the housing provision process.

New York State Urban Development Corporation (UDC). Fair Share: A Report on Westchester's Housing Shorting for Low and Moderate-Income Families and the Elderly, 1972.

A prospectus of UDC's proposal for a fair share program to start 100 low-rise units in the unincorporated areas of Westchester County in upstate New York.

Nixon, Richard M. Message from the President of the United States Transmitting Recommendations for Improvements in Federal Housing Policy. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1973.

Northern Kentucky Area Development District, Inc. Market Analysis and Housing Distribution Plan: Northern Kentucky ADD. Ft. Mitchell, Kentucky: Northern Kentucky ADD, 1973.

Applies directly Dayton fair share formula to urbanizing eight county area by state planning and development agency. Numbers, at this time, serve primarily as guides and for recommendations for developers.

Ohio Department of Economic and Community Development. "Meeting Ohio's Challenge: Regional Planning and Development Organization." brochure, 1973.

Describes nature of governor's proposal and goal for Regional (counties) Planning and Development Organizations (RPDO).

Ohio Department of Economic and Community Development. Ohio Planning Laws Annotated 1972.

A quick-reference source containing selected Sections of the Ohio Revised Code laws concerning city and regional planning, urban development, housing, transportation, etc.

Ohio Department of Economic and Community Development. Governor's Housing and Community Development Advisory Commission. Legislative Report Number 1: Growth and Development Planning Legislation. February 1972.

Explanation for a quasi-independent body of housing experts of the need for comprehensive system of state and regional planning along with a guide to explain pending legislation (State House Bill 870).

Planning Division of the Ohio Development Department.
Directory of Ohio Planning Organizations-1971.

Cuts through the confusion of who the planning agencies are, what they do, what they are allowed to do, etc.

President's Committee on Urban Housing (Kaiser Commission).
A Decent Home. Washington, D.C., 1968.

Broadly outlines national need, problems, goals, objectives, policies, and programs as set by the Johnson Administration. Provides rationale for rent supplement and homeownership loan programs and calls for further support of finding new technology in housing development.

Shafor, Ann. "Housing Plans and Planners: Some Observations."
Ohio Chapter American Institute of Planners Newsletter,
2, October 1971, 2-4.

Author takes aim at professional planners who avoid placing housing issue in regional prospective.

Special Committee on Aging of the United States Senate.
Older Americans and Transportation: A Crisis in Mobility.
Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1970.

Explores problems of aged poor who have difficulty in moving about the city because of poor proximity in house location and the lack of adequate transportation and services.

Sternlieb, George, Robert W. Burchell and Virginia Paulus.
"Residential Abandonment: The Environment of Decay."
Council of Planning Librarians, Exchange Bibliography
No. 342, December 1972.

A synopsis of Sternlieb's book, Residential Abandonment: The Tenement Landlord Revisited, 1973, authors discuss issues surrounding abandonment, dynamics, causes, impacts, public safety and, abandoneders themselves.

U.S. Commission on Civil Rights. Understanding Fair Housing.
Clearinghouse Publication 42, February 1973.

Historical background and rationale for establishment of recent fair housing laws including court cases and new legislation.

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census. 1970 Census of Population and Housing: Census Tracts for the Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area PHC (1)-44.

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census. Special Studies: Revision in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968, B Series P-23, No. 28, August 1969.

Wagenback, Adam. "House Bill (Ohio) 870 Analysis." Unpublished paper for the Ohio Department of Economic and Community Development, May 1974.

D/ REPORTS APPLICABLE TO CINCINNATI METROPOLITAN AREA

Bartholomew, Harland and Associates. Master Plan for Hamilton County, Ohio. St. Louis: 1964.

Behavioral Science Laboratory. University of Cincinnati. "Model Cities Codebook."

A wealth of sample survey data of residents of Cincinnati's Model Cities area including perception of living conditions and attitudes concerning them.

Benet, Esther K. Housing: Keystone for a Present Developing Cincinnati. University of Cincinnati, unpublished graduate thesis, 1960.

Presents a detailed background of Cincinnati Metropolitan Housing Authority property since the 1930's and her own proposals for attacking the City's housing problems of the 1960's.

Better Housing League. "Powers of a Metropolitan Housing Authority in the State of Ohio." Information paper, July 1970.

Translation of Ohio Revised Code sections 3735.27 to 3735.40 for the layman.

Bivens, Allen L., Jr. Housing Migration of Black Cincinnatians in the 1950's and 1960's. University of Cincinnati, unpublished graduate thesis, 1971.

Traces historical spatial aspects of black residential movements over two decades. Concludes that racial discrimination caused stimulation of black movement in some cases while causing inhibition in others. Overall, discrimination in housing played a large role in determining spatial pattern of black residences.

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Cincinnati City Planning Commission. Metropolitan Master Plan 1948.

Cincinnati City Planning Commission. "Policy Guidelines for Public Housing Location." January 1971.

Includes policy guidelines for location, extent of development, and general features of layout.

Cincinnati Department of Urban Development. From Housing Rehabilitation to Neighborhood Development. Cincinnati, 1972.

A study of current housing rehabilitation activity in Cincinnati with focus on Department of Urban Development activities and recommendations to the city.

Cincinnati FHA Insuring Office. "Equal Housing Opportunities Information Record Multifamily (Rental) Commitments and FHA-owned Rental Properties (Title), VIII, Civil Rights Act of 1968 and Executive Order No. 11063." unpublished, June 1973.

Provides a picture of the number of federally subsidized housing units for Hamilton County's suburbs.

Cincinnati Metropolitan Housing Authority. "Consolidated Statistical Report Fiscal Year Period July 1, 1971 to June 30, 1972."

Presents summary of statistical reports from all seventeen CMHA low-income housing projects including data on reasons for tenant turnover, length of residence, etc.

Cincinnati Working Review Committee on Housing. Various (as yet) unpublished materials compiled by the Committee's professional consultant, Real Estate Research Corporation (RERC), for Committee review and adoption. To be published will be a "Comprehensive Housing Strategy" drawn greatly from the unpublished materials.

Citizens Committee to Improve Local Governments. "Report of the Citizens Committee to Improve Local Governments to the Commissioners and Citizens of Hamilton County, Ohio." November 1971.

Recommendations of a short-lived group to improve government in Hamilton County.

Doms, Dan. The Filtering Process of Housing: A Case Study of Cincinnati, Ohio. University of Cincinnati, unpublished graduate thesis, 1970.

Author concludes that filtering process in Cincinnati has not lived up to theoretical expectations due to consumer preferences, racial discrimination, and the single-family housing growth of the 1950's.

Federal Housing Administration (HUD/FHA). Analysis of the Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky Housing Market as of September 1, 1972. Washington, D.C., March 1973.

Includes subsidized and unsubsidized demand, elderly and non-elderly demand and by unit size.

Forusz, H. Over-the-Rhine; Fairview-Clifton Heights Existing Conditions Report. Cincinnati: Model Cities Physical Development Program, 1973.

Hamilton County Auditor. "Hamilton County Rate of Tax Levied on the Dollar for County, Hamilton County Parks, Educational and Corporation Purposes in the City of Cincinnati for Tax Year 1973," 1974.

Hansz, James and Douglas Warns. Survey of New Homes and Buyers in Hamilton County. Cincinnati: University of Cincinnati, Institute for Urban Information Systems, 1970.

Results of questionnaire for middle income families recently purchasing new suburban homes.

Heisel, W. Donald and Iola O. Hessler. Obstacles to County Reorganization: Constitutional Aspects. Cincinnati: University of Cincinnati, Institute of Government Research, 1971.

Delves into the "100% failure rate" of attempts to reconstruct metropolitan government in Ohio since enabling legislation came into being in 1933. Several pages are devoted to attempts and failures in Hamilton County.

Hessler, Iola. Hamilton County's Patchwork Quilt. Cincinnati: University of Cincinnati, Institute of Governmental Research, 1969.

A highly relevant critique of existing county government in Hamilton County pointing out the economic inefficiencies of and political inabilities of fragmented multi-municipal government.

Hessler, Iola. Metropolitan Answers: The Art of the Possible in Greater Cincinnati. Cincinnati: University of Cincinnati, Political Science Department, 1968.

Supplementary to the above entry, a detached account of attempts at metropolitan government reform in other major cities with the intent of implying that such reforms can be undertaken in the Cincinnati area.

Institute for Urban Information Systems of the University of Cincinnati. "Section III Part II 1969 Annual (Building Permit Application) by Census Tract."

Unpublished results of building permit activity shows that the vast majority of new housing starts (at least in 1969) occurred in the suburban portion of Hamilton County.

Kleymeyer, John E. Neighborhood Notebook of Programs Needs. Cincinnati: Hamilton County Regional Planning Commission, 1970.

Primarily, a study of unincorporated settlements in Hamilton County of current conditions and problems.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. Correlation of Population, Housing and Travel Characteristics in the O-K-I Region. Cincinnati, 1969.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. Housing Policy Committee. "Recommended OKI Housing Policies and Citizen Identified Housing Problems." unpublished, 1974.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. Housing Policy Committee. "Working Paper No. 10: Site Location Criteria Plan for Future Low-cost Housing Opportunities," unpublished, April 1974.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. OKI Housing Characteristics, 1971.

Census comparison of population and housing data for 1950, 1960, and 1970 at county and municipal levels.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. "The Property Tax," unpublished, 1970.

Lists inadequacies of Ohio tax structure including property, income, and sales tax.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. OKI Regional Development Plan. Cincinnati, 1971.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. Regional Sewerage Plan, November 1974.

Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Planning Authority. Regional Water System Plan, March 1971.

O'Keefe, Thomas C. and Associates. O'Keefe's Cincinnati Area Newcomer's Guide. Columbus, Ohio, 1971.

Shepard, Kevin A. Cincinnati Housing Policy: An Analysis of Cincinnati's Housing Problem and Governmental Response. Cincinnati: University of Cincinnati, Institute of Governmental Research, 1972.

This is concerned with the shortage of housing for low-income families in Cincinnati and what City government is doing about the problem. It analyzes local housing problems and, by agency, what success or non-success has resulted from policy in the period 1969 to mid-1972.

Smith, Wilbur and Associates. Summary Report, Transportation Element: Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Transportation and Development Plan, 1969.

Task Force on Planning and Zoning of the Citizens Committee to Improve Local Governments. "Report (of)" and "Attachment I: Planning and Zoning Under Ohio Law", 1971?

Presents a brief rundown of planning and zoning agencies in Hamilton County, needs for long-range planning, and recommendations for a restructured county commission-planning commission with the addition of several other departments including a new commission and functional task forces.

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